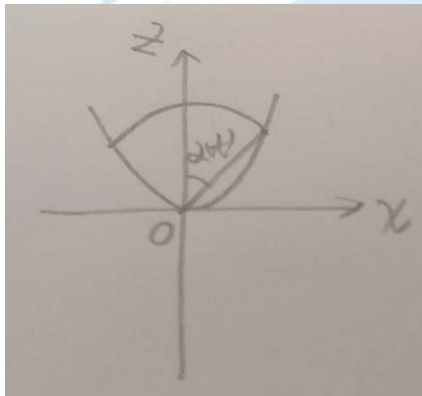


(2012 年预赛第六题) 设 $f(x)$ 为连续函数, $t > 0$. 区域 Ω 是由抛物面 $z = x^2 + y^2$ 和球面 $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = t^2$ ($t > 0$) 所围起来的部分. 定义三重积分 $F(t) = \iiint_{\Omega} f(x^2 + y^2 + z^2) d\Omega$, 求 $F(t)$ 的导数 $F'(t)$.

解析: 设 C 是抛物面与球面的交线 $\begin{cases} z = x^2 + y^2 \\ x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = t^2 \end{cases}$, 则

$$z^2 + z - t^2 = 0, \text{ 解得 } z = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 + 4t^2}}{2}, \text{ 其中 } z = \frac{-1 - \sqrt{1 + 4t^2}}{2}$$

(不合题意, 舍去). Ω 的截面如下图所示, 其中



$$\alpha(t) = \arccos \frac{z}{t} = \arccos \frac{\sqrt{1 + 4t^2} - 1}{2t},$$

$$\text{由 } z = x^2 + y^2 \text{ 得, } \rho \cos \varphi = \rho^2 \sin^2 \varphi, \quad \rho = \frac{\cos \varphi}{\sin^2 \varphi}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} F(t) &= \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta \int_0^{\alpha(t)} \sin \varphi d\varphi \int_0^t \rho^2 f(\rho^2) d\rho + \int_0^{2\pi} d\theta \int_{\alpha(t)}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin \varphi d\varphi \int_0^{\frac{\cos \varphi}{\sin^2 \varphi}} \rho^2 f(\rho^2) d\rho \\ &= 2\pi \left[\left(\int_0^{\alpha(t)} \sin \varphi d\varphi \right) \left(\int_0^t \rho^2 f(\rho^2) d\rho \right) + \int_{\alpha(t)}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin \varphi \left(\int_0^{\frac{\cos \varphi}{\sin^2 \varphi}} \rho^2 f(\rho^2) d\rho \right) d\varphi \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\left(\int_0^{\alpha(t)} \sin \varphi d\varphi \right) \left(\int_0^t \rho^2 f(\rho^2) d\rho \right) \right]$$

$$= \sin \alpha(t) \cdot \alpha'(t) \left(\int_0^t \rho^2 f(\rho^2) d\rho \right) + \left(\int_0^{\alpha(t)} \sin \varphi d\varphi \right) t^2 f(t^2)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left[\int_{\alpha(t)}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin \varphi \left(\int_0^{\frac{\cos \varphi}{\sin^2 \varphi}} \rho^2 f(\rho^2) d\rho \right) d\varphi \right] = -\sin \alpha(t) \left(\int_0^{\frac{\cos \alpha(t)}{\sin^2 \alpha(t)}} \rho^2 f(\rho^2) d\rho \right) \cdot \alpha'(t)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\cos \alpha(t)}{\sin^2 \alpha(t)} &= \frac{\frac{\sqrt{1+4t^2}-1}{2t}}{1 - \left(\frac{\sqrt{1+4t^2}-1}{2t} \right)^2} = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{1+4t^2}-1}{2t}}{1 - \frac{1+4t^2+1-2\sqrt{1+4t^2}}{4t^2}} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{1+4t^2}-1}{2t} \cdot \frac{4t^2}{2(\sqrt{1+4t^2}-1)} = t \end{aligned}$$

所以

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dF}{dt} &= 2\pi \left[\sin \alpha(t) \cdot \alpha'(t) \left(\int_0^t \rho^2 f(\rho^2) d\rho \right) + \left(\int_0^{\alpha(t)} \sin \varphi d\varphi \right) t^2 f(t^2) \right. \\ &\quad \left. - \sin \alpha(t) \cdot \alpha'(t) \left(\int_0^t \rho^2 f(\rho^2) d\rho \right) \right] \\ &= 2\pi \left(\int_0^{\alpha(t)} \sin \varphi d\varphi \right) t^2 f(t^2) \\ &= 2\pi (1 - \cos \alpha(t)) t^2 f(t^2) \\ &= 2\pi \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{1+4t^2}-1}{2t} \right) t^2 f(t^2) \\ &= \pi (2t + 1 - \sqrt{1+4t^2}) t f(t^2) \end{aligned}$$