Nama : Fikri Fadhlillah

Nim : 181402117

Kom : C

Mata Kuliah: Data Warehouse dan Bisnis Intelligence

## 1.

CREATE TABLE customer ( custno varchar(10) NOT NULL, custname varchar(30) NOT NULL, address varchar(30) NOT NULL, Internal varchar(1) NOT NULL, contact varchar(30) NOT NULL, phone varchar(10) NOT NULL, city varchar(15) NOT NULL, state varchar(2) NOT NULL, city varchar(5) NOT NULL, city varchar(5) NOT NULL, city varchar(5) NOT NULL,





2.

CREATE TABLE facility ( facno
varchar(10) NOT NULL, facname
varchar(30) NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT facno\_ PRIMARY KEY (facno)
);



Name	Owner	Partitioned table?	Comment
customer	postgres	False	
facility	postgres	False	

```
3.

CREATE TABLE location (
locno varchar(10) NOT NULL,
facno varchar(10) NOT NULL,
locname varchar(30) NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT locno_ PRIMARY KEY (locno)
);
```



Name	Owner	Partitioned table?	Comment
customer	postgres	False	
facility	postgres	False	
location	postgres	False	

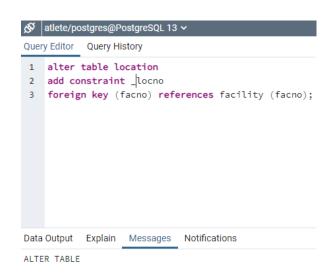
4. Hanya ada satu tabel yang saling berhubungan. Table yang berhubungan adalah tabel facility dengan tabel location dimana table facility merupakan parent dari tabel location, karna tabel location mengambil data dari tabel facility.

5.

alter table location

add constraint \_locno

foreign key (facno) references facility (facno);

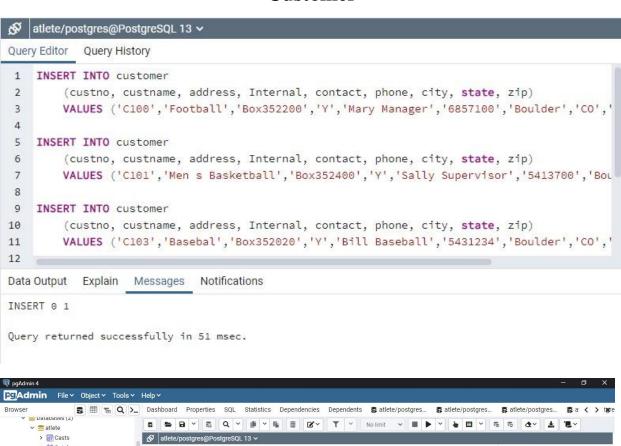


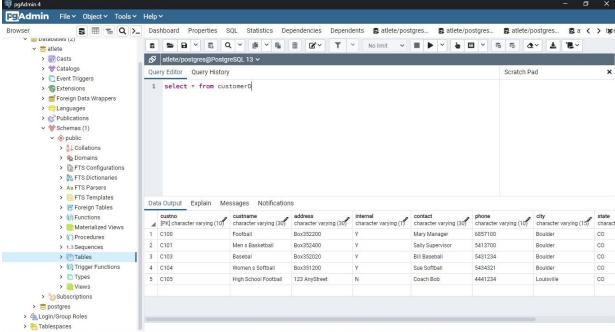
6. Null tidak boleh digunakan dalam foreign key. Disini saya ingin menjelaskan mengapa foreign key mungkin perlu nol atau mungkin perlu unik atau tidak unik. Pertama, ingat foreign key hanya mengharuskan nilai di bidang itu harus ada terlebih dahulu di tabel yang berbeda (tabel induk). Itu semua adalah definisi FK. Null menurut definisi bukanlah nilai. Null artinya kita belum tahu berapa nilainya.

7. alter table facilityadd constraint facilitynameunique (facname);



## Pengisian Data Customer

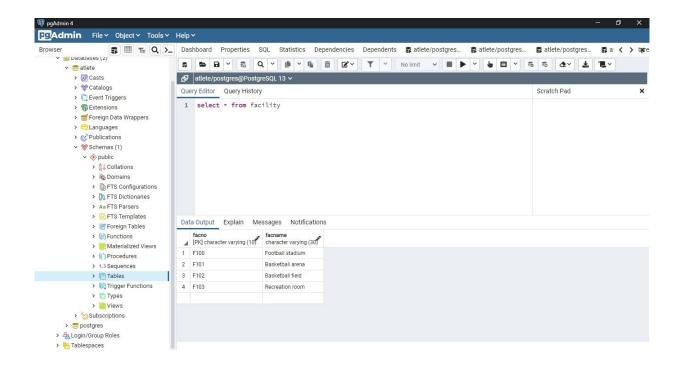




## **Pengisian Data Facility**

```
Query Editor
           Query History
 1
    INSERT INTO facility
        (facno, facname)
 2
        VALUES ('F100', 'Football stadium');
 3
 4
 5
    INSERT INTO facility
 6
 7
        (facno, facname)
        VALUES ('F101', 'Basketball arena');
 8
 9
    INSERT INTO facility
10
        (facno, facname)
11
12
        VALUES ('F102', 'Basketball field');
Data Output
           Explain
                   Messages
                             Notifications
INSERT 0 1
```

Query returned successfully in 43 msec.



## **Pengisian Data Location**

```
atlete/postgres@PostgreSQL 13 >
Query Editor
            Query History
22
         (locno, facno, locname)
         VALUES ('L104', 'F100', 'Ticket Booth');
23
24
25
26
     INSERT INTO location
         (locno, facno, locname)
27
         VALUES ('L105', 'F101', 'Gate');
28
29
30
    INSERT INTO location
31
         (locno, facno, locname)
32
         VALUES ('L106', 'F100', 'Pedestrian gate');
33
Data Output
           Explain
                     Messages
                                Notifications
INSERT 0 1
```

Query returned successfully in 48 msec.

