其中区域D由直线x+y=1与两坐标轴所围三角形区域.

解析: 设坐标变换
$$\begin{cases} x=u \\ x+y=v \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x=u \\ y=v-u \end{cases}$$
, 则

$$\left|\frac{\partial(x,y)}{\partial(u,v)}\right| = \left|\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}\right| = 1. \boxtimes \not \boxtimes D: \begin{cases} 0 \leqslant x + y \leqslant 1 \\ x \geqslant 0 \\ y \geqslant 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxtimes \not \boxtimes D_{uv}:$$

$$egin{cases} 0 \leqslant v \leqslant 1 \ u \geqslant 0 &\Leftrightarrow D_{uv} = \{(u,v) | 0 \leqslant u \leqslant 1, u \leqslant v \leqslant 1 \}. \ v-u \geqslant 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\int_{D} \frac{(x+y)\ln\left(1+rac{y}{x}
ight)}{\sqrt{1-x-y}} \mathrm{d}x\,\mathrm{d}y$$
 $= \int_{D_{uv}} \frac{v\lnrac{v}{u}}{\sqrt{1-v}}\,\mathrm{d}u\,\mathrm{d}v$

$$= \iint_{D_{uv}} \frac{v \ln v}{\sqrt{1-v}} \, \mathrm{d}u \, \mathrm{d}v \, - \iint_{D_{uv}} \frac{v \ln u}{\sqrt{1-v}} \, \mathrm{d}u \, \mathrm{d}v$$

$$= \int_0^1 \frac{v \ln v}{\sqrt{1-v}} \, \mathrm{d}v \int_0^v \mathrm{d}u \, - \int_0^1 \frac{v}{\sqrt{1-v}} \, \mathrm{d}v \int_0^v \ln u \, \mathrm{d}u$$

$$= \int_0^1 \frac{v^2 \ln v}{\sqrt{1-v}} dv - \int_0^1 \frac{v^2 (\ln v - 1)}{\sqrt{1-v}} dv$$

$$= \int_0^1 \frac{v^2}{\sqrt{1-v}} \, \mathrm{d}v$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1-v}=t}{v=1-t^2} \int_{1}^{0} \frac{t^4-2t^2+1}{t} (-2t) dt$$

$$=2\int_{0}^{1}(t^{4}-2t^{2}+1)dt$$

$$=2\left(\frac{1}{5}-\frac{2}{3}+1\right)=\frac{16}{15}$$