

Lesson 04 Demo 01 Understanding the Pod Lifecycle

Objective: To create and describe a Kubernetes pod to comprehend its lifecycle

Tools required: kubeadm, kubectl, kubelet, and containerd

Prerequisites: A Kubernetes cluster should already be set up (refer to the steps provided in

Lesson 02, Demo 01 for guidance).

Steps to be followed:

1. Create and describe a Kubernetes pod

Step 1: Create and describe a Kubernetes pod

1.1 Create a namespace named **test** by executing the following command: **kubectl create namespace test**

```
labsuser@master:~$ kubectl create namespace test
namespace/test created
labsuser@master:~$
```



1.2 Execute the following command to create a YAML file, which specifies the pod lifecycle configurations:

nano pod-lifecycle.yaml

```
labsuser@master:~$ kubectl create namespace test
namespace/test created
labsuser@master:~$ nano pod-lifecycle.yaml
```

1.3 Add the following code to the **pod-lifecycle.yaml** file:

apiVersion: v1 kind: Pod metadata:

name: webserver namespace: test

labels:

app: nginx tier: front version: v1 env: production

spec:

containers:
- name: nginx
image: nginx

ports:

- containerPort: 80



```
rts:
containerPort: 80
                                                                                                                                  ^C Location
^/ Go To Line
                 ^O Write Out
^R Read File
                                                                          ^K Cut
^U Paste
                                                                                                                                                              M-U Undo
M-E Redo
```

1.4 Execute the following command to create a pod based on the configuration defined in the **pod-lifecycle.yaml** file:

kubectl create -f pod-lifecycle.yaml

```
labsuser@master:~$ kubectl create namespace test
namespace/test created
labsuser@master:~$ nano pod-lifecycle.yaml
labsuser@master:~$ kubectl create -f pod-lifecycle.yaml
pod/webserver created
labsuser@master:~$
```

1.5 Execute the following command to check the status of pods in the **test:** kubectl get pods -n test

```
labsuser@master:~$ kubectl create namespace test
namespace/test created
labsuser@master:~ nano pod-lifecycle.yaml
labsuser@master:~$ kubectl create -f pod-lifecycle.yaml
pod/webserver created
labsuser@master:~$ kubectl get pods -n test
NAME
            READY
                   STATUS
                              RESTARTS
                                        AGE
webserver
            1/1
                    Running
                                         114s
labsuser@master:~$ ||
```



1.6 Execute the following command to describe the specifics of the web server: **kubectl describe pod webserver -n test**

```
labsuser@master:~$ kubectl describe pod webserver -n test
Name:
               webserver
Namespace: test
Priority:
Service Account: default
                worker-node-2.example.com/172.31.25.241
Start Time:
                Tue, 17 Oct 2023 18:47:58 +0000
Labels:
               app=nginx
                env=production
                tier=front
                version=v1
Annotations:
                cni.projectcalico.org/containerID: 6ae75bc3087e1d95cbf1bd7794d49fbb047b50d8f43eec5daae4de2a914b5f63
                 cni.projectcalico.org/podIP: 192.168.232.227/32
                 cni.projectcalico.org/podIPs: 192.168.232.227/32
Status:
                 Running
```

ConfigMapOptional: DownwardAPI: QoS Class: Node-Selectors: Tolerations:			<pre><nil> true BestEffort <none> node.kubernetes.io/not-ready:NoExecute op=Exists for 300s node.kubernetes.io/unreachable:NoExecute op=Exists for 300s</none></nil></pre>	
Events:				
Type	Reason	Age	From	Message
Normal	Scheduled	4m27s	default-scheduler	Successfully assigned test/webserver to worker-node-2.example.com
Normal	Pulling	4m26s	kubelet	Pulling image "nginx"
Normal	Pulled	4m26s	kubelet	Successfully pulled image "nginx" in 621ms (621ms including waiting)
Normal	Created	4m26s	kubelet	Created container nginx
Normal	Started _	4m26s	kubelet	Started container nginx
labsuser@master:~\$ [

This will provide detailed information about the current state, events, and configuration of the specified pod in the **test** namespace.

By following these steps, you have successfully created a Kubernetes pod to understand its lifecycle.