#### Teste Instrumental

Android



# Framework para teste

Expresso



#### Iniciando o teste

```
@RunWith(AndroidJUnit4::class)
class MainActivityUITest {
```

```
@Rule
@JvmField
val activity = ActivityTestRule<MainActivity>(MainActivity::class.java)
```

#### Primeiro Teste

```
@Test
fun testIfButtonsAreDisplayed() {
    onView(withId(R.id.rankingButton)).check(matches(isDisplayed()))
    onView(withId(R.id.showProfileButton)).check(matches(isDisplayed()))
    onView(withId(R.id.feedButton)).check(matches(isDisplayed()))
}
```

## Linguagem fácil

onView(withId(R.id.rankingButton)).check(matches(isDisplayed()))

### Executar ações nos testes

- Perform()
- typeText()
- click()
- withText()

## Exemplo teste de login

```
@Test
public void whenPasswordIsEmpty_andClickOnLoginButton_shouldDisplayDialog() {
   onView(withId(R.id.login_username)).perform(typeText("admin"));
   onView(withId(R.id.login_button)).perform(click());
   onView(withText(R.string.validation_message)).check(matches(isDisplayed()));
   onView(withText(R.string.ok)).perform(click());
}
```

- Ao executar um teste que digita texto, o teclado pode ficar em cima de um botão
- Para esconder o teclado existe o método:
- closeSoftKeyboard().

```
onView(withId(notEmptyFieldId)).perform(typeText("defaultText"),
closeSoftKeyboard());
```

## Maneira mais tranquila

Run > Record Expresso Test