

CS5500 – Digital Image Processing

Cal Poly Pomona

Homework 2

Fall 2023

Description:

Histogram Equalization

Spatial Filters

Bit Planes

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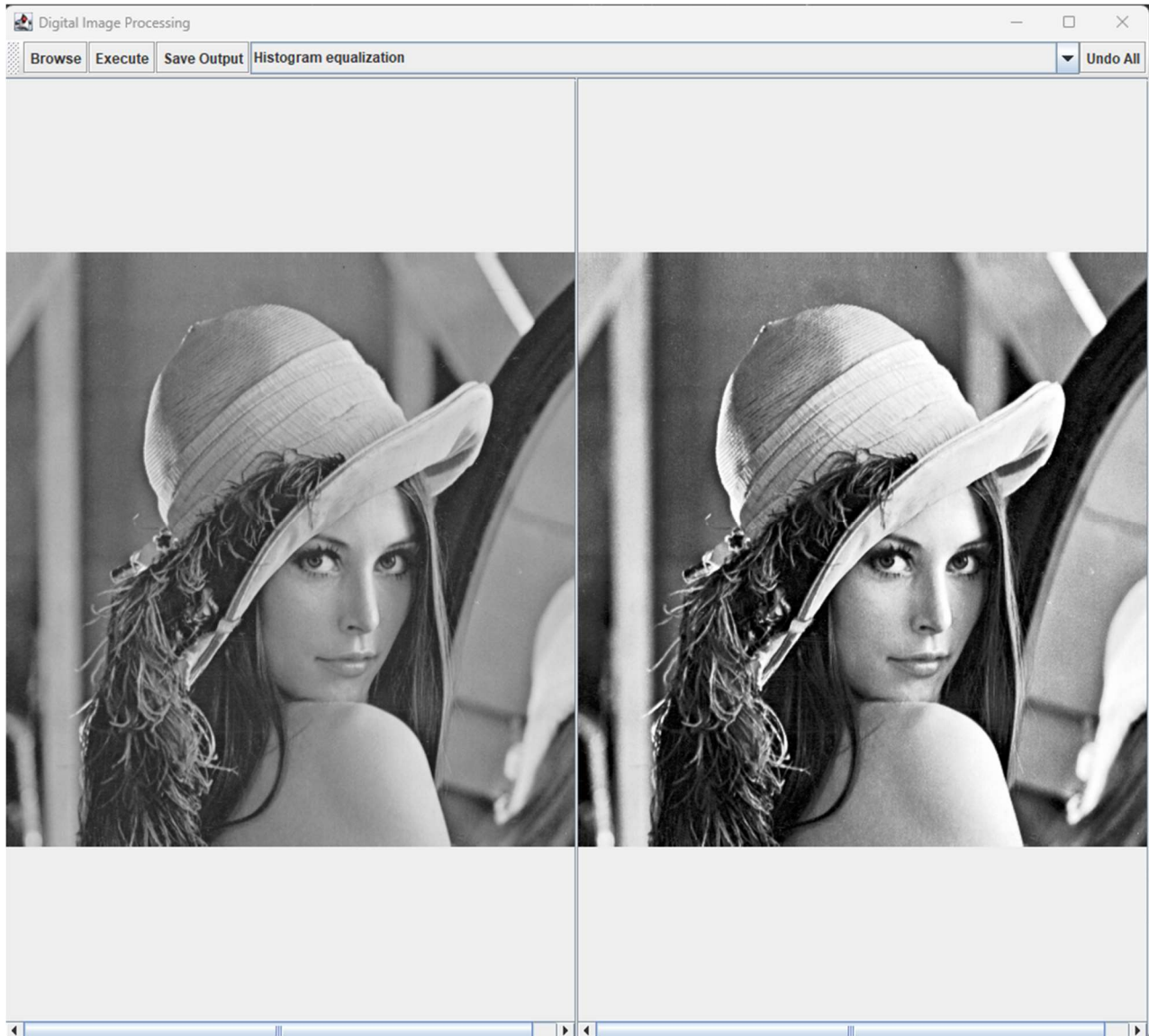
BroncoID: 015765555

Github & Source code:

<https://github.com/fidelisprasetyo/DigitalImageProcessing>

Program Description

Preview of GUI of the program:









Description:







- Left image: the original image.
- Right image: the processed image.
- Browse button: to open the desired image file.
- Execute button: apply the chosen action.
- Save output: save the processed image (right image) to a file.
- Undo all: revert all changes to the original image.


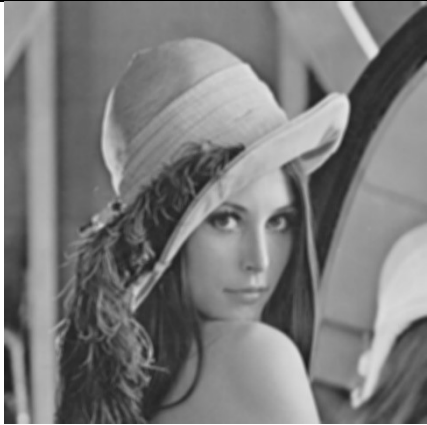



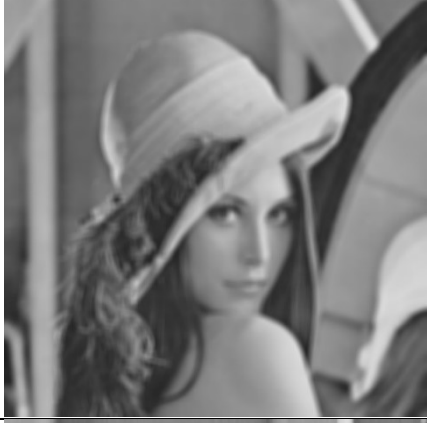

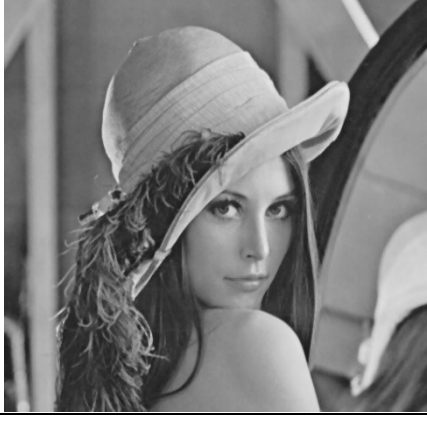
New Implemented Features:




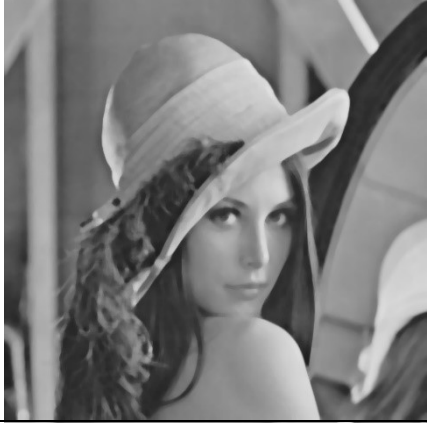

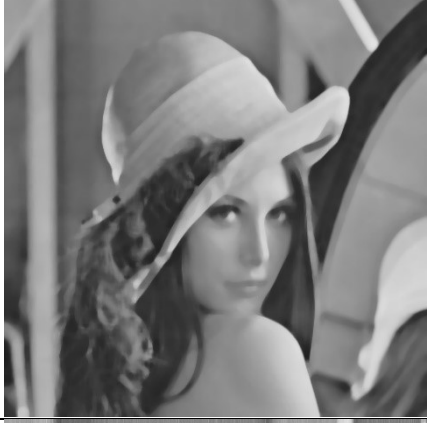


- Histogram Equalization: equalize the left (input) image. The user can choose between global equalization or local equalization with the desired mask size.
- Spatial Filters: apply the chosen spatial filtering to the input image and the user can put their desired mask resolution:
 - Smoothing filter
 - Median filter
 - Sharpening Laplacian filter
 - High-boosting filter
- Remove bit-planes: The user can choose the desired bit plane to be removed from the image.









Program Demonstration









Operation	Parameter	Original	Result
Global histogram equalization	n/a		
Local histogram equalization	Mask = 3x3		
	Mask = 5x5		

	Mask = 7x7		
	Mask = 9x9		
Smoothing Filter	Mask = 3x3		

	Mask = 5x5		
	Mask = 7x7		
	Mask = 9x9		
Median Filter	Mask = 3x3		

	Mask = 5x5		
	Mask = 7x7		
	Mask = 9x9		
Sharpening Laplacian Filter	Mask = 3x3		

	Mask = 5x5		
	Mask = 7x7		
	Mask = 9x9		
High-boosting Filter	Mask = 3x3 A = 2		

	Mask = 3x3 A = 9		
	Mask = 7x7 A = 2		
	Mask = 7x7 A = 9		
Remove bit-plane	Bit plane = 0		



Homework Answers

1. Source code for histogram equalization:

a. Global Histogram Equalization

```
public static int[] getHistogram(BufferedImage inputImage) {
    int height = inputImage.getHeight();
    int width = inputImage.getWidth();
    int[] histogram = new int[256];
    for (int y = 0; y < height; y++) {
        for (int x = 0; x < width; x++) {
            int grayValue = ImageUtil.getGrayValue(inputImage, x, y);
            histogram[grayValue]++;
        }
    }
    return histogram;
}

public static BufferedImage globalEqualization(BufferedImage inputImage) {
    int height = inputImage.getHeight();
    int width = inputImage.getWidth();
    int[] originalHist = getHistogram(inputImage);

    double[] equalizedCdf = new double[256];
    int[] cdf = new int[256];
    double mn = width*height;

    cdf[0] = originalHist[0];
    for(int i = 1; i < 256; i++) {
        cdf[i] = cdf[i-1] + originalHist[i];
    }

    for(int i = 0; i<256; i++) {
        equalizedCdf[i] = (double) 255 * cdf[i] / mn;
    }

    BufferedImage equalizedImage = new BufferedImage(width, height,
BufferedImage.TYPE_INT_RGB);
    for(int y = 0; y < height; y++) {
```

```

        for(int x = 0; x < width; x++) {
            int pixel = ImageUtil.getGrayValue(inputImage,x,y);
            int newPixel = (int) equalizedCdf[pixel];
            int rgb = ImageUtil.convertGrayToRGB(newPixel);
            equalizedImage.setRGB(x,y,rgb);
        }
    }
    return equalizedImage;
}

```

b. Local Histogram Equalization

```

public static BufferedImage localEqualization(BufferedImage inputImage, int
maskSize) {
    int height = inputImage.getHeight();
    int width = inputImage.getWidth();
    BufferedImage equalizedImage = new BufferedImage(width, height,
BufferedImage.TYPE_INT_RGB);
    BufferedImage paddedImage = ImageUtil.extrapolateImage(inputImage,
maskSize);

    int padding = maskSize/2;
    for(int y = padding ; y < height + padding ; y++) {
        for(int x = padding ; x < width + padding ; x++) {
            int rgb = getEqualizedPixel(x,y, paddedImage, maskSize);
            equalizedImage.setRGB(x - padding, y - padding, rgb);
        }
    }
    return equalizedImage;
}

private static int getEqualizedPixel(int X, int Y, BufferedImage paddedImage,
int maskSize) {
    int[] cdf = new int[256];
    int[] histogram = new int[256];
    double[] equalizedCdf = new double[256];

    for(int y = Y - maskSize/2; y < Y + maskSize/2; y++) {
        for(int x = X - maskSize/2; x < X + maskSize/2; x++) {
            int grayValue = paddedImage.getRGB(x,y) & 0xFF;
            histogram[grayValue]++;
        }
    }

    cdf[0] = histogram[0];
    for(int i = 1; i < 256; i++) {
        cdf[i] = cdf[i-1] + histogram[i];
    }

    for(int i = 0; i < 256; i++) {
        equalizedCdf[i] = (double) 255 * cdf[i]/(maskSize*maskSize);
    }

    int pixel = ImageUtil.getGrayValue(paddedImage, X, Y);

```

```
int newPixel = (int) equalizedCdf[pixel];  
int rgb = ImageUtil.convertGrayToRGB(newPixel);  
  
return rgb;  
}
```

2. Bit-plane removal effect:

- a. What effect would setting to zero the lower-order bit planes have on the histogram of an image in general? Please do this implementation and show it and then comment on it.

Answer: Removing lower-order bit planes doesn't give any noticeable change in general, as lower-order bit planes hold less significant data of the image. For example, in the result above, where I removed the bit-plane 0 from the image, the output is almost identical with the input. Some of the information is lost for sure, but the losses are not visible with naked eye.

- b. What would be the effect on the histogram if we set to zero the higher-order bit planes instead? Please do this implementation and show it and then comment on it.

Answer: Removing higher-order bit planes on the other hand, affects the image significantly, as the more significant bits hold more significant data of the image. In the demonstration above, I removed the bit plane 7 (msb) from the image and as the result, the image changes significantly.

Source Code & Supporting Files

The entire source code, this pdf file, and output images can be obtained from this GitHub repository:

<https://github.com/fidelisprasetyo/DigitalImageProcessing>