# Coba coba citra digital fahruraji

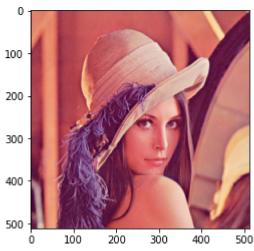
```
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

### ▼ Menampilkan Citra Original

```
img = cv2.imread('./lenna.png')
img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
print(img.shape)

plt.imshow(img)

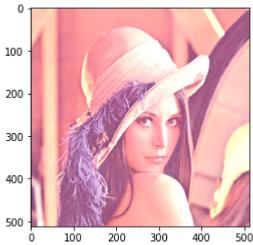
    (512, 512, 3)
    <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f2d9c528c90>
```



#### → BerCoba kecerahan

```
img = cv2.imread('lenna.png')
img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
new_img_holder = np.zeros(img.shape, img.dtype)
print(img.shape)

bright = 70  ##kalo plus berarti naik, minus berarti kurang
for x in range(img.shape[0]):
    for y in range(img.shape[1]):
```



#### → BerCoba kontras

```
img = cv2.imread('lenna.png')
img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)

new_img_holder = np.zeros(img.shape, img.dtype)
print(img.shape)

kontras = 2 ##kalo plus berarti naik, minus berarti kurang

for x in range(img.shape[0]):
    for y in range(img.shape[1]):
        for rgb in range(img.shape[2]):
            new_img_holder[x,y,rgb] = 255 if (img[x,y,rgb] * kontras) > 255 else (img[x,y,rgb])

plt.imshow(img)
plt.imshow(new_img_holder)
```

```
(512, 512, 3) <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f2d9b3fed90>
```

# 

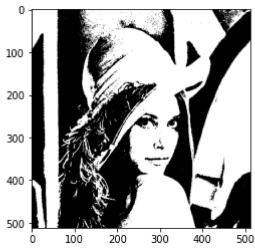
200

```
img = cv2.imread('lenna.png')
img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)

new_img_holder = np.zeros(img.shape, img.dtype)
print(img.shape)

for x in range(img.shape[0]):
    for y in range(img.shape[1]):
        sumrgb = 0
        for rgb in range(img.shape[2]):
            sumrgb = sumrgb + img[x,y,rgb]
        new_img_holder[x,y] = [255 if (sumrgb/3) > 127 else 0]*3

plt.imshow(img)
plt.imshow(new_img_holder)
    (512, 512, 3)
    <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f2d9b896950>
```



#### ▼ Coba grayscale

```
img = cv2.imread('lenna.png')
```

```
img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
new_img_holder = np.zeros(img.shape, img.dtype)
print(img.shape)
for x in range(img.shape[0]):
    for y in range(img.shape[1]):
        sumrgb = 0
        for rgb in range(img.shape[2]):
            sumrgb = sumrgb + img[x,y,rgb]
        new_img_holder[x,y] = [(sumrgb/3)]*3
plt.imshow(img)
plt.imshow(new_img_holder)
     (512, 512, 3)
     <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f2d9b654690>
      100
      200
      300
      400
      500
```

# → Gambar 1 + gambar 2

100

200

300

400

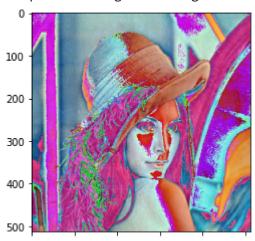
ga nemu gambar lain pak, mau pakai gambar pak jhonny g plate takut ilang

```
img = cv2.imread('lenna.png')
img2 = cv2.imread('lenna.png')
img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
img2 = cv2.cvtColor(img2, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)

new_img_holder = img+img2
new_img_holder[new_img_holder > 255] = 255

plt.imshow(img)
plt.imshow(new_img_holder)
```

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f2d9bb71490>



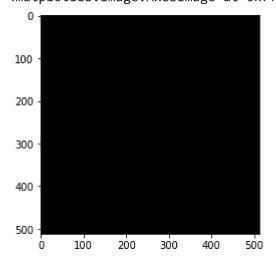
#### → Gambar 1 - Gambar 2

```
img = cv2.imread('lenna.png')
img2 = cv2.imread('lenna.png')
img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
img2 = cv2.cvtColor(img2, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)

new_img_holder = img-img2
new_img_holder[new_img_holder > 255] = 255

plt.imshow(img)
plt.imshow(new_img_holder)
```

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f2d9b603e50>



#### → Coba rotasi 90 degree

```
img = cv2.imread('lenna.png')
img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_RGB2GRAY) #maaf pak terpaksa pake fungsi dari opencvnya pak
```

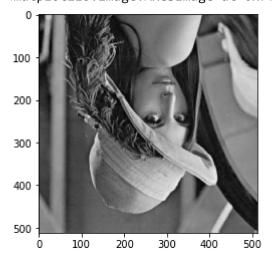
```
new_img_holder = img.T

plt.imshow(img)
plt.imshow(new_img_holder, cmap="gray")

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f2d9b696d90>

100
200
300
```

#### ▼ Coba Rotasi Flip



Colab paid products - Cancel contracts here

×

✓ 4s completed at 11:43 PM