



Background

- Invertase is an important enzyme that has many applications in the food industry, including the production of high-fructose corn syrup and other sweeteners.
- The isolation and purification of invertase from Saccharomyces cerevisiae is an important step in the production of this enzyme at an industrial scale.
- The activity of invertase can be measured by its ability to break down sucrose into glucose and fructose, and this activity can be quantified using a spectrophotometer and a colorimetric assay.
- The standard curve generated in this experiment can be used to determine the concentration of glucose in the samples, which can then be used to calculate the activity of the invertase enzyme.

Procedure: Isolation of Invertase

The yeast extract solution was centrifuged at 7500rpm for 2 minutes at 4°C.

Ice-cold ethanol was added to the supernatant to obtain a final concentration of 29%, followed by inversion, and centrifugation at 10000rpm for 10 minutes at 4°C.

The supernatant was transferred to another tube, and the ethanol was completely removed. The pellet was resuspended in 600µL of 5mM Tris-Cl, pH 7.4.

Ice-cold ethanol was added to the supernatant to obtain a final concentration of 40%. The mixture was inverted, placed on ice for 2 minutes, and centrifuged at 10000rpm for 10 minutes at 4°C.

The activity of the five suspensions obtained after centrifugation was tested.

Procedure: Activity testing

5μL of the sample was added to 50μL freshly diluted 20mM sucrose solution.



The mixture was incubated at room temperature for 5min.



200µL alkaline DNS was added to the mixture.



The mixture was incubated at 90oC for 5min.



All the absorbance readings taken at 540nm were recorded, and the enzyme activity was calculated using a standard curve.



A blank was prepared using 5μL of Tris-Cl (instead of a sample) + sucrose+ DNS+ acetate.



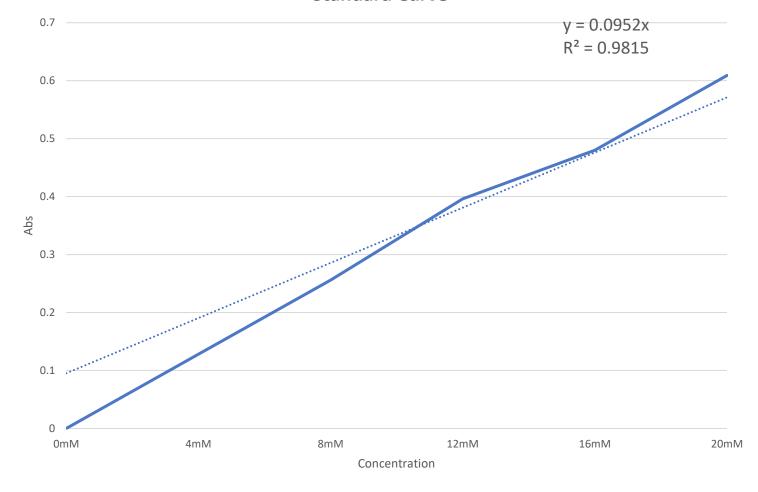
200µL of 50mM acetate, pH 4.8, was added to the mixture.

Observation

Std curve readings									
Blank	4mN	VI	8mM	12mM	10	6mM	20mM		
	0	0.128	0.25	66 0.	396	0.48	0.609		
Sample readings									
S0		S1	S2	S3		S4	S5		
0.00	00	0.042	0.23	31 0.	085	0.266	0.272		

Standard Curve

Standard Curve



Calculating glucose concentrations

Sample	Abs	Concentration
S0	0	0.000
S1	0.042	4.412
S2	0.231	24.265
S3	0.085	8.929
S4	0.266	27.941
S5	0.272	28.571

- Concentration = (Abs*Dilution factor)/0.0952
- Since y = 0.0952 and Dilution factor = 10

Enzyme activity calculation

Sample	Abs	Conc	ΔC = (20 – Conc)	Activity
S0	0	NA		
S1	0.042	4.412	15.588	3.118
S2	0.231	24.265	-4.265	-0.853
S3	0.085	8.929	11.071	2.214
S4	0.266	27.941	-7.941	-1.588
S5	0.272	28.571	-8.571	-1.714
			AVG =	0.235

Result

Enzyme activity of Invertase

= 0.235*1000

= 235 U/mL



Thank you

