Assume a two layer feedforward MLP with a single output where all the elements use sigmoid activation (including the output unit). Assume a training dataset  $\{x(i), y(i)\}$  mi = 1 where  $x(i) \in \{0, 1\}$ . Derive the backpropagation update equations for the weights of

the output by minimizing the following error function:  $\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{m} (y^{(i)} - \hat{y}^{(i)})^2$  Compare the result you obtain to that obtained in class using maximum likelihood estimation.

My update equations for the weights of the output by minimizing the following error function:

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{m} (y^{(i)} - \hat{y}^{(i)})^2$$

The neural network model has unknown parameters, often called weights, and we seek values for them. We denote the complete set of weights by  $\Theta$  which consists of

$$\{\alpha_{0m}, \alpha_m; m = 1, 2, ...M\}$$
 M(P+1) weights

$$\{\beta_{0k}, \beta_k; k = 1, 2, ..., k\}$$
 K(M+1) weights

Depends

$$R(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} R_i = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{k=1}^{K} (y_{ik} - f_k(x_i))^2$$

$$\frac{\partial R_i}{\partial \beta_{lm}} = -2(y_{ik} - f_k(x_i))g_k'(\beta_k^T z_i)z_{mi}$$

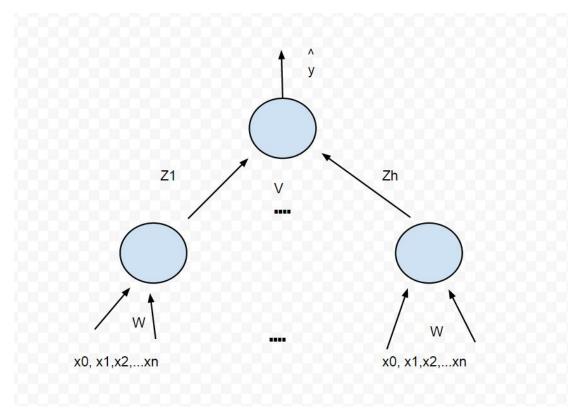
$$\frac{\partial R_i}{\partial \alpha_{ml}} = -\sum_{k=1}^{k} 2(y_{ik} - f_k(x_i))g_k'(\beta_k^T z_i)\beta_{km}\sigma'(\alpha_m^T x_i)x_{il}$$

Gradient Decent:

$$\beta_{km}^{(r+1)} = \beta_{km}^{(r)} - \sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{\partial R_i}{\partial \beta_{km}^{(r)}}$$

$$\alpha_{ml}^{(r+1)} = \alpha_{ml}^{(r)} - \sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{\partial R_i}{\partial \alpha_{ml}^{(r)}}$$

The Maximum likelihood estimation



Objective:

$$E(\{w_i\}, V) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{m} (\hat{y}^{(i)} - y^{(i)})^2$$

Update parameters:

$$\begin{aligned} v_{i+1} &\leftarrow v_i - \eta \frac{\partial E}{\partial V} \\ w_{j+1} &\leftarrow w_j - \eta \frac{\partial E}{\partial w_j} \end{aligned}$$

Using chain rule:

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial E}{\partial V} &= \frac{\partial E}{\partial \hat{y}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial V} \\ \frac{\partial E}{\partial w_j} &= \frac{\partial E}{\partial \hat{y}} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial z_j} \frac{\partial z_j}{\partial w_j} \end{split}$$

We get

$$v \leftarrow v - \eta \sum_{i=1}^{m} (\hat{y}^{(i)} - y^{(i)}) z^{(i)}$$

$$w_j \leftarrow w_j - \eta \sum_{i=1}^{m} (\hat{y}^{(i)} - y^{(i)}) v_j z_j^{(i)} (1 - z_j^{(i)}) x^{(i)}$$