Operator Related Problems

(Total 15 questions)

SL		Problem statement	Difficulty levels	
1.	Program that will take two numbers X and Y as inputs, then calculate and print the values of their addition, subtraction, multiplication, division (quotient and reminder).			
	Sample input (X,Y)	Sample output		
	5 10	Addition: 15 Subtraction: -5	-2	
		Multiplication: 50	= -2	
		Quotient : 0 Reminder: 5		
	-5 10.5	Addition: 5.5		
		Subtraction: -15.5		
		Multiplication: -52.5		
		Quotient: 0		
		Reminder: -48		
2	Program that will calculate the	circumference of a circle having radius r	*	
2.	Program that will calculate the	circumference of a circle having radius r. Area, A = 2 * Pi * r	*	
2.	Program that will calculate the Sample input (r)		*	
2.		Area, A = 2 * Pi * r	*	
2.	Sample input (r)	Area, A = 2 * Pi * r Sample output	*	
2.	Sample input (r) 5 10.5 Program that will take two num	Area, A = 2 * Pi * r Sample output Area: 31.4		
	Sample input (r) 5 10.5 Program that will take two num – (Without using math.h)	Area, A = 2 * Pi * r Sample output Area: 31.4 Area: 65.94		
	Sample input (r) 5 10.5 Program that will take two num – (Without using math.h)	Area, A = 2 * Pi * r Sample output Area: 31.4 Area: 65.94 hbers (a, b) as inputs and compute the value of the equat		
	Sample input (r) 5 10.5 Program that will take two num – (Without using math.h) X = (3.31	Area, A = 2 * Pi * r Sample output		

	Sample output		
5	X++: 5		
	++X: 6		
	X: 5		
	X : 4		
-5	X++: -5		
	++X: -4		
	X: -5		
	X : -6		
Program that will increment and decrement a number X by Y . (Use += and -= operators)			
Sample input(X,Y)	Sample output		
5 10	Incremented Value: 15		
	Decremented Value: -5		
-5 5	Incremented Value: 0		
	Decremented Value: -10		
Sample input(X,Y) 56 10	Sample output Multiplication: 560		
	Division: 5		
	Multiplication: 560	1	
-56 -10			
-56 -10	Division: 5		
		-لد بك	
Program that will decl	are and initialize an integer and a floating point number. Then it will	**	
Program that will decl	are and initialize an integer and a floating point number. Then it will teger and integer to floating conversions using	**	
Program that will decl	are and initialize an integer and a floating point number. Then it will teger and integer to floating conversions using	**	
Program that will decl perform floating to int (a) Assignment op	are and initialize an integer and a floating point number. Then it will teger and integer to floating conversions using	**	
Program that will decl perform floating to int (a) Assignment op (b) Type casting	are and initialize an integer and a floating point number. Then it will teger and integer to floating conversions using peration Sample output Assignment: 123.125000 assigned to an int produces 123	**	
Program that will decl perform floating to int (a) Assignment op (b) Type casting	are and initialize an integer and a floating point number. Then it will teger and integer to floating conversions using peration Sample output Assignment: 123.125000 assigned to an int produces 123 Assignment: -150 assigned to a float produces -150.000000	**	
Program that will decl perform floating to int (a) Assignment op (b) Type casting	are and initialize an integer and a floating point number. Then it will teger and integer to floating conversions using peration Sample output Assignment: 123.125000 assigned to an int produces 123 Assignment: -150 assigned to a float produces -150.000000 Type Casting: (float) -150 produces -150.000000	**	
Program that will decl perform floating to int (a) Assignment op (b) Type casting	are and initialize an integer and a floating point number. Then it will teger and integer to floating conversions using peration Sample output Assignment: 123.125000 assigned to an int produces 123 Assignment: -150 assigned to a float produces -150.000000	**	

Sample	e input (x, y)	Sample output		
20 10		Max: 100		
50 -2		Max: 50		
30 -2	.0	IVIAX. 30		
Program	Program that will evaluate the following equations -			
	X = a - b / 3 + c * 2 - 1			
	Y = a - (b / (3 + c) * 2) - 1 Z = a - ((b / 3) + c * 2) - 1			
Sample	e input (a, b, c)	Sample output		
9 12	3	X = 10		
		Y = 4		
		Z = -1		
Program (0)	that will take a, b & c as	inputs and decide if the statements are True (1) of False $a) (a+b) \leq 80$	**	
		b) $!(a + c)$		
	c) $a! = 0$			
	e input (a, b, c)	Sample output		
Sample 10 -10		a) 1		
		a) 1 b) 0		
		a) 1		
10 -10	0 0	a) 1 b) 0	***	
10 -10	that will take a, b & c as	a) 1 b) 0 c) 1	***	
Program (0)	that will take a, b & c as	a) 1 b) 0 c) 1 inputs and decide if the statements are True (1) of False 1) $(a+b) \le 80 \&\& b \ge 0$ 2) $(a-b) == 0 c! = 0$ 2) $a! = b (b < a) \&\& c > 0$	***	
Program (0)	that will take a, b & c as	a) 1 b) 0 c) 1 inputs and decide if the statements are True (1) of False 1) $(a+b) \le 80 \&\& b \ge 0$ 2) $(a-b) == 0 c! = 0$ 2) $a! = b (b < a) \&\& c > 0$ Sample output	***	
Program (0)	that will take a, b & c as	a) 1 b) 0 c) 1 inputs and decide if the statements are True (1) of False 1) $(a+b) \le 80 \&\& b \ge 0$ 2) $(a-b) == 0 c! = 0$ 2) $a! = b (b < a) \&\& c > 0$	***	
Program (0)	that will take a, b & c as	a) 1 b) 0 c) 1	***	

the formula, (here, dot (.) stands for multiplication) -			
$-\mathbf{b} \pm \operatorname{sqrt}(\mathbf{b}^2 - 4.\mathbf{a}.\mathbf{c})$			
$\mathbf{root} = \frac{-\mathbf{b} \pm \mathbf{sqrt}(\mathbf{b}^2 - 4.\mathbf{a.c})}{2.\mathbf{a}}$			
Sample input (a, b, c)	Sample output		
2 4 -16	2.00 -4.00		
1 2 3	Imaginary		
Program that will evaluate	Program that will evaluate the equation		
$2\cos^2 x - \sqrt{3}\sin x + \sin x$	$\frac{\mathbf{X}}{\mathbf{x}}$		
; where 1<= x <=180 [No checking needed]			
Sample input (x)	Sample output		
30	1.810066		
120	0.778151		
180	3.954243		
		.11.	
A = Valu B = Valu	pating point number X as input and evaluate A,B,C where- e when X is rounded up to the nearest integer e when X is rounded down to the nearest integer plute value of X	**	
A = Valu B = Valu C = Abso	e when X is rounded up to the nearest integer e when X is rounded down to the nearest integer plute value of X	**	
A = Valu B = Valu	e when X is rounded up to the nearest integer e when X is rounded down to the nearest integer	**	
A = Valu B = Valu C = Abso Sample input(X)	e when X is rounded up to the nearest integer e when X is rounded down to the nearest integer blute value of X Sample output	**	
A = Valu B = Valu C = Abso Sample input(X) 10.6 -77.9	e when X is rounded up to the nearest integer e when X is rounded down to the nearest integer plute value of X Sample output A = 11, B = 10, C = 10.6	**	
A = Valu B = Valu C = Abso Sample input(X) 10.6 -77.9	e when X is rounded up to the nearest integer e when X is rounded down to the nearest integer plute value of X Sample output A = 11, B = 10, C = 10.6 A = 78, B = 77, C = 77.9		
A = Valu B = Valu C = Abso Sample input(X) 10.6 -77.9 Program to find size of int,	e when X is rounded up to the nearest integer e when X is rounded down to the nearest integer plute value of X Sample output A = 11, B = 10, C = 10.6 A = 78, B = 77, C = 77.9 float, double and char of the system.		
A = Valu B = Valu C = Abso Sample input(X) 10.6 -77.9 Program to find size of int,	e when X is rounded up to the nearest integer e when X is rounded down to the nearest integer plute value of X Sample output A = 11, B = 10, C = 10.6 A = 78, B = 77, C = 77.9 float, double and char of the system. Sample output		
A = Valu B = Valu C = Abso Sample input(X) 10.6 -77.9 Program to find size of int,	e when X is rounded up to the nearest integer e when X is rounded down to the nearest integer plute value of X Sample output A = 11, B = 10, C = 10.6 A = 78, B = 77, C = 77.9 float, double and char of the system. Sample output Size of int in byte(s) = 4		
A = Valu B = Valu C = Abso Sample input(X) 10.6 -77.9 Program to find size of int,	e when X is rounded up to the nearest integer e when X is rounded down to the nearest integer plute value of X Sample output A = 11, B = 10, C = 10.6 A = 78, B = 77, C = 77.9 float, double and char of the system. Sample output Size of int in byte(s) = 4 Size of float in byte(s) = 4		