SNACKS AND DESIGN BROUGHT TO YOU BY BLANCA AND MADISON

How to use Border-Box for same height divs.

https://css-tricks.com/dont-overthink-it-grids/
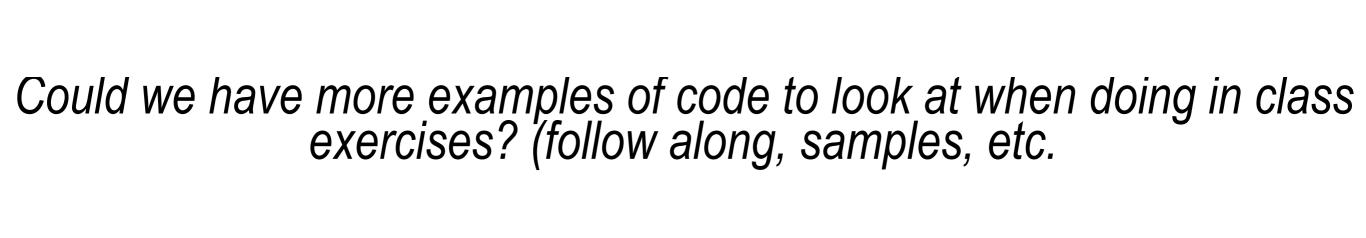
How to implement drop-caps

https://css-tricks.com/snippets/css/drop-caps/

How do you modify boxes and paragraph styling, as in make a paragraph more vertically oriented?

Modify height and width

_____

_____

I don't really feel like I understand border-box. I know what it's for, but not really how to implement it.

Covering Today!

_____

_____

Could we have more examples of code to look at when doing in class exercises? (follow along, samples, etc.
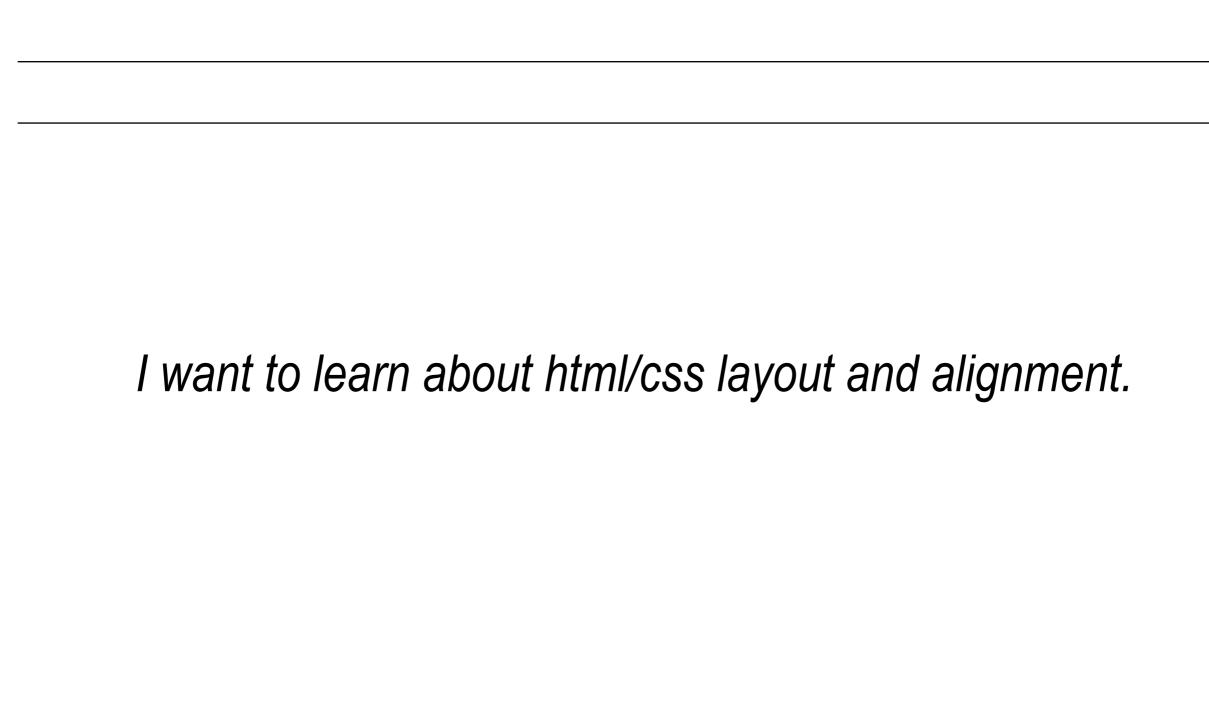
Can we do more code alongs to help get the better hang of everything.

I will try!
But also do homework for practice and go to office hours!

how to work with images sizes

Modify width in CSS

I want to learn about html/css layout and alignment.

Covering Today!

I don't remember using the <div> tag.

We haven't worked with it yet…
Covering Today!

AGENDA

‣ Sublime
‣ Terminal
‣ Github
‣ Review
‣ CSS Layout
‣ Lab — Travel Blog 2

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

‣ Know how to read Sublime shortcuts

‣ Be able to use terminal commands

‣ Define what each git command does and the workflow order

‣ Know what Github is for

‣ Differentiate between block and inline elements

‣ Identify when HTML5 structural elements should be used

‣ Apply header, footer, sidebar, and multi-column layouts to build a web page.

‣ Experiment and predict effects of floats and clearing CSS positioning.

LAST LAB:

TODAY'S LAB:

On the Road
The Adventure of a Lifetime

11/12/15

Camping by Loon Lake

C ray culpa stumptown, flexitarian ex Odd Future do fugiat Wes Anderson proident 3 wolf moon officia bitters small batch. Et consequat do, nulla you probably haven't heard of them High Life scenester. Vinyl fugiat High Life, kogi do VHS in aliqua lo-fi leggings gentrify Neutra tumblr. Odio vegan PBR, Marfa forage blue bottle try-hard readymade meggings retro delectus Echo Park. Ugh consectetur farm-to-table forage, laboris blue bottle McSweeney's tattooed excepteur yr. Magna ut Schlitz flexitarian, vinyl craft beer proident yr forage 8-bit ethical sustainable placeat retro. Officia pickled beard, adipisicing gluten-free sint craft beer quis thundercats id 3 wolf moon fashion axe.
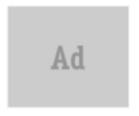
Continues...

11/11/15

A Morning Hike in Big Sur

S elfies sunt Tumblr, delectus small batch DIY umami sint. Polaroid chambray selfies McSweeney's Cosby sweater. Pitchfork tattooed assumenda Wes Anderson Blue Bottle twee Carles ennui. Nisi locavore fugiat sapiente salvia aliqua. Shoreditch kogi exercitation fashion axe. Wolf semiotics Pinterest, laboris quis master cleanse tousled small batch street art bespoke fingerstache dreamcatcher ethical labore. Dreamcatcher iPhone typewriter, tote bag four loko fanny pack master cleanse organic PBR reprehenderit actually. Craft beer drinking vinegar wayfarers, pork belly narwhal pariatur polaroid cupidatat in 8-bit distillery anim literally.

Continues...

About Us

On the Road is u salvia, fixie mumblecore ex aesthetic qui minim blog cliche. Retro disrupt keytar PBR, delectus consectetur flexitarian fingerstache selfies nostrud Schlitz. Tempor Wes Anderson banh mi bicycle rights. Eu occaecat Williamsburg yr letterpress, biodiesel plaid tote bag cliche messenger bag lomo bespoke sapiente next level.

More...

Popular Posts

- Breakfast in the Bay
- Morning Crescent
- Above the Clouds
- Camper update - Kitchen Rehaul
- Journey through Muir Woods
- Playing in a Travelling Band
- Rocky Mountain High
- Winding our way through Tennessee
- A Flat Tire and a Lesson Learned
- Our Brand new Camper!

SUBLIME
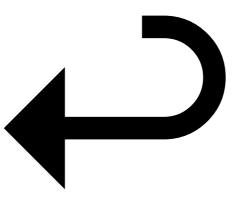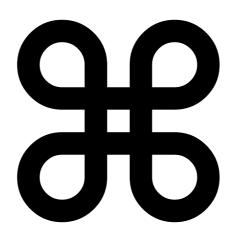
Sublime Features

‣ Split Editing

‣ Command Palette

‣ Customize Anything

‣ Cross Platform

ENTER

COMMAND
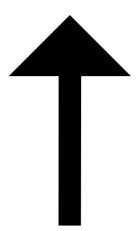
SHIFT

CONTROL

UP AND DOWN

DELETE
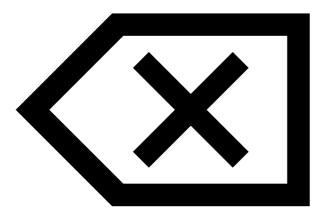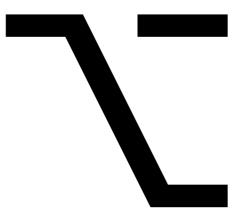
Keypress	Command
⌘ + X	Cut line
⌘ + ↵	Insert line after
⌘ + ⇧ + ↵	Insert line before
⌘ + ^ + ↑	Move line/selection up

Keypress	Command
⌘ + L	Select line - Repeat to select next lines
⌘ + D	Select word - Repeat to select next occurrence
⌃ + ⌘ + G	Select all occurrences of current selection

SPLIT WINDOW

Keypress	Command
⌘ + ⌥ + 1	Revert view to single column
⌘ + ⌥ + 2	Split view into two columns
⌘ + ⌥ + 3	Split view into three columns
⌘ + ⌥ + 4	Split view into four columns
⌘ + ⌥ + 5	Set view to grid (4 groups)
^ + [NUM]	Jump to group where num is 1-4
^ + ⇧ + [NUM]	Move file to specified group where num is 1-4

FIND AND REPLACE

Keypress	Command
⌘ + F	Find
⌘ + ⌥ + F	Replace
⌘ + ⇧ + F	Find in files

LEARN MORE SHORTCUTS

[SUBLIME DOCUMENTATION](#)

COMMAND PALETTE
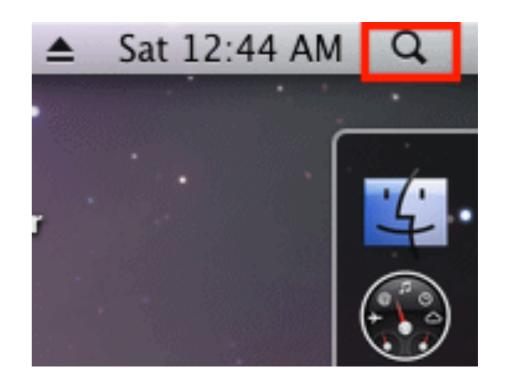
⌘ + ⇧ + P

ACTIVITY
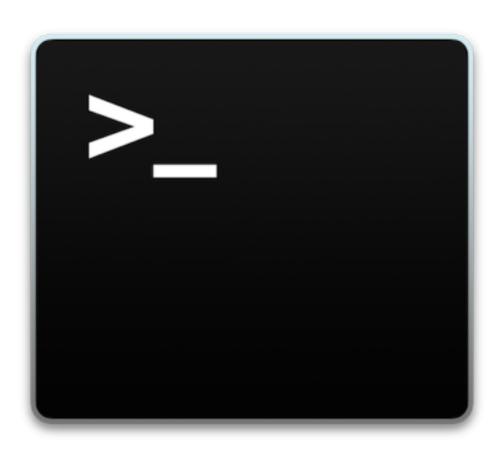
PRACTICE SUBLIME SHORTCUTS FOR 5 MIN

TERMINAL

Go to spotlight and search terminal

THE TERMINAL

WHAT IS THE TERMINAL?

ter·mi·nal

/ˈtərmənl/ 🔊

adjective

1. of, forming, or situated at the end or extremity of something.
   "a terminal date"
   synonyms: final, last, concluding, closing, end
                   "a terminal bonus may be payable when a policy matures"

2. (of a disease) predicted to lead to death, especially slowly; incurable.
   "terminal cancer"
   synonyms: incurable, untreatable, inoperable; More
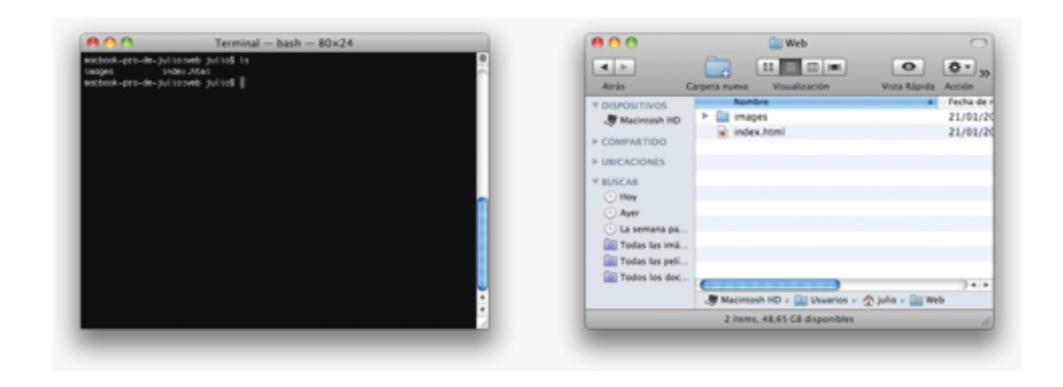
noun

1. an end or extremity of something, in particular.

2. a point of connection for closing an electric circuit.

WHAT IS THE TERMINAL?

The terminal is an interface in which you can type and execute text based commands.

WHAT IS THE TERMINAL?

Graphic User Interface (GUI)

‣ Type of interface that allows users to interact with electronic devices through graphical icons

‣ What Finder does for us

Command Line Interface (CLI)

‣ Means of interacting with a computer program where the user (or client) issues commands to the program in the form of successive lines of text

‣ The Terminal

TERMINAL COMMANDS

cd [folder]   Change directory

cd ..   Go back one directory

TERMINAL COMMANDS

ls   Listing
ls -a   Listing incl. hidden files
ls -R   Entire content of folder recursively

TERMINAL COMMANDS

open [file]   Opens a file (as if you double
clicked it)

TERMINAL COMMANDS

clear   Clear screen

TERMINAL COMMANDS

pwd   Full path to working directory

TERMINAL COMMANDS

touch [file]   Create new file

TERMINAL COMMANDS

mkdir [dir]   Create new directory

TERMINAL COMMANDS

rm [file]   Remove a file, e.g. rm [file] [file]

rm -rf   Remove a directory and contents

TERMINAL COMMANDS

cp [file] [newfile]   Copy file to file
cp [file] [dir]   Copy file to directory

TERMINAL COMMANDS

mv [file] [new filename]   Move/Rename, e.g. mv -v [file] [dir]

CODE ALONG — TERMINAL
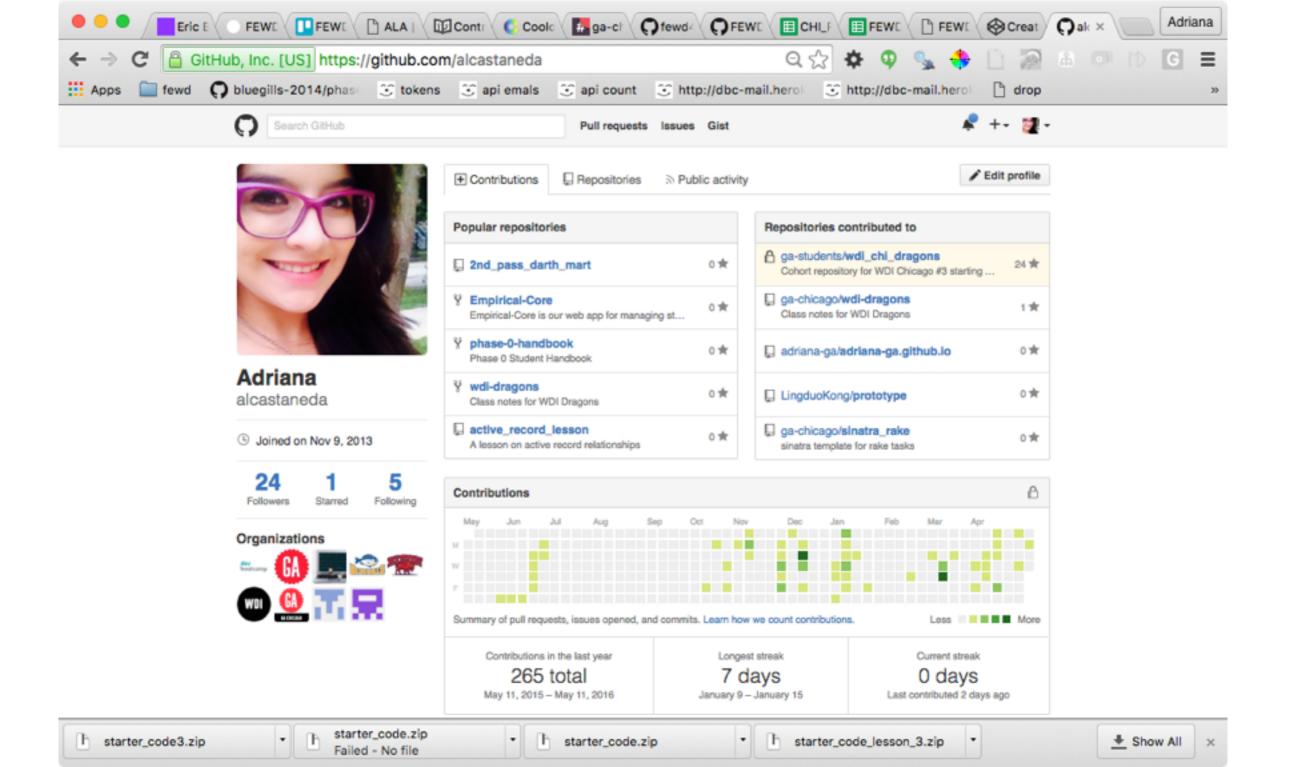
ACTIVITY

PRACTICE TERMINAL COMMANDS FOR 5 MIN

GITHUB

GO TO YOUR GITHUB

GitHub, Inc. [US] https://github.com/alcastaneda

Search GitHub

Pull requests   Issues   Gist

Adriana
alcastaneda

⊞ Contributions   ▯ Repositories   ⋙ Public activity
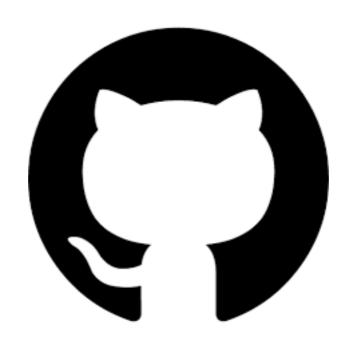
✎ Edit profile

Popular repositories

▯ **2nd_pass_darth_mart**   0 ★

⑂ **Empirical-Core**   0 ★
Empirical-Core is our web app for managing st...

⑂ **phase-0-handbook**   0 ★
Phase 0 Student Handbook

⑂ **wdi-dragons**   0 ★
Class notes for WDI Dragons

▯ **active_record_lesson**   0 ★
A lesson on active record relationships

Repositories contributed to

🔒 ga-students/**wdi_chi_dragons**   24 ★
Cohort repository for WDI Chicago #3 starting ...

▯ ga-chicago/**wdi-dragons**   1 ★
Class notes for WDI Dragons

▯ adriana-ga/**adriana-ga.github.io**   0 ★

▯ LingduoKong/**prototype**   0 ★

▯ ga-chicago/**sinatra_rake**   0 ★
sinatra template for rake tasks

🕒 Joined on Nov 9, 2013

24
Followers

1
Starred

5
Following

Organizations

Contributions

🔒

May   Jun   Jul   Aug   Sep   Oct   Nov   Dec   Jan   Feb   Mar   Apr

Summary of pull requests, issues opened, and commits. Learn how we count contributions.   Less ▢▨▨▨▨ More

Contributions in the last year	Longest streak	Current streak
265 total	**7 days**	**0 days**
May 11, 2015 – May 11, 2016	January 9 – January 15	Last contributed 2 days ago

WHAT IS GITHUB

GITHUB IS A WEBSITE WHERE PROGRAMMERS STORE THEIR CODE

ACTIVITY

TALK WITH A PARTNER ABOUT WHY GITHUB IS IMPORTANT

Who has used Google Docs?

Github Features

‣ Let's you copy projects onto your computer (clone)

‣ Let's others collaborate on projects (repositories)

‣ Allows you to keep different versions of code (version control)

GITHUB TERMS

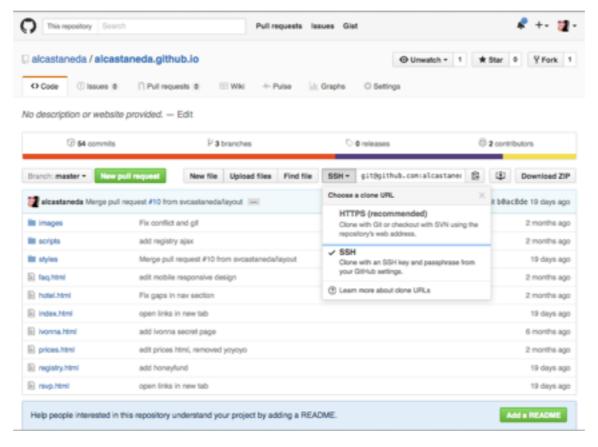**REPOSITORY - PROJECT**
CLONE - COPY PROJECT TO YOUR COMPUTER

GIT

TOOL USED FOR VERSION CONTROL

GITHUB USES GIT TO INTERACT WITH YOUR COMPUTER

GIT COMMANDS

git clone repository_url

Clones repository to your computer

GIT COMMANDS

git add . -adds all files
git add file_name1 file_name2 etc. -adds select files

git add takes a snapshot of current code

GIT COMMANDS

git commit -m "detailed message about changes you made"

Git commit saves that version of your code

GIT COMMANDS

git push remote_name branch_name

git push origin master

Git push publishes code on github

WORKFLOW

LET'S SETUP YOUR FEWD FOLDER

In your terminal ...

- ‣ Go inside FEWD directory
- ‣ Type git init - initializes git repository
- ‣ Type git remote add origin repository_url
- ‣ Follow workflow

REVIEW

HTML SYNTAX — TAGS

Opening tag

Closing tag

<tag name>content</tag name>

Element

Attribute Name

`<tagName name="value"></tagName>`

Attribute Value

CSS SYNTAX

Selector

h1 { color: yellow; }

Declaration

CSS SYNTAX

```
h1, h2 {
        color: yellow;
        font-size: 16px;
}
```

Property   Value

SELECTORS

		MEANING:	EXAMPLE:
SELECTOR:	**UNIVERSAL**	Applies to all elements in the document	* {}
	TYPE	Matches element names	a {}
	DESCENDANT	Matches an element that is a descendent (not just a child) of another element	p a {}
	CHILD	Matches an element that is a direct child of another element	p>a {}
	ADJACENT SIBLING	Matches the element that is directly after another element	p+a {}
	GENERAL SIBLING	Matches the element that is a sibling of another	p~a {}

CLASSES

▸ Classes are used to group elements together
▸ Elements can have multiple classes

```
<li class="emphasis">Content</li>
```

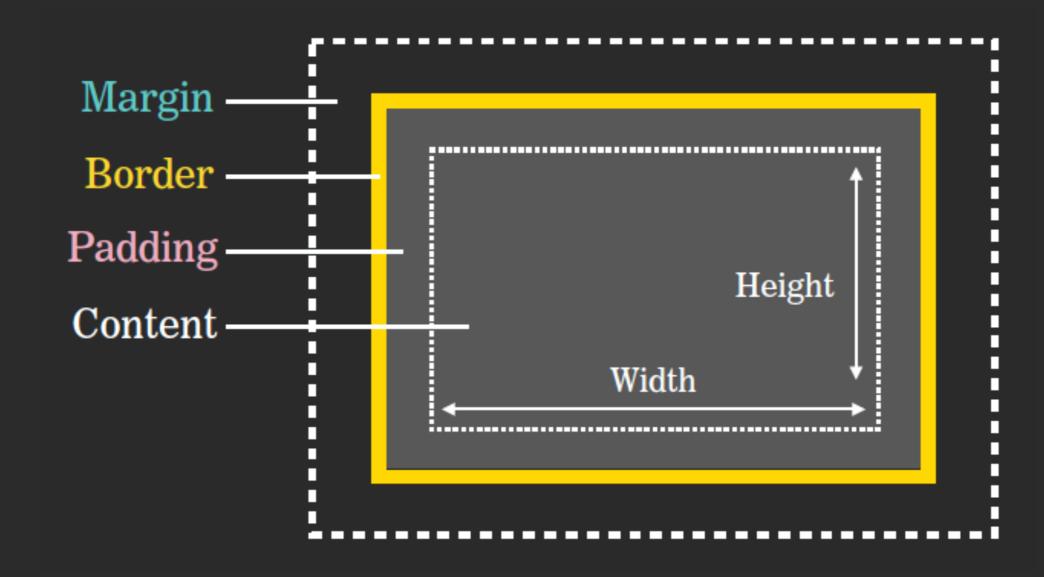```
.emphasis {
  color: #ff0000;
}
```

# CLASSES & IDS

# IDS

‣ Ids are used to target one specific element

‣ Each element can only have one id

‣ Important: two elements on the same page cannot have the same id

```html
<h3 id="about">Content</h3>
```

```css
#about {
  color: #ff0000;
}
```

DCS-942L

S/N: ABCD123456789

H/W Ver.: A1   F/W Ver.: 1.01

CSS — BOX MODEL

CSS LAYOUT

DISPLAY

BUILDING BLOCKS

BLOCK-LEVEL ELEMENTS

▸ Will always start on a new line

Examples:

▸ <h1>-<h6>

▸

▸

▸ <p>

▸

▸ <div>

Header

- Sint esse tempor
- 90's fanny pack
- raw denim whatever
- sriracha aliquip taxidermy

Tilde tote bag XOXO, next level sint esse tempor 90's fanny pack raw denim whatever sriracha aliquip taxidermy. Banksy literally laboris, fashion axe Truffaut four loko Tumblr iPhone. Sunt Vice meditation wolf dolor. Typewriter Pitchfork.

This is the default

BUILDING BLOCKS

INLINE ELEMENTS

Will always appear to continue on the same line as their neighboring elements

Examples:

‣ <a>
‣ <img>
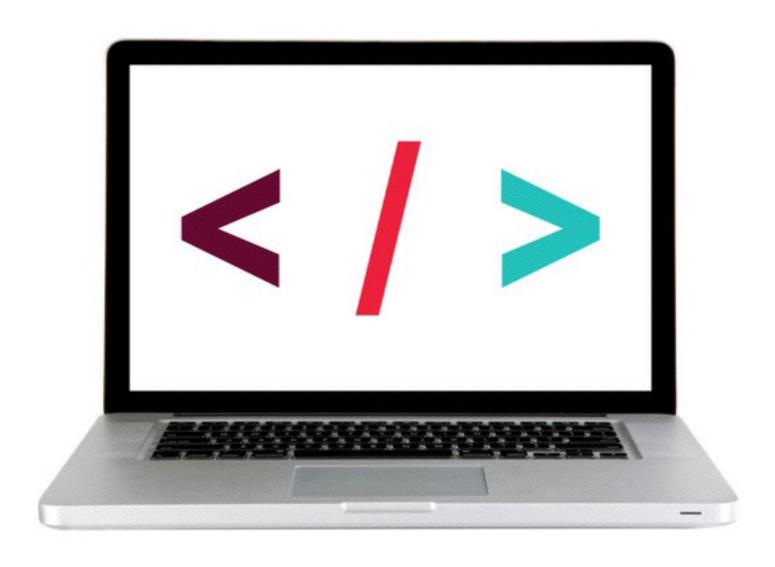‣ <em>
‣ <strong>
‣ <q>
‣ <span>

Tilde tote bag XOXO, next level sint esse tempor 90's fanny pack raw denim whatever sriracha aliquip taxidermy. Banksy **literally** laboris, fashion axe Truffaut four loko Tumblr iPhone. Sunt Vice meditation *wolf* dolor. Typewriter www.Pitchfork.com.

Banksy **literally** laboris, fashion axe Truffaut four loko Tumblr iPhone. Sunt Vice meditation *wolf* dolor. Typewriter www.Pitchfork.com.

LET'S TAKE A CLOSER LOOK

DIMENSION – A KEY DIFFERENCE BETWEEN INLINE AND BLOCK ELEMENTS

If you try to add dimension to an inline element:

- ‣ Some properties will be applied
- ‣ Some properties will be partially applied
- ‣ Others will not be applied at all

The most noticeable properties are width, height, margin and padding.

DIMENSION - A KEY DIFFERENCE BETWEEN INLINE AND BLOCK ELEMENTS

SUMMARY — WHICH DIMENSIONS CAN BE CHANGED?

	WIDTH & HEIGHT	PADDING & MARGIN
BLOCK	yes	can apply to all sides
INLINE	no	will only affect left and right sides

DISPLAY

You can change whether elements are displayed as inline or block elements by using the **display** property.

1. Make a block-level element act like an inline element:

```
li {
  display: inline;
}
```

2. Make an inline element act like a block-level element:
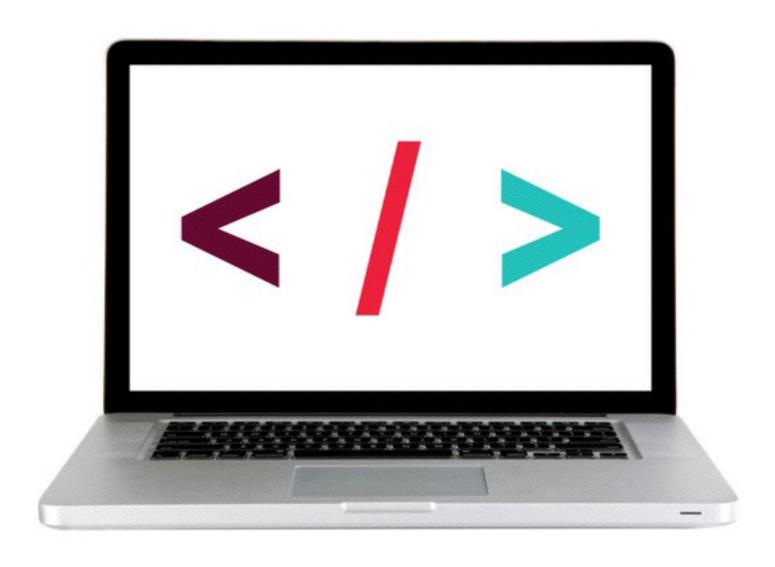
```
a {
  display: block;
}
```

3. Make a block-level element flow like an inline element, while retaining width, height, padding, and margin:

```
h2 {
  display: inline-block;
}
```

4. Hide an element from a page:

```
li {
  display: none;
}
```

LET'S TAKE A CLOSER LOOK

ACTIVITY — DISPLAY LAB

EXERCISE

KEY OBJECTIVE

▸ Get practice using the 'display' property

LOCATION OF FILES

▸ starter_code_lesson_4 > **display_lab** folder

TIMING

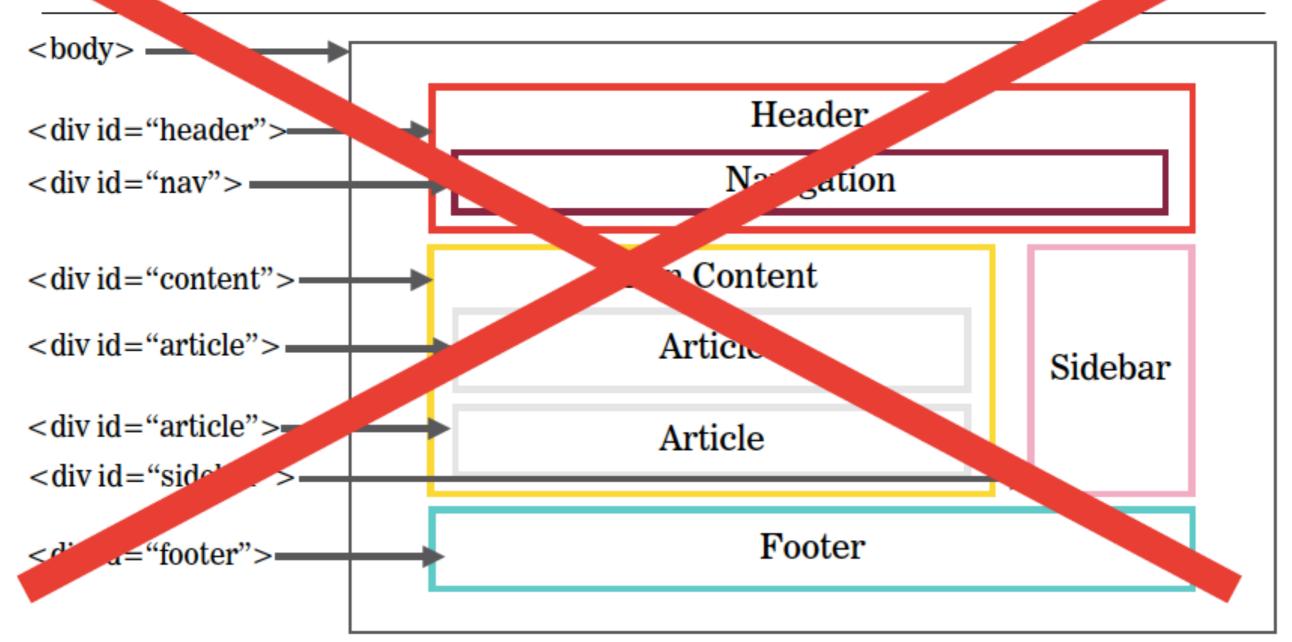*5 min*   1. Follow the instructions in steps 1-3

DIVS

THE <DIV> ELEMENT

▸ Defines a section or division in an HTML document

▸ Allows us to group a set of elements together into a block-level box

** Divs allow developers to section off parts of a page.

THE <SPAN> ELEMENT

The <span> element acts like the inline equivalent of the <div> element. It is used to either:
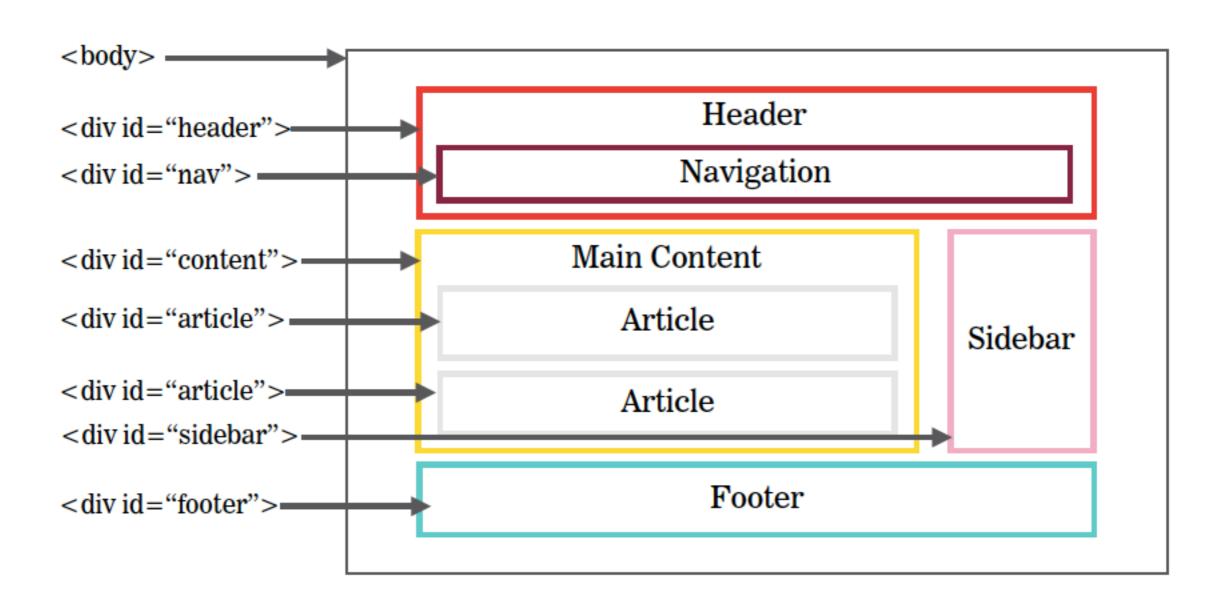
1. Style one little piece of text within a larger paragraph
2. Contain several inline elements

DIV's — SECTIONING OFF PARTS OF A WEBPAGE (OLD WAY OF DOING THINGS)

`<body>`

`<div id="header">` — Header

`<div id="nav">` — Navigation

`<div id="content">` — Content

`<div id="article">` — Article

`<div id="article">` — Article

`<div id="sidebar">` — Sidebar

`<div id="footer">` — Footer

HTML5 STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS

TRADITIONAL HTML LAYOUTS

<body>

<div id="header">

<div id="nav">

Header

Navigation

<div id="content">

Main Content

<div id="article">

Article

<div id="article">

Article

<div id="sidebar">

Sidebar

<div id="footer">

Footer

STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS

STRUCTURAL ELEMENTS

```html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <title>HTML5 World</title>
</head>
<body>

  <div id="header">
    <h1>Page title</h1>
    <div id="nav">
      <a href="">Link to page</a>
      <a href="">Link to page</a>
    </div>
  </div>

  <div id="content">
    <div id="article">
      <p>Hi! I'm an article</p>
    </div>
    <div id="article">
      <p>Hi! I'm an article</p>
    </div>
  </div>

  <div id="sidebar">
    <p>Hi, I'm the sidebar</p>
  </div>

  <div id="footer">
    <p>Copyright info</p>
  </div>

</body>
</html>
```
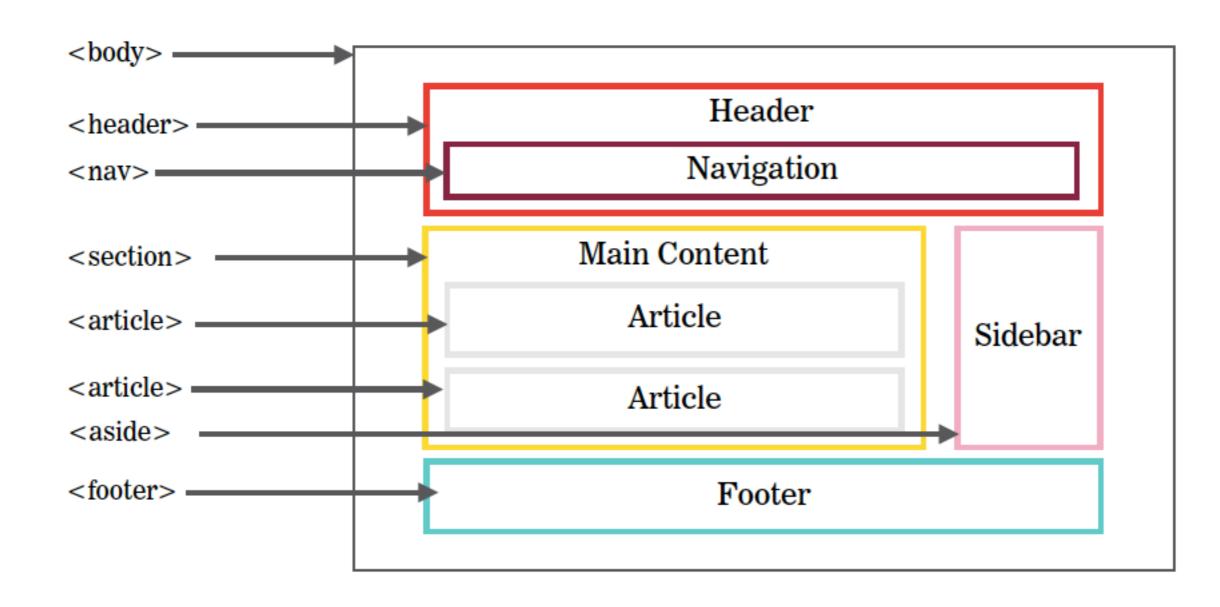
```html
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <title>HTML5 World</title>
</head>
<body>

  <header>
    <h1>Page title</h1>
    <nav>
      <a href="">Link to page</a>
      <a href="">Link to page</a>
    </nav>
  </header>

  <section>
    <article>
      <p>Hi! I'm an article</p>
    </div>
    <article>
      <p>Hi! I'm an article</p>
    </div>
  <section>

  <aside>
    <p>Hi, I'm the sidebar</p>
  </aside>

  <footer>
    <p>Copyright info</p>
  </footer>

</body>
</html>
```
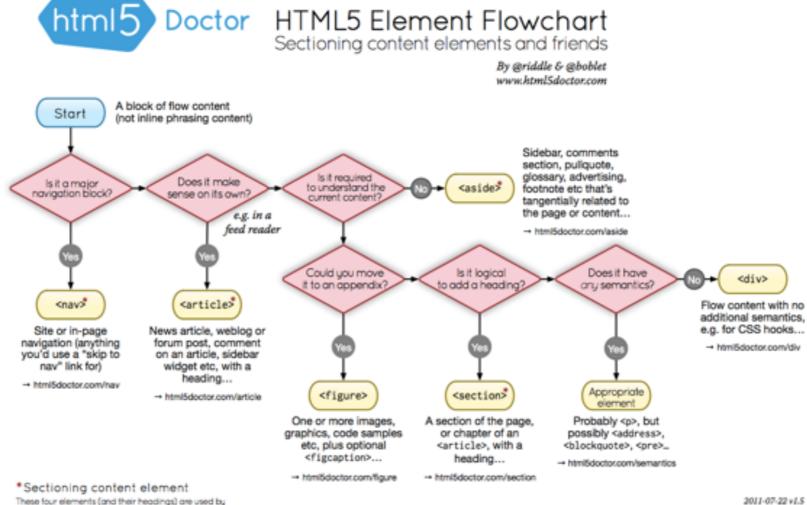
SO...IS THERE STILL A PLACE FOR DIVS IN AN HTML5 WORLD?

‣ Yes! The <div> still has a place in the HTML5 world

‣ You should use <div> when there is no other more semantically appropriate element that suits your purpose

‣ Its most common use will likely be for stylistic purposes — i.e., wrapping some semantically marked-up content in a CSS-styled container.

HTML5 ELEMENT FLOWCHART

ACTIVITY — 'DIV' UP THE CONTENT

EXERCISE

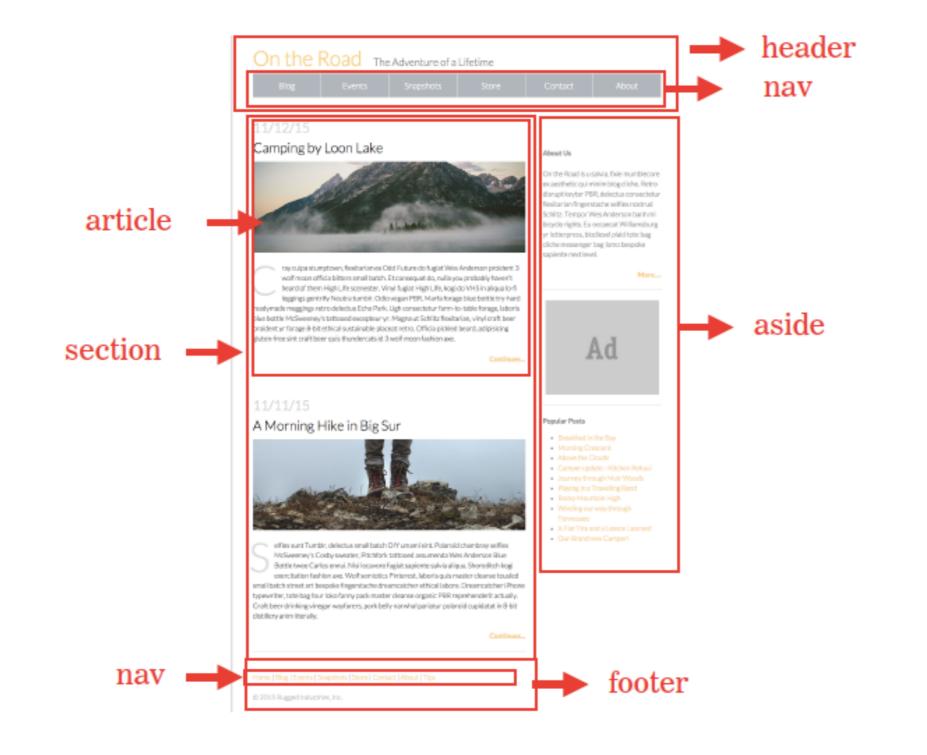## KEY OBJECTIVE

▸ Identify content sections

TYPE OF EXERCISE

▸ Partner

TIMING

8 min

1. First draw boxes around the content you think should live inside a sectioning element — a div, header, footer, etc.

2. Then determine which boxes/divs should have a class or id. Look for similarities to determine what should be a class.

On the Road   The Adventure of a Lifetime

| Blog | Events | Snapshots | Store | Contact | About |

header

nav

11/12/15

Camping by Loon Lake

article

section

About Us

aside

Ad

Popular Posts

11/11/15

A Morning Hike in Big Sur

nav

footer

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STEPS TO ACHIEVE A MULTI-COLUMN LAYOUT

1. MAKE SURE EACH COLUMN HAS A WRAPPER AROUND IT IN YOUR HTML

2. ADD BOX-SIZING: BORDER-BOX; TO EVERYTHING

3. GIVE A WIDTH TO EACH COLUMN

4. FLOAT EACH COLUMN TO LEFT

5. USE PADDING TO ADD SPACE BETWEEN COLUMNS

6. CLEAR ANYTHING UNDERNEATH YOUR COLUMNS I.E. A FOOTER USING THE CSS CLEAR PROPERTY (CLEAR: BOTH;)
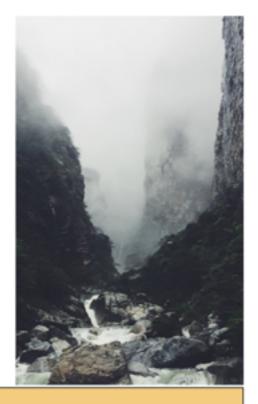
LAYOUT

Header

Main Content

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Nam dicta explicabo illum sint, incidunt aut suscipit recusandae, ut voluptatibus, sunt ex placeat? Dolores adipisci id animi soluta eligendi, voluptatibus, et.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit. Debitis optio harum consequatur dolorem rem beatae ducimus possimus tempore, sequi provident eaque sed explicabo veritatis libero maiores vel praesentium. Sit, nulla.

Sidebar Content

Footer

ACTIVITY — FLOATING SECTIONS

EXERCISE

KEY OBJECTIVE

▸ Work through steps to create a multi-column layout

LOCATION OF FILES

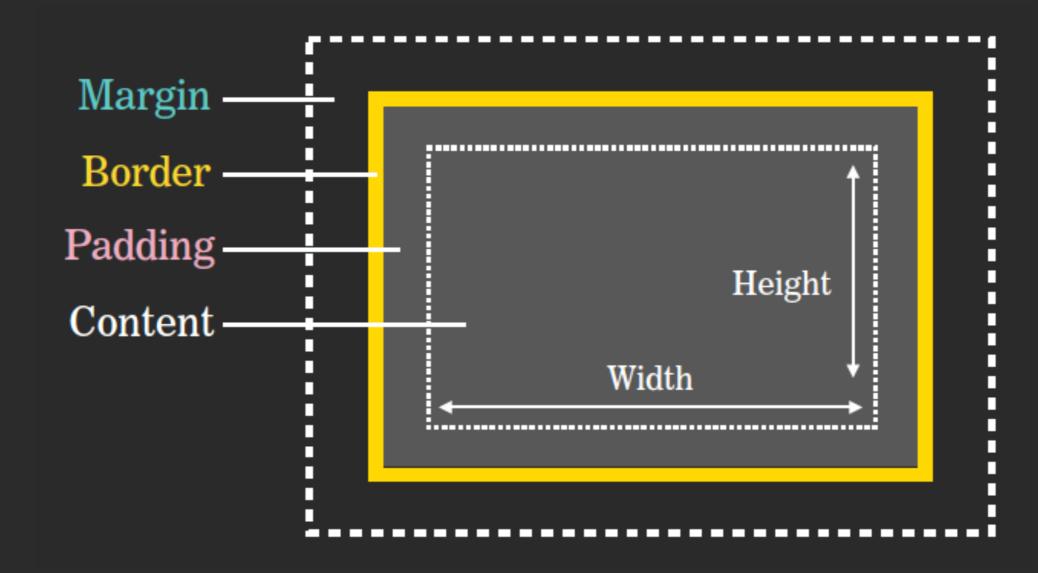▸ starter_code_lesson_4 > **floating_sections_lab** folder

TIMING

2 min   1. Follow steps #1 and #2 in index.html

BOX-SIZING FTW!

CSS — BOX MODEL

THE DEFAULT WAY — BOX-SIZING: CONTENT-BOX;

▸ **Default box-sizing** (box-sizing: content-box): As soon as an element has either padding or border applied, the actual rendered width is wider than the width you set in your CSS.

Actual width = *width + border-left + border-right + padding-left + padding-right*
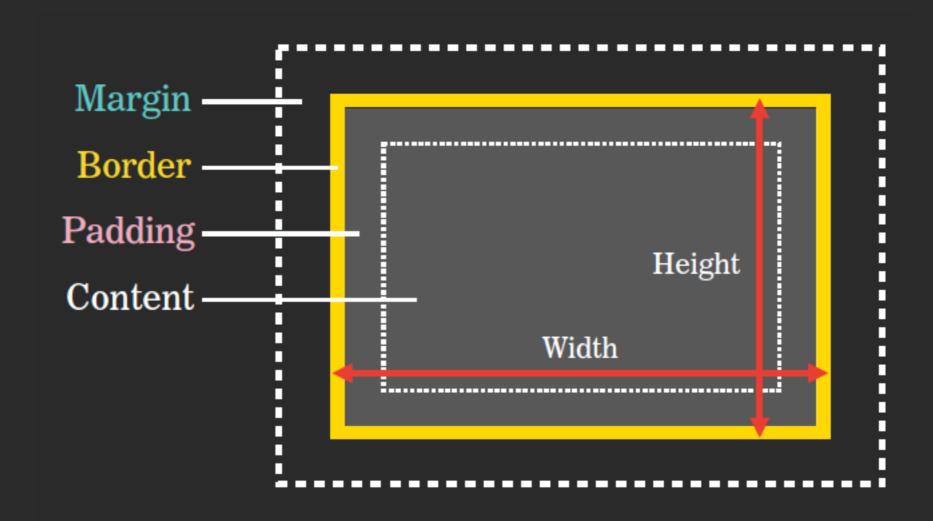
WIDTH: 25%;

TOTAL WIDTH: 25%

WIDTH: 25%;
BORDER: 6PX SOLID PINK;

TOTAL WIDTH: 25% + 6px + 6px

BOO!

BOX-SIZING : BORDER-BOX

HERE'S THE SYNTAX

```css
* {
  box-sizing: border-box;
}
```

* You'll want to add this at the very top of your CSS file.

WHY IS THIS SO AWESOME?

‣ With **box-sizing: border-box** — the padding and border press their way inside the box instead of expanding the box.

> **Actual width** = *Width set in CSS*

YAY!

```
* {
    box-sizing: border-box;
}
```

25% WIDTH AND
BORDER: 6PX SOLID PINK

TOTAL WIDTH: 25%   **YAY!**

WHY IS THIS SO AWESOME?

```
* {
    box-sizing: border-box;
}
```

| WIDTH: 25%; PADDING: 10PX; | WIDTH: 25%; PADDING: 10PX; | WIDTH: 25%; PADDING: 10PX; | WIDTH: 25%; PADDING: 10PX; |

NOW FOUR OF US CAN SIT IN A ROW SIDE BY SIDE NO MATTER HOW MUCH PADDING AND BORDER WE HAVE.

YAY!

STEPS TO ACHIEVE A MULTI-COLUMN LAYOUT

1. MAKE SURE EACH COLUMN HAS A WRAPPER AROUND IT IN YOUR HTML

2. ADD BOX-SIZING: BORDER-BOX; TO EVERYTHING (USE THE * CSS SELECTOR)

3. GIVE A WIDTH TO EACH COLUMN (PREFERABLY IN %)

4. FLOAT EACH COLUMN TO LEFT

5. USE PADDING TO ADD SPACE BETWEEN COLUMNS

6. CLEAR ANYTHING UNDERNEATH YOUR COLUMNS I.E. A FOOTER USING THE CSS CLEAR PROPERTY (CLEAR: BOTH;)
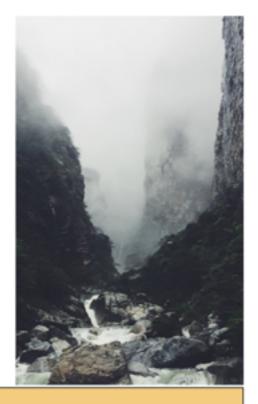
LAYOUT

ACTIVITY — FLOATING SECTIONS

EXERCISE

KEY OBJECTIVE

▸ Work through steps to create a multi-column layout

LOCATION OF FILES

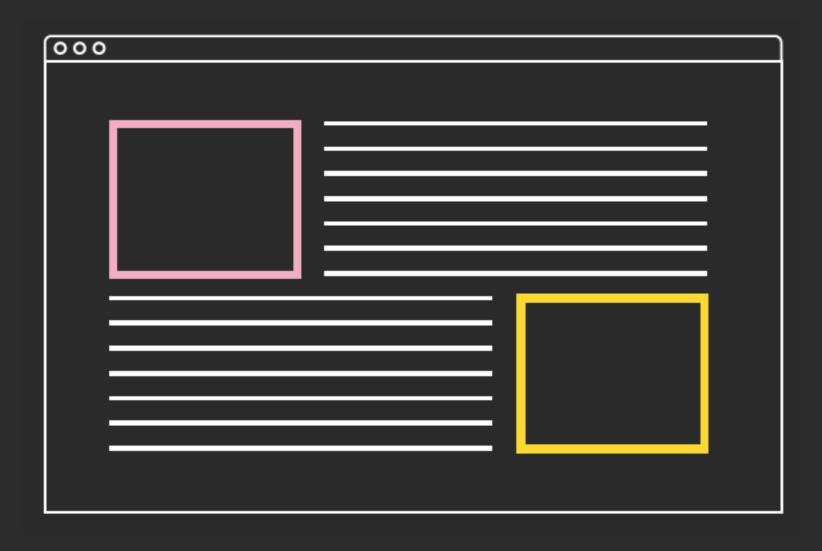▸ starter_code_lesson_4 > **floating_sections_lab** folder

TIMING

2 min

1. Follow steps #3, #4, and #5 in style.css. Steps are a little out of order! You can use command + f to open a search window and search for a step.

FLOATS

CSS — FLOATS

FLOATS

Values for the float property:

```
p {
    float: left;
}
```

‣ **float: left**; Floats an element to the left side

```
h1 {
    float: right;
}
```

‣ **float: right**; Floats an element to the left side

```
div {
    float: none;
}
```

‣ **float: none**; (the default) ensures the element will not float

LET'S TAKE A CLOSER LOOK

CLEARING FLOATS

‣ The **clear** property specifies which side(s) of an element other floating elements are not allowed

LEFT

‣ No floating elements allowed on the left side

RIGHT

```
.clear {
    clear: both;
}
```

‣ No floating elements allowed on the right side

BOTH

‣ No floating elements allowed on either the left or right side
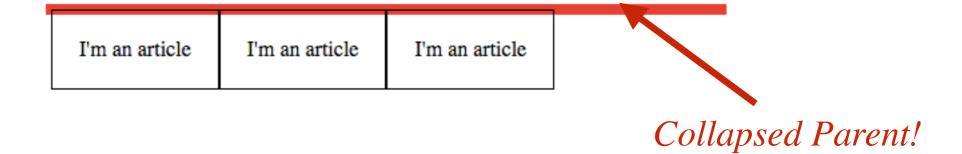
NONE

‣ Allows floating elements on both sides

PARENTS OF FLOATED ELEMENTS

‣ If a containing element only contains floated elements, some browsers will treat it as if it is zero pixels tall.

PROBLEM:

I'm an article	I'm an article	I'm an article

Collapsed Parent!

SOLUTION:

I'm an article	I'm an article	I'm an article	

PT. 1 — ADD CSS CLASS:

```css
.clearfix:after {
    content: "";
    display: table;
    clear: both;
}
```

PT. 2 — ADD CLASS TO HTML:

```html
<div class="clearfix">
    <p>1</p> <!-- float: left -->
    <p>2</p> <!-- float: left -->
    <p>3</p> <!-- float: left -->
</div>
```

CONFUSING NAMES — KEEPING THINGS STRAIGHT

CLEAR: BOTH; *Make sure an element starts on a new line*


```
footer {
    clear: both;
}
```

CLEARFIX: *Fixes collapsed parent*

PT. 1 — ADD CSS CLASS:

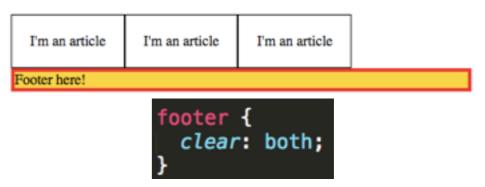```
.clearfix:after {
    content: "";
    display: table;
    clear: both;
}
```
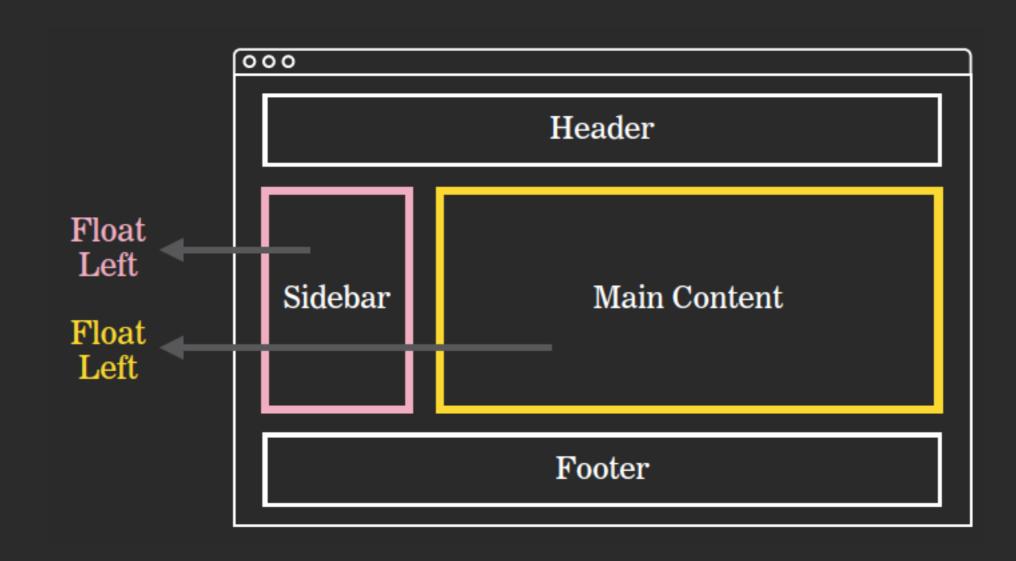
### PT. 2 — ADD CLASS TO HTML:

```
<div class="clearfix">
    <p>1</p> <!-- float: left -->
    <p>2</p> <!-- float: left -->
    <p>3</p> <!-- float: left -->
</div>
```

MULTI-COLUMN LAYOUT

CSS — MULTI-COLUMN LAYOUT

STEPS TO ACHIEVE A MULTI-COLUMN LAYOUT

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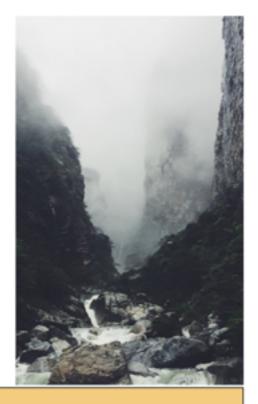
LAYOUT

Header

Main Content

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit.
Nam dicta explicabo illum sint, incidunt aut suscipit
recusandae, ut voluptatibus, sunt ex placeat? Dolores
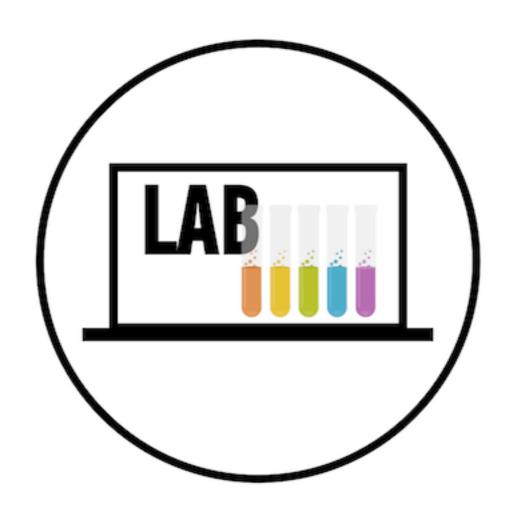adipisci id animi soluta eligendi, voluptatibus, et.

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipisicing elit.
Debitis optio harum consequatur dolorem rem beatae
ducimus possimus tempore, sequi provident eaque sed
explicabo veritatis libero maiores vel praesentium. Sit, nulla.

Sidebar Content

Footer

EXERCISE

KEY OBJECTIVE

▸ Demonstrate the ability to plan and build a website

TYPE OF EXERCISE

▸ Partner

TIMING

40 min

1. Recreate the Travel Blog site, using Travel_Blog.png as a reference (in starter_code folder)

2. Use HTML structural tags such as <header>, <aside>, <article> and <footer>

TODAY'S LAB:

On the Road
The Adventure of a Lifetime

Blog | Events | Snapshots | Store | Contact | About

11/12/15

Camping by Loon Lake

C ray culpa stumptown, flexitarian ex Odd Future do fugiat Wes Anderson proident 3 wolf moon officia bitters small batch. Et consequat do, nulla you probably haven't heard of them High Life scenester. Vinyl fugiat High Life, kogi do VHS in aliqua lo-fi leggings gentrify Neutra tumblr. Odio vegan PBR, Marfa forage blue bottle try-hard readymade meggings retro delectus Echo Park. Ugh consectetur farm-to-table forage, laboris blue bottle McSweeney's tattooed excepteur yr. Magna ut Schlitz flexitarian, vinyl craft beer proident yr forage 8-bit ethical sustainable placeat retro. Officia pickled beard, adipisicing gluten-free sint craft beer quis thundercats id 3 wolf moon fashion axe.
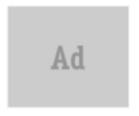
Continues...

11/11/15

A Morning Hike in Big Sur

S elfies sunt Tumblr, delectus small batch DIY umami sint. Polaroid chambray selfies McSweeney's Cosby sweater. Pitchfork tattooed assumenda Wes Anderson Blue Bottle twee Carles ennui. Nisi locavore fugiat sapiente salvia aliqua. Shoreditch kogi exercitation fashion axe. Wolf semiotics Pinterest, laboris quis master cleanse tousled small batch street art bespoke fingerstache dreamcatcher ethical labore. Dreamcatcher iPhone typewriter, tote bag four loko fanny pack master cleanse organic PBR reprehenderit actually. Craft beer drinking vinegar wayfarers, pork belly narwhal pariatur polaroid cupidatat in 8-bit distillery anim literally.

Continues...

About Us

On the Road is u salvia, fixie mumblecore ex aesthetic qui minim blog cliche. Retro disrupt keytar PBR, delectus consectetur flexitarian fingerstache selfies nostrud Schlitz. Tempor Wes Anderson banh mi bicycle rights. Eu occaecat Williamsburg yr letterpress, biodiesel plaid tote bag cliche messenger bag lomo bespoke sapiente next level.

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Ad

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- Rocky Mountain High
- Winding our way through Tennessee
- A Flat Tire and a Lesson Learned
- Our Brand new Camper!

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LEARNING OBJECTIVES

‣ Know how to read Sublime shortcuts

‣ Be able to use terminal commands

‣ Define what each git command does and the workflow order

‣ Know what Github is for

‣ Differentiate between block and inline elements

‣ Identify when HTML5 structural elements should be used

‣ Apply header, footer, sidebar, and multi-column layouts to build a web page.

‣ Experiment and predict effects of floats and clearing CSS positioning.

HOMEWORK

HOMEWORK

‣ Finish Travel Blog
‣ Put FEWD folder on github

ADVANCED CSS

EXIT TICKETS