# Gene Annotation

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### FinalGeneSetAnnotation.R

This script has the fallowing functions:

# 0. annotate.final.geneset.round1

# ${\bf Input: \ tsfm\_input\_geneset.txt}$

It reads the main integrated gene file from integrated\_tse\_ara.txt

Keeps genes with either their ara score is > 106 or their tse score is > 49

Column **genefun** is added to the genefile table and filled in the fallowing order:

- 1. genes with same tse and ara identity are assign the same identity
- 2. genes with different identity, pseudo|truncated genes, genes with un assigned identity and genes with letter N in their sequence are shown as #

Column **note** is added and fill it in the fallowing order:

- 1. genes with the same ara and tse marked as "T"
- 2. genes with unassigned identity by both tse and ara are set as "UnAssigned"
- 3. genes with letter N in their sequence are set as "ContainsN"
- 4. genes with unmatched identity between ara and tse are set as "Undet"

these top 4 cases had no overlap!

I kept track of the remained number of genes at each step and wrote it as comments.

### 1. genome.nuc.composition:

# Input: GenomeNucComposition.txt and output of function annotate.final.geneset.round1

The complete script for calculating the nucleotide composition is in FinalGeneSetAnnotation.R. Reading 46 genomes and calculating the compositions is a bit time consuming, so I have already done that part in function genome.nuc.composition() in the main R script and saved the table as GenomeNucComposition.txt. Here, in function genome.nuc.composition2() I only read file GenomeNucComposition.txt, and marge it with a new column called genecounts which I calculate from the output of function annotate.final.geneset.round1(). In the end the file is written in latex format.

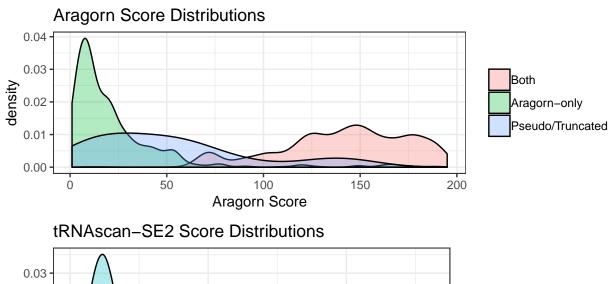
##	organism_shortname	Aperc	Tperc	Cperc	Gperc	GCp	genecounts
##	TrangeliSC58	24	23	27	26	53	6
##	TcruziCLBrener	23	23	27	27	53	18
##	TcruziDm28c	25	25	26	25	50	51
##	TcruzimarinkelleiB7	22	22	23	23	45	57
##	TcruziCLBrenerEsmeraldo-like	20	20	20	20	40	57
##	${\tt TcruziCLBrenerNon-Esmeraldo-like}$	21	21	22	22	43	57
##	PconfusumCUL13	18	18	28	28	57	61
##	TbruceigambienseDAL972	26	26	24	24	47	64
##	LamazonensisMHOMBR71973M2269	20	20	30	30	59	66
##	TevansiSTIB805	27	27	23	23	47	67

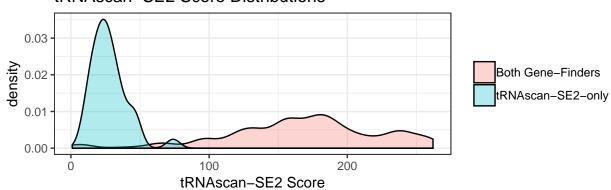
TbruceiLister427	26	26	22	23	45	67
TcruziSylvioX10-1	24	23	25	25	50	69
BayalaiB08-376	22	22	27	27	55	69
TcruziSylvioX10-1-2012	24	24	26	26	51	72
TcongolenseIL3000	21	21	20	20	40	72
TbruceiTREU927	27	27	23	23	45	73
TcruziJRc14	24	23	26	24	50	74
TcruziEsmeraldo	23	22	24	23	47	74
LpanamensisMHOMPA94PSC1	21	21	28	28	56	74
${\tt LtarentolaeParrotTarII}$	21	21	27	27	55	79
LspMARLEM2494	20	20	30	29	59	80
LgerbilliLEM452	20	20	30	29	59	81
LmajorSD75.1	20	20	30	30	59	82
LenriettiiLEM3045	20	20	29	29	59	82
TvivaxY486	21	21	23	23	46	82
LbraziliensisMHOMBR75M2904	21	21	29	29	58	83
LaethiopicaL147	19	20	30	29	59	83
LdonovaniBHU1220	19	20	29	29	57	84
LinfantumJPCM5	20	20	30	30	60	84
${\tt LmajorFriedlin}$	20	20	30	30	60	84
LmexicanaMHOMGT2001U1103	20	20	30	30	60	84
LmajorLV39c5	20	20	29	29	59	84
LarabicaLEM1108	20	20	29	29	58	85
LdonovaniBPK282A1	19	20	29	29	57	85
LturanicaLEM423	19	20	30	29	59	86
LbraziliensisMHOMBR75M2903	19	20	27	27	53	86
LtropicaL590	19	19	29	28	57	87
LpanamensisMHOMCOL81L13	21	21	29	28	57	88
LseymouriATCC30220	22	22	28	28	55	94
TgrayiANR4	23	23	27	27		95
TcruzicruziDm28c	24	24	26	26	52	97
EmonterogeiiLV88	23	23	26	26	52	104
LpyrrhocorisH10	21	22	28	28	56	104
${\tt CfasciculataCfCl}$	21	22	29	28	57	105
TcruziTulac12	22	21	23	23	46	121
TtheileriEdinburgh	26	26	17	17	35	159
	TcruziSylvioX10-1 BayalaiB08-376 TcruziSylvioX10-1-2012 TcongolenseIL3000 TbruceiTREU927 TcruziJRc14 TcruziEsmeraldo LpanamensisMHOMPA94PSC1 LtarentolaeParrotTarII LspMARLEM2494 LgerbilliLEM452 LmajorSD75.1 LenriettiiLEM3045 TvivaxY486 LbraziliensisMHOMBR75M2904 LaethiopicaL147 LdonovaniBHU1220 LinfantumJPCM5 LmajorFriedlin LmexicanaMHOMGT2001U1103 LmajorLV39c5 LarabicaLEM1108 LdonovaniBPK282A1 LturanicaLEM423 LbraziliensisMHOMBR75M2903 LtropicaL590 LpanamensisMHOMCOL81L13 LseymouriATCC30220 TgrayiANR4 TcruzicruziDm28c EmonterogeiiLV88 LpyrrhocorisH10 CfasciculataCfC1 TcruziTulac12	TcruziSylvioX10-1 24	TcruziSylvioX10-1 24 23	TcruziSylvioX10-1 24 23 25 BayalaiB08-376 22 22 27 TcruziSylvioX10-1-2012 24 24 26 TcongolenseIL3000 21 21 20 TbruceiTREU927 27 27 23 TcruziJRc14 24 23 26 TcruziEsmeraldo 23 22 24 LpanamensisMHOMPA94PSC1 21 21 22 LtarentolaeParrotTarII 21 21 27 LspMARLEM2494 20 20 30 LgerbilliLEM452 20 20 30 LenriettiiLEM3045 20 20 30 LenriettiiLEM3045 20 20 20 TvivaxY486 21 21 21 23 LbraziliensisMHOMBR75M2904 21 21 29 LaethiopicaL147 19 20 30 LdonovaniBHU1220 19 20 29 LinfantumJPCM5 20 20 30 LmajorFriedlin 20 20 30 LmajorLV39c5 20 20 29 LdonovaniBPK282A1 19 20 29 LdonovaniBPK282A1 19 20 29 LturanicaLEM423 19 20 30 LbraziliensisMHOMBR75M2903 19 20 27 LtropicaL590 19 19 29 LpanamensisMHOMCOL81L13 21 21 29 LseymouriATCC30220 22 22 28 TgrayiANR4 23 23 27 TcruzicruziDm28c 24 24 26 EmonterogeiiLV88 23 23 26 LpyrrhocorisH10 21 22 28 CfasciculataCfC1 21 22 29 TcruziTulac12 22 21 23	TcruziSylvioX10-1 24 23 25 25 BayalaiB08-376 22 22 27 27 TcruziSylvioX10-1-2012 24 24 26 26 TcongolenseIL3000 21 21 20 20 TbruceiTREU927 27 27 23 23 TcruziRcl4 24 23 26 24 TcruziEsmeraldo 23 22 24 23 LpanamensisMHOMPA94PSC1 21 21 28 28 LtarentolaeParrotTarII 21 21 27 27 LspMaRLEM2494 20 20 30 29 LgerbilliLEM452 20 20 30 29 LmajorSD75.1 20 20 30 30 LenriettiiLEM3045 20 20 30 30 LenriettiiLEM3045 20 20 29 29 TvivaxY486 21 21 23 23 LbraziliensisMHOMBR75M2904 21 21 29 29 LaethiopicaL147 19 20 30 29 LdonovaniBHU1220 19 20 29 29 LinfantumJPCM5 20 20 30 30 LmajorFriedlin 20 20 30 30 LmajorFriedlin 20 20 30 30 LmajorFriedlin 20 20 30 30 LmajorLV39c5 20 20 29 29 LarabicaLEM1108 20 20 29 29 LdonovaniBPK282A1 19 20 29 29 LdonovaniBPK282A1 19 20 29 29 LturanicaLEM423 19 20 30 29 LbraziliensisMHOMBR75M2903 19 20 27 27 LtropicaL590 19 19 29 28 LpanamensisMHOMCOL8IL13 21 21 29 28 LseymouriATCC30220 22 22 28 28 TgrayiANR4 23 23 27 TcruzicruziDm28c 24 24 26 26 EmonterogeiiLV88 23 23 26 26 LpyrrhocorisH10 21 22 28 28 CfasciculataCfC1 21 22 29 28	TcruziSylvioX10-1 24 23 25 25 50  BayalaiB08-376 22 22 27 27 55  TcruziSylvioX10-1-2012 24 24 26 26 51  TcongolenseIL3000 21 21 20 20 40  TbruceiTREUP27 27 27 23 23 45  TcruziEsmeraldo 23 22 24 23 47  LpanamensisMHOMPA94PSC1 21 21 28 28 56  LtarentolaeParrotTarII 21 21 27 27 55  LspMARLEM2494 20 20 30 29 59  LgerbilliLEM452 20 20 30 30 59  LenriettiiLEM3045 20 20 30 30 59  LenriettiiLEM3045 20 20 30 30 59  LenriettiiLEM3045 20 20 30 30 59  LbraziliensisMHOMBR75M2904 21 21 23 23 46  LbraziliensisMHOMBR75M2904 21 21 29 29 58  LaethiopicaL147 19 20 30 29 59  LdonovaniBHU1220 19 20 29 29 57  LinfantumJPCM5 20 20 30 30 60  LmajorFriedlin 20 20 30 30 59  LarabicaLEM1108 20 20 29 29 55  LarabicaLEM1108 20 20 29 29 55  LturanicalEM423 19 20 29 29 55  LbraziliensisMHOMBR75M2903 19 20 27 27 53  LturanicalEM423 19 20 30 29 59  LbraziliensisMHOMBR75M2903 19 20 27 27 53  LtropicaL590 19 19 29 28 57  LseymouriATCC30220 22 22 28 28 55  TgrayiANR4 23 23 27 27 54  TcruzicruziDm28c 24 24 26 26 52  LpyrrhocorisH10 21 22 28 28 56  CfasciculataCfC1 21 22 29 28 57

# 2. Score.visualization

# ${\bf Input: integrated\_tse\_ara.txt}$

This functions read the main integrated gene file integrated\_tse\_ara.txt and shows the distribution of gene scores





## 3. create.summary.table

Input: output of function annotate.final.geneset.round1()

Read the annotated gene file (output of function annotate.final.geneset.round1) and Creates a summary table of genes after the score filtering.

Last three columns are each for one gene set. Sets are defined as: a) Intersection Of two gene finders. Two genes are considered same gene if their coordinate overlaps at least one base. Displacement of overlapped genes between ARA and TSE does not pass 4bp. b) Union of two gene finders. c) Genes found by only ARA. Genes marked as # include: pseudo|truncated genes (6 genes), genes with different predicted identity by two genefinders(23 genes), genes with unassigned identity|anticodon by any of genefinders (2 genes), and genes with letter N in their sequence(we had 4 of these genes). we also had 1 genes preicted by only TSE labeled as # which is not shown in this table as a seperate column, however it is considered in the union set.

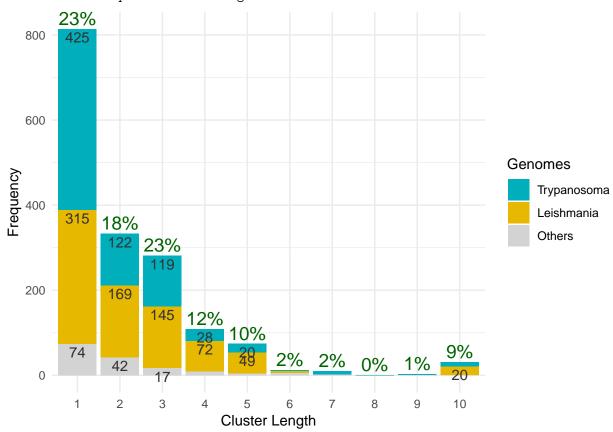
##	Annotation	Intersection	ARAonly	Union
##	#tRNA	3579	36	3616
##	#N/#G	74	98	75
##	Min Gene Length	68	71	68
##	Max Gene Length	89	206	206
##	%intron	2	28	3
##	%G	32	33	32
##	%C	26	26	26
##	%Т	23	23	23
##	%A	19	18	19
##	A	210	2	212
##	C	64	1	65
##	D	105	1	106
##	E	160	1	161
##	F	104	2	106
##	G	228	3	231
##	Н	80	4	84
##	I	171	1	172
##	K	183	1	184
##	L	335	6	341
##	M	97	0	97
##	N	125	0	125
##	P	200	0	200
##	Q	161	0	161
##	R	348	2	350
##	S	228	7	235
##	T	218	4	222
##	V	236	0	236
##	W	52	1	53
##	Х	76	0	76
##	Y	88	0	88
##	Z	76	0	76
##	#	34	0	35

### 4. clustersize.dist.visualize

Input: output of function annotate.final.geneset.round1()

Read the annotated gene file (output of function annotate.final.geneset.round1) and visualizes the Cluster size distribution for three categories of TryTryp genomes. Labels in green on top of each bar show the percentage of total number of genes as cluster of a specific length. Each color refers to one category of TriTryp genomes. Numbers within each color section of the bar shows the counts of clusters with a specific length.

## Scale for 'fill' is already present. Adding another scale for 'fill',
## which will replace the existing scale.



#### 5. prepare.tsfm.input

**Input**: output of function annotate.final.geneset.round1()

Output: tsfm\_input\_geneset.txt

Read the annotated gene file, removes **genes with ambiguty** marked as # (35 genes), genes with function **Secs** (76 genes) and genes from two genomes genes of genomes **TrangeliSC58** and **TcruziCLBrener** and writes the selected genes in file tsfm\_input\_geneset.txt (17 genes). tsfm\_input\_geneset.txt file should be used for further alignment for the purpose of creating CIFs.

We have 3478 genes left in this file to be aligned

The gene set tsfm\_input\_geneset.txt is passed to the script TriTrypAlignment.R to be aligned with Human tRNA genes.

## TriTrypAlignment.R

Alignment Steps:

- 1. Genes from **tsfm\_input\_geneset.txt** are read and functional classes are added at the end of the geneID
- 2. Variable arms are removed based on reported secondary structure from genefinders
- 3. Gene introns are removed based in the secondary sctructure
- 4. the result is merged with the Human tRNA genes (the headers for Homo genes are also updated) and the result is saved in file coveainput.fasta.
- 5. coveainput.fasta is aligned to the Eukaryote model using covea
- 6. the result (Aligned\_TriTryp\_Homo.covea) is edited based on the fallowing criteria in order:
  - a. sites that have more than 98
  - b. sequences with more than 3 gaps are removed
  - c. sequences with two or more gaps next to eachother are removed
- 7. the alignment result is saved as fasta file in Aligned\_TriTryp\_Homo.fasta, with secondary structure saved as Aligned\_TriTryp\_Homo\_structfile.txt

# SplitAlignedGenes.R

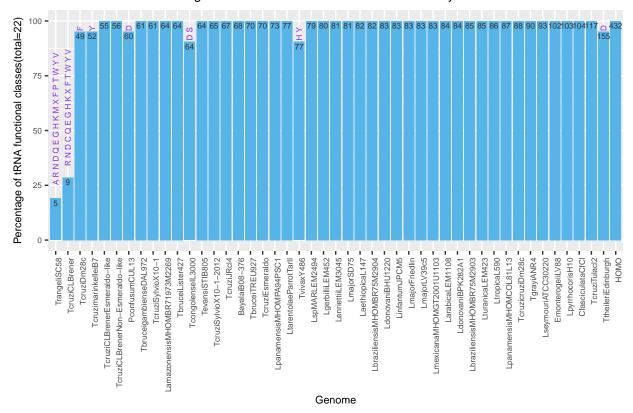
The alignment Result Aligned\_TriTryp\_Homo.fasta will be passed to this script to be splitted either by genome, or clusters of genomes.

The result fasta file for each genome is saved as a file in tsfm/input folder.

The missing functional class for each genome or cluster of genomes is visualized as a bar plot.

(\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*This last plot is not updated yet!\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*)

Percentage of 22 tRNA functional classes covered by each cluster



Fasta gene files will be splitted based on tRNA functional class by running script splitFuncClass.sh.