



Boosting + Data Pre-Processing

Boosting

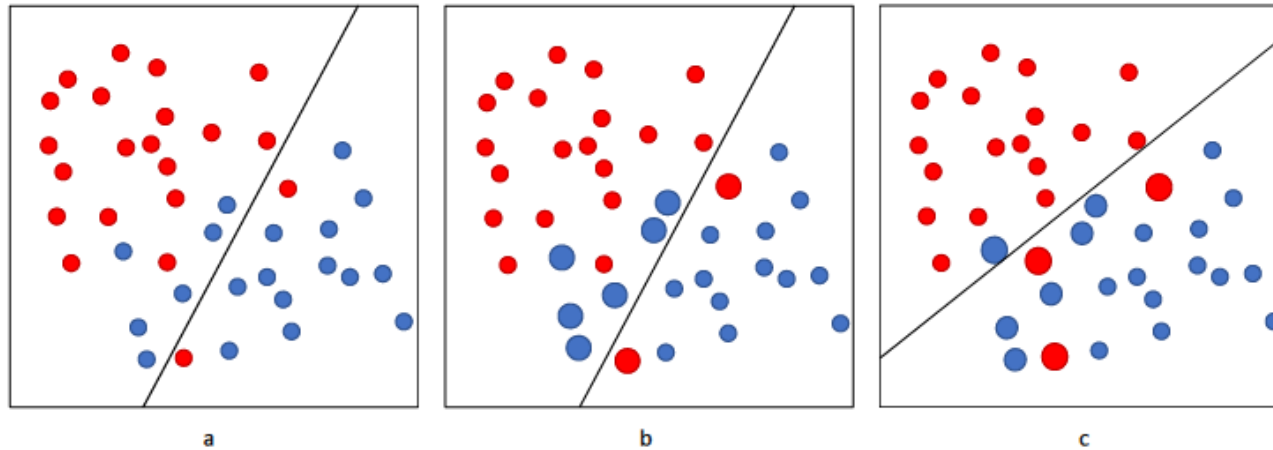


Figure 6: The boosting approach. A classifier is trained on the original data (a). The weights of misclassified instances (dot size in the figure) are increased (b). A new classifier is trained on the new data set and weights are updated accordingly (c).

- Classifiers are built sequentially
- Classifiers are trained on all data
- Observations are given **weights** which reflect how difficult they are to classify.
- Each classifier's prediction has a different **weight** towards final decision, based on their accuracy

Image taken from Data Mining: Accuracy and Error Measures for Classification and Prediction. Galdi and Tagliaferri, 2018

Boosting + Resampling

RESAMPLE DATA AT EACH ITERATION

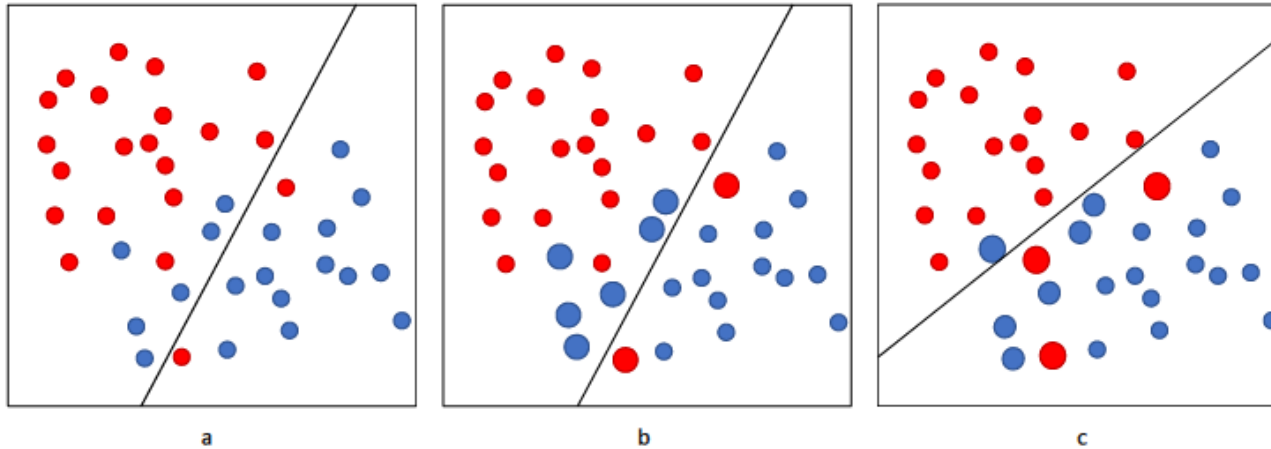
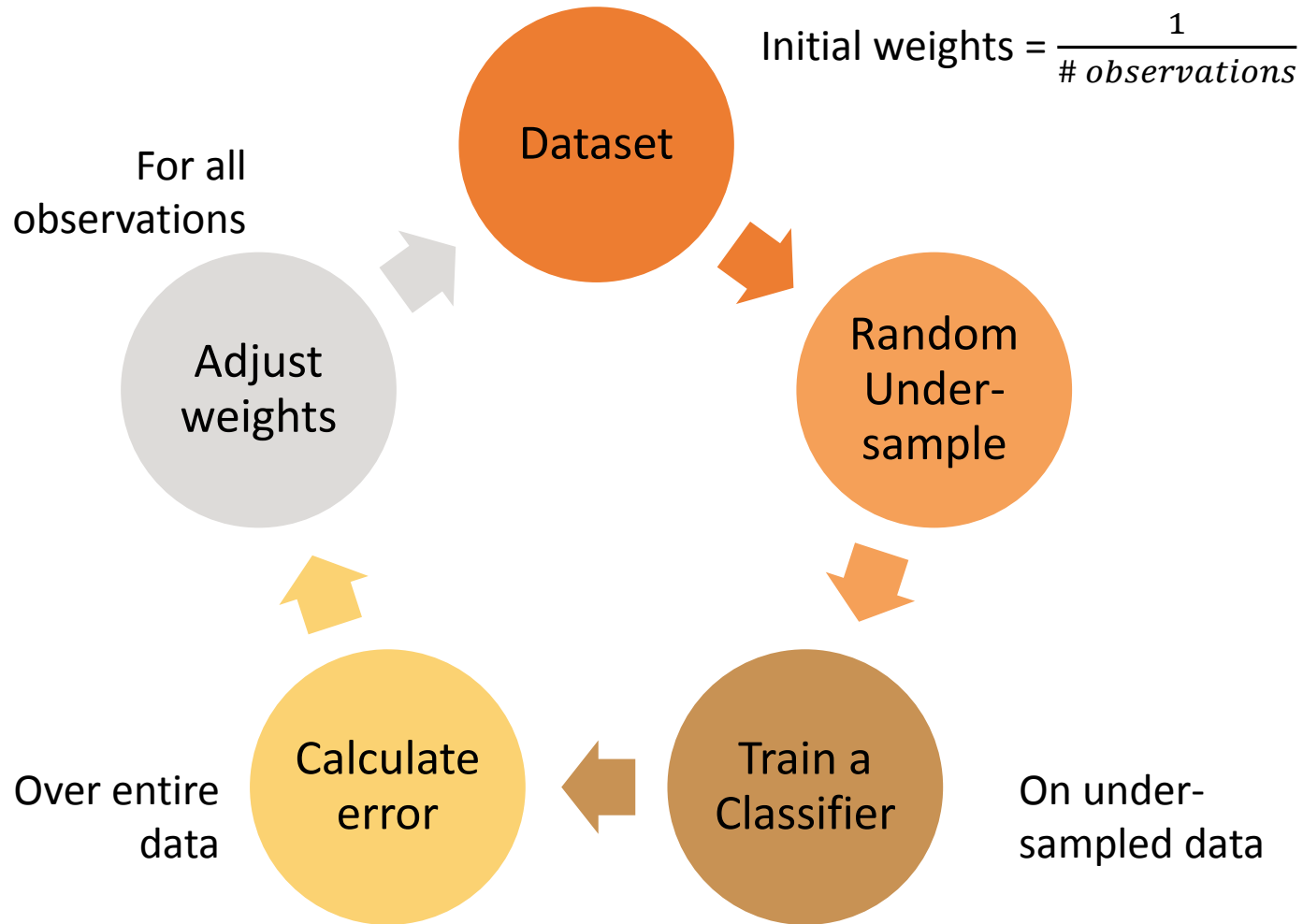


Figure 6: The boosting approach. A classifier is trained on the original data (a). The weights of misclassified instances (dot size in the figure) are increased (b). A new classifier is trained on the new data set and weights are updated accordingly (c).

- Classifiers are built sequentially
- Classifiers are trained on **resampled** data
- Observations are given **weights** which reflect how difficult they are to classify.
- Each classifier's prediction has a different **weight** towards final decision, based on their accuracy

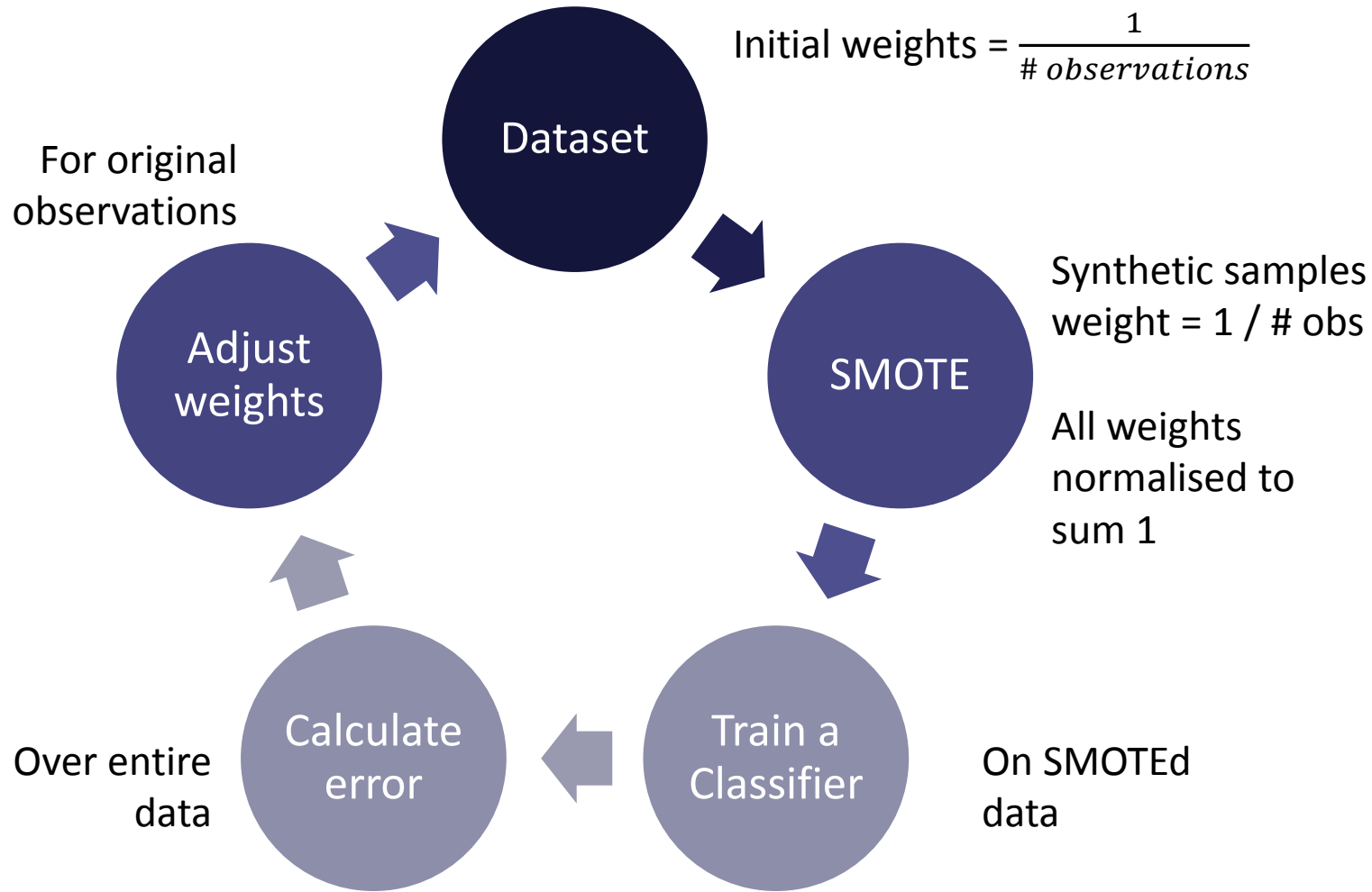
Image taken from Data Mining: Accuracy and Error Measures for Classification and Prediction. Galdi and Tagliaferri, 2018

RUSBoost



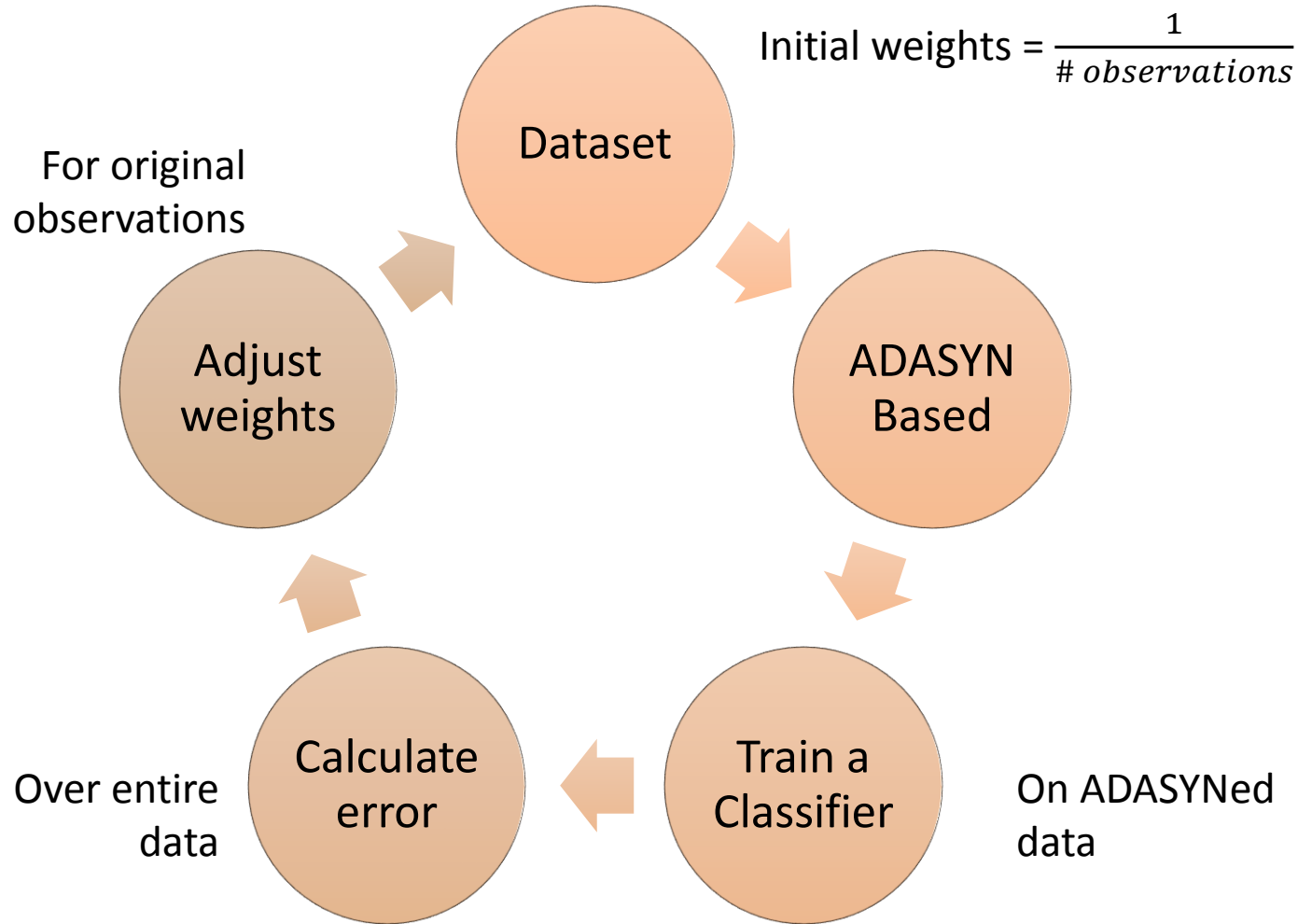
- Random under-sampling + Boosting
- Smaller datasets → faster training
- Lost information is compensated in subsequent iterations
- Authors claims performs better than under-sampling or boosting alone, and also at least as well as SMOTEBoost, but it is much faster to train.

SMOTEBoost



- SMOTE + Boosting
- Create more instances of the minority class
 - adds diversity
 - Improves classifier accuracy
- Requires quite a bit of computational time to perform SMOTE at each iteration

RAMOBoost



- ADASYN (adaptation) + Boosting
- Resample more X_{min} with more neighbours from X_{maj}
- Create more synthetic examples from more X_{min} with more neighbours from X_{maj}
- Computationally expensive

RUSBoost with Imbalanced Learn

Random Under-Sampling + Boosting

`imblearn.ensemble`: Ensemble methods

The `imblearn.ensemble` module include methods generating under-sampled subsets combined inside an ensemble.

<code>ensemble.RUSBoostClassifier</code> ([...])	Random under-sampling integrated in the learning of AdaBoost.
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THANK YOU

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