Hole-ice simulation in clsim
Introduction
Motivation and Scope

Motivation and Scope

No explicit hole for simulation included in claim, yet cody angular sensitivity approximation

— No experience possible, e.g. COMP position relative to hole time

• Manter thesis (ending Aug 2018)

- 1. clsim approximates hole ice using a convolution function for the angular acception.
- 2. e.g. photons hitting a dom from below are made more unlikely to be detected.
- 3. but no actual simulation of the changed ice properties.
- 4. i.e. we can't have asymmetries like shifted DOM positions relative to the hole ice.
- 5. that's why I'm trying to implement propagation through cylinders with changed ice properties in clsim.

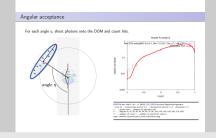


- In this presentation, I'll show you what I've been working on
- some examples with images and plots
- point out some features that will be possible with this tool



- Photon wave length: 340 nm (UV)
- DOM position: (-256.02301025390625, -521.281982421875, 500.0)
- \bullet Scattering length in bulk ice at this DOM: 1.78 m \pm 1.79 m
- Absorption length in bulk ice at this DOM: about 150 m
- The last example is rather extreme. No sharp border in current understanding of hole ice. But I don't know the correct ice properties of the hole ice.
- $\rightarrow\,$ e.g. Angular acceptance plots

Hole-ice simulation in clsim
What has been done
How to compare it
Angular acceptance



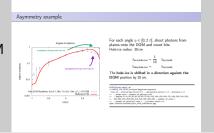
- One way to compare the new simulation to existing results, is to plot angular-acceptance curves.
- I.e. for each angle η , which is the angle between the starting direction of the photon and the column axis, shoot photons onto the DOM, propagate them in simulation and count hits.
- The current hole-ice approximations are convolutions onto the DOM angular acceptance.
- This is an example using the new hole-ice simulation with arbitrary ice parameters (data points) compared to the old reference curve (red).

Hole-ice simulation in clsim

Examples

Asymmetry: Shift hole ice vs DOM

Asymmetry example



- In data points, one sees upper curve and lower curve.
- Because of the asymmetry, on one way, the distance through the hole ice is smaller, on the other way, larger.

Cylinder configuration needs to be accessible by the steamshovel artist.

Source: https://github.com/fipcDt/Atubeande/netweby/fisspees/3D DARD, 2017, Slide 17, See also: https://github.com/fiedl/hole-ice-study/issues/32

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