C++程序设计 课内实验 实验三 继承与派生实验

1 实验目的

- (1) 理解继承与派生的意义;
- (2) 观察构造函数和析构函数的执行过程;
- (3) 掌握继承与派生的基本概念;
- (4) 熟悉不同继承方式下对基类成员的访问控制方法。
- (5) 掌握类的继承与派生的使用方法。

2 实验内容

- (1)设计一个用于人事管理的 People (人员)类。考虑到通用性,这里只抽象出所有类型人员都具有的属性: number (编号)、sex (性别)、birthday (出生日期)、id (身份证号)等等。具有的属性如下: 姓名 char name[11]、编号 char number[7]、性别 char sex[3]、生日 birthday、身份证号 char id[20]。其中"出生日期"声明为一个"日期"类内嵌子对象。用成员函数实现对人员信息的录入和显示。要求包括:构造函数和析构函数、拷贝构造函数、内联成员函数、组合。在测试程序中声明 people 类的对象数组,录入数据并显示。Number:1; name:Zhangsan;Sex:m;Birthday:2000 Year 1 Month 1 Day; ID:10497202201.
- (2) 从 people(人员)类派生出 student(学生)类,添加属性:班号 char classNO[7]; 从 people 类派生出 teacher (教师)类,添加属性: 职务 char pship[11]、部门 char departt[21]。从 student 类中派生出 graduate (研究生)类,添加属性: 专业 char subject[21]、导师 teacher adviser; 从 graduate 类和 teacher 类派生出 TA (助教博士生)类,重载相应的成员函数,测试这些类。

3 主要仪器实验设备及相关参数

- 1) 计算机;
- 2) Dev-C++编译器(仅为推荐编译器,非强制编译器);

4 实验报告要求

1) 写出 C++程序的撰写思路及核心的源代码;

- 2)程序的实现效果图,附录在实验报告中;
- 3) 实验过程中是否遇到错误或困难?如有错误或困难,你是如何解决的?

注意事项

1)程序的实验效果图,原则上不需要彩色打印;实验报告可以打印,但是签名必须手写。

参考程序代码:

```
实验内容(1)
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Date //日期类
{
private:
    int year;
    int month;
    int day;
public:
    Date(){} //默认构造
    Date(int y,int m,int d) //带参构造
{
    year=y;
    month=m;
    day=d;
}
void set() //设置数据函数
{
    cin>>year>>month>>day;
}
```

```
void display() //显示函数
{
    cout<<year<<" Year "<<month<<" Month "<<day<<" Day ";
}
};
class People //人员类
{
private:
    string name;
    int num;
    char sex;
    Date birthday;
    char ID[18];
public:
    People(){};//默认构造
    People(int n,int y,int m,int d,char id[18],char s='m'):birthday(y,m,d) {
    num=n;
    sex=s;
    strcpy(ID,id);
};//有默认值的带参构造
People(People& p) //拷贝构造
{ name= p.name;
```

```
num=p.num;
sex=p.sex;
birthday=p.birthday;
strcpy(ID,p.ID);
}
void input() //输入函数
{
cout<<"Enter data:"<<endl;</pre>
cout<<"Name:";
cin>>name;
cout << "Number:";
cin>>num;
cout << "Sex(m/f):";
cin>>sex;
cout<<"Birthday(Year/Month/Day):";</pre>
birthday.set();
cout<<"ID:";
cin>>ID;
cout << endl;
};
void output() //输出函数
{
```

```
cout << "Number:" << num << endl;\\
cout<<"Name:"<<name<<endl;</pre>
cout<<"Sex:"<<sex<<endl;
cout << "Birthday:";
birthday.display();
cout << endl;
cout << "ID:" << ID << endl;\\
};
~People()//析构函数
{
cout<<num<<" No. Person has been entered."<<endl;
}
};
int main()
{People p1;
p1.input();
p1.output();
return 0;
```

```
实验内容(2)
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Date //日期类
{
private:
    int year;
    int month;
    int day;
public:
    Date(){} //默认构造
    Date(int y,int m,int d) //带参构造
{
    year=y;
    month=m;
    day=d;
}
void set() //设置数据函数
{
    cin>>year>>month>>day;
}
```

void display() //显示函数

```
{
     cout \!\!<\!\! year \!\!<\!\! "Year" \!\!<\!\! month \!\!<\!\! "Month" \!\!<\!\! day \!\!<\!\! "Day";
}
};
class People //人员类
{
private:
     string name;
     int num;
     char sex;
     Date birthday;
     char ID[18];
public:
     People(){};//默认构造
     People(int \ n, int \ y, int \ m, int \ d, char \ id[18], char \ sex): birthday(y, m, d) \ \{
     num=n;
     strcpy(ID,id);
};//有默认值的带参构造
People(People& p) //拷贝构造
{
name=p.name;
num=p.num;
```

```
sex=p.sex;
birthday=p.birthday;
strcpy(ID,p.ID);
}
void input() //输入函数
{
cout<<"Enter data:"<<endl;</pre>
cout<<"Name:";
cin>>name;
cout << "Number:";
cin>>num;
cout << "Sex(m/f):";
cin>>sex;
cout<<"Birthday(Year/Month/Day):";</pre>
birthday.set();
cout<<"ID:";
cin>>ID;
cout << endl;
};
void output() //输出函数
{
cout << "Number:" << num << endl;\\
```

```
cout<<"Name:"<<name<<endl;
cout << "Sex:" << sex << endl;
cout<<"Birthday:";</pre>
birthday.display();
cout << endl;
cout<<"ID:"<<ID<<endl;
};
~People() //析构函数
{
cout<<num<<" No. Person has been entered."<<endl;
};
class student:public People
{
    char classno[7];
    public:student(){
         cout<<" "<<endl;
void input()
{People::input();
cout<<"Enter Class Number"<<endl;</pre>
cin>>classno;
```

```
}
void getno(){
People::output();
cout<<"Class Number:"<<classno<<endl;
}
};
class teacher:public People
{
char pship[11],departt[21];
public:teacher(){
         cout<<" "<<endl;
     }
void input()
{
People::input();
cout<<"Enter Job Title"<<endl;
cin>> pship;
cout<<"Enter Department"<<endl;</pre>
cin>>departt;
void inputt()
{
```

```
cout<<"Enter Job Title"<<endl;</pre>
cin>> pship;
cout<<"Enter Department"<<endl;</pre>
cin>>departt;
}
void getno()
{
People::output();
cout<<"Job Title: "<<pship<<endl;
cout<<"Department: "<<departt<<endl;</pre>
}
void output()
{
cout<<"Job Title: "<<pship<<endl;</pre>
cout<<"Department: "<<departt<<endl;
}
};
class graduate:public student
{
char subject[21], adviser[21];
public:graduate(){
cout<<" "<<endl;
```

```
}
void input()
{student::input();
cout << "Enter Major: " << endl;
cin>>subject;
cout << "Enter Adviser: " << endl;
cin>>adviser;
}
void getno()
{student::getno();
cout<<"Major: "<<subject<<endl;</pre>
cout<<"Adviser: "<<adviser<<endl;
}
};
class TA:public graduate,teacher
{
public:TA(){
          cout<<" "<<endl;
     }
void input()
{
graduate::input();
```

```
teacher::inputt();
void getno()
{graduate::getno();
teacher::output();
}
};
int main()
{People p1;
student s;
teacher t;
graduate g;
TA T;
cout<<"Please enter the personnel data information in sequence." <<endl;
p1.input();
cout<<"Please enter student data information";</pre>
s.input();
cout<<"Please enter teacher data information";</pre>
t.input();
cout<<"Please enter graduate student data information";</pre>
g.input();
cout<<"Please enter TA data information";</pre>
```

```
T.input();

cout<<"Personnel data information: ";

p1.output();

cout<<"Student data information:";

s.getno();

cout<<"Teacher data information: ";

t.getno();

cout<<"graduate student data information: ";

g.getno();

cout<<"TA data information: ";

T.getno();

}
```