#### Forms

- The different kinds of form components are 'input', 'option' and 'textarea'
- React form components are special in that their property values can be changed by the user as well as the code.
- We call these special props "Interactive Props".

## Forms - Interactive Props

- value: supported by <input> and <textarea> components.
- checked: supported by <input> components of type checkbox or radio.
- selected: supported by <option> components.

## Controlled Components

- form components that have the property "value" defined.
- if you're going to define the "value" property you must define the "onChange" handler so that you can be notified everytime the user modifies that form element.

### Example

```
class FormTest extends Component {
  constructor(props) {
    super(props);
   this.state = {
     name: 'David'
    };
   this.handleNameChange = this.handleNameChange.bind(this);
  render() {
   return <div>
      <input type='text' value={this.state.name} onChange={this.handleNameChange}/>
    </div>
 handleNameChange(event) {
   this.setState({
     name: event.target.value
    });
```

# **Uncontrolled Components**

- Simply, form components that do not have a "value" property defined.
- You can define the "defaultValue" if you want the component to be initialized with some value.

### **Example - Select Form Elements**

```
<select value="CA" onChange={this.handleSelectChange}>
    <option value="CA">California</option>
     <option value="FL">Florida</option>
     <option value="NY">New York</option>
</select>
```

# Exercise - Create a Message

- Inside our react-messages app, display a form for creating a message.
- If they press 'send', the message should appear in the message list.

#### Exercise - Form Edit

- Define a Component that displays a user's first and last name in two div tags on the screen along with an 'edit' button.
- When the user clicks on the 'edit' button, the user's first and last name are displayed in two input fields along with a 'save' and 'cancel' button. The 'edit' button, and two div tags should not be visible after the user presses 'edit'!
- The user is then allowed to make any changes they want and either press 'save' or 'cancel'
- If they press 'save' any changes they made are reflected into the two divs
- If they press 'cancel' any changes they made are discarded and the divs go back to what they were before pressing 'edit'