

CHAPTER 6

Aksara Jawa

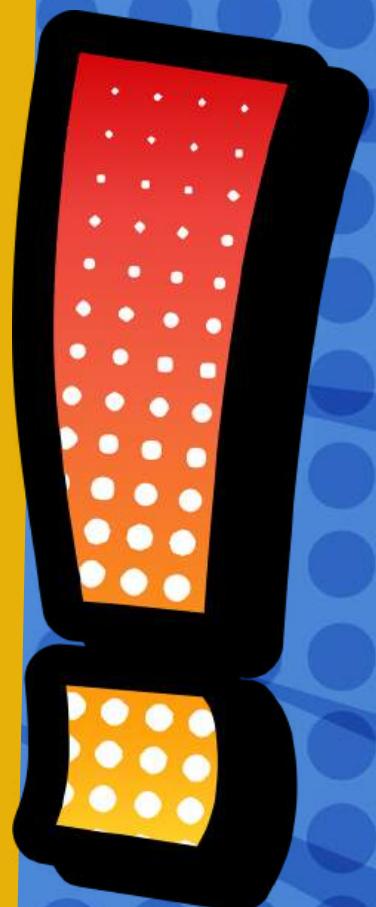
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PENGERTIAN

Sistem penulisan yang **menggunakan** huruf dan angka untuk menulis bahasa Jawa. Aksara Jawa **juga dikenal** dengan nama Hanacaraka, Carakan, atau Dentawyanjana. **Terdiri dari** huruf dasar, aksara swara, sandhangan, huruf khusus, tanda baca, dan tanda tata tulis. Mengutip buku '**Hakikat Ilmu Pengetahuan Budaya**' (2018) oleh **Rahayu Surtiati Hidayat**, Hanacaraka berasal dari huruf Dewanagari, India. Huruf Hanacaraka berjumlah 20, yaitu ha, na, ca, ra, ka, da, ta, sa, wa, la, pa, dha, ja, ya, nya, ma, ga, ba, tha, dan nga.





AKSARA WUDA

Baboning Pepak Basa Jawa
karya Budi Anwari (2020)

ORIGIN

Ajisaka, a king from the Kingdom of Medang Kamulan, had two loyal followers named **Dora and Sembada**. One day, Ajisaka ordered Dora to meet Sembada to retrieve his heirloom. However, when Dora asked Sembada to hand over the heirloom, Sembada refused because he was still holding on to Ajisaka's previous command, which stated that only Ajisaka himself could take the heirloom. Eventually, both servants grew suspicious of each other, believing that the other intended to steal the heirloom for personal gain. This **misunderstanding** led to a battle between them, resulting in both of their deaths. Afterwards, Ajisaka composed a poem known as Hanacaraka, which became the foundation of the **Javanese script / Asksara Jawa**.

HANACARAKA

හා නා උණ නෑ මා

Ha

Na

Ca

Ra

Ka



THERE IS A DIVINE ENVOY IN LIFE

In life, there are those who put trust, those who are trusted, and those who are entrusted with work. These three elements are God, humans, and the duties of humans as creations.

DATASAWALA

ଦା ତା ସା ଓ ଲା

Da

Ta

Sa

Wa

La



THEY HOLD DIFFERING VIEWS

From the moment humans are created until the time they are called (data), they must not resist (sawala). Therefore, in this life, humans must be willing to carry out, accept, and live according to the will of God.

PADHAJAYANYA

ਪਾ ਧਾ ਜਾ ਯਾ ਨਿਆ

Pa

Dha

Ja

Ya

Nya



THEY ARE EVENLY MATCHED

It illustrates the process of the union between the life-giving essence (the Divine) and the one who receives life (the creature). The philosophical meaning of this line is that every human soul inevitably aligns with their actions.

MAGABATHANGA

မဂာ ဘာ ပါ သာ နာ

Ma

Ga

Ba

Tha

Nga



INILAH MAYAT MEREKA

menerima segala yang diperintahkan dan yang dilarang oleh Tuhan Yang Maha Kuasa. Maksudnya manusia harus pasrah, sumarah pada garis kodrat, meskipun manusia diberi hak untuk menanggulanginya. Misalnya ga boleh korupsi, ya beneran jangan korupsi, meskipun punya kekuasaan untuk melakukan korupsi.

SANDHANGAN

- The vowels are a, i, u, e, and o.

The vowel "e" has two variations:

"E taling" as in the pronunciation of "Day"

"E pepet" as in the pronunciation of "Problem"

- Consonants

These special consonants are r, h, and ng. For example, "car", "dish", "sing"

SANDHANGAN

Nama Sandhangan	Aksara Jawa	Keterangan	Nama Sandhangan	Aksara Jawa	Keterangan
Wulu	○	tanda vokali	Wignyan	ᬁ	tanda ganti konsonan h
Suku	U	tanda vokalu	Cecak	↶	tanda ganti konsonan ng
Taling	☰	tanda vokal é	Pangkon	˩	tanda penghilang vokal
Pepet	○	tanda vokal e	Péngkal	˩˩	tanda ganti konsonan ya
Taling Tarung	☰ 2	tanda vokal o	Cakra	ڽ	tanda ganti konsonan ra
Layar	/	tanda ganti konsonan r	Cakra keret	ڽ̄	tanda ganti konsonan re

EXAMPLE

1

The word TUKU comes from ta + ka. The syllable "ta" is given a vowel marker to become "tu", and "ka" is also given a vowel marker to become "ku". When combined, they form "TUKU", which means to buy in english.



Ta

+



Ka

+



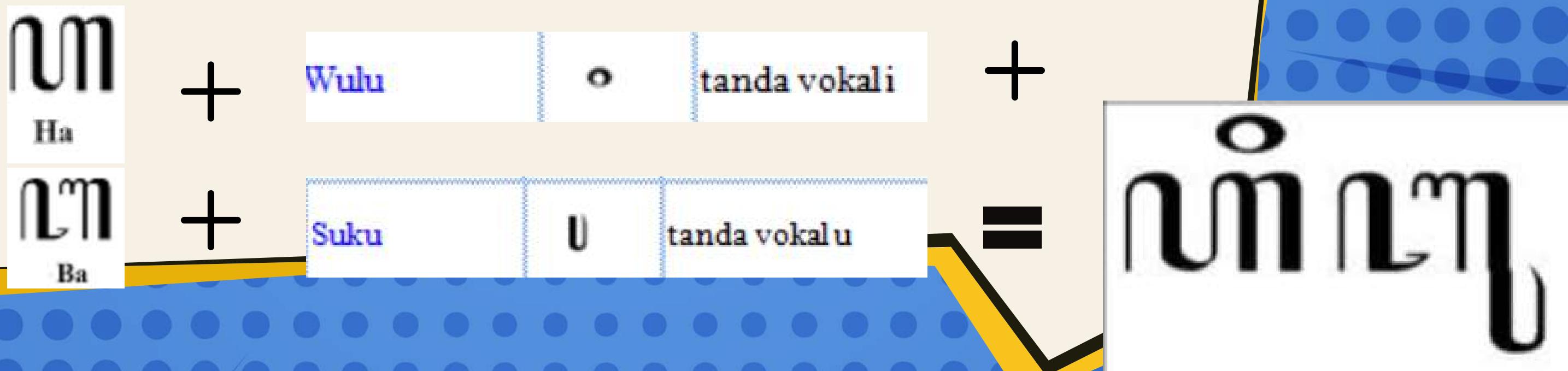
+



CONTOHNYA

2

The word **IBU** comes from **ha + ba**. The syllable "ha" is given the **wulu diacritic** to become "hi" or "i" (when the initial syllable is a vowel sound, the consonant "ha" with a diacritic can be used). Then "ba" is given a **vowel marker** to become "bu". When combined, they form "**IBU**", which means mother in english



CONTOHNYA

3

kata “GAJAH” dari “ga” dan “ja” kemudian diberi wignyan yaitu konsonan “h” sehingga menjadi “GAJAH” yang artinya dalam bahasa Indonesia juga “gajah”

m + nk +

Ga

nk

Ja

Wignyan 3

tanda ganti konsonan h

= m nk 3

PASANGAN

A sentence structure in which the final word does not end with a vowel.

PASANGAN

AKSARA PASANGAN (mati)

𠁧	𠁥	𠁦	𠁪	𠁫
h	n	c	r	k
𠁤	𠁷	𠁸	𠁹	𠁺
d	t	s	w	i
𠁢	𠁲	𠁱	𠁰	𠁱
p	dh	j	y	ny
𠁮	𠁭	𠁮	𠁯	𠁰
m	g	b	th	ng

For example, in the phrase “Mangan Sego” (Eat rice), if the letter “N” is not made into a final consonant (not “killed”), it will become “Mangana Sego,” which changes the meaning entirely.

PASANGAN

Thanks to the use of pasangan (conjunct characters), the word can be formed as “ma” + “nga” + “na” + “sa” (as a pasangan). Since the “e” in this context requires a pepet sound, the syllable “sa” is given the pepet vowel mark, not taling. Then, the syllable “ga” is marked with taling tarung.

မဏေဂန္တာရွှေမာ

VIDEO

To understand better, watch the YouTube video

Klik Ini

AKSARA JAWA #23 - Latihan Menulis Pasangan & Sandangan



LUX-...
6,14 rb...

Gabung

Subscribe

1,8 rb



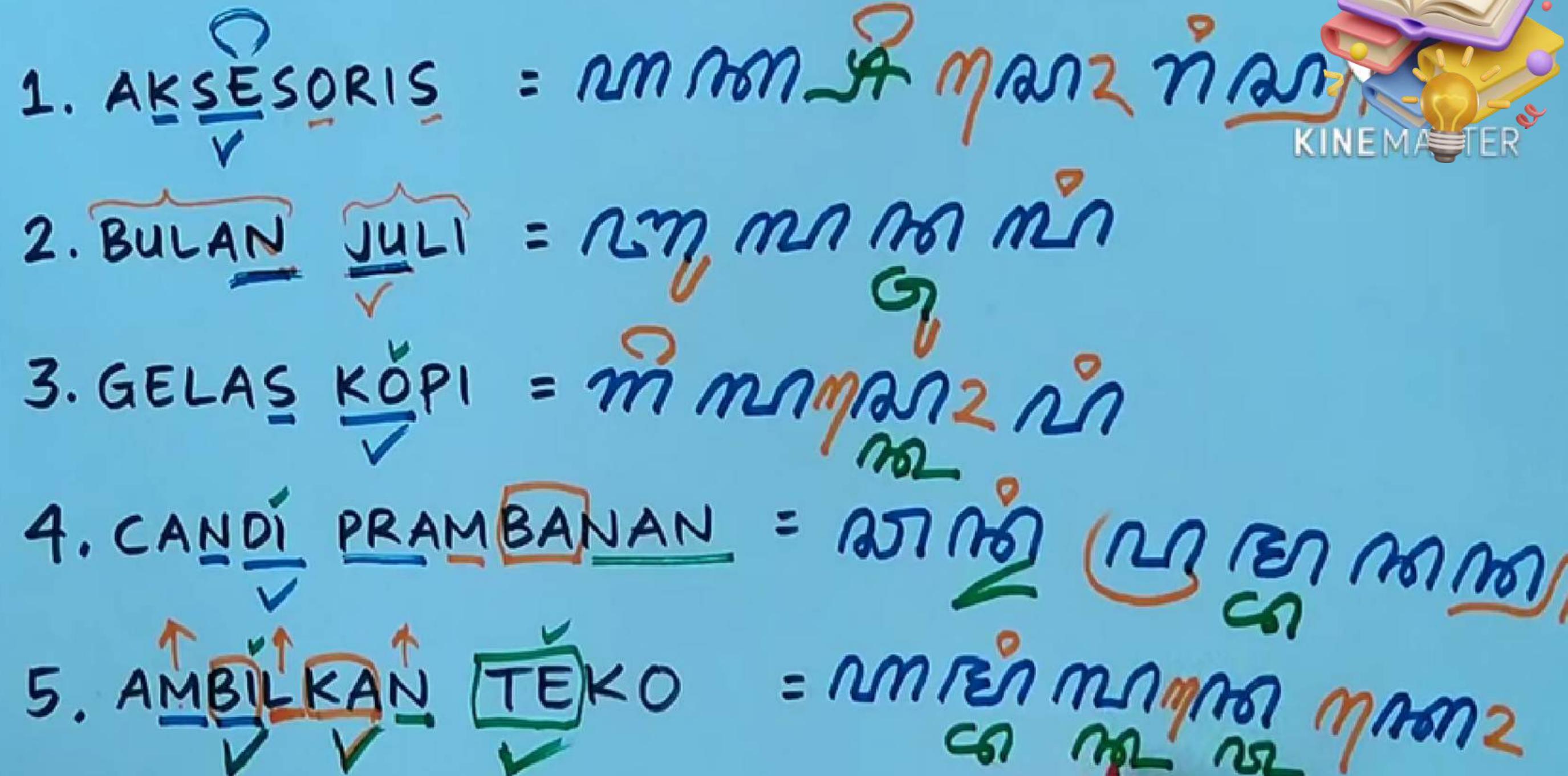
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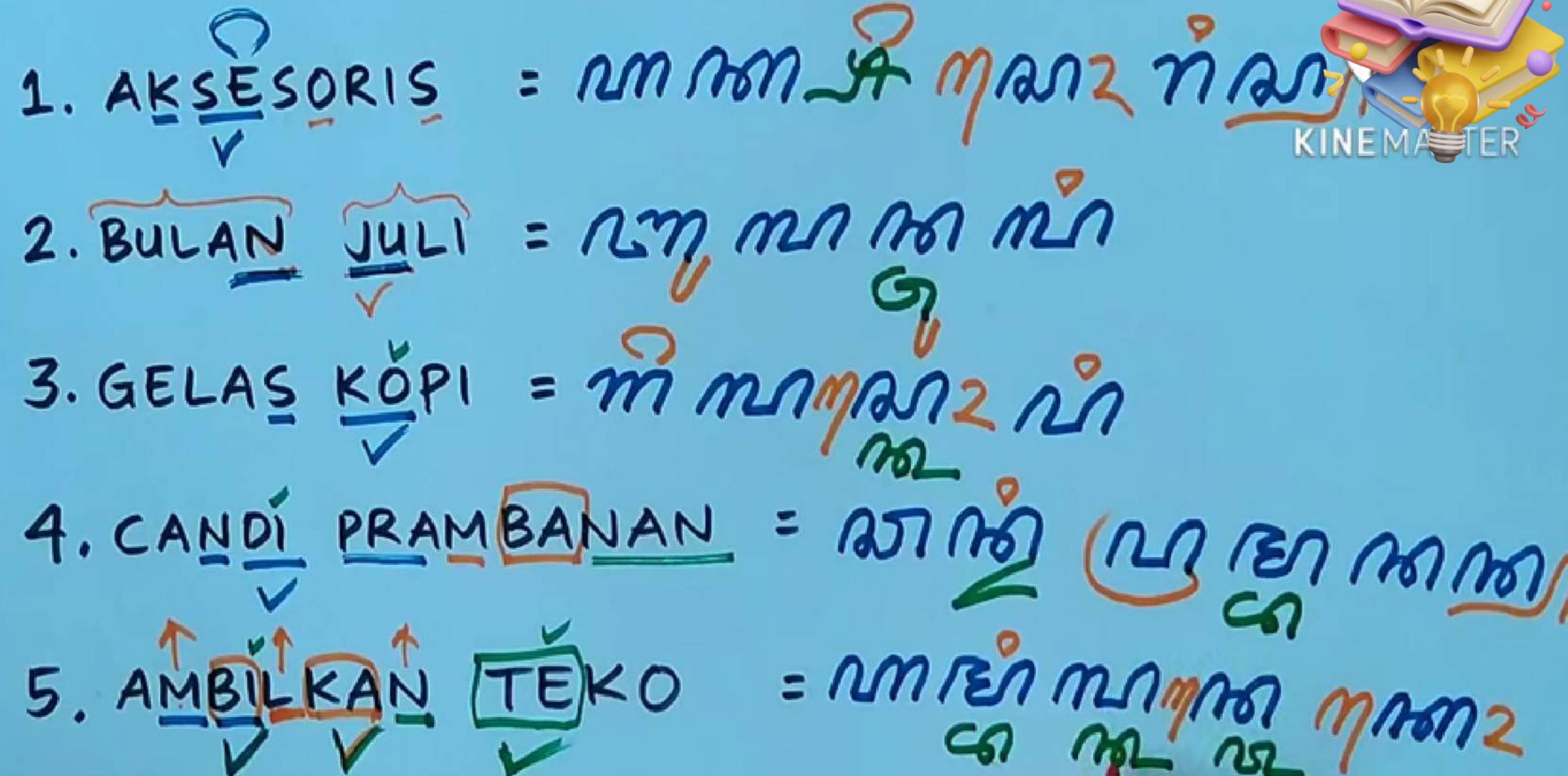
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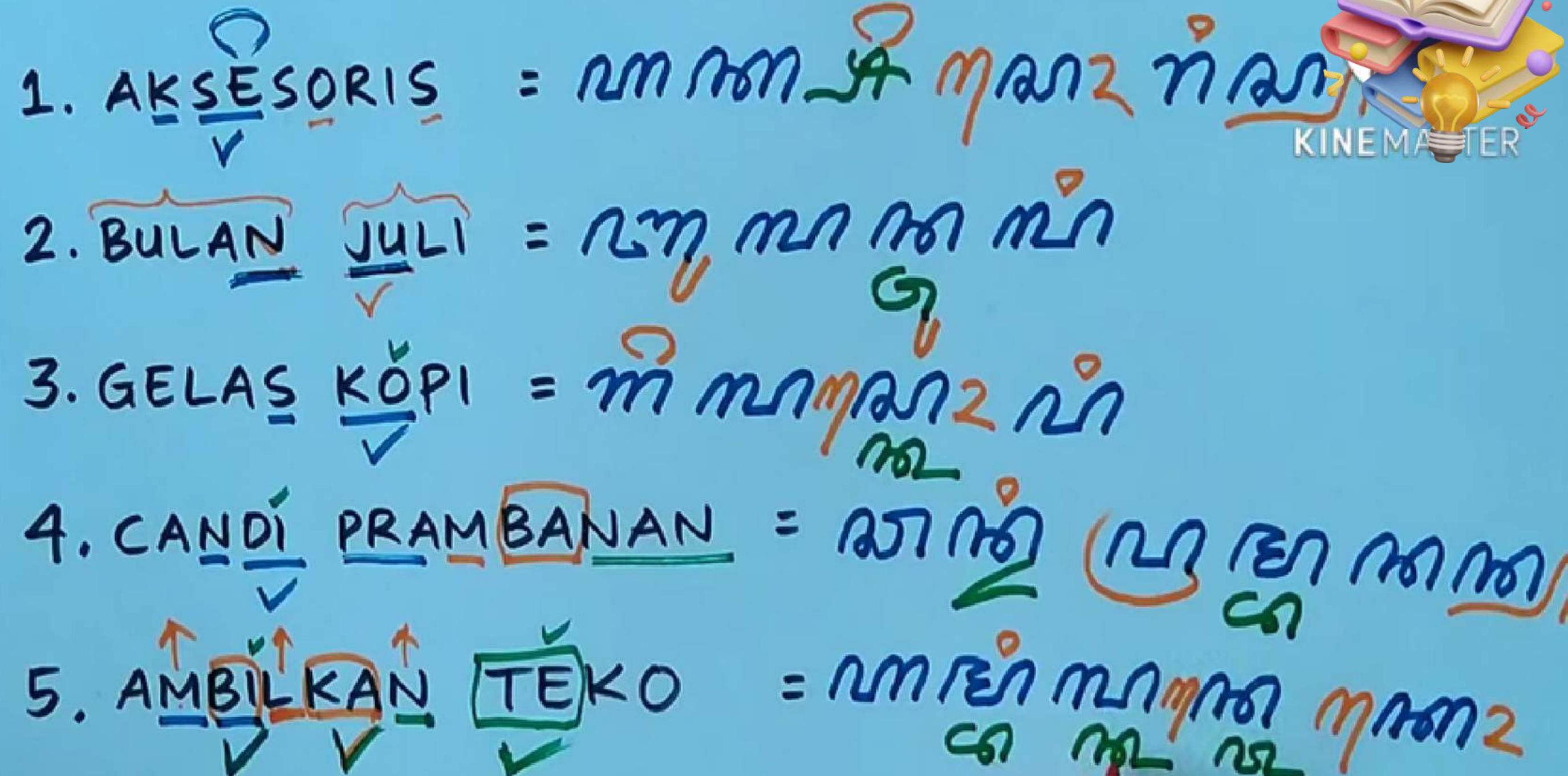
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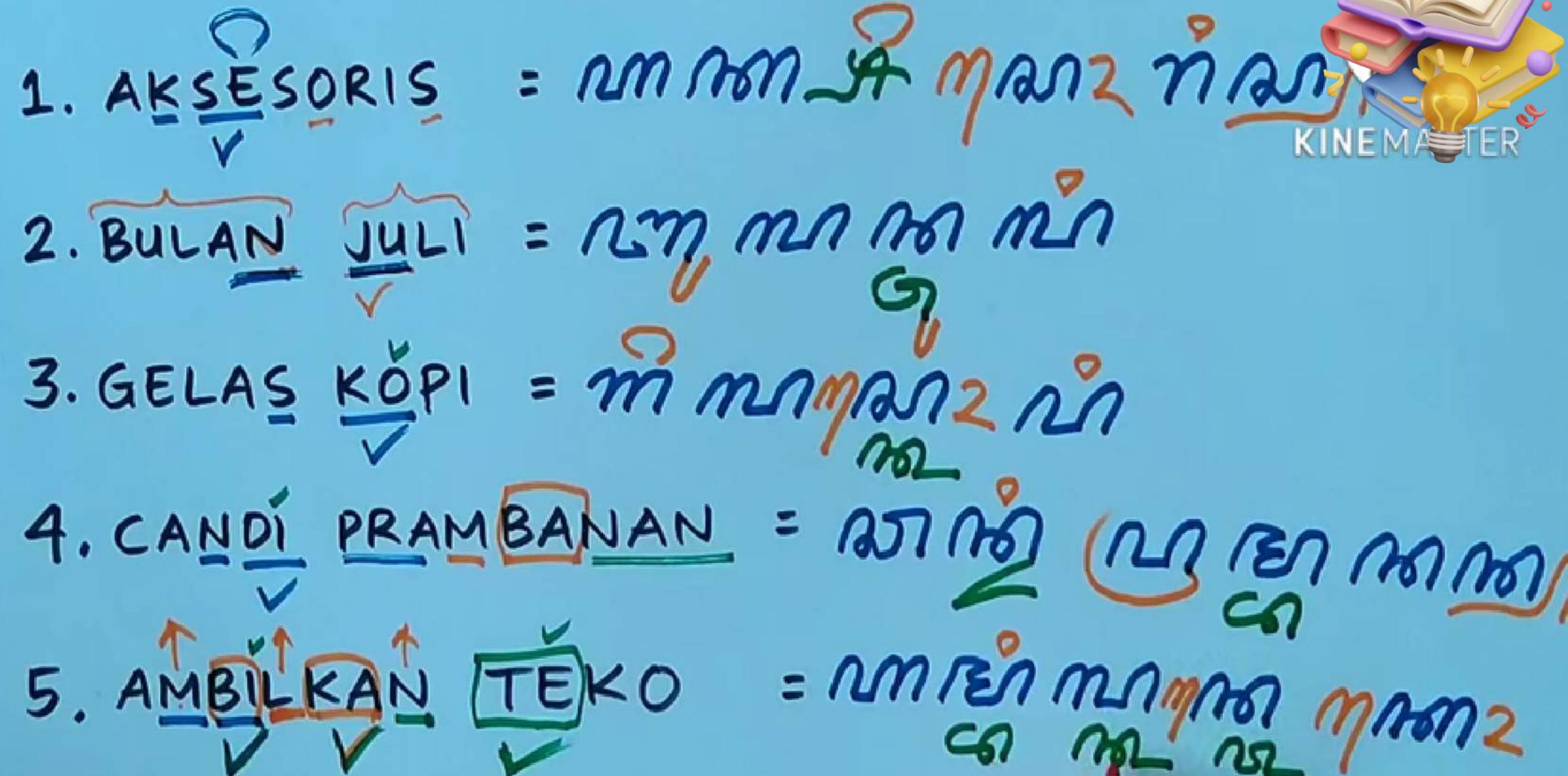
Latihan Menulis Aksara Jawa
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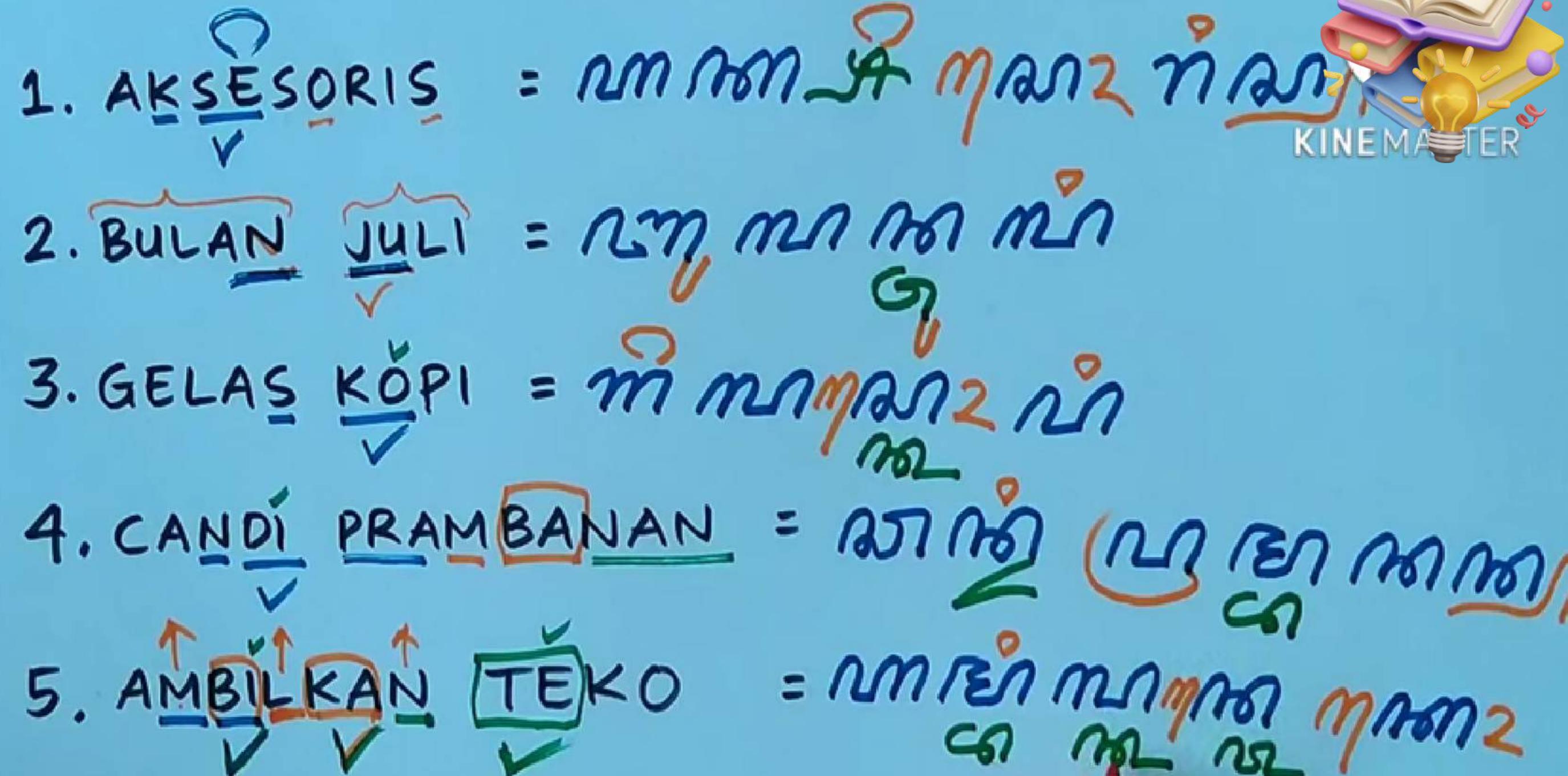
EXAMPLE

1. AKSESORIS =  

2. BULAN JULI =  

3. GELAS KOPI =  

4. CANDI PRAMBANAN =  

5. AMBIL KAN TEKO =  


WILANGAN

Numbers in Aksara Jawa

WILANGAN

ANGKA

m	၂	၃	၄	၅
1	2	3	4	5
ၶ	ၴ	ၵ	ၷ	ၶ
6	7	8	9	0

FAKTA

avanese numbers must be enclosed with the symbol '᳚' at the beginning and end

For example, 2020 is written as: ᳚០᳚០᳚០᳚.