

Lesson 06 Demo 04

Setting up Ingress Controller with Transport Layer Security

Objective: To implement the transport layer security by deploying an Ingress rule to generate an SSL certificate

Tools required: kubectl, kubelet, kubelet, and containerd

Prerequisites: A Kubernetes cluster should already be set up (refer to the steps in Lesson 02, Demo 01 for guidance).

Steps to be followed:

1. Deploy Ingress
2. Deploy HTTPD and OpenShift
3. Generate a self-signed SSL certificate and a TLS certificate
4. Verify the Ingress rule

Step 1: Deploy Ingress

1.1 Deploy Ingress by using the following command:

kubectl apply -f <https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kubernetes/ingress-nginx/controller-v1.1.0/deploy/static/provider/cloud/deploy.yaml>

```
labsuser@master:~$ kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kubernetes/ingress-nginx/controller-v1.1.0/deploy/static/provider/cloud/deploy.yaml
namespace/ingress-nginx created
serviceaccount/ingress-nginx created
configmap/ingress-nginx-controller created
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx created
clusterrolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx created
role.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx created
rolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx created
service/ingress-nginx-controller-admission created
service/ingress-nginx-controller created
deployment.apps/ingress-nginx-controller created
ingressclass.networking.k8s.io/nginx created
validatingwebhookconfiguration.admissionregistration.k8s.io/ingress-nginx-admission created
serviceaccount/ingress-nginx-admission created
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx-admission created
clusterrolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx-admission created
role.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx-admission created
rolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ingress-nginx-admission created
job.batch/ingress-nginx-admission-create created
job.batch/ingress-nginx-admission-patch created
labsuser@master:~$
```

- 1.2 Verify all Ingress deployments, pods, and services by using the following command:
kubectl get all -n ingress-nginx

```
labsuser@master:~$ kubectl get all -n ingress-nginx
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
pod/ingress-nginx-admission-create-s17lc	0/1	Completed	0	62s
pod/ingress-nginx-admission-patch-9h6fj	0/1	Completed	1	62s
pod/ingress-nginx-controller-6fcf745c45-dfb2m	1/1	Running	0	63s

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
service/ingress-nginx-controller	LoadBalancer	10.98.39.108	<pending>	80:30380/TCP,443:32677/TCP	63s
service/ingress-nginx-controller-admission	ClusterIP	10.101.55.45	<none>	443/TCP	63s

NAME	READY	UP-TO-DATE	AVAILABLE	AGE
deployment.apps/ingress-nginx-controller	1/1	1	1	63s

NAME	DESIRED	CURRENT	READY	AGE
replicaset.apps/ingress-nginx-controller-6fcf745c45	1	1	1	63s

NAME	COMPLETIONS	DURATION	AGE
job.batch/ingress-nginx-admission-create	1/1	8s	62s
job.batch/ingress-nginx-admission-patch	1/1	9s	62s

```
labsuser@master:~$
```

- 1.3 List the created Ingress pods using the following command:
kubectl get pod -n ingress-nginx

```
labsuser@master:~$ kubectl get pod -n ingress-nginx
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
ingress-nginx-admission-create-s17lc	0/1	Completed	0	2m16s
ingress-nginx-admission-patch-9h6fj	0/1	Completed	1	2m16s
ingress-nginx-controller-6fcf745c45-dfb2m	1/1	Running	0	2m17s

```
labsuser@master:~$
```

Step 2: Deploy HTTPD and OpenShift

- 2.1 Deploy HTTPD and OpenShift deployments using the following command:
kubectl create deployment myapp2 --image=docker.io/openshift/hello-openshift
kubectl create deployment myapp1 --image=docker.io/httpd
kubectl expose deployment myapp1 --port=80
kubectl expose deployment myapp2 --port=8080
kubectl get svc

```
labsuser@master:~$ kubectl create deployment myapp2 --image=docker.io/openshift/hello-openshift
deployment.apps/myapp2 created
labsuser@master:~$ kubectl create deployment myapp1 --image=docker.io/httpd
deployment.apps/myapp1 created
labsuser@master:~$ kubectl expose deployment myapp1 --port=80
service/myapp1 exposed
labsuser@master:~$ kubectl expose deployment myapp2 --port=8080
service/myapp2 exposed
labsuser@master:~$ kubectl get svc
```

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.96.0.1	<none>	443/TCP	13m
myapp1	ClusterIP	10.107.220.9	<none>	80/TCP	43s
myapp2	ClusterIP	10.105.105.22	<none>	8080/TCP	26s

```
labsuser@master:~$
```

[illegible]

4.2 Write the following code within the **rule.yaml** file:

```
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
  annotations:
    nginx.ingress.kubernetes.io/rewrite-target: /$2
  name: rewrite
spec:
  tls:
  - hosts:
    - master.example.com
    secretName: tls-cert
  ingressClassName: nginx
  rules:
  - host: master.example.com
    http:
      paths:
      - path: /
        pathType: Prefix
        backend:

      service:
        name: myapp1
        port:
          number: 80
```

```
apiVersion: networking.k8s.io/v1
kind: Ingress
metadata:
  annotations:
    nginx.ingress.kubernetes.io/rewrite-target: /$2
  name: rewrite
spec:
  tls:
  - hosts:
    - master.example.com
    secretName: tls-cert
  ingressClassName: nginx
  rules:
  - host: master.example.com
    http:
      paths:
      - path: /
        pathType: Prefix
        backend:
          service:
            name: myapp1
            port:
              number: 80
```

4.3 Create and verify the Ingress rule using the following command:

kubectl create -f rule.yaml

kubectl get ingress

```
labsuser@master:~/ingress$ kubectl create -f rule.yaml
ingress.networking.k8s.io/rewrite created
labsuser@master:~/ingress$ kubectl get ingress
NAME      CLASS  HOSTS          ADDRESS          PORTS    AGE
rewrite   nginx  master.example.com  172.31.34.109  80, 443  25s
labsuser@master:~/ingress$
```

4.4 Execute the following command to get the IP address associated with ens5:

ip a | grep ens5

```
labsuser@master:~/ingress$ ip a | grep ens5
2: ens5: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 9001 qdisc mq state UP group default qlen 1000
    inet 172.31.34.109/20 metric 100 brd 172.31.47.255 scope global dynamic ens5
labsuser@master:~/ingress$
```

4.5 Execute the following command to print the IP hostnames and addresses for the localhost:

sudo vi /etc/hosts

```
labsuser@master:~/ingress$ sudo vi /etc/hosts
labsuser@master:~/ingress$
```

```
27.0.0.1 localhost

# The following lines are desirable for IPv6 capable hosts
::1 ip6-localhost ip6-loopback
fe00::0 ip6-localnet
ff00::0 ip6-mcastprefix
ff02::1 ip6-allnodes
ff02::2 ip6-allrouters
ff02::3 ip6-allhosts
```

4.6 List the running Ingress pods using the following commands:

kubectl get svc -n ingress-nginx

kubectl get pod -n ingress-nginx -o wide

kubectl get nodes -o wide

```
labsuser@master:~/ingress$ kubectl get svc -n ingress-nginx
NAME                                TYPE        CLUSTER-IP    EXTERNAL-IP    PORT(S)          AGE
ingress-nginx-controller            LoadBalancer  10.98.39.108   <pending>      80:30380/TCP,443:32677/TCP  33m
ingress-nginx-controller-admission  ClusterIP     10.101.55.45   <none>         443/TCP            33m
labsuser@master:~/ingress$ kubectl get pod -n ingress-nginx -o wide
NAME                                READY    STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE   IP            NODE                                NOMINATED NODE   READINESS GATES
ingress-nginx-admission-create-s17lc 0/1      Completed 0           33m   192.168.47.130 worker-node-1.example.com          <none>            <none>
ingress-nginx-admission-patch-9h6fj   0/1      Completed 1           33m   192.168.47.129 worker-node-1.example.com          <none>            <none>
ingress-nginx-controller-6fcf745c45-dfb2m 1/1      Running   0           33m   192.168.232.193 worker-node-2.example.com          <none>            <none>
labsuser@master:~/ingress$ kubectl get nodes -o wide
NAME                                STATUS    ROLES    AGE   VERSION    INTERNAL-IP    EXTERNAL-IP    OS-IMAGE             KERNEL-VERSION    CONTAINER-RUNTIME
master.example.com                   Ready     control-plane  40m   v1.28.2    172.31.34.109   <none>         Ubuntu 22.04.3 LTS   6.2.0-1012-aws   containerd://1.6.8
worker-node-1.example.com            Ready     <none>      35m   v1.28.2    172.31.24.250   <none>         Ubuntu 22.04.3 LTS   6.2.0-1012-aws   containerd://1.6.8
worker-node-2.example.com            Ready     <none>      35m   v1.28.2    172.31.18.47    <none>         Ubuntu 22.04.3 LTS   6.2.0-1012-aws   containerd://1.6.8
```

This shows the **Node IP** and **NodePort** of the Ingress service.

4.7 Verify the generated certificate using the following commands:

```
kubectl get svc -n ingress-nginx
```

```
curl -kv https://master.example.com:31909/test
```

```
labsuser@master:~/ingress1$ kubectl get svc -n ingress-nginx
NAME                                TYPE                CLUSTER-IP    EXTERNAL-IP    PORT(S)                                AGE
ingress-nginx-controller            LoadBalancer        10.104.114.248 <pending>      80:31909/TCP,443:31999/TCP            5d19h
ingress-nginx-controller-admission ClusterIP            10.100.65.46   <none>         443/TCP                                5d19h
labsuser@master:~/ingress1$ curl -kv https://master.example.com:31909/test
* Trying 172.31.55.157:31909...
* TCP_NODELAY set
* Connected to master.example.com (172.31.55.157) port 31909 (#0)
* ALPN, offering h2
* ALPN, offering http/1.1
* successfully set certificate verify locations:
*  CAfile: /etc/ssl/certs/ca-certificates.crt
*  CApath: /etc/ssl/certs
* TLSv1.3 (OUT), TLS handshake, Client hello (1):
```

By following these steps, you can successfully implement transport layer security by generating an SSL certificate using Ingress.