

Modelltheorie II

Homework Sheet 9

Deadline: 03.07.2023, 14 Uhr

Unless explicitly mentioned, we work inside a sufficiently large saturated model \mathbb{U} of an ω -stable complete first-order theory T with infinite models in a fixed language \mathcal{L} .

Exercise 1 (4 Points). Let G be a definable group such that the formula “ $x \in G$ ” is strongly minimal. Given a definable subgroup $H \leq G$, show that either H is finite or $H = G$.

Deduce from the above that \mathbb{C} is both additively and multiplicatively connected.

Exercise 2 (7 Points). Let G be a group definable over the subset of parameters B of \mathbb{U} .

- Show that every element of G can be written as a product of two elements, each generic over B .
- Consider a generic element a over B . If $g \downarrow_B a$, show that $g \cdot a$ is generic over B, g . In particular we have $g \cdot a \downarrow_B g$.
- Deduce that the product $g \cdot h$ of two elements g and h , both generic over B and with $g \downarrow_B h$, is again generic over B . Moreover, show that $g \cdot h \downarrow_B g$ and $g \cdot h \downarrow_B h$.
- Suppose now that an element a of G satisfies that $g \cdot a \downarrow_B a$ whenever $g \downarrow_B a$. Conclude that a is generic over B .

Exercise 3 (9 Points). Consider the saturated model \mathbb{C} of the strongly minimal theory ACF_0 in the language of rings, as in Exercise 3 of the homework sheet 7.

- Given b_1, \dots, b_n algebraically independent, let p be the type over $B = \{b_1, \dots, b_n\}$ of maximal rank containing the definable set $X = \{(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \mathbb{C}^n \mid \sum_{i=1}^n b_i \cdot x_i = 1\}$. Describe explicitly the additive stabilizer $\text{Stab}(p)$ of p , as a B -definable subgroup of $(\mathbb{C}^n, +)$. What is its Morley rank and degree?

Let now $Z = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{C}^2 \mid y = x^2\}$ and q its unique type of maximal rank over \emptyset . Notice that q is stationary. Set $H = \text{Stab}(q)$ and H^0 its connected component.

- Given an element (g, h) of H^0 generic over a realization (a, b) of q , which algebraic equation does (g, h) satisfy over (a, b) ?
- Conclude that H^0 is trivial, using that H^0 is connected.

Hint: Take two suitable elements of H^0 over (a, b) .

- Is H trivial?

DIE ÜBUNGSBLÄTTER KÖNNEN ZU ZWEIT EINGEREICHT WERDEN. ABGABE DER ÜBUNGSBLÄTTER IM FACH 3.07 IM KELLER DES MATHEMATISCHEN INSTITUTS.