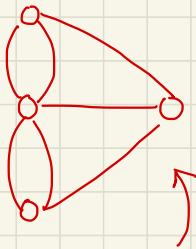


* vertex, edge.

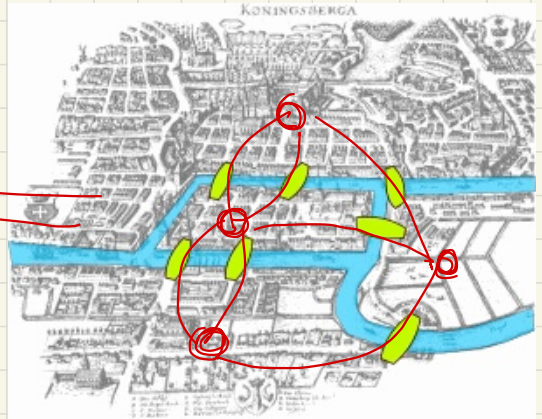
정점 간선.

* edge < $\begin{cases} \text{방향} \circ \rightarrow \text{directed graph} \\ \text{방향} \times \rightarrow \text{undirected graph} \end{cases}$

* DFS, BFS, 격자 위에서도

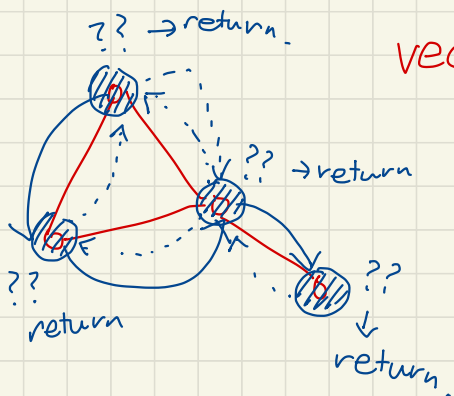


마을과, 마을을 잇는 다리



* 쓸모없는 정보 \times 필요한거를 남겼을 때 "그래프"로 표현되는
상황들이 많다.

* "그래프 모델링" \leftarrow 핵심.



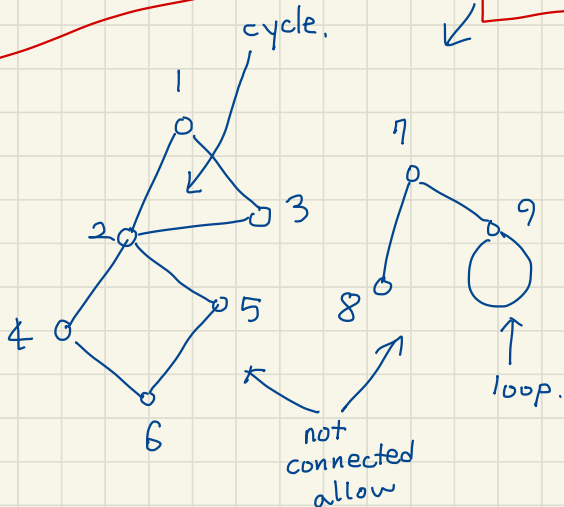
$\text{vector<int> adj[N];}$

$\Rightarrow \text{DFS,}$

```
void dfs(int cur) {
    if (visited[cur]) return;
    visited[cur] = true;
    for (int nxt : adj[cur]) {
        dfs(nxt);
    }
}
```

3

Home Work.



$u \rightarrow v$

$\text{adj}[u].\text{push-back}(v);$
 $\text{adj}[v].\text{push-back}(u);$

