Solving the TTC'16 Class Responsability Assignment with SIGMA

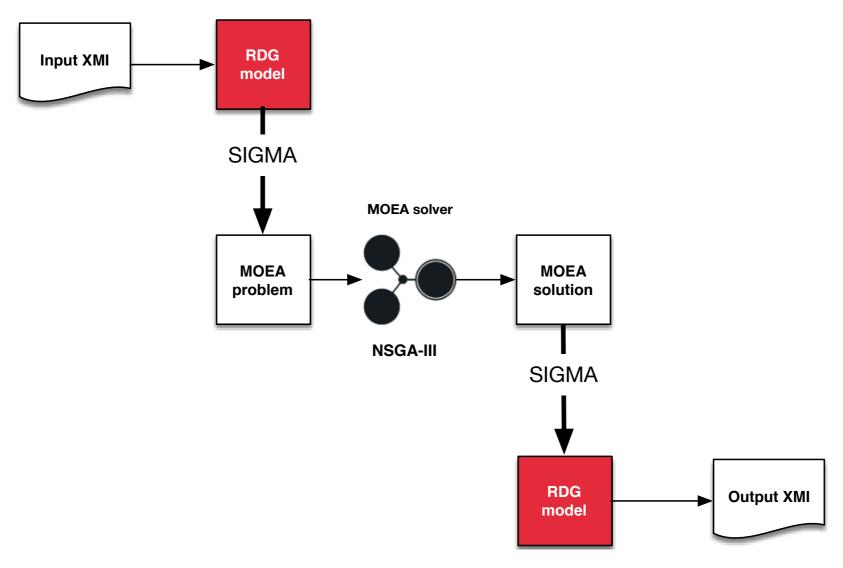
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Solution Overview

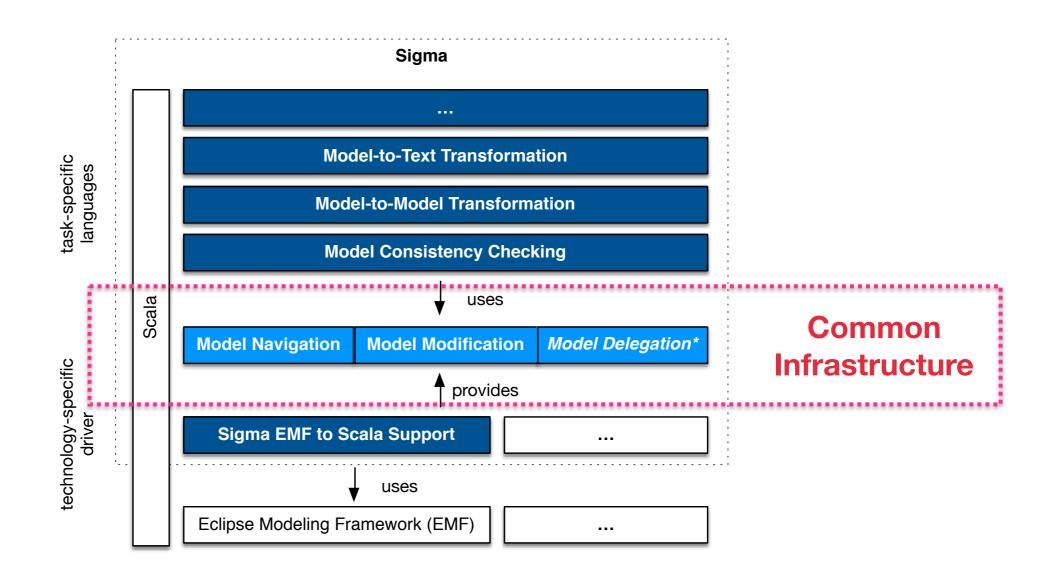
- Solution for the CRA problem
- SIGMA as the transformation tool, MOEA as the solver





https://github.com/fikovnik/ttc16-cra-sigma

SIGMA¹ Overview



Scala internal DSL for practical model manipulations within a familiar environment with improved usability and performance.

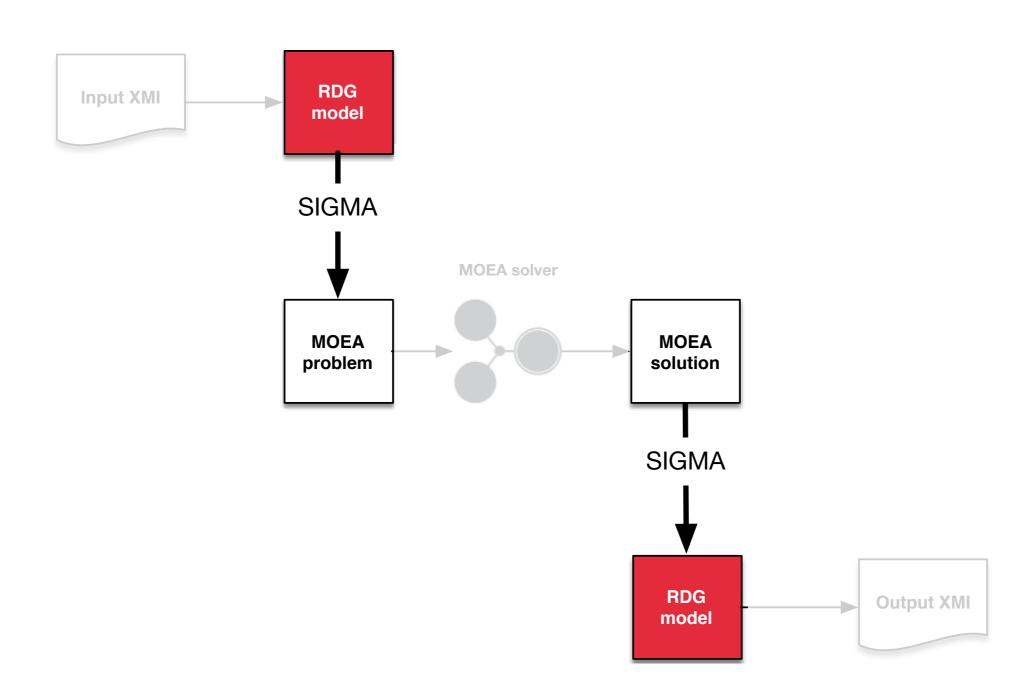


- Mixes function programming with OOP
- JVM compatible
- Designed to host DSLs
- Statically typed with type inference
- "look-and-feel" of a dynamic language
- Well supported by major tool vendor

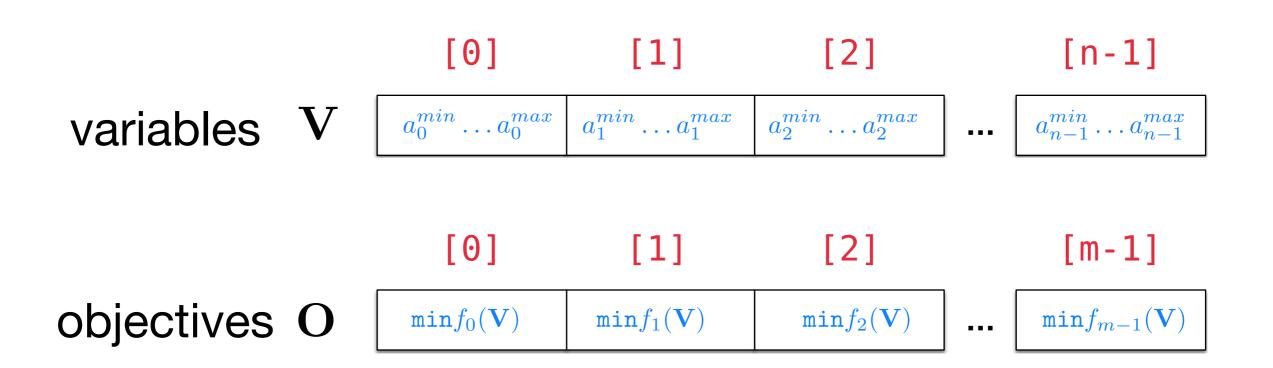


- Java library for experimenting with multiobjective evolutionary algorithms
- Open source
- Easy to use, stable, available
- Includes number of algorithms
- MOEA is just one possibility
 - Use model transformation to transform problem from one domain to another

Approach

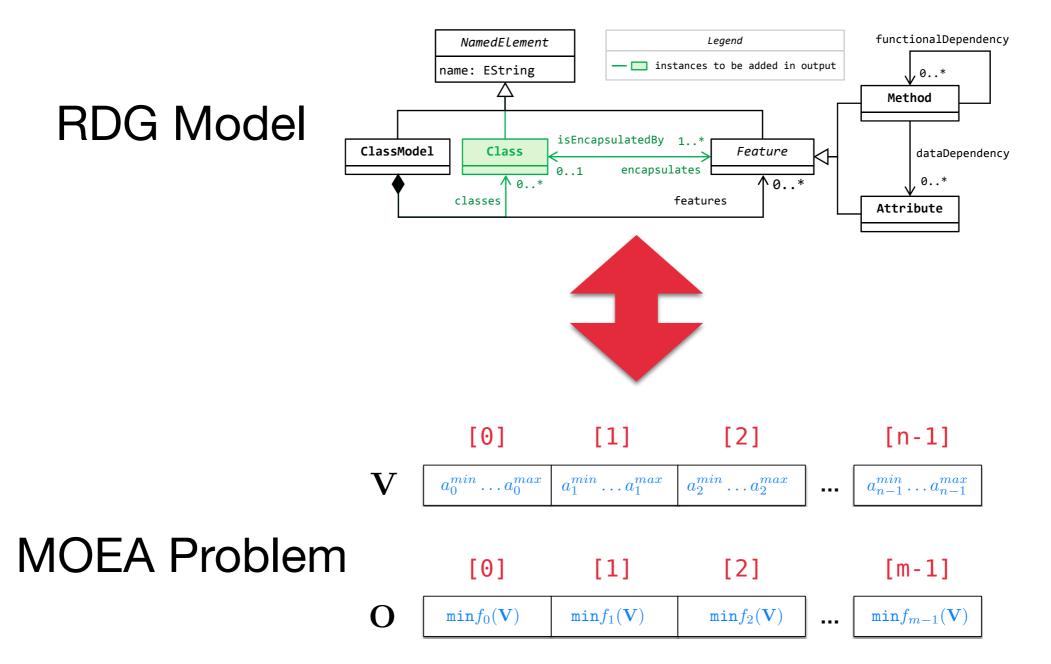


Mapping RDG to MOEA and Back

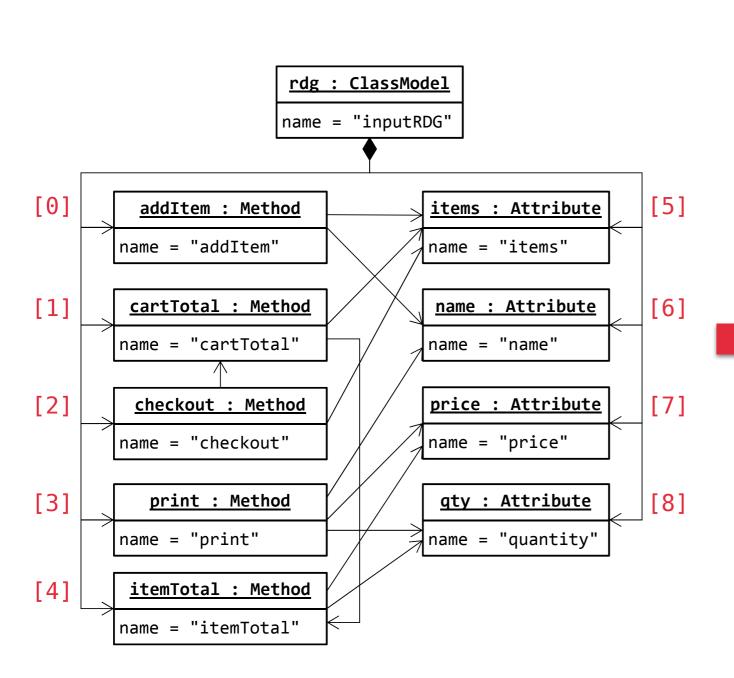


one possible MOEA Problem

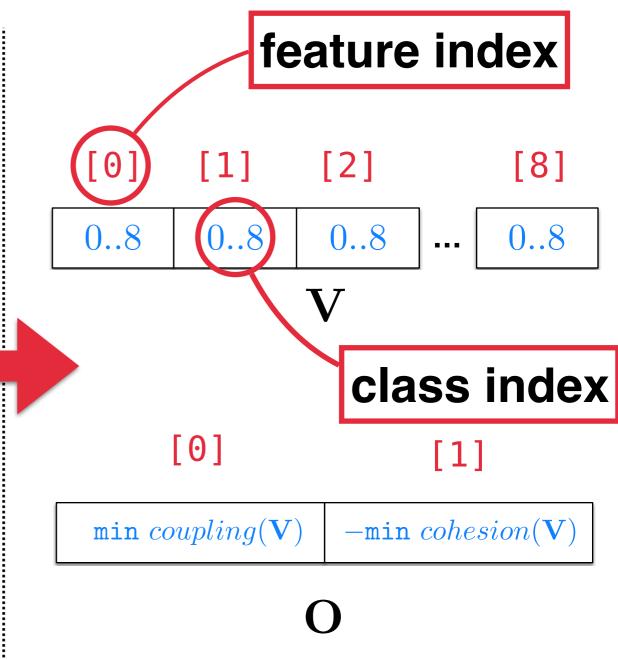
Mapping RDG to MOEA and back



Mapping RDG to MOEA

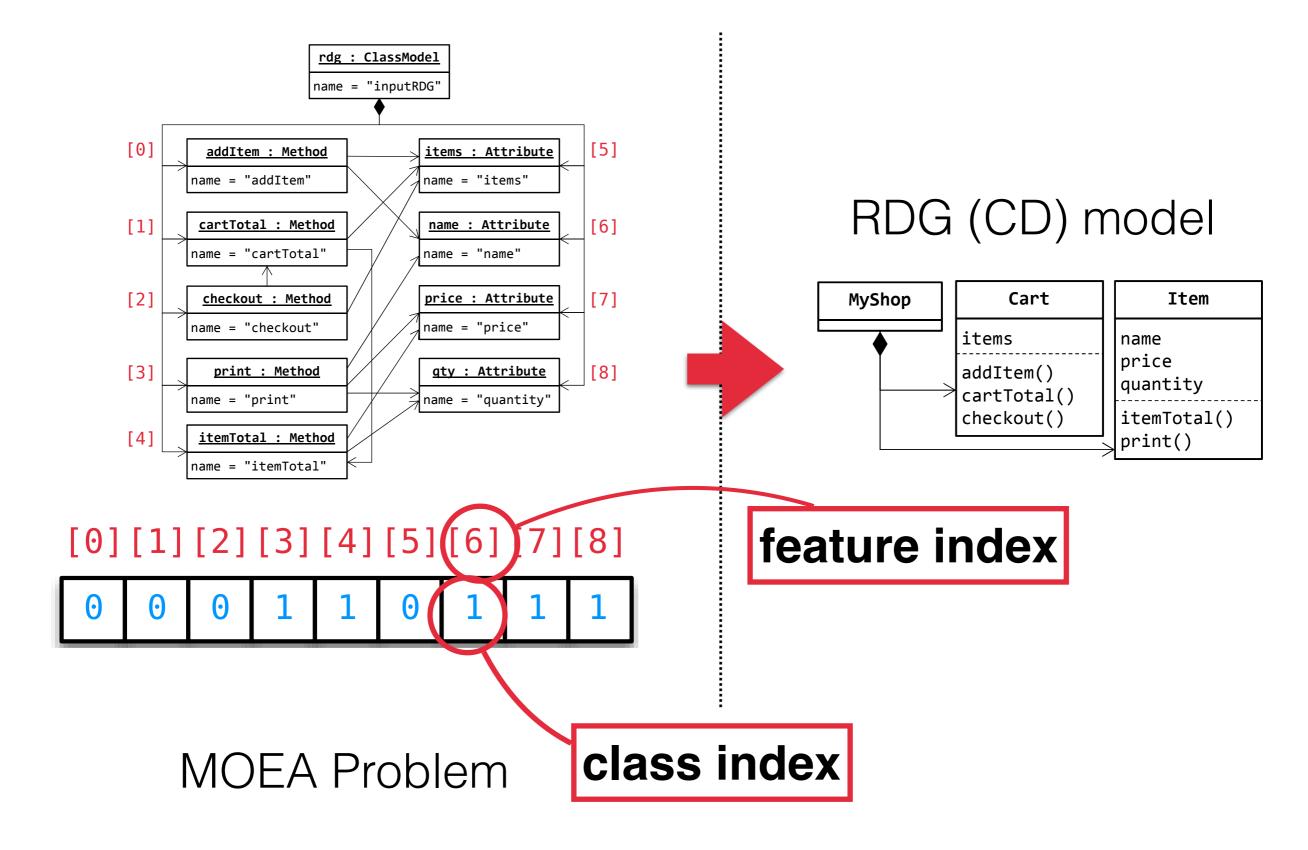


RDG model



MOEA Problem

Mapping MOEA to RDG



```
class CRAProblem(val initModel: ClassModel)
 extends AbstractProblem(initModel.features.size, 2) {
 def newSolution(): Solution = {
   val solution = new Solution(numberOfVariables, numberOfObjectives)
    (0 until numberOfVariables).foreach { x =>
       solution.setVariable(x, newInt(0, numberOfVariables - 1))
   solution
 def evaluate(solution: Solution): Unit = {
   val model = CRAProblem.solutionToClassModel(initModel, solution)
   solution.setObjective(0, CRAIndexCalculator.calculateCoupling(model))
   solution.setObjective(1, -CRAIndexCalculator.calculateCohesion(model))
```

```
def solutionToClassModel(
  initModel: ClassModel,
  solution: Solution): ClassModel = {
  val model = initModel.sCopy
  val rawSolution = EncodingUtils.getInt(solution)
  val classes = (0 \text{ to rawSolution.max}) map (x \Rightarrow Class(name = s"Class $x"))
  rawSolution.zipWithIndex.foreach {
    case (classIdx, featureIdx) =>
      model.features(featureIdx).isEncapsulatedBy = classes(classIdx)
  model.classes ++= classes filterNot (x => x.getEncapsulates.isEmpty)
  model
```

Results - SHARE

Input	Cohesion	$\mathbf{Coupling}$	\mathbf{CRA}
\overline{A}	4	1	3
В	6.5	2.5	4
\mathbf{C}	6.37	3.63	2.74
D	4.83	7.94	-3.11
${f E}$	7.38	17.99	-10.60
\mathbf{F}	9.85	44.74	-34.88

Input	Time [s]
A	19.17
В	34.78
\mathbf{C}	72.53
D	300.49
${ m E}$	1110.74
${ m F}$	6289.75

Results - Laptop

Table 1

Model	Cohesion	Coupling	CRA	Time [s]	Runs
TTC_InputRDG_A	4	1	3	10	10
TTC_InputRDG_B	6.67	2.58	4.08	13	10
TTC_InputRDG_C	4.99	2.57	2.41	39	10
TTC_InputRDG_D	9.36	8.50	0.87	91	10
TTC_InputRDG_E	7.14	16.25	-9.11	1416	10
TTC_InputRDG_F	9.87	39.37	-29.50	234	1
TTC_InputRDG_G	9.76	369.44	-359.68	1213	1
TTC_InputRDG_H	13.49	1393.56	-1380.06	79778	1

All runs on java version "1.8.0_74", OSX 10.11.5, 3,1 GHz Intel Core i7

Conclusion

- A concise solution with reasonably good performance
- Lot of opportunities for tuning NSGA-III
- Uses SIGMA for EMF model manipulation



Internal DSL for Model Manipulation

- External model manipulation DSLs
 - embed a GPL into a model-manipulation DSL
- Internal model manipulation DSLs
 - embed model manipulation DSL into a GPL
 - increased level of abstraction
 - similar features, expressiveness and versatility
 - improved tool support, interoperability and performance
 - low engineering cost

but all depends on the host language