

Lifecycle Triggers and Events

- from when a component is invoked to when it is destroyed, it goes through a series of lifecycle events.
- these functions give you the opportunity to make decisions and take appropriate actions.
- there are four triggers that kick off these lifecycle events that we will examine.

Lifecycle Event Triggers

- Initialization
- Updating State
- Updating Props
- Unmounting

Trigger: Initialization

Events:

1. getDefaultProps
2. getInitialState
3. componentWillMount
4. render
5. componentDidMount

getDefaultProps:

- used to define any default props which can be accessed via `this.props`
- these are the values give to a prop in the case that it isn't passed in.
- in an es6 class, this is a static property defined on the class.

getInitialState

- used to set initial states for your component
- only called once when initially rendering the component
- common to use some value from the props being passed in.
- in an es6 class, this is set in the `constructor` function
- must call `'super(props)'`, when using `'this'` in the constructor.

componentWillMount

- called once immediately before the render method is executed
- calling setState in this function will not cause render to be called more than once.

render

- returns the component markup, which can be a single child component, a set of components, null, or false (in case you don't want any rendering)

componentDidMount

- called once immediately after the initial rendering has occurred
- the DOM is now available at this point,
- this is where you'll want to use `setInterval`, `setTimeout`, and ajax requests.

Example

```
// within your component class
class MyComponent extends Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
    this.state = {
      name: props.name
    }
  }

  componentWillMount() {...}

  render () {...}

  componentDidMount() {
    // window.setTimeout(function() {}, 100)...
  }
}

MyComponent.defaultProps = {
  myProp1: 'someVal'
}
```

Exercise

Trigger: Updating State

Events:

1. `shouldComponentUpdate`
2. `componentWillUpdate`
3. `render`
4. `componentDidUpdate`

shouldComponentUpdate

- this function determines whether or not the component should update itself.
- if the function returns true, the component will update and the rest of the lifecycle steps will be called
- if the function returns false, the component will not update and no other lifecycle functions will be called.

componentWillUpdate

- invoked immediately before rendering when new props or state are received
- you can't use `this.setState()` in this method!!
- should be used only to prepare for an update, not trigger an update itself

componentDidUpdate

- invoked immediately after the component's updates are sent to the DOM
- can be used to operate on the DOM after a component has been updated

Example

```
class MyComponent extends Component {  
  
  shouldComponentUpdate(nextProps, nextState) {  
    // return true if it should update; false otherwise  
  }  
  
  componentWillUpdate(nextProps, nextState) {  
    // some code here  
  }  
  
  render() {...}  
  
  componentDidUpdate(prevProps, prevState) {  
    // some code here  
  }  
}
```

Trigger: Updating Props

- Used when the Parent element modifies the props of a child.

Events:

1. `componentWillReceiveProps`
2. `shouldComponentUpdate`
3. `componentWillUpdate`
4. `render`
5. `componentDidUpdate`

componentWillReceiveProps

- invoked when a child component is receiving new/updated props
- it's not called for the initial render

Example

```
class MyComponent extends Component {  
  
  componentWillReceiveProps(nextProps) {  
    // do something with nextProps here  
  }  
  
  shouldComponentUpdate(nextProps, nextState) {  
    // return true if it should update; false otherwise  
  }  
  
  componentWillUpdate(nextProps, nextState) {  
    // some code here  
  }  
  
  render() {...}  
  
  componentDidUpdate(prevProps, prevState) {  
    // some code here  
  }  
}
```

Trigger: Unmounting

Events:

1. `componentWillUnmount`

componentWillUnmount

- invoked immediately before a component is unmounted/removed from the DOM
- perform any necessary cleanup in this method, such as clearing timers or cleaning up any DOM elements that were created in componentDidMount

```
class MyComponent extends Component {  
  
  render() {...}  
  
  componentWillUnmount() {  
    // some cleanup code here  
  }  
}
```

Exercise