

(2013 年预赛第六题) 设 $I_a(r) = \int_C \frac{y dx - x dy}{(x^2 + y^2)^a}$, 其中 a 为常数, 曲线 C 为椭圆 $x^2 + xy + y^2 = r^2$, 取正向. 求极限 $\lim_{r \rightarrow +\infty} I_a(r)$.

解析: 将椭圆 C 的方程极坐标化, 得 $\rho^2 + \rho^2 \cos \theta \sin \theta = r^2$, 即

$$\rho^2 = \frac{r^2}{1 + \cos \theta \sin \theta} \quad (\text{注意: } 1 + \cos \theta \sin \theta = 1 + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\theta \geq \frac{1}{2} > 0).$$

因此,

$$\begin{aligned} & y dx - x dy \\ &= \rho(\theta) \sin \theta d(\rho(\theta) \cos \theta) - \rho(\theta) \cos \theta d(\rho(\theta) \sin \theta) \\ &= \rho(\theta) \sin \theta (\rho'(\theta) \cos \theta d\theta - \rho(\theta) \sin \theta d\theta) - \rho(\theta) \cos \theta (\rho'(\theta) \sin \theta d\theta + \rho(\theta) \cos \theta d\theta) \\ &= -\rho^2(\theta) d\theta \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_a(r) &= \int_C \frac{y dx - x dy}{(x^2 + y^2)^a} = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{-\rho^2(\theta)}{\rho^{2a}(\theta)} d\theta \\ &= - \int_0^{2\pi} \rho^{2(1-a)} d\theta = - \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{r^{2(1-a)}}{(1 + \cos \theta \sin \theta)^{1-a}} d\theta \\ &= r^{2(1-a)} J_a \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{其中, } J_a = - \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{(1 + \cos \theta \sin \theta)^{1-a}}.$$

因此,

- (1) 当 $a < 1$ 时, $\lim_{r \rightarrow +\infty} I_a(r) = J_a \cdot \lim_{r \rightarrow +\infty} r^{2(1-a)} = +\infty$;
- (2) 当 $a = 1$ 时, $\lim_{r \rightarrow +\infty} I_1(r) = J_1 \cdot \lim_{r \rightarrow +\infty} r^0 = J_1 = - \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta = -2\pi$;
- (3) 当 $a > 1$ 时, $\lim_{r \rightarrow +\infty} I_a(r) = J_a \cdot \lim_{r \rightarrow +\infty} r^{2(1-a)} = 0$.