

GREAT LAKES UNIVERSITY OF KISUMU P.O. Box 2224 KISUMU 40100 FACULTY OF HEALTH SCIENCES SCHOOL OF NURSING AND MIDWIFERY

JAN - APRIL 2024 Academic Semester END OF SEMESTER FINAL EXAMINATION

CODE: HNS 122 NAME: FAMILY & GENDER HEALTH

TIME: 3 HOURS

Instructions to candidates

- 1. Read the Instructions carefully and answer only what is asked for.
- 2. Enter your examination number and course code in the space provided in the answer sheet.
- 3. All questions are compulsory unless specified.
- 4. Part one MCQ, Each MCQ is 1 mark.
- 5. For Part Two, Short answer questions, answer each question following each other
- 6. For Part Three, Long Answer questions, answer each subsections following each other.
- 7. Omission of or wrong numbering of questions or part of the question will result in 5% marks deduction from the relevant part.

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS

- Q1. The best description of gender equity is;
 - a) Fair treatment of both men and women
 - b) Equal allocation of resources to men and women
 - c) Inequality that is not desirable
 - d) Flexibility by either of the gender roles
- Q2. Which of the following correctly denotes the importance of gender analysis:
 - a) Ensures short term sustainability
 - b) Ensures women participate and benefit from development
 - c) Provides an entry point into society for mainstreaming.
 - d) Focuses on transforming attitudes and practices to bring change
- Q3. The guiding principles for addressing gender violence include;
 - a) Transparency, accountability and prevention
 - b) Accountability, prevention and protection
 - c) Prevention, truthfulness and rehabilitation
 - d) Protection, accountability and transparency
- Q4. State whether the statements below are true or false
 - a) Health policies that do not distinguish between the needs of male and female population groups are called gender blind (True).
 - b) Gender in health refers only to reproductive health and conditions related to hormonal changes, genetic or hereditary conditions (False).
- Q5. The statements below describes what a theory is. Which one does not?
 - a) Criticizes the development of knowledge
 - b) Explains and predicts outcomes

- c) Supports decision making
- d) Supports modeling of processes of nursing
- Q6. Neuman's system theory focuses on;
 - a) The importance of cultural factors in nursing care.
 - b) The internal and external stressors that affect health.
 - c) The relationship between the nurse and the patient.
 - d) The environment in promoting health.
- Q7. The advantages of family health include;
 - a) Transportation of equipment and lower cost
 - b) Delay in patient recovery and privacy.
 - c) Spares bed occupancy and privacy.
 - d) Emotional support and equipment movement.
- Q8. Which of the following terms refers to individual's beliefs and actions that are rooted in anti-female prejudice and stereotypic beliefs?
 - a) Gender segregation
 - b) Individual sexism
 - c) Gender socialization
 - d) Individual sexism
- Q9. Which pair of words represent the difference between biology/society?
 - a) Bisexual/heterosexual
 - b) Masculinity/Femininity
 - c) Culture /social structure
 - d) Sex/Gender
- Q10. The best example of an empowered organization is;
 - a) An organization that feeds the homeless
 - b) An organization that rebuilds homes after a calamity
 - c) An organization that gives women micro- loans to start business
 - d) An organization that has policies addressing the needs of the youth.
- Q11. Majority of women are over-represented in ------ because it gives them flexible time that enables them to attend to other family responsibilities.
 - a) Private sector
 - b) Public sector
 - c) Semi-skilled work
 - d) Contingent work
- Q12. The current status shows men have outnumbered women in;
 - a) Education
 - b) Doctoral
 - c) Psychology
 - d) Hotel business
- Q13. Boys are believed to be good in mechanics while girls are good in embroidery. This is a representation of?
 - a) Gender equity
 - b) Gender inequality
 - c) Gender stereotyping
 - d) All the above
 - e) a and b
 - f) b and c

- Q14. Gender roles are;
 - a) Learned behavior
 - b) Biological construction
 - c) Inmate behavior
 - d) Genetically determined
- Q15. The art, science, philosophy and way of interacting with families about health is;
 - a) Family health
 - b) Family health care
 - c) Family centered care
 - d) Family assessment.
- Q 16. Which of the following statements is true about family nursing practice?
 - a) Family care is concerned with the experience of the family overtime
 - b) Family nursing is directed to its members who are both healthy and ill
 - c) The family nurse is responsible with the family itself for defining who is the family
 - d) If family nursing practice is successful, the family members will simultaneously achieve the highest quality of health.
 - e) All the above.
- Q17. The history given to the nurse by the client represents;
 - a) Assessment
 - b) Intervention
 - c) Implementation
 - d) Planning
 - Q18. Lesbian, gay, bisexual, or transgender (LGBT) identified people face which of the following because of systemic and policy-related stigma and barriers
 - a) They more likely to delay accessing health care across the system.
 - b) LGBT adolescents are engaged in substance and prostitution due the homelessness.
 - c) They are less likely to receive preventive services like screening for cancers.
 - **d)** None of the above
 - e) All of the above
- Q19. The effects of chronic illness and death in a family is associated with;
 - a) Role changes and despair
 - b) Financial crisis and role changes
 - c) Regret and fear
 - d) Family abandonment and divorce
- Q20. History indicates that more women are victims to gender based violence compared to men. This is attributed to;
 - a) Assumption of low status of women in society
 - b) Low economic power
 - c) Gender stereotyping and cultural beliefs.
 - d) Assumption of women being seen as weak naturally.

PART II: SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

- Q1. State any five strategies that can be applied to achieve gender main-streaming (5 marks).
- Q2. State four (4) difference between gender and sex (4 marks).
- Q3. Being male or female can influence the health status of an individual. Discuss any five gender issues that are related to health (10 marks).

- Q4. Gender based violence has been reported in several parts of the country.
 - a) Define gender based violence (1 mark)
 - b) Discuss the five categories of gender –based violence (10 marks).
- Q5. Discuss five types of families within the community (5 marks)
- Q6. A family health nurse is scheduled to visit a family in an urban city.
 - a) Define family health nursing (1 mark)
 - b) State four (4) data collection guidelines that the family health nurse will utilize to get information (4 marks).

PART III: LONG ANSWER QUESTION (40 marks)

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS

- Q1. A 7 year old girl is brought to the Accident and Emergency Centre with history of defilement by a 30 year old man. Describe the immediate and subsequent management of the survivor (20 marks).
- Q2. A family consists of a group of people who are related. Discuss the ten (10) benefits of family (20 marks)