Entrega: 27/06/2018

Lista 2

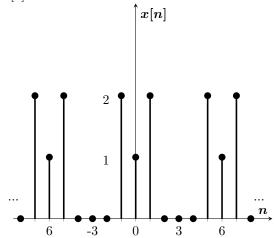
1. Faça no MatLab/Octave a SFTD X[k], o módulo |X[k]| e sua fase $\arg[X[k]]$ dos sinais abaixo:

(a)
$$x[n] = 4\cos(2.4\pi n) + 2\sin(3.2\pi n)$$

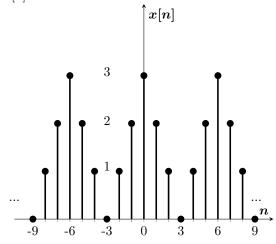
(b)
$$x[n] = \cos(2.2\pi n)\cos(3.3\pi n)$$

(c)
$$x[n] = 2\cos(3.2\pi(n-3))$$

(d) x[n]



(e) x[n]



2. Para os seguintes sinais, obtenha a TFTD. Assuma $|\alpha|<1$

(a)
$$x[n] = \delta[n]$$

(b)
$$x[n] = \delta[n - n_0]$$

(c)
$$x[n] = \alpha^n u[n-1]$$

(d)
$$x[n] = \alpha^n u[n+1]$$

(e)
$$x[n] = (-\alpha)^n u[n]$$

(f)
$$x[n] = \alpha^{|n|}$$

3. Encontre a transformada z, a região de convergência e a localizaçãos dos polos e zeros dos sinais abaixo:

(a)
$$x[n] = (\frac{1}{2})^n u[n] - (\frac{1}{3})^n u[n]$$

(b)
$$x[n] = e^{j\Omega_0 n} u[n]$$

(c)
$$x[n] = -u[-n-1] + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n]$$

(d)
$$x[n] = -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[-n] + 2\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u[n]$$

(e)
$$x[n] = -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n] + 2\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u[n]$$

(f)
$$x[n] = -\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[-n] + 2\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^n u[-n]$$