

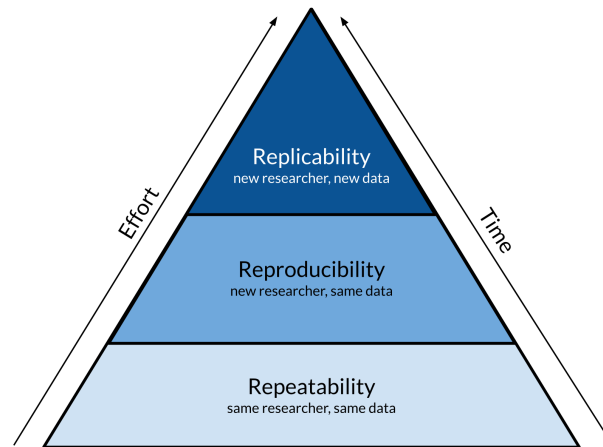
Reproducibility

Reproducibility

What's reproducibility?

A different analyst re-performs the analysis with the same code and the same data and obtains the same result.

Reproducibility vs Repeatability vs Replicability



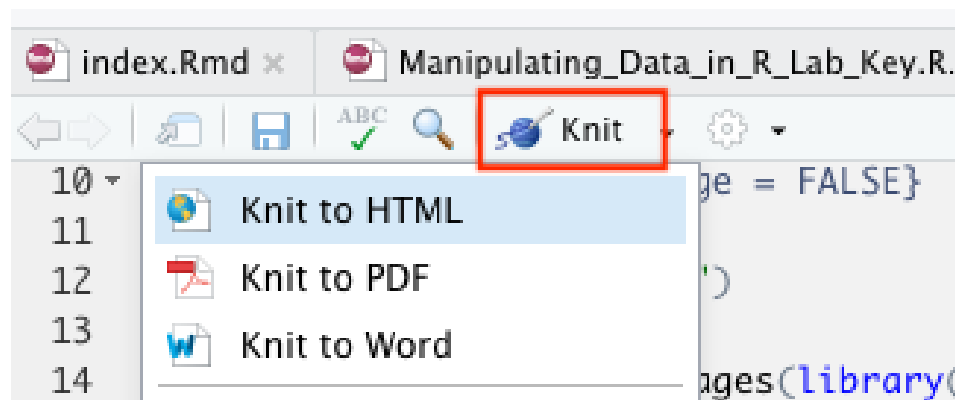
Based off of a figure from Essawy et al, 2020 <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envsoft.2020.104753>

Reproducibility

- Clean your environment regularly
- Use RMarkdown
- Check the knit of your RMarkdown regularly
- Tell your future self and others what you did!
- Print session info!

RMarkdown

Clicking the knit button, will knit your document to create different types of reports. The default is html.



Code Chunks

```

```{r, echo = FALSE}
x<-2
```

```{r, eval = FALSE}
x<-2
```

```{r, message = FALSE}
x<-2
```

```

After knitting:

- 1) **echo** - determines if your code should be shown or not
 - TRUE = code is **shown** (default)
 - FALSE = code is not shown (but might be run...depends on eval)
- 2) **eval** - determines if your code should be evaluated (run) or not
 - TRUE = code is **run** (default)
 - FALSE = code is not run (but might be shown...depends on echo)
- 3) **message** = FALSE - suppresses messages when you run your code

RMarkdown syntax

Before:

```

# Header - biggest font created by hashtag and space
## SubHeader Second Biggest created by 2 hashtags and space

bold text
italicized text

`code` referenced outside of a chunk needs backticks

```

After knit:

Header - biggest font created by hashtag and space

SubHeader Second Biggest created by 2 hashtags and space

bold text *italicized* text

`code` referenced outside of a chunk needs backticks

RMarkdown syntax

Go to File > Help > Cheatsheets > R Markdown Cheatsheet

Final Project

Specific guidelines and example on website

Turn in through CoursePlus:

- 1) RMarkdown file
- 2) html file

Session Info

Ruby's session info print out

R version 4.0.2 (2020-06-22)

R version 4.0.2 vs 4.0.5

Different operating systems!

rmarkdown 2.4 vs 2.10

Avi's session info print out

R version 4.0.5 (2021-03-31)

Running under: macOS Big Sur 10.16

other attached packages: [1] rmarkdown_2.10

If Avi and Ruby have discrepancies in their results, the session info print out gives a record which may have clues to why that might be!



Session info helps

```
sessionInfo()
```

R version 4.2.0 (2022-04-22)

Platform: x86_64-pc-linux-gnu (64-bit)

Running under: Ubuntu 20.04.4 LTS

Matrix products: default

BLAS: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/openblas-pthread/libblas.so.3

LAPACK: /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/openblas-pthread/liblapack.so.3

locale:

```
[1] LC_CTYPE=en_US.UTF-8      LC_NUMERIC=C
[3] LC_TIME=en_US.UTF-8      LC_COLLATE=en_US.UTF-8
[5] LC_MONETARY=en_US.UTF-8  LC_MESSAGES=en_US.UTF-8
[7] LC_PAPER=en_US.UTF-8     LC_NAME=C
[9] LC_ADDRESS=C             LC_TELEPHONE=C
[11] LC_MEASUREMENT=en_US.UTF-8 LC_IDENTIFICATION=C
```

attached base packages:

```
[1] stats      graphics  grDevices  utils      datasets  methods    base
```

other attached packages:

```
[1] emo_0.0.0.9000      patchwork_1.1.1      here_1.0.1
[4] plotly_4.10.0       directlabels_2021.1.13 scales_1.2.0
[7] knitr_1.39          esquisse_1.1.1       readxl_1.4.0
[10] naniar_0.6.1        broom_0.8.0          jhur_0.2.1
[13] lubridate_1.8.0     forcats_0.5.1        stringr_1.4.0
[16] dplyr_1.0.9         purrr_0.3.4          tidyr_1.2.0
[19] tibble_3.1.7        ggplot2_3.3.6        tidyverse_1.3.1
[22] readr_2.1.2
```

loaded via a namespace (and not attached):

```
[1] fs_1.5.2             bit64_4.0.5          httr_1.4.3
[4] rprojroot_2.0.3      phosphoricons_0.1.2  tools_4.2.0
[7] backports_1.4.1      bslib_0.3.1          utf8_1.2.2
[10] R6_2.5.1             lazyeval_0.2.2       DBI_1.1.2
[13] colorspace_2.0-3     withr_2.5.0          tidyselect_1.1.2
[16] bit_4.0.4            curl_4.3.2           compiler_4.2.0
[19] cli_3.3.0            rvest_1.0.2          xml2_1.3.3
[22] labeling_0.4.2       sass_0.4.1           quadprog_1.5-8
[25] digest_0.6.29        foreign_0.8-82       rmarkdown_2.14
[28] rio_0.5.29           pkgconfig_2.0.3      htmltools_0.5.2
[31] dbplyr_2.1.1         fastmap_1.1.0        highr_0.9
[34] htmlwidgets_1.5.4    rlang_1.0.2          rstudioapi_0.13
[37] shiny_1.7.1          jquerylib_0.1.4       farver_2.1.0
[40] generics_0.1.2       jsonlite_1.8.0        crosstalk_1.2.0
[43] vroom_1.5.7          zip_2.2.0            magrittr_2.0.3
[46] Rcpp_1.0.8.3         munsell_0.5.0        fansi_1.0.3
[49] lifecycle_1.0.1      visdat_0.5.3         stringi_1.7.6
[52] yaml_2.3.5           grid_4.2.0           parallel_4.2.0
[55] datamods_1.3.2       promises_1.2.0.1     crayon_1.5.1
[58] haven_2.5.0          hms_1.1.1            pillar_1.7.0
[61] clisymbols_1.2.0     reprex_2.0.1         glue_1.6.2
[64] evaluate_0.15        data.table_1.14.2    modelr_0.1.8
[67] vctr_0.4.1           tzdb_0.3.0           httpuv_1.6.5
[70] cellranger_1.1.0     gtable_0.3.0         assertthat_0.2.1
[73] xfun_0.31            openxlsx_4.2.5        mime_0.12
[76] xtable_1.8-4         later_1.3.0          viridisLite_0.4.0
[79] shinywidgets_0.7.0   ellipsis_0.3.2
```

DRY code

DRY

(https://web.archive.org/web/20131204221336/http://programmer.97things.oreilly.com/wiki/index.php/Don't_Repeat_Yourself) is an acronym: “Don’t repeat yourself” [@Smith2013].

“I hate code, and I want as little of it as possible in our product.” - Jack Diedrich

More resources

These are just some quick tips, for more information:

- The RMarkdown book (<https://bookdown.org/yihui/rmarkdown/>)
- Jenny Bryan’s organizational strategies (https://www.stat.ubc.ca/~jenny/STAT545A/block19_codeFormattingOrganization.html).
- Write efficient R code for science (<https://www.earthdatascience.org/courses/earth-analytics/automate-science-workflows/write-efficient-code-for-science-r/>).
- Reproducibility in Cancer Informatics course (https://jhudatascience.org/Reproducibility_in_Cancer_Informatics/introduction.html)