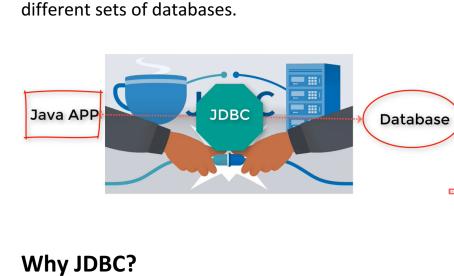
```
JDBC
26/07/22
```

## **JDBC - Java Database Connectivity**

5:07 PM

It is standard API for Java applications to interact with



## When we create variables, it is stored in RAM and works until program runs and eventually get deleted. But, JDBC connects our programs with

databases form which data is extracted and used. Data in databases are permanent and we can perform CRUD operations using JDBC on databases. **How JDBC works?** 

# **MariaDB**

How JDBC Work(Architecture of JDBC)

Databases

**JDBC Application Layer JDBC Driver Layer** Figure 1 - JDBC Architecture We have all our JDBC methods in JDBC API. We can write queries in general terms so that all database drivers can understand. And the queries passes to database drivers.

And then driver passes on the query to database.

- JDBC API Important Classes and Interfaces: java.sql.DriverManager java.sql.Connection java.sql.Statment java.sql.PreparedStatement java.sql.CallableStatement
- java.sql.ResultSet java.sql.ResultSetMetaData java.sql.DatabaseMetada
- **Software Requirements**

java.sql.SQLException

**Sublime Text Eclipse** JDBC Driver: mysql-connector.jar: 8.0

Database: MySQL

**Steps to Connect with Database** 

Load the driver

2nd Method

3. Create a query

of three things below:

## 1st Method Class.forName("Driver\_name") e.g. Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver")

DriverManager.registerDriver(new com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver()) 2. Create a connection Connection gets established between program and database

We can only use the driver after loading it on our machine.

import java.sql.\*; Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection("url","username","password"); e.g. ("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/jdbctest","root","password")

a. Statement - If we need simple query.

It will pull all data in set.

c. CallableStatement - If we need functions/procedures from database. a. Statement Example String q = " select \* from students"; Statement stmt = conn.createstatement(); stmt.executeQuery() - when we expect only data e.g. ResultSet set = stmt.executeQuery();

We will fire SQL queries after establishing connection. We will need one

b. PreparedStatement - If we have question marks/complex query.

stmt.execute(); 4. Process the data

We will process our data with help of set. We have methods for it. set.next() - If there is next row available? set.getInt() set.getString() e.g. while(set.next()){ int id = set.getInt(ColumnNumber/"ColumnName"); String name = set.getString(ColumnNumber/"ColumnName"); System.out.println(id + " " + name);

stmt.executeUpdate() - when we expect update and not data

**Setup Connection using Java App** 

import java.sql.\*; class FirstJDBC{

try{

5. Close the connection

conn.close();

}

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### 15 System.out.println("...Closed"); }else{ System.out.println("Created...");

}catch(Exception e){

public static void main(String[] args) {

Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");

String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/jdbctest";

Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(url,user

//Load the Driver

//Create connection

String user = "root";

if(conn.isClosed()){

e.printStackTrace();

String pass = "password";

```
}
 24
    }
PS C:\Users\USER\OneDrive\Desktop\jdbc> javac .\FirstJDBC.java
PS C:\Users\USER\OneDrive\Desktop\jdbc> java FirstJDBC
Created...
PS C:\Users\USER\OneDrive\Desktop\jdbc>
Creating Table using Java Program
      import java.sql.*;
      class InsertJDBC{
         public static void main(String[] args) {
                 //Load the Driver
                 Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
                 //Create connection
                 String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/
                     jdbctest";
                 String user = "root";
 10
```

String pass = "password";

url,user,pass);

Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(

String q = "create table table1(tId int(20)

## primary key auto\_increment, tname varchar( 16 17 //Create a Statement

//Create a query

```
200) not null, tCity varchar(400))";
                     Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();
 18
                     stmt.executeUpdate(q);
 19
                     System.out.println("Table Created");
 20
 21
                     //Close Connection
 22
 23
                     conn.close();
 24
                }catch(Exception e){
 25
 26
                     e.printStackTrace();
 27
           }
 29
PS C:\Users\USER\OneDrive\Desktop\jdbc> javac .\InsertJDBC.java
PS C:\Users\USER\OneDrive\Desktop\jdbc> java .\InsertJDBC.java
Table Created
PS C:\Users\USER\OneDrive\Desktop\jdbc>
mysql> use jdbctest;
Database changed
mysql> show tables;
 Tables_in_jdbctest
 table1
1 row in set (0.26 sec)
mysql> desc table1
                   | Null | Key | Default | Extra
| Field | Type
 tId
      int
                          PRI NULL
                                        auto_increment
 tname | varchar(200) | NO
 tCity | varchar(400) | YES
                               NULL
3 rows in set (0.09 sec)
mysql>
     ///Insert data into table using PreparedStatement
     import java.sql.*;
     class InsertDataJDBC{
         public static void main(String[] args) {
             try{
                 //Load Driver
                 Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
                 //Create Connection
                 String url = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/jdbctest";
String user = "root";
                 String pass = "password";
                 Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(url,user,
                     pass);
                 //Create Query
```

String q = "insert into table1(tName,tCity) values(?,?)";

PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(q);

//Get Prepared Statement Object

```
//Set Values to Query
                  pstmt.setString(1,"Naruto");
                  pstmt.setString(2,"Hidden Leaf");
                  pstmt.executeUpdate();
                  System.out.println("Inserted");
                  //CLose Connection
                  conn.close();
              }catch(Exception e){
                  e.printStackTrace();
PS C:\Users\USER\OneDrive\Desktop\jdbc> javac .\InsertDataJDBC.java
PS C:\Users\USER\OneDrive\Desktop\jdbc> java .\InsertDataJDBC.java
PS C:\Users\USER\OneDrive\Desktop\jdbc>
mysql> show databases;
 Database
  airbnb
  information_schema
  jdbctest
  mysql
  performance_schema
  sakila
  sys
  world
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> use jdbctest;
Database changed
mysql> show tables;
 Tables_in_jdbctest |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from table1;
 tId | tname | tCity
   1 | Naruto | Hidden Leaf |
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql>
mysql> select * from table1;
 tId | tname | tCity
      Naruto | Hidden Leaf
      Kakashi | Konoha
             | Hidden Leaf
   4 | Gaara
             Hidden Sand
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
Inserting Data to Table with dynamic Input
  15
                    //Create Query
                    String q = "insert into table1(tName,tCity)
                        values(?,?)";
  17
                    //Get Prepared Statement Object
  19
                    PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(q);
                    BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new
  21
                        InputStreamReader(System.in));
                   System.out.println("Enter Name : ");
                   String name = br.readLine();
  24
                   System.out.println("Enter City : ");
  25
                   String city = br.readLine();
                   //Set Values to Query
                    pstmt.setString(1,name);
                   pstmt.setString(2,city);
  30
```

Enter Na Shikamar Enter Ci Leaf Inserted	ı :y :
	rs\USER\OneDrive\Desktop\jdbc>   t * from table1;
mysq1> seie ++   tId   tna	+
++   1   Nar   2   Kak   3   Sas   4   Gaa   5   Shi	shi   Konoha ke   Hidden Leaf
++ 5 rows in s	t (0.00 sec)
mysql>	
Inser	ing Image to DB using Java
13 14	ing Image to DB using Java  //Create a query // String of a "energy table table (41d int/20)
13 14 15	
13 14 15 16 17	<pre>//Create a query // String q = "create table table1(tId int(20) primary key auto_increment, tname varchar(200)</pre>
13 14 15	<pre>//Create a query // String q = "create table table1(tId int(20) primary key auto_increment, tname varchar(200) not null, tCity varchar(400))";  String q = "create table images(id int primary</pre>

pstmt.executeUpdate();

//CLose Connection

conn.close();

System.out.println("Inserted");

PS C:\Users\USER\OneDrive\Desktop\jdbc> javac .\InsertingDynamically.ja

PS C:\Users\USER\OneDrive\Desktop\jdbc> java .\InsertingDynamically.jav

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id

mysql> desc images;

rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> .

## | longblob | YES NULL pic 2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

//Create Query

q);

//Set Values to Query

strike.jpg");

pstmt.executeUpdate();

//Close Connection

conn.close();

| Null | Key | Default | Extra

PRI NULL

NO

String q = "insert into images(pic) values(?)";

PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(

FileInputStream fis = new FileInputStream("

pstmt.setBinaryStream(1,fis,fis.available());

System.out.println("Image Inserted");

auto\_increment

//Get Prepared Statement Object

Creating table and inserting Image to DB using Java import java.sql.\*; import java.io.\*; class InsertImage{ public static void main(String[] args) { Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver"); Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(" jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/jdbctest","root","password"); String q = "create table images3(id int primary key auto\_increment, pic longblob)"; Statement stmt = conn.createStatement(); stmt.executeUpdate(q); System.out.println("Table Created"); String q2 = "insert into images3(pic) values(?)"; PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(q2); FileInputStream fis = new FileInputStream("strike.jpg"); pstmt.setBinaryStream(1,fis,fis.available()); pstmt.executeUpdate(); System.out.println("Image Inserted"); conn.close(); }catch(Exception e){ e.printStackTrace(); mysql> desc images3; Field | Type | Null | Key | Default | Extra id int NO PRI | NULL auto\_increment longblob | YES NULL pic