MICROSOFT OFFICE WORD 97–2007 BINARY FILE FORMAT SPECIFICATION [*. doc]

Includes Binary File Format Documentation
Relevant To:

Microsoft Office Word 2007

Microsoft Office Word 2003

Microsoft Office Word 2002

Microsoft Office Word 2000

Microsoft Office Word 1997





Microsoft Office Word 97-2007 Binary File Format (.doc) Specification

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Table of Contents

| Table of Contents | 4 |
|---|----|
| Note | 8 |
| Additions to Word 2007 | 8 |
| Word and .Doc Files | 8 |
| Definitions | 10 |
| Naming Conventions | 20 |
| Format of the Summary Info Stream in a Word File | 21 |
| Format of the Main Stream in a Word Non-Complex File | 21 |
| Format of the Main Stream in a Complex File | 22 |
| Format of the Table Stream | 22 |
| Format of the Data Stream | 27 |
| Format of the Custom XML Storage (Added in Word 2007) | 28 |
| FIB | 28 |
| Text | 29 |
| Character and Paragraph Formatting Properties | 32 |
| Bin Tables | 34 |
| Style Sheet | 34 |
| STSHI | 36 |
| Introduced in Word 2003: | 37 |
| STD | 38 |
| List Tables | 47 |
| LST Records and the rglst | 47 |
| List Names and the sttbListNames | 48 |
| LFO Records and the pllfo | |
| Paragraph List Formatting | |
| SPRM Definitions | |
| Paragraph SPRMs | |
| Picture SPRMs | |
| Section SPRMs | |
| Table sprms | 66 |
| Complex SPRMs | |
| Complex Paragraph SPRMs | |
| Complex Character SPRMs | |
| Complex Picture SPRMs | |
| Complex Section SPRMs | 78 |

| Complex Table SPRMs | 79 |
|--|--------------|
| Complex File Format | 83 |
| Algorithm to determine the BOUNDS OF A PARAGRAPH containing a certain chara in a complex file | 84 file |
| Algorithm to determine TABLE PROPERTIES for a table row in a complex file Algorithm to determine the CHARACTER PROPERTIES of a character in a complex | 85 x file |
| Algorithm to determine the SECTION PROPERTIES of a section in a complex file. Algorithm to determine the PIC of a picture in a complex file | 86 86 |
| Headers and Footers | 87 |
| Page Table | 88 |
| Glossary Files | 88 |
| Routing Slip | 89 |
| Auto Summary | 89 |
| STTBFASSOC (Table of Associated Strings) | 89 |
| Structure Definitions | |
| AnnoTation Reference Descriptor for Word 2000 (ATRDPre10) | 90 |
| AnnoTation Reference Descriptor Additions for Word 2002 (ATRDPost10) | |
| AnnoTation Reference Descriptor (ATRD) | 92 |
| Auto Numbered List Data Descriptor (ANLD) | 92 |
| Auto Numbered List Data Descriptor for Word 97 (ANLD80) | |
| Auto Number Level Descriptor (ANLV) | |
| Auto Number Level Descriptor for Word 97 (ANLV80) | 95 |
| AutoSummary Analysis (ASUMY) | 95 |
| AutoSummary Info (ASUMYI) | |
| Bin Table Entry (BTE) | |
| BreaK Descriptor (BKD) | |
| BooKmark First descriptor (BKF) | |
| BooKmark Lim descriptor (BKL) | |
| Border Code (BRC) | |
| Border Code for Word 97 (BRC80) | |
| Border Code for WinWord 1.0 (BRC70) | |
| Border Code for WinWord 1.0 (BRC10) | |
| Table of LIDs | |
| Character Property Exceptions (CHPX) | |
| Date and Time (internal date format) (DTTM) | |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |

| Drop Cap Specifier(DCS) | |
|--|-----|
| Document Properties (DOP) | |
| Number Format Table | |
| Drawing Object Grid (DOGRID) | 135 |
| Document Typography Info (DOPTYPOGRAPHY) | 135 |
| Field Descriptor (FLD) | 136 |
| File Shape Address (FSPA) | 139 |
| Font Family Name (FFN) | |
| File Information Block (FIB) | 141 |
| Footnote Reference Descriptor (FRD) | 167 |
| Formatted Disk Page for CHPXs (CHPX FKP) | 167 |
| Formatted Disk Page for PAPXs (PAPX FKP) | 168 |
| Hyphenation (HRESI) | 169 |
| List LeVeL (on File) (LVLF) | 169 |
| Line Spacing Descriptor (LSPD) | 170 |
| LiST Data (on File) (LSTF) | 170 |
| List Format Override (LFO) | 171 |
| List Format Override for a single LeVeL (LFOLVL) | 172 |
| Outline LiST Data (OLST) | 172 |
| Outline LiST Data for Word 97 (OLST80) | 172 |
| Number Revision Mark Data (NUMRM) | 172 |
| Page Descriptor (PGD) | 173 |
| Paragraph Height (PHE) | 174 |
| Paragraph Properties (PAP) | |
| Paragraph Property Exceptions (PAPX) | 180 |
| Picture Bullet Information (PBI) | |
| Picture Descriptor (on File) (PICF) | 181 |
| Piece Descriptor (PCD) | 183 |
| Plex of CPs stored in File (PLCF) | |
| Property Modifier(variant 1) (PRM) | |
| Property Modifier(variant 2) (PRM) | |
| Routing Slip (RS) | |
| Routing Recipient (RR) | |
| Section Descriptor (SED) | |
| Section Properties (SEP) | |
| Section Property Exceptions (SEPX) | |
| Shading Descriptor (SHD) | |
| Shading Descriptor for Word 97 (SHD80) | |
| Spelling State Mark (SPLS) | 191 |
| Tab Descriptor (TBD) | |
| Table Cell Descriptors (TC) | |
| Table Cell Diagonal Borders (TCD) | |
| Table Autoformat Look sPecifier (TLP) | 194 |

| Table Properties (TAP) | 197 |
|---|-----|
| TeXtBoX Story (FTXBXS) | 203 |
| WorK Book (WKB) | 203 |
| Information Rights Management (IRM) | 204 |
| DataSpaces | 204 |
| DRMContent | 204 |
| DRMViewerContent | 204 |
| Appendix A - Reading a Macintosh PICT Graphic | 205 |
| Appendix B – Calculation of font (FTC) and language (LID) | 206 |

Note

Many of the structures written into Microsoft® Office Word 2007 .doc files differ slightly from the corresponding structures Word uses internally. The file-specific version of a structure is typically named by adding a preceding or (more often) trailing "F". For example, Word uses a PLC (**PL**ex of **C**ps (Character positions)) internally, but writes to files a PLCF (**PL**ex of **C**ps in **F**ile). Many discussions in this document use the name of the internal structure when the file-specific structure is what is really being referred to. The reader should remember that the name of a seemingly undefined structure type may simply be missing a leading or trailing "F".

Additions to Word 2007

There were several additions to the binary file format with the release of Microsoft Office Word 2007. Word 2007 introduces a new XML-based file format. While this new format is the default format for documents saved by Word 2007, Word 2007 also provides the capability to save files to the binary Word file format used in previous versions.

Additions to the Word binary file format include the following:

- Addition of a new custom XML storage
- Addition of several new records to the Office Drawing Layer (Escher)

Word 2007 adds a new custom XML storage to the binary file format to store custom XML information for documents created in Word 2007. This release of the Word binary file format documentation includes information about the custom XML storage. The additions to this binary file format documentation are preceded with the note: "Added in Word 2007".

Word 2007 adds several new records to the binary file format to store information about documents created in Word 2007. Each of these records stores information about features specific to Word 2007. This data is preserved in the binary format so that when reopened in Word 2007, documents retain data and features that are only available in the newer version. Information on these new records to the Office Drawing Layer is documented in the Office Drawing Binary File Format documentation.

Word and .Doc Files

The binary format for Microsoft Word 97 and later versions is based on a structure referred to as a .doc file or "compound file". Compound File Binary format is documented at

 $\frac{http://download.microsoft.com/download/0/B/E/0BE8BDD7-E5E8-422A-ABFD-4342ED7AD8}{86/WindowsCompoundBinaryFileFormatSpecification.pdf}.$

A Word .doc file consists of a:

- Main stream
- Summary information stream
- Table stream
- Data stream
- Custom XML storage (Added in Word 2007)
- 0 or more object streams which contain private data for OLE 2.0 objects embedded within the Word document

The summary information stream is described in the **Format of the Summary Info Stream** in a **Word File** section.

The object stream contains binary data for embedded objects. Word has no knowledge of the contents ofthis stream.

The majority of this document describes the contents of the main stream and the table stream.

Definitions

API (Application Programming Interface):

A set of libraries, functions, definitions, etc. providing an interface to a programming environment or model.

bin table

Each FKP can be viewed as a bucket or **bin** that contains the properties of a certain range of FCs in the Word file. In Word files, a PLC, the plcfbte (**PL**ex of F**C**s containing **B**in **T**able **E**ntries) is maintained. It records the association between a particular range of FCs and the PN (**P**age **N**umber) of the FKP that contains the properties for that FC range in the file. In a **complex** (fast-saved) Word document, FKP pages are intermingled with pages of text in a random pattern which reflects the history of past fast saves. In a complex document, a plcfbteChpx which records the location of every CHPX FKP must be stored and a plcfbtePapx which records the location of every PAPX FKP must be stored. In a **non-complex**, full-saved document, all of the CHPX FKPS are recorded in consecutive **512**-byte pages with the FKPs recorded in ascending FC order, as are all of the PAPX FKPS. A plcfbteLvcx serves the same purpose for LVCX FKPS.

In a full save document, the plcfbte's may not have been able to expand during the save process due to a lack of RAM. In this situation, the plcfbte's are interspersed with the property pages in a linked list of FBD pages.

bookmark

A **bookmark** associates a user defined name to a range of text within a document. A bookmark is frequently used as an operand in **field code** instructions within a field. A bookmark is represented by three parallel data structures, the <code>sttbBkmk</code>, the <code>plcbkf</code> and the <code>plcbkl</code>. The <code>sttbBkmk</code> is a string table which contains the name of each defined bookmark. The <code>plcbkf</code> records the beginning <code>CP</code> position of each bookmark. The <code>plcbkl</code> records the limit <code>CP</code> position that delimits the end of a bookmark. Since bookmarks may be nested within one another to any level, the <code>BKF</code> structure stored in the <code>plcbkf</code> consists of a single index that identifies which <code>plcbkl</code> marks the end of the bookmark. The <code>BKL</code> structure is not written to the file and the <code>plcbkl</code> contains only <code>CPs</code>.

character style

A named character property exception that can be associated with any number of runs of text in a Word document's text stream. When a run of text is tagged with a particular **character style**, a chpx defined for the character style is applied to the character properties defined for the paragraph style of the paragraph that contains the text. This means that the character style can change one or more of the character property field settings specified by the paragraph style of a paragraph to a particular setting without changing the value of any other field.

CHP (CHaracter Properties)

The data structure describing the character properties of a run of text.

CHPX (Character Property Exception)

A data structure describing how a particular CHP differs from a reference CHP. In Word 6.0, the CHPX simply consists of a <code>grpprl</code> applied to the reference CHP to produce the originally encoded CHP. By applying a CHPX to the character properties (CHP) inherited by a particular paragraph from its **style**, it is possible to reconstitute the CHP for the portion of the character run that intersects that paragraph.

COLORREF

Used to specify an explicit RGB color, the COLORREF value has the following hexadecimal form:

0x00bbggrr

The low-order byte contains a value for the relative intensity of red, the second byte contains a value for green, and the third byte contains a value for blue. The high-order byte must be zero. The maximum value for a single byte is 0xFF.

The intensity for each argument is in the range 0 through 255. If all three intensities are zero, the result is black. If all three intensities are 255, the result is white.

CP (Character Position):

A four-byte integer specifying the position coordinate of a character of text within the logical text stream of a document.

Custom XML Datastore (*Added in Word 2007***):**

The custom XML data store specifies custom defined XML files contained in the binary Microsoft Word 97 format or the Office Open XML Formats.

data stream:

The stream within a Word .doc file containing various data that anchors to characters in the main stream. For example, binary data describing in-line pictures and/or form fields.

docfile:

An OLE 2.0 compatible multi-stream file. Word files are .doc files.

document:

A named, multi-linked list of data structures, representing an ordered stream of text with properties produced by a user of Microsoft Word.

DOP (DOcument Properties)

The data structure describing properties that apply to the document as a whole.

Dxas

embedded object

The native data for embedded objects (OBJs) is stored similarly to pictures (PICs). To locate the native data for Embedded objects, scan the plc of field codes for the mother, header, footnote and annotation, textbox and header textbox documents (fib.PlcffldMom/Hdr/Ftn/Atn/Txbx/HdrTxbx). For each separator field, get the chp.

If <code>chp.fSpec=1</code> and <code>chp.fObj=1</code>, then this separator field has an associated embedded object. The file location of the object data is stored in <code>chp.fcObj</code>. At the specified location an object header is stored followed by the native data for the object. See the <code>_OBJHEADER</code> structure.

If chp.fole2=1, then this separator field has an associated OLE2 object. The fcPic will be a unique integer that specifies the name of the object's sub-storage instead of an offset into the data stream.

fast-saved (or complex) file:

A Word file in which the physical order of characters stored in the file does not match the logical order of characters in the document that the file represents. A **piece table** must be stored in the file to describe the text stream of the document. Due to Unicode compression to code page 1252, all files (simple and complex) now contain a piece table.

FC(File Character position):

A four-byte integer which is the byte offset of a character (or other object) from the beginning of a stream of the .doc file. Before a file has been edited (i.e. in a full saved Word document), CPs can be transformed into FCs by adding the FC coordinate of the beginning

of a document's text stream to the CP. After a file has been edited (i.e. in a fast-saved Word document), the mapping from CP to FC is recorded in the **piece table** (see below).

FIB (File Information Block):

The header of a Word file. Begins at offset 0 in the file. This gives the beginning offset and lengths of the document's text stream and subsidiary data structures within the file. Also stores other file status information.

field

A field is a two-part structure that may be recorded in the CP stream of a document. The first part of the structure contains **field codes** which instruct Word to insert text into the second part of the structure, the **field result**. Fields in Word are used to insert text from an external file or to quote another part of a document, to mark index and table of contents entries and produce indexes and tables of contents, maintain DDE links to other programs, to produce dates, times, page numbers, sequence numbers, etc. There are 91 different field types.

A **field begin mark** delimits the beginning of a field and precedes any of the field codes stored in the field. The end of the field codes and the beginning of the field result is marked with the **field separator** and the field result and the field itself are terminated by a **field end mark**.

The CP locations of the field begin mark, field separator, and field end mark are recorded in plcfld data structures that are maintained for the main document and all of the subdocuments of the main document whenever a field is inserted or edited. A field can be **dead**, in which case it has no field separator, no field result, and no entry in the plcfld. (See the definition of the FLD structure for a list of possible dead field code strings.) An array of two-byte FLD structures is stored in the plcfld in a 1-to-1 correspondence with the recorded CP entries. An FLD associated with a **field begin mark** records the type of the field. An FLD associated with the **field end mark** records the current status of the field (i.e. whether the result is dirty or has been edited, whether the result has been locked, etc.)

Fields may be nested. Twenty (20) levels of nesting are permitted.

FKP (Formatted disK Page):

A data structure that fits in one 512-byte page that encodes either the character properties or the paragraph properties of a certain portion of a Word .doc file. An FKP consists of four components:

- 1) a count of the number of runs or paragraphs described by the page.
- 2) an array of FCs recorded in ascending order demarcating the boundaries between runs or paragraphs that are recorded adjacent to one another in the Word file.
- 3) In **character** FKPs an array of offsets within the FKP in one to one correspondence with the array of FCs that locate the properties of the run that begins at a particular FC.

In LVC FKPs an array of offsets within the FKP in 1-to-1 correspondence with the array of FCs that locate the LVCXs that describe the run that begins at a particular FC.

In **paragraph** FKPs an array of BX structures follows the array of FCs in 1 to 1 correspondence with the array of FCs. Each BX begins with an offset that locates the properties of the paragraph that begins at a particular FC. The remainder of the BX contains a PHE structure that encodes information about the height of the paragraph that begins at that FC.

4) a group of CHPXs if the FKP stores character properties, a group of PAPXs if the FKP stores paragraph and table properties, or a group of LVCXs if the FKP stores paragraph level and numbering cache information.

To find the CHPX/PAPX corresponding to a particular character in a document, calculate the FC coordinate for that character. Then search through the **bin table** for the type of property you want to produce, to find the FKP in the document stream whose array of FCs encompasses the FC of the document character.

Then search within the FKP to find the index of the largest FC entry that is less than or equal to the FC of the document character. Use this index to look up an offset in the array of offsets (for **character** FKPs) or look up an offset in the array of BXs (for **paragraph** FKPs) within the FKP. Add this offset to the beginning address of the FKP in memory. This will be the first byte of the desired CHPX/PAPX.

full-saved (or non-complex) file:

A Word file in which the physical order of characters stored in the file is identical to the logical order of characters in the document that the file represents. The text stream of a non-complex file can be described by an fc (an offset from the beginning of the file) to mark where the text begins and a ccp (count of CPs) to record how many characters are stored in the text stream. Due to Unicode compression to code page 1252, all files (simple and complex) now contain a piece table. However, a full-saved piece table will not have property modifiers (prms) and all text in the file is referenced by the piece table.

grpprl (group of prls):

A grpprl is a data structure that records a set of sprms. The 0th sprm is recorded at offset 0 of the structure. Any succeeding sprms are recorded immediately after the end of the preceding sprm. To traverse a grpprl and locate the sprms recorded within it, it's necessary to fetch the opcode of the first sprm, lookup the length of the sprm with that opcode, use that length to skip past the first sprm, fetch the opcode of the second sprm, lookup the length of that sprm, use the length to skip the second sprm, and so on. See the table in the "SPRM Definition" topic to determine the length of a sprm.

The phrase "apply the sprms of a grpprl (or papx or sepx)" used later in this document means to fetch the 0th <code>sprm</code> recorded in the <code>grpprl</code> and perform the action for that <code>sprm</code>, fetch the first <code>sprm</code> and perform its action, and continue this procedure until all <code>sprms</code> in the <code>grpprl</code> (or <code>papx</code> or <code>sepx</code>) have been processed.

LFO

LFO stands for List Format Override.

LFOLVLF

LFOLVLF stands for List Format Override for a Single Level.

LID

LID stands for Language ID.

LSD

LSD Stands for Latent Style Data.

LST

The LST structure is where most of the list appearance data is stored

LSTF

LST structure on File

LVC

List Level Cache information

LVCX

List Level Cache information

LVL

List Level

LVLF

List Level on File

main stream:

The stream within a Word .doc file containing the bulk of Word's binary data.

object storage:

A storage containing binary data for an embedded OLE 2.0 object. Multiple instances are referred to as "storages".

OLE 2.0:

Object Linking and Embedding 2.0.

Office Drawing object

An Office Drawing object is represented in the document stream as a special character, an ASCII 8, which has <code>chp.fSpec=1</code> for the run of text containing the character. Only main documents and header documents contain Office Drawing objects. The native data for an Office Drawing object may be obtained by taking the <code>CP</code> for the special character and using this to find the corresponding entry in the <code>plcspa</code>. An entry in this <code>plc</code> consists of a <code>FSPA</code> structure, which is described elsewhere in this document.

Office Drawing objects can have text attached to them. Text for the textboxes is stored separately in the textbox subdocument of the main or header document. The textbox subdocument contains a plotxbxs where the text from CP n to CP n+1 in the subdocument is the text which is contained in a textbox as specified in the TXBXS structure for this nth entry in the plctxbxs. Textboxes can be linked in chains of up to 32 textboxes. Ordering of textboxes in the subdocument is completely unrelated to the document structure due to the nature of textbox linking. To find the text for a given Office Drawing object, the TXID property (a long: high word is itxbxs+1, low word is the sequence number) must be fetched from the Office art data for the shape. This contains an index (itxbxs) into plctxbxs and a sequence number in the chain of linked textboxes. The text for the entire chain of linked textboxes is stored from the CP itxbxs to CP itxbxs+1 of plctxbxs. The plctxbxBkd describes the "page table" within textbox stories (where the textboxes in each linked textbox chain are thought of as "pages"). So, for each entry in the plctxbxs there is a corresponding entry in the plctxbxBkd at the same CP, and there may be additional entries in the plctxbxBkd to describe the breaks from one textbox to the next in linked textbox chains.

page (or sector):

A 512 byte segment of the main stream within a Word .doc file that begins on a 512-byte boundary. (bytes 0-511 are in page 0, bytes 512-1023 are in page 1, etc.). In Word data structures, an unsigned two-byte integer page number is given the acronym PN (for **P**age **N**umber).

PAP (PAragraph Properties)

The data structure which describes the properties of a particular paragraph.

PAPX (PAragraph Property Exception)

A data structure describing how a particular paragraph's properties differ from the paragraph properties of the style assigned to the paragraph. By applying a PAPX to the paragraph properties (PAP) inherited by a particular paragraph from its **style**, it is possible to reconstitute the PAP for that paragraph. The PAPX contains an ISTD (a style code to identify the style in control of the paragraph and a <code>grpprl</code> which specifies how the style's paragraph properties must be changed to produce the paragraph properties of the paragraph.

paragraph

A contiguous sequence of characters within the text stream of a document that is delimited by a paragraph mark, cell mark, row mark, or a section mark (these are special characters described later in this document).

paragraph style

A named set of character and paragraph properties that can be associated with any number of **paragraphs** in a Word document's text stream. A **paragraph style** provides a set of character and paragraph property defaults for the text of any paragraph tagged with that style. When a new paragraph is created and given a particular style, newly typed text is set to the character and paragraph properties of that style unless the user makes an exception to the paragraph style definition by performing other editing operations.

picture

A picture is represented in the document text stream as a special character, an ASCII 1 whose CHP has the fSpec bit set to 1. The file location of the picture in the Word binary file is stored in the character's CHP in chp.fcPic. The fcPic is a byte offset into the data stream. Beginning at the position recorded in chp.fcPic, a header data structure, the PIC, will be stored. If the picture is a reference to a TIFF file, a Picture file or an Office shape file, the name of the file is recorded immediately following the PIC in a Pascal style string. If the picture is an Office shape, a Window's metafile or a bitmap, the shape, metafile or bitmap will immediately follow the PIC. Pictures that are a reference to an Office shape file will include both the filename and the shape in that order. Pictures inserted with Word 97 and later versions are in the new Office shape format (documented elsewhere). However, pictures can be copied from older files into newer ones and their old format will persist until the picture is edited or displayed.

Some files (including all files created by Word for the Macintosh) may store Macintosh PICT pictures as well. In this case, the PIC structure is immediately followed by a standard Windows metafile depicting a large "x", so that older readers expecting only a metafile after the PIC will just display this "x". If a reader detects this standard "x" metafile, it can extract the sizes of the standard "x" metafile and the Macintosh PICT picture that follows it from an early portion of this "x" metafile. See Appendix B for a discussion of this technique.

piece table:

The **piece table** is a data structure that describes the logical seguence of characters in a Word document and records recent changes to the formatting of a Word document. It is stored in a Word file as a PLCF named the plcfpcd (PLex of Cps containing Piece **D**escriptors). The piece table relates a logical character number, called a CP (**C**haracter Position), to a physical location within a Word file (an FC). The array of CPs in the plcfpcd defines a partitioning of the Word document into disjoint pieces. The second array is an array of PCDs (Piece Descriptors) which is in 1-to-1 correspondence to the array of CPs that records the physical location in the Word file where the corresponding piece begins. To find the physical location of a particular logical character in a Word document, take the CP coordinate of that character within the document and find the piece that contains that character. This is done by finding the index of the largest CP in the array of CPs that is less than the character CP. Then reference the PCD with that index in the array of PCDs. The FC stored in the PCD gives the position of the beginning of the piece in the file. Finally, add the offset of the desired character from the beginning of its piece to the FC of the beginning of the piece. This gives a "virtual" file offset of the character. If the second most significant bit is clear, then this indicates the actual file offset of the Unicode character (two bytes). If the second most significant bit is set, then the actual address of the codepage-1252 compressed version of the Unicode character (one byte), is actually at the offset indicated by clearing this bit and dividing by two.

PL

PLCF(PLex of Cps(or FCs) stored in File):

A data structure consisting of two parallel arrays that allows a relation to be established between a certain CP position in the document text stream (or FC position in a file) and an arbitrary data structure. It consists of an array of n+1 CPs or FCs followed by an array of n instances of a particular arbitrary data structure. In typical usage, the nth CP or FC of the PLCF is in 1-to-1 correspondence with the nth instance of the arbitrary data structure, with the n+1st CP or FC marking the limit of the nth instance's influence. When a PLCF is used to record a partitioning of the document's text stream or a partitioning of the bytes stored in a file, the 0th CP/FC stored in the PLCF will be 0. When a PLCF is used to record the location of certain marks or links within the document text stream, the 0th CP/FC stored in the PLCF will record the position of the 0th mark or link. To properly interpret a PLCF stored in a Word file, the length of the stored PLCF and the length of the arbitrary data structure stored in the PLCF must be known. The length of the stored PLCF is recorded in the FIB. The lengths of the data structures stored in PLCFs within Word files are listed later in this document.

PLF(PLex stored in File):

A data structure consisting of an array of structures preceded by a long count of structures.

prm (PRoperty Modifier):

A field in piece table entries that records how the properties of text within a piece were changed to reflect user formatting operations. The prm usually contains an index to a grpprl which records the user's formatting changes as a group of sprms. If the user has made only a small change to formatting that can be expressed as a single 1 or 2-byte sprm, that sprm is stored within the prm.

run of text

A contiguous sequence of characters within the text stream of a document that have the same character formatting properties. A single run may cross paragraph boundaries and may encompass the entire document.

section

A contiguous sequence of paragraphs within the text stream of a document that is delimited by a section mark or by the final paragraph mark at the end of a document. Users frequently treat sections as the equivalent of a chapter in a book. The boundaries of sections mark locations where the layout rules for a document (number of columns, text of headers and footers to use, whether page numbers should be displayed, etc.) are changed.

SEP(SEction Properties)

The data structure describing the properties of a particular section.

SEPX(SEction Property Exceptions)

A data structure describing how the properties of a particular section differ from a Word-defined standard SEP. As in the PAPX, the differences between the SEP for a section and the standard SEP are encoded as a list of sprms that describe how the standard SEP can be transformed into the section's SEP. By applying a SEPX's sprms to the standard SEP, it is possible to reconstitute the SEP for that section.

The PLCFSED, a data structure stored in a .doc file, records the locations of all SEPXs. The array of CPs in the plcfsed records the boundaries of sections in the Word document. The second array in the plcf, an array of SEDs (**SE**ction **D**escriptors), is in 1-to-1 correspondence to the array of CPs. Each SED stores the beginning FC of the SEPX that records the properties for a section. If the FC stored in a SED is -1, the section properties of the section are exactly equal to the standard section properties.

SPLS

sprm (Single PRoperty Modifier):

An instruction to modify one or more properties within one of the property defining data structures (CHP, PAP, TAP, SEP, or PIC). It consists of an operation code which identifies the field(s) to be changed, and an operand which gives the value that a particular field is changed to or a parameter passed to a procedure to change the field or fields. A prl (property modifiers stored in a list) is a sprm plus its operand.

stream:

The physical encoding of a Word document's text and sub data structures in a random access stream within a .doc file.

STSH (STyle SHeet)

A data structure which represents every style defined within the Word document. The STSH records a unique name string for every style and associates each name with a particular CHP and/or a PAP. The indexes used to refer to individual styles are called ISTDS (Indexes to STyle Descriptors). Every PAPX for every paragraph recorded in a document contains an ISTD which identifies the style from which a paragraph inherited its default character and paragraph properties. CHPXs recorded for the text within the paragraph and PAPXs recorded for the paragraph itself encode changes that the user has made with respect to the style's default properties.

STTBF (STring TaBle stored in File)

Word has many tables of strings that are stored as Pascal-type strings. STTBFs consist of an optional short containing 0xFFFF, indicating that the strings are extended character strings, a short indicating how many strings are included in the string table, another short indicating the size in bytes of the extra data stored with each string and each string followed by the extra data. Non-extended character Pascal strings begin with a single byte length count which describes how many characters follow the length byte in the string. If pst is a pointer to an array of characters storing a Pascal style string then the length of the string is *pst+1. In an STTBF Pascal-type strings are concatenated one after another until the length of the STTBF recorded in the FIB is exhausted. Extra data associated with a string may also be stored in an sttbf. When extra data is stored for an STTBF, it is written at the end of each string. For example: the extra data for an STTBF consists of a short. If the string "Cat" were stored, the actual entry in the string table would have a length byte of 3 (3 for "Cat") followed by the bytes 'C' 'a' 't', followed by the 2 bytes containing the short. Extended character strings are stored just the same, except they have a double byte length count and each extended character occupies two bytes.

subdocument

A separate logical stream of text with properties for which correlations with the main document text are maintained. Word's headers/footers, footnotes, endnotes, macro procedure text, annotation text, and text within textboxes are kept in separate subdocuments. Each subdocument has its own CP coordinate space. In other words, data structures are stored in Word files that are components of these subdocuments. These data

structures contain CP coordinates whose 0 point is the beginning of the subdocument text stream instead of the beginning of the main document text stream.

In **full-saved documents**, a simple calculation with values stored in the FIB produces the file offset of the beginning of the subdocument text streams (if they exist). The length of these streams is also stored.

In **fast-saved documents**, the **piece tables** of subdocuments are concatenated to the end of the main document piece table. In this case, to identify the beginning of subdocument text, you must sum the length of the main document text stream with the lengths of any subdocument text streams stored ahead of the subdocument (information stored in the FIB) and treat this sum as a CP coordinate. To retrieve the text of the subdocument, you must do lookups in the piece table, starting with the piece that contains the beginning CP coordinate, to find the physical location of each piece of the subdocument text stream.

summary information stream:

The stream within a Word .doc file containing the document summary information.

table row:

A contiguous sequence of paragraphs within the text stream of a document that is partitioned into subsequences of paragraphs called **cells**. The last paragraph of each cell is terminated by a special paragraph mark called a **cell mark**. Following the cell mark that ends the last cell of a table row, the table row is terminated by a special paragraph mark called a **row mark**. When Word displays a table row, it assigns a rectangular shaped display area to each cell in the row. All of the cell display area's tops are aligned at the same vertical position on a page. The leftmost display area in a table row is assigned to the 0th cell of the row; the next display area to the right is assigned to the 1st cell of the row, etc. The text of the cell is wrapped to fit its display area. As more text is added to the cell, the cell display area extends downward. A set of table properties that determine how many cells are in a row, where the horizontal boundaries of cell display areas are, and what borders are drawn around each cell in the table is stored for the **row mark** that marks the end of the table row.

table stream:

The stream within a Word .doc file containing the various plcf's and tables that describe a document's structures.

TAP (TAble Properties):

The data structure which describes the properties of a single table row. The information in the TAP for a table row is stored in a Word file as a list of sprms that modify a TAP which has been cleared to zeros. This list of table sprms is appended to the grpprl of paragraph sprms that is recorded in the PAPX for the **row mark** that delimits the end of a **table row**.

UPE (Universal Property Expansion)

Describes the "end-result" of property formatting, i.e. what the style looks like. The UPE structure is a non-zero prefix of a UPD structure.

UPX (Universal Property eXception)

Describes the difference in formatting of a style as compared to its based-on style.

XCHAR(eXtended CHARacter set):

A data type which defines a "character". Each XCHAR corresponds to a character in the document, where "character" is defined as a glyph, regardless of whether it is a single-byte or double-byte character. With Word6 (East Asian), Word95 (East Asian), Word97/all and future versions of Word, this is defined as a 16-bit integer corresponding to the Unicode character code of the glyph.

XST

Note In this document, bit 0 is the low-order bit. Structures are described as they would be declared in C for the Intel architecture. When numbering bytes in a word from low offset towards high offset, two-byte integers have their least significant eight bits stored in byte 0 and most significant eight bits in byte 1. If bit 31 is the most significant bit in a four-byte integer, bits 31 through 24 are stored in byte 3 of a four-byte integer, bits 23 through 16 are stored in byte 2, bits 15 through 8 will be stored in byte 1, and bits 7 through 0 are stored in byte 0.

Naming Conventions

The field names in Word data structures usually consist of a prefix of lower case characters followed by an optional upper case modifier. The following tags are used in the lower case prefix of field names to document the data type of the field:

- b Used to name a 1 byte integer value
- Prefix used to signify that an integer value is a count of some number of objects. (e.g. a cb is a count of bytes, a cl is a count of lines, ccol is a count of columns, a cpe is a count of picture elements.)
- Used to name a variable that contains a character position within the document. Always a 4 byte quantity.
- dxa Used to name a variable that contains the horizontal distance of an object measured from some reference point expressed in twips. (e.g. pap.dxaLeft is the distance of the left boundary of a paragraph measured from the left margin of the page). See "xa" for definition of twip.
- dxp Used to name a variable that contains the horizontal distance of an object measured from some reference point expressed in Macintosh pixel units (1/72"). (e.g. dxpSpace)
- dya Used to name a variable that contains the vertical distance of an object measured from some reference point expressed in twips. (e.g. pap.dyaAbs is the vertical distance of the top of a paragraph from a reference frame declared in the pap). See "xa" for definition of twip.
- dyp Used to name a variable that contains the vertical distance of an object measured from some reference point expressed in Macintosh pixel units (1/72").
- Used to name a flag (a variable containing a Boolean value). Usually the object referred to will contain either 1 (fTrue, TRUE) or 0 (fFalse, FALSE). (e.g. fWidowControl, fShadow)
- Used to name a variable that contains an offset from the beginning of a file. Always a 4 byte quantity.
- Prefix used to name an array of bytes that contains one or more copies of a variable length data structure with the instances of the data structure stored one after the other in the array. (e.g. a <code>grpprl</code> is an array of bytes that stores a group of <code>prls</code>.)
- grpf Prefix used to name an integer or byte value whose bits are used as flags. (e.g.
 grpfIhdt is a group of flags that records the types of headers that are stored
 for a particular section of a document).
- Prefix used to signify that an integer value is used as an index into an array. (e.g. itbd is an index into rgtbd, itc is an index into rgtc.)
- Used to name a 4 byte integer value (a long). (e.g. lcb)
- Prefix used to signify that the data structure being defined is an array. (e.g. rgb (an array of bytes), rgcp (an array of CPs), rgfc (an array of FCs), rgfoo (an array of foos).
- w Used to name a 2 byte integer value (a short).

- used to name a variable that contains a width of an object imaged on screen or on hard copy that is measured in units of 1/1440 of an inch. This unit which is one-twentieth of a point size (1/20 * 1/72") is called a **twip** in this documentation. (e.g. xaPage is the width of a page).
- ya Used to name a variable that contains the height of an object imaged on screen or on hard copy that is measured in twips. See "xa" for definition of twip.

The two following modifiers are used occasionally in this documentation:

- First Means that the variable marks the first of a range of objects. For example, cpFirst would mark the first character position of a range of characters in a document. fcFirst would mark the file offset of the first byte of a range of bytes stored in a file.
- Lim Means the variable marks the limit of a range of objects (i.e. is the index of the last object in a range plus 1). For example, <code>cpLim</code> would be the limit <code>CP</code> of a range of characters in a document. <code>fcLim</code> would be the limit file offset of a range of bytes stored in a file.

Format of the Summary Info Stream in a Word File

The summary information for a Word document is stored in two structured storage streams, SummaryInformation and DocumentSummaryInformation.

SummaryInformation and DocumentSummaryInformation are widely understood. You can find additional information at:

- http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa380376(VS.85).aspx
- http://poi.apache.org/apidocs/org/apache/poi/hpsf/SummaryInformation.html
- http://poi.apache.org/apidocs/org/apache/poi/hpsf/DocumentSummaryInformation.h tml

Format of the Main Stream in a Word Non-Complex File

The main stream of a Word .doc file (non-complex format) consists of the Word file header (FIB), the text, and the formatting information.

FTR

Stored at the beginning of page 0 of the file. fib.fComplex is set to zero.

Text of body, footnotes, headers

Text begins at the position recorded in fib.fcMin.

FKPs for CHPs, PAPs and LVCs

The first Formatted Disk Page (FKP) begins at a 512-byte boundary after the last byte of text is written. The remaining FKPs are sequentially recorded in the 512-byte pages following the first FKP. The FKPs for Character Properties (CHPs), Paragraph Properties (PAPs), and LVCs are interleaved. Previous versions of Word wrote them in contiguous blocks. The hplcfbte's of the three flavors (CHP, PAP and LVC) are used to find the relevant FKP of the appropriate type.

Group of SEPXs

Section Property Exceptions (SEPXs) immediately follow the FKPs and are concatenated one after the other. SEPXs are no longer guaranteed to start on a page boundary if it would span a boundary when placed immediately after the preceding SEPX.

Format of the Main Stream in a Complex File

The main stream of a Word binary file (complex format) consists of the Word file header (FIB), the text, and the formatting information.

FIB

Stored at beginning of page 0 of the file. fib.fComplex is set to one.

Text of body, footnotes, headers stored during last full save Text begins at the position recorded in fib.fcMin.

FKPs for CHPs, PAPs and LVCs

The first Formatted Disk Page (FKP) begins at a 512-byte boundary after the last byte of text is written. The remaining FKPs are sequentially recorded in the 512-byte pages following the first FKP. The FKPs for Character Properties (CHPs), Paragraph Properties (PAPs), and LVCs are interleaved. Previous versions of Word wrote them in contiguous blocks. The hplcfbte's of the three flavors (CHP, PAP and LVC) are used to find the relevant FKP of the appropriate type.

Group of SEPXs stored during last full save

SEPXs immediately follow the FKPs and are concatenated one after the other.

Any text, stored during first fast save Any FKPs stored during first fast save Any SEPXs stored during first fast save

Any text, stored during second fast save Any FKPs stored during second fast save Any SEPXs stored during second fast save

. . .

Any text, stored during nth fast save Any FKPs stored during nth fast save Any SEPXs stored during nth fast save

Format of the Table Stream

Word stores various plcfs and tables with the stream named either "OTable" or "1Table". Ordinarily a file will contain only one table stream. However, in some unusual circumstances (e.g. crash during file save) a file might have two table streams. In that case the bit field fWhichTblStm in the FIB should be used to determine which table stream to read. If fWhichTblStm==0, then the FIB refers to the stream named "OTable", and if fWhichTblStm==1, then the FIB refers to the stream name "1Table".

autosaveSource (name of original)

Written immediately after the sttbfAssoc table. This field only appears in auto saved files. These files are normal Word documents in every other way. Also, auto saved files are typically in the complex file format except that the tables (plcf*, etc.) are not overwritten. For example, an auto saved file is typically longer than the equivalent Word document.

bkdEdn (endnote text break descriptor table)

Written immediately after the pgdEdn if the document contains endnotes

bkdFtn (footnote text break descriptor table)

Written immediately after the pgdFtn if the document contains footnotes.

bkdMother (break descriptor table)

Written immediately after the pgdMother in all Word documents

clx (encoding of the sprm lists for a complex file and piece table for a any file)

Written immediately after the end of the previously recorded structure. This is recorded in all Word documents.

cmds (recording of command data structures)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if special commands are linked to this document.

dggInfo (Office drawing information)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table. Format is described in the Office drawing group format document.

dop (document properties record)

Written immediately after the end of the previously recorded structure. This is recorded in all Word documents

formFldSttbs (form field dropdown string tables)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the document contains form field dropdown controls.

grpXstAtnOwners (annotation owner table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table if the document contains annotations.

hplgosl (grammar option settings)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table. This undocumented structure maps LID and grammar checker type to grammar checking options.

pgdEdn (endnote text page description table)

Written immediately after the plcfendTxt if the document contains endnotes

pgdFtn (footnote text page description table)

Written immediately after the plcffndTxt if the document contains footnotes

pgdMother (page description table)

Written immediately after the plcfsed in all Word documents

plcasumy (AutoSummary analysis)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the document stored is in AutoSummary view mode.

plcfandRef (annotation reference position table)

Written immediately after the grpXstAtnOwners if the document contains annotations

plcfandTxt (annotation text position table)

Written immediately after the plcfandRef if the document contains annotations.

plcfAtnbkf (table recording the beginning CPs for bookmarks in the annotation subdocument)

Written immediately after the sttbfAtnBkmk previously recorded table, if the document contains annotations with bookmarks.

plcfAtnbkl (table recording the limit CPs of bookmarks in the annotation subdocument)

Written immediately after the plcfAtnbkf previously recorded table, if the document contains annotations with bookmarks.

plcfBkmkf (table recording beginning CPs of bookmarks)

Written immediately after the sttbfBkmk, if the document contains bookmarks.

plcfBkmkl (table recording limit CPs of bookmarks)

Written immediately after the plcfBkmkf, if the document contains bookmarks.

plcfbteChpx (bin table for CHP FKPs)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table. This is recorded in all Word documents.

plcfbtePapx (bin table for PAP FKPs)

Written immediately after the plcfbteChpx. This is recorded in all Word documents.

plcfbteLvc (bin table for LVC FKPs)

Written immediately after the plcfbtePapx. This is recorded in all Word documents.

plcfendRef (endnote reference position table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table if the document contains endnotes

plcfendTxt (endnote text position table)

Written immediately after the plcfendRef if the document contains endnotes

plcffldAtn (table of field positions and statuses for annotation subdocument)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the annotation subdocument contains fields.

plcffldEdn (table of field positions and statuses for endnote subdocument)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the endnote subdocument contains fields.

plcffldFtn (table of field positions and statuses for footnote subdocument)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the footnote subdocument contains fields.

plcffldHdr (table of field positions and statuses for header subdocument)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the header subdocument contains fields.

plcffldHdrTxbx (table of field positions and statuses for textbox subdocument of header subdocument)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the textbox subdocument of the header subdocument contains fields.

plcffldMom (table of field positions and statuses for main document)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table if the main document contains fields.

plcffldTxbx (table of field positions and statuses for textbox subdocument)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the textbox subdocument contains fields.

plcffndRef (footnote reference position table)

Written immediately after the stsh if the document contains footnotes

plcffndTxt (footnote text position table)

Written immediately after the plcffndRef if the document contains footnotes

plcfglsy (glossary entry text position table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the document stored is a glossary.

plcfhdd (header text position table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the document contains headers or footers.

plcfhdrtxbxBkd (header text box break descriptor table)

Written immediately after the plcfhdrtxbxTxt if the header subdocument contains textboxes.

plcfhdrtxbxTxt (header text box link table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table if the header subdocument contains textboxes

plcfgram (grammar state table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table. Records state of grammar checking in a PLCF of SPLS structures.

plcflst (list formats)

Written immediately after the end of the previously recorded, if there are any lists defined in the document. This begins with a short count of LSTF structures followed by those LSTF structures.

This is immediately followed by the allocated data hanging off the LSTFs. This data consists of the array of LVLs for each LSTF. (Each LVL consists of an LVLF followed by two grpprls and an XST.)

plcflvc (list and outline level table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table during fast save only.

plcfphe (paragraph height table)

Written after the previously recorded table, if paragraph heights were recorded. Only written during a fast save.

plcfsea (private)

PLCF reserved for private use by Word.

plcfsed (section table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table. Recorded in all Word documents

plcfspl (spelling state table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table. Records state of spell checking in a PLCF of SPLS structures.

plcftxbxBkd (text box break descriptor table)

Written immediately after the plcftxbxTxt if the document contains textboxes

plcftxbxTxt (text box link table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table if the document contains textboxes

plcOcx (ocx position table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the document contains OLE controls. Undocumented.

plcspaHdr (header Office drawing table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the header subdocument contains Office drawings.

plcspaMom (Office drawing table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the document contains Office drawings.

plcupcRgbuse

Undocumented undo / versioning data

plcupcUsp

Undocumented undo / versioning data

plcfwkb (work book document partition table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the document is a master document.

plflfo (more list formats)

Written immediately after the end of the plcflst and its accompanying data, if there are any lists defined in the document. This consists first of a PL of LFO records, followed by the allocated data (if any) hanging off the LFOs. The allocated data consists of the array of LFOLVLFs for each LFO (and each LFOLVLF is immediately followed by some LVLs).

pms (print merge state)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if information about the print / mail merge state is recorded for the document

prDrvr (printer driver information)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if a print environment is recorded for the document.

prEnvLand (print environment in landscape mode)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if a landscape mode print environment is recorded for this document.

prEnvPort (print environment in portrait mode)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if a portrait mode print environment is recorded for this document.

routeSlip (mailer routing slip)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if this document has a mailer routing slip.

sttbAutoCaption (auto caption string table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the document contains auto captions.

sttbCaption (caption title string table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the document contains captions.

sttbfAssoc (table of associated strings)

Table of associated strings.

sttbfAtnBkmk (table of annotation bookmark string names)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the document contains annotations with bookmarks.

sttbfBkmk (table of bookmark name strings)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the document contains bookmarks.

sttbFnm (filename reference string table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the document references other documents.

sttbfListNames (more list formats)

Written immediately after the end of the plflfo and its accompanying data, if there are any lists defined in the document. This is a string table containing the list names for each list. It is parallel with the plcflst, and may contain null strings if the corresponding LST does not have a list name.

sttbfffn (table of font name strings)

Written immediately after the clx. This is recorded in all Word documents. The sttbfffn is an sttbf where each string is instead an FFN structure (note that just as for a Pascal-style string, the first byte in the FFN records the total number of bytes not counting the count byte itself). The names of the fonts correspond to the ftc codes in the CHP structure. For example, the first font name listed corresponds is the name for ftc=0.

sttbfRMark (revision mark author string table)

Written immediately after plcfbteLvc, if the document contains revision marks.

sttbfUssr

Undocumented undo / versioning data

sttbGlsy (glossary name string table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table, if the document stored is a glossary.

sttbGlsyStyle (glossary style name string table)

Written immediately after sttbGlsy, if the document stored is a glossary.

sttbSavedBy (last saved by string table)

Written immediately after the previously recorded table.

sttbttmbd (true type font embedding string table)

Written immediately after the end of the previously recorded structure if the document contains embedded true type fonts.

stsh (style sheet)

Written immediately after the previous table. This is recorded in all Word documents.

stwUser (macro user storage)

Macro user storage.

uskf

Undocumented undo / versioning data

wss (window state structure)

Written immediately after the end of previously recorded structure, if the document was saved while a window was open.

Format of the Data Stream

embedded objects-native data

Word embedded object structures are sequentially concatenated if the document contains embedded objects.

huge PAPXs

The grpprls from PAPXs which are too large to fit in an FKP are sequentially concatenated as necessary.

pictures

Word picture structures are sequentially concatenated if the document contains pictures.

Format of the Custom XML Storage (Added in Word 2007)

This storage specifies the custom XML parts inside of a binary format for Microsoft Word 97. For additional information on custom XML parts, see the Office Open XML specification section on the element "datastoreItem".

In the binary format for Microsoft Word 97, the custom XML parts are stored inside a storage called "MSODatastore". Within this fstorage, zero or more custom XML parts can exist each in their own storage. Each of these storages is stamped with a unique identifier as its storage name. An instance of one of these storages contains two streams within it:

- 1. A stream named item
- 2. A stream named properties

For information on these two streams, see the Office Open XML specification section on "Custom XML Data Storage Part" and "Custom XML Data Storage Properties Part".

FIB

The FIB contains a "magic word" and pointers to the various other parts of the file, as well as information about the length of the file. The FIB starts at the beginning of the file. The FIB is defined in the structure definition section of this document.

Text

The text of the file starts at fib.fcMin and is usually set to the next 128 byte boundary after the end of the FIB. The text in a Word document is ASCII text with the following restrictions (ASCII codes given in decimal):

- Paragraph ends are stored as ASCII 13 (a single < Carriage Return > character). No other occurrences of this character sequence are allowed.
- Hard line breaks which are not paragraph ends are stored as ASCII 11. Other line break
 or word wrap information is not stored.

Hyphens

- Breaking hyphens are stored as ASCII 45 (normal hyphen code).
- Non-required hyphens are ASCII 31.
- Non-breaking hyphens are stored as ASCII 30.
- Non-breaking spaces are stored as 160.
- Normal spaces are ASCII 32.
- **Page breaks** and **Section marks** are ASCII 12 (normal form feed); if there's an entry in the section table, it's a section mark, otherwise it's a page break.
- Column breaks are stored as ASCII 14.
- **Tab** characters are ASCII 9 (normal).

Fields

- Field begin mark which delimits the beginning of a field is ASCII 19.
- Field end mark which delimits the end of a field is ASCII 21.
- **Field separator**, which marks the boundary between the preceding field code text and following field expansion text within a field, is ASCII 20.
- Field escape character is the '\' character which also serves as the formula mark.
- The **cell mark** which delimits the end of a cell in a table row is stored as ASCII 7 and has the fInTable paragraph property set to fTrue (pap.fInTable==1).
- The **row mark** which delimits the end of a table row is stored as ASCII 7 and has the fInTable paragraph property and fTtp paragraph property set to fTrue (pap.fInTable==1 && pap.fTtp==1).

The following ASCII codes are treated as "special" characters when they have the character property *special* on (chp.fSpec==1):

| ASCII code | Special character | |
|------------|--|--|
| 0 | Current page number | |
| 1 | Picture | |
| 2 | Auto numbered footnote reference. | |
| 3 | Footnote separator character | |
| 4 | Footnote continuation character | |
| 5 | Annotation reference | |
| 6 | Line number | |
| 7 | Hand Annotation picture (Generated in Pen Windows) | |

| ASCII code | Special character |
|------------|--|
| 8 | Drawn object |
| 10 | Abbreviated date (e.g. "Wed, Dec 1, 1993") |
| 11 | Time in hours:minutes:seconds |
| 12 | Current section number |
| 14 | Abbreviated day of week (e.g. "Thu" for "Thursday") |
| 15 | Day of week (e.g. "Thursday") |
| 16 | Day short (e.g. "9" for the ninth day of the month) |
| 22 | Hour of current time with no leading zero |
| 23 | Hour of current time (two digit with leading zero when necessary) |
| 24 | Minute of current time with no leading zero |
| 25 | Minute of current time(two digit with leading zero when necessary) |
| 26 | Seconds of current time |
| 27 | AM/PM for current time |
| 28 | Current time in hours:minutes:seconds in old format |
| 29 | Date M (e.g. "December 2, 1993") |
| 30 | Short Date (e.g. "12/2/93") |
| 33 | Short Month (e.g. "12" to represent "December") |
| 34 | Long Year (e.g. "1993") |
| 35 | Short Year (e.g. "93") |
| 36 | Abbreviated month (e.g. "Dec" to represent "December") |
| 37 | Long month (e.g. "December") |
| 38 | Current time in hours:minutes (e.g. "2:01") |
| 39 | Long date (e.g. "Thursday, December 2, 1993") |
| 41 | Print Merge Helper field |

Note The end of a section is also the end of a paragraph. The last character of a section is a section mark which stands in place of the paragraph mark normally required to end a paragraph. An exception is made for the last character of a document which is always a paragraph mark although the end of a document is always an implicit end of section.

If !fib.fComplex, the document text stream is represented by the text beginning at fib.fcMin up to (but not including) fib.fcMac. Otherwise, the document is represented by the piece table stored in the file in the data beginning at fib.fcClx.

The document text stream includes text that is part of the main document, plus any text that exists for the footnote, header, macro, or annotation subdocuments. The sizes of the main document and the header, footnote, macro and annotation subdocuments are stored in the fib, in variables:

| fib.ccpText, | fib.ccpFtn | fib.ccpHdr |
|-----------------|------------|-------------|
| fib.ccpMcr | fib.ccpEdn | fib.ccpTxbx |
| fib.ccpHdrTxbox | fib.ccpAtn | |

In a non-complex file, this means text of the:

- main document begins at fib.fcMin in the file and continues through fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText.
- footnote subdocument begins at fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText and extends to fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn.
- header subdocument begins at fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn and extends to fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr.
- annotation subdocument begins at

```
fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr and extends to fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+ccpAtn.
```

endnote subdocument begins at

fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+fib.ccpAtn and extends to fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+fib.ccpEdn.

textbox subdocument begins at

```
fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+fib.ccpAtn+fib.ccpEdn
and extends to
```

fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+fib.ccpEdn+fib.ccpTxbx.

header textbox subdocument begins at

```
fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+fib.ccpAtn+fib.ccpEdn+fib.ccpTxbx and extends to fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+fib.ccpEdn+fib.ccpTxbx+fib.ccpHdrTxbx.
```

In a complex, fast-saved file text of the:

- main document must be found by examining the piece table entries from the 0th piece table entry from the piece table entry that describes cp=fib.ccpText.
- footnote subdocument must be found by examining the piece table entries, beginning with the one that describes <code>cp=fib.ccpText</code> through the entry that describes <code>cp=fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn</code>.
- header subdocument must be found by examining the piece table entries, beginning with the one that describes cp=fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn through the entry that describes cp=fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr.
- annotation subdocument must be found by examining the piece table entries, beginning with the one that describes <code>cp=fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr</code> through the entry that describes <code>cp=fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+fib.ccpAtn</code>.
- endnote subdocument must be found by examining the piece table entries beginning with the one that describes cp=fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+fib.ccpAtn through the entry that describes cp=fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+fib.ccpAtn+fib.ccpEdn.
- textbox subdocument must be found by examining the piece table entries beginning with the one that describes
 - cp=fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+fib.ccpAtn+fib.ccpEdn through the entry that describes cp=fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+fib.ccpAtn+fib.ccpEdn+fib.ccpTxbx.
- header textbox subdocument must be found by examining the piece table entries beginning with the one that describes

```
cp=fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+fib.ccpAtn+fib.ccpEdn+
```

fib.ccpTxbx through the entry that describes cp=fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+fib.ccpAtn+fib.ccpEdn+fib.ccpTxbx+fib.ccpHdrTxbx.

Character and Paragraph Formatting Properties

Character and paragraph properties in Word documents are stored in a compressed format. The information stored on disk is not the properties of a particular sequence of text but the difference of the properties from a specific reference property.

The PAP is a data structure that holds uncompressed paragraph property information; the CHP (pronounced "chip") is a structure that holds uncompressed character property information. Each paragraph in a Word document inherits a default set of paragraph and character properties from one of the **paragraph styles** recorded in the style sheet data structure (STSH).

A particular PAP is converted into its compressed form, the PAPX, by first comparing the pap for a paragraph with the pap stored in the style sheet for the paragraph's style. Any properties in the paragraph's PAP that are different from those stored in the style sheet PAP are encoded as a list of sprms (grpprl). sprms express how the content of the style sheet PAP should be transformed to create the properties for the paragraph. A PAPX is a variable-length data structure that begins with a count of words that encodes the PAPX length. It contains an istd (index to style descriptor) which specifies which style entry in the style sheet contains the default paragraph and character properties for the paragraph, paragraph height information, and the list of difference sprms. If the only difference between the paragraph's PAP and the style's PAP were in the justification code field, which is one byte long, one two-byte sprm, sprmPJc, would be generated to express that difference; thus the total PAPX size would be 5 bytes. This is better than 54-1 compression since the total size of a PAP is 274 bytes.

To convert a CHP for a sequence of characters contained within a single paragraph into its compressed form, the CHPX, it's first necessary to know the **paragraph style** assigned to the paragraph containing those characters and any character style that may be tagging the character run. The character properties inherited from the paragraph style are moved into a buffer. If the chp.istd of the chp to be compressed is not istdNormalChar, the changes recorded for that character style are applied to the buffer. Then the character properties of the character sequence are compared with the character properties generated using the paragraph's style and the run's character style. Any properties in the paragraph's CHP that are different from those stored in the generated CHP are encoded as a list of sprms (grpprl). The sprms express how the content of the CHP generated from the paragraph and character styles should be transformed to create the character properties for the text run. A CHPX is a variable-length data structure that begins with a count of words that encodes the CHPX length followed by the list of difference sprms.

If one of the bit fields in the CHP to be compressed such as fBold is different from the reference CHP, you would build a difference sprm using sprmCFBold in the first byte and the bytes pattern 0x81 in the second byte which signifies that the value of the bit in the CHP to be compressed is of opposite value from the value stored in the reference CHP. If there was no difference, sprmCFBold would not be recorded in the grrprl to be generated. If there were a difference in a field larger than a single bit such as the chp.hps, a sprmCHps would be generated to record the value of chp.hps in the chp to be compressed. If the chp.hps were equal in both the chp to be compressed and the reference CHP, sprmCHps would not be recorded in the grrprl that is generated. If a sequence of characters has the same character properties and the sequence spans more than one paragraph, it's necessary to examine each paragraph's properties and to generate a different CHPX every time there is a change of style.

In Word documents, the fundamental unit of text for which character exception information is kept is the **run of exception text**, a contiguous sequence of characters stored on disk that all have the same exception properties with respect to their underlying style character properties. Each run would have an entry recorded in a CHPX FKP. If a user never changed the character properties inherited from the styles used in the document and did a complete save of the document, although each of those styles may have different properties, the entire document stream would be one large **run of exception text** and one CHPX would suffice to describe the character properties of the entire document.

The fundamental unit of text for which paragraph properties are recorded is the **paragraph**. Every paragraph has an entry recorded in a PAPX FKP.

The CHPX FKP and the PAPX FKP have similar physical structures. An FKP is a 512-byte data structure that is stored in one page of a Word file. At offset 511 is a 1-byte count named crun, which is a count of runs of exception text for CHPX FKPs and which is a count of paragraphs in PAPX FKPs. Beginning at offset 0 of the FKP is an array of crun+1 FCs, named rgfc, which records the beginning and limit FCs of crun runs of exception text or paragraphs.

For CHPX FKPs, immediately following fkp.rgfc is a byte array of crun word offsets to CHPXs from the beginning of the FKP. This byte array, named rgb, is in 1-to-1 correspondence with the rgfc.

For PAPX FKPSs, immediately following the fkp.rgfc is an array of 13 byte entries called BXs. This array called the rgbx is in 1-to-1 correspondence with the rgfc. The first byte of the **ith** BX entry contains a single byte field which gives the word offset of the PAPX that belongs to the paragraph whose beginning in FC space is rgfc[i] and whose limit is rgfc[i+1] in FC space. The last 12 bytes of the **ith** BX entry contain a PHE structure that stores the current paragraph height of the paragraph whose beginning in FC space is rgfc[i] and whose limit is rgfc[i+1] in FC space.

The fact that the offset to properties stored in the rgb or rgbx is a word offset implies that CHPXs and PAPXs are stored in FKPs beginning on word boundaries. Since the values stored in the rgb/rgbx allow random access throughout the FKP, space within an FKP can be conserved by storing the offset of the same physical CHPX/PAPX in rgb/rgbx entries when several runs or paragraphs in the FKP have the same properties. Word uses this optimization.

An rgb or rgbx[].b value of 0 is used in another optimization. When an rgb or rgbx[].b value of 0 is stored in an FKP, it means that instead of referring to a particular CHPX/PAPX in the FKP the 0 value signals the reader to construct a commonly encountered predefined set of properties.

For CHPX FKPs a 0 rgb value means the properties of the run of text were exactly equal to the character properties inherited from the style of the paragraph it was in. For PAPX FKPs, a 0 rgbx[].b value means the paragraph's properties were exactly equal to the paragraph properties of the Normal style (stc==0) and the paragraph contained 1 line of 240 pixels, with a column width of 7980 dxas.

When new entries are added to an FKP, there must be unallocated space in the middle of the FKP equal to 5 bytes for CHPXs (size of an FC plus size of one-byte word offset) or 11 bytes for PAPXs (size of an FC plus the size of a seven byte BX entry), plus the size of the new CHPX or PAPX if the property being added is not already recorded in the FKP and is not the property coded with a 0 rgb/rgbx[].b value. To add a new property in a CHPX FKP, existing rgb entries are moved four bytes to the right in the FKP. To add a new property in a PAPX FKP, existing rgbx entries are moved four bytes to the right in the FKP. The new FC is added at the end of the rgfc. The new CHPX or PAPX is recorded on a 2-byte boundary before the previously recorded properties are stored at the end of the block. The word offset of the beginning of the CHPX or PAPX is stored as the last entry of the relocated rgb/rgbx[].b, and finally, the crun stored at offset 511 is incremented. In Word '97, PAPXs can be generated

which are too large to fit in an FKP. In such a case, the grpprl of the PAPX is written to the data stream and a PAPX is stored in an FKP with that grpprl replaced by a sprmPHugePapx.

Bin Tables

A bin table (plcfbte) partitions the total extent of the Word file that contains text characters into a set of contiguous intervals marked by an fcFirst and an fcLim. The fcFirst for the **nth** interval would be plcfbte.rgfc[n] and the fcLim for the **nth** interval would be plcfbte.rgfc[n+1]. Associated with each interval is a BTE. A BTE holds a four-byte PN (page number) which identifies the FKP page in the file which contains the formatting information for that interval. A CHPX FKP further partitions an interval into runs of exception text. A PAPX FKP in a non-complex, full-saved file, partitions the text within intervals into paragraphs. If a file is in complex format (was fast-saved), the PAPX FKP only records the FCs within the text preceded by a paragraph mark. Even though a sequence of text may be between two paragraph end marks, it may reside in a paragraph different from the one defined by the next paragraph end mark, because the text may have been moved by the user into a different paragraph. In the logical text stream represented by the document's piece table, the paragraph mark that follows the moved text is stored in a non-adjacent physical location in the file.

Style Sheet

A style sheet is a collection of styles. In Word, each document has its own style sheet.

A style is a collection of formatting information with a name. Word 6.0 and later versions support paragraph and character styles. Versions of Word prior to 6.0 support only paragraph styles. Character styles have just character formatting. Paragraph styles have both character and paragraph formatting. The style sheet establishes a correspondence between a style code and a style definition.

Note: the storage and behavior of styles has changed considerably since WinWord 2.x, beginning with nFib 63. Some of the differences are:

- Character styles are supported.
- The style code is called an istd, rather than an stc.
- The istd is a short integer, where the stc was a byte.
- The range of the istd is 0-4095, where 4095 is the null style. The range of the stc was 0-256, with 222 as the null style.
- PAPX's have a short istd at the beginning, rather than a byte stc.
- CHPX's are a grpprl, not a CHP.
- Many other changes...

The styles for a document (both paragraph and character styles) are stored in an array in each document. [The DOD.hplhqstd is a handle to a plex (array) of hq's (handles) to std's (style descriptions] When new styles are created, they are added to the end of the array. The array can have unused slots. Some slots at the beginning of the array are reserved for specific styles, whether they were created yet or not. [Istd (slot) 0 is Normal. Istd 1-9 are Heading 1-9. Istd 10 is Default Paragraph Font. Istd 11-14 are reserved. So the first non-fixed index is 15 (see stshi.istdMaxFixedWhenSaved.] Paragraph and character styles are stored in the same array. Each document has a separate array, so the same style will usually [Those styles in fixed locations in the style sheet will have the same istd's in all documents] have a different istd in two different documents. Thus style matching between documents must be done by name (or by sti if the styles are built-in).

Styles are usually referred to using an istd. The istd is an index into an array of STDs (STyle Descriptions). A (doc, istd) pair uniquely identifies a style because it tells which style is in which array.

Parts of a style (for more information, see the STD structure below):

- sti: A style identifier. Built-in styles have a unique sti to indicate which built-in style they reference. User-defined styles use stiUser.
- stk: The type of style, either paragraph or character.
- istdBase: The style that this style is based on.
- istdNext: The style that should be applied after this one.
- stzName: The name of a style, unique within its style sheet.
- UPX: The difference between this style and the one it is based on.
- UPE: The properties of this style (a PAP, CHP, and/or grpprl).

Every paragraph has a paragraph style. Every character has a character style. The default paragraph style is Normal (stiNormal, istdNormal). The default character style is Default Paragraph Font (stiNormalChar, istdNormalChar).

The formatting of a paragraph (the PAP) and a character (the CHP) depend on the paragraph and character styles applied to them, as well as any additional formatting stored in the FKPs. The PAP and CHP are constructed in a layered fashion:

For a PAP:

- 1. An initial PAP is determined by getting the PAP from the paragraph's style.
- 2. Any paragraph formatting stored in the file (the FKP PAPX's) is then applied to that PAP.

For a CHP:

- 1. An initial CHP is determined by getting the CHP from the paragraph's style.
- 2. Properties from the character's style (the UPX.chpx.grpprl) are then applied to that CHP.
- 3. Any character formatting stored in the file (the FKP CHPX's) is then applied to that CHP.

Note: the resulting PAP and CHP have fields that indicate what style was applied: PAP.istd, CHP.istd.

Stylesheet File Format

The style sheet (STSH) is stored in the file in two parts, a STSHI and then an array of STDs. The STSHI contains general information about the following style sheet, including how many styles are in it. After the STSHI, each style is written as an STD. Both the STSHI and each STD are preceded by a ushort that indicates their length.

| Field | Size | Comment |
|---------|-----------|--|
| cbStshi | 2 bytes | Size of the following STSHI structure ¹ |
| STSHI | (cbStshi) | Stylesheet Information |

 $^{^{1}}$ For early versions of Word 6.0 files (versions prior to nFib 67), this field was not written. The <code>cbStshi</code> to use for those file versions is 4 bytes.

Then for each style in the style sheet (stshi.cstd), the following is stored:

cbStd 2 bytes Size of the following STD structure

STD (cbStd) The style description

STSHI

The STSHI structure, which stores style sheet information has the following format:

```
typedef struct STSHI
  {
  ushort cstd; // Count of styles in stylesheet
  ushort cbSTDBaseInFile; // Length of STD Base as stored in a file
  BF fStdStylenamesWritten : 1; // Are built-in stylenames stored?
       : 15;
                                 // Spare flags
  ushort stiMaxWhenSaved;
                                 // Max sti known when this file was written
  ushort istdMaxFixedWhenSaved; // How many fixed-index istds are there?
  ushort nVerBuiltInNamesWhenSaved; // Current version of built-in stylenames
         rgftcStandardChpStsh[iftcCompositeMax];  /* rgftc used by
                                 StandardChpStsh for this document */
  ushort cbLSD;
                         /* size of each lsd in mpstilsd. The count of lsd's
                           is stiMaxWhenSaved */
  LSD
           mpstilsd[stiMax]; /* latent style data
                               (stiMax == stiMaxWhenSaved upon save!) */
  } STSHI;
```

The cb preceding the STSHI in the file is the length of the STSHI as stored in the file. The current definition of the STSHI structure might be longer or shorter than that stored in the file, the style sheet reader routine needs to take this into account.

stshi.cstd: The number of styles in this style sheet. There will be stshi.cstd (cbSTD, STD) pairs in the file following the STSHI. **Note**: styles can be empty, i.e. cbSTD==0.

stshi.cbSTDBaseInFile: The STD structure (see below) is divided into a fixed-length "base", and a variable length part. The stshi.cbSTDBaseInFile indicates the size in bytes of the fixed-length base of the STD as it was written in this file. If the STD base is grown in a future version, the file format doesn't change, because the style sheet reader can discard parts it doesn't know about, or use defaults if the file's STD is not as large as it was expecting. (Currently, stshi.cbSTDBaseInFile is 8.)

stshi.fStdStylenamesWritten: Previous versions of Word did not store the style name if the style was a built-in style; Word 6.0 stores the style name for compatibility with future versions. **Note:** the built-in style names may need to be "regenerated" if the file is opened in a different language or if stshi.nVerBuiltInNamesWhenSaved doesn't match the expected value.

stshi.stiMaxWhenSaved: This indicates the last built-in style known to the version of Word that saved this file.

stshi.istdMaxFixedWhenSaved: Each array of styles has some fixed-index styles at the beginning. This indicates the number of fixed-index positions reserved in the style sheet when it was saved.

stshi.nVerBuiltInNamesWhenSaved: Since built-in style names are saved with the document, this provides a way to see if the saved names are the same "version" as the names in the version of Word that is loading the file. If not, the built-in style names need to be "regenerated", i.e. the old names need to be replaced with the new.

stshi.rgftcStandardChpStsh: This is a list of the default fonts for this style sheet. The first is for ASCII characters (0-127), the second is for East Asian characters, and the third is the default font for non-East Asian, non-ASCII text. See notes on sprmCRqftcX for details.

Introduced in Word 2003:

stshi.cbLSD: This is the size of each LSD in mpstilsd. The count of LSD's is stiMaxWhenSaved.

stshi.mpstilsd[stiMax]. Latent style data (stiMax==stiMaxWhenSaved upon save!)

An array of LSD structures:

```
typedef struct _LSD
  {
  union
     {
     unsigned long grflsd;
     struct
          {
          BFL fLocked : 1;
          BFL : 31;
          };
     };
} LSD;
```

fLocked indicates the style is currently locked, meaning it cannot be used in the document as a result of the Document Protection feature. The index into mpstilsd corresponds to the index of the style that the LSD structure affects (see std.sti below).

STD

Each individual style description is stored in an STD structure as follows:

```
typedef struct STD
  { // Base part of STD:
  ushort sti : 12; /* invariant style identifier */
  ushort fScratch: 1; /* spare field for any temporary use, always
                        reset back to zero! */
  ushort fInvalHeight: 1; /* PHEs of all text with this style are wrong */
  ushort fHasUpe : 1; /* UPEs have been generated */
  ushort fMassCopy: 1; /* std has been mass-copied; if unused at save time,
                        style should be deleted */
  ushort stk: 4; /* style kind */
  ushort istdBase : 12; /* base style */
  ushort cupx : 4; /* number of UPXs (and UPEs) */
  ushort istdNext : 12; /* next style */
  ushort bchUpe; /* offset to end of upx's, start of upe's */
  ushort fAutoRedef : 1; /* auto redefine style when appropriate */
  ushort fHidden: 1; /* hidden from UI? */
  // These 2 flags are caches for the
  // information calc'd in Apply97LidsToIstd()
  ushort f97LidsSet: 1; /* style already has valid sprmCRgLidX 80 in it */
  ushort fCopyLang: 1; /* if f97LidsSet, says whether we copied the lid from
                         sprmCRgLidX into sprmCRgLidX 80 or whether we got
                         rid of sprmCRqLidX 80*/
  ushort fPersonalCompose: 1; /* HTML Threading compose style */
  ushort fPersonal: 1; /* HTML Threading - another user's personal style */
  ushort fNoHtmlExport:1; /* Do not export this style to HTML/CSS */
  ushort fInternalUse:1; /* Style is used by a word feature, e.g. footnote*/
  #ifdef STYLERM
  ushort fHasOriqinalStyle: 1; /* style has RevMarking history */
  ushort fSpare : 3;
#else
  ushort fSpare : 4;
#endif //STYLERM
  RSID rsid;
                      /* marks during merge which doc's style changed */
  ushort iftcHtml : 3; /* used temporarily during html export */
  ushort unused: 13;
  // Variable length part of STD:
  XCHAR xstzName[2]; /* sub-names are separated by chDelimStyle */
  /* char grupx[]; */
  /* UPEs are not stored on the file; they are a cache of the based-on chain */
  /* char grupe[]; */
```

The cb preceding each STD is the length of the data, which includes all of the STD except the grupe array (which is derived after the file is read in, by building each UPE from the base style

UPE plus the exceptions in the UPX.) A cb of zero indicates an empty slot in the style array, i.e. no style has that istd. **Note**: the STD structure may be longer or shorter than the one stored in the file; stshi.cbSTDBaseInFile indicates the length of the base of the STD (up to stzName) as stored in the file. The style sheet reader routine must take this into account.

The variable-length part of the STD has three variable-length subparts, the xstzName, the grupx, and the grupe. Since this doesn't fit well into a C structure declaration, some processing is needed to figure out where one part stops and the next part begins. An important note is that all variable-length parts and subparts of the STD begin on EVEN-BYTE OFFSETS within the STD, even if the length of the preceding variable-length part was odd.

std.sti: The sti is an identifier of which built-in style this is, or stiUser for a user-defined style. An sti is intended to be permanent throughout versions of Word, although new sti's may be added in new versions. The sti definitions are:

```
#define stiNormalPara 0 // 0x0000
#define stiHeading1 1 // 0x0001
#define stiHeading2 2 // 0x0002 #define stiHeading3 3 // 0x0003
#define stiHeading4 4 // 0x0004
#define stiHeading5 5 // 0x0005
#define stiHeading6 6 // 0x0006
#define stiHeading7 7 // 0x0007
#define stiHeading8 8 // 0x0008
#define stiHeading9 9 // 0x0009
#define stiHeadingFirst stiHeading1
#define stiHeadingLast stiHeading9
#define stiIndexFirst stiIndex1
#define stiIndexLast stiIndex9
```

```
#define stiNormIndent 28 // 0x001C
#define stiAtnText 29 // 0x001E
#define stiAtnText 30 // 0x001E
#define stiHeader 31 // 0x001F
#define stiFooter 32 // 0x0020
#define stiIndexHeading 33 // 0x0021
\#define stiCaption 34 // 0x0022
#define stiToCaption 35 // 0x0023
#define stiToCaption 35  // 0x0023
#define stiEnvAddr 36  // 0x0024
#define stiEnvRet 37  // 0x0025
#define stiFtnRef 38  // 0x0026  char style
#define stiAtnRef 39  // 0x0027  char style
#define stiLnn 40  // 0x0028  char style
#define stiPgn 41  // 0x0029  char style
#define stiEdnRef 42  // 0x002A  char style
#define stiEdnText 43  // 0x002B
#define stiToa 44  // 0x002C
#define stiMacro 45  // 0x002D
#define stiToaHeading 46  // 0x002E
#define stiToaHeading 46 // 0x002E
#define stiList 47 // 0x002F
#define stiListBullet 48 // 0x0030
#define stiListNumber 49 // 0x0031
#define stiList2 50 // 0x0032
#define stiList3 51 // 0x0033
#define stiList4 52 // 0x0034
#define stiList5 53 // 0x0035
#define stiListBullet2 54 // 0x0036
#define stiListBullet3 55 // 0x0037
#define stiListBullet4 56 // 0x0038
#define stiListBullet5 57 // 0x0039
#define stiListNumber2 58 // 0x003A
#define stiListNumber3 59 // 0x003B
#define stiListNumber4 60 // 0x003C
#define stiListNumber5 61 // 0x003D
#define stiTitle 62 // 0x003E
#define stiClosing 63 // 0x003F
#define stiSignature 64 // 0x0040
#define stiNormalChar 65 // 0x0041 char style
#define stiBodyText 66 // 0x0042
#define stiBodyTextInd 67 // 0x0043
#define stiListCont 68 // 0x0044
#define stiListCont2 69 // 0x0045
#define stiListCont3 70 // 0x0046
#define stiListCont4 71 // 0x0047
#define stiListCont5 72 // 0x0048
#define stiMsgHeader 73 // 0x0049
#define stiSubtitle 74 // 0x004A
#define stiSalutation 75 // 0x004B
#define stiDate 76 // 0x004C
#define stiBodyText1I 77 // 0x004D
#define stiBodyText1I2 78 // 0x004E
#define stiNoteHeading 79 // 0x004F
#define stiBodyText2 80 // 0x0050
#define stiBodyText3 81 // 0x0051
```

```
#define stiBodyTextInd2 82 // 0x0052
#define stiBodyTextInd3 83 // 0x0053
#define stiBlockQuote 84 // 0x0054
#define stiHyperlink 85 // 0x0055 char style
#define stiHyperlinkFollowed 86 // 0x0056 char style
#define stiStrong 87 // 0x0057 char style #define stiEmphasis 88 // 0x0058 char style #define stiNavPane 89 // 0x0059 char style
#define stiPlainText 90 // 0x005A
#define stiAutoSig 91 // 0x005B
#define stiFormTop 92 // 0x005C
#define stiFormBottom 93 // 0x005D
#define stiHtmlNormal 94 // 0x005E #define stiHtmlAcronym 95 // 0x005F char style
#define stiHtmlAddress 96 // 0x0060
#define stiHtmlCite 97 // 0x0061 char style
#define stiHtmlCode 98 // 0x0062 char style #define stiHtmlDfn 99 // 0x0063 char style #define stiHtmlKbd 100 // 0x0064 char style #define stiHtmlPre 101 // 0x0065 #define stiHtmlSamp 102 // 0x0066 char style
#define stiHtmlTt 103 // 0x0067 char style #define stiHtmlVar 104 // 0x0068 char style
#define stiNormalTable 105 // 0x0069 table style
#define stiAtnSubject 106 // 0x0070
```

The following **Table** and **List** styles were added in Word 2002:

```
#define stiNormalList 107  // 0x0071 list style
#define stiOutlineList1 108 // 0x0072 list style (1 / a / i)
#define stiOutlineList2 109 // 0x0073 list style (1 / 1.1 / 1.1.1)
#define stiOutlineList3 110 // 0x0074 list style (Article / Section)
#define stiListStyleFirst stiNormalList // First default list style
#define stiListStyleLast stiOutlineList3 // Last default list style
#define stiTableSimple1 111
#define stiTableSimple2 112
#define stiTableSimple3 113
#define stiTableClassic1 114
#define stiTableClassic2
                              115
#define stiTableClassic3
                              116
#define stiTableClassic4
                              117
#define stiTableColorful1 118
#define stiTableColorful2 119
#define stiTableColorful3 120
#define stiTableColumns1
                              121
                              122
#define stiTableColumns2
#define stiTableColumns3
                              123
#define stiTableColumns4
                              124
#define stiTableColumns5 125
#define stiTableGrid1 126
#define stiTableGrid2 127
#define stiTableGrid3 128
#define stiTableGrid4 129
```

```
#define stiTableGrid5
#define stiTableGrid6
                         131
#define stiTableGrid7
                         132
#define stiTableGrid8
                         133
#define stiTableList1
                         134
#define stiTableList2
                         135
#define stiTableList3
                         136
#define stiTableList4
                         137
#define stiTableList5
                         138
#define stiTableList6
                         139
#define stiTableList7
                         140
#define stiTableList8
                         141
#define stiTable3DFx1
                         142
#define stiTable3DFx2
                         143
#define stiTable3DFx3
#define stiTableContemporary 145
#define stiTableElegant 146
#define stiTableProfessional 147
#define stiTableSubtle1 148
#define stiTableSubtle2
                         149
#define stiTableWeb1
#define stiTableGrid
                     154
#define stiTableTheme 155
#define stiMax 156  // number of defined sti's
#define stiChpMax 19  // number of defined char style sti's
#define stiPapMax 87  // number of defined para style sti's
#define stiUser 0x0ffe // user styles are distinguished by name#define
stiNil 0x0fff // max for 12 bits
```

See below for the names of these styles.

std.stk: The type of each style is indicated by std.stk. The types currently in use are:

```
stkPara 1 A paragraph style
stkChar 2 A character style
stkTable 3 A table style
stkList 4 A list style
```

More style types may exist in the future, so styles of an unknown type should be discarded.

std.istdBase: The style that this style is based on. A style is always based on another style or the null style (istdNil). Following a "chain" of based-on styles will always end at the null style, because a based-on chain cannot have a loop in it. A style can have up to 11 "ancestors" in its based-on chain, including the null style. A style's definition is built up from the style that it is based on. See std.cupx, std.grupx, std.grupe.

std.istdNext: The style to apply after the current one. For a paragraph style, this is the style to apply when Enter is pressed at the end of a paragraph. For a character style, the next style is essentially ignored, but should be the same as the current style.

std.xstzName: The name of the style, including aliases. The name is stored as an xstz (preceded by a length byte, followed by a null-terminator.) A style name can contain multiple "aliases", separated by commas. Aliases are alternate names for the same style (e.g. a style named "a,b,c" has three aliases, and can be referred to by "a", "b", or "c", or any combination.) WinWord 2.x did not have aliases, but Word 5.x for the Macintosh did. If a style is a built-in style, the built-in style name is always stored first.

All names (and aliases) must be unique within a style sheet (e.g. styles "a,b" and "b,c" should not exist in the same style sheet, as "b" matches multiple style names.)

A style name (including all its aliases and comma separators) can be up to 253 characters long. So the xstz format of that name can be up to 255 characters. Style names are case sensitive.

The built-in style names (corresponding to each sti listed previously) are defined for each language version of Word. For English USA documents, the names are:

| language version or word. For | Linguish OSA documents, the ha | ines are. |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 / 1.1 / 1.1.1 | 1 / a / i | Article / Section |
| Balloon Text | Block Text | Body Text |
| Body Text 2 | Body Text 3 | Body Text First Indent |
| Body Text First Indent 2 | Body Text Indent | Body Text Indent 2 |
| Body Text Indent 3 | Caption | Closing |
| Comment Reference | Comment Subject | Comment Text |
| Date | Default Paragraph Font | Document Map |
| E-mail Signature | Emphasis | Endnote Reference |
| Endnote Text | Envelope Address | Envelope Return |
| FollowedHyperlink | Footer | Footnote Reference |
| Footnote Text | Header | Heading 1 |
| Heading 2 | Heading 3 | Heading 4 |
| Heading 5 | Heading 6 | Heading 7 |
| Heading 8 | Heading 9 | HTML Acronym |
| HTML Address | HTML Cite | HTML Code |
| HTML Definition | HTML Keyboard | HTML Preformatted |
| HTML Sample | HTML Typewriter | HTML Variable |
| Hyperlink | Index 1 | Index 2 |
| Index 3 | Index 4 | Index 5 |
| Index 6 | Index 7 | Index 8 |
| Index 9 | Index Heading | Line Number |
| List | List 2 | List 3 |
| List 4 | List 5 | List Bullet |
| List Bullet 2 | List Bullet 3 | List Bullet 4 |
| List Bullet 5 | List Continue | List Continue 2 |
| List Continue 3 | List Continue 4 | List Continue 5 |
| List Number | List Number 2 | List Number 3 |
| List Number 4 | List Number 5 | Macro Text |
| Message Header | No List | Normal |
| Normal (Web) | Normal Indent | Note Heading |
| Page Number | Plain Text | Salutation |
| Signature | Strong | Subtitle |
| Table 3D effects 1 | Table 3D effects 2 | Table 3D effects 3 |
| Table Classic 1 | Table Classic 2 | Table Classic 3 |
| Table Classic 4 | Table Colorful 1 | Table Colorful 2 |
| Table Colorful 3 | Table Columns 1 | Table Columns 2 |
| Table Columns 3 | Table Columns 4 | Table Columns 5 |
| Table Contemporary | Table Elegant | Table Grid |
| Table Grid 1 | Table Grid 2 | Table Grid 3 |
| Table Grid 4 | Table Grid 5 | Table Grid 6 |
| | | |

```
Table Grid 7
Table Grid 8
Table List 2
Table List 3
Table List 4
Table List 5
Table List 6
Table List 7
Table List 8
Table Normal
Table of Authorities
Table of Figures
Table Professional
Table Simple 1
Table Simple 2
Table Simple 3
Table Subtle 1
Table Subtle 2
Table Web 2
Table Web 3
Title
TOA Heading
TOC 1
TOC 3
TOC 4
TOC 5
TOC 6
TOC 9
```

std.cupx: This is the number of UPXs in the std.grupx array. See below.

std.grupx: This is an array [More accurately a "group", because each of the elements (UPXs) in the array is variable-length] of variable-length UPXs, with std.cupx UPXs in the array. This array begins after the variable-length xstzName field, at the next even-byte offset within the STD. A UPX (Universal Property eXception) describes the difference in formatting of this style as compared to its based-on style. The UPX structure looks like this:

```
typedef union UPX
   struct
     {
     uchar grpprl[cbMaxGrpprlStyleChpx];
     } chpx;
   struct
     ushort istd;
     uchar grpprl[cbMaxGrpprlStylePapx];
      } papx;
  struct
      uchar grpprl[cbMaxGrpprlForTaps * 8]; // enough for 8 full cnf's
     } tapx;
#ifdef STYLERM
  UPDRM rm;
#endif //STYLERM
  uchar rgb[1];
} UPX;
```

Each UPX stored in a file is not a complete UPX, rather it is a UPX with all trailing zero bytes lopped off, and preceded by a ushort length field. So it is stored like:

| Field Size | | Comment |
|------------|---------|-------------------------------------|
| cbUPX | 2 bytes | Size of the following UPX structure |
| UPX | (cbUPX) | Nonzero prefix of a UPX structure |

Each UPX begins on an even-byte offset within the STD, even if the length of the previous UPX (cbUPX) was odd.

The meaning of each UPX depends on the style type (std.stk). For a paragraph style, std.cupx=2. The first UPX is a paragraph UPX (UPX.papx) and the second UPX is a character

UPX (UPX.chpx). For a character style, std.cupx=1, and that UPX is a character UPX (UPX.chpx). Note that new UPXs may be added in the future, so std.cupx might be larger than expected. Any UPXs past those expected should be discarded. For a list style, std.cupx=1. The UPX is a paragraph UPX (UPX.papx). For a table style, std.cupx=3. The first UPX is a table UPX (UPX.tapx), the second UPX is a paragraph UPX (UPX.papx), and the third UPX is a character UPX (UPX.chpx). In addition, each style type can contain an additional UPX containing revision mark information, which is not documented.

The <code>grpprl</code> within each <code>UPX</code> contains the differences of this property type for this style from the <code>UPE</code> of that property type for the based on style. For example, if two paragraph styles, A and B, were identical except that B was bold where A was not, and B was based on A, B would have two <code>UPXs</code>, where the paragraph <code>UPX</code> would have an empty <code>grpprl</code> [Note that the <code>UPX.papx</code> contains both a grpprl and an istd. Even if the <code>grpprl</code> is empty, the istd is still needed.], and the character <code>UPX</code> would have a bold <code>sprm</code> in the <code>grpprl</code>. Thus B looks just like A (since B is based on A), with the exception that B is bold.

std.grupe: This is an array (group) of variable-length UPEs. **These are not stored in the file!** Rather, they are constructed using the std.istdBase and std.grupx fields. A UPE (Universal Property Expansion) describes the "end-result" of the property formatting, i.e. what the style looks like. The UPE structure is the non-zero prefix of a UPD structure. The UPD structure looks like this:

```
typedef union UPD
   {
   PAP pap;
   CHP chp;
  TAPS taps;
   struct
      ushort istd;
      uchar cbGrpprl;
      uchar grpprl[cbMaxGrpprlStyleChpx];
      } chpx;
   struct
     {
      ushort istd;
      uchar cbGrpprl;
      uchar grpprl[cbMaxGrpprlStylePapx];
     } papx;
#ifdef STYLERM
  UPDRM rm;
#endif //STYLERM
   } UPD;
```

The std.grupe and std.grupx arrays are similar: there is one UPE for each UPX, and internally they are stored similarly (a length ushort followed by a non-zero prefix). **Note**: UPEs are not stored in the file. The meaning of each UPE depends on the style type (std.sgc). For a paragraph style, the first UPE is a PAP (UPE.pap) and the second UPE is a CHP (UPE.chp). For a character style, the first UPE is a CHPX (UPE.chpx). List styles have one UPE, which is a PAPX (UPE.papx). For a table style the first UPE is a table UPE (UPE.taps), the second UPE is a paragraph UPE (UPE.pap), and the third UPE is a character UPE (UPE.chp). In addition, each style type can contain an additional UPE containing revision mark information, which is not documented.

The UPEs for a style are constructed by taking the UPEs from the based-on style, and applying the UPEs to them. If the UPEs for the based-on style haven't yet been constructed, that style's

UPE needs to be constructed first. Eventually by following the based-on chain, a style will be based on the null style (istdNil). The UPEs for the null style are predefined:

- The UPE.pap for the null style is all zeros, except fWidowControl which is 1, dyaLine which is 240, and fMultLinespace which is 1.
- The UPE.chp for the null style is all zeros, except istd which is 10 (istdNormalChar), hps which is 20, lid which is 0x0400, and ftc which is set to the STSHI.ftcStandardChpStsh.
- The UPE.chpx for the null style has an istd of zero, a cbGrpprl of zero (and an empty grpprl).

So, for a paragraph style, the first UPE is a UPE.pap. It can be constructed by starting with the first UPE from the based-on style (std.istdBase), and then applying the first UPX (UPX.papx) in std.grupx to that UPE. To apply a UPX.papx to a UPE.pap, set UPE.pap.istd equal to UPX.papx.istd, and then apply the UPX.papx.grpprl to UPE.pap. Similarly, the second UPE is a UPE.chp. It can be constructed by starting with the second UPE from the based-on style, and then applying the second UPX (UPX.chpx) in std.grupx to that UPE. To apply a UPX.chpx to a UPE.chp, apply the UPX.chpx.grpprl to UPE.chp. Note: a UPE.chp for a paragraph style should always have UPE.chp.istd==istdNormalChar.

For a character style, the first (and only) <code>UPE</code> (a <code>UPE.chpx</code>) can be constructed by starting with the first <code>UPE</code> from the based-on style (<code>std.istdBase</code>), and then applying the first <code>UPX</code> (<code>UPX.chpx</code>) in <code>std.grupx</code> to that <code>UPE</code>. To apply a <code>UPX.chpx</code> to a <code>UPE.chpx</code>, take the <code>grpprl</code> in <code>UPE.chpx.grpprl</code> (which has a length of <code>UPE.chpx.cbGrpprl</code>) and merge the <code>grpprl</code> in <code>UPX.chpx.grpprl</code> into it. Merging <code>grpprls</code> can be difficult, but for character styles it is easy because no <code>prls</code> in character style <code>grpprls</code> should interact with each other. Each <code>prl</code> from the source (the <code>UPX.chpx.grpprl</code>) should be inserted into the destination (the <code>UPE.chpx.grpprl</code>) so the <code>sprm</code> of each <code>prl</code> is in increasing order, and any <code>prls</code> with the same <code>sprm</code> are replaced by the <code>prl</code> in the source. <code>UPE.chpx.cbGrpprl</code> is then set to the length of resulting <code>grpprl</code>, and <code>UPE.chpx.istd</code> is set to the style's <code>istd</code>.

For a list style, the first (and only) <code>UPE</code> (a <code>UPE.papx</code>) can be constructed by starting with the first <code>UPE</code> from the based-on style (<code>std.istdBase</code>), and then applying the first <code>UPX</code> (<code>UPX.papx</code>) in <code>std.grupx</code> to that <code>UPE</code>. To apply a <code>UPX.papx</code> to a <code>UPE.papx</code>, take the <code>grpprl</code> in <code>UPE.papx.grpprl</code> (which has a length of <code>UPE.papx.cbGrpprl</code>) and merge the <code>grpprl</code> in <code>UPX.papx.grpprl</code> into it. Merging <code>grpprls</code> can be difficult. Each <code>prl</code> from the source (the <code>UPX.papx.grpprl</code>) should be inserted into the destination (the <code>UPE.papx.grpprl</code>) so the <code>sprm</code> of each <code>prl</code> is in increasing order, and any <code>prls</code> with the same <code>sprm</code> are replaced by the <code>prl</code> in the source. <code>UPE.papx.cbGrpprl</code> is then set to the length of resulting <code>grpprl</code>, and <code>UPE.papx.istd</code> is set to the style's <code>istd</code>.

So, for a table style, the first UPE is a UPE.taps. It can be constructed by starting with the first UPE from the based-on style (std.istdBase), and then applying the first UPX (UPX.tapx) in std.grupx to that UPE. To apply a UPX.tapx to a UPE.taps, set UPE.taps.istd equal to UPX.tapx.istd, and then apply the UPX.tapx.grpprl to UPE.taps. The second UPE is a UPE.pap. It can be constructed by starting with the first UPE from the based-on style (std.istdBase), and then applying the first UPX (UPX.papx) in std.grupx to that UPE. To apply a UPX.papx to a UPE.pap, set UPE.pap.istd equal to UPX.papx.istd, and then apply the UPX.papx.grpprl to UPE.pap. Similarly, the third UPE is a UPE.chp. It can be constructed by starting with the second UPE from the based-on style, and then applying the second UPX (UPX.chpx) in std.grupx to that UPE. To apply a UPX.chpx to a UPE.chp, apply the UPX.chpx.grpprl to UPE.chp. Note: a UPE.chp for a table style should always have UPE.chp.istd==istdNormalChar.

List Tables

Word 97 and later versions store paragraph numbering information very differently from Word 6.0. In Word 6.0, all information for a paragraph was stored in that paragraph's pap.anld. In Word 97 and later versions, the pap only contains two values: a short ilfo and a byte ilvl, which indicate which list the paragraph belongs to and which level of that list it is part of, respectively. The ilfo is actually an index into one of the document's list tables: the pllfo, and the paragraph gets most of its information about appearance from the list tables.

There are three list tables in a word document: the rglst, the hpllfo, and the hsttbListNames. They are described below in greater detail, and the precise formats of several of these structures (the LSTF, LVLF, LFO, and LFOLVL) are listed in the appendix.

LST Records and the rglst

The LST structure is where most of the list appearance data is stored. An LST consists of two main parts:

- 1. An LSTF, which is stored on disk and contains formatting properties which apply to the entire list, such as whether the list is simple or multilevel, the list's unique list index and template code, the istd's (see Stylesheet above) of the styles (if any) that each level in the list is linked to, and a number of Word 6.0 compatibility options.
- 2. An array of LVL structures, which describe the appearance of each individual level in the LST.

A LVL structure contains two parts:

- 1. An LVLF, which stores all static data such as the start-at value for the list level, the numbering type (arabic or roman), the alignment (left, right or centered) of the number, and several Word 6.0 compatibility options.
- 2. A set of pointers to variable length data:
 - (a) a grpprlChpx, which sets character formatting to the paragraph number text,
 - (b) a grpprlPapx, which sets paragraph formatting to the paragraph containing the number, such as indenting and tab information
 - (c) the number text itself.

Word writes out the rglst as the plcflst by writing out a short integer containing the number of LST structures to be written; followed by an enumeration of the rglst, writing out each LSTF structure. It then enumerates through the rglst again, deciding, for each LST, whether it has one level (LSTF.fSimpleList) or nine levels (!LSTF.fSimpleList). It then writes the appropriate number of LVL structures as described below.

When Word writes out an LVL structure, it first writes out the LVLF, followed by the grpprlPapx (of LVLF.cbGrpprlPapx bytes in length), followed by the grpprlChpx (of length LVLF.cbGrpprlChpx), and an XCHAR string with the number text, preceded by an XCHAR containing the string's length.

List Names and the sttbListNames

The string table containing the List Names is by far the least significant of the three list tables. Most lists do not have names, and the names are only useful to users of Visual Basic for Applications (VBA). If this list has a name, however, it is in this table: the table is a parallel array with the rglst above, and will contain an empty string for any list which does not have a list name.

LFO Records and the pllfo

The LFO structure serves primarily as a level of indirection between the paragraph and the LST, but also can be used to override certain features of the list formats (LFO stands for List Format Override). An LFO consists of two main parts:

- (1) the List ID of the list (LST record) to which this LFO belongs.
- (2) an array of overrides to the formatting in that LST.

For the vast majority of LFOs, there are no overrides, but if there are any, they reside in an array of LFOLVL structures—one LFOLVL per level of the LST to be overridden. An LFOLVL contains a set of flags to indicate whether just the start-at value of the LST is overridden, or whether just the formatting is overridden, or both, as well as either a start-at value or a pointer to a LVL record, depending upon the values of the flags. **Note**: if the LFOLVL says the start-at value should be overridden, what that means is that the FIRST paragraph in the document with this LFO should have a number equal exactly to that start-at value, but any subsequent paragraphs should just follow the previous paragraph in the sequence. Also, if LFOLVL.fFormatting and LFOLVL.fStartAt are both true (rare) then LFOLVL.iStartAt should be ignored in favor of the iStartAt value from the corresponding LVL.

Word writes out the pllfo first by writing out a PL of LFO structures. It then enumerates through each LFO to figure out how many LFOLVLs each one has (LFO.clfolvl), and writes out, in order, each LFOLVL structure followed by its corresponding LVL structure (if LFOLVL.fFormatting is set).

Paragraph List Formatting

Given a paragraph and its corresponding PAP, the following process must be followed to find out the paragraph's list information:

- 1. Using the pap.ilfo, look up the LFO record in the pllfo with that (1-based) index.
- 2. Using the LFO, and the pap.ilvl, check to see if there are any overrides for this particular level. If so, and if the override pertains to both formatting and start-at value, use the LVL record from the correct LFOLVL in the LFO, and skip to step 5.
- 3. If the override does not pertain to either formatting or start-at value, look up the LST for this list. Using the LFO's List ID, search the rglst for the LST with that List ID.
- 4. Now, take from this LST any information (formatting or start-at value) still needed after consulting the LFO.
- 5. Once the correct LVL record is obtained, apply the lvl.grpprlPapx to the PAP. It may adjust the indents and tab settings for the paragraph.
- 6. Use the other information in the LVL, such as the start at, number text, and grpprlChpx, to determine the appearance of the actual paragraph number text.

SPRM Definitions

A sprm is an instruction to modify one or more properties within one of the property defining data structures (CHP, PAP, TAP, SEP, or PIC). A sprm is a two-byte opcode at offset 0 which identifies the operation to be performed. If necessary information for the operation can always be expressed with a fixed length parameter, the fixed length parameter is recorded immediately after the opcode beginning at offset 2. The length of a fixed length sprm is always 2 plus the size of the sprm's parameter. If the parameter for the sprm is variable length, the count of bytes of the following parameter is stored in the byte at offset 2, followed by the parameter at offset 3.

Three sprms -- sprmPChgTabs, sprmTDefTable, and sprmTDefTable10 -- can be longer than 256 bytes. The method for calculating the length of sprmPChgTabs is recorded below with the description of the sprm. For sprmTDefTable and sprmTDefTable10, the length of the parameter plus 1 is recorded in the two bytes beginning at offset 2.

For all other variable length sprms, the total length of the sprm is the count recorded at offset 2 plus three (2 for the sprm + 1 for the count byte). The parameter immediately follows the count.

The sprm value encodes information on the size of the operand, the type of sprm (PAP, CHP, etc), and whether the sprm requires special handling (in cases where a property value isn't simply replaced).

| Sprm bits | | |
|------------|-------------|--|
| (0 = low) | Value | Details |
| 0-8 | ispmd | Unique identifier within sgc group |
| 9 | fSpec | sprm requires special handling |
| 10-12 | sgc | sprm group; type of sprm (PAP, CHP, etc) |
| 13-15 | spra | Size of sprm argument (see following table for values) |
| sgc value | Type of s | prm |
| 1 | PAP | |
| 2 | CHP | |
| 3 | PIC | |
| 4 | SEP | |
| 5 | TAP | |
| spra value | Operand s | size |
| 0 | 1 byte (ope | erand affects 1 bit) |
| 1 | 1 byte | |
| 2 | 2 bytes | |
| 3 | 4 bytes | |
| 4 | 2 bytes | |
| 5 | 2 bytes | |
| 6 | Variable le | ngth following byte is size of operand |
| 7 | 3 bytes | |

When parsing a <code>grpprl</code>, you can use the <code>sprm</code>'s <code>spra</code> value to determine how many bytes are used by that <code>sprm</code>; it also enables you to skip over <code>sprms</code> you don't handle.

Unless otherwise noted, when a sprm is applied to a property the sprm's parameter changes the old value of the property in question to the value stored in the sprm parameter.

Paragraph SPRMs

| Name | sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|-----------------------|--------|---|--|--------------------|
| sprmPIstd | 0x4600 | pap.istd | istd (style code) | short |
| sprmPIstdPermute | 0xC601 | pap.istd | permutation vector (see below) | variable length |
| sprmPIncLvl | 0x2602 | pap.istd, pap.lvl | difference between istd of base PAP and istd of PAP to be produced (see below) | byte |
| sprmPJc | 0x2461 | change pap.jc | jc (justification) | spraByte |
| | | In Word 2000, justification is relative to text direction (left is left for left-to-right text and right for right-to-left text). | | |
| sprmPJc80 | 0x2403 | change pap.jc (bi-directional Word 97 style) | jc (justification) | spraByte |
| sprmPFSideBySide | 0x2404 | pap.fSideBySide | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPFKeep | 0x2405 | pap.fKeep | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPFKeepFollow | 0x2406 | pap.fKeepFollow | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPFPageBreakBefore | 0x2407 | pap.fPageBreakBefore | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPBrcl | 0x2408 | pap.brcl | brcl | byte |
| sprmPBrcp | 0x2409 | pap.brcp | brcp | byte |
| sprmPIIvI | 0x260A | pap.ilvl | ilvl | byte |
| sprmPIIfo | 0x460B | pap.ilfo | ilfo (list index) | short |
| sprmPFNoLineNumb | 0x240C | pap.fNoLnn | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPChgTabsPapx | 0xC60D | <pre>pap.itbdMac, pap.rgdxaTab, pap.rgtbd</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmPDxaLeft | 0x845e | <pre>change pap.dxaLeft</pre> | dxa | Word (2 |
| | | In Word 2000, dxaLeft is relative to text direction (see pap.dxaLeft definition). | | bytes) |
| sprmPDxaLeft80 | 0x840f | change pap.dxaLeft | dxa | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPDxaLeft1 | 0x8460 | <pre>change pap.dxaLeft1</pre> | dxa | word (2 bytes) |

| Name | sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|---------------------|--------|--|--|--------------------|
| sprmPDxaLeft180 | 0x8411 | <pre>change pap.dxaLeft1 for Word 97</pre> | dxa | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPDxaRight | 0x845d | change pap.dxaRight | dxa | word (2 bytes) |
| | | In Word 2000, dxaRight is relative to text direction (see pap.dxaLeft definition). | | |
| sprmPDxaRight80 | 0x840e | <pre>change pap.dxaRight (bi-directional Word 97 style)</pre> | dxa | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPDxcLeft | 0x4456 | <pre>change pap.dxcLeft</pre> | dxa | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPDxcLeft1 | 0x4457 | <pre>change pap.dxcLeft1</pre> | dxa | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPDxcRight | 0x4455 | change pap.dxcRight | dxa | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPNest | 0x465f | pap.dxaLeft | dxa (see below) | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPNest80 | 0x4610 | pap.dxaLeft | dxa (see below) | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPDyaLine | 0x6412 | pap.lspd | an LSPD, a long word structure consisting of a short of dyaLine followed by a short of fMultLinespace (see below) | long |
| sprmPDyaBefore | 0xA413 | pap.dyaBefore | dya | word |
| sprmPDyaAfter | 0xA414 | pap.dyaAfter | dya | word |
| sprmPFDyaAfterAuto | 0x245c | <pre>change pap.fDyaAfterAuto</pre> | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmPFDyaBeforeAuto | 0x245b | <pre>change pap.fDyaBeforeAuto</pre> | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmPDylAfter | 0x4459 | <pre>change pap.dylAfter</pre> | short | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPDylBefore | 0x4458 | <pre>change pap.dylBefore</pre> | short | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPChgTabs | 0xC615 | <pre>pap.itbdMac, pap.rgdxaTab, pap.rgtbd</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmPFInTable | 0x2416 | pap.fInTable | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPFTtp | 0x2417 | pap.fTtp | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPDxaAbs | 0x8418 | pap.dxaAbs | dxa | word |
| sprmPDyaAbs | 0x8419 | pap.dyaAbs | dya | word |
| sprmPDxaWidth | 0x841A | pap.dxaWidth | dxa | word |
| sprmPPc | 0x261B | <pre>pap.pcHorz, pap.pcVert</pre> | complex (see below) | byte |
| sprmPBrcTop10 | 0x461C | pap.brcTop | BRC10 | word |

| Name | sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|--------------------|--------|---|--|--------------------|
| sprmPBrcLeft10 | 0x461D | pap.brcLeft | BRC10 | word |
| sprmPBrcBottom10 | 0x461E | pap.brcBottom | BRC10 | word |
| sprmPBrcRight10 | 0x461F | pap.brcRight | BRC10 | word |
| sprmPBrcBetween10 | 0x4620 | pap.brcBetween | BRC10 | word |
| sprmPBrcBar10 | 0x4621 | pap.brcBar | BRC10 | word |
| sprmPDxaFromText10 | 0x4622 | pap.dxaFromText | dxa | word |
| sprmPWr | 0x2423 | pap.wr | wr (see description of PAP for definition) | byte |
| sprmPBrcBar | 0xc653 | change pap bar border | BRC | variable length |
| sprmPBrcBar70 | 0x4629 | change pap bar border for Word 95 and earlier versions | BRC70 | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPBrcBar80 | 0x6629 | change pap bar border for Word 97 and later versions | BRC80 | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmPBrcBetween | 0xc652 | change pap between border | BRC | variable length |
| sprmPBrcBetween70 | 0x4428 | change pap between border for Word 95 and earlier versions | BRC70 | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPBrcBetween80 | 0x6428 | change pap between border for Word 97 and later versions | BRC80 | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmPBrcBottom | 0xc650 | change pap bottom border | BRC | variable length |
| sprmPBrcBottom70 | 0x4426 | change pap bottom border for Word 95 and earlier versions | BRC70 | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPBrcBottom80 | 0x6426 | change pap bottom border for Word 97 and later versions | BRC80 | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmPBrcLeft | 0xc64f | change pap left border | BRC | variable length |
| sprmPBrcLeft70 | 0x4425 | change pap left border for Word 95 and earlier versions | BRC70 | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPBrcLeft80 | 0x6425 | change pap left border for Word 97 and later versions | BRC80 | long (4 bytes) |

| Name | sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|---------------------|--------|---|---|--------------------|
| sprmPBrcRight | 0xc651 | change pap right border | BRC80 | variable length |
| sprmPBrcRight70 | 0x4427 | change pap right border for Word 95 or earlier versions | BRC | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPBrcRight80 | 0x6427 | change pap right border for Word 97 and later versions | BRC70 | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmPBrcTop | 0xc64e | change pap top border | BRC80 | variable length |
| sprmPBrcTop70 | 0x4424 | change pap top border for Word 95 or earlier versions | BRC70 | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPBrcTop80 | 0x6424 | change pap top border for Word 97 and later versions | BRC80 | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmPFNoAutoHyph | 0x242A | pap.fNoAutoHyph | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPWHeightAbs | 0x442B | pap.wHeightAbs | W | word |
| sprmPDcs | 0x442C | pap.dc S | DCS | short |
| sprmPShd80 | 0x442D | pap.shd for Word 97 and later versions | SHD | word |
| sprmPShd | 0xc64d | change pap.shd | SHD | Variable length |
| sprmPDyaFromText | 0x842E | pap.dyaFromText | dya | word |
| sprmPDxaFromText | 0x842F | pap.dxaFromText | dxa | word |
| sprmPFLocked | 0x2430 | pap.fLocked | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPFWidowControl | 0x2431 | pap.fWidowControl | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPRuler | 0xC632 | | | variable length |
| sprmPFKinsoku | 0x2433 | pap.fKinsoku | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPFWordWrap | 0x2434 | pap.fWordWrap | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPFOverflowPunct | 0x2435 | pap.fOverflowPunct | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPFTopLinePunct | 0x2436 | pap.fTopLinePunct | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPFAutoSpaceDE | 0x2437 | pap.fAutoSpaceDE | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPFAutoSpaceDN | 0x2438 | pap.fAutoSpaceDN | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPWAlignFont | 0x4439 | pap.wAlignFont | iFa (see description of PAP for definition) | word |

| Name | sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|-----------------------|--------|---|---|--------------------|
| sprmPFrameTextFlow | 0x443A | <pre>pap.fVertical pap.fBackward pap.fRotateFont</pre> | complex (see description of PAP for definition) | word |
| sprmPISnapBaseLine | 0x243B | Obsolete; not applicable in Word 97 and later versions. | | byte |
| sprmPAnId80 | 0xC63E | pap.anld (Word 97) | ANLD80 | variable length |
| sprmPAnIdCv | 0x6654 | change | COLORREF | long (4 bytes) |
| | | pap.anld.anlv.cv | sprmPAnld80 composed with sprmPAnldCv yields the ANLD | |
| sprmPPropRMark | 0xC63F | pap.fPropRMark | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmPOutLvI | 0x2640 | pap.lvl | <pre>has no effect if pap.istd is < 1 or is > 9</pre> | byte |
| sprmPFBiDi | 0x2441 | Pap.fBiDi | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmPFNumRMIns | 0x2443 | pap.fNumRMIns | 1 or 0 | bit |
| sprmPNumRM | 0xC645 | pap.numrm | NUMRM | variable length |
| sprmPHugePapx | 0x6645 | see below | fc in the data stream to locate the huge grpprl (see below) | long |
| sprmPFUsePgsuSettings | 0x2447 | pap.fUsePgsuSettings | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmPFAdjustRight | 0x2448 | pap.fAdjustRight | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmPDtap | 0x664a | Add the parameter to pap.itap and change pap.fInTableW97 (set it to 0 if pap.itap is 0 and to 1 otherwise). | | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmPFInnerTableCell | 0x244b | <pre>change Pap.fInnerTableCell</pre> | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmPFInnerTtp | 0x244c | Word 97 compatibility indicates this end of paragraph mark is really an end of row marker for a nested table. | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmPFNoAllowOverlap | 0x2462 | <pre>change pap.fNoAllowOverlap</pre> | 1 or 0 | byte |

| Name | sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|----------------------|--------|--|---|--------------------|
| sprmPItap | 0x6649 | change pap.itap and pap.fInTableW97 (set it to 0 if pap.itap is 0 and to 1 otherwise) | | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmPWall | 0x2664 | pap.fHasOldProps Used for paragraph property revision marking. The pap at the time fHasOldProps is set to 1, the is the old pap. | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPIpgp | 0x6465 | <pre>pap.ipgp (HTML div ID for this paragraph)</pre> | div id | long |
| sprmPCnf | 0xc666 | pap.hplcnf (conditional paragraph properties) | <pre>cnfc (conditional format condition + grpprl of properties)</pre> | variable length |
| sprmPRsid | 0x6467 | Changes pap.rsid, a random number associated with paragraph formatting which improves the accuracy of Word's document merge feature. | rsid | long |
| sprmPIstdList | 0x4468 | <pre>pap.istdList (list style for this paragraph)</pre> | style | word |
| sprmPIstdListPermute | 0xc669 | <pre>pap.istdList (list style permute; see sprmPIstdPermute for permute definition)</pre> | see sprmPIstdPermute | variable length |
| sprmPDyaBeforeNotCp0 | 0xa46a | pap.dyaBefore (sets dyaBefore ONLY for para's not at the beginning of the document) | twips | uza |
| sprmPTableProps | 0x646b | pap.tap (holds the native 2002 table properties; backward compatible props are stored after this FC value (and thus parsed by Word 2000) | FC (offset into data stream for properties) | long |
| sprmPTIstdInfo | 0xc66c | pap.tap.yfti (information about the last table autofit conditional results) | YFTI | variable length |

| Name | sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|-------------------------|--------|--|-------------------------|--------------------|
| sprmPFContextualSpacing | 0x246d | pap.fContextualSpacin g (collapses space between paragraphs of the same style) | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmPRpf | 0x246e | <pre>pap.rpf (revision pane flags)</pre> | RPF | byte |
| sprmPPropRMark90 | 0xc66f | Changes pap.fPropRMark, pap.ibstPropRMark, pap.dttmPropRMark. | Same as sprmPPropRMark. | variable length |
| | | Word 2000 sometimes crashes reading in Word2002 paragraph property revisions, so a new sprmPPropRMark was created for Word 2002 to use, and the old one was renamed sprmPPropRMark90 and is no longer generated. | | |

Character SPRMs

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|------------------|--------|---|----------------------|--|
| sprmCFRMarkDel | 0x0800 | chp.fRMarkDel | 1 or 0 | bit |
| sprmCFRMark | 0x0801 | chp.fRMark | 1 or 0 | bit |
| sprmCFFldVanish | 0x0802 | chp.fFldVanish | 1 or 0 | bit |
| sprmCFSdtVanish | 0x2A90 | chp.fSdtVanish. | 1 or 0 | bit |
| | | Applies to xchSdtBegin ("<") and xchSdtEnd (">") characters to signify that they are "vanished" (hidden). | | |
| sprmCPicLocation | 0x6A03 | chp.fcPic chp.fSpec | (see below) | variable length, length recorded is always 4 |
| sprmCIbstRMark | 0x4804 | chp.ibstRMark | index into sttbRMark | short |
| sprmCDttmRMark | 0x6805 | chp.dttmRMark | DTTM | long |
| sprmCFData | 0x0806 | chp.fData | 1 or 0 | bit |

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|-------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| sprmCIdsIRMark | 0x4807 | chp.idslRMReason | an index to a table of strings defined in Word 6.0 executables | short |
| sprmCChs | 0xEA08 | chp.fChsDiff chp.chse | (see below) | 3 bytes |
| sprmCSymbol | 0x6A09 | <pre>chp.fSpec, chp.xchSym, chp.ftcSym</pre> | (see below) | variable length, length recorded is always 4 |
| sprmCFOle2 | 0x080A | chp.f0le2 | 1 or 0 | bit |
| sprmCIdCharType | 0x480B | obsolete; not applicable in Word 97 and later versions | | |
| sprmCHighlight | 0x2A0C | <pre>chp.fHighlight, chp.icoHighlight</pre> | <pre>ico (fHighlight is set to 1 if ico is not 0)</pre> | byte |
| sprmCObjLocation | 0x680E | chp.fcObj in old documents | FC | long |
| sprmCObjpLocation | 0x680e | change chp.fcObjp in Word 2000 | FC | long |
| sprmCFFtcAsciSymb | 0x2A10 | | | |
| sprmCIstd | 0x4A30 | chp.istd | istd, see style sheet definition | short |
| sprmCIstdPermute | 0xCA31 | chp.istd | permutation vector (see below) | variable length |
| sprmCDefault | 0x2A32 | whole CHP (see below) | none | variable length |
| sprmCPlain | 0x2A33 | whole CHP (see below) | none | 0 |
| sprmCKcd | 0x2A34 | | | |
| sprmCFBold | 0x0835 | chp.fBold | 0,1, 128, or 129 (see below) | byte |
| sprmCFItalic | 0x0836 | chp.fItalic | 0,1, 128, or 129 (see below) | byte |
| sprmCFStrike | 0x0837 | chp.fStrike | 0,1, 128, or 129 (see below) | byte |
| sprmCFOutline | 0x0838 | chp.fOutline | 0,1, 128, or 129 (see below) | byte |
| sprmCFShadow | 0x0839 | chp.fShadow | 0,1, 128, or 129 (see below) | byte |
| sprmCFSmallCaps | 0x083A | chp.fSmallCaps | 0,1, 128, or 129 (see below) | byte |

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|-----------------|--------|---|---|---|
| sprmCFCaps | 0x083B | chp.fCaps | 0,1, 128, or 129 (see below) | byte |
| sprmCFVanish | 0x083C | Chp.fVanish | 0,1, 128, or 129 (see below) | byte |
| sprmCFtcDefault | 0x4A3D | | ftc, only used internally, never stored in file | word |
| sprmCKul | 0x2A3E | chp.kul | kul | byte |
| sprmCSizePos | 0xEA3F | chp.hps, chp.hpsPos | (see below) | 3 bytes |
| sprmCDxaSpace | 0x8840 | chp.dxaSpace | dxa | word |
| sprmCLid | 0x4A41 | | only used internally never stored | word |
| sprmCIco | 0x2A42 | chp.ico for Word 97 and later versions | ico | byte |
| sprmCHps | 0x4A43 | chp.hps | hps | byte |
| sprmCHpsInc | 0x2A44 | chp.hps | (see below) | byte |
| sprmCHpsPos | 0x4845 | chp.hpsPos | hps | byte |
| sprmCHpsPosAdj | 0x2A46 | chp.hpsPos | hps (see below) | byte |
| sprmCMajority | 0xCA47 | chp.fBold, chp.fItalic, chp.fSmallCaps, chp.fVanish, chp.fStrike, chp.fCaps, chp.rgftc, chp.hps, chp.hpsPos, chp.dxaSpace, chp.ico, chp.rglid chp.fOutline chp.fShadow chp.ftc chp.cv | complex (see below) | variable length, length byte plus size of following grpprl |
| sprmCIss | 0x2A48 | chp.iss | iss | byte |
| sprmCHpsNew50 | 0xCA49 | chp.hps | hps | variable width, length always recorded as 2 |
| sprmCHpsInc1 | 0xCA4A | chp.hps | complex (see below) | variable width, length always recorded as 2 |
| sprmCHpsKern | 0x484B | chp.hpsKern | hps | short |

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|-----------------|--------|---|---|---|
| sprmCMajority50 | 0xCA4C | chp.fBold, chp.fItalic, chp.fSmallCaps, chp.fVanish, chp.fStrike, chp.fCaps, chp.ftc, chp.hps, chp.hpsPos, chp.kul, chp.dxaSpace, chp.ico | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmCHpsMul | 0x4A4D | chp.hps | percentage to grow | short |
| sprmCHresi | 0x484e | <pre>change chp.hresi (chp.hres, chp.chHres)</pre> | HRESI | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmCRgFtc0 | 0x4A4F | chp.rgftc[0] | ftc for ASCII text (see below) | short |
| sprmCRgFtc1 | 0x4A50 | chp.rgftc[1] | ftc for East Asian text (see below) | short |
| sprmCRgFtc2 | 0x4A51 | chp.rgftc[2] | ftc for non-East Asian text (see below) | short |
| sprmCCharScale | 0x4852 | chp.pctCharWidth | | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmCFDStrike | 0x2A53 | chp.fDStrike | | byte |
| sprmCFImprint | 0x0854 | chp.fImprint | 1 or 0 | bit |
| sprmCFSpec | 0x0855 | chp.fSpec | 1 or 0 | bit |
| sprmCFObj | 0x0856 | chp.fObj | 1 or 0 | bit |
| sprmCPropRMark | 0xCA57 | <pre>chp.fPropRMark, chp.ibstPropRMark, chp.dttmPropRMark</pre> | Complex (see below) | variable length always recorded as 7 bytes |
| sprmCFEmboss | 0x0858 | chp.fEmboss | 1 or 0 | bit |
| sprmCSfxText | 0x2859 | chp.sfxtText | text animation | byte |
| sprmCFBiDi | 0x085A | Change chp.fBidi | 1 or 0 | bit |
| sprmCFDiacColor | 0x085B | | 1 or 0 | bit |
| sprmCFBoldBi | 0x085C | Change chp.fBoldBi | 1 or 0 | bit |
| sprmCFItalicBi | 0x085D | Change chp.fItalicBi | 1 or 0 | bit |
| sprmCFtcBi | 0x4A5E | Change Chp.ftcBi | ftc | word |
| sprmCLidBi | 0x485F | <pre>Change chp.rglid[2] (chp.lidBi)</pre> | LID | word |
| sprmCIcoBi | 0x4A60 | Change chp.IcoBi | | word |
| sprmCHpsBi | 0x4A61 | Change chp.HpsBi | Font size | word |

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|-----------------------|--------|---|--|---|
| sprmCDispFldRMark | 0xCA62 | <pre>chp.fDispFldRMark, chp.ibstDispFldRMark ,</pre> | Complex (see below) | variable length always recorded as 39 |
| | | chp.dttmDispFldRMark | | bytes |
| sprmCIbstRMarkDel | 0x4863 | chp.ibstRMarkDel | index into sttbRMark | short |
| sprmCDttmRMarkDel | 0x6864 | chp.dttmRMarkDel | DTTM | long |
| SprmCBrc80 | 0x6865 | chp.brc for Word 97 | BRC80 | long |
| sprmCBrc | 0xca72 | change chp.brc | BRC | variable length |
| sprmCShd80 | 0x4866 | chp.shd | SHD80 | short |
| sprmCShd | 0xca71 | change chp.shd | SHD | variable length |
| sprmCIdslRMarkDel | 0x4867 | chp.idslRMReasonDel | an index to a table of strings defined in Word 6.0 executables | short |
| sprmCFUsePgsuSettings | 0x0868 | chp.fUsePgsuSettings | 1 or 0 | bit |
| sprmCCpg | 0x486B | | | word |
| sprmCRgLid0_80 | 0x486D | <pre>chp.rglid[0] for Word 97</pre> | LID | word |
| sprmCRgLid0 | 0x4873 | <pre>change chp.rglid[0]</pre> | LID | word |
| sprmCRgLid1_80 | 0x486E | <pre>chp.rglid[1] for Word 97</pre> | LID | word |
| sprmCRgLid1 | 0x4874 | <pre>change chp.rglid[1]</pre> | LID | word |
| sprmCIdctHint | 0x286F | chp.idctHint | IDCT: (see below) | byte |
| sprmCCv | 0x6870 | change chp.cv | COLORREF | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmCCvPermute | 0xca7c | permute colors | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmCCvUI | 0x6877 | change chp.cvUl | COLORREF | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmCFBoldPresent | 0x287d | <pre>change chp.fBoldPresent</pre> | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmCFELayout | 0xca78 | East Asian Warichu, Tatenakayoko and Kumimoji | complex | variable length |
| sprmCFItalicPresent | 0x287e | <pre>change chp.fItalicPresent</pre> | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmCFitText | 0xca76 | <pre>change chp.dxaFitText & chp.lFitTextID</pre> | complex | variable length |
| sprmCFLangApplied | 0x2a7a | <pre>change chp.fLangApplied (Abandoned)</pre> | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmCFNoProof | 0x875 | change chp.fNoProof | 1 or 0 | bit |
| sprmCFWebHidden | 0x811 | change chp.fWebHidden | 1 or 0 | bit |

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|----------------------|--------|---|---------------|-------------------|
| sprmCHsp | 0x6a12 | change chp.fcPic and set fSpec | complex | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmCLbcCRJ | 0x2879 | change chp.lbrCRJ | unsigned char | byte |
| sprmCNewIbstRM | 0xca13 | change chp.ibstRMark if original is not a threading author | IBST | variable length |
| sprmCTransNoProof0 | 0x287f | <pre>change chp.bTransNoProof0</pre> | REMOVE? | spraByte |
| sprmCTransNoProof1 | 0x2880 | <pre>change chp.bTransNoProof1</pre> | REMOVE? | spraByte |
| sprmCFRMMove | 0x2814 | Not used | Not used | byte |
| sprmCRsidProp | 0x6815 | Changes chp.rsidProp, a random number associated with character formatting which improves the accuracy of Word's document merge feature. | rsid | long |
| sprmCRsidText | 0x6816 | Changes chp.rsidText, a random number associated with the insertion of text which improves the accuracy of Word's document merging. | rsid | long |
| sprmCRsidRMDel | 0x6817 | Changes chp.rsidRMDel, a random number associated with the tracked deletion of text which improves the accuracy of Word's document merging. | rsid | long |
| sprmCFSpecVanish | 0x0818 | chp.fSpecVanish | 0 or 1 | bit |
| sprmCFComplexScripts | 0x0882 | chp.fComplexScripts | 1 or 0 | bit |
| sprmCWall | 0x2a83 | chp.fHasOldProps Used for character property revision marking. The chp at the time fHasOldProps is set to 1, is the old chp. | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmCPbi | 0xca84 | chp.pbi (picture bullet information) | | variable length |

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|--------------------|--------|--|--|-------------------|
| sprmCCnf | 0xca85 | chp.hplcnf (conditional character formatting for table styles. No language properties are stored here) | | variable length |
| sprmCNeedFontFixup | 0x2a86 | chp.ffm | For internal use only, should never be seen in binary document | byte |
| sprmCPbiIBullet | 0x6887 | chp.pbi (picture bullet information) | | long |
| sprmCPbiGrf | 0x4888 | chp.pbi (picture bullet information) | | word |
| sprmCPropRMark | 0xca89 | <pre>chp.fPropRMark, chp.ibstPropRMark, chp.dttmPropRMark</pre> | Same as sprmPPropRMark | variable length |

Picture SPRMs

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|--------------------|--------|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| sprmPicBrcl | 0x2E00 | pic.brcl | brcl (see PIC structure definition) | Byte |
| sprmPicScale | 0xCE01 | <pre>pic.mx, pic.my, pic.dxaCropleft, pic.dyaCropTop, pic.dxaCropRight, pic.dyaCropBottom</pre> | complex (see below) | length byte plus 12 bytes |
| sprmPicBrcTop80 | 0x6C02 | pic.brcTop for Word 97 | BRC80 | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmPicBrcBottom | 0xce0a | change pic bottom border | BRC | variable length |
| sprmPicBrcBottom70 | 0x4c04 | change pic bottom border for Word 95 and earlier versions | BRC70 | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPicBrcLeft80 | 0x6C03 | <pre>pic.brcLeft for Word 97</pre> | BRC80 | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmPicBrcLeft | 0xce09 | change pic left border | BRC | variable length |
| sprmPicBrcLeft70 | 0x4c03 | change pic left border for Word 95 and earlier versions | BRC70 | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPicBrcBottom80 | 0x6C04 | pic.brcBottom for Word | BRC80 | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmPicBrcRight | 0xce0b | change pic right border | BRC | variable length |
| sprmPicBrcRight70 | 0x4c05 | change pic right border for Word 95 and earlier versions | BRC70 | word (2 bytes) |

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|-------------------|--------|--|-----------|-----------------|
| sprmPicBrcRight80 | 0x6C05 | pic.brcRight for Word 97 | BRC80 | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmPicBrcTop | 0xce08 | change pic top border | BRC | variable length |
| sprmPicBrcTop70 | 0x4c02 | change pic top border for Word 95 and earlier versions | BRC70 | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmPicSpare4 | 0xce06 | | | |
| sprmCFOle2WasHere | 0xce07 | | | |

Section SPRMs

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|--------------------|--------|---|--|-------------------|
| sprmScnsPgn | 0x3000 | sep.cnsPgn | cns | Byte |
| sprmSiHeadingPgn | 0x3001 | sep.iHeadingPgn | heading number level | Byte |
| sprmSOlstAnm | 0xD202 | sep.olstAnm | OLST | variable length |
| sprmSOlstAnm80 | 0xd202 | sep.olstAnm for Word 97 | OLST | variable length |
| sprmSOlstCv | 0xd238 | <pre>change Sep.olst.rganlv[9].cv</pre> | COLORREF[9], one for each ANLV in the OLST | variable length |
| sprmSDxaColWidth | 0xF203 | <pre>sep.rgdxaColWidthSpacin g</pre> | complex (see below) | 3 bytes |
| sprmSDxaColSpacing | 0xF204 | sep.rgdxaColWidthSpacin g | complex (see below) | 3 bytes |
| sprmSFEvenlySpaced | 0x3005 | sep.fEvenlySpaced | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmSFProtected | 0x3006 | sep.fUnlocked | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmSDmBinFirst | 0x5007 | sep.dmBinFirst | | word |
| sprmSDmBinOther | 0x5008 | sep.dmBinOther | | word |
| sprmSBkc | 0x3009 | sep.bkc | bkc | byte |
| sprmSFTitlePage | 0x300A | sep.fTitlePage | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmSCcolumns | 0x500B | sep.ccolM1 | # of cols - 1 | word |
| sprmSDxaColumns | 0x900C | sep.dxaColumns | dxa | word |
| sprmSFAutoPgn | 0x300D | sep.fAutoPgn | obsolete | byte |
| sprmSNfcPgn | 0x300E | sep.nfcPgn | nfc | byte |
| sprmSDyaPgn | 0xB00F | sep.dyaPgn | dya | short |
| sprmSDxaPgn | 0xB010 | sep.dxaPgn | dya | short |
| sprmSFPgnRestart | 0x3011 | sep.fPgnRestart | 0 or 1 | byte |

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|-------------------|--------|---|--|---|
| sprmSFEndnote | 0x3012 | sep.fEndnote | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmSLnc | 0x3013 | sep.lnc | Inc | byte |
| sprmSGprfIhdt | 0x3014 | sep.grpfIhdt | grpfihdt (see Headers and Footers topic) | byte |
| sprmSNLnnMod | 0x5015 | sep.nLnnMod | non-neg int. | word |
| sprmSDxaLnn | 0x9016 | sep.dxaLnn | dxa | word |
| sprmSDyaHdrTop | 0xB017 | sep.dyaHdrTop | dya | word |
| sprmSDyaHdrBottom | 0xB018 | sep.dyaHdrBottom | dya | word |
| sprmSLBetween | 0x3019 | sep.fLBetween | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmSVjc | 0x301A | sep.vjc | vjc | byte |
| sprmSLnnMin | 0x501B | sep.lnnMin | Inn | word |
| sprmSPgnStart | 0x501C | sep.pgnStart | pgn | word |
| sprmSBOrientation | 0x301D | sep.dmOrientPage | dm | byte |
| sprmSXaPage | 0xB01F | sep.xaPage | xa | word |
| sprmSYaPage | 0xB020 | sep.yaPage | ya | word |
| sprmSDxaLeft | 0xB021 | sep.dxaLeft | dxa | word |
| sprmSDxaRight | 0xB022 | sep.dxaRight | dxa | word |
| sprmSDyaTop | 0x9023 | sep.dyaTop | dya | word |
| sprmSDyaBottom | 0x9024 | sep.dyaBottom | dya | word |
| sprmSDzaGutter | 0xB025 | sep.dzaGutter | dza | word |
| sprmSDmPaperReq | 0x5026 | sep.dmPaperReq | dm | word |
| sprmSPropRMark | 0xD227 | <pre>sep.fPropRMark, sep.ibstPropRMark, sep.dttmPropRMark</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length always recorded as 7 bytes |
| sprmSFBiDi | 0x3228 | Change sep.fbidi | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmSFFacingCol | 0x3229 | Change sep.ffacingcol | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmSFRTLGutter | 0x322A | Change sep.fRTLgutter | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmSBrcTop80 | 0x702B | sep.brcTop for Word 97 | BRC | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmSBrcTop | 0xd234 | <pre>change sep.brcTop</pre> | BRC | variable length |
| sprmSBrcLeft80 | 0x702C | sep.brcLeft for Word 97 | BRC | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmSBrcLeft | 0xd235 | <pre>change sep.brcLeft</pre> | BRC | variable length |
| sprmSBrcBottom80 | 0x702d | <pre>change sep.brcBottom for Word 97</pre> | BRC80 | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmSBrcBottom | 0xd236 | <pre>change sep.brcBottom</pre> | BRC | variable length |

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|-------------------|--------|--|------------------------|-----------------|
| sprmSBrcRight80 | 0x702e | <pre>change sep.brcRight for Word 97</pre> | BRC80 | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmSBrcRight | 0xd237 | <pre>change sep.brcRight</pre> | BRC | long (4 bytes) |
| sprmSPgbProp | 0x522F | sep.pgbProp | | word |
| sprmSDxtCharSpace | 0x7030 | sep.dxtCharSpace | dxt | long |
| sprmSDyaLinePitch | 0x9031 | sep.dyaLinePitch | dya | long |
| sprmSClm | 0x5032 | sep.clm | | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmSTextFlow | 0x5033 | sep.wTextFlow | complex (see below) | Short |
| sprmSWall | 0x3239 | sep.fHasOldProps Used for section property revision marking. The sep at the time fHasOldProps is set to 1, the is the old sep. | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmSRsid | 0x703a | Change sep.rsid, a random number associated with section formatting which improves the accuracy of Word's document merging. | rsid | long |
| sprmSFpc | 0x303b | <pre>sep.fpc (footnote position code)</pre> | fpc | byte |
| sprmSRncFtn | 0x303c | <pre>sep.fncFtn (restart numbering code for footnotes)</pre> | rnc | byte |
| sprmSEpc | 0x303d | sep.epc (endnode positioning code) | ерс | byte |
| sprmSRncEdn | 0x303e | <pre>sep.rncEdn (restart numbering code for endnotes)</pre> | rnc | byte |
| sprmSNFtn | 0x503f | $\begin{array}{ll} \texttt{sep.nFtn} \text{ (starting footnote} \\ \textbf{number)} \end{array}$ | number | word |
| sprmSNfcFtnRef | 0x5040 | <pre>sep.nfcFtnRef (number format for footnote references)</pre> | nfc | word |
| sprmSNEdn | 0x5041 | <pre>sep.nEdn (starting endnote number)</pre> | number | word |
| sprmSNfcEdnRef | 0x5042 | <pre>sep.nfcEdnRef (number format for endnote references)</pre> | nfc | word |
| sprmSPropRMark | 0xd243 | <pre>sep.fPropRMark, sep.ibstPropRMark, sep.dttmPropRMark</pre> | Same as sprmPPropRMark | variable length |

Table sprms

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|---------------------|--------|---|---------------------|--|
| sprmTDefTable | 0xD608 | tap.rgtc for Word 97 | complex (see below) | |
| sprmTDefTable10 | 0xD606 | <pre>tap.rgdxaCenter, tap.rgtc</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTDefTableShd | 0xD609 | change tap.rgshd for 97 | complex (see below) | |
| sprmTDefTableShd | 0xd612 | <pre>change tap.rgtc[].shd cols 0 - 21</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTDefTableShd2nd | 0xd616 | <pre>change tap.rgtc[].shd cols 22 - 43</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTDefTableShd3rd | 0xd60c | <pre>change tap.rgtc[].shd cols 44 - 63</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTDelete | 0x5622 | tap.rgdxaCenter, tap.rgtc | complex (see below) | Word |
| sprmTDiagLine | 0xd630 | set BRC values for diagonal line in table cell (East Asian) | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTDiagLine80 | 0xd62a | set BRC80 values for diagonal line in table cell (East Asian) | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTDxaCol | 0x7623 | tap.rgdxaCenter | complex (see below) | 4 bytes |
| sprmTDxaGapHalf | 0x9602 | tap.dxaGapHalf, tap.rgdxaCenter (see below) | dxa | word |
| sprmTDxaLeft | 0x9601 | tap.rgdxaCenter (see below) | dxa | word |
| sprmTDyaRowHeight | 0x9407 | tap.dyaRowHeight | dya | word |
| sprmTFBiDi80 | 0x560b | Tap.fBidi | 0 or 1 | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmTFCantSplit | 0x3403 | tap.fCantSplit | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmTHTMLProps | 0x740C | | | |
| sprmTInsert | 0x7621 | tap.rgdxaCenter, tap.rgtc | complex (see below) | 4 bytes |
| sprmTJc | 0x5400 | tap.jc | jc | word (low order byte is significant) |
| sprmTMerge | 0x5624 | <pre>tap.fFirstMerged, tap.fMerged</pre> | complex (see below) | word |
| sprmTSetBrc80 | 0xD620 | <pre>tap.rgtc[].rgbrc for Word 97</pre> | complex (see below) | 5 bytes |
| sprmTSetBrc10 | 0xD626 | tap.rgtc[].rgbrc | complex (see below) | 5 bytes |
| sprmTSetBrc | 0xd62f | tap.rgtc[].rgbrc | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTSetShd80 | 0x7627 | tap.rgshd for Word 97 | complex (see below) | 4 bytes |
| sprmTSetShdOdd80 | 0x7628 | tap.rgshd for Word 97 | complex (see below) | 4 bytes |

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|----------------------------|--------|---|----------------------------|---|
| sprmTSetShd | 0xd62d | <pre>change tap.rgtc[].shd</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTSetShdOdd | 0xd62e | <pre>change tap.rgtc[].shd</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTSetShdTable | 0xd660 | <pre>change tap.shdTable</pre> | SHD | variable length |
| sprmTSplit | 0x5625 | tap.fFirstMerged, tap.fMerged | complex (see below) | word |
| sprmTTableBorders | 0xd613 | change tap.rgbrcTable | BRC[6] (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTTableBorders80 | 0xd605 | <pre>change tap.rgbrcTable for Word 97</pre> | BRC80[6] (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTTableHeader | 0x3404 | tap.fTableHeader | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmTTextFlow | 0x7629 | <pre>tap.rgtc[].fVertical tap.rgtc[].fBackward tap.rgtc[].fRotateFont</pre> | 0 or 1 0 or 1 0 or 1 | word |
| sprmTTlp | 0x740A | tap.tlp | TLP | 4 bytes |
| sprmTVertAlign | 0xD62C | tap.rgtc[].vertAlign | complex (see below) | variable length always recorded as 3 byte |
| sprmTVertMerge | 0xD62B | tap.rgtc[].vertMerge | complex (see below) | variable length always recorded as 2 bytes |
| sprmTFCellNoWrap | 0xd639 | <pre>change tc.fNoWrap</pre> | 1 or 0 | variable length |
| sprmTFitText | 0xf636 | change FitText setting in $\ensuremath{\mathtt{TCS}}$ | 1 or 0 | 3 bytes |
| sprmTFKeepFollow | 0x3619 | <pre>change tap.fKeepFollow</pre> | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmTFNeverBeenAutofi t | 0x3663 | <pre>change tap.fNeverBeenAutofit</pre> | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmTFNoAllowOverlap | 0x3465 | <pre>change tap.fNoAllowOverlap</pre> | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmTPc | 0x360d | change positioning code | complex (see below) | byte |
| sprmTBrcBottomCv | 0xd61c | <pre>set tap.rgtc[].rgbrc[ibrcBo ttom].cv for cols 0 - 63</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTBrcLeftCv | 0xd61b | <pre>set tap.rgtc[].rgbrc[ibrcLe ft].cv for cols 0 - 63</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTBrcRightCv | 0xd61d | <pre>set tap.rgtc[].rgbrc[ibrcRi ght].cv for cols 0 - 63</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTBrcTopCv | 0xd61a | <pre>tap.rgtc[].set rgbrc[ibrcTop].ev for cols 0 - 63</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|-----------------------------|--------|--|---------------------|-------------------|
| sprmTCellBrcType | 0xd662 | <pre>change tap.rgtc[].brcLeft.brcT ype, tap.rgtc[].brcBottom.br cType, tap.rgtc[].brcRight.brc Type, tap.rgtc[].brcTop.brcTy pe</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTCellPadding | 0xd632 | <pre>change tc.mpibrcwCellSpacing and tc.mpibrcftsCellSpacing</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTCellPaddingDefaul t | 0xd634 | <pre>change tap.mpibrcwCellSpacingD efault and tap.mpibrcftsCellSpacin gDefault</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTCellPaddingOuter | 0xd638 | <pre>change tap.mpibrcwCellSpacingO uter and tap.mpibrcftsCellSpacin gOuter</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTCellSpacing | 0xd631 | <pre>change tc.mpibrcwCellSpacing and tc.mpibrcftsCellSpacing</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTCellSpacingDefault | 0xd633 | <pre>change tap.mpibrcwCellSpacingD efault and tap.mpibrcftsCellSpacin gDefault</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTCellSpacingOuter | 0xd637 | <pre>change tap.mpibrcwCellSpacingO uter and tap.mpibrcftsCellSpacin gOuter</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTCellWidth | 0xd635 | <pre>change width tc.wWidth and tc.ftsWidth</pre> | complex (see below) | variable length |
| sprmTDxaAbs | 0x940e | change tap.dxaAbs | dxa | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmTDxaFromText | 0x9410 | <pre>change tap.dxaFromText</pre> | dxa | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmTDxaFromTextRight | 0x941e | <pre>change tap.dxaFromTextRight</pre> | dxa | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmTDyaAbs | 0x940f | change tap.dyaAbs | dxa | word (2 bytes) |

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|----------------------------|--------|--|---|-------------------|
| sprmTDyaFromText | 0x9411 | <pre>change tap.dxaFromText</pre> | dya | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmTDyaFromTextBotto m | 0x941f | <pre>change tap.dxaFromTextBottom</pre> | dya | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmTFAutofit | 0x3615 | change fAutofit in TAP | 1 or 0 | byte |
| sprmTTableWidth | 0xf614 | <pre>change tap.ftsWidth and tap.wWidth</pre> | complex (see below) | 3 bytes |
| sprmTWidthAfter | 0xf618 | <pre>change tap.ftsWidthAfter and tap.wWidthAfter</pre> | complex (see below) | 3 bytes |
| sprmTWidthBefore | 0xf617 | <pre>change tap.ftsWidthBefore and tap.wWidthBefore</pre> | complex (see below) | 3 bytes |
| sprmTWidthIndent | 0xf661 | <pre>change tap.ftsWidthIndent and tap.wWidthIndent in TAP</pre> | complex (see below) | 3 bytes |
| sprmTIstd | 0x563a | tap.istd (table style; no language props here) | long | word |
| sprmTSetShdRaw | 0xd63b | tap.rgtc[].shd (user applied cell shading) | <pre>[itcFirst[1], itcLim[1], brck[1], SHD]</pre> | variable length |
| sprmTSetShdOddRaw | 0xd63c | tap.rgtc[].shd (user applied odd cell shading) | see above | variable length |
| sprmTIstdPermute | 0xd63d | tap.istd (table style permute, see sprmPIstdPermute for info on permutes) | style ID | variable length |
| sprmTCellPaddingStyle | 0xd63e | tap.tcDefault.mpibrcwCe llPadding/mpibrcftsCell Padding (cell padding for table style definitions) | see sprmTCellPading | variable length |
| sprmTFCantSplit90 | 0x3466 | Word 2002 allows a table row with vert merge cells to be broken across pages. That would sometimes cause Word 97 to crash, so a new sprmTFCantSplit was created and the old one renamed sprmTFCantSplit90 is used to tell Word 97 and Word 2000 not to break such a table row. | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmTPropRMark | 0xd667 | <pre>tap.fPropRMark, tap.ibstPropRMark, tap.dttmPropRMark.</pre> | Same as sprmPPropRMark | variable length |

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|----------------------------|--------|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|
| sprmTWall | 0x3668 | tap.fHasOldProps Used for table property revision marking. The tap at the time fHasOldProps is set to 1, the is the old tap. | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmTIpgp | 0x7469 | tap.ipgp (DIV ID for HTML Div Borders & Margins) | div ID | long |
| sprmTCnf | 0xd66a | tap.hplcnf (conditional table formatting) | see sprmPCnf | variable length |
| sprmTSetShdTableDef | 0xd66b | tap.shdTableDef (calculated default row shading) | SHD | variable length |
| sprmTDiagLine2nd | 0xd66c | tap.rgtc[1429].tcd (diagonal table borders) | [BRC, BRC] * count of cells | variable length |
| sprmTDiagLine3rd | 0xd66d | <pre>tap.rgtc[3045].tcd (diagonal table borders)</pre> | [BRC, BRC] * count of cells | variable length |
| sprmTDiagLine4th | 0xd66e | tap.rgtc[4660].tcd (diagonal table borders) | [BRC, BRC] * count of cells | variable length |
| sprmTDiagLine5th | 0xd66f | tap.rgtc[6063].tcd (diagonal table borders) | [BRC, BRC] * count of cells | variable length |
| sprmTDefTableShdRaw | 0xd670 | <pre>tap.rgtc[021].shdRaw (user defined default row shading)</pre> | array of SHD | variable length |
| sprmTDefTableShdRaw2 nd | 0xd671 | <pre>tap.rgtc[2243].shdRaw (user defined default row shading)</pre> | array of SHD | variable length |
| sprmTDefTableShdRaw3 rd | 0xd672 | <pre>tap.rgtc[4463].shdRaw (user defined default row shading)</pre> | array of SHD | variable length |
| sprmTSetShdRowFirst | 0xd673 | deprecated; not used | | variable length |
| sprmTSetShdRowLast | 0xd674 | deprecated; not used | | variable length |
| sprmTSetShdColFirst | 0xd675 | deprecated; not used | | variable length |
| sprmTSetShdColLast | 0xd676 | deprecated; not used | | variable length |
| sprmTSetShdBand1 | 0xd677 | deprecated; not used | | variable length |
| sprmTSetShdBand2 | 0xd678 | deprecated; not used | | variable length |
| sprmTRsid | 0x7479 | Change tap.rsid, a random number associated with table formatting which improves the accuracy of Word's document merging. | rsid | long |
| sprmTCellWidthStyle | 0xf47a | deprecated; not used | | tribyte |

| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | Parameter size |
|------------------------------|--------|---|---|-------------------|
| sprmTCellPaddingStyleB ad | 0xd67b | deprecated; not used | | variable length |
| sprmTCellVertAlignStyle | 0x347c | tap.tcDefault.vertAlign | <pre>(0,1,2,3) => (vaTop, vaCenter, vaBottom, vaJustify)</pre> | byte |
| sprmTCellNoWrapStyle | 0x347d | tap.tcDefault.fNoWrap (don't wrap words in this cell) | 0 or 1 | byte |
| sprmTCellFitTextStyle | 0x347e | deprecated; not used | | byte |
| sprmTCellBrcTopStyle | 0xd47f | tap.tcDefault.brcTop (border definition) | BRC | variable length |
| sprmTCellBrcBottomStyl e | 0xd680 | tap.tcDefault.brcBottom (border definition) | BRC | variable length |
| sprmTCellBrcLeftStyle | 0xd681 | tap.tcDefault.brcLeft (border definition) | BRC | variable length |
| sprmTCellBrcRightStyle | 0xd682 | tap.tcDefault.brcRight (border definition) | BRC | variable length |
| sprmTCellBrcInsideHStyl e | 0xd683 | <pre>tap.rgbrcInsideDefault[0] (border definition for inside horizontal borders)</pre> | BRC | variable length |
| sprmTCellBrcInsideVStyl e | 0xd684 | <pre>tap.rgbrcInsideDefault[1] (border definition for inside vertical borders)</pre> | BRC | variable length |
| sprmTCellBrcTL2BRStyle | 0xd685 | tap.tcDefault.tcd.brcTL 2BR (border definition for diagonal border) | BRC | variable length |
| sprmTCellBrcTR2BLStyle | 0xd686 | tap.tcDefault.tcd.brcTR 2BL (border definition) | BRC | variable length |
| sprmTCellShdStyle | 0xd687 | <pre>tap.tcDefault.shd (shading definition for table style)</pre> | SHD | variable length |
| sprmTCHorzBands | 0x3488 | tap.cHorzBands (size of a horizontal style band) | count of rows | byte |
| sprmTCVertBands | 0x3489 | tap.cVertBands (size of a vertical style band) | count of columns | byte |
| sprmTJc | 0x548a | Changes tap.jc, the justification code for the table. | row alignment | word |
| sprmTTableBrcTop | 0xd68b | <pre>tap.rgbrcTable[ibrcTop] (default border for all cells in this row)</pre> | BRC | variable length |

| | _ | | _ | Parameter |
|----------------------|--------|--|-----------|-----------------|
| Name | Sprm | Property modified | Parameter | size |
| sprmTTableBrcLeft | 0xd68c | <pre>tap.rgbrcTable[ibrcLeft] (default border for all cells in this row)</pre> | BRC | variable length |
| sprmTTableBrcBottom | 0xd68d | <pre>tap.rgbrcTable[ibrcBott om] (default border for all cells in this row)</pre> | BRC | variable length |
| sprmTTableBrcRight | 0xd68e | <pre>tap.rgbrcTable[ibrcRigh t] (default border for all cells in this row)</pre> | BRC | variable length |
| sprmTTableBrcInsideH | 0xd68f | tap.rgbrcTable[ibrcInsideH] (default border for all cells in this row) | BRC | variable length |
| sprmTTableBrcInsideV | 0xd690 | <pre>tap.rgbrcTable[ibrcInsi deV] (default border for all cells in this row)</pre> | BRC | variable length |
| sprmTFBiDi | 0x560b | tap.fBiDi | 0 or 1 | word (2 bytes) |
| sprmTFBiDi90 | 0x5664 | tap.fRTL | 0 or 1 | word (2 bytes) |

Complex SPRMs

Complex Paragraph SPRMs

sprmPIstdPermute (opcode 0xC601) is a complex sprm which is applied to a piece when the style codes of paragraphs within a piece must be mapped to other style codes. It has the following format:

| Field | Size | Comment |
|-----------|----------------|--|
| sprm | short | opcode(==0xC601) |
| cch | byte | Count of bytes (not including sprm and cch) |
| fLongg | byte | Always 0 |
| fSpare | byte | Always 0 |
| istdFirst | unsigned short | Index of first style in range to which permutation stored in ${\tt rgistd}$ applies |
| istdLast | unsigned short | Index of last style in range to which permutation stored in rgistd applies |
| rgistd[] | unsigned short | Array of istd entries that records the mapping of istds for text copied from a source document to istds that exist in the destination document after the text was pasted |

To interpret <code>sprmPIstdPermute</code>, first check if <code>pap.istd</code> is greater than the <code>istdFirst</code> recorded in the <code>sprm</code> and less than or equal to the <code>istdLast</code> recorded in the <code>sprm</code>. If it is not, the <code>sprm</code> has no effect. If it is, <code>pap.istd</code> is set to <code>rgistd[pap.istd-istdFirst]</code>. <code>sprmPIstdPermute</code> is only stored in <code>grpprls</code> linked to a piece table. It should never be recorded in a <code>PAPX</code>.

sprmPIncLvl (opcode 0x2602) is applied to pieces in the piece table that contain paragraphs with style codes (istds) >= 1 and <= 9. These style codes identify heading levels in a Word outline structure. The sprm causes a set of paragraphs to be changed to a new heading level.

The sprm is three bytes long and consists of the sprm code and a one byte two's complement value.

If pap.stc is < 1 or > 9, sprmPIncLvl has no effect. Otherwise, if the value stored in the byte has its highest order bit off, the value is a positive difference which should be added to pap.istd and pap.lvl and then pap.stc should be set to min(pap.istd, 9). If the byte value has its highest order bit on, the value is a negative difference which should be sign extended to a word and then subtracted from pap.istd and pap.lvl. Then pap.stc should be set to max(1, pap.istd). sprmPIncLvl is only stored in grpprls linked to a piece table.

sprmPIIfo (opcode 0x460B) sets the pap.ilfo. Its argument, an ilfo, is an index into the document's hpllfo, which contains the list data for that paragraph, describing the appearance of the automatic number at the beginning of the paragraph. A value of zero means the paragraph is not numbered, and a value of 2047 indicates the paragraph came from a pre-Word 97 file so the formatting information is still stored in the pap.anld and the paragraph should be converted to Word 97 format.

sprmPIIvI (opcode (0x260A) sets the pap.ilvl. It takes an index (0 through 8) to indicate which level of a multilevel list this paragraph belongs to. For simple (one-level lists) or unnumbered paragraphs, this value should always be zero.

sprmPAnId80 (opcode 0xC63E) is currently only used for compatibility with pre-Word 97 docs. It sets the pap.anld, which before Word 97 described the automatic number at the beginning of any numbered paragraph. It is used only long enough to put the data into the document's list table (rglst) and set the pap.ilfo to point to the proper entry in the list table. The pap.anld is only relevant if pap.ilfo==2047 (see sprmPIlfo above).

The **sprmPChgTabsPapx** (opcode 0xC60D) is a complex sprm that describes changes in tab settings from the underlying style. It is only stored as part of PAPXs stored in FKPs and in the STSH. It has the following format:

| Field | Size | Comment |
|------------|-----------------------------|---|
| sprm | short | opcode |
| cch | byte | Count of bytes (not including sprm and cch) |
| itbdDelMax | byte | Number of tabs to delete |
| rgdxaDel | <pre>int[itbdDelMax]</pre> | Array of tab positions for which tabs should be deleted |
| itbdAddMax | byte | Number of tabs to add |
| rgdxaAdd | <pre>int[itbdAddMax]</pre> | Array of tab positions for which tabs should be added |
| rgtbdAdd | <pre>byte[itbdAddMax]</pre> | Array of tab descriptors corresponding to rgdxaAdd |

When **sprmPChgTabsPapx** is interpreted, the <code>rgdxaDel</code> of the <code>sprm</code> is applied first to the pap that is being transformed. This is done by deleting from the <code>pap</code> the <code>rgdxaTab</code> entry and <code>rgtbd</code> entry of any tab whose <code>rgdxaTab</code> value is equal to one of the <code>rgdxaDel</code> values in the <code>sprm</code>. It is guaranteed that the entries in <code>pap.rgdxaTab</code> and the <code>sprm</code>'s <code>rgdxaDel</code> and <code>rgdxaAdd</code> are recorded in ascending dxa order. Then the <code>rgdxaAdd</code> and <code>rgtbdAdd</code> entries are merged into the <code>pap</code>'s <code>rgdxaTab</code> and <code>rgtbd</code> arrays so the resulting <code>pap rgdxaTab</code> is sorted in ascending order with no duplicates.

sprmPNest80 (opcode 0x4610) causes its operand, a two-byte dxa value to be added to pap.dxaLeft for Word 97. If the result of the addition is less than 0, 0 is stored into pap.dxaLeft. It is used to shift the left indent of a paragraph to the right or left. sprmPNest is only stored in grpprls linked to a piece table.

sprmPNest (opcode 0x465f) is the Word 2000 version. The difference is the dxaLeft in Word 2000 is logical (it is left indent for Left-to-right text but right indent for Right-to-left text).

sprmPDyaLine (opcode 0x6412) moves a 4 byte LSPD structure into pap.lspd. Two short fields are stored in this data structure. The first short in the structure is named lspd.dyaLine and the second is named lspd.fMultLinespace. When lspd.fMultLinespace is 0, the magnitude of lspd.dyaLine specifies the amount of space provided for lines in the paragraph in twips. When lspd.dyaLine is positive, Word ensures that AT LEAST the magnitude of lspd.dyaLine is reserved on the page for each line displayed in the paragraph. If the height of a line becomes greater than lspd.dyaLine, the size calculated for that line is reserved on the page. When lspd.dyaLine is negative, Word ensures that EXACTLY the magnitude of lspd.dyaLine (-lspd.dyaLine) is reserved on the page for each line displayed in the paragraph. When lspd.fMultLinespace is 1, Word reserves for each line the (maximal height of the line*lspd.dyaLine)/240.

The **sprmPChgTabs** (opcode 0xC615) is a complex sprm which describes changes to tab settings for any paragraph within a piece. It is only stored as part of a grpprl linked to a piece table. It has the following format:

| Field | Size | Comment |
|------------|-----------------------------|--|
| sprm | short | Opcode |
| cch | byte | Count of bytes (not including sprm and cch) |
| itbdDelMax | byte | Number of tabs to delete |
| rgdxaDel | <pre>int[itbdDelMax]</pre> | Array of tab positions for which tabs should be deleted |
| rgdxaClose | <pre>int[itbdDelMax]</pre> | Array of tolerances corresponding to rgdxaDel where each tolerance defines an interval around a corresponding rgdxaDel entry within which all tabs should be removed |
| itbdAddMax | byte | Number of tabs to add |
| rgdxaAdd | <pre>int[itbdAddMax]</pre> | Array of tab positions for which tabs should be added |
| rgtbdAdd | <pre>byte[itbdAddMax]</pre> | Array of tab descriptors corresponding to rgdxaAdd |

itbdDelMax and itbdAddMax are defined to be equal to 50. This means that the largest possible instance of sprmPChgTabs is 354. When the length of the sprm is >= 255, the cch field will be set equal to 255. When cch==255, the actual length of the sprm can be calculated as follows: length=2+itbdDelMax*4+itbdAddMax*3.

When <code>sprmPChgTabs</code> is interpreted, the <code>rgdxaDel</code> of the <code>sprm</code> is applied first to the <code>pap</code> that is being transformed. This is done by deleting from the <code>pap</code> the <code>rgdxaTab</code> entry and <code>rgtbd</code> entry of any tab whose <code>rgdxaTab</code> value is within the interval

[rgdxaDel[i]-rgdxaClose[i], rgdxaDel[i]+rgdxaClose[i]]. It is guaranteed that the entries in pap.rgdxaTab and the sprm's rgdxaDel and rgdxaAdd are recorded in ascending dxa order. Then the rgdxaAdd and rgtbdAdd entries are merged into the pap's rgdxaTab and rgtbd arrays so the resulting pap rgdxaTab is sorted in ascending order with no duplicates.

sprmPPc (opcode 0x261B) is a complex sprm 3 bytes long which describes changes in the pap.pcHorz and pap.pcVert. It is able to change both fields' contents in parallel. It has the following format:

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments | |
|-----------------|------------------------|-------|-------|------|----------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | sprm | short | | | Opcode | |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------|-------|------|----------|--|
| 2 | 2 | | short | :4 | F0 | Reserved |
| | | pcVert | short | :2 | 0C | If pcVert==3, pap.pcVert should not be changed. Otherwise, contains new value of pap.pcVert. |
| | | pcHorz | short | :2 | 03 | If pcHorz==3, pap.pcHorz should not be changed. Otherwise, contains new value of pap.pcHorz. |

sprmPPc is interpreted by moving pcVert to pap.pcVert if pcVert!=3 and by moving pcHorz to pap.pcHorz if pcHorz!=3. sprmPPc is stored in PAPX FKPs and also in grpprls linked to piece table entries.

sprmPPropRMark (opcode 0xC63F) is interpreted by moving the first parameter byte to pap.fPropRMark, the next two bytes to pap.ibstPropRMark, and the remaining four bytes to pap.dttmPropRMark.

sprmPHugePapx is stored in PAPX FKPs in place of the <code>grpprl</code> of a PAPX which would otherwise be too big to fit in an FKP (as of this writing, 488 bytes is the size of the largest PAPX which can fit in an FKP). The parameter fc gives the location of the <code>grpprl</code> in the data stream. The first word at that fc counts the number of bytes in the <code>grpprl</code> (not including the byte count itself). A <code>sprmPHugePapx</code> should therefore only be found in a PAPX FKP and should be the only <code>sprm</code> in that <code>PAPX's grpprl</code>.

Complex Character SPRMs

sprmCPicLocation (opcode 0x6A03) is used ONLY IN CHPX FKPs. This sprm moves the 4-byte operand of the sprm into the chp.fcPic field. It simultaneously sets chp.fSpec to 1. This sprm is also used when the chp.lTagObj field that is unioned with chp.fcPic is to be set for OLE objects.

sprmCChs (opcode 0xEA08) is used to record a character set id for text that was pasted into the Word document that used a character set different than Word's default character set. When $\mathtt{chp.fChsDiff==0}$, the character set used for a run of text is the default character set for the version of Word that last saved the document. When $\mathtt{chp.fChsDiff==1}$, $\mathtt{chp.chse}$ specifies the character set used for this run of text. This \mathtt{sprm} 's operand is 3 bytes. When this \mathtt{sprm} is interpreted, the first byte of the operand is moved to $\mathtt{chp.fChsDiff}$ and the remaining word is moved to $\mathtt{chp.chse}$.

sprmCSymbol (opcode 0x6A09) is used to specify the font and the character used within that font to display a symbol character in Word. This sprm 's operand is 4 bytes. The first 2 bytes hold the font code; the last 2 bytes hold a character specifier. When this sprm is interpreted, the font code is moved to $\operatorname{chp.ftcSym}$ and the character specifier is moved to $\operatorname{chp.xchSym}$ and $\operatorname{chp.fSpec}$ is set to 1.

sprmCIstdPermute (opcode 0xCA31) (which has the same format as sprmPIstdPermute (opcode 0xC601)) is a complex sprm which is applied to a piece when the style codes for character styles tagging character runs within a piece must be mapped to other style codes. This is the same format as sprmPIstdPermute (opcode 0xC601). It has the following format:

| Field | Size | Comment |
|--------|-------|---|
| sprm | short | opcode(==0xCA31) |
| cch | byte | Count of bytes (not including sprm and cch) |
| fLongg | byte | Always 0 |
| fSpare | byte | Always 0 |

| Field | Size | Comment |
|-----------|----------------|--|
| istdFirst | unsigned short | Index of first style in range to which permutation stored in rgistd applies |
| istdLast | unsigned short | Index of last style in range to which permutation stored in ${\tt rgistd}$ applies |
| rgistd[] | unsigned short | Array of istd entries that records the mapping of istds for text copied from a source document to istds that exist in the destination document after the text was pasted |

To interpret <code>sprmCIstdPermute</code>, first check if <code>chp.istd</code> is greater than the <code>istdFirst</code> recorded in the <code>sprm</code> and less than or equal to the <code>istdLast</code> recorded in the <code>sprm</code>. If it is not, the <code>sprm</code> has no effect. If it is, <code>chp.istd</code> is set to <code>rgstd[chp.istd - istdFirst]</code> and any <code>chpx</code> stored in that <code>rgstd</code> entry is applied to the <code>chp.sprmCIstdPermute</code> is only stored in <code>grpprls</code> linked to a piece table. It should never be recorded in a <code>CHPX</code>.

Note: it is possible an istd may be recorded in the rgistd that refers to a paragraph style. This has no harmful consequences since the istd for a paragraph style should never be recorded in chp.istd.

sprmCDefault (opcode 0x2A32) clears the fBold, fItalic, fOutline, fStrike, fShadow, fSmallCaps, fCaps, fVanish, kul and ico fields of the chp to 0. It was first defined for Word 3.01 and had to be backward compatible with Word 3.00 so it is a variable length sprm whose count of bytes is 0. It consists of the sprmCDefault opcode followed by a byte of 0. sprmCDefault is stored only in grpprls linked to piece table entries.

sprmCPlain (opcode 0x2A33) is used to make the character properties of runs of text equal to the style character properties of the paragraph that contains the text. When Word interprets this sprm, the style sheet CHP is copied over the original CHP preserving the fSpec setting from the original CHP. sprmCPlain is stored only in grpprls linked to piece table entries.

 $sprms \ 0x0835 \ through \ 0x083C \ (sprmCFBold \ through \ sprmCFVanish)$ set single bit properties in the CHP. When the parameter of the sprm is set to 0 or 1, then the CHP property is set to the parameter value.

When the parameter of the <code>sprm</code> is 128, then the <code>CHP</code> property is set to the value that is stored for the property in the style sheet <code>CHP</code>. When the parameter of the <code>sprm</code> is 129, the <code>CHP</code> property is set to the negation of the value that is stored for the property in the style sheet <code>CHP</code>. <code>sprmCFBold</code> through <code>sprmCFVanish</code> are stored only in <code>grpprls</code> linked to piece table entries.

sprmCSizePos (opcode 0xEA3F) is a five-byte sprm consisting of the sprm opcode and a three byte parameter. The sprm has the following format:

| b_{10} | $\mathbf{b_{16}}$ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|----------|-------------------|---------|-------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | sprm | short | | | Opcode |
| 2 | 2 | hpsSize | short | :8 | FF | When != 0, contains new size of chp.hps |
| 3 | 3 | cInc | short | :7 | FE | Contains the number of font levels to increase or decrease size of ${\tt chp.hps}$ as a two's complement value. |
| | | fAdjust | short | :1 | 01 | When ==1, means that chp.hps should be adjusted up or down by one font level for super/subscripting change |
| 4 | 4 | hpsPos | short | :8 | FF | When !=128, contains super/subscript position as a two's complement number |

When Word interprets this sprm, if hpsSize != 0 then chp.hps is set to hpsSize. If cInc != 0, the cInc is interpreted as a 7 bit two's complement number and the procedure described

below for interpreting <code>sprmCHpsInc</code> is followed to increase or decrease the <code>chp.hps</code> by the specified number of levels. If <code>hpsPos!=128</code>, then <code>chp.hpsPos</code> is set equal to <code>hpsPos</code>. If <code>fAdjust</code> is on , <code>hpsPos!=128</code> and <code>hpsPos!=0</code> and the previous value of <code>chp.hpsPos==0</code>, then <code>chp.hps</code> is reduced by one level following the method described for <code>sprmCHpsInc</code>. If <code>fAdjust</code> is on, <code>hpsPos==0</code> and the previous value of <code>chp.hpsPos!=0</code>, then the <code>chp.hps</code> value is increased by one level using the method described below for <code>sprmCHpsInc</code>.

sprmCHpsInc(opcode 0x2A44) is a three-byte sprm consisting of the sprm opcode and a one-byte parameter. Word keeps an ordered array of the font sizes that are defined for the fonts recorded in the system file with each font size transformed into an hps. The parameter is a one-byte two's complement number. Word uses this number to calculate an index in the font size array to determine the new hps for a run. When Word interprets this sprm and the parameter is positive, it searches the array of font sizes to find the index of the smallest entry in the font size table that is greater than the current chp.hps. It then adds the parameter minus 1 (-1) to the index and maxes this with the index of the last array entry. It uses the result as an index into the font size array and assigns that entry of the array to chp.hps.

When the parameter is negative, Word searches the array of font sizes to find the index of the entry that is less than or equal to the current <code>chp.hps</code>. It then adds the negative parameter to the index and does a min of the result with 0. The result of the min function is used as an index into the font size array and that entry of the array is assigned to <code>chp.hps</code>. <code>sprmCHpsInc</code> is stored only in <code>grpprls</code> linked to piece table entries.

sprmCHpsPosAdj (opcode 0x2A46) causes the hps of a run to be reduced the first time text is superscripted or subscripted and causes the hps of a run to be increased when superscripting/subscripting is removed from a run. The one byte parameter of this sprm is the new hpsPos value to be stored in chp.hpsPos. If hpsPos!=0 (meaning that the text is to be super/subscripted), Word first examines the current value of chp.hpsPos to see if it is equal to 0. If so, Word uses the algorithm described for sprmCHpsInc to decrease chp.hps by one level. If the new hpsPos==0 (meaning the text is not super/subscripted), Word examines the current chp.hpsPos to see if it is not equal to 0. If it is not (which means text is being restored to normal position), Word uses the sprmCHpsInc algorithm to increase chp.hps by one level. After chp.hps is adjusted, the parameter value is stored in chp.hpsPos. sprmCHpsPosAdj is stored only in grppr1s linked to piece table entries.

The parameter of **sprmCMajority** (opcode 0xCA47) is itself a list of character sprms which encodes a criterion under which certain fields of the chp are to be set equal to the values stored in a style's CHP. Bytes 0 and 1 of sprmCMajority contains the opcode, byte 2 contains the length of the following list of character sprms. Word begins interpretation of this sprm by applying the stored character sprm list to a standard chp. That chp has chp.istd=istdNormalChar.chp.hps=20, chp.lid=0x0400, and chp.ftc=4. Word then compares fBold, fItalic, fStrike, fOutline, fShadow, fSmallCaps, fCaps, ftc, hps, hpsPos, kul, cv, and ico in the original CHP with the values recorded for these fields in the generated CHP. If a field in the original CHP has the same value as the field stored in the generated CHP, then that field is reset to the value stored in the style's CHP. If the two copies differ, then the original CHP value is left unchanged. sprmCMajority is stored only in grpprls linked to piece table entries.

sprmCHpsInc1 (opcode 0xCA4A) is used to increase or decrease <code>chp.hps</code> by increments of 1. This <code>sprm</code> is interpreted by adding the two byte increment stored as the opcode of the <code>sprm</code> to <code>chp.hps</code>. If this result is less than 8, the <code>chp.hps</code> is set to 8. If the result is greater than 32766, the <code>chp.hps</code> is set to 32766.

sprmCMajority50 (opcode 0xCA4C) has the same format as <code>sprmCMajority</code> and is interpreted in the same way.

sprmCPropRMark (opcode 0xCA57) is interpreted by moving the first parameter byte to chp.fPropRMark, the next two bytes to chp.ibstPropRMark, and the remaining four bytes to chp.dttmPropRMark.

sprmCDispFldRMark (opcode 0xCA62) is interpreted by moving the first parameter byte to chp.fDispFldRMark, the next two bytes to chp.ibstDispFldRMark, the next four bytes to chp.dttmDispFldRMark, and the remaining 32 bytes to chp.xstDispFldRMark.

sprmCRgftc0 (opcode 0x4A4F), **sprmcCRgftc1**(opcode 0x4A50), and **sprmCRgftc2** (opcode 0x4A4F) are used to specify the available fonts for use with text. Rgftc0 specifies the font used for characters U+0000 through U+007F. Rgftc1 specifies the font to use for East Asian characters, and Rgftc2 specifies the font to use for all other text. See Appendix B for details on how the font is calculated.

sprmCRglid0 (opcode 0x486D) and **sprmCRglid1** (opcode 0x486E) are used to specify the languages available for use with the text in this run. <code>sprmCRglid1</code> specifies the language for East Asian text, <code>sprmCRglid0</code> specifies the language for all other text. See Appendix B for details on how the language is calculated.

sprmCIdctHint (opcode 0x286F) specifies a script bias for the text in the run. For Unicode characters shared between East Asian and non-East Asian scripts, this property determines what font and language the character will use. When this value is 0, text properties bias towards non-East Asian properties. When this value is 1, text properties bias towards East Asian properties. See Appendix B for details on the calculation of font and language properties.

sprmCCvPermute (0xca7c) follows the permute structure:

SPRM+size+Old Value+New Value. The new value is applied if the current value equals the old value. (So, sprmCCvPermute+Red+Blue is: if (pchp->cv==Red) then (pchp->cv==Blue). This allows us to set a value if the user hasn't changed it since we wanted to permute it, so if the user changed the color to yellow after we decided to change Red to Blue, we would leave the users choice of Yellow alone.)

Complex Picture SPRMs

sprmPicScale (opcode 0xCE01) is used to scale the x and y dimensions of a Word picture and to set the cropping for each side of the picture. The \mathtt{sprm} begins with the two-byte opcode, followed by the length of the parameter (always 12) stored in a byte. The 12-byte long operand consists of an array of 6 two-byte integer fields. The 0th integer contains the new setting for $\mathtt{pic.mx}$. The 1st integer contains the new setting for $\mathtt{pic.my}$. The 2nd integer contains the new setting for $\mathtt{pic.dxaCropLeft}$. The 3rd integer contains the new setting for $\mathtt{pic.dxaCropRight}$. The 5th integer contains the new setting of $\mathtt{pic.dxaCropRight}$. The 5th integer contains the new setting of $\mathtt{pic.dxaCropBottom}$. $\mathtt{sprmPicScale}$ is stored only in $\mathtt{grpprls}$ linked to piece table entries.

Complex Section SPRMs

sprmSPropRMark (opcode 0xD227) is interpreted by moving the first parameter byte to sep.fPropRMark, the next two bytes to sep.ibstPropRMark, and the remaining four bytes to sep.dttmPropRMark.

sprmSTextFlow (opcode 0x5033) represents the text flow to be applied to this section. Possible values are:

- 0 Horizontal, **non-@font**
- 1 Top to bottom, @font
- 2 Bottom to top, **non-@font**
- 3 Top to bottom, **non-@font**

4 Horizontal, @-font

Complex Table SPRMs

sprmTDxaLeft (opcode 0x9601) is called to adjust the x position within a column which marks the left boundary of text within the first cell of a table row. This sprm causes a whole table row to be shifted left or right within its column leaving the horizontal width and vertical height of cells in the row unchanged. Bytes 0-1 of the sprm contain the opcode, and the new dxa position, named dxaNew, is stored as an integer in bytes 2 and 3. Word interprets this sprm by adding dxaNew- (rgdxaCenter[0]+tap.dxaGapHalf) to every entry of tap.rgdxaCenter whose index is less than tap.itcMac.sprmTDxaLeft is stored only in grpprls linked to piece table entries.

sprmTDxaGapHalf (opcode 0x9602) adjusts the white space that is maintained between columns by changing tap.dxaGapHalf. Because the left boundary of text within the leftmost cell should be at the same location after the sprm is applied, Word also adjusts tap.rgdxCenter[0] by the amount that tap.dxaGapHalf changes. Bytes 0-1 of the sprm contain the opcode, and the new dxaGapHalf, named dxaGapHalfNew, is stored in bytes 2 and 3. When the sprm is interpreted, the change between the old and new dxaGapHalf values, tap.dxaGapHalf-dxaGapHalfNew, is added to tap.rgdxaCenter[0] and then dxaGapHalfNew is moved to tap.dxaGapHalf. sprmTDxaGapHalf is stored in PAPXs and also in grpprls linked to piece table entries.

sprmTTableBorders80 (opcode 0xD605) sets the tap.rgbrcTable. The sprm is interpreted by moving the 24 bytes of the sprm's operand to tap.rgbrcTable.

sprmTTableBorders (opcode 0xD613) sets the tap.rgbrcTable. The sprm is interpreted by moving the 48 bytes of the sprm's operand (array of BRCs) to tap.rgbrcTable.

sprmTDefTable10 (opcode0xD606) is an obsolete version of sprmTDefTable (opcode 0xD608) that was used in WinWord 1.x. Its contents are identical to those in sprmTDefTable, except that the TC structures contain the obsolete structures BRC10s.

sprmTDefTable (opcode 0xD608) defines the boundaries of table cells (tap.rgdxaCenter) and the properties of each cell in a table (tap.rgtc) for Word 97. Bytes 0 and 1 of the sprm contain its opcode. Bytes 2 and 3 store a two-byte length of the following parameter. Byte 4 contains the number of cells to be defined by the sprm, named itcMac. When the sprm is interpreted, itcMac is moved to tap.itcMac.itcMac cannot be larger than 32. In bytes 5 through 5+2*(itcMac+1)-1, is stored in an array of integer dxa values sorted in ascending order which are moved to tap.rgdxaCenter. In bytes 5+2*(itcMac+1) through byte 5+2*(itcMac+1)+10*itcMac-1 is stored in an array of TC entries corresponding to the stored tap.rgdxaCenter. This array is moved to tap.rgtc. sprmTDefTable is only stored in PAPXs.

sprmTDefTableShd80 (opcode 0xD609) is similar to sprmTDefTable, and complements it by defining the shading of each cell in a table (tap.rgshd) for Word 97. Bytes 0 and 1 of the sprm contain its opcode. Bytes 2 and 3 store a two-byte length of the following parameter. Byte 4 contains the number of cells to be defined by the sprm, named itcMac.itcMaccannot be larger than 32. In bytes 5 through 5+2*(itcMac+1)-1, is stored an array of SHD80s. This array is moved to tap.rgshd. sprmTDefTable80 is only stored in PAPXs.

<code>sprmTDefTableShd</code> (opcode 0xd612). Operates on <code>tap.rgtc[].shd</code>. The opcode is followed by the byte size in a short ((number of SHDs) *sizeof(SHD)), then an array of SHDs. It only operates on columns 0 to 21 because anything larger would overflow the variable sprm length of 255.

sprmTDefTableShd2nd (opcode 0xd616). Same as SprmTDefTableShd but for columns 22-43.

sprmTDefTableShd3rd (opcode 0xd60c). Same as SprmTDefTableShd but for columns 44-63.

SprmTSetBrc80 (opcode 0xD620) allows the border definitions (BRC80s) within TCs to be set to new values. It has the following format:

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|---------------|-------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | sprm | short | | | opcode 0xD620 |
| 2 | 2 | count | byte | | | Number of bytes for operand |
| 3 | 3 | itcFirst | byte | | | The index of the first cell that is to have its borders changed. |
| 4 | 4 | itcLim | byte | | | Index of the cell that follows the last cell to have its borders changed |
| 5 | 5 | | short | :4 | F0 | Reserved |
| | | fChangeRight | short | :1 | 08 | =1 when tap.rgtc[].brcRight is to be changed |
| | | fChangeBottom | short | :1 | 04 | =1 when tap.rgtc[].brcBottom is to be changed |
| | | fChangeLeft | short | :1 | 02 | =1 when tap.rgtc[].brcLeft is to be changed |
| | | fChangeTop | short | :1 | 01 | =1 when tap.rgtc[].brcTop is to be changed |
| 6 | 6 | brc | BRC80 | | | New BRC value to be stored in TCS. |

This sprm changes the brc fields selected by the fChange* flags in the sprm to the brc value stored in the sprm, for every tap.rgtc entry whose index is greater than or equal to itcFirst and less than itcLim.sprmTSetBrc is stored only in grpprls linked to piece table entries.

sprmTSetBrc (opcode 0xD62F) works in the same manner as <code>sprmTSetBrc80</code> but uses the new <code>BRC</code> structure introduced in 2000.

sprmTInsert (opcode 0x7621) inserts new cell definitions in an existing table's cell structure. Bytes 0 and 1 of the sprm contain the opcode. Byte 2 is the index within tap.rqdxaCenter and tap.rgtc at which the new dxaCenter and tc values are inserted. This index is named itcInsert. Byte 3 contains a count of the cell definitions to add to the tap, named ctc. Bytes 4 and 5 contain the width of the cells to add, named dxaCol. If there are already cells defined at the index where cells are to be inserted, tap.rqdxaCenter entries at or above this index must move to the entry ctc higher and must be adjusted by adding ctc*dxaCol to the value stored. The contents of tap.rgtc at or above the index must be moved 10*ctc bytes higher in tap.rgtc. If itcInsert is greater than the original tap.itcMac, itcInsert - tap.ctc columns beginning with index tap.itcMac must be added of width dxaCol (loop from itcMac to itcMac+itcInsert-tap.ctc adding dxaCol to the rgdxaCenter value of the previous entry and storing the sum as dxaCenter of the new entry), whose TC entries are cleared to zeros. Beginning with index itcInsert, ctc columns of width dxaCol must be added by constructing new tap.rgdxaCenter and tap.rgtc entries with the newly defined rgtc entries cleared to zeros. Finally, the sum of the number of cells added to the tap is added to tap.itcMac. sprmTInsert is stored only in grpprls linked to piece table entries.

sprmTDelete (opcode 0x5622) deletes cell definitions from an existing table's cell structure. Bytes 0 and 1 of the sprm contain the opcode. Byte 2 contains the index of the first cell to delete, named itcFirst. Byte 3 contains the index of the cell that follows the last cell to be deleted, named itcLim. sprmTDelete causes any rgdxaCenter and rgtc entries whose index is greater than or equal to itcLim to move to the entry that is itcLim-itcFirst

lower, and causes tap.itcMac to decrease by the number of cells deleted. sprmTDelete is stored only in grpprls linked to piece table entries.

sprmTDxaCol (opcode 0x7623) changes the width of cells whose index is within a certain range to be a certain value. Bytes 0 and 1 of the sprm contain the opcode. Byte 2 contains the index of the first cell whose width is to change, named itcFirst. Byte 3 contains the index of the cell that follows the last cell whose width is to change, named itcLim. Bytes 4 and 5 contain the new width of the cell, named dxaCol. This sprm causes the itcLim-itcFirst entries of tap.rgdxaCenter to be adjusted so tap.rgdxaCenter[i+1] = tap.rgdxaCenter[i]+dxaCol. Any tap.rgdxaCenter entries that exist beyond itcLim are adjusted to take into account the amount added to or removed from the previous columns. sprmTDxaCol is stored only in grpprls linked to piece table entries.

sprmTMerge (opcode 0x5624) merges the display areas of cells within a specified range. Bytes 0 and 1 of the <code>sprm</code> contain the opcode. Byte 2 contains the index of the first cell to merge, named <code>itcFirst</code>. Byte 3 contains the index of the cell that follows the last cell to merge, named <code>itcLim</code>. This <code>sprm</code> causes <code>tap.rgtc[itcFirst].fFirstMerged</code> to be set to 1. Cells in the range whose index is greater than <code>itcFirst</code> and less than <code>itcLim</code> have <code>tap.rgtc[].fMerged</code> set to 1. <code>sprmTMerge</code> is stored only in <code>grpprls</code> linked to piece table entries.

sprmTSplit (opcode 0x5625) splits the display areas of merged cells into their originally assigned display areas. Bytes 0 and 1 of the sprm contain the opcode. Byte 2 contains the index of the first cell to split, named itcFirst. Byte 3 contains the index of the cell that follows the last cell to split, named itcLim. This sprm clears tap.rgtc[].fFirstMerged and tap.rgtc[].fMerged for all rgtc entries >= itcFirst and < itcLim. sprmTSplit is stored only in grpprls linked to piece table entries.

sprmTSetBrc10 (opcode 0xD626) has the same format as sprmTSetBrc but uses the old BRC10 structure.

sprmTSetShd80 (opcode 0x7627) allows the Word 97 style shading definitions (SHD80s) within a tap to be set to new values. Bytes 0 and 1 of the sprm contain the opcode. Byte 2 contains the index of the first cell whose shading is to change, named itcFirst. Byte 3 contains the index of the cell that follows the last cell whose shading is to change, named itcLim. Bytes 4 and 5 contain the SHD80 structure, named shd80. This sprm causes the itcLim-itcFirst entries of tap.rgshd to be set to shd. sprmTSetShd is stored only in grpprls linked to piece table entries.

sprmTSetShdOdd80 (opcode 0x7628) is identical to <code>sprmTSetShd80</code>, but it only changes the <code>rgshd</code> for odd indices between <code>itcFirst</code> and <code>itcLim.sprmTSetShdOdd80</code> is stored only in <code>grpprls</code> linked to piece table entries.

sprmTSetShd (opcode 0xd62d) is identical to <code>sprmTSetShd80</code> but uses the Word 2000 style shading structure (SHD) and changes shading structures in <code>tap.rgtc[].shd</code> (so the indices are indices into the <code>rgtc</code>).

sprmTSetShdOdd (opcode 0xd62e) is identical to sprmTSetShd, but it only changes the rgshd for odd indices between itcFirst and itcLim.

sprmTVertMerge (opcode 0xD62B) changes the vertical cell merge properties for a cell in the tap.rgtc[]. Bytes 0 and 1 of the sprm contain the opcode. Byte 2 contains the index of the cell whose vertical cell merge properties are to change. Byte 3 sets the new vertical cell merge properties for the cell, a 0 clears both fVertMerge and fVertRestart, a 1 sets fVertMerge and clears fVertRestart, and a 3 sets both flags. sprmTVertMerge is stored only in grpprls linked to piece table entries.

sprmTVertAlign (opcode 0xD62C) changes the vertical alignment property in the tap.rgtc[]. Bytes 0 and 1 of the sprm contain the opcode. Byte 2 contains the index of the

first cell whose shading is to change, named itcFirst. Byte 3 contains the index of the cell that follows the last cell whose shading is to change, named itcLim. This sprm causes the vertAlign properties of the itcLim-itcFirst entries of tap.rgtc[] to be set to the new vertical alignment property contained in Byte 4. sprmTVertAlign is stored only in grpprls linked to piece table entries.

sprmTCellPadding (0xd632), sprmTCellPaddingDefault (0xd634), sprmTCellPaddingOuter (0xd638), sprmTCellSpacing (0xd631), sprmTCellSpacingDefault (0xd633), sprmTCellSpacingOuter (0xd637) all have the same parameter, a CSSA, which always has a length of 6 (size stored in the first byte).

A CSSA looks like this:

```
struct {
uchar itcFirst;
uchar itcLim
uchar grfbrc;
uchar ftsWidth;
short wWidth;
} CSSA;
```

The itcFirst and itcLim specify the indexes, respectively, of the first cell affected by the SPRM and the first cell NOT affected by the SPRM, counting from 0. So if they are 1 and 3, that means the 2nd and 3rd cell are affected, but not the 4th (index 3) or 1st (index 0). For the "Default" sprms, the itcs are always 0 and 1, and affect the entire table.

The grfbrc is a bit field that specifies which borders of the affected cells are affected: 0x01 means top, 0x02 means Left, 0x04 means Bottom, and 0x08 means Right.

sprmTCellWidth (0xd635) has the following parameter (size stored in the first byte):

```
uchar itcFirst;
uchar itcLim
uchar ftsWidth;
short wWidth;
```

The ftsWidth and wWidth specify the desired width and width units for all cells with index >= itcFirst and < itcLim.

sprmTTableWidth (0xf614), sprmTWidthAfter (0xf618), sprmTWidthBefore (0xf617), sprmTWidthIndent (0xf661) all change an ftsWidth and a wWidth value. The first byte is the ftsWidth and the remaining two bytes are the wWidth value.

sprmTPc (0x360d) behaves just like sprmPPc, but it applies to absolutely positioned tables.

sprmTDiagLine80 (0xd62a). Contains 2 BRC80s for the two diagonal lines for each column.

sprmTDiagLine (0xd630) is the same as sprmTDiagLine80, but with 2 BRC80s instead.

sprmTBrcBottomCv (0xd61c) contains the size of the parameter and an array of itcMax (64) COLORREFS, one for each TC.rgbrc[ibrcBottom].cv in tap.rgtc[itcMax].rgbrc[ibrcBottom].cv.

sprmTBrcLeftCv (0xd61b). Same as sprmTBrcBottomCv, but changing cv for rqtc[itcMax].rqbrc[ibrcLeft].

sprmTBrcRightCv (0xd61d) Same as sprmTBrcBottomCv, but changing cv for rgtc[itcMax].rgbrc[ibrcRight].

sprmTBrcTopCv (0xd61a) Same as sprmTBrcBottomCv, but changing cv for rgtc[itcMax].rgbrc[ibrcTop].

sprmTCellBrcType (0xd662) contains the brcType for the entire tap.rgtc in the following sequence: rgtc[0].brcTop.brcType, rgtc[0].brcLeft.brcType, rgtc[0].brcBottom.brcType, rgtc[0].brcRight.brcType, rgtc[1].... The first two bytes following the opcode contain the size of the parameter.

Complex File Format

There are some differences between the file format of a full saved document and that of a fast saved document. In Word 95 and earlier versions , one of the differences was the necessity to include the "complex" table information. In Word 97 and later versions, the fcClx always indicates the location of the "complex" table information and is used to determine the location and contents of text and properties. This is necessary due to the effects of Unicode and Unicode compression.

fcClx is the fc where the complex part of the file begins, and cbClx is the size (in bytes) of the complex part. The complex part of the file contains a group of grpprls that encode formatting changes made by the user and a piece table (plcfpcd). The piece table is needed because the text of the document is not stored contiguously in the file after a fast save.

The complex part of a file (CLX) is composed of a number of variable-sized blocks of data. Recorded first are any grpprls that may be referenced by the plcfpcd (if the plcfpcd has no grpprl references, no grpprls are recorded) followed by the plcfpcd. Each block in the complex part is prefaced by a clxt (clx type), which is a 1-byte code, either 1 (meaning the block contains a grpprl) or 2 (meaning this is the plcfpcd). A clxtGrpprl(1) is followed by a 2-byte cb which is the count of bytes of the grpprl. A clxtPlcfpcd(2) is followed by a 4-byte lcb which is the count of bytes of the piece table. A full saved file has no clxtGrpprls. So the formats of the two types of blocks are:

The entire CLX would look like this, depending on the number of grpprls:

```
clxtGrpprl
cb
grpprl (0th grpprl)
clxtGrpprl
cb
grpprl (1st grpprl)
...
clxtPlcfpcd
cb
plcfpcd
```

When the prm in pcds stored in the plcfpcd, contain an igrpprl (index to a grpprl), the index stored is the order in which that grpprl was stored in the CLX.

Algorithm to determine the BOUNDS OF A PARAGRAPH containing a certain character in a complex file

When a document is recorded in non-complex format, the bounds of the paragraph that contains a particular character can be found by calculating the FC coordinate of the character, searching the bin table to find an FKP page that describes that FC, fetching that FKP, and then searching the FKP to find the interval in the rgfc that encloses the character. The bounds of the interval are the fcFirst and fcLim of the paragraph with the found character. Every character >= fcFirst and < fcLim are part of the paragraph.

When a document is recorded in complex format, a piece that was originally part of one paragraph can be copied or moved to a different paragraph. To find the *beginning* of a paragraph with a desired character in a complex document, it's necessary to search for the piece containing the character in the piece table. Then calculate the FC in the file that stores the character from the piece table information. Using the FC, search the FCs FKP for the largest FC less than the character's FC, named fcTest. If the character at fcTest-1 is contained in the current piece, then the character corresponding to that FC in the piece is the first character of the paragraph. If that FC is before, or marks, the beginning of the piece, scan a piece at a time towards the beginning of the piece table until a piece is found that contains a paragraph mark. This can be done by using the end of the piece FC, finding the largest FC in its FKP that is less than or equal to the end of piece FC, and checking to see if the character in front of the FKP FC (which must mark a paragraph end) is within the piece. When such an FKP FC is found, the FC marks the first byte of paragraph text.

To find the end of a paragraph for a character in a complex format file, it is necessary to know the piece that contains the character and the FC assigned to the character. Using the FC of the character, search the FKP that describes the character to find the smallest FC in the rgfc that is larger than the character FC. If the FC found in the FKP is less than or equal to the limit FC of the piece, the end of the paragraph that contains the character is at the FKP FC minus 1. If the FKP FC that was found was greater than the FC of the end of the piece, scan piece by piece toward the end of the document until a piece is found that contains a paragraph end mark. It's possible to check if a piece contains a paragraph mark by using the FC of the beginning of the piece to search in the FKPs for the smallest FC in the FKP rgfc that is greater than the FC of the beginning of the piece. If the FC found is less than or equal to the limit FC of the piece, then the character that ends the paragraph is the character immediately before the FKP FC.

A special procedure must be followed to locate the last paragraph of the main document text when footnote or header/footer text is saved in a Word file (i.e. when fib.ccpFtn != 0 or fib.ccpHdr != 0).

In this case the CP of that paragraph mark is

 $\label{thm:copText} {\tt fib.ccpText+fib.ccpHtn+fib.ccpMtn+fib.ccpMtn+fib.ccpAtn} \ \ {\tt and\ the\ limit\ CP\ of\ the\ entire\ plcfpcd\ is}$

fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+fib.ccpMcr+fib.ccpAtn+1.

Algorithm to determine PARAGRAPH PROPERTIES for a paragraph in a complex file

Having found the index i of the FC in an FKP that marks the character stored in the file immediately after the paragraph's paragraph mark, use the word offset stored in the first byte of the fkp.rgbx[i-1] to find the PAPX for the paragraph. Using papx.istd to index into the properties stored for the style sheet, the paragraph properties of the style are copied to a local PAP. Then the grpprl stored in the PAPX is applied to the local PAP, and papx.istd along

with fkp.rgbx.phe are moved into the local PAP. The process thus far has created a PAP that describes what the paragraph properties of the paragraph were at the last full save. Now apply any paragraph sprms that were linked to the piece that contains the paragraph's paragraph mark. If pcd.prm.fComplex==0, pcd.prm contains 1 sprm which should only be applied to the local PAP if it is a paragraph sprm. If pcd.prm.fComplex==1, pcd.prm.igrpprl is the index of a grpprl in the CLX. If that grpprl contains any paragraph sprms, they should be applied to the local PAP. After applying all of the sprms for the piece, the local PAP contains the correct paragraph property values.

Algorithm to determine TABLE PROPERTIES for a table row in a complex file

To determine the table properties for a table row in a complex file, scan paragraph by paragraph toward the end of the table row, until a paragraph is found with pap.fTtp=1. This paragraph consists of a single row end character. This row end character is linked to the table properties of the row. To create the TAP for the table row, clear a local TAP to zeros. Then the PAPX for the row end character must be fetched from an FKP, and the table sprms that are stored in this PAPX must be applied to the local TAP. This process has created a TAP that describes what the table properties of the table row were at the last full save. Now apply any table sprms linked to the piece that contains the table row's row end character. If pcd.prm.fComplex==0, pcd.prm contains 1 sprm which should be applied to the local TAP if it is a table sprm. If pcd.prm.fComplex==1, pcd.prm.igrpprl is the index of a grpprl in the CLX. If that grpprl contains any table sprms, apply them to the local TAP. After all of the sprms for the piece are applied, the local TAP contains the correct table property values for the table row.

Note: inside nested tables (pap.itap > 1) the end of cell and end of row markers are indicated by sprmPFInnerTable Cell and sprmPFInnerTtp. They are otherwise emitted as regular paragraphs for backward compatibility. Nested tables are possible in Word 2000 and later versions.

Algorithm to determine the CHARACTER PROPERTIES of a character in a complex file

It is necessary to fetch the paragraph properties of the paragraph that contains the character. The pap.istd of the fetched properties specifies which style sheet entry provides the default character properties for the character. The character properties recorded in the style sheet for that style are copied into a local CHP. Then, the piece containing the character is located in the piece table (plcfpcd) and the fc of the character is calculated. Using the character's FC, the page number of the CHPX FKP that describes the character is found by searching the bin table (hplcfbteChpx). The CHPX FKP stored in that page is fetched and then the rgfc in the FKP is searched to locate the bounds of the run of exception text that encompasses the character. The CHPX for that run is then located within the FKP, and the CHPX is applied to the contents of the local CHP. This process creates a CHP that describes the character properties as of the last full save. Now apply any character sprms linked to the piece that contains the character. If pcd.prm.fComplex==0, pcd.prm contains 1 sprm which should be applied to the local CHP if it is a character sprm. If pcd.prm.fComplex==1, pcd.prm.igrpprl is the index of a grpprl in the CLX. If that grpprl contains any character sprms, apply them to the local CHP. After applying all of the sprms for the piece, the local CHP contains the correct properties for the character.

Characters within the same piece, same paragraph, and same run of exception text are guaranteed to have the same properties. This fact can be used to construct a scanner that can return the limit CPs and properties of a sequence of characters that all have the same properties.

Algorithm to determine the SECTION PROPERTIES of a section in a complex file

To determine which section a character belongs to and what its section properties are, it is necessary to use the CP of the character to search the plcfsed for the index i of the largest CP that is less than or equal to the character's CP. plcfsed.rgcp[i] is the CP of the first character of the section and plcfsed.rgcp[i+1] is the CP of the character following the section mark that terminates the section (named cpLim). Then retrieve plcfsed.rgsed[i]. The FC in this SED gives the location where the SEPX for the section is stored. Then create a local SEP with default section properties. If the sed.fc!=0xFFFFFFFFF, then the sprms within the SEPX that is stored at offset sed.fc must be applied to the local SEP. This process creates a SEP that describes what the section properties of the section were at the last full save. Now apply any section sprms that were linked to the piece that contains the section's section mark. If pcd.prm.fComplex==0, pcd.prm contains 1 sprm which should be applied to the local SEP if it is a section sprm. If pcd.prm.fComplex==1, pcd.prm.igrpprl is the index of a grpprl in the CLX. If that grpprl contains any section sprms, they should be applied to the local SEP. After applying all of the section sprms for the piece, the local SEP contains the correct section properties.

Algorithm to determine the PIC of a picture in a complex file.

The picture sprms contained in the prm's grpprl apply to any picture characters within the piece that have their chp.fSpec character ==fTrue. The picture properties for a picture (the PIC described in the Structure Definitions) are derived by fetching the PIC stored with the picture and applying to that PIC any picture sprms linked to the piece containing the picture special character.

Footnotes & Endnotes

In Word the text of footnotes and endnotes is anchored to a particular position within the document's main text, the location of its footnote/endnote reference. The following discussion only describes footnotes, with endnotes being handled identically, except that the endnote data structures contain the "edn" abbreviation where footnote data structures contain the "find" abbreviation. There is a structure referenced by the fib, the plcffndRef, which records the locations of the footnote references within the main text address space and another structure referenced by the fib, the plcffndTxt, which records the beginning locations of corresponding footnote text within the footnote text address space. The footnote text characters in a full saved file begin at offset fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText and extends till fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText+fib.ccpText and extends till fib.ccpText+fib.ccpText and extends till fib.ccpText+fib.ccpText. To find the location of the ith footnote reference in the main text address space, look up the ith entry in the plcffndRef and find the location of the text corresponding to the reference within the footnote text address space by looking up the ith entry in the plcffndTxt.

When there are **n** footnotes, the plcffndTxt structure consists of $\mathbf{n+2}$ CP entries. The CP entries mark the beginning character position within the footnote text address space of the footnote text for the footnotes defined for the file. The beginning CP of the text of the **ith** footnote is the **ith** CP within the plcffndTxt. The limit CP of the text of the **ith** footnote is the **i+1st** CP within the plcffndTxt.

The last character of footnote text for a footnote (i.e. the character at limit CP-1) is always a paragraph end (ASCII 13). If there are **n** footnotes, the **n+2nd** CP entry value is always 1 greater than the **n+1st** CP entry value. A paragraph end (ASCII 13) is always stored at the file position marked by the **n+1st** CP value.

When there are $\bf n$ footnotes, the plcffndRef structure consists of $\bf n+1$ CP entries followed by $\bf n$ integer flags, named fAuto. The $\bf ith$ CP in the plcffndRef corresponds to the $\bf ith$ fAuto flag. The CP entries give the locations of footnote references within the main text address space. The $\bf n+1th$ CP entry contains the value fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+1. The fAuto flag contains 1 whenever the footnote reference name is auto-generated by Word.

When a footnote reference name is automatically generated by Word, Word generates the name by adding 1 to the index number of the reference in the plcffndRef and translating that number to ASCII text. When the footnote reference is auto generated, the character at the main text CP position for the footnote reference should be a footnote reference character (ASCII 5) which has a chp recorded with chp.fSpec=1.

The number of footnotes stored in a Word binary file can be found by (fib.cbPlcffndTxt/4)-1.

Headers and Footers

The header and footer text characters in a full saved file begin at offset

fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn and extend till

fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr. In a complex fast-saved document, the footnote text begins at CP fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn and extends till fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr. The plcfhdd, a table whose location and length within the file is stored in fib.fcPlcfhdd and fib.cbPlcfhdd, describes where the text of each header/footer begins. If there are n headers/footers stored in the Word file, the plcfhdd consists of n+2 CP entries. The beginning CP of the ith header/footer is the ith CP in the plcfhdd. The limit CP (the CP of character 1 position past the end of a header/footer) of the ith header/footer is the i+1st CP in the plcfhdd. Note: at the limit CP - 1, Word always places a chEop as a placeholder which is never displayed as part of the header/footer. This allows Word to change an existing header/footer to be empty.

If there are n header/footers, the n+2nd CP entry value is always 1 greater than the n+1st CP entry value. A paragraph end (ASCII 13) is always stored at the file position marked by the n+1st CP value.

The transformation in a full saved file from a header/footer CP to an offset from the beginning of a file (fc) is fc=fib.fcMin+ccpText+ccpFtn+cp.

In Word, headers/footers can be defined for a document that will:

- 1. act as a separator between main text and footnote text.
- 2. print below footnote text on a page when footnote text must be continued on a succeeding page (continuation separator).
- 3. print above footnote text on a page when the text must be continued from a previous page (continuation notice).
- 4. act as a separator between main text and endnote text.
- 5. print below endnote text on a page when endnote text must be continued on a succeeding page (continuation separator).
- 6. print above endnote text on a page when the text must be continued from a previous page (continuation notice).

Also for each section defined for the document, distinct headers can be defined for printing on odd-numbered/right facing pages, even-numbered/left facing pages and the first page of a section. Similarly for each document section, distinct footers can be defined for printing on odd-numbered/right facing pages, even-numbered/left facing pages and the first page of a section.

The plofhdd contains an entry for each kind of header or footer. (The grpfIhdt is no longer used to find entries in the plofhdd.) Indices in the plofhdd are as follows:

- 0 Header for even pages
- 1 Header for odd pages
- 2 Footer for even pages
- 3 Footer for odd pages
- 4 Header for first page of section
- 5 Footer for first page of section
- 6 Footnote separator
- 7 Footnote continuation separator
- 8 Footnote continuation notice
- 9 Endnote separator
- 10 Endnote continuation separator
- 11 Endnote continuation notice

Page Table

Page table information is optional data which is not always stored in a Word binary file. It may be stored for the main text, footnote text and endnote text. The fib contains three FCPGD structures (fcpgdMother, fcpgdFtn, fcpgdEdn) which point to where the data is stored. Each fcpgd points to a PLF of PGD structures and a PLCF of BKD structures. The PLF of PGD descriptors contains n entries where n is the number of pages in the associated text stream. The PLC of BKDs contains >= n entries where each entry describes a single break (page break or otherwise) within the text stream. Each BKD is associated with a PGD and contains an ipgd which is an index into the PLF of PGDs. To find the CP range of a given page, traverse the BKDs searching for the first and last BKD which refer to the given page. The CP range of these BKDs is the CP range of the page.

If a Word document is edited in any way, the fcpgds in the fib should be filled with 0s.

Glossary Files

A Word glossary file is a normal Word binary file with two supplemental files, the sttbfglsy, the sttbfglsystyle and the plcfglsy, also stored in the file. The sttbfglsy contains a list of the names of glossary entries, the sttbfglsystyle contains a list of the style names for every auto text entry, and the plcfglsy contains a table of beginning positions within the text address space of the file of the text of glossary entries.

The sttbfglsy begins with an integer count of bytes of the size of the sttbfglsy (includes the size of the integer count of bytes). If there are \mathbf{n} glossary entries defined, \mathbf{n} Pascal-type strings (string preceded by length byte) will follow, concatenated one after the other. Each string storing one glossary entry name. The collection of glossary entry names must be sorted in case-insensitive ascending order (i.e. \mathbf{a} and \mathbf{A} are treated as equal). Also the names \mathbf{date} and \mathbf{time} must be included in the list of names. The name of the \mathbf{ith} glossary entry is the \mathbf{ith} name defined in the sttbfglsy. The extra field in each entry contains an index on the sttbglsystyle that indicates the style name of the first paragraph in plcfglsy.

The sttbglsystyle is not sorted and has no duplicates. Each entry has an extra field indicating how many auto text entries have that style.

If there are n glossary entries, the plcfglsy, will consist of n+2 CP entries. The ith CP entry will contain the location of the beginning of the text for the ith glossary entry. The i+1st CP entry will contain the limit CP of the ith glossary entry. The character at a CP position of limit

CP-1 is always a paragraph mark. The **n+2nd** CP entry always contains fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr+1 if there are headers, footers or footnotes stored in the glossary and contains fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdr otherwise. The **n+1st** CP entry is always 1 less than the value of the **n+2nd** entry.

The text for the **time** and **date** entries are always a single paragraph mark (ASCII 13).

Routing Slip

A routing slip is stored in the main document stream as an RS (Routing Slip) structure followed by a set of variable length data. After the RS structure are 4 null terminated strings. Each string is preceded by a short integer containing the string length (including the null terminator). The strings are: the subject, the message text, status and title. Following these strings are a variable number (rs.cRecip) of Routing Recipient (RR) records. Each RR record is immediately followed by a variable number (rr.cb) of bytes containing private data, which is in turn followed by a null terminated string containing the recipient name.

Auto Summary

For a document for which AutoSummary View is active (specified in the ASUMYI), the plcfasumy records the result of the last AutoSummary analysis. Each ASUMY in the PLCF gives the AutoSummary level for the text starting at the corresponding CP. The level must be non-negative and no greater than the upper bound specified in the ASUMYI. The ASUMYI specifies the current summary view level. In emphasize view mode, all text at and below the current summary view level is highlighted. In reduce view mode, all text above the current summary view level is hidden.

STTBFASSOC (Table of Associated Strings)

The following are indices into a table of associated strings:

| Ibst | Index | Description |
|--------------------|-------|--|
| ibstAssocFileNext | 0 | Unused |
| ibstAssocDot | 1 | Filename of associated template |
| ibstAssocTitle | 2 | Title of document |
| ibstAssocSubject | 3 | Subject of document |
| ibstAssocKeyWords | 4 | Keywords of document |
| ibstAssocComments | 5 | Comments of document |
| ibstAssocAuthor | 6 | Author of document |
| ibstAssocLastRevBy | 7 | Name of person who last revised the document |
| ibstAssocDataDoc | 8 | Filename of data document |
| ibstAssocHeaderDoc | 9 | Filename of header document |
| ibstAssocCriteria1 | 10 | Packed string used by print merge record selection |
| ibstAssocCriteria2 | 11 | Packed string used by print merge record selection |
| ibstAssocCriteria3 | 12 | Packed string used by print merge record selection |
| ibstAssocCriteria4 | 13 | Packed string used by print merge record selection |
| ibstAssocCriteria5 | 14 | Packed string used by print merge record selection |
| | | |

| Ibst | Index | Description |
|--------------------|-------|--|
| ibstAssocCriteria6 | 15 | Packed string used by print merge record selection |
| ibstAssocCriteria7 | 16 | Packed string used by print merge record selection |
| ibstAssocMax | 17 | Maximum number of strings in string table |

The format of the ibstAssocCriteriaX strings are as follows:

Both stMergeField and stCompInfo are variable length character arrays preceded by a length byte.

Structure Definitions

AnnoTation Reference Descriptor for Word 2000 (ATRDPre10)

Word 2000 Annotation Reference Descriptor, now part of a modified Descriptor structure along with newly introduced properties.

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | xstUsrInitl | XCHAR[10] | | | Pascal-style string holding initials of annotation author |
| 20 | 14 | ibst | short | | | Index into GrpXstAtnOwners |
| 22 | 16 | ak | short | :2 | 0003 | Unused |
| | | | short | :14 | FFFC | Unused |
| 24 | 18 | grfbmc | uns short | | | Unused |
| 26 | 1A | lTagBkmk | long | | | When not -1, this tag identifies the annotation bookmark that locates the range of CPs in the main document which this annotation references |

cbATRDPre10 (count of bytes of ATRDPre10) is 30 (decimal), 1E(hex).

AnnoTation Reference Descriptor Additions for Word 2002 (ATRDPost10)

This structure was introduced in Word 2002 to augment the Annotation Reference Description structure.

| b_{10} | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|----------|------------------------|-----------|------|------|----------|-------------------------------|
| 0 | 0 | dttm | DTTM | | | Date and time for the comment |
| 4 | 4 | fResolved | BF | :1 | 01 | Comment has been resolved |
| | | | BF | :15 | FFFE | Unused |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------|------|----------|---|
| 6 | 6 | cDepth | int | | | Depth of the comment |
| 10 | Α | diatrdParen t | Int | | | Index of the parent of the comment |
| 14 | Е | fOWSDiscuss ionItem | BFL | :1 | 01 | Boolean indicating that this is a comment from a web server discussion. |
| | | fInkAtn | BFL | :1 | 02 | Boolean indicating this is an ink annotation. |
| | | | BFL | :14 | FFFC | Unused |

AnnoTation Reference Descriptor (ATRD)

The modified Annotation Reference Descriptor introduced in Word 2002 combining the information from the previous two structures.

| $\mathbf{b_{10}}$ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|-------------------|------------------------|------------|------------|------|----------|--------------------------------|
| 0 | 0 | atrdPre10 | ATRDre10 | 30 | | See structure definition above |
| 20 | 14 | atrdPost10 | ATRDPost10 | 18 | | See structure definition above |

 ${\tt cbATRD}$ (count of bytes of ${\tt ATRD})$ is 48 (decimal), 30(hex).

Auto Numbered List Data Descriptor (ANLD)

| b_{10} | b_{16} | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|----------|----------|---------------|---|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | anlv | ANLV (see description of ANLV structure) | 20 | | Number only 1 item per table cell |
| 20 | 14 | fNumber1 | uns char | | | Number only 1 item per table cell |
| 21 | 15 | fNumberAcross | uns char | | | Number across cells in table rows(instead of down) |
| 22 | 16 | fRestartHdn | uns char | | | Restart heading number on section boundary |
| 23 | 17 | fSpareX | uns char | | | Unused (should be 0) |
| 24 | 18 | rgxch | array of 32 XCHARs | | | Characters displayed before/after auto number |

cbanld (count of bytes of ANLD) is 88 (decimal), 58(hex).

Auto Numbered List Data Descriptor for Word 97 (ANLD80)

Same as ANLD but anly is of type ANLV80 rather than ANLV.

Auto Number Level Descriptor (ANLV)

| $\mathbf{b_{10}}$ | b_{16} | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|-------------------|----------|----------------|---------------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | nfc | unsigned char | | | Number format code (use the number format table below) |
| 1 | 1 | cxchTextBefore | unsigned char | | | Offset into anld.rgxch that is the limit of the text that will be displayed as the prefix of the auto number text |
| 2 | 2 | cxchTextAfter | unsigned char | | | anld.cxchTextBefore will be the beginning offset of the text in the anld.rgxch that will be displayed as the suffix of an auto number. The sum of anld.cxchTextBefore + anld.cxchTextAfter will be the limit of the auto number suffix in anld.rgxch |
| 3 | 3 | jc | uns char | :2 | 03 | Justification code O left justify |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|---------------|----------|------|----------|--|
| | | | | | | 1 center 2 right justify 3 left and right justify |
| | | fPrev | uns char | :1 | 04 | When ==1, number generated will include previous levels (used for legal numbering) |
| | | fHang | uns char | :1 | 08 | When ==1, number will be displayed using a hanging indent |
| | | fSetBold | uns char | :1 | 10 | When ==1, boldness of number will be determined by anld.fBold |
| | | fSetItalic | uns char | :1 | 20 | When ==1, italicness of number will be determined by anld.fItalic |
| | | fSetSmallCaps | uns char | :1 | 40 | When ==1, anld.fSmallCaps will determine whether number will be displayed in small caps or not |
| | | fSetCaps | uns char | :1 | 80 | When ==1, anld.fCaps will determine whether number will be displayed capitalized or not |
| 4 | 4 | fSetStrike | uns char | :1 | 01 | When ==1, anld.fStrike will determine whether the number will be displayed using strikethrough or not. |
| | | fSetKul | uns char | :1 | 02 | When ==1, anld.kul will determine the underlining state of the auto number |
| | | fPrevSpace | uns char | :1 | 04 | When ==1, auto number will be displayed with a single prefixing space character |
| | | fBold | uns char | :1 | 08 | Determines boldness of auto number when anld.fSetBold == 1 |
| | | FItalic | uns char | :1 | 10 | Determines italicness of auto number when anld.fSetItalic == 1 |
| | | fSmallCaps | uns char | :1 | 20 | Determines whether auto number will be displayed using small caps when anld.fSetSmallCaps == 1 |
| | | fCaps | uns char | :1 | 40 | Determines whether auto number will be displayed using caps when anld.fSetCaps == 1 |
| | | fStrike | uns char | :1 | 80 | Determines whether auto number will be displayed using caps when anld.fSetStrike == 1 |
| 5 | 5 | kul | uns char | :3 | 07 | Determines whether auto number will be displayed with underlining when anld.fSetKul == 1 |
| | | ico | uns char | :5 | F1 | Color of auto number for Word 97; |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|-----------|-----------|------|----------|--|
| | | | | | | unused in Word 2000 |
| 6 | 6 | ftc | short | | | Font code of auto number |
| 8 | 8 | hps | uns short | | | Font half point size (or 0=auto) |
| 10 | Α | iStartAt | uns short | | | Starting value (0 to 65535) |
| 12 | С | dxaIndent | | | | Width of prefix text (same as indent) |
| 14 | E | dxaSpace | uns short | | | Minimum space between number and paragraph |
| 16 | F | CV | COLORREF | 4 | | 24-bit color for Word 2000 |

 ${\tt cbANLV}$ (count of bytes of ${\tt ANLV}$) is 20 bytes (decimal), 14 bytes (hex).

Number Format Table

| nfc value | Numbering scheme |
|-----------|--|
| 0 | Arabic (1, 2, 3) |
| 1 | Uppercase Roman numeral (I, II, III) |
| 2 | Lowercase Roman numeral (i, ii, iii) |
| 3 | Uppercase letter (A, B, C) |
| 4 | Lowercase letter (a, b, c) |
| 5 | Ordinal number (1st, 2nd, 3rd) |
| 6 | Cardinal text number (One, Two Three) |
| 7 | Ordinal text number (First, Second, Third) |
| 10 | Kanji numbering without the digit character (dbnum1). |
| 11 | Kanji numbering with the digit character (dbnum2). |
| 12 | 46 phonetic Katakana characters in "aiueo" order (aiueo). |
| 13 | 46 phonetic katakana characters in "iroha" order (iroha). |
| 14 | Double Byte character |
| 15 | Single Byte character |
| 16 | Kanji numbering 3 (dbnum3). |
| 17 | Kanji numbering 4 (dbnum4). |
| 18 | Circle numbering (circlenum). |
| 19 | Double-byte Arabic numbering |
| 20 | 46 phonetic double-byte Katakana characters (*aiueo*dbchar). |
| 21 | 46 phonetic double-byte katakana characters (*iroha*dbchar). |
| 22 | Arabic with leading zero (01, 02, 03,, 10, 11) |
| 23 | Bullet (no number at all) |
| 24 | Korean numbering 2 (ganada). |
| 25 | Korean numbering 1 (chosung). |
| 26 | Chinese numbering 1 (gb1). |
| 27 | Chinese numbering 2 (gb2). |
| 28 | Chinese numbering 3 (gb3). |
| 29 | Chinese numbering 4 (gb4). |
| 30 | Chinese Zodiac numbering 1 |
| 31 | Chinese Zodiac numbering 2 |

| nfc value | Numbering scheme |
|-----------|------------------------------------|
| 32 | Chinese Zodiac numbering 3 |
| 33 | Taiwanese double-byte numbering 1 |
| 34 | Taiwanese double-byte numbering 2 |
| 35 | Taiwanese double-byte numbering 3 |
| 36 | Taiwanese double-byte numbering 4 |
| 37 | Chinese double-byte numbering 1 |
| 38 | Chinese double-byte numbering 2 |
| 39 | Chinese double-byte numbering 3 |
| 40 | Chinese double-byte numbering 4 |
| 41 | Korean double-byte numbering 1 |
| 42 | Korean double-byte numbering 2 |
| 43 | Korean double-byte numbering 3 |
| 44 | Korean double-byte numbering 4 |
| 45 | Hebrew non-standard decimal |
| 46 | Arabic Alif Ba Tah |
| 47 | Hebrew Biblical standard |
| 48 | Arabic Abjad style |
| 49 | Hindi vowels |
| 50 | Hindi consonants |
| 51 | Hindi numbers |
| 52 | Hindi descriptive (cardinals) |
| 53 | Thai letters |
| 54 | Thai numbers |
| 55 | Thai descriptive (cardinals |
| 56 | Vietnamese descriptive (cardinals) |
| 57 | Page Number format - # - |
| 58 | Lower case Russian alphabet |
| 59 | Upper case Russian alphabet |
| | |

Auto Number Level Descriptor for Word 97 (ANLV80)

Same as \mathtt{ANLV} but without the \mathtt{cv} property.

AutoSummary Analysis (ASUMY)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------|------|------|----------|-------------------|
| 0 | 0 | lLevel | long | | • | AutoSummary level |

cbASUMY (count of bytes of ASUMY) is 4 bytes.

AutoSummary Info (ASUMYI)

| b_{10} | $\mathbf{b_{16}}$ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|----------|-------------------|---------------|-------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | fValid | short | :1 | 0001 | True if the ASUMYI is valid |
| | | fView | short | :1 | 0002 | True if AutoSummary View is active |
| | | iViewBy | short | :2 | 000C | Display method for AutoSummary View: 0 = Emphasize in current doc 1 = Reduce doc to summary 2 = Insert into doc 3 = Show in new document |
| | | fUpdateProps | short | :1 | 0010 | True if File Properties summary information should be updated after the next summarization |
| | | reserved | short | :11 | FFE0 | Reserved |
| 2 | 2 | wDlgLevel | short | | | Dialog summary level |
| 4 | 4 | lHighestLevel | long | | | Upper bound for <code>lLevel</code> for sentences in this document |
| 8 | 8 | lCurrentLevel | long | | | Show document sentences at or below this level |

cbASUMYI (count of bytes of ASUMYI) is 12 bytes (decimal), C bytes (hex).

Bin Table Entry (BTE)

| b ₁₀ | $\mathbf{b_{16}}$ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|-------------------|--------|------|------|----------|-------------------|
| 0 | 0 | pn | long | :22 | | AutoSummary level |
| | | unused | long | :10 | | Unused |

cbBTE (count of bytes of BTE) is 4 bytes.

BreaK Descriptor (BKD)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|--------------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | ipgd | short | | | Except in textbox BKD, index to PGD in plfpgd that describes the page this break is on |
| 0 | 0 | itxbxs | short | | | In textbox BKD, |
| 2 | 2 | dcpDepend | short | | | Number of cp's considered for this break; note that the CP's described by cpDepend in this break reside in the next BKD |
| | | icol | uns short | :8 | 00FF | |
| | | fTableBreak | uns short | :1 | 0100 | When 1, this indicates that this is a table break. |
| | | fColumnBreak | uns short | :1 | 0200 | When 1, this indicates that this is a column break. |
| | | fMarked | uns short | :1 | 0400 | Used temporarily while Word is running. |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------|------|----------|---|
| | | fUnk | uns short | :1 | 0800 | In textbox BKD, when == 1 indicates cpLim of this textbox is not valid |
| | | fTextOverflow | uns short | :1 | 1000 | In textbox BKD, when == 1 indicates that text overflows the end of this textbox |

cbBKD (count of bytes of BKD) is 6.

Bookmark First descriptor (BKF)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------|--------------|------|---|--|
| 0 | 0 | ibkl | short | | | Index to BKL entry in plcfbkl that describes the ending position of this bookmark in the CP stream |
| 2 | 2 | itcFirst | uns short | :7 | 007F When bkf.fCol==1, this is the index to the first column of a table column bookmark | |
| | | fPub | uns short | :1 | 0800 | When 1, this indicates that this bookmark is marking the range of a Macintosh Publisher section |
| | | itcLim | uns short | :7 | 7F00 | When bkf.fcol==1, this is the index to limit column of a table column bookmark |
| | | fCol | uns short | :1 | 8000 | When 1, this bookmark marks a range of columns in a table specified by (bkf.itcFirst, bkf.itcLim) |

cbBKF (count of bytes of BKF) is 4.

Bookmark Lim descriptor (BKL)

The BKL is no longer stored in the plcfbkl or plcfatnbkl, and is instead reconstructed from the plcfbkf or plcfatnbkf when the file is opened.

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------|-------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | ibkf | short | | | Index to BKF entry in plcfbkf describing the beginning position of this bookmark in the CP stream. If the bkl.ibkf is negative, add on the number of bookmarks recorded in the hplcbkf to the bkl.ibkf to calculate the index to the BKF that corresponds to this entry. |

cbBKL (count of bytes of BKL) is 2.

Border Code (BRC)

The BRC is a substructure of the CHP, PAP, PIC, SEP, TAP and TC. See also the BRC structures for older versions.

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|----------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | CV | COLORREF | 4 | | 24-bit border color |
| 4 | 4 | grpfBrc | ulong | 4 | | |
| 4 | 4 | dptLineWidth | lona | :8 | FF | Width of a single line in 1/8 pt, max of 32 pt. |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|-----------------|------------------------|----------|------|------|----------|--|
| | | brcType | long | :8 | FF00 | Border type code: |
| | | | | | | none single thick double hairline dot dash large gap dot dot dash triple thin-thick small gap thin-thick-thin small gap thick-thin medium gap thick-thin medium gap thin-thick-thin medium gap thin-thick-thin large gap eash dot stroked emboss 3D codes 64 - 230 represent border art types and are used only for page borders |
| | | dptSpace | long | :5 | 1F0000 | Width of space to maintain between border and text within border |
| | | | | | | Must be 0 when \mathtt{BRC} is a substructure of $\mathtt{TC}.$ |
| | | | | | | Stored in points. |
| | | fShadow | long | :1 | 200000 | When 1, border is drawn with shadow. Must be 0 when ${\tt BRC}$ is a substructure of the ${\tt TC}$ |
| | | fFrame | long | :1 | 400000 | When 1, don't reverse the border. |
| | | unused | long | :9 | FF800000 | Reserved |

cbBRC (count of bytes of BRC) is 8.

Border Code for Word 97 (BRC80)

The BRC80 is a substructure of the CHP, PAP, PIC, SEP, TAP and TC for Word 97.

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|-------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | dptLineWidth | short | :8 | 00FF | Width of a single line in 1/8 pt, max of 32 pt. |
| | | brcType | short | :8 | FF00 | Border type code: |
| | | | | | | 0 none 1 single 2 thick 3 double 5 hairline 6 dot 7 dash large gap 8 dot dash 9 dot dot dash 10 triple 11 thin-thick small gap 12 thick-thin small gap 13 thin-thick-thin small gap 14 thin-thick medium gap 15 thick-thin medium gap 16 thin-thick-thin medium gap 17 thin-thick large gap 18 thick-thin large gap 19 thin-thick-thin large gap 20 wave 21 double wave 22 dash small gap 23 dash dot stroked 24 emboss 3D 25 engrave 3D codes 64 – 230 represent border art types and are used only for page borders |
| 2 | 2 | ico | short | :8 | 00FF | Color: |
| | | dptSpace | short | :5 | 1F00 | 0 Auto 1 Black 2 Blue 3 Cyan 4 Green 5 Magenta 6 Red 7 Yellow 8 White 9 DkBlue 10 DkCyan 11 DkGreen 12 DkMagenta 13 DkRed 14 DkYellow 15 DkGray 16 LtGray Width of space to maintain between border and text within border Must be 0 when BRC is a substructure of TC. |
| | | | | | | Stored in points. |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------|-------------|----------|---|
| | | fShadow | short | :1 2000 Whe | | When 1, border is drawn with shadow |
| | | | | | | Must be 0 when \mathtt{BRC} is a substructure of the $\mathtt{TC}.$ |
| | | fFrame | short | :1 | 4000 | Don't reverse the border. |
| | | | short | :1 | 8000 | Reserved |

The size is 4 bytes

Border Code for Windows Word 95 (BRC70)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|-------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | dxpLineWidth | Uns | :3 | 00FF | Width of a single line: |
| | | | short | | | 0-5 thicknesses (3/4, 1 $\frac{1}{2}$, 2 $\frac{1}{4}$, 3, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$, 6) 6 = dotted 7 = dashed |
| | | brcType | short | :2 | FF00 | Border type code: |
| | | | | | | 0 none1 single2 thick3 double |
| | | fShadow | short | :1 | 2000 | When 1, border is drawn with shadow |
| 2 | 2 | ico | short | :5 | 00FF | Color code : |
| | | | | | | 0 Auto 1 Black 2 Blue 3 Cyan 4 Green 5 Magenta 6 Red 7 Yellow 8 White 9 DkBlue 10 DkCyan 11 DkGreen 12 DkMagenta 13 DkRed 14 DkYellow 15 DkGray 16 LtGray |
| | | dxpSpace | short | :5 | 1F00 | Width of space to maintain between border and text within border. Stored in points. |

Border Code for WinWord 1.0 (BRC10)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | dxpLine2Width | short | :3 | 0007 | Width of second line of border in pixels |
| | | dxpSpaceBetween | short | :3 | 0038 | Distance to maintain between both lines of border in pixels |
| | | dxpLine1Width | short | :3 | 01C0 | Width of first border line in pixels |
| | | dxpSpace | short | :5 | 3E00 | Width of space to maintain between border and text within border. Must be 0 when ${\tt BRC}$ is a substructure of the ${\tt TC}.$ |
| | | fShadow | short | :1 | 4000 | When 1, border is drawn with shadow. Must be 0 when ${\tt BRC10}$ is a substructure of the ${\tt TC}.$ |
| | | fSpare | short | :1 | 8000 | Reserved |

The seven types of border lines that WinWord 1.0 supports are coded with different sets of values for dxpLine1Width, dxpSpaceBetween, and dxpLine2 Width.

The border lines and their brc10 settings follow:

| Line type | dxpLine1Width | dxpSpaceBetween | dxpLine2Width |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| no border | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| single line border | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| two single line border | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| fat solid border | 4 | 0 | 0 |
| thick solid border | 2 | 0 | 0 |
| dotted border | 6 (special value meaning dotted line) | 0 | 0 |
| hairline border | 7 (special value meaning hairline) | 0 | 0 |

When the no border settings are stored in the BRC, brc.fShadow and brc.dxpSpace should be set to 0.

cbBRC10 (count of bytes of BRC10) is 2.

Character Properties (CHP)

The CHP is never stored in Word files. It is the result of decompression operations applied to CHPXs. For this reason no offsets are shown into the structure. It can be reconstructed at will.

The CHPX is stored in CHPX FKPS and within the STSH.

Note When a CHPX is stored in an FKP it is prefixed by a one-byte count of bytes that records the size of the non-zero prefix of the CHPX. Since the count of bytes must begin on an even boundary within the FKP followed by the non-zero prefix, it's guaranteed that the int and FC fields of the CHPX are aligned on an odd-byte boundary. The best technique for reconstituting the CHPX is to move the non-zero prefix to the beginning of a local instance of a CHPX that has been cleared to zeros.

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|------------------|----------|------|---|
| grpfChp | uint | 4 | Collection of the following 32 flags |
| fBold | uns long | :1 | Text is bold when 1 , and not bold when 0. |
| fItalic | uns long | :1 | Italic when 1, not italic when 0 |
| fRMarkDel | uns long | :1 | When 1, text has been deleted and will be displayed with strikethrough when revision marked text is to be displayed |
| fOutline | uns long | :1 | Outlined when 1, not outlined when 0 |
| fFldVanish | uns long | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fSmallCaps | uns long | :1 | Displayed with small caps when 1, no small caps when 0 |
| fCaps | uns long | :1 | Displayed with caps when 1, no caps when 0 |
| fVanish | uns long | :1 | When 1, text has "hidden" format, and is not displayed unless ${\tt fPagHidden}$ is set in the ${\tt DOP}$ |
| fRMark | uns long | :1 | When 1, text is newly typed since the last time revision marks have been accepted and will be displayed with an underline when revision marked text is to be displayed |
| fSpec | uns long | :1 | Character is a Word special character when 1, not a special character when $\boldsymbol{0}$ |
| fStrike | uns long | :1 | Displayed with strikethrough when 1, no strikethrough when 0 |
| fObj | uns long | :1 | Embedded object when 1, not an embedded object when 0 |
| fShadow | uns long | :1 | Character is drawn with a shadow when 1; drawn without shadow when 0 |
| fLowerCase | uns long | :1 | Character is displayed in lower case when 1. No case transformation is performed when 0. This field may be set to 1 only when <code>chp.fSmallCaps</code> is 1. |
| fData | uns long | :1 | When 1, chp.fcPic points to an FFDATA, the data structure binary data used by Word to describe a form field. The bit chp.fData may only be 1 when chp.fSpec is also 1 and the special character in the document stream that has this property is a chPicture (0x01). |
| fOle2 | uns long | :1 | When 1, <code>chp.lTagObj</code> specifies a particular object in the object stream that specifies the particular OLE object in the stream that should be displayed when the <code>chPicture fSpec</code> character that is tagged with the <code>fOle2</code> is encountered. The bit <code>chp.fOle2</code> may only be 1 when <code>chp.fSpec</code> is also 1 and the special character in the document stream that has this property is a <code>chPicture</code> (0x01). |
| fEmboss | uns long | :1 | Text is embossed when 1 and not embossed when 0 |
| fImprint | uns long | :1 | Text is engraved when 1 and not engraved when 0 |
| fDStrike | uns long | :1 | Displayed with double strikethrough when 1, no double strikethrough when $\boldsymbol{0}$ |
| fUsePgsuSettings | uns long | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fBoldBi | uns long | :1 | Complex Scripts text is bold when 1 |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|-------------------------|----------|------|---|
| fComplexScripts | uns long | :1 | Complex Scripts text that requires special processing to display and process. |
| fItalicBi | uns long | :1 | Complex Scripts text is italics when 1 |
| fBiDi | uns long | :1 | Complex Scripts right-to-left text that requires special processing to display and process (character reordering; contextual shaping; display of combining characters and diacritics; specialized justification rules; cursor positioning). |
| fIcoBi | uns long | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fNonGlyph | uns long | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fBoldOther | uns long | :1 | Used internally by Word 97 and earlier versions |
| fItalicOther | uns long | :1 | Used internally by Word 97 and earlier versions |
| fNoProof | uns long | :1 | When set to 1, do not check spelling or grammar |
| fWebHidden | uns long | :1 | Text should be hidden in Web View when set to 1 |
| fFitText | uns long | :1 | Fit text when set to 1 |
| fCalc | uns long | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fFmtLineProp | uns long | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| hps | ushort | 2 | Font size in half points |
| ftc | ftc | 2 | No longer stored |
| ftcAsci | ftc | 2 | Font for ASCII text |
| ftcFE | ftc | 2 | Font for East Asian text |
| ftcOther | ftc | 2 | Font for non-East Asian text |
| ftcBi | ftc | 2 | Font for Complex Scripts text |
| rgftc[iftcCompositeMax] | 1 ftc | 8 | Array of fonts |
| dxaSpace | ха | 4 | Space following each character in the run expressed in twip units. |
| CV | colorref | 4 | 24-bit color |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|-------------------|----------|------|--|
| ico | short | :5 | Color of text for Word 97: |
| | | | Auto Black Blue Cyan Green Magenta Red Yellow White DkBlue DkCyan DkGreen DkMagenta DkMagenta DkGreen DkMagenta DkYellow DkYellow LtGray |
| pctCharWidth | ushort | 2 | Character scale |
| Lid | lid | 2 | Language ID (calculated) (see LID table below for values) |
| rglid[clidChpMax] | lid | 6 | Array of language IDs: convenient index into the next three properties. |
| LidDefault | lid | 2 | Default language ID (see LID table below for values) |
| LidFE | lid | 2 | East Asian Language ID (see LID table below for values) |
| lidBi | lid | 2 | Complex Scripts language ID (see ${\tt LID}$ table below for values) |
| kcd | uns char | :3 | Emphasis mark: |
| fUndetermine | uns char | :1 | None Dot Comma Circle Under Dot Character is undetermined when set to 1 |
| iss | uns char | :3 | Superscript/subscript indices |
| fSpecSymbol | uns char | :1 | 0 means no super/subscripting 1 means text in run is superscripted 2 means text in run is subscripted Used by Word internally |
| idct | uchar | 1 | Not stored in file |
| idctHint | uchar | 1 | Identifier of Character type |
| | | | |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|-----------|----------|------|--|
| kul | uchar | 1 | Underline code: |
| | | | 0 none 1 single 2 by word 3 double 4 dotted 5 hidden 6 thick 7 dash 8 dot (not used) 9 dot dash 10 dot dot dash 11 wave 20 kulDottedHeavy 23 kulDashedHeavy 25 kulDotDashHeavy 26 kul2DotDashHeavy 27 kulWaveHeavy 39 kulDashLong 43 kulWaveDouble 55 kulDashLongHeavy |
| hres | uchar | 1 | Hyphenation rule 0 No hyphenation 1 Normal hyphenation 2 Add letter before hyphen 3 Change letter before hyphen 4 Delete letter before hyphen 5 Change letter after hyphen 6 Delete letter before the hyphen and change the letter preceding the deleted character |
| chHres | uchar | 1 | The character that will be used to add or change a letter when ${\tt chp.ysr}$ is 2,3, 5 or 6 |
| hpsKern | ushort | 2 | Kerning distance for characters in run recorded in half points |
| hpsPos | short | 2 | Reserved |
| cvUl | colorref | 4 | Underline color |
| shd | shd | 10 | Shading |
| brc | brc | 8 | Border |
| ibstRMark | ibst | 2 | Index to author IDs stored in hsttbfRMark. Used when text in run was newly typed when revision marking was enabled. |
| sfxtText | uchar | 1 | Text animation: |
| | | | 0 no animation 1 Las Vegas lights 2 background blink 3 sparkle text 4 marching ants 5 marching red ants 6 shimmer |
| fDblBdr | uns char | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fBorderWS | uns char | :1 | Used internally by Word |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|---------------------------|----------|------|--|
| ufel | ushort | 2 | Collection properties represented by ${\tt itypFELayout}$ and ${\tt copt}$ (East Asian layout properties) |
| itypFELayout | uchar | 1 | Collection of the next 6 properties: |
| | | | 0x00 – none 0x01 – Tatenakayoko 0x02 – Warichu 0x04 – Kumimoji 0xFF – All |
| fTNY | uns char | :1 | Tatenakayoko: Horizontal–in-vertical (range of text in a direction perpendicular to the text flow) is used when set to 1 |
| fWarichu | uns char | :1 | Two lines in one (text in the group is displayed as two half-height lines within a line) when set to 1 |
| fKumimoji | uns char | :1 | When set to 1, combine characters |
| fRuby | uns char | :1 | Phonetic guide when set to 1 |
| fLSFitText | uns char | :1 | When set to 1, fit text |
| spare | Uns char | :3 | Unused |
| copt | uchar | 1 | Collection of the following 5 flags |
| iWarichuBracket | uns char | :3 | Bracket character for two-lines-in-one: |
| | | | text is not enclosed. text is enclosed in parentheses. text is enclosed in square brackets ([]). text is enclosed in angled brackets (<>). text is enclosed in braces ({}). |
| fWarichuNoOpenBracke t | uns char | :1 | Two-lines-in-one uses no open bracket when 1 |
| fTNYCompress | uns char | :1 | When 1, fit text in line |
| fTNYFetchTxm | uns char | :1 | When 1, fetch text metrics |
| fCellFitText | uns char | :1 | When 1, Fit text in cell |
| unused | uns char | :1 | Not used |
| hpsAsci | ushort | 2 | Font size for ASCII font |
| hpsFE | ushort | 2 | Font size for East Asian text |
| hpsBi | ushort | 2 | Font size for Complex Scripts text |
| rghps[ihpsMax] | ushort | 6 | Array of font sizes |
| ftcSym | ftc | 2 | When chp.fSpec is 1 and the character recorded for the run in the document stream is <code>chSymbol</code> (0x28), <code>chp.ftcSym</code> identifies the font code of the symbol font that will be used to display the symbol character recorded in <code>chp.xchSym</code> |
| | | | chp.ftcSym is an index into the rgffn structure. |
| xchSym | xchar | 2 | When <code>chp.fSpec==1</code> and the character recorded for the run in the document stream is <code>chSymbol</code> (0x28), the character stored <code>chp.xchSym</code> will be displayed using the font specified in <code>chp.ftcSym</code> |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|----------------|-----------|------|---|
| hpsAsci | ushort | 2 | Font size for ASCI font |
| hpsFE | ushort | 2 | Font size for East Asian text |
| hpsBi | ushort | 2 | Font size for Complex Scripts text |
| rghps[ihpsMax] | ushort | 6 | Array of font sizes |
| fNumRunBi | uns short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fSysVanish | uns short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fDiacRunBi | uns short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fBoldPresent | uns short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fItalicPresent | uns short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fcPic | fc | 4 | Offset in data stream pointing to beginning of a picture when character is a picture character (character is $0x01$ and <code>chp.fSpec</code> is 1). |
| fcObj | fc | 4 | Offset in data stream pointing to beginning of a picture when character is an OLE1 object character (character is $0x20$ and chp.fSpec is 1, chp.fOle2 is 0). |
| lTagObj | ulong | 4 | An object ID for an OLE object, only set if <code>chp.fSpec</code> and <code>chp.fOle2</code> are both true, and <code>chp.fObj</code> . |
| fcData | fc | 4 | Points to location of picture data, only if chp.fSpec is true. |
| hsp | msohsp | 4 | Used internally by Word |
| docPic | ulong | :16 | Used internally by Word |
| dummy | ulong | :15 | Used internally by Word |
| fDirty | ulong | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| hresOld | ulong | :8 | Hyphenation rule |
| | | | No hyphenation Normal hyphenation Add letter before hyphen Change letter before hyphen Delete letter before hyphen Change letter after hyphen Delete letter before the hyphen and change the letter preceding the deleted character |
| chHresOld | ulong | :8 | The character that will be used to add or change a letter when ${\tt chp.hresi}$ is 2,3, 5 or 6 |
| dummy3 | ulong | :16 | Not used |
| dxpKashida | xa | 4 | Used internally by Word |
| dxpSpace | xa | 4 | Used internally by Word |
| ibstRMarkDel | ibst | 2 | Index to author IDs stored in $hsttbfRMark$. Used when text in run was deleted when revision marking was enabled. |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|-------------------|-----------|------|--|
| dttmRMark | dttm | 4 | Date/time at which this run of text was entered/modified by the author (Only recorded when revision marking is on.) |
| dttmRMarkDel | dttm | 4 | Date/time at which this run of text was deleted by the author (Only recorded when revision marking is on.) |
| cHpsInc | short | 2 | Used internally by Word |
| istd | ushort | 2 | Index to character style descriptor in the stylesheet that tags this run of text. When <code>istd</code> is <code>istdNormalChar</code> (10 decimal), characters in run are not affected by a character style. If <code>chp.istd</code> contains any other value, <code>chpx</code> of the specified character style are applied to <code>CHP</code> for this run before any other exceptional properties are applied. |
| idslRMReason | ushort | 2 | An index to strings displayed as reasons for actions taken by Word's AutoFormat code |
| idslRMReasonDel | ushort | 2 | An index to strings displayed as reasons for actions taken by Word's AutoFormat code |
| cpg | ushort | 2 | Code page of run in pre-Unicode files |
| iatrUndetType | uns short | :4 | Used internally by Word |
| fUlGap | uns short | :1 | Used internally by Word 8 |
| icoHighlight | uns short | :5 | Highlight color (see chp.ico) |
| fHighlight | uns short | :1 | When 1, characters are highlighted with color specified by <pre>chp.icoHighlight.</pre> |
| fScriptAnchor | uns short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fFixedObj | uns short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| spare2 | uns short | :1 | Not used |
| fNavHighlight | uns short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fChsDiff | uns short | :1 | Pre-Unicode files, char's char set different from ${\tt FIB}$ char set |
| fMacChs | uns short | :1 | fTrue if char's are Macintosh char set |
| fFtcAsciSym | uns short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fFtcReq | uns short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fLangApplied | uns short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fSpareLangApplied | uns short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fForcedCvAuto | uns short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fPropRMark | uns short | 2 | When 1, properties have been changed with revision marking on |
| ibstPropRMark | ibst | 2 | Index to author IDs stored in $hsttbfRMark$. Used when properties have been changed when revision marking was enabled. |
| dttmPropRMark | dttm | 4 | Date/time at which properties of this were changed for this run of text by the author. (Only recorded when revision marking is on.) |
| fAnmPropRMark | byte | 1 | Used internally by Word |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|-------------------|------------|------|--|
| fConflictOrig | uchar | 1 | When <pre>chp.wConflict!=0</pre> , this is fTrue when text is part of the original version of text. When <pre>fFalse</pre> , text is alternative introduced by reconciliation operation. |
| fConflictOtherDel | uchar | 1 | When fConflictOtherDel==fTrue, the other side of a reconciliation conflict causes this text to be deleted. |
| wConflict | ushort | 2 | When != 0, index number that identifies all text participating in a particular conflict incident. |
| IbstConflict | ibst | 2 | Who made this change for this side of the conflict. |
| dttmConflict | dttm | 4 | When the change was made. |
| fDispFldRMark | byte | 1 | When 1, the number for a ListNum field is being tracked in $xstDispFldRMark$. If that number is different from the current value, the number has changed. |
| | | | Only valid for ListNum fields. |
| ibstDispFldRMark | ibst | 2 | Index to author IDs stored in hsttbfRMark. Used when ListNum field numbering has been changed when revision marking was enabled. |
| dttmDispFldRMark | dttm | 4 | The date for the ListNum field number change. |
| xstDispFldRMark | xstdispfld | 32 | The string value of the ${\tt ListNum}$ field when revision mark tracking began. |
| dxtSpaceExtra | x | 4 | Used internally by Word. |
| fcObjp | fc | 4 | Offset in the data stream indicating the location of OLE object data. |
| dxaFitText | xa | 4 | Fit Text Width. |
| lFitTextID | long | 4 | Serialize Fit Text Areas. |
| lbrCRJ | uchar | 1 | Line BReak code for xchCRJ: |
| | | | 0 lbrNone 1 lbrLeft 2 lbrRight 3 lbrBoth |
| iuhi | long | 4 | Unknown HTML element |
| bTransNoProof0 | uchar | 1 | Used internally to handle translating Word 97 lid ${\tt sprms}$ into no proofing and Word 2000 ${\tt sprms}.$ |
| bTransNoProof1 | uchar | 1 | Ued internally to handle translating Word 97 lid ${\rm sprms}$ into no proofing and Word 2000 ${\rm sprms}.$ |
| rsidProp | RSID | 4 | Save ID for last time this CHP was revised: a random number associated with character formatting which improves the accuracy of Word's document merge feature. |
| rsidText | RSID | 4 | Save ID for last time this text was revised: a random number associated with the insertion of text which improves the accuracy of Word's document merging. |
| rsidRMDel | RSID | 4 | Save ID for last time this revision-mark-deleted text was revised: a random number associated with the tracked deletion of text which improves the accuracy of Word's document merging. |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|--------------|-------|------|--|
| fSpecVanish | uchar | :1 | Special hidden for leading emphasis (always hidden). |
| fHasOldProps | uchar | 1 | Used for character property revision marking. The <code>chp</code> at the time $fHasOldProps$ is set to 1, the is the old <code>chp</code> . |
| pbi | PBI | 6 | Picture bullet information |
| hplcnf | HPL | 4 | Conditional character formatting for table styles. No language properties are stored here. |
| ffm | uchar | 1 | font fixup mode, for internal use only. |
| fSdtVanish | uchar | 1 | Mark the character as hidden. |

The standard \mathtt{CHP} is all zeros except:

| hps | 20 half-points |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| fcPic | -1 |
| istd | 10 (the standard character style) |
| lidDefault, lidFE | 0x0400 (no proofing) |
| wCharScale | 100 |
| fUsePgsuSettings | -1 |

Table of LIDs

| Language | ID (decimal) | ID (hex) |
|-----------------------|--------------|----------|
| (no proofing) | 1024 | 400 |
| Afrikaans | 1078 | 436 |
| Albanian | 1052 | 41C |
| Amharic | 1118 | 45E |
| Arabic (Algeria) | 5121 | 1401 |
| Arabic (Bahrain) | 15361 | 3C01 |
| Arabic (Egypt) | 3073 | C01 |
| Arabic (Iraq) | 2049 | 801 |
| Arabic (Jordan) | 11265 | 2C01 |
| Arabic (Kuwait) | 13313 | 3401 |
| Arabic (Lebanon) | 12289 | 3001 |
| Arabic (Libya) | 4097 | 1001 |
| Arabic (Morocco) | 6145 | 1801 |
| Arabic (Oman) | 8193 | 2001 |
| Arabic (Qatar) | 16385 | 4001 |
| Arabic (Saudi Arabia) | 1025 | 401 |
| Arabic (Syria) | 10241 | 2801 |
| Arabic (Tunisia) | 7169 | 1C01 |
| Arabic (U.A.E) | 14337 | 3801 |
| Arabic (Yemen) | 9217 | 2401 |
| Armenian | 1067 | 42B |
| Assamese | 1101 | 44D |

| Language | ID (decimal) | ID (hex) |
|-------------------------------|--------------|----------|
| Azeri (Cyrillic) | 2092 | 82C |
| Azeri (Latin) | 1068 | 42C |
| Basque | 1069 | 42D |
| Belarusian | 1059 | 423 |
| Bengali | 1093 | 445 |
| Bengali (Bangladesh) | 2117 | 845 |
| Bulgarian | 1026 | 402 |
| Burmese | 1109 | 455 |
| Catalan | 1027 | 403 |
| Cherokee | 1116 | 45C |
| Chinese (Hong Kong S.A.R.) | 3076 | C04 |
| Chinese (Macao S.A.R.) | 5124 | 1404 |
| Chinese (PRC) | 2052 | 804 |
| Chinese (Singapore) | 4100 | 1004 |
| Chinese (Taiwan) | 1028 | 404 |
| Croatian | 1050 | 41A |
| Czech | 1029 | 405 |
| Danish | 1030 | 406 |
| Divehi | 1125 | 465 |
| Dutch (Belgium) | 2067 | 813 |
| Dutch (Netherlands) | 1043 | 413 |
| Edo | 1126 | 466 |
| English (Australia) | 3081 | C09 |
| English (Belize) | 10249 | 2809 |
| English (Canada) | 4105 | 1009 |
| English (Caribbean) | 9225 | 2409 |
| English (Hong Kong S.A.R.) | 15369 | 3C09 |
| English (India) | 16393 | 4009 |
| English (Indonesia) | 14345 | 3809 |
| English (Ireland) | 6153 | 1809 |
| English (Jamaica) | 8201 | 2009 |
| English (Malaysia) | 17417 | 4409 |
| English (New Zealand) | 5129 | 1409 |
| English (Philippines) | 13321 | 3409 |
| English (Singapore) | 18441 | 4809 |
| English (South Africa) | 7177 | 1C09 |
| English (Trinidad and Tobago) | 11273 | 2C09 |
| English (U.K.) | 2057 | 809 |
| English (U.S.) | 1033 | 409 |
| English (Zimbabwe) | 12297 | 3009 |
| Estonian | 1061 | 425 |
| Faeroese | 1080 | 438 |
| Farsi | 1065 | 429 |
| Filipino | 1124 | 464 |

| Language | ID (decimal) | ID (hex) |
|------------------------|--------------|----------|
| Finnish | 1035 | 40B |
| French (Belgium) | 2060 | 80C |
| French (Cameroon) | 11276 | 2C0C |
| French (Canada) | 3084 | C0C |
| French (Congo (DRC)) | 9228 | 240C |
| French (Cote d'Ivoire) | 12300 | 300C |
| French (France) | 1036 | 40C |
| French (Haiti) | 15372 | 3C0C |
| French (Luxembourg) | 5132 | 140C |
| French (Mali) | 13324 | 340C |
| French (Monaco) | 6156 | 180C |
| French (Morocco) | 14348 | 380C |
| French (Reunion) | 8204 | 200C |
| French (Senegal) | 10252 | 280C |
| French (Switzerland) | 4108 | 100C |
| French (West Indies) | 7180 | 1C0C |
| Frisian (Netherlands) | 1122 | 462 |
| Fulfulde | 1127 | 467 |
| FYRO Macedonian | 1071 | 42F |
| Gaelic (Ireland) | 2108 | 83C |
| Gaelic (Scotland) | 1084 | 43C |
| Galician | 1110 | 456 |
| Georgian | 1079 | 437 |
| German (Austria) | 3079 | C07 |
| German (Germany) | 1031 | 407 |
| German (Liechtenstein) | 5127 | 1407 |
| German (Luxembourg) | 4103 | 1007 |
| German (Switzerland) | 2055 | 807 |
| Greek | 1032 | 408 |
| Guarani | 1140 | 474 |
| Gujarati | 1095 | 447 |
| Hausa | 1128 | 468 |
| Hawaiian | 1141 | 475 |
| Hebrew | 1037 | 40D |
| Hindi | 1081 | 439 |
| Hungarian | 1038 | 40E |
| Ibibio | 1129 | 469 |
| Icelandic | 1039 | 40F |
| Igbo | 1136 | 470 |
| Indonesian | 1057 | 421 |
| Inuktitut | 1117 | 45D |
| Italian (Italy) | 1040 | 410 |
| Italian (Switzerland) | 2064 | 810 |
| Japanese | 1041 | 411 |

| Language | ID (decimal) | ID (hex) |
|---------------------------|--------------|----------|
| Kannada | 1099 | 44B |
| Kanuri | 1137 | 471 |
| Kashmiri | 2144 | 860 |
| Kashmiri (Arabic) | 1120 | 460 |
| Kazakh | 1087 | 43F |
| Khmer | 1107 | 453 |
| Konkani | 1111 | 457 |
| Korean | 1042 | 412 |
| Kyrgyz | 1088 | 440 |
| Lao | 1108 | 454 |
| Latin | 1142 | 476 |
| Latvian | 1062 | 426 |
| Lithuanian | 1063 | 427 |
| Malay | 1086 | 43E |
| Malay (Brunei Darussalam) | 2110 | 83E |
| Malayalam | 1100 | 44C |
| Maltese | 1082 | 43A |
| Manipuri | 1112 | 458 |
| Maori | 1153 | 481 |
| Marathi | 1102 | 44E |
| Mongolian | 1104 | 450 |
| Mongolian (Mongolian) | 2128 | 850 |
| Nepali | 1121 | 461 |
| Nepali (India) | 2145 | 861 |
| Norwegian (Bokmål) | 1044 | 414 |
| Norwegian (Nynorsk) | 2068 | 814 |
| Oriya | 1096 | 448 |
| Oromo | 1138 | 472 |
| Papiamentu | 1145 | 479 |
| Pashto | 1123 | 463 |
| Polish | 1045 | 415 |
| Portuguese (Brazil) | 1046 | 416 |
| Portuguese (Portugal) | 2070 | 816 |
| Punjabi | 1094 | 446 |
| Punjabi (Pakistan) | 2118 | 846 |
| Quechua (Bolivia) | 1131 | 46B |
| Quechua (Ecuador) | 2155 | 86B |
| Quechua (Peru) | 3179 | C6B |
| Rhaeto-Romanic | 1047 | 417 |
| Romanian (Moldova) | 2072 | 818 |
| Romanian (Romania) | 1048 | 418 |
| Russian (Moldova) | 2073 | 819 |
| Russian (Russia) | 1049 | 419 |
| Sami (Lappish) | 1083 | 43B |

| Lanaura | ID (desimel) | ID (have) |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------|
| Language Sanskrit | ID (decimal) 1103 | ID (hex) 44F |
| | 1132 | 44F 46C |
| Sepedi Serbian (Cyrillic) | 3098 | C1A |
| Serbian (Latin) | 2074 | 81A |
| Sindhi (Arabic) | 2137 | 859 |
| Sindhi (Devanagari) | 1113 | 459 |
| Sinhalese | 1115 | 45B |
| Slovak | 1051 | 43B |
| Slovenian | 1060 | 424 |
| Somali | 1143 | 477 |
| Sorbian | 1070 | 42E |
| Spanish (Argentina) | 11274 | 2C0A |
| Spanish (Bolivia) | 16394 | 400A |
| Spanish (Chile) | 13322 | 340A |
| Spanish (Colombia) | 9226 | 240A |
| Spanish (Costa Rica) | 5130 | 140A |
| Spanish (Dominican Republic) | 7178 | 1C0A |
| Spanish (Ecuador) | 12298 | 300A |
| Spanish (El Salvador) | 17418 | 440A |
| Spanish (Guatemala) | 4106 | 100A |
| Spanish (Honduras) | 18442 | 480A |
| Spanish (Mexico) | 2058 | 80A |
| Spanish (Nicaragua) | 19466 | 4C0A |
| Spanish (Panama) | 6154 | 180A |
| Spanish (Paraguay) | 15370 | 3C0A |
| Spanish (Peru) | 10250 | 280A |
| Spanish (Puerto Rico) | 20490 | 500A |
| Spanish (Spain-Modern Sort) | 3082 | C0A |
| Spanish (Spain-Traditional Sort) | 1034 | 40A |
| Spanish (Uruguay) | 14346 | 380A |
| Spanish (Venezuela) | 8202 | 200A |
| Sutu | 1072 | 430 |
| Swahili | 1089 | 441 |
| Swedish (Finland) | 2077 | 81D |
| Swedish (Sweden) | 1053 | 41D |
| Syriac | 1114 | 45A |
| Tajik | 1064 | 428 |
| Tamazight | 1119 | 45F |
| Tamazight (Latin) | 2143 | 85F |
| Tamil | 1097 | 449 |
| Tatar | 1092 | 444 |
| Telugu | 1098 | 44A |
| Thai | 1054 | 41E |
| Tibetan (Bhutan) | 2129 | 851 |
| | | |

| Language | ID (decimal) | ID (hex) |
|---------------------|--------------|----------|
| Tibetan (PRC) | 1105 | 451 |
| Tigrigna (Eritrea) | 2163 | 873 |
| Tigrigna (Ethiopia) | 1139 | 473 |
| Tsonga | 1073 | 431 |
| Tswana | 1074 | 432 |
| Turkish | 1055 | 41F |
| Turkmen | 1090 | 442 |
| Ukrainian | 1058 | 422 |
| Urdu | 1056 | 420 |
| Uzbek (Cyrillic) | 2115 | 843 |
| Uzbek (Latin) | 1091 | 443 |
| Venda | 1075 | 433 |
| Vietnamese | 1066 | 42A |
| Welsh | 1106 | 452 |
| Xhosa | 1076 | 434 |
| Yi | 1144 | 478 |
| Yiddish | 1085 | 43D |
| Yoruba | 1130 | 46A |
| Zulu | 1077 | 435 |
| | | |

Character Property Exceptions (CHPX)

The CHPX is stored within Character FKPs and within the STSH in STDs for paragraph style and character style entries.

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------|--------------------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | cb | byte | | | Count of bytes of following data in CHPX |
| 1 | 1 | grpprl | character array | | | A list of the sprms that encode the differences between CHP for a run of text and the CHP generated by the paragraph and character styles that tag the run. |

Date and Time (internal date format) (DTTM)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------|-------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | mint | short | :6 | 003F | minutes (0-59) |
| | | hr | short | :5 | 07C0 | hours (0-23) |
| | | dom | short | :5 | F800 | days of month (1-31) |
| 2 | 2 | mon | short | :4 | 000F | months (1-12) |
| | | уr | short | :9 | 1FF0 | years (1900-2411)-1900 |
| | | wdy | short | :3 | E000 | weekday Sunday=0 Monday=1 Tuesday=2 Wednesday=3 Thursday=4 Friday=5 Saturday=6 |

cbDTTM (count of bytes of DTTM) is 4.

Drop Cap Specifier(DCS)

| | | | | | | Default | |
|------------------------|-----------------|-------|-------|------|----------|---------|---|
| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | value | Comment |
| 0 | 0 | fdct | short | :3 | 0007 | 0 | Drop cap type 0 no drop cap 1 normal drop cap 2 drop cap in margin |
| | | | short | :5 | 00F8 | 0 | Count of lines to drop |
| 1 | 1 | | short | :8 | | | Reserved |

cbDCS (count of bytes of DCS) is 2.

Document Properties (DOP)

Each version of Word, the DOP gets a little bit larger. Shown below are four different versions of the DOP: for nFib values < 103, for nFib values between 103 and 105, for nFib values greater than 105 and less than 217, and for nFib values greater than or equal to 217. Word 97 and later versions write files with nFib>105. Word 6.0 for the Macintosh writes files with nFib==103 or nFib==104. The compatibility options (copts) section was grown (to add more compatibility options in the Tools/Options/Compatibility dialog) and copied to the end of the DOP, so for files with nFib>=103, the first copts section should be ignored (and the analogous fields in the new copts section used instead), whereas files with nFib<103 will have DOP's without the new copts section. See below for the addition.

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Default value | comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------|------|----------|------------------|---|
| 0 | 0 | fFacingPages | short | :1 | 0001 | 0 | 1 when facing pages should be printed |
| | | fWidowControl | short | :1 | 0002 | 1 | 1 when widow control is in effect; 0 when widow control disabled |
| | | fPMHMainDoc | short | :1 | 0004 | 0 | 1 when doc is a main doc for Print Merge Helper, 0 when not; default=0 |
| | | grfSuppression | short | :2 | 0018 | 0 | Default line suppression storage; 0= form letter line suppression; 1= no line suppression; default=0. No longer used. |
| | | Fpc | short | :2 | 0060 | 1 | Footnote position code 0 print as endnotes 1 print at bottom of page 2 print immediately beneath text |
| | | | short | :1 | 0800 | 0 | Unused |
| 1 | 1 | grpfIhdt | short | :8 | FF00 | 0 | No longer used. |
| 2 | 2 | rncFtn | short | :2 | 0003 | 0 | Restart index for footnotes 0 don't restart note numbering 1 restart for each section 2 restart for each page |
| | | nFtn | short | :14 | FFFC | 1 | Initial footnote number for document |
| 4 | 4 | fOutlineDirtySa ve | short | :1 | 0001 | | When 1, indicates that information in the hplcpad should be refreshed since outline has been dirtied |
| | | | short | :7 | 00FE | | Reserved |
| 5 | 5 | fOnlyMacPics | short | :1 | 0100 | | When 1, Word believes all pictures recorded in the document were created on a Macintosh |
| | | fOnlyWinPics | short | :1 | 0200 | | When 1, Word believes all pictures recorded in the document were created in Windows |
| | | fLabelDoc | short | :1 | 0400 | | When 1, document was created as a print merge labels document |

| b 10 | b 16 | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Default value | comment |
|-------------|-------------|----------------------------|-------|------|----------|------------------|--|
| | | fHyphCapitals | short | :1 | 0800 | | When 1, Word is allowed to hyphenate words that are capitalized. When 0, capitalized may not be hyphenated |
| | | fAutoHyphen | short | :1 | 1000 | | When 1, Word will hyphenate newly typed text as a background task |
| | | fFormNoFields | short | :1 | 2000 | | |
| | | fLinkStyles | short | :1 | 4000 | | When 1, Word will merge styles from its template |
| | | fRevMarking | short | :1 | 8000 | | When 1, Word will mark revisions as the document is edited |
| 6 | 6 | fBackup | short | :1 | 0001 | | When 1, always make backup when document saved |
| | | fExactCWords | short | :1 | 0002 | | When 1, the results of the last Word Count execution (as recorded in several DOP fields) are still exactly correct |
| | | fPagHidden | short | :1 | 0004 | | When 1, hidden document contents are displayed |
| | | fPagResults | short | :1 | 8000 | | When 1, field results are displayed, when 0 field codes are displayed |
| | | fLockAtn | short | :1 | 0010 | | When 1, annotations are locked for editing |
| | | fMirrorMargins | short | :1 | 0020 | | When 1, swap margins on left/right pages |
| | | | short | :1 | | | Reserved |
| | | fDfltTrueType | short | :1 | 0080 | | When 1, use TrueType fonts by default (flag obeyed only when doc was created by WinWord 2.x) |
| 7 | 7 | fPagSuppressTop Spacing | short | :1 | 0100 | | When 1, file created with SUPPRESSTOPSPACING=YES in WIN.INI. (flag obeyed only when doc was created by WinWord 2.x). |
| | | fProtEnabled | short | :1 | 0200 | | When 1, document is protected from edit operations |
| | | fDispFormFldSel | short | :1 | 0400 | | When 1, restrict selections to occur only within form fields |
| | | fRMView | short | :1 | 0800 | | When 1, show revision markings on screen |
| | | fRMPrint | short | :1 | 1000 | | When 1, print revision marks when document is printed |
| | | | short | :1 | | | Reserved |

| | _ | | _ | | | Default | |
|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|------|----------|-----------|--|
| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | value | comment |
| | | fLockRev | short | :1 | 4000 | | When 1, the current revision marking state is locked |
| | | fEmbedFonts | short | :1 | 8000 | | When 1, document contains embedded TrueType fonts |
| 8 | 8 | fNoTabForInd | short | :1 | 0001 | | Compatibility option: when 1, don't add automatic tab stops for hanging indent |
| | | fNoSpaceRaiseLo wer | | :1 | 0002 | | Compatibility option: when 1, don't add extra space for raised or lowered characters |
| | | fSuppressSpbfAf terPageBreak: | | :1 | 0004 | | Compatibility option: when 1, suppress the paragraph Space Before and Space After options after a page break |
| | | fWrapTrailSpace s | | :1 | 0008 | | Compatibility option: when 1, wrap trailing spaces at the end of a line to the next line |
| | | fMapPrintTextCo lor | | :1 | 0010 | | Compatibility option: when 1, print colors as black on non-color printers |
| | | fNoColumnBalanc e | | :1 | 0020 | | Compatibility option: when 1, don't balance columns for Continuous Section starts |
| | | fConvMailMergeE sc | | :1 | 0040 | | |
| | | fSupressTopSpac ing | | :1 | 0800 | | Compatibility option: when 1, suppress extra line spacing at top of page |
| | | fOrigWordTableR ules | | :1 | 0100 | | Compatibility option: when 1, combine table borders like Word 5.x for the Macintosh |
| | | fTransparentMet afiles | | :1 | 0200 | | Compatibility option: when 1, don't blank area between metafile pictures |
| | | fShowBreaksInFr ames | | :1 | 0400 | | Compatibility option: when 1, show hard page or column breaks in frames |
| | | fSwapBordersFac ingPgs | | :1 | 0800 | | Compatibility option: when 1, swap left and right pages on odd facing pages |
| | | | | | F000 | | Reserved |
| 10 | Α | dxaTab | uns short | | | 720 twips | Default tab width |
| 12 | С | wSpare | uns short | | | | Reserved |
| 14 | E | dxaHotZ | uns short | | | | Width of hyphenation hot zone measured in twips |
| 16 | 10 | cConsecHypLim | uns short | | | | Number of lines allowed to have consecutive hyphens |

| | | | | | | Default | |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------------|--------------|------|----------|---------|--|
| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | value | comment |
| 18 | 12 | wSpare2 | uns short | | | | Reserved |
| 20 | 14 | dttmCreated | DTTM | | | | Date and time document was created |
| 24 | 18 | dttmRevised | DTTM | | | | Date and time document was last revised |
| 28 | 1C | dttmLastPrint | DTTM | | | | Date and time document was last printed |
| 32 | 20 | nRevision | int | | | | Number of times document has been revised since its creation |
| 34 | 22 | tmEdited | long | | | | Time document was last edited |
| 38 | 26 | cWords | long | | | | Count of words tallied by last Word Count execution |
| 42 | 2A | cCh | long | | | | Count of characters tallied by last Word Count execution |
| 46 | 2E | сРд | int | | | | Count of pages tallied by last Word Count execution |
| 48 | 30 | cParas | long | | | | Count of paragraphs tallied by last Word Count execution |
| 52 | 34 | rncEdn | short | :2 | 0003 | | Restart endnote number code 0 don't restart endnote numbering 1 restart for each section 2 restart for each page |
| | | nEdn | short | :14 | FFFC | | Beginning endnote number |
| 54 | 36 | Epc | short | :2 | 0003 | | Endnote position code 0 display endnotes at end of section 3 display endnotes at end of document |
| | | nfcFtnRef | short | :4 | 003C | | Number format code for auto footnotes. Use the Number Format Table below. |
| | | | | | | | Note: only the first 16 values in the table can be used. |
| | | nfcEdnRef | short | :4 | 03C0 | | Number format code for auto endnotes. Use the Number Format Table below. |
| | | | | | | | Note: only the first 16 values in the table can be used. |
| | | fPrintFormData | short | :1 | 0400 | | Only print data inside of form fields |
| | | fSaveFormData | short | :1 | 0800 | | Only save document data that is inside of a form field |
| | | fShadeFormData | short | :1 | 1000 | | Shade form fields |
| | | | | :2 | 6000 | | Reserved |

| b ₁₀ | b 16 | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Default value | comment |
|------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------|------|----------|------------------|---|
| | | fWCFtnEdn | short | :1 | 8000 | | When 1, include footnotes and endnotes in word count |
| 56 | 38 | cLines | long | | | | Count of lines tallied by last Word Count operation |
| 60 | 3C | cWordsFtnEnd | long | | | | Count of words in footnotes and endnotes tallied by last word count operation |
| 64 | 40 | cChFtnEdn | long | | | | Count of characters in footnotes and endnotes tallied by last word count operation |
| 68 | 44 | cPgFtnEdn | short | | | | Count of pages in footnotes and endnotes tallied by last word count operation |
| 70 | 46 | cParasFtnEdn | long | | | | Count of paragraphs in footnotes and endnotes tallied by last word count operation |
| 74 | 4A | cLinesFtnEdn | long | | | | Count of paragraphs in footnotes and endnotes tallied by last word count operation |
| 78 | 4E | lKeyProtDoc | long | | | | Document protection password key, only valid if dop.fProtEnabled, dop.fLockAtn Or dop.fLockRev is 1 |
| 82 | 52 | wvkSaved | short | :3 | 0007 | | Document view kind 0 Normal view 1 Outline view 2 Page View |
| | | wScaleSaved | short | :9 | 0FF8 | | Zoom percentage |
| | | zkSaved | short | :2 | 3000 | | Zoom type 0 None 1 Full page 2 Page width |
| | | fRotateFontW6 | short | :1 | 4000 | | This is a vertical document (Word 95 and Word 6.0 for Windows only) |
| | | iGutterPos | short | :1 | 8000 | | Gutter position for this doc: 0 => side; 1 => top |

In a file with nFib < 103—for example, documents created with Word 6.0 for Windows—the DOP would end here. This DOP would have a cbDOP of 84, and a cwDOP of 42.

Files with nFib >= 103, the compatibility options (copts) section at offset 8 was copied here and expanded. Options marked "(see above)" hold the same value that the same-named field in the old copts section above had in files with nFib < 103.

| b10 | b16 | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|-----|-----|----------------------------|-------------|------|----------|--|
| 84 | 54 | fNoTabForInd | uns long | :1 | 0000001 | (see above) |
| | | fNoSpaceRaiseLower | | :1 | 00000002 | (see above) |
| | | fSupressSpbfAfterPageBreak | | :1 | 00000004 | (see above) |
| | | fWrapTrailSpaces | | :1 | 80000000 | (see above) |
| | | fMapPrintTextColor | | :1 | 00000010 | (see above) |
| | | fNoColumnBalance | | :1 | 00000020 | (see above) |
| | | fConvMailMergeEsc | | :1 | 00000040 | (see above) |
| | | fSupressTopSpacing | | :1 | 08000000 | (see above) |
| | | fOrigWordTableRules | | :1 | 00000100 | (see above) |
| | | fTransparentMetafiles | | :1 | 00000200 | (see above) |
| | | fShowBreaksInFrames | | :1 | 00000400 | (see above) |
| | | fSwapBordersFacingPgs | | :1 | 0080000 | (see above) |
| | | | | :4 | 0000F000 | (reserved) |
| | | fSuppressTopSpacingMac5 | | :1 | 00010000 | Suppress extra line spacing at top of page like Word 5.x for the Macintosh |
| | | fTruncDxaExpand | | :1 | 00020000 | Expand/Condense by whole number of points |
| | | fPrintBodyBeforeHdr | | :1 | 00040000 | Print body text before header/footer |
| | | fNoLeading | | :1 | 00080000 | Don't add leading (extra space) between rows of text |
| | | | | :1 | 00100000 | (reserved) |
| | | fMWSmallCaps | | :1 | 00200000 | Use larger small caps like Word 5.x for the Macintosh |
| | | | | :10 | FFC00000 | (reserved) |

For this expanded DOP, cbDOP=88 and cwDOP=44.

For files with nFib=106 (Word 97), the DOP has a number of additional fields:

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|------|----------|--|
| 88 | 58 | adt | short | | | Autoformat document type: 0 for normal. 1 for letter, and 2 for email. |
| 90 | 5A | doptypography | DOPTYPOGRAPHY | | | See DOPTYPOGRAPHY |
| 400 | 190 | dogrid | DOGRID | | | See DOGRID |
| 410 | 19A | reserved | short | :1 | 0001 | Always set to zero when writing files |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------|------|----------|--|
| | | lvl | short | :4 | 001E | Which outline levels are showing in outline view (0 => heading 1 only, 4 => headings 1 through 5, 9 => all levels showing) |
| | | fGramAllDone | short | :1 | 0020 | Document has been completely grammar checked |
| | | fGramAllClean | short | :1 | 0040 | No grammar errors exist in document |
| | | fSubsetFonts | short | :1 | 0800 | If you are doing font embedding, you should only embed the characters in the font that are used in the document |
| | | fHideLastVersion | short | :1 | 0100 | Hide the version created for auto version |
| | | fHtmlDoc | short | :1 | 0200 | This file is based upon an HTML file |
| | | reserved | short | :1 | 0400 | Always set to zero when writing files |
| | | fSnapBorder | short | :1 | 0800 | Snap table and page borders to page border |
| | | fIncludeHeader | short | :1 | 1000 | Place header inside page border |
| | | fIncludeFooter | short | :1 | 2000 | Place footer inside page border |
| | | fForcePageSizePag | short | :1 | 4000 | Are we in online view |
| | | fMinFontSizePag | short | :1 | 8000 | Are we auto-promoting fonts to >= hpsZoonFontPag? |
| 412 | 19C | fHaveVersions | short | :1 | 0001 | Versioning is turned on |
| | | fAutoVersion | short | :1 | 0002 | Auto versioning is enabled |
| | | reserved | short | :14 | FFFC | Always set to zero when writing files |
| 414 | 19E | asumyi | ASUMYI | | | Auto summary info |
| 426 | 1AA | cChWS | long | | | Count of characters with spaces |
| 430 | 1AE | cChWSFtnEdn | long | | | Count of characters with spaces in footnotes and endnotes |
| 434 | 1B2 | grfDocEvents | long | | | |
| 438 | 1B6 | fVirusPrompted | long | :1 | 0001 | Have we prompted for virus protection on this document? |
| | | fVirusLoadSafe | long | :1 | 0002 | If prompted, load safely for this document? |
| | | KeyVirusSession30 | long | :30 | FFFC | Random session key to sign above bits for a Word session |
| 442 | 1BA | Spare | 30 bytes | | | Spare |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------------|-------|------|----------|---|
| 472 | 1D8 | reserved | long | | | Always set to zero when writing files |
| 476 | 1DC | reserved | long | | | Always set to zero when writing files |
| 480 | 1E0 | cDBC | long | | | Count of double byte characters |
| 484 | 1E4 | cDBCFtnEdn | long | | | Count of double byte characters in footnotes and endnotes |
| 488 | 1E8 | reserved | long | | | Always set to zero when writing files |
| 492 | 1EC | nfcFtnRef | short | | | Number format code for auto footnote references (use the Number Format Table below) |
| 494 | 1EE | nfcEdnRef | short | | | Number format code for auto endnote references (use the Number Format Table below) |
| 496 | 1F0 | hpsZoonFontPag | short | | | Minimum font size if fMinFontSizePag is true |
| 498 | 1F2 | dywDispPag | short | | | Height of the window in online view during last repagination |

For this expanded DOP, cbDOP=88 and cwDOP=44.

For files with nFib>217 (Word 2000, 2002, and 2003) the following was added:

| b ₁₀ | b_{16} | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|----------|--------------------------|--------------|------|----------|---|
| 500 | 1F4 | ilvlLastBulletMain | uchar | 1 | | Used internally by Word |
| 501 | 1F5 | ilvlLastNumberMain | uchar | 1 | | Used internally by Word |
| 502 | 1F6 | istdClickTypePara | ushort | 2 | | Default paragraph style for click and type |
| 504 | 1F8 | fLADAllDone | uns short | :1 | 0000001 | When set to 1, language of all text in doc has been auto-detected |
| 504 | 1F8 | fEnvelopeVis | uns short | :1 | 00000002 | When set to 1, envelope is visible. |
| 504 | 1F8 | fMaybeTentativeListInDoc | uns short | :1 | 00000004 | When set to 1, doc may have a tentative list in it |
| 504 | 1F8 | fMaybeFitText | uns short | :1 | 00000006 | When set to 1, doc may have fit text |
| 504 | 1F8 | Empty | uns short | :5 | 000001F2 | Web options begin. |
| 504 | 1F8 | fRelyOnCSS_WebOpt | uns short | :1 | 00000200 | When set to 1, rely on CSS for formatting |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|------|----------|--|
| 504 | 1F8 | fRelyOnVML_WebOpt | uns short | :1 | 00000400 | When set to 1, Rely on VML for displaying graphics in browsers |
| 504 | 1F8 | fAllowPNG_WebOpt | uns short | :1 | 00800000 | When set to 1, allow PNG as an output format for graphics |
| 504 | 1F8 | screenSize_WebOpt | uns short | :4 | 0000F000 | Target monitor screen size |
| 506 | 1FA | fOrganizeInFolder_WebOpt | uns short | :1 | 00000001 | When set to 1, organize supporting files in a folder |
| 506 | 1FA | fUseLongFileNames_WebOpt | uns short | :1 | 00000002 | Use long file names for supporting files |
| 506 | 1FA | iPixelsPerInch_WebOpt | uns short | :10 | 00000FFC | Target monitor resolution in pixels per inch |
| 506 | 1FA | fWebOptionsInit | uns short | :1 | 00001000 | When set to 1, the web options have been filled in |
| 506 | 1FA | fMaybeFEL | uns short | :1 | 00002000 | When set to 1, the document may have East Asian layouts |
| 506 | 1FA | fCharLineUnits | uns short | :1 | 00004000 | When set to 1, there may be character unit indents or line unit |
| 506 | 1FA | fMaybeRTLTables | uns short | :1 | 0008000 | When set to 1, there may be RTL Tables in this document |
| 508 | 1FC | fNoTabForInd | uns long | :1 | 0000001 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, don't add automatic tab stop for hanging indent |
| | | fNoSpaceRaiseLower | uns long | :1 | 00000002 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, don't add extra space for raised/lowered characters |
| | | fSuppressSpBfAfterPgBrk | uns long | :1 | 00000004 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, suppress Space Before after a hard page or column break |
| | | fWrapTrailSpaces | uns long | :1 | 0000008 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, wrap trailing spaces to the next line |
| | | fMapPrintTextColor | uns long | :1 | 0000010 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, print colors as black on non-color printer |
| | | fNoColumnBalance | uns long | :1 | 00000020 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, don't balance columns for continuous section starts |
| | | fConvMailMergeEsc | uns long | :1 | 00000040 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, treat \" as "" in mail merge data sources |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|------|----------|---|
| | | fSuppressTopSpacing | uns long | :1 | 00000080 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, suppress extra line spacing at top of page. |
| | | fOrigWordTableRules | uns long | :1 | 00000100 | Compatibility option: compatibility option: when 1, combine table borders like Word 5.x for the Macintosh |
| | | fTransparentMetafiles | uns long | :1 | 00000200 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, don't blank the area behind metafile pictures |
| | | fShowBreaksInFrames | uns long | :1 | 00000400 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, show hard page or column breaks in frames |
| | | fSwapBordersFacingPgs | uns long | :1 | 00000800 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, swap left and right borders n odd facing pages |
| | | fLeaveBackslashAlone | uns long | :1 | 00001000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, do not convert backslash characters into yen signs |
| | | fExpShRtn | uns long | :1 | 00002000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, expand character spaces on the line ending SHIFT+RETURN |
| | | fDntULTrlSpc | uns long | :1 | 00004000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, don't underline trailing spaces |
| | | fDntBlnSbDbWid | uns long | :1 | 0008000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, don't balance SBCS and DBCS characters |
| | | fSuppressTopSpacingMac5 | uns long | :1 | 00010000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, suppress extra line spacing at the top of the page like Word 5.x for the Macintosh |
| | | fTruncDxaExpand | uns long | :1 | 00020000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, expand/condense by whole number of points |
| | | fPrintBodyBeforeHdr | uns long | :1 | 00040000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, print body text before header/footer |
| | | fNoExtLeading | uns long | :1 | 00080000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, don't add leading space between rows of text |
| | | fMakeSpaceForUL | uns long | :1 | 00100000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, add space for underlines. |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|------|----------|--|
| | | fMWSmallCaps | uns long | :1 | 00200000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, use larger small caps like Word 5.x for the Macintosh |
| | | f2ptExtLeadingOnly | uns long | :1 | 00400000 | Compatibility option: suppress extra line spacing like WordPerfect |
| | | fTruncFontHeight | uns long | :1 | 00800000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, truncate font height |
| | | fSubOnSize | uns long | :1 | 01000000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, substitute fonts based on size. |
| | | fLineWrapLikeWord6 | uns long | :1 | 02000000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, lines wrap like Word 6.0 |
| | | fWW6BorderRules | uns long | :1 | 04000000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, use Word 6.0/95/97 border rules. |
| | | fExactOnTop | uns long | :1 | 08000000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, don't center "exact line height" lines |
| | | fExtraAfter | uns long | :1 | 10000000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, suppress extra line spacing at bottom of page |
| | | fWPSpace | uns long | :1 | 20000000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, set the width of a space like WordPerfect 5 |
| | | fWPJust | uns long | :1 | 40000000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, do full justification like WordPerfect 6.x |
| | | fPrintMet | uns long | :1 | 80000000 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, use printer metrics to lay out the document |
| 512 | 200 | fSpLayoutLikeWW8 | uns long | :1 | 0000001 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, lay AutoShapes like Word 97 |
| | | fFtnLayoutLikeWW8 | uns long | :1 | 00000002 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, lay footnotes like Word 6.x/95/97. |
| | | fDontUseHTMLParagraphAutoSpacing | uns long | :1 | 0000004 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, don't use HTML paragraph auto spacing |
| | | fDontAdjustLineHeightInTable | uns long | :1 | 0000008 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, don't adjust line height in tables |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|------|----------|--|
| | | fForgetLastTabAlign | uns long | :1 | 00000010 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, forget last tab alignment |
| | | fUseAutospaceForFullWidthAlpha | uns long | :1 | 00000020 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, use auto space like Word 95 |
| | | fAlignTablesRowByRow | uns long | :1 | 00000040 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, align table rows independently |
| | | fLayoutRawTableWidth | uns long | :1 | 00000080 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, lay out tables with raw width |
| | | fLayoutTableRowsApart | uns long | :1 | 00000100 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, allow table rows to lay out apart |
| | | fUseWord97LineBreakingRules | uns long | :1 | 00000200 | Compatibility option: when set to 1, use Word 97 line breaking rules for East Asian text |
| | | fDontBreakWrappedTables | uns long | :1 | 00000400 | Compatibility option: Do not break wrapped tables across pages. |
| | | fDontSnapToGridInCell | uns long | :1 | 00000800 | Compatibility option: Do not snap text to grid while in a table with inline objects. |
| | | fDontAllowFieldEndSelect | uns long | :1 | 00001000 | Compatibility option: Select the entire field with the first or last character |
| | | fApplyBreakingRules | uns long | :1 | 00002000 | Compatibility option: Apply breaking rules |
| | | fDontWrapTextWithPunct | uns long | :1 | 00004000 | Compatibility option: Do not allow hanging punctuation with character grid |
| | | fDontUseAsianBreakRules | uns long | :1 | 0008000 | Compatibility option: Do not use Asian break rules for line breaks with character grid. |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------|------|----------|--|
| | | fUseWord2002TableStyleRules | uns long | :1 | 00010000 | Compatibility option: Use the Word 2002 table style rules. Word 2002 places the top border of a column under the heading row, rather than above it as Word 2003 does. |
| | | | | | | Word 2003 applies the top border of a column in a more intuitive place when there is a header row in the table. This new behavior also fixes an issue with shading not displaying correctly for cells using conditional formatting. |
| | | fGrowAutofit | uns long | :1 | 00020000 | Compatibility option: Allow tables set to "autofit to contents" to extend into the margins when in Print Layout. |
| | | | | | | Word 2003 does not allow this by default. |
| | | empty | uns long | :14 | FFFC0000 | Not used |
| 516 | 204 | empty | uns long | :32 | | Not used |
| 520 | 208 | empty | uns long | :32 | | Not used |
| 524 | 20C | empty | uns long | :32 | | Not used |
| 528 | 210 | empty | uns long | :32 | | Not used |
| 532 | 214 | empty | uns long | :32 | | Not used |
| 536 | 218 | empty | uns long | :31 | | Not used |
| | | private | uns long | :1 | | Not used |
| 540 | 21C | verCompatPreW10 | uns long | :16 | 0000FFFF | HTML I/O compatibility level |
| | | fNoMargPgvwSaved | uns long | :1 | 00010000 | Page view option |
| | | fNoMargPgvwPag | uns long | :1 | 00020000 | Page view option |
| | | fWebViewPag | uns long | :1 | 00040000 | Web View option |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|------|----------|---|
| | | fSeeDrawingsPag | uns long | :1 | 00080000 | |
| | | fBulletProofed | uns long | :1 | 00100000 | this doc was produced by the document BulletProofer |
| | | fCorrupted | uns long | :1 | 00200000 | this doc was doctored by the Document Corrupter |
| | | fSaveUim | uns long | :1 | 00400000 | Save option: Embed linguistic in the doc |
| | | fFilterPrivacy | uns long | :1 | 00800000 | Save option: Remove personal information on save |
| | | fInFReplaceNoRM | uns long | :1 | 01000000 | we are under FReplace (and not just FReplaceRM) |
| | | fSeenRepairs | uns long | :1 | 02000000 | The user has seen the repairs made to the document |
| | | fHasXML | uns long | :1 | 04000000 | XML: The document has XML |
| | | fSeeScriptAnchorsPag | uns long | :1 | 08000000 | |
| | | fValidateXML | uns long | :1 | 10000000 | XML option: Validate XML on save |
| | | fSaveIfInvalidXML | uns long | :1 | 20000000 | XML option: Save the document even if the XML is invalid |
| | | fShowXMLErrors | uns long | :1 | 40000000 | XML option: Show any errors in the XML |
| | | fAlwaysMergeEmptyNamespace | uns long | :1 | 80000000 | we imported an XML file that had no namespace, so we have elements with no namespace and no schema |
| 544 | 220 | cpMaxListCacheMainDoc | CP (long) | | | |
| 548 | 224 | fDoNotEmbedSystemFont | uns short | :1 | 0001 | Do not embed system fonts in this document |
| | | fWordCompat | uns short | :1 | 0002 | see fWord97Compat |
| | | fLiveRecover | uns short | :1 | 0004 | |
| | | fEmbedFactoids | uns short | :1 | 0008 | Embed smart tags in the document |
| | | fFactoidXML | uns short | :1 | 0010 | Save smart tags as XML properties |
| | | fFactoidAllDone | uns short | :1 | 0020 | Done processing smart tags |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------|----------|--|
| | | fFolioPrint | uns short | :1 | 0040 | Print option: Book fold |
| | | fReverseFolio | uns short | :1 | 0800 | Print option: Reverse book fold |
| | | iTextLineEnding | uns short | :3 | 0700 | |
| | | fHideFcc | uns short | :1 | 0800 | Do not keep track of formatting |
| | | fAcetateShowMarkup | uns short | :1 | 1000 | Track changes: show markup |
| | | fAcetateShowAtn | uns short | :1 | 2000 | Track changes: show annotations |
| | | fAcetateShowInsDel | uns short | :1 | 4000 | Track changes: show insertions and deletions |
| | | fAcetateShowProps | uns short | :1 | 8000 | Track changes: show formatting |
| 550 | 226 | istdTableDflt | uns long | :16 | | Default table style for the document |
| | | verCompat | Uns long | :16 | | Internal: Version compatibility for save |
| 554 | 22A | grfFmtFilter | Uns short | | | Internal: filter state for the Styles and Formatting Pane. |
| 556 | 22C | iFolioPages | short | | | Book fold printing: sheets per booklet |
| 558 | 22E | cpgText | CPG (Uns short) | | | |
| 560 | 230 | cpMinRMText | CP (long) | | | Revision mark CP info |
| 564 | 234 | cpMinRMFtn | CP (long) | | | Revision mark CP info |
| 568 | 238 | cpMinRMHdd | CP (long) | | | Revision mark CP info |
| 572 | 23C | cpMinRMAtn | CP (long) | | | Revision mark CP info |
| 576 | 240 | cpMinRMEdn | CP (long) | | | Revision mark CP info |
| 580 | 244 | cpMinRMTxbx | CP (long) | | | Revision mark CP info |
| 584 | 248 | cpMinRMHdrTxbx | CP (long) | | | Revision mark CP info |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|------|----------|--|
| 588 | 24C | rsidRoot | RSID | | | |
| 592 | 250 | fTreatLockAtnAsReadOnly | uns long | :1 | 0000001 | Document Protection: Treat lock for annotations as Read Only |
| | | fStyleLock | uns long | :1 | 00000002 | Document Protection: Style lockdown is turned on |
| | | fAutoFmtOverride | uns long | :1 | 00000004 | Document Protection: Allow AutoFormat to override style lockdown |
| | | fRemoveWordML | uns long | :1 | 00000008 | XML Option: Remove Word XML when saving; save only non-Word XML data. |
| | | fApplyCustomXForm | uns long | :1 | 00000010 | XML Option: Apply custom transform on Save |
| | | fStyleLockEnforced | uns long | :1 | 00000020 | Document Protection: Style lockdown is enforced |
| | | fFakeLockAtn | uns long | :1 | 00000040 | Document Protection: Simulate locked for annotations in older version when a document has style protection |
| | | fIgnoreMixedContent | uns long | :1 | 08000000 | XML Option: Ignore mixed content |
| | | fShowPlaceholderText | uns long | :1 | 00000100 | XML Option: Show placeholder text for all empty XML elements |
| | | grf | uns long | :23 | FFFFFE00 | |
| 596 | 254 | fReadingModeInkLockDown | uns short | :1 | 0001 | Reading mode: ink lock down |
| | | fAcetateShowInkAtn | uns short | :1 | 0002 | Track changes: Show ink annotations |
| | | fFilterDttm | uns short | :1 | 0004 | Filter date and time |
| | | fEnforceDocProt | uns short | :1 | 8000 | Enforce document protection |
| | | iDocProtCur | uns | :3 | 0070 | Doc protection level: |
| | | | short | | | 0 Protect for track changes |
| | | | | | | 1 Comment protection |
| | | | | | | 2 Form protection |
| | | | | | | 3 Read Only |
| | | fDispBkSpSaved | uns short | :1 | 0800 | |

| b ₁₀ | b_{16} | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|----------|------------------|--------------|------|----------|--|
| | | fSpare | uns short | :8 | FF00 | Not used |
| 598 | 256 | dxaPageLock | XA | | | Reading Layout page size lockdown |
| 600 | 258 | dyaPageLock | YA | | | Reading Layout page size lockdown |
| 602 | 25A | pctFontLock | int | | | Reading Layout font lockdown |
| 606 | 25E | grfitbid | uchar | | | |
| 607 | 25F | | uchar | :8 | | Not used |
| 608 | 260 | ilfoMacAtCleanup | ushort | | | Number of LFOS when CleanupLists last attempted cleaning |

For this expanded DOP, the size is 610 bytes.

Summary of nFib values:

WinWord 1.0 = 33

WinWord 2.0 = 45

WinWord 6.0c for 16bit = 101

Word 6/32 bit = 104

Word 95 = 104

Word 97 = 193

Word 2000 = 217

Word 2002 = 257

Word 2003 = 268

Word 2007 = 274

Number Format Table

| nfc value | Numbering scheme |
|-----------|---|
| 0 | Arabic (1, 2, 3) |
| 1 | Uppercase Roman numeral (I, II, III) |
| 2 | Lowercase Roman numeral (i, ii, iii) |
| 3 | Uppercase letter (A, B, C) |
| 4 | Lowercase letter (a, b, c) |
| 5 | Ordinal number (1st, 2nd, 3rd) |
| 6 | Cardinal text number (One, Two Three) |
| 7 | Ordinal text number (First, Second, Third) |
| 10 | Kanji numbering without the digit character (dbnum1). |
| 11 | Kanji numbering with the digit character (dbnum2). |
| 12 | 46 phonetic Katakana characters in "aiueo" order (aiueo). |
| 13 | 46 phonetic katakana characters in "iroha" order (iroha). |
| 14 | Double Byte character |

| nfc value | Numbering scheme |
|-----------|--|
| 15 | Single Byte character |
| 16 | Kanji numbering 3 (dbnum3). |
| 17 | Kanji numbering 4 (dbnum4). |
| 18 | Circle numbering (circlenum). |
| 19 | Double-byte Arabic numbering |
| 20 | 46 phonetic double-byte Katakana characters (*aiueo*dbchar). |
| 21 | 46 phonetic double-byte katakana characters (*iroha*dbchar). |
| 22 | Arabic with leading zero (01, 02, 03,, 10, 11) |
| 23 | Bullet (no number at all) |
| 24 | Korean numbering 2 (ganada). |
| 25 | Korean numbering 1 (chosung). |
| 26 | Chinese numbering 1 (gb1). |
| 27 | Chinese numbering 2 (gb2). |
| 28 | Chinese numbering 3 (gb3). |
| 29 | Chinese numbering 4 (gb4). |
| 30 | Chinese Zodiac numbering 1 |
| 31 | Chinese Zodiac numbering 2 |
| 32 | Chinese Zodiac numbering 3 |
| 33 | Taiwanese double-byte numbering 1 |
| 34 | Taiwanese double-byte numbering 2 |
| 35 | Taiwanese double-byte numbering 3 |
| 36 | Taiwanese double-byte numbering 4 |
| 37 | Chinese double-byte numbering 1 |
| 38 | Chinese double-byte numbering 2 |
| 39 | Chinese double-byte numbering 3 |
| 40 | Chinese double-byte numbering 4 |
| 41 | Korean double-byte numbering 1 |
| 42 | Korean double-byte numbering 2 |
| 43 | Korean double-byte numbering 3 |
| 44 | Korean double-byte numbering 4 |
| 45 | Hebrew non-standard decimal |
| 46 | Arabic Alif Ba Tah |
| 47 | Hebrew Biblical standard |
| 48 | Arabic Abjad style |
| 49 | Hindi vowels |
| 50 | Hindi consonants |
| 51 | Hindi numbers |
| 52 | Hindi descriptive (cardinals) |
| 53 | Thai letters |
| 54 | Thai numbers |
| 55 | Thai descriptive (cardinals |
| 56 | Vietnamese descriptive (cardinals) |
| 57 | Page Number format - # - |
| 58 | Lower case Russian alphabet |
| | |

nfc value Numbering scheme

59 Upper case Russian alphabet

Drawing Object Grid (DOGRID)

The drawing object grid is East Asian only, and it sets up a grid in which East Asian characters are displayed (one character per grid square).

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | xaGrid | short | | | x-coordinate of the upper left-hand corner of the grid |
| 2 | 2 | yaGrid | short | | | y-coordinate of the upper left-hand corner of the grid |
| 4 | 4 | dxaGrid | short | | | Width of each grid square |
| 6 | 6 | dyaGrid | short | | | Height of each grid square |
| 8 | 8 | dyGridDisplay | short | :7 | 007F | The number of grid squares (in the y direction) between each gridline drawn on the screen. 0 means don't display any gridlines in the y direction. |
| | | fTurnItOff | short | :1 | 0800 | Suppress display of gridlines |
| | | dxGridDisplay | short | :7 | 7F00 | The number of grid squares (in the \times direction) between each gridline drawn on the screen. 0 means don't display any gridlines in the y direction. |
| | | fFollowMargin s | short | :1 | 8000 | If true, the grid will start at the left and top margins and ignore ${\tt xaGrid}$ and ${\tt yaGrid}$ |

cbDOGRID (count of bytes of DOGRID) is 10 bytes (decimal), A bytes (hex).

Document Typography Info (DOPTYPOGRAPHY)

These options are East Asian only, and are accessible through the Typography tab of the Tools/Options dialog.

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|-------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | fKerningPunct | short | :1 | 0000001 | True if we're kerning punctuation |
| | | iJustification | short | :2 | 00000006 | Kinsoku method of justification: 0 = always expand 1 = compress punctuation 2 = compress punctuation and kana |
| | | iLevelOfKinsoku | short | :2 | 00000018 | Level of Kinsoku: 0 = Level 1 1 = Level 2 2 = Custom |
| | | f2on1 | short | :1 | 00000020 | 2-page-on-1 feature is turned on |
| | | fOldDefineLineBasedOnGr id | short | :1 | 5F | Old East Asian feature |
| | | iCustomKsu | short | :3 | 380 | Custom Kinsoku |
| | | fJapaneseUseLevel2 | short | :1 | 400 | When set to 1, use strict (level 2) Kinsoku rules |
| | | reserved | short | :5 | F800 | Reserved |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|----------------|------|----------|---|
| 2 | 2 | cchFollowingPunct | short | | | Length of rgxchFPunct |
| 4 | 4 | cchLeadingPunct | short | | | Length of rgxchLPunct |
| 6 | 6 | rgxchFPunct | XCHAR [101] | | | Array of characters that should never appear at the start of a line |
| 20 8 | D0 | rgxchLPunct | XCHAR [51] | | | Array of characters that should never appear at the end of a line |

cbDOPTYPOGRAPHY (count of bytes of DOPTYPOGRAPHY) is 310 bytes (decimal), 136 (hex).

Field Descriptor (FLD)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------------|------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | ch | char | :5 | 1F | Type of field boundary the FLD describes: 19 field begin mark 20 field separator mark 21 field end mark |
| | | | char | :3 | E0 | Reserved |
| | | | | | | Variant used when fld.ch == 19 (field begin mark) |
| 1 | 1 | flt | char | | | Field type (see flt table below) |
| | | | | | | Variant used when fld.ch == 21 (field end mark) |
| 1 | 1 | fDiffer | char | :1 | 01 | Ignored for saved file |
| | | fZombieEmbed | char | :1 | 02 | ==1 when result still believes this field is an EMBED or LINK field |
| | | fResultDirty | char | :1 | 04 | ==1 when user has edited or formatted the result. $==0$ otherwise. |
| | | fResultEdited | char | :1 | 08 | ==1 when user has inserted text into or deleted text from the result |
| | | fLocked | char | :1 | 10 | ==1 when field is locked from recalculation |
| | | fPrivateResult | char | :1 | 20 | ==1 whenever the result of the field is never to be shown |
| | | fNested | char | :1 | 40 | ==1 when field is nested within another field |
| | | fHasSep | char | :1 | 80 | ==1 when field has a field separator |

| flt value | live/dead | Field type |
|-----------|-----------|--|
| 1 | | Unknown keyword |
| 2 | live | Possible bookmark (syntax matches bookmark name) |
| 3 | live | Bookmark reference |
| 4 | dead | Index entry |
| 5 | live | Footnote reference |
| 6 | live | Set command (for Print Merge) |
| 7 | live | If command (for Print Merge) |
| 8 | live | Create index |
| 9 | dead | Table of contents entry |
| | | |

| flt value | live/dead | Field type |
|-----------|-----------|---|
| 10 | live | Style reference |
| 11 | dead | Document reference |
| 12 | live | Sequence mark |
| 13 | live | Create table-of-contents |
| 14 | live | Quote Info variable |
| 15 | live | Quote Title variable |
| 16 | live | Quote Subject variable |
| 17 | live | Quote Author variable |
| 18 | live | Quote Keywords variable |
| 19 | live | Quote Comments variable |
| 20 | live | Quote Last Revised By variable |
| 21 | live | Quote Creation Date variable |
| 22 | live | Quote Revision Date variable |
| 23 | live | Quote Print Date variable |
| 24 | live | Quote Revision Number variable |
| 25 | live | Quote Edit Time variable |
| 26 | live | Quote Number of Pages variable |
| 27 | live | Quote Number of Words variable |
| 28 | live | Quote Number of Characters variable |
| 29 | live | Quote File Name variable |
| 30 | live | Quote Document Template Name variable |
| 31 | live | Quote Current Date variable |
| 32 | live | Quote Current Time variable |
| 33 | live | Quote Current Page variable |
| 34 | live | Evaluate expression |
| 35 | live | Insert literal text |
| 36 | live | Include command (Print Merge) |
| 37 | live | Page reference |
| 38 | live | Ask command (Print Merge) |
| 39 | live | Fill-in command to display prompt (Print Merge) |
| 40 | live | Data command (Print Merge) |
| 41 | live | Next command (Print Merge) |
| 42 | live | NextIf command (Print Merge) |
| 43 | live | SkipIf (Print Merge) |
| 44 | live | Inserts number of current Print Merge record |
| 45 | live | DDE reference |
| 46 | live | DDE automatic reference |
| 47 | live | Inserts Glossary Entry |
| 48 | live | Sends characters to printer without translation |
| 49 | live | Formula definition |
| 50 | live | Goto Button |
| 51 | live | Macro Button |
| 52 | live | Insert auto numbering field in outline format |

| flt value | live/dead | Field type |
|-----------|-----------|---|
| 53 | live | Insert auto numbering field in legal format |
| 54 | live | Insert auto numbering field in Arabic number format |
| 55 | live | Reads a TIFF file |
| 56 | live | Link |
| 57 | live | Symbol |
| 58 | live | Embedded Object |
| 59 | live | Merge fields |
| 60 | live | User Name |
| 61 | live | User Initial |
| 62 | live | User Address |
| 63 | live | Bar code |
| 64 | live | Document variable |
| 65 | live | Section |
| 66 | live | Section pages |
| 67 | live | Include Picture |
| 68 | live | Include Text |
| 69 | live | File Size |
| 70 | live | Form Text Box |
| 71 | live | Form Check Box |
| 72 | live | Note Reference |
| 73 | live | Create Table of Authorities |
| 74 | dead | Mark Table of Authorities Entry |
| 75 | live | Merge record sequence number |
| 76 | either | Macro |
| 77 | dead | Private |
| 78 | live | Insert Database |
| 79 | live | Autotext |
| 80 | live | Compare two values |
| 81 | live | Plug-in module private |
| 82 | live | Subscriber |
| 83 | live | Form List Box |
| 84 | live | Advance |
| 85 | live | Document property |
| 86 | live | |
| 87 | live | OCX |
| 88 | live | Hyperlink |
| 89 | live | AutoTextList |
| 90 | live | List element |
| 91 | live | HTML control |
| 92 | live | Bidi Outline |
| 93 | live | Address Block |
| 94 | live | Greeting Line |
| 95 | live | Pseudo-inline shape |

Since dead fields have no entry in the plcffld, the string in the field code must be used to determine the field type. All versions of Word '97 use English field code strings, except French, German, and Spanish versions of Word. The strings for all languages for all possible dead fields are listed below.

| flt value | English string | French string | German string | Spanish string | Field type |
|-----------|----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| 4 | XE | EX | XE | E | Index entry |
| 9 | тс | TE | INHALT | тс | Table of contents entry |
| 11 | RD | RD | RD | RD | Document reference |
| 74 | TA | TA | TA | TA | Table of authorities entry |
| 76 | | | | | Macro |
| 77 | PRIVATE | PRIVE | PRIVATE | PRIVATESPA | Private |

File Shape Address (FSPA)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------|--------------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | spid | long | | | Shape Identifier. Used in conjunction with the office art data (found via fcDggInfo in the FIB) to find the actual data for this shape. |
| 4 | 4 | xaLeft | xa | | | Left of rectangle enclosing shape relative to the origin of the shape |
| 8 | 8 | уаТор | ya | | | Top of rectangle enclosing shape relative to the origin of the shape |
| 12 | С | xaRight | xa | | | Right of rectangle enclosing shape relative to the origin of the shape |
| 16 | 10 | yaBottom | ya | | | Bottom of the rectangle enclosing shape relative to the origin of the shape |
| 20 | 14 | fHdr | uns short | :1 | 0001 | 1 in the undo doc when shape is from the header doc, 0 otherwise (undefined when not in the undo doc) |
| | | bх | uns short | :2 | 0006 | X position of shape relative to anchor CP 0 relative to page margin 1 relative to top of page 2 relative to text (column for horizontal text; paragraph for vertical text) 3 reserved for future use |
| | | by | uns short | :2 | 0018 | Y position of shape relative to anchor CP 0 relative to page margin 1 relative to top of page 2 relative to text (paragraph for horizontal text; column for vertical text) |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------------|--------------|------|----------|---|
| | | Wr | uns short | :4 | 01E0 | Text wrapping mode 0 like 2, but doesn't require absolute object 1 no text next to shape 2 wrap around absolute object 3 wrap as if no object present 4 wrap tightly around object 5 wrap tightly, but allow holes 6-15 reserved for future use |
| | | wrk | uns short | :4 | 1E00 | Text wrapping mode type (valid only for wrapping modes 2 and 4 0 wrap both sides 1 wrap only on left 2 wrap only on right 3 wrap only on largest side |
| | | fRcaSimple | uns short | :1 | 2000 | When set, temporarily overrides bx, by, forcing the xaLeft, xaRight, yaTop, and yaBottom fields to all be page relative. |
| | | fBelowText | uns short | :1 | 4000 | 1 shape is below text0 shape is above text |
| | | fAnchorLock | uns short | :1 | 8000 | 1 anchor is locked0 anchor is not locked |
| 22 | 16 | cTxbx | long | | | Count of textboxes in shape (undo doc only) |

cbfspa (count of bytes of fspa) is 26 (decimal), 1A (hex).

Font Family Name (FFN)

| b_{10} | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|----------|------------------------|-----------|---------------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | cbFfnM1 | uns char | | | Total length of FFN - 1. |
| 1 | 1 | prq | uns char | :2 | 03 | Pitch request |
| | | fTrueType | uns char | :1 | 04 | When 1, font is a TrueType font |
| | | | uns char | :1 | 08 | Reserved |
| | | ff | uns char | :3 | 70 | Font family id |
| | | | uns char | :1 | 80 | Reserved |
| 2 | 2 | wWeight | short | | | Base weight of font |
| 4 | 4 | chs | uns char | | | Character set identifier |
| 5 | 5 | ixchSzAlt | uns char | | | Index into ${\tt ffn.szFfn}$ to the name of the alternate font |
| 6 | 6 | panose | PANOSE | | | |
| 16 | 10 | fs | FONTSIGNATURE | | | |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------|---------|------|----------|--|
| 40 | 28 | xszFfn | XCHAR[] | | | Zero terminated string that records name of font. Possibly followed by a second xsz which records the name of an alternate font to use if the first named font does not exist on this system. Maximal size of xszFfn is 65 characters. |

File Information Block (FIB)

In Word version 8, the FIB is reorganized to make future extension easier, and to make it easier to make backward compatible file format changes. The FIB now consists of four substructures: the header and three arrays. The FIB header, is unchanged from past versions. The second part is an array of 16-bit "shorts", most of which were present in earlier versions in different locations. The third part is an array of 32-bit longs, many of which were scattered through the previous version FIB. Finally, there is an array of FC/LCB pairs, which were divided into several disjoint arrays in the previous FIB. Future versions of Word will add entries to the three arrays, so readers of the FIB must be careful to skip over any entries in each array that were not present in the version for which the reader was designed. Writers of the FIB must write exactly as many entries as was defined for the nFib value they put in the FIB.

The FIBFCLCB structure, used in an array in the FIB:

| Decimal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|---------|--------|------|-------|----------------------|---|------------|
| 0 | 0x0000 | Fc | long | | File position where data begins. | _ |
| 4 | 0x0004 | Lcb | ulong | | Size of data. Ignore fc if lcb is zero. | |

The FCPGDOLD structure, referenced in the FIB, used internally by Word:

| Decimal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|---------|--------|--------|-------|------------------|------------------|---|------------|
| 0 | 0x0000 | fcPgd | long | | | File position where data begins. | |
| 4 | 0x0004 | lcbPgd | ulong | | | Size of data. Ignore fc if lcb is zero. | |
| 8 | 0x0008 | fcBkd | long | | | File position where data begins. | |
| 12 | 0x000C | lcbBkd | ulong | | | Size of data. Ignore fc if lcb is zero. | |

The FCPGD structure, referenced in the FIB, used internally by Word. This modified version of the above structure was introduced in Word 2003:

| | | | | Bitfield | Bitfield | | |
|---------|--------|--------|-------|-----------------|----------|---|------------|
| Decimal | Hex | Name | Туре | Size | Mask | Comments | Introduced |
| 0 | 0x0000 | fcPgd | long | | | File position where data begins. | Word 2003 |
| 4 | 0x0004 | lcbPgd | ulong | | | Size of data. Ignore fo if lob is zero. | Word 2003 |
| 8 | 8000x0 | fcBkd | long | | | File position where data begins. | Word 2003 |
| 12 | 0x000C | lcbBkd | ulong | | | Size of data. Ignore fo if lob is zero. | Word 2003 |
| 16 | 0x0010 | fcAfd | FC | | | File position where data begins. | Word 2003 |

| Decimal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|---------|--------|--------|-------|------------------|---|------------|
| 20 | 0x0014 | lcbAfd | ulong | | Size of data. Ignore fc if lcb is zero. | Word 2003 |

The FIB structure itself:

| Deci | | | | Bitfield | Bitfield | | |
|------|--------|-----------------------|--------|----------|----------|---|------------|
| mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Size | Mask | Comments | Introduced |
| 0 | 0x0000 | Fibh | FIBH | | | Beginning of the FIB header | Word 97 |
| 0 | 0x0000 | wIdent | ushort | | | Magic number | Word 97 |
| 2 | 0x0002 | nFib | ushort | | | FIB version written. This will be >= 101 for all Word 6.0 for Windows and after documents. | Word 97 |
| 4 | 0x0004 | nProduct | ushort | | | Product version written by | Word 97 |
| 6 | 0x0006 | Lid | ushort | | | Language stamplocalized version In pre-WinWord 2.0 files this value was the nLocale. If value is < 999, then it is the nLocale, otherwise it is the lid. | Word 97 |
| 8 | 8000x0 | pnNext | short | | | | Word 97 |
| 10 | 0x000A | fDot | ushort | :1 | 0x0001 | Set if this document is a template | Word 97 |
| | | fGlsy | ushort | :1 | 0x0002 | Set if this document is a glossary | Word 97 |
| | | fComplex | ushort | :1 | 0x0004 | When 1, file is in complex, fast-saved format. | Word 97 |
| | | fHasPic | ushort | :1 | 0x0008 | Set if file contains 1 or more pictures | Word 97 |
| | | cQuickSaves | ushort | :4 | 0x00F0 | Count of times file was quick saved | Word 97 |
| | | fEncrypted | ushort | :1 | 0x0100 | Set if file is encrypted | Word 97 |
| | | fWhichTblStm | ushort | :1 | 0x0200 | When 0, this fib refers to the table stream named "OTable", when 1, this fib refers to the table stream named "1Table". Normally, a file will have only one table stream, but under unusual circumstances a file may have table streams with both names. In that case, this flag must be used to decide which table stream is valid. | Word 97 |
| | | fReadOnlyRecomme nded | ushort | :1 | 0x0400 | Set when user has recommended that file be read read-only | Word 97 |
| | | fWriteReservatio n | ushort | :1 | 0x0800 | Set when file owner has made the file write reserved | Word 97 |
| | | fExtChar | ushort | :1 | 0×1000 | Set when using extended character set in file | Word 97 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|--------|-----------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|---|------------|
| | | fLoadOverride | ushort | :1 | 0x2000 | REVIEW | Word 97 |
| | | fFarEast | ushort | :1 | 0x4000 | REVIEW | Word 97 |
| | | fCrypto | ushort | :1 | 0x8000 | REVIEW | Word 97 |
| 12 | 0x000C | nFibBack | Ushort | | | This file format is compatible with readers that understand nFib at or above this value. | Word 97 |
| 14 | 0x000E | lKey | | | | File encrypted key, only | Word 97 |
| 18 | 0x0012 | Envr | Uchar | | | valid if fEncrypted Environment in which file was created O created by Word for Windows 1 created by Word for the | Word 97 |
| 19 | 0x0013 | fMac | Uchar | :1 | 0x01 | Macintosh When 1, this file was last saved in the Macintosh environment | Word 97 |
| | | fEmptySpecial | Uchar | :1 | 0x02 | | Word 97 |
| | | fLoadOverridePag e | Uchar | :1 | 0x04 | | Word 97 |
| | | fFutureSavedUndo | Uchar | :1 | 80x0 | | Word 97 |
| | | fWord97Saved | Uchar | :1 | 0x10 | | Word 97 |
| | | fSpare0 | Uchar | :3 | 0xFE | | Word 97 |
| 22 | 0x0014 | ChsTables | Ushort | | | Default extended character set id for text in document stream. (overridden by chp.chse) O by default characters in doc stream should be interpreted using the ANSI character set used by Windows 256 characters in doc stream should be interpreted using the Macintosh character set. Default extended character set id for text in internal data structures O by default characters stored in internal data structures stored in internal data structures should be interpreted using the ANSI character set used by Windows 256 characters stored in internal data structures should be interpreted using the Macintosh character set. | Word 97 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|--------|--------------------------|--------|------------------|------------------|--|------------|
| 24 | 0x0018 | fcMin | Long | | | File offset of first character of text. In non-complex files a CP can be transformed into an FC by the following transformation: | Word 97 |
| 28 | 0x001C | fcMac | Long | | | fc = cp + fib.fcMin. File offset of last character of text in document text stream + 1 | Word 97 |
| 32 | 0x0020 | Csw | Ushort | | | Count of fields in the array of "shorts" | Word 97 |
| 34 | 0x0022 | Rgsw | | | | Beginning of the array of shorts | Word 97 |
| 34 | 0x0022 | wMagicCreated | | | | Unique number identifying the file's creator. 0x6A62 is the creator ID for Word and is reserved. Other creators should choose a different value. | Word 97 |
| 36 | 0x0024 | wMagicRevised | | | | Identifies the file's last modifier | Word 97 |
| 38 | 0x0026 | wMagicCreatedPri vate | | | | Private data | Word 97 |
| 40 | 0x0028 | wMagicRevisedPri vate | | | | Private data | Word 97 |
| 42 | 0x002A | pnFbpChpFirst_W6 | Short | | | Not used | Word 97 |
| 44 | 0x002C | pnChpFirst_W6 | Short | | | Not used | Word 97 |
| 46 | 0x002E | cpnBteChp_W6 | Short | | | Not used | Word 97 |
| 48 | 0x0030 | pnFbpPapFirst_W6 | Short | | | Not used | Word 97 |
| 50 | 0x0032 | pnPapFirst_W6 | Short | | | Not used | Word 97 |
| 52 | 0x0034 | cpnBtePap_W6 | Short | | | Not used | Word 97 |
| 54 | 0x0036 | pnFbpLvcFirst_W6 | Short | | | Not used | Word 97 |
| 56 | 0x0038 | pnLvcFirst_W6 | Short | | | Not used | Word 97 |
| 58 | 0x003A | cpnBteLvc_W6 | Short | | | Not used | Word 97 |
| 60 | 0x003C | lidFE | Short | | | Language id if document was written by East Asian version of Word (i.e. FIB.fFarEast is on) | Word 97 |
| 62 | 0x003E | Clw | Ushort | | | Number of fields in the | Word 97 |
| 64 | 0x0040 | Rglw | | | | array of longs Beginning of the array of longs | Word 97 |
| 64 | 0x0040 | cbMac | Long | | | File offset of last byte written to file + 1 | Word 97 |
| 68 | 0x0044 | lProductCreated | | | | Contains the build date of the creator. 10695 indicates the creator program was compiled on Jan 6, 1995. | Word 97 |
| 72 | 0x0048 | lProductRevised | | | | Contains the build date of the file's last modifier | Word 97 |

| Deci | | | | | Bitfield | | |
|------|--------|---------------|------|------|----------|--|------------|
| mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Size | Mask | Comments | Introduced |
| 76 | 0x004C | ccpText | Long | | | Length of main document text stream 1 | Word 97 |
| 80 | 0x0050 | ccpFtn | Long | | | Length of footnote subdocument text stream | Word 97 |
| 84 | 0x0054 | ссрНdd | Long | | | Length of header subdocument text stream | Word 97 |
| 88 | 0x0058 | ccpMcr | Long | | | Length of macro subdocument text stream, which should now always be 0 | Word 97 |
| 92 | 0x005C | ccpAtn | Long | | | Length of annotation subdocument text stream | Word 97 |
| 96 | 0x0060 | ccpEdn | Long | | | Length of endnote subdocument text stream | Word 97 |
| 100 | 0x0064 | ссрТхbх | Long | | | Length of textbox subdocument text stream | Word 97 |
| 104 | 0x0068 | ccpHdrTxbx | Long | | | Length of header textbox subdocument text stream | Word 97 |
| 108 | 0x006C | pnFbpChpFirst | Long | | | When there was insufficient memory for Word to expand the plcfbte at save time, the plcfbte is written to the file in a linked list of 512-byte pieces starting with this pn | Word 97 |
| 112 | 0x0070 | pnChpFirst | Long | | | The page number of the lowest numbered page in the document that records CHPX FKP information | Word 97 |
| 116 | 0x0074 | cpnBteChp | Long | | | Count of CHPX FKPS recorded in file. In non-complex files if the number of entries in the plcfbteChpx is less than this, the plcfbteChpx is incomplete | Word 97 |
| 120 | 0x0078 | pnFbpPapFirst | Long | | | When there was insufficient memory for Word to expand the plcfbte at save time, the plcfbte is written to the file in a linked list of 512-byte pieces starting with this pn | Word 97 |
| 124 | 0x007C | pnPapFirst | Long | | | The page number of the lowest numbered page in the document that records PAPX FKP information | Word 97 |
| 128 | 0x0080 | cpnBtePap | Long | | | Count of PAPX FKPS recorded in file. In non-complex files if the number of entries in the plcfbtePapx is less than this, the plcfbtePapx is incomplete. | Word 97 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|--------|---------------|--------|------------------|------------------|--|------------|
| 132 | 0x0084 | pnFbpLvcFirst | Long | | | When there was insufficient memory for Word to expand the plcfbte at save time, the plcfbte is written to the file in a linked list of 512-byte pieces starting with this pn | Word 97 |
| 136 | 0x0088 | pnLvcFirst | Long | | | The page number of the lowest numbered page in the document that records LVC FKP information | Word 97 |
| 140 | 0x008C | cpnBteLvc | Long | | | Count of LVC FKPS recorded in file. In non-complex files if the number of entries in the plcfbtePapx is less than this, the plcfbtePapx is incomplete. | Word 97 |
| 144 | 0x0090 | fcIslandFirst | Long | | | | Word 97 |
| 148 | 0x0094 | fcIslandLim | Long | | | | Word 97 |
| 152 | 0x0098 | Cfclcb | Ushort | | | Number of fields in the array of FC/LCB pairs | Word 97 |
| 154 | 0x009A | Rgfclcb | | | | Beginning of array of FC/LCB pairs | Word 97 |
| 154 | 0x009A | fcStshfOrig | Long | | | File offset of original allocation for STSH in table stream. During fast save Word will attempt to reuse this allocation if STSH is small enough to fit. | Word 97 |
| 158 | 0x009E | lcbStshfOrig | Ulong | | | Count of bytes of original STSH allocation | Word 97 |
| 162 | 0x00A2 | fcStshf | Long | | | Offset of STSH in table stream | Word 97 |
| 166 | 0x00A6 | lcbStshf | Ulong | | | Count of bytes of current STSH allocation | Word 97 |
| 170 | | fcPlcffndRef | Long | | | footnote reference PLCF of FRD structures. CPS in PLC are relative to main document text stream and give location of footnote references. | Word 97 |
| 174 | 0x00AE | lcbPlcffndRef | Ulong | | | Count of bytes of footnote reference PLC== 0 if no footnotes defined in document | Word 97 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|--------|---------------|-------|------------------|------------------|---|------------|
| 178 | 0x00B2 | fcPlcffndTxt | Long | | | Offset in table stream of footnote text PLC. CPs in PLC are relative to footnote subdocument text stream and give location of beginnings of footnote text for corresponding references recorded in ploffndRef. No structure is stored in this plc. There will just be n+1 FC entries in this PLC when there are n footnotes. | Word 97 |
| 182 | 0x00B6 | lcbPlcffndTxt | Ulong | | | Count of bytes of footnote text PLC. == 0 if no footnotes defined in document. | Word 97 |
| 186 | 0x00BA | fcPlcfandRef | Long | | | Offset in table stream of annotation reference ATRDPre10 PLC. The CPs recorded in this PLC give the offset of annotation references in the main document. | Word 97 |
| 190 | 0x00BE | lcbPlcfandRef | Ulong | | | Count of bytes of annotation reference PLC | Word 97 |
| 194 | 0x00C2 | fcPlcfandTxt | Long | | | Offset in table stream of annotation text PLC. The CPS recorded in this PLC give the offset of the annotation text in the annotation sub document corresponding to the references stored in the plcfandRef. There is a 1-to-1 correspondence between entries recorded in the plcfandTxt and the plcfandRef. No structure is stored in this PLC. | Word 97 |
| 198 | 0x00C6 | lcbPlcfandTxt | Ulong | | | Count of bytes of the annotation text PLC | Word 97 |
| 202 | 0x00CA | fcPlcfsed | Long | | | Offset in table stream of section descriptor SED PLC. CPS in PLC are relative to main document. | Word 97 |
| 206 | 0x00CE | lcbPlcfsed | Ulong | | | Count of bytes of section descriptor PLC | Word 97 |
| 210 | 0x00D2 | fcPlcpad | Long | | | No longer used | Word 97 |
| 214 | 0x00D6 | lcbPlcpad | Ulong | | | No longer used | Word 97 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|--------|--------------|-------|------------------|------------------|---|------------|
| 218 | 0x00DA | fcPlcfphe | Long | | | Offset in table stream of PHE PLC of paragraph heights. CPS in PLC are relative to main document text stream. Only written for files in complex format. Should not be written by third party creators of Word files. | Word 97 |
| 222 | 0x00DE | lcbPlcfphe | Ulong | | | Count of bytes of paragraph height PLC. ==0 when file is non-complex. | Word 97 |
| 226 | 0x00E2 | fcSttbfglsy | Long | | | Offset in table stream of glossary string table. This table consists of Pascal-style strings (strings stored prefixed with a length byte) concatenated one after another. | Word 97 |
| 230 | 0x00E6 | lcbSttbfglsy | Ulong | | | Count of bytes of glossary string table. == 0 for non-glossary documents. !=0 for glossary documents. | Word 97 |
| 234 | 0x00EA | fcPlcfglsy | Long | | | Offset in table stream of glossary PLC. CPS in PLC are relative to main document and mark the beginnings of glossary entries and are in 1-1 correspondence with entries of sttbfglsy. No structure is stored in this PLC. There will be n+1 FC entries in this PLC when there are n glossary entries. | Word 97 |
| 238 | 0x00EE | lcbPlcfglsy | Ulong | | | Count of bytes of glossary PLC. == 0 for non-glossary documents. !=0 for glossary documents. | Word 97 |
| 242 | 0x00F2 | fcPlcfhdd | Long | | | Byte offset in table stream of header HDD PLC. CPs are relative to header subdocument and mark the beginnings of individual headers in the header subdocument. No structure is stored in this PLC. There will be n+1 FC entries in this PLC when there are n headers stored for the document. | Word 97 |
| 246 | 0x00F6 | lcbPlcfhdd | Ulong | | | Count of bytes of header PLC. == 0 if document contains no headers. | Word 97 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|--------|----------------|-------|------------------|------------------|---|------------|
| 250 | 0x00FA | fcPlcfbteChpx | Long | | | Offset in table stream of character property bin table.PLC. FCS in PLC are file offsets in the main stream. Describes text of main document and all subdocuments. | Word 97 |
| 254 | 0x00FE | lcbPlcfbteChpx | Ulong | | | Count of bytes of character property bin table PLC | Word 97 |
| 258 | 0x0102 | fcPlcfbtePapx | Long | | | Offset in table stream of paragraph property bin table.PLC. FCS in PLC are file offsets in the main stream. Describes text of main document and all subdocuments. | Word 97 |
| 262 | 0x0106 | lcbPlcfbtePapx | Ulong | | | Count of bytes of paragraph property bin table PLC | Word 97 |
| 266 | 0x010A | fcPlcfsea | Long | | | Offset in table stream of PLC reserved for private use. The SEA is 6 bytes long. | Word 97 |
| 270 | 0x010E | lcbPlcfsea | Ulong | | | Count of bytes of private use PLC | Word 97 |
| 274 | 0x0112 | fcSttbfffn | Long | | | Offset in table stream of font information STTBF. The sttbfffn is a STTBF where is string is actually an FFN structure. The nth entry in the STTBF describes the font that will be displayed when the chp.ftc for text is equal to n. See the FFN file structure definition. | Word 97 |
| 278 | 0x0116 | lcbSttbfffn | Ulong | | | Count of bytes in sttbfffn | Word 97 |
| 282 | 0x011A | fcPlcffldMom | Long | | | Offset in table stream to the FLD PLC of field positions in the main document. The CPS point to the beginning CP of a field, the CP of field separator character inside a field and the ending CP of the field. A field may be nested within another field. 20 levels of field nesting are allowed. | Word 97 |
| 286 | 0x011E | lcbPlcffldMom | Ulong | | | Count of bytes in plcffldMom | Word 97 |
| 290 | 0x0122 | fcPlcffldHdr | Long | | | Offset in table stream to the FLD PLC of field positions in the header subdocument | Word 97 |
| 294 | 0x0126 | lcbPlcffldHdr | Ulong | | | Count of bytes in plcffldHdr | Word 97 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------------|------------------|--|--------------------|
| 298 | 0x012A | fcPlcffldFtn | Long | | | Offset in table stream to the FLD PLC of field positions in the footnote subdocument | Word 97 |
| 302 | 0x012E | lcbPlcffldFtn | Ulong | | | Count of bytes in plcffldFtn | Word 97 |
| 306 | 0x0132 | fcPlcffldAtn | Long | | | Offset in table stream to the FLD PLC of field positions in the annotation subdocument | Word 97 |
| 310 | 0x0136 | lcbPlcffldAtn | Ulong | | | Count of bytes in plcffldAtn | Word 97 |
| 314 | 0x013A | fcPlcffldMcr | Long | | | No longer used | Word 97 |
| 318 | 0x013E | lcbPlcffldMcr | Ulong | | | No longer used | Word 97 |
| 322 | 0x0142 | fcSttbfbkmk | Long | | | Offset in table stream of the STTBF that records bookmark names in the main document | Word 97 |
| 326 | 0x0146 | lcbSttbfbkmk | Ulong | | | Count of bytes in Sttbfbkmk | Word 97 |
| 330 | 0x014A | fcPlcfbkf | Long | | | Offset in table stream of the PLCF that records the beginning CP offsets of bookmarks in the main document. See BKF structure definition. | Word 97 |
| 334 | 0x014E | lcbPlcfbkf | Ulong | | | Count of bytes in Plcfbkf | Word 97 |
| 338 | 0x0152 | fcPlcfbkl | Long | | | Offset in table stream of the PLCF that records the ending CP offsets of bookmarks recorded in the main document. No structure is stored in this PLCF. | Word 97 |
| 342 | 0x0156 | lcbPlcfbkl | Ulong | | | Count of bytes in Plcfbkl | Word 97 |
| 346 | 0x015A | fcCmds | Long | | | Offset in table stream of the macro commands. These commands are private and undocumented. | Word 97 |
| 350 | 0x015E | lcbCmds | Ulong | | | Count of bytes of the data above. | Word 97 |
| 354 | 0x0162 | fcPlcmcr | Long | | | No longer used | Word 97 |
| 358 | 0x0166 | lcbPlcmcr | Ulong | | | No longer used | Word 97 |
| 362 | 0x016A | fcSttbfmcr | Long | | | No longer used | Word 97 |
| 366 | 0x016E | lcbSttbfmcr | Ulong | | | No longer used | Word 97 |
| 370 374 | 0x0172 0x0176 | fcPrDrvr lcbPrDrvr | long ulong | | | Offset in table stream of the printer driver information (names of drivers, port, etc.) Count of bytes of the printer driver information (names of drivers, port, etc.) | Word 97 Word 97 |

| Deci | | | _ | | Bitfield | _ | |
|------|--------|------------------|-------|------|----------|--|------------|
| mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Size | Mask | Comments | Introduced |
| 378 | 0x017A | fcPrEnvPort | long | | | Offset in table stream of the print environment in portrait mode | Word 97 |
| 382 | 0x017E | lcbPrEnvPort | ulong | | | Count of bytes of the print environment in portrait mode | Word 97 |
| 386 | 0x0182 | fcPrEnvLand | long | | | Offset in table stream of the print environment in landscape mode | Word 97 |
| 390 | 0x0186 | lcbPrEnvLand | ulong | | | Count of bytes of the print environment in landscape mode | Word 97 |
| 394 | 0x018A | fcWss | long | | | Offset in table stream of Window Save State data structure. WSS contains dimensions of document's main text window and the last selection made by Word user. | Word 97 |
| 398 | 0x018E | lcbWss | ulong | | | Count of bytes of WSS. ==0 if unable to store the window state. Should not be written by third party creators of Word files. | Word 97 |
| 402 | 0x0192 | fcDop | long | | | Offset in table stream of document property data structure | Word 97 |
| 406 | 0x0196 | lcbDop | ulong | | | Count of bytes of document properties | Word 97 |
| 410 | 0x019A | fcSttbfAssoc | long | | | Offset in table stream of STTBF of associated strings. The strings in this table specify document summary info and the paths to special documents related to this document. See documentation of the STTBFASSOC. | Word 97 |
| 414 | 0x019E | lcbSttbfAssoc | ulong | | | Count of bytes in SttbfAssoc | Word 97 |
| 418 | 0x01A2 | fcClx | long | | | beginning of information for complex files. Consists of an encoding of all of the prms quoted by the document followed by the ploped (piece table) for the document. | Word 97 |
| 422 | 0x01A6 | lcbClx | ulong | | | Count of bytes of complex file information == 0 if file is non-complex. | Word 97 |
| 426 | 0x01AA | fcPlcfpgdFtn | long | | | Not used | Word 97 |
| 430 | 0x01AE | lcbPlcfpgdFtn | ulong | | | Not used | Word 97 |
| 434 | 0x01B2 | fcAutosaveSource | long | | | Offset in table stream of the name of the original file. fcAutosaveSource and cbAutosaveSource should both be 0 if auto save is off. | Word 97 |

| Deci | | | _ | | Bitfield | | |
|------|--------|--------------------------------|-------|------|----------|--|------------|
| mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Size | Mask | Comments | Introduced |
| 438 | 0x01B6 | lcbAutosaveSourc e | ulong | | | Count of bytes of the name of the original file. | Word 97 |
| 442 | 0x01BA | fcGrpXstAtnOwner s | long | | | Offset in table stream of group of strings recording the names of the owners of annotations stored in the document | Word 97 |
| 446 | 0x01BE | <pre>lcbGrpXstAtnOwne rs</pre> | ulong | | | Count of bytes of the group of strings | Word 97 |
| 450 | 0x01C2 | fcSttbfAtnbkmk | long | | | Offset in table stream of the sttbf that records names of bookmarks for the annotation subdocument | Word 97 |
| 454 | 0x01C6 | lcbSttbfAtnbkmk | ulong | | | Length in bytes of the sttbf that records names of bookmarks for the annotation subdocument | Word 97 |
| 458 | 0x01CA | fcPlcdoaMom | long | | | No longer used | Word 97 |
| 462 | 0x01CE | lcbPlcdoaMom | ulong | | | No longer used | Word 97 |
| 466 | 0x01D2 | fcPlcdoaHdr | long | | | No longer used | Word 97 |
| 470 | 0x01D6 | lcbPlcdoaHdr | ulong | | | No longer used | Word 97 |
| 474 | 0x01DA | fcPlcspaMom | long | | | Offset in table stream of the FSPA PLC for main document. == 0 if document has no Office Drawing objects. | Word 97 |
| 478 | 0x01DE | lcbPlcspaMom | ulong | | | Length in bytes of the FSPA PLC of the main document | Word 97 |
| 482 | 0x01E2 | fcPlcspaHdr | long | | | Offset in table stream of the FSPA PLC for header document. == 0 if document has no Office Drawing objects. | Word 97 |
| 486 | 0x01E6 | lcbPlcspaHdr | ulong | | | Length in bytes of the FSPA PLC of the header document. | Word 97 |
| 490 | 0x01EA | fcPlcfAtnbkf | long | | | Offset in table stream of BKF (bookmark first) PLC of the annotation subdocument | Word 97 |
| 494 | 0x01EE | lcbPlcfAtnbkf | ulong | | | Length in bytes of BKF (bookmark first) PLC of the annotation subdocument | Word 97 |
| 498 | 0x01F2 | fcPlcfAtnbkl | long | | | Offset in table stream of BKL (bookmark last) PLC of the annotation subdocument | Word 97 |
| 502 | 0x01F6 | lcbPlcfAtnbkl | ulong | | | Length in bytes of PLC marking the CP limits of the annotation bookmarks. No structure is stored in this PLC. | Word 97 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|--------|-----------------|-------|------------------|------------------|---|------------|
| 506 | 0x01FA | fcPms | long | | | Offset in table stream of PMS (Print Merge State) information block. This contains the current state of a print merge | Word 97 |
| 510 | 0x01FE | lcbPms | ulong | | | operation. Length in bytes of PMS. ==0 if no current print merge state. Should not be written by third party creators of Word files. | Word 97 |
| 514 | 0x0202 | fcFormFldSttbs | long | | | Offset in table stream of form field sttbf which contains strings used in form field dropdown controls | Word 97 |
| 518 | 0x0206 | lcbFormFldSttbs | ulong | | | Length in bytes of form field sttbf | Word 97 |
| 522 | 0x020A | fcPlcfendRef | long | | | Offset in table stream of endnote reference PLCF of FRD structures. CPS in PLCF are relative to main document text stream and give location of endnote references. | Word 97 |
| 526 | 0x020E | lcbPlcfendRef | ulong | | | Count of bytes of the plcfendRef | Word 97 |
| 530 | 0x0212 | fcPlcfendTxt | long | | | Offset in table stream of plcfendRef which points to endnote text in the endnote document stream which corresponds with the plcfendRef. No structure is stored in this PLC. | Word 97 |
| 534 | 0x0216 | lcbPlcfendTxt | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 538 | 0x021A | fcPlcffldEdn | long | | | Offset in table stream to FLD PLCF of field positions in the endnote subdocument | Word 97 |
| 542 | 0x021E | lcbPlcffldEdn | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 546 | 0x0222 | fcPlcfpgdEdn | long | | | Not used | Word 97 |
| 550 | 0x0226 | lcbPlcfpgdEdn | ulong | | | Not used | Word 97 |
| 554 | 0x022A | fcDggInfo | long | | | Offset in table stream of the Office Drawing object table data. The format of office Drawing object table data is found in a separate document. | Word 97 |
| 558 | 0x022E | lcbDggInfo | ulong | | | Length in bytes of the Office Drawing object table data | Word 97 |
| 562 | 0x0232 | fcSttbfRMark | long | | | Offset in table stream to STTBF that records the author abbreviations for authors who have made revisions in the document | Word 97 |

| Deci | | | | Bitfield | Bitfield | | |
|------|--------|-------------------------------|-------|----------|----------|---|------------|
| mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Size | Mask | Comments | Introduced |
| 566 | 0x0236 | lcbSttbfRMark | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 570 | 0x023A | fcSttbCaption | long | | | Offset in table stream to STTBF that records caption titles used in the document | Word 97 |
| 574 | 0x023E | lcbSttbCaption | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 578 | 0x0242 | fcSttbAutoCaptio n | long | | | Offset in table stream to the STTBF that records the object names and indices into the caption STTBF for objects which get auto captions | Word 97 |
| 582 | 0x0246 | lcbSttbAutoCapti on | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 586 | 0x024A | fcPlcfwkb | long | | | Offset in table stream to WKB PLCF that describes the boundaries of contributing documents in a master document | Word 97 |
| 590 | 0x024E | lcbPlcfwkb | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 594 | 0x0252 | fcPlcfspl | long | | | Offset in table stream of PLCF (of SPLS structures) that records spell check state | Word 97 |
| 598 | 0x0256 | lcbPlcfspl | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 602 | 0x025A | fcPlcftxbxTxt | long | | | Offset in table stream of PLCF that records the beginning CP in the text box subdoc of the text of individual text box entries. No structure is stored in this PLCF | Word 97 |
| 606 | 0x025E | lcbPlcftxbxTxt | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 610 | 0x0262 | fcPlcffldTxbx | long | | | Offset in table stream of the FLD PLCF that records field boundaries recorded in the textbox subdoc. | Word 97 |
| 614 | 0x0266 | lcbPlcffldTxbx | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 618 | 0x026A | fcPlcfhdrtxbxTxt | long | | | Offset in table stream of PLCF that records the beginning CP in the header text box subdoc of the text of individual header text box entries. No structure is stored in this PLC. | Word 97 |
| 622 | 0x026E | <pre>lcbPlcfhdrtxbxTx t</pre> | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 626 | 0x0272 | fcPlcffldHdrTxbx | long | | | Offset in table stream of the FLD PLCF that records field boundaries recorded in the header textbox subdoc. | Word 97 |
| 630 | 0x0276 | lcbPlcffldHdrTxb x | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|--------|-----------------------|-------------|------------------|------------------|---|------------|
| 634 | 0x027A | fcStwUser | long | | | Macro user storage | Word 97 |
| 638 | 0x027E | lcbStwUser | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 642 | 0x0282 | fcSttbttmbd | long | | | Offset in table stream of embedded true type font data | Word 97 |
| 646 | 0x0286 | cbSttbttmbd | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 650 | 0x028A | fcCookieData | FC | | | NLCheck error handle will persist in file | Word 97 |
| 654 | 0x028E | lcbCookieData | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 658 | 0x0292 | rgpgdbkdOldOld[3] | FCPGDOLD[3] | | | Index into the following three properties | Word 97 |
| 658 | 0x0292 | fcpgdMotherOldOl d | FCPGDOLD | | | Offsets in table stream of the PLF that records the page and break descriptors for the main text of the document | Word 97 |
| 674 | 0x02A2 | fcpgdFtnOldOld | FCPGDOLD | | | Offsets in table stream of the PLF that records the page and break descriptors for the footnote text of the document | Word 97 |
| 690 | 0x02B2 | fcpgdEdnOldOld | FCPGDOLD | | | Offsets in table stream of the PLF that records the page and break descriptors for the endnote text of the document | Word 97 |
| 706 | 0x02C2 | fcSttbfIntlFld | long | | | Offset in table stream of the STTBF containing field keywords. This is only used in a small number of the international versions of Word. This field is no longer written to the file for nFib >= 167. | Word 97 |
| 710 | 0x02C6 | lcbSttbfIntlFld | ulong | | | Always 0 for nFib>=167 | Word 97 |
| 714 | 0x02CA | fcRouteSlip | long | | | Offset in table stream of a mailer routing slip | Word 97 |
| 718 | 0x02CE | lcbRouteSlip | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 722 | 0x02D2 | fcSttbSavedBy | long | | | Offset in table stream of STTBF recording the names of the users who have saved this document alternating with the save locations | Word 97 |
| 726 | 0x02D6 | lcbSttbSavedBy | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 730 | 0x02DA | fcSttbFnm | long | | | Offset in table stream of STTBF recording filenames of documents which are referenced by this document | Word 97 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|--------|-----------------------|-------|------------------|------------------|---|------------|
| 734 | 0x02DE | lcbSttbFnm | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the | Word 97 |
| 738 | 0x02E2 | fcPlcfLst | long | | | above data Offset in the table stream of list format information | Word 97 |
| 742 | 0x02E6 | lcbPlcfLst | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the | Word 97 |
| 746 | 0x02EA | fcPlfLfo | long | | | above data Offset in the table stream of list format override information | Word 97 |
| 750 | 0x02EE | lcbPlfLfo | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 754 | 0x02F2 | fcPlcftxbxBkd | long | | | Offset in the table stream of the textbox break table (a PLCF of BKDS) for the main document | Word 97 |
| 758 | 0x02F6 | lcbPlcftxbxBkd | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 762 | 0x02FA | fcPlcftxbxHdrBkd | long | | | Offset in the table stream of the textbox break table (a PLCF of BKDS) for the header subdocument | Word 97 |
| 766 | 0x02FE | lcbPlcftxbxHdrBk d | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 770 | 0x0302 | fcDocUndoWord9 | long | | | Offset in main stream of undocumented undo / versioning data used pre Word10 | Word 97 |
| 774 | 0x0306 | lcbDocUndoWord9 | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 778 | 0x030A | fcRgbuse | long | | | Offset in main stream of undocumented undo / versioning data | Word 97 |
| 782 | 0x030E | lcbRgbuse | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 786 | 0x0312 | fcUsp | long | | | Offset in main stream of undocumented undo / versioning data | Word 97 |
| 790 | 0x0316 | lcbUsp | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 794 | 0x031A | fcUskf | long | | | Offset in table stream of undocumented undo / versioning data | Word 97 |
| 798 | 0x031E | lcbUskf | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 802 | 0x0322 | fcPlcupcRgbuse | long | | | Offset in table stream of undocumented undo / versioning data | Word 97 |
| 806 | 0x0326 | lcbPlcupcRgbuse | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 810 | 0x032A | fcPlcupcUsp | long | | | Offset in table stream of undocumented undo / versioning data | Word 97 |
| 814 | 0x032E | lcbPlcupcUsp | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 818 | 0x0332 | fcSttbGlsyStyle | long | | | Offset in table stream of string table of style names for glossary entries | Word 97 |
| 822 | 0x0336 | lcbSttbGlsyStyle | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|--------|------------------|----------|------------------|------------------|--|------------|
| 826 | 0x033A | fcPlgosl | long | | | Offset in table stream of undocumented grammar options PL | Word 97 |
| 830 | 0x033E | lcbPlgosl | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 834 | 0x0342 | fcPlcocx | long | | | Offset in table stream of undocumented ocx data | Word 97 |
| 838 | 0x0346 | lcbPlcocx | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 842 | 0x034A | fcPlcfbteLvc | long | | | Offset in table stream of character property bin table.PLC. FCs in PLC are file offsets. Describes text of main document and all subdocuments. | Word 97 |
| 846 | 0x034E | lcbPlcfbteLvc | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 850 | 0x0352 | ftModified | FILETIME | | | | Word 97 |
| 850 | 0x0352 | dwLowDateTime | ulong | | | | Word 97 |
| 854 | 0x0356 | dwHighDateTime | ulong | | | | Word 97 |
| 858 | 0x035A | fcPlcflvcPre10 | long | | | Offset in table stream of LVC PLCF used pre Word10 | Word 97 |
| 862 | 0x035E | lcbPlcflvcPre10 | ulong | | | Size of LVC PLCF, ==0 for non-complex files | Word 97 |
| 866 | 0x0362 | fcPlcasumy | long | | | Offset in table stream of autosummary ASUMY PLCF. | Word 97 |
| 870 | 0x0366 | lcbPlcasumy | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 874 | 0x036A | fcPlcfgram | long | | | Offset in table stream of PLCF (of SPLS structures) which records grammar check state | Word 97 |
| 878 | 0x036E | lcbPlcfgram | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 882 | 0x0372 | fcSttbListNames | long | | | Offset in table stream of list names string table | Word 97 |
| 886 | 0x0376 | lcbSttbListNames | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 890 | 0x037A | fcSttbfUssr | long | | | Offset in table stream of undocumented undo / versioning data | Word 97 |
| 894 | 0x037E | lcbSttbfUssr | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 97 |
| 898 | 0382 | fcPlcfTch | FC | | | Offset in table stream of table chars This is an internal cache used by Word | Word 2000 |
| 902 | 0386 | lcbPlcfTch | ulong | | | Count of bytes of the | Word 2000 |
| 906 | 038A | fcRmdfThreading | FC | | | above data Offset in table stream of revision mark data This information is unused | Word 2000 |
| 910 | 038E | lcbRmdfThreading | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2000 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|------|------------------|--|------------------|------------------|---|------------|
| 914 | 0392 | fcMid | FC | | | Offset in table stream of Message ID (if any) This information is unused | Word 2000 |
| 918 | 0396 | lcbMid | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2000 |
| 922 | 039A | fcSttbRgtplc | FC | | | Offset in table stream of list gallery data (tplcs) This is internal information used by Word's list user interface | Word 2000 |
| 926 | 039E | lcbSttbRgtplc | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2000 |
| 930 | 03A2 | fcMsoEnvelope | FC | | | Offset in table stream of persist the mail envelope This is undocumented email header information saved with the file | Word 2000 |
| 934 | 03A6 | lcbMsoEnvelope | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2000 |
| 938 | 03AA | fcPlcflad | FC | | | Offset in table stream of Language Auto Detect results This is internal information used by Word's language detection feature | Word 2000 |
| 942 | 03AE | lcbPlcflad | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2000 |
| 946 | 03B2 | fcRgdofr | FC | | | Document File Records (miscellaneous document data) This is undocumented miscellaneous information | Word 2000 |
| 950 | 03B6 | lcbRgdofr | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2000 |
| 954 | 03BA | fcPlcosl | FC | | | Offset in table stream of NLCheck grammar option state per language This is internal information used by Word's grammar features | Word 2000 |
| 958 | 03BE | lcbPlcosl | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2000 |
| 962 | 03C2 | fcPlcfcookieOld | FC | | | Offset in table stream of NLCheck error handle pre Word10 This is internal information used by Word's grammar features | Word 2000 |
| 966 | 03C6 | lcbPlcfcookieOld | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2000 |
| 970 | 03CA | rgpgdbkdOld[3] | FCPGDOLD[3] (see definition of this structure above) | | | Index into the following three properties This is an internal information cache used by Word | Word 2000 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|------|----------------|----------|------------------|------------------|---|------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| 970 | 03CA | fcpgdMotherOld | FCPGDOLD | | | Main document repagination cache: used internally by Word This is an internal information cache used by Word | Word 2000 |
| 986 | 03DA | fcpgdFtnOld | FCPGDOLD | | | Footnotes repagination cache: used internally by Word This is an internal information cache used by Word | Word 2000 |
| 1002 | 03EA | fcpgdEdnOld | FCPGDOLD | | | Endnotes repagination cache: used internally by Word This is an internal information cache used by Word | Word 2000 |
| 1018 | 03FA | fcUnused | FC | | | Not used | Word 2000 |
| 1022 | 03FE | lcbUnused | Ulong | | | Not used | Word 2000 |
| 1026 | 0402 | fcPlcfpgp | FC | | | Offset in table stream of Paragraph Group Properties This is undocumented HTML DIV (paragraph group) formatting information | Word 2000 |
| 1030 | 0406 | lcbPlcfpgp | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2000 |
| 1034 | 040A | fcPlcfuim | FC | | | Offset in table stream of UIM property data This is internal information used by language input features in Word | Word 2002 |
| 1038 | 040E | lcbPlcfium | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |
| 1042 | 0412 | fcPlfguidUim | FC | | | Offset in table stream of UIM table of GUIDs This is internal information used by language input features in Word | Word 2002 |
| 1046 | 0416 | lcbPlfguidUim | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the | Word 2002 |
| 1050 | 041A | fcAtrdExtra | FC | | | above data Offset in table stream of plex of ATRDPost10 structures | Word 2002 |
| 1054 | 041E | lcbAtrdExtra | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |
| 1058 | 0422 | fcPlrsid | FC | | | Offset in table stream of RSID plex. This is undocumented revision mark information. | Word 2002 |
| 1062 | 0426 | lcbPlrsid | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|------|------------------------|-------|------------------|------------------|---|------------|
| 1066 | 042A | fcSttbfBkmkFacto id | FC | | | Offset in table stream of smart tag bookmark STTB This is undocumented information on the smart tags embedded in the document | Word 2002 |
| 1070 | 042E | lcbSttbfBkmkFact | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |
| 1074 | 0432 | fcPlcfBkfFactoid | FC | | | Offset in table stream of smart tag bookmark plc of cpFirsts This is undocumented information on the smart tags embedded in the document | Word 2002 |
| 1078 | 0436 | lcbPlcfBkfFactoi d | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |
| 1082 | 043A | fcPlcfcookie | FC | | | Offset in table stream of whether the NLCheck error handle will persist in file This is internal information used by Word's grammar features. | Word 2002 |
| 1086 | 043E | lcbPlcfcookie | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |
| 1090 | 0442 | fcPlcfBklFactoid | FC | | | Offset in table stream of smart tag bookmark plc of cpLims This is undocumented information on the smart tags embedded in the document | Word 2002 |
| 1094 | 0446 | lcbPlcfBklFactoi d | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |
| 1098 | 044A | fcFactoidData | FC | | | Offset in table stream of smart tag data This is undocumented information on the smart tags embedded in the document | Word 2002 |
| 1102 | 044E | lcbFactoidData | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |
| 1106 | 0452 | fcDocUndo | FC | | | Offset in table stream of undocumented undo / versioning data This is internal information used by Word's undo/versioning features. | Word 2002 |
| 1110 | 0456 | lcbDocUndo | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |
| 1114 | 045A | fcSttbfBkmkFcc | FC | | | Offset in table stream of fee bookmark sttb This is internal bookmark information used by Word's styles and formatting feature to keep track of formatting use. | Word 2002 |

| Deci | | | | Bitfield | Bitfield | | |
|------|------|---------------------------|-------|----------|----------|--|------------|
| mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Size | Mask | Comments | Introduced |
| 1118 | 045E | lcbSttbfBkmkFcc | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |
| 1122 | 0462 | fcPlcfBkfFcc | FC | | | Offset in table stream of fcc bookmark plc of cpFirsts This is internal bookmark information used by Word's styles and | Word 2002 |
| 1126 | 0466 | lcbPlcfBkfFcc | Ulong | | | formatting feature to keep track of formatting use. Count of bytes for the | Word 2002 |
| | | | J | | | above data | |
| 1130 | 046A | fcPlcfBklFcc | FC | | | Offset in table stream of fcc bookmark plc of cpLims This is internal bookmark | Word 2002 |
| | | | | | | information used by Word's styles and formatting feature to keep track of formatting use. | |
| 1134 | 046E | lcbPlcfBklFcc | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |
| 1138 | 0472 | fcSttbfbkmkBPRep airs | FC | | | Offset in table stream of file repair bookmark sttb This is internal bookmark information used by Word's styles and formatting feature to keep track of formatting use. | Word 2002 |
| 1142 | 0476 | lcbSttbfbkmkBPRe pairs | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |
| 1146 | 047A | fcPlcfbkfBPRepai rs | FC | | | Offset in table stream of file repair bookmark plc of cpFirsts This is internal bookmark information used by Word's file repair feature to track repaired document portions. | Word 2002 |
| 1150 | 047E | lcbPlcfbkfBPRepa irs | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |
| 1154 | 0482 | fcPlcfbklBPRepai rs | FC | | | Offset in table stream of file repair bookmark plc of cpLims This is internal bookmark information used by Word's file repair feature to track repaired document portions. | Word 2002 |
| 1158 | 0486 | lcbPlcfbklBPRepa irs | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|------|-------------------------------|-------|------------------|------------------|---|------------|
| 1162 | 048A | fcPmsNew | FC | | | Offset in table stream of new mail merge state information, needed because old ipfnpmf was not validated. This is undocumented information used by Word's mail merge feature. | Word 2002 |
| 1166 | 048E | lcbPmsNew | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |
| 1170 | 0492 | fcODSO | FC | | | Offset in table stream of IMsoODSO/IMsoMailmerg e Information This is undocumented information used by Word's mail merge feature. | Word 2002 |
| 1174 | 0496 | 1cbODSO | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |
| 1178 | 049A | fcPlcfpmiOldXP | FC | | | Offset in table stream of Paragraph Mark Information (Old View) for Word 2002. This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2002 |
| 1182 | 049E | lcbPlcfpmiOldXP | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data . | Word 2002 |
| 1186 | 04A2 | fcPlcfpmiNewXP | FC | | | Offset in table stream of Paragraph Mark Information (New View) for Word 2002. This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2002 |
| 1190 | 04A6 | lcbPlcfpmiNewXP | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2002 |
| 1194 | 04AA | fcPlcfpmiMixedXP | FC | | | Offset in table stream of Paragraph Mark Information (Mixed View) for Word 2002. This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2002 |
| 1198 | 04AE | <pre>lcbPlcfpmiMixedX P</pre> | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2002 |
| 1202 | 04B2 | fcEncryptedProps | | | | Offset in table stream of encryption properties This is an internal encrypted version of document properties used by Word. | Word 2002 |
| 1206 | 04B6 | <pre>lcbEncryptedProp s</pre> | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data | Word 2002 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|------|-----------------------|-------|------------------|------------------|---|------------|
| 1210 | 04BA | fcPlcffactoid | FC | | | Offset in table stream of background factoid checking state This is internal state information used by Word's smart tag features. | Word 2002 |
| 1214 | O4BE | lcbPlcffactoid | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2002 |
| 1218 | 04C2 | fcPlcflvcOldXP | FC | | | Offset in table stream of LVC PLC (Old View) for Word 2002. This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2002 |
| 1222 | 04C6 | lcbPlcflvcOldXP | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2002 |
| 1226 | 04CA | fcPlcflvcNewXP | FC | | | Offset in table stream of LVC PLC (New View) for Word 2002. This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2002 |
| 1230 | 04CE | lbcPlcflvcNewXP | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2002 |
| 1234 | 04D2 | fcPlcflvcMixedXP | FC | | | Offset in table stream of LVC PLC (Mixed View) for Word 2002. This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2002 |
| 1238 | 04D6 | lcbPlcflvcMixedX P | Ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2002 |
| 1242 | 4DA | fcHplxsdr | FC | | | XML Schema Definition References This is undocumented XML schema information. The recommended way to consume this information is through Word's XML output. The XML format is documented separately and can be found on MSDN. | Word 2003 |
| 1246 | 4DE | lcbHplxsdr; | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1250 | 4E2 | fcSttbfBkmkSdt | FC | | | SDT bookmark STTB This is undocumented XML bookmark information. The recommended way to consume this information is through Word's XML output. The XML format is documented separately and can be found on MSDN. | Word 2003 |
| 1254 | 4E6 | lcbSttbfBkmkSdt | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|-----|------------------|-------|------------------|------------------|--|------------|
| 1258 | 4EA | fcPlcfBkfSdt | FC | | | sDT bookmark plc of cpFirsts This is undocumented XML bookmark information. The recommended way to consume this information is through Word's XML output. The XML format is documented separately and can be found on MSDN. | Word 2003 |
| 1262 | 4EE | lcbPlcfBkfSdt | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1266 | 4F2 | fcPlcfBklSdt | FC | | | SDT bookmark plc of cpLimS This is undocumented XML bookmark information. The recommended way to consume this information is through Word's XML output. The XML format is documented separately and can be found on MSDN. | Word 2003 |
| 1270 | 4F6 | lcbPlcfBklSdt | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1274 | 4FA | fcCustomXForm | FC | | | Custom XML Transform on save This is undocumented XML transform information. The recommended way to consume this information is through Word's XML output. The XML format is documented separately and can be found on MSDN. | Word 2003 |
| 1278 | 4FE | lcbCustomXForm | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1282 | 502 | fcSttbfBkmkProt | FC | | | Range protection bookmark STTB This is undocumented bookmark information used by Word's document protection feature. | Word 2003 |
| 1286 | 506 | lcbSttbfBkmkProt | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1290 | 50A | fcPlcfBkfProt | FC | | | Range protection bookmark plc of cpFirsts This is undocumented bookmark information used by Word's document protection feature. | Word 2003 |
| 1294 | 50E | lcbPlcfBkfProt | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|-----|---------------------------------|-------|------------------|------------------|--|------------|
| | | | | 5.20 | Husik | | |
| 1298 | 512 | fcPlcfBklProt | FC | | | Range protection bookmark plc of cpLims This is undocumented bookmark information used by Word's document protection feature. | Word 2003 |
| 1302 | 516 | lcbPlcfBklProt | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1306 | 51A | fcSttbProtUser | FC | | | Range protection user list STTB This is undocumented user information used by Word's document protection feature. | Word 2003 |
| 1310 | 51E | lcbSttbProtUser | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1314 | 522 | fcPlcftpc | FC | | | Current text paragraph cache This is unused. | Word 2003 |
| 1318 | 526 | lcbPlcftpc | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1322 | 52A | fcPlcfpmiOld | FC | | | Paragraph Mark Information (Old View) This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2003 |
| 1326 | 52E | lcbPlcfpmiOld | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1330 | 532 | fcPlcfpmiOldInli ne | FC | | | Paragraph Mark Information (Old Inline View) This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2003 |
| 1334 | 536 | <pre>lcbPlcfpmiOldInl ine</pre> | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1338 | 53A | fcPlcfpmiNew | FC | | | Paragraph Mark Information (New View) This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2003 |
| 1342 | 53E | lcbPlcfpmiNew | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1346 | 542 | fcPlcfpmiNewInli ne | FC | | | Paragraph Mark Information (New Inline View) This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2003 |
| 1350 | 546 | <pre>lcbPlcfpmiNewInl ine</pre> | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1354 | 54A | fcPlcflvcOld | FC | | | LVC PLC (Old View) This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2003 |
| 1358 | 54E | lcbPlcflvcOld | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1362 | 552 | <pre>fcPlcflvcOldInli ne;</pre> | FC | | | LVC PLC (Old Inline View) This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2003 |

| Deci mal | Hex | Name | Туре | Bitfield Size | Bitfield Mask | Comments | Introduced |
|-------------|-----|---------------------------------|---------|------------------|------------------|---|------------|
| | | | - 7 - | | | | |
| 1366 | 556 | <pre>lcbPlcflvcOldInl ine</pre> | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1370 | 55A | fcPlcflvcNew | FC | | | LVC PLC (New View) This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2003 |
| 1374 | 55E | lcbPlcflvcNew | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1378 | 562 | fcPlcflvcNewInli ne | FC | | | LVC PLC (New Inline View) This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2003 |
| 1382 | 566 | <pre>lcbPlcflvcNewInl ine</pre> | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1386 | 56A | rgpgdbkd[3] | FCPGD | | | This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2003 |
| 1386 | 56A | fcpgdMother | FCPGD | | | This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2003 |
| 1410 | 582 | fcpgdFtn | FCPGD | | | This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2003 |
| 1434 | 59A | fcpgdEdn | FCPGD | | | This is an internal information cache used by Word. | Word 2003 |
| 1458 | 5B2 | fcAfd | FC | | | This is internal revision mark view information used by Word. | Word 2003 |
| 1462 | 5B6 | lcbAfd | ulong | | | Count of bytes for the above data. | Word 2003 |
| 1466 | 5BA | cswNew | Ushort | | | The number of entries in rgswNew[] | Word 2003 |
| 1468 | 5Bc | rgswNew[] | Ushort | | | Index to the following properties | Word 2003 |
| 1468 | 5Bc | nFib | Ushort | | | The actual nFib, moved here because some readers assumed they couldn't read any format with nFib > some constant | Word 2003 |
| 1470 | 5BE | cQuickSavesNew | Ushort | | | Because of the above, we need to use cQuickSaves to prevent Word 97 from quick saving to Word 2000 files | Word 2003 |

¹ Note: when ccpFtn==0 and ccpHdr==0 and ccpMcr==0 and ccpAtn==0 and ccpEdn==0 and ccpTxbx==0 and ccpHdrTxbx==0, then fib.fcMac=fib.fcMin+ fib.ccpText. If either ccpFtn!=0 or ccpHdd!=0 or ccpMcr!=0 or ccpAtn!=0 or ccpEdn!=0 or ccpMcr!=0 or ccpAtn!=0 or ccpEdn!=0 or ccpTxbx!=0 or ccpHdrTxbx==0, then fib.fcMac=fib.fcMin+fib.ccpText+fib.ccpFtn+fib.ccpHdd+fib.ccpMcr+fib.ccpAtn+fib.ccpEdn+ fib.ccpTxbx+fib.ccpHdrTxbx+1. The single character stored beginning at file position fib.fcMac-1 must always be a CR character (ASCII 13).

cbFIB (count of bytes of FIB) is 1472 (decimal), 5CO (hex).

Note If a table does not exist in the file, its cb in the FIB is zero and its fc is equal to that of the following table (the latter equality is irrelevant, as the cb should be used to determine existence of the table).

Footnote Reference Descriptor (FRD)

The FRD is stored in both the plcffndRef and the plcfendRef.

| (base 10) | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|----------|--|
| 0 | | nAuto | short | | If > 0, the note is an automatically numbered note, otherwise it has a custom mark |

Formatted Disk Page for CHPXs (CHPX FKP)

| Offset (base 10) | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------|--|
| 0 | | Rgfc | array of FCs | | Each ${\tt FC}$ is the limit ${\tt FC}$ of a run of exception text |
| 4*(fkp.crun+1) | rgb | array of bytes | | | An array of bytes where each byte is the word offset of a CHPX. If the byte stored is 0, there is no difference between run's character properties and the style's character properties. |
| 5*fkp.crun+4 | | unused space | | | As new runs/paragraphs are recorded in the FKP, unused space is reduced by 5 if CHPX is already recorded and is reduced by 5+sizeof(CHPX) if property is not already recorded. |
| 511-sizeof(grpchpx) | grpchp x | array of bytes | | | Grpchpx consists of all of the CHPXS stored in FKP concatenated end to end. Each CHPX is prefixed with a count of bytes which records its length. |
| 511 | | Crun | byte | | Count of runs for CHPX FKP |

The CHP is never stored in a Word file. It is derived by expanding stored CHPXs.

Formatted Disk Page for PAPXs (PAPX FKP)

| Offset (base 10) | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|-----------------------------|---------|----------------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | rgfc | FC[fkp.crun+1] | | | Each FC is the limit FC of a paragraph (i.e. points to the next character past an end of paragraph mark). There will be fkp.crun+1 recorded in the FKP. |
| 4*(fkp.cr un+1) | rgbx | BX[fkp.crun] | | | An array of the BX data structure. The ith BX entry in the array describes the paragraph beginning at fkp.rgfc[i]. The BX is a 13 byte data structure. The first byte of each BX is the word offset of the PAPX recorded for the paragraph corresponding to this BX. If the byte stored is 0, this represents a 1 line paragraph 15 pixels high with Normal style (stc == 0) whose column width is 7980 dxas. The last 12 bytes of the BX is a PHE structure which stores the current paragraph height for the paragraph corresponding to the BX. If a plcfphe has an entry that maps to the FC for this paragraph, that entry's PHE overrides the PHE stored in the FKP.11*fkp.crun+4 unused space. As new runs/paragraphs are recorded in the FKP, unused space is reduced by 17 if CHPX/PAPX is already recorded and is reduced by 17+sizeof (PAPX) if property is not already recorded. |
| 511-size of(grppa px) | grppapx | array of bytes | | | grppapx consists of all of the PAPXs stored in FKP concatenated end to end. Each PAPX begins with a count of words which records its length padded to a word boundary. |
| 511 | crun | Byte | | | Count of paragraphs for PAPX FKP. |

The PAP is never stored in a Word file. It is derived by expanding stored PAPXs.

Hyphenation (HRESI)

Substructure of the CHP. Referenced elsewhere in this document.

| b10 | b16 | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|-----|-----|--------|----------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | hres | Uns char | 1 | | Hyphenation rule 0 No hyphenation 1 Normal hyphenation 2 Add letter before hyphen 3 Change letter before hyphen 4 Delete letter before hyphen 5 Change letter after hyphen 6 Delete letter before the hyphen and change the letter preceding the deleted character |
| 1 | 1 | chHres | Uns char | 1 | | The character that will be used to add or change a letter when chp.ysr is 2,3, 5 or 6 |

List LeVeL (on File) (LVLF)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|---------------|----------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0x00 | iStartAt | Long | 4 | | Start at value for this list level |
| 4 | 0x04 | nfc | Byte | 1 | | Number format code (see anld.nfc for a list of options) |
| 5 | 0x05 | jc | uns char | :2 | 0x03 | Alignment (left, right, or centered) of the paragraph number. |
| | | fLegal | uns char | :1 | 0x04 | True (==1) if the level turns all inherited numbers to arabic, false if it preserves their number format code (nfc) |
| | | fNoRestart | uns char | :1 | 0x08 | True if the level's number sequence is not restarted by higher (more significant) levels in the list |
| | | fPrev | uns char | :1 | 0x10 | Word 6.0 compatibility option: equivalent to anld.fPrev (see ANLD) |
| | | fPrevSpace | uns char | :1 | 0x20 | Word 6.0 compatibility option: equivalent to anld.fPrevSpace (see ANLD) |
| | | fWord6 | uns char | :1 | 0x40 | True if this level was from a converted Word 6.0 document. If it is true, all of the Word 6.0 compatibility options become valid; otherwise they are ignored. |
| 6 | 0x06 | rgbxchNums[9] | Array | 9 | | Contains the character offsets into the LVL's XST of the inherited numbers of previous levels. This array should be zero terminated unless it is full (all 9 levels full). The XST contains place holders for any paragraph numbers contained in the text of the number, and the place holder contains the ilvl of the inherited number, so lvl.xst[lvl.rgbxchNums[0]] == the level of the first inherited number in this level. |
| 15 | 0x0F | ixchFollow | uns char | 1 | | The type of character following the number text for the paragraph: $0 == tab$, $1 == space$, $2 == nothing$. |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|-------|------|----------|---|
| 16 | 0x10 | dxaSpace | Long | 4 | | Word 6.0 compatibility option: equivalent to anld.dxaSpace (see ANLD). For newer versions indent to remove if we remove this numbering. |
| 20 | 0x14 | dxaIndent | Long | 4 | | Word 6.0 compatibility option: equivalent to anld.dxaIndent (see ANLD). Unused in newer versions. |
| 24 | 0x18 | cbGrpprlChpx | Byte | 1 | | Length, in bytes, of the ${\tt LVL}'\!s$ grpprlChpx |
| 25 | 0x19 | cbGrpprlPapx | Byte | 1 | | Length, in bytes, of the LVL's $grpprlPapx$ |
| 26 | 0x1A | ilvlRestartLi m | Uchar | 1 | | Limit of levels that we restart after |
| 27 | 0x1B | grfhic | Uchar | 1 | | HTML compatibility flags: |
| | | | | | | 0x01 Checked 0x02 The numbering sequence or format is unsupported (includes tab & size) 0x04 The list text is not "#." 0x080 Something other than a period is used 0x10 First line indent mismatch 0x20 The list tab and the dxaLeft don't match (need table?) 0x40 The hanging indent falls beneath the number (need plain text) 0x80 A built-in HTML bullet |

Line Spacing Descriptor (LSPD)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------------|-------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | dyaLine | short | | | See description of sprmPDyaLine for description of the meaning of dyaLine |
| 2 | 2 | fMultLinespace | short | | | See description of sprmPDyaLine in the Sprm Definitions section for description of the meaning of dyaLine and fMultLinespace fields |

cbLSPD (count of bytes of LSPD) is 4.

LiST Data (on File) (LSTF)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0x00 | lsid | long | 4 | | Unique List ID |
| 4 | 0x04 | tplc | long | 4 | | Unique template code |
| 8 | 0x08 | rgistd[9] | array | 18 | | Array of shorts containing the $istd's$ linked to each level of the list, or $istdNil$ (4095) if no style is linked. |
| 26 | 0x1A | fSimpleLis t | uns char | :1 | 0x01 | True if this is a simple (one-level) list; false if this is a multilevel (nine-level) list. |
| | | fRestartHd n | uns char | :1 | 0x02 | Word 6.0 compatibility option: true if the list should start numbering over at the beginning of each section |
| | | fAutoNum | uns char | :1 | 0x04 | To emulate Word 6.0 numbering: true if Auto numbering |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments | |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------|----------|------|----------|---|--|
| | | fPreRTF | uns char | :1 | 0x08 | When 1, this list was there before we started reading RTF | |
| | | fHybrid | uns char | :1 | 0x10 | When 1, list is a hybrid multilevel/simple (UI=simple, internal=multilevel) | |
| | | reserved | uns char | :3 | 0xE0 | Reserved | |
| 27 | 0x1B | grfhic | uns char | | | HTML compatibility flags: | |
| | | | | | | 0x01 Checked 0x02 The numbering sequence or format is unsupported (includes tab & size) 0x04 The list text is not "#." 0x080 Something other than a period is used 0x10 First line indent mismatch 0x20 The list tab and the dxaLeft don't match (need table?) 0x40 The hanging indent falls beneath the number (need plain text) 0x80 A built-in HTML bullet | |

List Format Override (LFO)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------------|----------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0x0 | lsid | long | 4 | | List ID of corresponding LSTF (see LSTF) |
| 4 | 0x4 | reserved | long | 4 | | Reserved |
| 8 | 0x8 | reserved | long | 4 | | Reserved |
| 12 | 0xC | clfolvl | uns char | 1 | | Count of levels whose format is overridden (see ${\tt LFOLVL})$ |
| 13 | 0xD | ibstFltAutoNum | uns char | 1 | | Used for AUTONUM field emulation |
| 14 | | grfhic | uns char | 1 | | HTML compatibility flags: |
| | | | | | | 0x01 Checked 0x02 The numbering sequence or format is unsupported (includes tab & size) 0x04 The list text is not "#." 0x080 Something other than a period is used 0x10 First line indent mismatch 0x20 The list tab and the dxaLeft don't match (need table?) 0x40 The hanging indent falls beneath the number (need plain text) 0x80 A built-in HTML bullet |
| 15 | | reserved | uns char | 1 | | Reserved |

List Format Override for a single LeVeL (LFOLVL)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | iStartAt | long | 4 | | Start-at value if fFormatting==false and fStartAt==true. (if fFormatting == true, the start- is stored in the LVL) |
| 4 | 4 | ilvl | uns long | :4 | 0x0F | The level to be overridden |
| | | fStartAt | uns long | :1 | 0×10 | True if the start-at value is overridden |
| | | fFormattin g | uns long | :1 | 0x20 | True if the formatting is overridden (in which case the ${\tt LFOLVL}$ should contain a pointer to a ${\tt LVL})$ |
| | | grfhic | uns long | :8 | 0x3FC0 | HTML compatibility flags: |
| | | | | 10 | | 0x01 Checked 0x02 The numbering sequence or format is unsupported (includes tab & size) 0x04 The list text is not "#." 0x080 Something other than a period is used 0x10 First line indent mismatch 0x20 The list tab and the dxaLeft don't match (need table?) 0x40 The hanging indent falls beneath the number (need plain text) 0x80 A built-in HTML bullet |
| | | reserved | uns long | :18 | | Reserved |

Outline LiST Data (OLST)

| b_{10} | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|----------|------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | rganlv[9] | ANLV | | | An array of 9 ANLV structures describing how heading numbers should be displayed for each of Word's 9 outline heading levels |
| 180 | B4 | fRestartHdr | uns char | | | When ==1, restart heading on section break |
| 181 | В5 | fSpareOlst2 | uns char | | | Reserved |
| 182 | В6 | fSpareOlst3 | uns char | | | Reserved |
| 183 | В7 | fSpareOlst4 | uns char | | | Reserved |
| 184 | В8 | rgxch[32] | array of 32 XCHARs | | | Text before/after number |

cbolst (count of bytes of olst) is 248(decimal), F8(hex).

Outline LiST Data for Word 97 (OLST80)

Same as OLST but rganlv[9] is of type ANLV80.

Number Revision Mark Data (NUMRM)

The <code>NUMRM</code> structure is used to track revision marking data for paragraph numbers, and is stored in the <code>PAP</code> for each numbered paragraph. When revision marking tracking is turned on, we fill out the <code>NUMRM</code> for each number with the data required to recreate the number's text. Then at display time, that string is compared with the current paragraph number string, and displayed as changed (old deleted, current inserted) if the strings differ. The string construction algorithm is the same as for an LVL structure.

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|---------------|-------------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | fNumRM | uns char | 1 | | True if this paragraph was numbered when revision mark tracking was turned on |
| 1 | 1 | Spare | uns char | 1 | | |
| 2 | 2 | ibstNumRM | short | 2 | | Index to author IDs stored in ${\tt hsttbfRMark}$ for the paragraph number change |
| 4 | 4 | dttmNumRM | DTTM | 4 | | Date of the paragraph number change |
| 8 | 8 | rgbxchNums[9] | uns char[9] | 9 | | Index into NUMRM.xst of the locations of paragraph number place holders for each level (see LVL.rgxchNums) |
| 17 | 11 | rgnfc[9] | uns char[9] | 9 | | Number format code for the paragraph number place holders for each level (see LVL.nfc) |
| 26 | 1A | Spare | short | 2 | | |
| 28 | 1C | PNBR | int [9] | 36 | | Numeric value for each level place holder in ${\tt NUMRM.xst.}$ |
| 64 | 40 | xst | XCHAR[32] | 64 | | The text string for the paragraph number, containing level place holders |

cbNUMRM (count of bytes of NUMRM) is 128 (decimal), 80 (hex).

Page Descriptor (PGD)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|---------------|-------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | * | short | :4 | 000F | |
| | | fGhost | short | :2 | 0030 | Redefine fEmptyPage and fAllFtn. true when blank page or footnote only page |
| | | * | short | :10 | FFC0 | |
| 0 | 0 | fContinue | short | :1 | 0001 | When 1, footnote is continued from previous page |
| | | fUnk | short | :1 | 0002 | When 1, page is dirty (i.e. pagination cannot be trusted) |
| | | fRight | short | :1 | 0004 | When 1, right hand side page |
| | | fPgnRestart | short | :1 | 8000 | When 1, page number must be reset to 1 |
| | | fEmptyPage | short | :1 | 0010 | When 1, section break forced page to be empty. |
| | | fAllFtn | short | :1 | 0020 | When 1, page contains nothing but footnotes |
| | | | short | :1 | 0040 | Unused |
| | | fTableBreaks | short | :1 | 0800 | Table breaks have been calculated for this page |
| | | fMarked | short | :1 | 0100 | Used temporarily while word is running |
| | | fColumnBreaks | short | :1 | 0200 | Column breaks have been calculated for this page |
| | | fTableHeader | short | :1 | 0400 | Page had a table header at the end |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|-----------------|------------------------|----------|-----------|------|----------|---|
| | | fNewPage | short | :1 | 0800 | Page has never been valid since created, must recalculate the bounds of this page. If this is the last page, this PGD may really represent many pages |
| | | bkc | short | :4 | F000 | Section break code |
| 2 | 2 | lnn | uns short | | | Line number of first line, -1 if no line numbering |
| 4 | 4 | pgn | uns short | | | Page number as printed |
| 6 | 6 | dym | long | | | Height of page for online view |
| 10 | Α | dxm | long | | | Width of page for web view |
| 14 | Е | dyaPage | long | | | Page height for web or page view |

cbPGD (count of bytes of PGD) is 18.

Paragraph Height (PHE)

The PHE is a substructure of the PAP and the PAPX FKP and is also stored in the PLCFPHE.

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------|-------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | fVolatile | short | :1 | 0001 | Complex shape layout in this paragraph |
| | | fUnk | short | :1 | 0002 | PHE entry is invalid when == 1 |
| | | fDiffLines | short | :1 | 0004 | When 1, total height of paragraph is known but lines in paragraph have different heights |
| | | * | short | :5 | 00F8 | Reserved |
| | | clMac | short | :8 | FF00 | When ${\tt fDiffLines}$ is 0 is number of lines in paragraph |
| 2 | 2 | | short | | | Reserved |
| 4 | 4 | dxaCol | long | | | Width of lines in paragraph |
| 8 | 8 | dymLine | long | | | When ${\tt fDiffLines}$ is 0, is height of every line in paragraph in pixels |
| 8 | 8 | dymHeight | long | | | When fDiffLines is 1, is the total height in pixels of the paragraph |

If the PHE is stored in a PAP whose fTtp field is set (non-zero), the following structure is used:

| $\mathbf{b_{10}}$ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|-------------------|------------------------|----------------|-------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | fSpare | short | :1 | 0001 | Reserved |
| | | fUnk | short | :1 | 0002 | PHE entry is invalid when == 1 |
| | | dcpTtpNext | short | :30 | | If $not == 0$, used as a hint when finding the next row |
| 4 | 4 | dxaCol | long | | | |
| 8 | 8 | dymTableHeight | long | | | Height of table row |

cbPHE (the count of bytes of PHE) is 12.

If there is no paragraph height information stored for a paragraph, all of the fields in the PHE are set to 0. If a paragraph contains more than 127 lines, the clMac, dylLine variant cannot be used, so fDiffLines must be set to 1 and the total size of the paragraph stored in dylHeight. If a paragraph height is greater than 32767 twips, the height cannot be represented by a PHE so all fields of the PHE must be set to 0.

If a new Word file is created, the PHE of every papx fkp entry created to describe the paragraphs of the file should be set to 0. If a Word file is altered in place (a character of the file changed to a new character or a property changed), the paragraph containing the change must have its papx.phe field set to 0. If this paragraph is in a table row, the PHE in the papx at the end of the row (indicated by fintable) must also be set to 0.

Paragraph Properties (PAP)

The PAP is never written to a file. Word only writes the SPRMs that modify their respective properties. From them one can build a the collection of paragraph properties. For this reason offsets into the structure are not listed

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|------------------|---------------|------|--|
| istd | ushort | 2 | Index to style descriptor. This is an index to an ${\tt STD}$ in the ${\tt STSH}$ structure. |
| fSideBySide | uchar | 1 | When 1, paragraph is a side by side paragraph |
| spare1 | uchar | 1 | Unused |
| fKeep | uchar | 1 | Keep entire paragraph on one page if possible |
| fKeepFollow | uchar | 1 | Keep paragraph on same page with next paragraph if possible |
| fPageBreakBefore | uchar | 1 | Start this paragraph on new page |
| brcl | uchar | 1 | Border line style |
| brcp | uchar | 1 | 0 single1 thick2 double3 shadowRectangle border codes |
| | | | 0 none 1 border above 2 border below 15 box around 16 bar to left of paragraph |
| ilvl | uchar | 1 | When non-zero, list level for this paragraph |
| ilfo | uchar | 1 | When non-zero, (1-based) index into the pllfo identifying the list to which the paragraph belongs |
| fNoLnn | uchar | 1 | No line numbering for this paragraph. (makes this an exception to the section property of line numbering) |
| nLvlAnm | uchar | 1 | Unused |
| lspd | LSPD | 4 | Line spacing descriptor for the paragraph |
| dyaBefore | Unsigned long | 4 | Space before paragraph (unsigned) |
| dyaAfter | Unsigned long | 4 | Space after paragraph (unsigned) |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|------------------|----------------------|------|--|
| finTableW97 | uchar | 1 | Paragraph is in table (archaic) |
| fTtp | uchar | 1 | Table trailer paragraph (last paragraph in table row) |
| swUnused2 | short | 2 | Unused |
| dxaAbs | long | 4 | When positive, is the horizontal distance from the reference frame specified by pap.pcHorz. 0 means paragraph is positioned at the left with respect to the reference frame specified by pcHorz. Certain negative values have special meaning: -4 paragraph centered horizontally within reference frame -8 paragraph adjusted right within reference frame -12 paragraph placed immediately inside of reference frame -16 paragraph placed immediately outside of reference frame |
| dyaAbs | long | 4 | When positive, is the vertical distance from the reference frame specified by pap.pcVert. 0 means paragraph's y-position is unconstrained. Certain negative values have special meaning: -4 paragraph is placed at top of reference frame -8 paragraph is centered vertically within reference frame -12 paragraph is placed at bottom of reference frame |
| dxaWidth | long | 4 | When not == 0, paragraph is constrained to be dxaWidth wide, independent of current margin or column settings |
| fBrLnAbove | uns char | :1 | |
| fBrLnBelow | uns char | :1 | |
| fUnused | uns char | :2 | Unused |
| pcVert pchorz | uns char uns char | :2 | Vertical position code. Specifies coordinate frame to use when paragraphs are absolutely positioned. O vertical position coordinates are relative to margin coordinates are relative to page coordinates are relative to text. This means: relative to where the next non-APO text would have been placed if this APO did not exist. Horizontal position code. Specifies coordinate frame to use when paragraphs are absolutely positioned. horizontal position coordinates are relative to column. coordinates are relative to margin coordinates are relative to page |
| unused | uns char | :8 | Unused |
| Wr | BYTE | 1 | Wrap code for absolute objects |
| fNoAutoHyph | uchar | 1 | When 0, text in paragraph may be auto hyphenated |
| wHeightAbs | ushort | 2 | Height when 0 == Auto |
| dyaHeight | | :15 | Height of abs obj; 0 == Auto |
| fMinHeight | | :1 | Minimum height is exact or auto: |
| | | | 0 = Exact |
| | | | 1 = At Least |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|------------------|-----------|------|--|
| dcs | DCS | 2 | Drop cap specifier |
| dyaFromText | long | 4 | Vertical distance between text and absolutely positioned object |
| dxaFromText | long | 4 | Horizontal distance between text and absolutely positioned object |
| fLocked | BYTE | 1 | Anchor of an absolutely positioned frame is locked |
| fWidowControl | uchar | 1 | When 1, Word will prevent widowed lines in this paragraph from being placed at the beginning of a page |
| fKinsoku | uns char | 1 | When 1, apply Kinsoku rules when performing line wrapping |
| fWordWrap | uns char | 1 | When 1, perform word wrap |
| fOverflowPunct | uns char | 1 | When 1, apply overflow punctuation rules when performing line wrapping |
| fTopLinePunct | uns char | 1 | When 1, perform top line punctuation processing |
| fAutoSpaceDE | uns char | 1 | When 1, auto space East Asian and alphabetic characters |
| fAtuoSpaceDN | uns char | 1 | When 1, auto space East Asian and numeric characters |
| wAlignFont | uns short | 2 | Font alignment |
| | | | 0 Hanging1 Centered2 Roman3 Variable4 Auto |
| fVertical | short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fBackward | short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| fRotateFont | short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| empty | short | :13 | Reserved |
| iSnapBaseLine | uchar | 1 | Unused |
| lvl | char | 1 | Outline level |
| fBiDi | uchar | 1 | Text flows right to left. |
| fNumRMins | uchar | 1 | Paragraph number is inserted (only valid if pap.numrm.fNumRM is 0) |
| fCrLf | uchar | 1 | Used internally |
| fUsePgsuSettings | uchar | 1 | Use Page Setup Line Pitch |
| fAdjustRight | uchar | 1 | Adjust right margin |
| fUnused2 | uchar | 1 | Unused |
| itap | long | 4 | Table nesting level |
| fInnerTableCell | uchar | 1 | When 1, the end of paragraph mark is really an end of cell mark for a nested table cell |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|----------------------|----------------------|------|--|
| fOpenTch | uchar | 1 | Ensure the Table Cell char doesn't show up as zero height |
| dxcRight | short | 2 | Right indent in character units |
| dxcLeft | short | 2 | Left indent in character units |
| dxcLeft1 | short | 2 | First line indent in character units |
| dylBefore | short | 2 | Vertical spacing before paragraph in character units |
| dylAfter | short | 2 | Vertical spacing after paragraph in character units |
| fDyaBeforeAuto | uchar | 1 | Vertical spacing before is automatic |
| fDyaAfterAuto | uchar | 1 | Vertical spacing after is automatic |
| dxaRight | long | 4 | Word 97: indent from right margin |
| | | | Word 2000: indent from right margin (signed) for left-to-right text; from left margin for right-to-left text |
| dxaLeft | long | 4 | Word 97: indent from left margin (signed) |
| | | | Word 2000: indent from left margin (signed) for left-to-right text; from right margin for right-to-left text |
| dxaLeft1 | long | 4 | First line indent; signed number relative to ${\tt dxaLeft}$ |
| jc | uchar | 1 | Justification code |
| fNoAllowOverlap | uchar | 1 | 0 left justify 1 center 2 right justify 3 left and right justify 4 distributed 5 Medium 6 List tab 7 High 8 Low 9 Thai distributed Justification in Word 2000 and above is relative to text direction (for example, left is left for left-to-right text and right for right-to-left text). When 1, absolutely positioned paragraph cannot overlap with another paragraph |
| | BRC[cbrcParaBorders] | 48 | Array of borders |
| s] brcTop | BRC | 8 | Specification for border above paragraph |
| brcLeft | BRC | 8 | Specification for border to the left of paragraph |
| brcBottom | BRC | 8 | Specification for border below paragraph |
| brcRight | BRC | 8 | Specification for border to the right of paragraph |
| brcBetween brcBar | BRC | 8 | Specification of border to place between conforming paragraphs. Two paragraphs conform when both have borders, their brcleft and brcRight matches, their widths are the same, they both belong to tables or both do not, and have the same absolute positioning props. |
| DICDAL | BRC | 8 | Specification of border to place on outside of text when facing pages are to be displayed |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|-------------------|------------------|------|---|
| shd | SHD | 10 | Paragraph shading |
| anld | ANLD | 88 | Word 6.0 paragraph numbering |
| phe | PHE | 12 | Height of current paragraph. |
| fPropRMark | Uns short | 2 | When 1, properties have been changed with revision marking on |
| ibstPropRMark | IBST | 2 | Index to author IDs stored in ${\tt hsttbfRMark}$. Used when properties have been changed when revision marking was enabled |
| dttmPropRMark | DTTM | 4 | Date/time at which properties of this were changed for this run of text by the author. (Only recorded when revision marking is on.) |
| fCharLineUnits | uchar | 1 | Used internally by Word |
| fFrpTap | uchar | 1 | Used internally by Word |
| dxaFromTextRight | long | 4 | Used internally by Word |
| dyaFromTextBottom | long | 4 | Used internally by Word |
| lfrp | long | 4 | Used internally by Word |
| itbdMac | short | 2 | Number of tabs stops defined for paragraph. Must be $>=$ 0 and $<=$ 64. |
| rgdxaTab[itbdMax] | short[itbdMax] | 128 | Array of positions of itbdMac tab stops. $itbdMax == 64$ |
| rgtbd[itbdMax] | TBD[itbdMax] | 64 | Array of itbdMac tab descriptors |
| numrm | NUMRM | 128 | Paragraph numbering revision mark data (see ${\tt NUMRM})$ |
| ptap | Pointer to a TAP | 4 | Used internally by Word |

The following properties were added in Word 2002:

| fNoAllowOverlap | uchar | 1 | When 1, absolutely positioned paragraph cannot overlap with another paragraph |
|--------------------|-------------|---|---|
| ipgp | ulong | 4 | HTML DIV ID for this paragraph |
| rsid | RSID (long) | 4 | Save ID for last time this ${\tt PAP}$ was revised |
| | | | Random number associated with paragraph formatting which improves the accuracy of Word's document merge feature |
| istdList | ushort | 2 | Paragraph List Style |
| fContextualSpacing | uchar | 1 | Ignore the space before/after properties between paragraphs of the same style |
| fHasOldProps | uchar | 1 | Used for paragraph property revision marking. The pap at the time ${\tt fHasOldProps}$ is set to 1, the is the old pap. |
| rpf | RPF | 1 | revision pane flags |
| hplcnf | HPL | 4 | Conditional paragraph properties |

yfti YFTI 13 information about the last table autofit conditional results

The standard PAP is all zeros except:

fWidowControl 1
fMultLineSpace 1

dyaLine 240 twips

Lvl 9

Paragraph Property Exceptions (PAPX)

The PAPX is stored within FKPs and within the STSH.

| b ₁₀ | b_{16} | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | cb | byte | | | Count of bytes of following data in PAPX. The first byte of a PAPX is a count of bytes when a PAPX is stored in a STSH. Count of bytes is used because only paragraph sprms are stored in a STSH PAPX. |
| 0 | 0 | CW | byte | | | Count of words for this byte and the following data in PAPX. The first byte of a PAPX is a count of words when PAPX is stored in an FKP. If this value is 0, it is a 'pad' byte and the count is stored in the following byte, Count of words is used because PAPX in an FKP can contain paragraph and table sprms. |
| 1 | 1 | (CW) | byte | | | If previous byte is 0, this is the count of words of following data in PAPX (not including this and previous 'pad' byte) |
| 1/2 | 1/2 | istd | uns short | | | Index to style descriptor of the style from which the paragraph inherits its paragraph and character properties |
| 3/4 | 3/4 | grppr 1 | character array | | | A list of the sprms that encode the differences between PAP for a paragraph and the PAP for the style used. When a paragraph bound is also the end of a table row, the PAPX also contains a list of table sprms which express the difference of table row's TAP from an empty TAP that has been cleared to zeros. The table sprms are recorded in the list after all of the paragraph sprms. See sprms definitions for list of sprms that are used in PAPXs. |

For calculating papx.cw when storing in an FKP: For even-sized grpprls, the grpprl plus the istd and cw bytes will be an even number of bytes, so we store the count of words for all three elements in papx.cw. For odd-sized grpprls, the three elements will be an odd number of bytes, which can't be represented with a count of words; so, we store a 'pad' byte of 0 at the beginning (in the normal cw location), followed by a count that is the size of the grpprl and istd byte only (since that's an even number of bytes). In either case, papx.cw is immediately followed by the istd and grpprl.

Picture Bullet Information (PBI)

Used within the CHP structure.

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------|----------------|------|----------|------------------------|
| 0 | 0 | fPicBullet | unsigned short | :1 | | It is a picture bullet |

| b_{10} | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|----------|------------------------|------------|----------------|------|----------|-------------------------------------|
| | | fNoAutoSiz | unsigned short | :1 | | Do not auto size the picture bullet |
| | | е | | | | |
| | | fDefaultPi | unsigned short | :1 | | This is the default picture bullet |
| | | С | • | | | · |
| | | fTemporary | unsigned short | :1 | | |
| | | unused | unsigned short | :11 | | Not used |
| | | | • | | | |
| | | fFormattin | unsigned short | :1 | | Not used. Always set to 0. |
| | | g | | | | |
| 2 | 2 | iBullet | CP | 4 | | Character position |

Picture Descriptor (on File) (PICF)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------|----------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | 1cb | long | | | Number of bytes in the PIC structure plus size of following picture data which may be a Window's metafile, a bitmap, or the filename of a TIFF file. In the case of a Macintosh PICT picture, this includes the size of the PIC, the standard "x" metafile, and the Macintosh PICT data. See Appendix B for more information. |
| 4 | 4 | cbHeader | unsigned | | | Number of bytes in the $\mbox{\tt PIC}$ (to allow for future expansion). |
| 6 | 6 | mfp.mm | short | | | |
| 8 | 8 | mfp.xExt | short | | | |
| 10 | Α | mfp.yExt | short | | | |
| 12 | С | mfp.hMF | short | | | |

If a Windows metafile is stored immediately following the PIC structure, the mfp is a Window's METAFILEPICT structure. See

http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms649017(VS.85).aspx for more information about the METAFILEPICT structure and

http://download.microsoft.com/download/0/B/E/0BE8BDD7-E5E8-422A-ABFD-4342ED7AD8 86/WindowsMetafileFormat(wmf)Specification.pdf for Windows Metafile Format specification.

When the data immediately following the PIC is a TIFF filename, mfp.mm==98 If a bitmap is stored after the pic, mfp.mm==99.

When the PIC describes a bitmap, mfp.xExt is the width of the bitmap in pixels and mfp.yExt is the height of the bitmap in pixels.

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|------|----------|--|
| 14 | Е | bm | BITMAP(14 bytes) | | | Window's bitmap structure when PIC describes a BITMAP |
| 14 | E | rcWinMF | rc (rectangle - 8 bytes) | | | Rectangle for window origin and extents when metafile is stored ignored if 0 |
| 28 | 1C | dxaGoal | short | | | Horizontal measurement in twips of the rectangle the picture should be imaged within |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|---------|-------|---------------|--|
| 30 | 1E | dyaGoal | short | | Vertical measurement in twips of the rectangle |
| | | | | | the picture should be imaged within |

when scaling bitmaps, <code>dxaGoal</code> and <code>dyaGoal</code> may be ignored if the operation would cause the bitmap to shrink or grow by a non -power-of-two factor.

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------|-----------|---------------|---|
| 32 | 20 | mx | uns short | | Horizontal scaling factor supplied by user expressed in .001% units |
| 34 | 22 | my | uns short | | Vertical scaling factor supplied by user expressed in .001% units |

For all of the Crop values, a positive measurement means the specified border was moved inward from its original setting and a negative measurement means the border was moved outward from its original setting.

| $\mathbf{b_{10}}$ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|-------------------|------------------------|---------------|-------|------|----------|---|
| 36 | 24 | dxaCropLeft | short | | | The amount the picture has been cropped on the left in twips |
| 38 | 26 | dyaCropTop | short | | | The amount the picture has been cropped on the top in twips |
| 40 | 28 | dxaCropRight | short | | | The amount the picture has been cropped on the right in twips |
| 42 | 2A | dyaCropBottom | short | | | The amount the picture has been cropped on the bottom in twips |
| 44 | 2C | brcl | short | :4 | 000F | Obsolete, superseded by brcTop, etc. In WinWord 1.x, it was the type of border to place around picture 0 single 1 thick 2 double 3 shadow |
| | | fFrameEmpty | short | :1 | 0010 | Picture consists of a single frame |
| | | fBitmap | short | :1 | 0020 | ==1, when picture is just a bitmap |
| | | fDrawHatch | short | :1 | 0040 | ==1, when picture is an active OLE object |
| | | fError | short | :1 | 0800 | ==1, when picture is just an error message |
| | | bpp | short | :8 | | Bits per pixel 0 unknown 1 monochrome 4 VGA |
| 46 | 2E | brcTop | BRC | | | Specification for border above picture |
| 54 | 36 | brcLeft | BRC | | | Specification for border to the left of picture |
| 62 | 3E | brcBottom | BRC | | | Specification for border below picture |
| 70 | 46 | brcRight | BRC | | | Specification for border to the right of picture |
| 78 | 4E | dxaOrigin | short | | | Horizontal offset of hand annotation origin |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|-----------|-------|------|----------|--|
| 80 | 50 | dyaOrigin | short | | | Vertical offset of hand annotation origin |
| 82 | 52 | cProps | short | | | Unused |
| 84 | 54 | rgb | | | | Variable array of bytes containing Window's metafile, bitmap or TIFF file filename |

Piece Descriptor (PCD)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------------|-----------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | fNoParaLast | Uns short | :1 | 0001 | When 1, means that piece contains no end of paragraph marks |
| | | fPaphNil | Uns short | :1 | 0002 | Used internally by Word |
| | | fDirty | Uns short | :1 | 0004 | Used internally by Word |
| | | * | Uns short | :1 | | |
| 1 | 1 | fn | Uns short | :12 | FF00 | Used internally by Word |
| 2 | 2 | fc | FC | | | File offset of beginning of piece. The size of the ith piece can be determined by subtracting $rgcp[i]$ of the containing $plcfpcd$ from its $rgcp[i+1]$. |
| 6 | 6 | prm | PRM | | | Contains either a single sprm or else an index number of the grpprl which contains the sprms that modify the properties of the piece |

cbPCD (count of bytes of PCD) is 8.

Plex of CPs stored in File (PLCF)

| Offset (in decimal) | Field | Туре | Comment |
|---------------------|--------------|----------|---|
| 0 | rgfc | FC[] | The size of PLCF is cb and the size of the structure stored in plc is cbStruct, then the number of structure instances stored in PLCF, iMac is given by (cb -4)/(4 + cbStruct). The number of FCs stored in the PLCF will be iMac + 1. |
| 4*(iMac+1) | rgstruc t | struct[] | Array of some arbitrary structure |

cbPLC (count of bytes of a PLC) is iMac(4+cbStruct)+4.

Property Modifier(variant 1) (PRM)

The PRM has two variants. In the first variant, the PRM records a single ${\tt sprm}$ with a bit- or byte-sized operand.

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------|-------|------|----------|-------------------------------|
| 0 | 0 | fComplex | short | :1 | 0001 | Set to 0 for variant 1 |
| | | isprm | short | :7 | 00FE | Index to entry into rgsprmPrm |
| | | val | short | :8 | FF00 | sprm's operand |

cbPRM (count of bytes of PRM) is 2.

Property Modifier(variant 2) (PRM)

In the second variant, prm.fComplex is 1, and the rest of the structure records an index to a grpprl stored in the CLX (described in **Complex File Format** topic).

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|------------------------|------------------------|----------|-------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | fComplex | short | :1 | 0001 | Set to 1 for variant 2 |
| | | igrpprl | short | :15 | FFFE | Index to a grpprl stored in CLX portion of file |

cbPRM (count of bytes of PRM) is 2.

Routing Slip (RS)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------------|-------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | fRouted | short | | | When 1, document has been routed to at least one recipient |
| 2 | 2 | fReturnOrig | short | | | When 1, document should be routed to the originator after it has been routed to all recipients |
| 4 | 4 | fTrackStatus | short | | | When 1, a status message is sent to the originator each time the document is forwarded to a recipient on the routing list |
| 6 | 6 | fDirty | short | | | Unused(should be 0) |
| 8 | 8 | nProtect | short | | | Document protection while routing: 0 recipients can make changes to the document and all changes are untracked. 1 recipients can add annotations and make changes to the document. Any changes are tracked by revision marks, and revision marking cannot be turned off. 2 recipients can only add annotations to the document. 3 recipients can enter information only in form fields. |
| 10 | Α | iStage | short | | | Index of the current recipient |
| 12 | С | delOption | short | | | When 0, document is routed to each recipient in turn. when 1, document is routed to all recipients simultaneously |
| 14 | Е | cRecip | short | | | Count of recipients |

cbRS (count of bytes of RS) is 16 (decimal), 10 (hex).

Routing Recipient (RR)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|-----------------|-----------|-------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | cb | short | | | Count of bytes of private system data |
| 2 | 2 | cbSzRecip | short | | | Count of bytes in recipient string (including null terminator) |

cbRR (count of bytes of RR) is 4.

Section Descriptor (SED)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|-----------------|--------|-------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | fn | short | | | Used internally by Word |
| 2 | 2 | fcSepx | FC | | | File offset in main stream to beginning of SEPX stored for section. If $sed.fcSepx==0xFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFFF$ |
| 6 | 6 | fnMpr | short | | | Used internally by Word |
| 8 | 8 | fcMpr | FC | | | Points to offset in FC space of main stream where the Macintosh Print Record for a document created on a Macintosh will be stored |

cbSED (count of bytes of SED) is 12 (decimal), C (hex).

Section Properties (SEP)

Note: offsets are not provided for this structure because it is not written to a file. Only Section SPRMs from the collection of section properties can be constructed with total flexibility.

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|-------------|----------|------|--|
| bke | uns char | | Break code: 0 No break 1 New column 2 New page 3 Even page 4 Odd page |
| fTitlePage | uns char | | Set to 1 when a title page is to be displayed |
| fAutoPgn | char | | Only for Macintosh compatibility, used only during open, when 1, sep.dxaPgn and sep.dyaPgn are valid page number locations |
| nfcPgn | uns char | | Page number format code: 0 Arabic 1 Roman (upper case) 2 Roman (lower case) 3 Letter (upper case) 4 Letter (lower case) |
| fUnlocked | uns char | | Set to 1, when a section in a locked document is unlocked |
| cnsPgn | uns char | | Chapter number separator for page numbers |
| fPgnRestart | uns char | | Set to 1 when page numbering should be restarted at the beginning of this section $ \\$ |
| fEndNote | uns char | | When 1, footnotes placed at end of section. When 0, footnotes are placed at bottom of page. |

| Field | Type Size | e Comments |
|-----------------------|-----------|--|
| lnc grpfIhdtSepOld | char | Line numbering code: 0 Per page 1 Restart 2 Continue Consideration of which benders and feeters are included in this |
| grprinatsepora | char | Specification of which headers and footers are included in this section. See explanation in Headers and Footers topic. No longer used. |
| nLnnMod | uns short | If 0, no line numbering, otherwise this is the line number modulus (e.g. if $nLnnMod$ is 5, line numbers appear on line 5, 10, etc.) |
| dxaLnn | long | Distance of |
| dxaPgn | short | When $fAutoPgn ==1$, gives the x position of auto page number on page in twips (for Macintosh compatibility only) |
| dyaPgn | short | When $fAutoPgn ==1$, gives the y position of auto page number on page in twips (for Macintosh compatibility only) |
| fLBetween | char | When ==1, draw vertical lines between columns |
| dmBinFirst | uns short | Bin number supplied from windows printer driver indicating which bin the first page of section will be printed |
| dmBinOther | uns short | Bin number supplied from windows printer driver indicating which bin the pages other than the first page of section will be printed |
| dmPaperReq | uns short | dmPaper code for form selected by user |
| fPropRMark | short | When 1, properties have been changed with revision marking on |
| ibstPropRMark | short | Index to author IDs stored in hsttbfRMark. used when properties have been changed when revision marking was enabled |
| dttmPropRMark | DTTM | Date/time at which properties of this were changed for this run of text by the author. (Only recorded when revision marking is on.) |
| dxtCharSpace | long | How big is a character grid unit (East Asian) |
| dyaLinePitch | long | Line pitch: How tall a grid unit is up/down |
| clm | uns short | Grid description: 0=default 1=Chars and line 2=Lines Only 3=Enforce Grid |
| dmOrientPage | uns char | Orientation of pages in that section. Set to 0 when portrait, 1 when landscape. |
| iHeadingPgn | uns char | Heading number level for page number |
| pgnStart | uns short | User specified starting page number |
| lnnMin | short | Beginning line number for section |
| pgbProp | short | Page border properties |
| pgbApplyTo | short :3 | Page border applies to: 0 all pages in this section 1 first page in this section 2 all pages in this section but first 3 whole document (all sections) |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|------|---|
| pgbPageDepth | short | :2 | Page border depth: 0 in front 1 in back |
| pgbOffsetFrom | short | :3 | Page border offset from: 0 offset from text 1 offset from edge of page |
| xaPage | uns long | | Width of page default value is 12240 twips |
| yaPage | uns long | | Height of page default value is 15840 twips |
| xaPageNUp | uns long | | Used internally by Word |
| yaPageNUp | uns long | | Used internally by Word |
| wTextFlow | uns short | | Text flow: 0 = Horizontal with no @ fonts 1 = Top to Bottom with @ fonts 2 = Bottom to Top with no @ fonts 3 = Top to Bottom with no @ fonts 4 = Horizontal with @ fonts 5 = Vertical with no @ fonts |
| dxaLeft | uns long | | Left margin default value is 1800 twips |
| dxaRight | uns long | | Right margin default value is 1800 twips |
| dyaTop | long | | Top margindefault value is 1440 twips |
| dyaBottom | long | | Bottom margin default value is 1440 twips |
| dzaGutter | uns long | | Gutter width default value is 0 twips |
| dyaHdrTop | uns long | | Y position of top header measured from top edge of page |
| dyaHdrBottom | uns long | | Y position of bottom header measured from top edge of page |
| ccolM1 | short | | Number of columns in section - 1 |
| fEvenlySpaced . | char | | When == 1, columns are evenly spaced. Default value is 1. |
| vjc dxaColumns | char | | Vertical justification code: 0 top justified 1 centered 2 fully justified vertically 3 bottom justified Distance that will be maintained between columns |
| fBiDi | uns char | | When 1, section direction is right-to-left |
| fFacingCol | uns char | | When 1, section has facing columns |
| fRTLGutter | uns char | | When 1, section has a right-to-left gutter |
| fRTLAlignment | uns char | | When 1, section has right-to-left alignment |
| rgdxaColumnWidthSpacing array of XA | | | Array of 89 longs that determine bounds of irregular width columns |
| dxaColumnWidth | long | | Used internally by Word |
| dmOrientFirst | uns char | | Page orientation: 1 Portrait 2 Landscape 3 Mixed |
| brcTop | BRC | | Top page border |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|--------------|----------------|------|---|
| brcLeft | BRC | | Left page border |
| brcBottom | BRC | | Bottom page border |
| brcRight | BRC | | Right page border |
| olstAnm | OLST | | Multilevel auto numbering list data (see OLST definition) |
| fHasOldProps | uchar | 1 | Used for section property revision marking. The sep at the time ${\tt fHasOldProps}$ is set to 1, the is the old sep. |
| rsid | RSDI (long) | 4 | a random number associated with section formatting which improves the accuracy of Word's document merging. |
| fpc | FPC | 1 | Footnote position code 0 print as endnotes 1 print at bottom of page 2 print immediately beneath text |
| fncFtn | RNC | 1 | Restart footnote number code 0 don't restart endnote numbering 1 restart for each section 2 restart for each page |
| epc | ерс | 1 | Endnote position code 0 display endnotes at end of section 3 display endnotes at end of document |
| rncEdn | rnc | 1 | Restart endnote number code 0 don't restart endnote numbering 1 restart for each section 2 restart for each page |
| nFtn | ushort | 2 | starting footnote number |
| nfcFtnRef | nfc | 2 | number format for footnote references |
| | (short) | | See Number Format Table under Document Properties (DOP) |
| nEdn | ushort | 2 | starting endnote number |
| nfcEdnRef | nfc | 2 | number format for endnote references |
| | (short) | | See Number Format Table under Document Properties (DOP) |

The standard ${\tt SEP}$ is all zeros except as follows:

| b. | kc | 2 | (new | page |) |
|----|----|---|------|------|---|
|----|----|---|------|------|---|

dyaPgn 720 twips (equivalent to .5 in)

dxaPgn 720 twips fEndnote 1 (True) fEvenlySpaced 1 (True) xaPage 12240 twips yaPage 15840 twips xaPageNUp 12240 twips yaPageNUp 15840 twips dyaHdrTop 720 twips dyaHdrBottom 720 twips

dmOrientPage 1 (portrait orientation)
dxaColumns 720 twips
dyaTop 1440 twips
dxaLeft 1800 twips
dyaBottom 1440 twips
dxaRight 1800 twips
pgnStart 1

Section Property Exceptions (SEPX)

| b_{10} | b_{16} | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comment |
|----------|----------|-------|-----------|--------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | cb | uns short | | | Count of bytes in remainder of SEPX |
| | 2 | 2 | grpprl | char[] | | List of sprms that encodes the differences between the properties of a section and Word's default section properties |

Shading Descriptor (SHD)

The SHD is a substructure of the CHP, PAP, and TC for Word 2000.

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------|-----------|------|--|
| 0 | 0 | cvFore | COLORREF | 4 | 24-bit foreground color |
| 4 | 4 | cvBack | COLORREF | 4 | 24-bit background color |
| 8 | 8 | ipat | uns short | 2 | Shading pattern (see ipat table below) |

Shading Descriptor for Word 97 (SHD80)

The SHD80 is a substructure of the CHP and PAP, and TC for Word 97.

| b_{10} | b_{16} | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments | | | |
|----------|------------|----------------|-------|------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| 0 | 0 | icoFore | short | :5 | 001F | Foreground color (see chp.ico) | | | |
| | | icoBack | short | :5 | 03E0 | Background color (see chp.ico) | | | |
| | | ipat | short | :6 | FC00 | Shading pattern (see ipat table below) | | | |
| ipat | Patte | rn | | | | | | | |
| 0 | Autom | natic | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Solid | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 5 Perc | ent | | | | | | | |
| 3 | 10 Per | cent | | | | | | | |
| 4 | 20 Per | cent | | | | | | | |
| 5 | 25 Per | cent | | | | | | | |
| 6 | 30 Per | cent | | | | | | | |
| 7 | 40 Per | cent | | | | | | | |
| 8 | 50 Percent | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | 60 Per | cent | | | | | | | |
| 10 | 70 Per | rcent | | | | | | | |
| 11 | 75 Per | rcent | | | | | | | |
| 12 | 80 Per | cent | | | | | | | |
| 13 | 90 Per | rcent | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Dark H | Horizontal | | | | | | | |
| 15 | Dark \ | /ertical | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Dark F | orward Diago | nal | | | | | | |
| 17 | Dark E | Backward Diag | jonal | | | | | | |
| 18 | Dark (| Cross | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Dark [| Diagonal Cross | 5 | | | | | | |
| 20 | Horizo | ntal | | | | | | | |
| 21 | Vertica | al | | | | | | | |
| 22 | Forwa | rd Diagonal | | | | | | | |
| 23 | Backw | ard Diagonal | | | | | | | |
| 24 | Cross | | | | | | | | |
| 25 | Diago | nal Cross | | | | | | | |
| 35 | 2.5 Pe | ercent | | | | | | | |
| 36 | 7.5 Pe | ercent | | | | | | | |
| 37 | 12.5 P | Percent | | | | | | | |
| 38 | 15 Per | rcent | | | | | | | |
| 39 | 17.5 P | Percent | | | | | | | |
| 40 | 22.5 P | Percent | | | | | | | |
| 41 | 27.5 P | Percent | | | | | | | |
| 42 | 32.5 P | ercent | | | | | | | |
| 43 | 35 Per | rcent | | | | | | | |

| ipat | Pattern |
|------|--------------|
| 44 | 37.5 Percent |
| 45 | 42.5 Percent |
| 46 | 45 Percent |
| 47 | 47.5 Percent |
| 48 | 52.5 Percent |
| 49 | 55 Percent |
| 50 | 57.5 Percent |
| 51 | 62.5 Percent |
| 52 | 65 Percent |
| 53 | 67.5 Percent |
| 54 | 72.5 Percent |
| 55 | 77.5 Percent |
| 56 | 82.5 Percent |
| 57 | 85 Percent |
| 58 | 87.5 Percent |
| 59 | 92.5 Percent |
| 60 | 95 Percent |
| 61 | 97.5 Percent |
| 62 | 97 Percent |
| | |

cbSHD (count of bytes of SHD) is 2.

Spelling State Mark (SPLS)

The SPLS structure is stored in both the plcfspl and the plcfgram.

| b ₁₀ | $\mathbf{b_{16}}$ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|-------------------|-------------|-------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | splf | short | :4 | 000F | Spelling result flag: 2 maybe dirty: check if have time 3 dirty: needs to be checked 4 recently edited 5 cannot be checked 7 clean: checked and error-free 10 error 11 repeated word error 12 unknown word error |
| | | fError | short | :1 | 0010 | Set to 1 when SPLS marks an error |
| | | fExtend | short | :1 | | |
| | | fTypo | short | :1 | | Туро |
| | | unused | short | :1 | | Reserved |
| | | nCheckLevel | short | :8 | FFE0 | ignore-all list version |

 ${\tt cbSPLS}$ (count of bytes of ${\tt SPLS})$ is 2

Tab Descriptor (TBD)

The TBD is a substructure of the PAP.

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------|-------|------|----------|----------|
| 10 | 10 | | - 7 - | | | |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|-------|------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | jс | byte | :3 | 07 | Justification code 0 left tab 1 centered tab 2 right tab 3 decimal tab 4 bar |
| | | tlc | byte | :3 | 38 | Tab leader code 0 no leader 1 dotted leader 2 hyphenated leader 3 single line leader 4 heavy line leader 5 middle dot |
| | | * | byte | :2 | C0 | Reserved |

cbTBD (count of bytes of TBD) is 1.

Table Cell Descriptors (TC)

The ${\tt TC}$ is a substructure of the ${\tt TAP}.$ This structure is never written out to disk but can be built from the appropriate property modifiers. For this reason no offsets into the structure are given.

| Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|--------------|------|------|----------|--|
| fFirstMerged | BF | :1 | 0001 | When 1, cell is first cell of a range of cells that have been merged. When a cell is merged, the display areas of the merged cells are consolidated and the text within the cells is interpreted as belonging to one text stream for purposes of calculating line breaks. |
| fMerged | BF | :1 | 0002 | When 1, cell has been merged with preceding cell |
| fVertical | BF | :1 | 0004 | When 1, cell has vertical text flow |
| fBackward | BF | :1 | 8000 | For a vertical table cell, text flow is bottom to top when 1 and is bottom to top when 0 |
| fRotateFont | BF | :1 | 0010 | When 1, cell has rotated characters (i.e. uses @font) |
| fVertMerge | BF | :1 | 0020 | When 1, cell is vertically merged with the cell(s) above and/or below. When cells are vertically merged, the display area of the merged cells are consolidated. The consolidated area is used to display the contents of the first vertically merged cell (the cell with fvertRestart set to 1), and all other vertically merged cells (those with fvertRestart set to 0) must be empty. Cells can only be merged vertically if their left and right boundaries are (nearly) identical (i.e. if corresponding entries in rgdxaCenter of the table rows differ by at most 3). |
| fVertRestart | BF | :1 | 0040 | When 1, the cell is the first of a set of vertically merged cells. The contents of a cell with fVertStart set to 1 are displayed in the consolidated area belonging to the entire set of vertically merged cells. Vertically merged cells with fVertRestart set to 0 must be empty. |
| vertAlign | BF | :2 | 0180 | Specifies the alignment of the cell contents relative to text flow (e.g. in a cell with bottom to top text flow and bottom vertical alignment, the text is shifted horizontally to match the cell's right boundary): 0 top 1 center 2 bottom |

| Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|---|-------|------|----------|--|
| ftsWidth | BF | :3 | 0E00 | Units for wWidth: 0 Null 1 Auto, ignores wWidth 2 Percentage (in 50ths of a percent) 3 Twips |
| fFitText | BF | :1 | 1000 | When 1, make the text fit the table cell |
| fNoWrap | BF | :1 | 2000 | When 1, do not allow text to wrap in the table cell |
| fUnused | BF | :2 | C000 | Not used |
| wWidth | short | | | Preferred cell width |
| shd | SHD | 10 | | Cell shading |
| tcd | TCD | 16 | | Diagonal Cell border information |
| mpibrcwCellPadding[cbrcTc] | short | 8 | | Array of cell margins, convenient indexing of the following four properties |
| wCellPaddingLeft | short | 2 | | Left cell margin/padding |
| wCellPaddingTop | short | 2 | | Top cell margin/padding |
| wCellPaddingBottom | short | 2 | | Bottom cell margin/padding |
| wCellPaddingRight | short | 2 | | Right cell margin/padding |
| <pre>mpibrcftsCellPadding[cbrcTc]</pre> | uchar | 4 | | Array of cell margin units, convenient indexing of the following four properties |
| ftsCellPaddingLeft | uchar | 1 | | Left cell margin/padding units: 0 Null 1 – 2 Not relevant 3 Twips |
| ftsCellPaddingTop | uchar | 1 | | Top cell margin/padding units: 0 Null 1 – 2 Not relevant |
| ftsCellPaddingBottom | uchar | 1 | | 3 Twips Bottom cell margin/padding units: 0 Null 1 - 2 Not relevant |
| ftsCellPaddingRight | uchar | 1 | | 3 Twips Right cell margin/padding units: 0 Null 1 - 2 Not relevant |
| <pre>mpibrcwCellSpacing[cbrcTc]</pre> | short | 8 | | 3 Twips Array of cell spacing, convenient indexing of the following four properties |
| wCellSpacingLeft | short | 2 | | Left cell spacing |
| wCellSpacingTop | short | 2 | | Top cell spacing |
| wCellSpacingBottom | short | 2 | | Bottom cell spacing |
| wCellSpacingRight | short | 2 | | Right cell spacing |
| <pre>mpibrcftsCellSpacing[cbrcTc]</pre> | uchar | 4 | | Array of cell spacing units, convenient indexing of the following four properties |
| ftsCellSpacingLeft | uchar | 1 | | Left cell spacing units: 0 Null 1 – 2 Not relevant 3 Twips |

| Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|--|-------|------|----------|---|
| ftsCellSpacingTop | uchar | 1 | | Top cell spacing units: 0 Null 1 – 2 Not relevant 3 Twips |
| ftsCellSpacingBottom | uchar | 1 | | Bottom cell spacing units: 0 Null 1 - 2 Not relevant 3 Twips |
| ftsCellSpacingRight | uchar | 1 | | Right cell spacing units: 0 Null 1 - 2 Not relevant 3 Twips |
| <pre>mpibrcfValidGapHalf[cbrcTc]</pre> | uchar | 4 | | Used internally by Word |
| <pre>mpibrcdzaGapHalf[cbrcTc]</pre> | short | 8 | | Used internally by Word |
| rgbrc[cbrcTc] | BRC | 32 | | Array of borders; cbrcTc = 4 |
| brcTop | BRC | 8 | | Top border |
| brcLeft | BRC | 8 | | Left border |
| brcBottom | BRC | 8 | | Bottom border |
| brcRight | BRC | 8 | | Right border |

Table Cell Diagonal Borders (TCD)

The ${\tt TCD}$ is a substructure of the ${\tt TC}$. This structure is never written out to disk but can be built from the appropriate property modifiers. For this reason no offsets into the structure are given.

| | b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|---|------------------------|------------------------|----------|------|------|----------|--|
| _ | 0 | 0 | brcTL2BR | BRC | | | Diagonal border from the top left to the bottom right of the cell. |
| | 8 | 8 | brcTR2BL | BRC | | | Diagonal border from the top right to the bottom left of the cell. |

Table Autoformat Look sPecifier (TLP)

| b ₁₀ | b_{16} | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|----------|----------|-------|------|----------|--|
| 0 | 0 | itl | short | | | Index to Word's table of table looks (see itl table below) |
| 2 | 2 | fBorders | short | :1 | 0001 | When ==1, use the border properties from the selected table look |
| | | fShading | short | :1 | 0002 | When $==1$, use the shading properties from the selected table look |
| | | fFont | short | :1 | 0004 | When $==1$, use the font from the selected table look |
| | | fColor | short | :1 | 8000 | When $==1$, use the color from the selected table look |
| | | fBestFit | short | :1 | 0010 | When $==1$, do best fit from the selected table look |
| | | fHdrRows | short | :1 | 0020 | When $==1$, apply properties from the selected table look to the header rows in the table |
| | | fLastRow | short | :1 | 0040 | When ==1, apply properties from the selected table look to the last row in the table |

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------|------|----------|--|
| | | fHdrCols | short | :1 | 0800 | When ==1, apply properties from the selected table look to the header columns of the table |
| | | fLastCol | short | :1 | 0100 | When $==1$, apply properties from the selected table look to the last column of the table |
| itl | т | able look | | | | |
| 0 | 1) | none) | | | | |
| 1 | S | imple 1 | | | | |
| 2 | S | imple 2 | | | | |
| 3 | S | imple 3 | | | | |
| 4 | С | lassic 1 | | | | |
| 5 | С | lassic 2 | | | | |
| 6 | С | lassic 3 | | | | |
| 7 | С | lassic 4 | | | | |
| 8 | С | olorful 1 | | | | |
| 9 | С | olorful 2 | | | | |
| 10 | С | olorful 3 | | | | |
| 11 | С | olumns 1 | | | | |
| 12 | С | olumns 2 | | | | |
| 13 | С | olumns 3 | | | | |
| 14 | С | olumns 4 | | | | |
| 15 | С | olumns 5 | | | | |
| 16 | | rid 1 | | | | |
| 17 | G | rid 2 | | | | |
| 18 | | rid 3 | | | | |
| 19 | | rid 4 | | | | |
| 20 | | rid 5 | | | | |
| 21 | | rid 6 | | | | |
| 22 | | rid 7 | | | | |
| 23 | | rid 8 | | | | |
| 24 | | ist 1 | | | | |
| 25 | | ist 2 | | | | |
| 26 | | ist 3 | | | | |
| 27 | | ist 4 | | | | |
| 28 | | ist 5 | | | | |
| 29 | | ist 6 | | | | |
| 30 | | ist 7 | | | | |
| 31 | | ist 8 | | | | |
| 32 | | D Effects 1 | | | | |
| 33 | | D Effects 2 | | | | |
| 34 | | D Effects 3 | , | | | |
| 35 36 | | ontemporary | y | | | |
| 36 37 | | legant rofessional | | | | |
| 3/ | ۲ | oressional | | | | |

| itl | Table look | | | | | | |
|------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| 38 | Subtle1 | | | | | | |
| 39 | Subtle2 | | | | | | |
| cbTI | cbTLP (count of bytes of TLP) is 4. | | | | | | |

Table Properties (TAP)

This structure is never written out to disk but can be built from the appropriate property modifiers. For this reason no offsets into the structure are given.

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|--------------|----------------|------|---|
| istd | short | 2 | Table style for the Table |
| je | short | 2 | Justification code. specifies how table row should be justified within its column. |
| dxaGapHalf | long | 4 | 0 left justify 1 center 2 right justify Measures half of the white space that will |
| | | | be maintained between text in adjacent columns of a table row. A dxaGapHalf width of white space will be maintained on both sides of a column boundary. |
| dyaRowHeight | long | 4 | When greater than 0. guarantees that the height of the table will be at least dyaRowHeight high. When less than 0, guarantees that the height of the table will be exactly absolute value of dyaRowHeight high. When 0, table will be given a height large enough to represent all of the text in all of the cells of the table. Cells with vertical text flow make no contribution to the computation of the height of rows with auto or at least height. Neither do vertically merged cells, except in the last row of the vertical merge. If an auto height row consists entirely of cells which have vertical text direction or are vertically merged, and the row does not contain the last cell in any vertical cell merge, then the row is given height equal to that of the end of cell mark in the first cell. |
| fCantSplit | uchar | 1 | When 1, table row may not be split across page bounds |
| fCantSplit90 | uchar | 1 | When 1, table row may not be split across page bounds. Used for Word 2000 and Word 97. |
| fTableHeader | uchar | 1 | When 1, table row is to be used as the header of the table |
| tlp | TLP | 4 | Table look specifier (see ${	t TLP}$ definition) |
| wWidth | short | 2 | Preferred table width |
| wWidthIndent | short | 2 | Left Indent |
| wWidthBefore | short | 2 | Width of invisible cell (used for layout purposes) before the first visible cell in the row. |
| wWidthAfter | short | 2 | Width of invisible cell (used for layout purposes) after the last visible cell in the row. |
| fAutofit | unsigned short | :1 | When set to 1, AutoFit this table |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|-------------------|----------------|------|---|
| istd | short | 2 | Table style for the Table |
| fKeepFollow | unsigned short | :1 | When set to 1, keep this row with the following row |
| ftsWidth | unsigned short | :3 | Units for wWidth: 0 Null 1 Auto, ignores wWidth 2 Percentage (in 50ths of a percent) 3 Twips |
| ftsWidthIndent | unsigned short | :3 | Units for wWidthIndent: Null Auto, ignores wWidthIndent Percentage (in 50ths of a percent) Twips |
| ftsWidthBefore | unsigned short | :3 | Units for wWidthBefore: Null Auto, ignores wWidthBefore Percentage (in 50ths of a percent) Twips |
| ftsWidthAfter | unsigned short | :3 | Units for wWidthAfter: 0 Null 1 Auto, ignores wWidthAfter 2 Percentage (in 50ths of a percent) 3 Twips |
| fNeverBeenAutofit | unsigned short | :1 | When 1, table has never been autofit |
| fInvalAutofit | unsigned short | :1 | When 1, TAP is still valid, but autofit properties aren't |
| empty | unsigned short | :3 | Not used |
| fVert | unsigned short | :1 | When 1, positioned in vertical text flow |
| pcVert | unsigned short | :2 | Vertical position code. Specifies coordinate frame to use when paragraphs are absolutely positioned. O vertical position coordinates are relative to margin 1 coordinates are relative to page 2 coordinates are relative to text. This means: relative to where the next non-APO text would have been placed if this APO did not exist. |
| pcHorz | unsigned short | :2 | Horizontal position code. Specifies coordinate frame to use when paragraphs are absolutely positioned. 0 horizontal position coordinates are relative to column. 1 coordinates are relative to margin 2 coordinates are relative to page |
| empty | unsigned short | :8 | Not used |
| dxaAbs | long | 4 | Absolute horizontal position |
| dyaAbs | long | 4 | Absolute vertical position |
| dxaFromText | long | 4 | Left distance from surrounding text when absolutely positioned |
| dyaFromText | long | 4 | Top distance from surrounding text when absolutely positioned |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|---------------------|----------------|------|---|
| istd | short | 2 | Table style for the Table |
| dxaFromTextRight | long | 4 | Right distance from surrounding text when absolutely positioned |
| dyaFromTextBottom | long | 4 | Bottom distance from surrounding text when absolutely positioned |
| fBiDi | uchar | 1 | When 1, table is right-to-left. Logical right-to-left table: The CP stream of a right-to-left table is meant to be displayed from right to left. So for example the first table cell is displayed on the right side of the table instead of the left. |
| fRTL | uchar | 1 | Word 2000 style right-to-left table. Visual right-to-left table: The CP stream of a right-to-left table is displayed from left to right just as for a "normal" table. So, the text which is meant to be in the "first" (rightmost) table cell must be placed in the last table cell in the CP stream. |
| fNoAllowOverlap | uchar | 1 | When set to 1, do not allow absolutely positioned table to overlap with other tables |
| fSpare | uchar | 1 | Not used |
| grpfTap | unsigned short | 2 | Used internally by Word |
| fFirstRow | unsigned short | :1 | Used internally by Word: first row |
| fLastRow | unsigned short | :1 | Used internally by Word: last row |
| fOutline | unsigned short | :1 | Used internally by Word: row was cached for outline mode |
| fOrigWordTableRules | unsigned short | :1 | Used internally by Word: table combining like Word 5.x for the Macintosh and WinWord 1.x |
| fCellSpacing | unsigned short | :1 | Used internally by Word: When set to 1 cell spacing is allowed |
| unused | unsigned short | :11 | Not used |
| itcMac | short | 2 | Count of cells defined for this row. itcMac must be $>= 0$ and less than or equal to 64. |
| dxaAdjust | long | 4 | Used internally by Word |
| dxaWebView | long | 4 | Used internally by Word |
| dxaRTEWrapWidth | long | 4 | Used internally by Word |
| dxaColWidthWwd | long | 4 | Used internally by Word |
| pctWwd | short | 2 | Used internally by Word: percent of Window size for AutoFit in WebView |
| fWrapToWwd | unsigned short | :1 | Used internally by Word: Wrap to window is on when set to 1 |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|--|-------------------|------|---|
| istd | short | 2 | Table style for the Table |
| fNotPageView | unsigned short | :1 | Used internally by Word: when set to 1 we are not in Page View |
| unused | unsigned short | :1 | Not used |
| fWebView | unsigned short | :1 | Used internally by Word: Web View is on when set to ${\bf 1}$ |
| fAdjusted | unsigned short | :1 | Used internally by Word |
| unused | unsigned short | :11 | Not used |
| rgdxaCenter[itcMax+1] | Short[itcMax+1] | 130 | rgdxaCenter[0] is the left boundary of cell 0 measured relative to margin rgdxaCenter[tap.itcMac - 1] is left boundary of last cell rgdxaCenter[tap.itcMac] is right boundary of last cell. |
| rgdxaCenterPrint[itcMax+1] | short[itcMax+1] | 130 | Used internally by Word |
| shdTable | SHD | 10 | Table shading |
| rgbrcTable[ibrcTableMax] | BRC[ibrcTableMax] | 48 | Array of borders; ibrcTableMax==6 |
| <pre>mpibrcwCellPaddingDefault[cbrcTc]</pre> | short | 8 | Array of default cell margins. Index into the next four properties. |
| wCellPaddingDefaultTop | short | 2 | Default left cell margin/padding |
| wCellPaddingDefaultLeft | short | 2 | Default top cell margin/padding |
| wCellPaddingDefaultBottom | short | 2 | Default Bottom cell margin/padding |
| wCellPaddingDefaultRight | short | 2 | Default right cell margin/padding |
| <pre>mpibrcftsCellPaddingDefault[cbrcTc]</pre> | uchar | 4 | Array of default cell margin units. Index into the next four properties |
| ftsCellPaddingDefaultTop | uchar | 1 | Default left cell margin/padding units: 0 Null 1 - 2 Not relevant |
| ftsCellPaddingDefaultLeft | uchar | 1 | 3 Twips Default top cell margin/padding units: 0 Null 1 - 2 Not relevant 2 Twice |
| ftsCellPaddingDefaultBottom | uchar | 1 | 3 Twips Default bottom cell margin/padding units: 0 Null 1 - 2 Not relevant 3 Twips |
| ftsCellPaddingDefaultRight | uchar | 1 | Default right cell margin/padding units: 0 Null 1 - 2 Not relevant 3 Twips |
| <pre>mpibrcwCellSpacingDefault[cbrcTc]</pre> | short | 8 | Array of default cell spacing. Index into the next four properties |
| wCellSpacingDefaultTop | short | 2 | Default left cell spacing |
| wCellSpacingDefaultLeft | short | 2 | Default top cell spacing |
| wCellSpacingDefaultBottom | short | 2 | Default Bottom cell spacing |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|--|-------|------|--|
| istd | short | 2 | Table style for the Table |
| wCellSpacingDefaultRight | short | 2 | Default right cell spacing |
| <pre>mpibrcftsCellSpacingDefault[cbrcTc]</pre> | uchar | 4 | Array of default cell spacing units. Index into the next four properties |
| ftsCellSpacingDefaultTop | uchar | 1 | Default left cell spacing units: 0 Null 1 – 2 Not relevant 3 Twips |
| ftsCellSpacingDefaultLeft | uchar | 1 | Default top cell spacing units: 0 Null 1 - 2 Not relevant 3 Twips |
| ftsCellSpacingDefaultBottom | uchar | 1 | Default bottom cell spacing units: 0 Null 1 – 2 Not relevant 3 Twips |
| ftsCellSpacingDefaultRight | uchar | 1 | Default right cell spacing units: 0 Null 1 – 2 Not relevant 3 Twips |
| <pre>mpibrcwCellPaddingOuter[cbrcTc]</pre> | short | 8 | Array of default outer cell margins. Index into the next four properties. |
| wCellPaddingOuterTop | short | 2 | Default outer left cell margin/padding |
| wCellPaddingOuterLeft | short | 2 | Default outer top cell margin/padding |
| wCellPaddingOuterBottom | short | 2 | Default outer bottom cell margin/padding |
| wCellPaddingOuterRight | short | 2 | Default outer right cell margin/padding |
| <pre>mpibrcftsCellPaddingOuter[cbrcTc]</pre> | uchar | 4 | Array of default outer cell margin units |
| ftsCellPaddingOuterTop | uchar | 1 | Default outer left cell margin/padding units: 0 Null 1 – 2 Not relevant 3 Twips |
| ftsCellPaddingOuterLeft | uchar | 1 | Default outer top cell margin/padding units: 0 Null 1 - 2 Not relevant 3 Twips |
| ftsCellPaddingOuterBottom | uchar | 1 | Default outer bottom cell margin/padding units: 0 Null 1 - 2 Not relevant 3 Twips |
| ftsCellPaddingOuterRight | uchar | 1 | Default outer right cell margin/padding units: 0 Null 1 - 2 Not relevant 3 Twips |
| <pre>mpibrcwCellSpacingOuter[cbrcTc]</pre> | short | 8 | Array of default outer cell spacing. Index into the next four properties. |
| wCellSpacingOuterTop | short | 2 | Default outer left cell spacing |
| wCellSpacingOuterLeft | short | 2 | Default outer top cell spacing |
| wCellSpacingOuterBottom | short | 2 | Default outer Bottom cell spacing |

| Field | Туре | Size | Comments |
|--|---------------|------|--|
| istd | short | 2 | Table style for the Table |
| wCellSpacingOuterRight | short | 2 | Default outer right cell spacing |
| <pre>mpibrcftsCellSpacingOuter[cbrcTc]</pre> | uchar | 4 | Array of default outer cell spacing units. Index into the next four properties. |
| ftsCellSpacingOuterTop | uchar | 1 | Default outer left cell spacing units: 0 Null 1 - 2 Not relevant |
| ftsCellSpacingOuterLeft | uchar | 1 | 3 TwipsDefault outer top cell spacing units:0 Null1 - 2 Not relevant |
| ftsCellSpacingOuterBottom | uchar | 1 | 3 Twips Default outer bottom cell spacing units: 0 Null 1 - 2 Not relevant |
| ftsCellSpacingOuterRight | uchar | 1 | 3 Twips Default outer right cell spacing units: 0 Null 1 - 2 Not relevant 3 Twips |
| rgtc[itcMax] | TC[itcMax] | 6144 | Array of table cells descriptors (TCS); itcMax = 64 |
| rgshd | SHD80[itcMax] | | Array of cell shades. Only applies to Word 97. In Word 2000 and later versions, table shades are stored inside the ${\tt TC}$ structures in ${\tt rgtc[]}$. |
| fPropRMark | uchar | 1 | Set to 1 if property revision |
| ibstPropRMark | IBST | 2 | Index to author table for property change |
| dttmPropRMark | DTTM | 4 | Date/Time of property change |
| fHasOldProps | uchar | 1 | Has old properties |
| ipgp | uns long | 4 | HTML DIV ID for this table |
| hplcnf | HPL | 4 | Pointer to conditional table properties |
| rsid | RSID | 4 | Save ID for last time this ${\tt TAP}$ was revised |
| tcDefault | TC | | This ${	t TC}$ is only used in styles; at style apply time, its values will get propagated to the appropriate ${	t rgtc}$ locations |
| cHorzBands | uns char | 1 | Size of each horizontal style band, in number of rows |
| cVertBands | uns char | 1 | Size of a vertical style band, in number of columns |
| shdTableDef | SHD | 10 | Default shading for the table |
| rgbrcInsideDefault[0] | BRC | 8 | Border definition for inside horizontal borders |
| rgbrcInsideDefault[1] | BRC | 8 | Border definition for inside vertical borders |

TeXtBoX Story (FTXBXS)

| b ₁₀ | b_{16} | Field | Туре | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|----------|------------|-------|------|----------|---|
| 0 | 0 | cTxbx | long | | | When not fReusable, counts the number of textboxes in this story chain |
| 0 | 0 | iNextReuse | long | | | When fReusable, the index of the next in the linked list of reusable FTXBXSS |
| 4 | 4 | cReusable | long | | | If fReusable, counts the number of reusable FTXBXSS follow this one in the linked list |
| 8 | 8 | fReusable | short | | | This FTXBXS is not currently in use |
| 10 | Α | | long | | | Reserved |
| 14 | Е | lid | long | | | Shape identifier (see $\ensuremath{\mathtt{FSPA}}$) for first Office shape in textbox chain. |
| 18 | 12 | txidUndo | long | | | |

cbFTXBXS (count of bytes of FTXBXS) is 22 (decimal), 16 (hex).

Work Book (WKB)

| b ₁₀ | b ₁₆ | Field | Type | Size | Bitfield | Comments |
|------------------------|------------------------|--------|-----------|------|----------|----------|
| 0 | 0 | fn | short | | | |
| 2 | 2 | grfwkb | uns short | | | |
| 4 | 4 | lvl | short | | | |
| 6 | 6 | fnpt | short | :4 | 000F | |
| | | fnpd | short | :12 | FFF0 | |
| 8 | 8 | doc | long | | | Unused |

cbWKB (count of bytes of WKB) is 12 (decimal), C (hex).

Information Rights Management (IRM)

Rights Management protected documents are encrypted in the same way that OfficeXP documents are encrypted using a password.

This means:

- The macro streams in the document are not encrypted
- The Document Summary Information stream is not encrypted

Rights Management protected documents are in essence two documents in one. One is a traditional backwards-compatible document consisting of fixed text informing the reader that they need a later version of Office to access the protected content. This is stored as text and an image in the "Data" stream, where unprotected document content would otherwise be stored. The other, not previously found in Office documents, is an encrypted copy of the document content, along with new information required to support IRM protection. The details of the differences are discussed in the sections that follow. An overview of Information rights Management can be found at

http://download.microsoft.com/download/a/4/2/a4262821-6f21-450f-85d3-ebbba001a6ef/How%20to%20Use%20Information%20Rights%20Management.doc.

DataSpaces

Every rights managed file contains a new storage named "\006DataSpaces" which contains meta information used to help manage the process of protecting the content within the document. More information can be found at

http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa767782(VS.85).aspx. The most important content in this storage is the information under the "TransformInfo" storage. This storage contains the issuance licenses and end-user licenses required to protect and open a rights managed file.

DRMContent

The new stream named "\011DRMContent" contains the encrypted binary content of the Word document. The format of this stream contains a series of encrypted bytes. When you decrypt the whole stream and open the resultant byte stream as a compound storage, then that storage will contain all streams and substorages that are found in a normal Word document, using the exact same binary file format as a non-IRM-protected Word file. Only the encrypted streams are located inside of this storage. The unencrypted streams (for example Document Summary Information and the macro stream in Word and Microsoft Office Excel®) are not stored inside this storage. They are found unencrypted off of the root of the document's storage.

DRMViewerContent

The final new stream that may exist within an IRM-protected file is the optional "\011DRMViewerContent" stream which contains a compressed, encrypted MHTML stream for users of the Rights Management Add-on for Internet Explorer. This is the option for users who need to see IRM protected content but do not have access to an IRM enabled Office client.

Appendix A - Reading a Macintosh PICT Graphic

As described under "picture" in the Definition section of this document, some pictures in Word documents are stored as Macintosh PICT graphics, particularly in files created by Word for the Macintosh. All pictures, including these, are stored as a block of binary data attached to a special chPic character in the text stream. This block always begins with a PIC structure. (Please see the "picture" definition mentioned above for more information on general picture-reading.)

Normal graphics follow the PIC structure with a single Office shape, Windows metafile, bitmap, or TIFF representation, as described in the "picture" definition section. Macintosh PICT graphics have a standard, unchanging Windows metafile after the PIC which always depicts an "x", followed by the actual Macintosh PICT picture. This is for backward-compatibility with older readers, which expect to find a Windows metafile after the PIC structure. These readers will simply display the fixed "x" image. In the Macintosh PICT case, the PIC structure's lcb field represents the size of the entire picture data block, including the PIC itself, the "x" metafile and the Macintosh PICT data. (see the description of the PIC structure in the Structure Definitions section of this document.)

To distinguish between normal and Macintosh PICT graphics, a reader needs to detect the presence of the special "x" metafile. The bytes below are in an early portion of the "x" metafile.

```
unsigned char rgbWmfXBegin[] =

{
    '\x14', '\x00', '\x00', '\x00', '\x26', '\x06', '\x0F', '\x00', '\x1E', '\x00',
    '\xFF', '\xFF', '\xFF', '\x04', '\x00', '\x14', '\x00', '\x00',
    '\x57', '\x6F', '\x72', '\x64', '\x0E', '\x00', '\x57', '\x6F', '\x72', '\x66', '\x74', '\x20', '\x57', '\x6F', '\x72', '\x64',
    '\x0E', '\x00', '\x00', '\x00', '\x26', '\x06', '\x0F', '\x00', '\x12', '\x00',
    '\x57', '\x6F', '\x72', '\x64', '\xFF', '\xFF', '\x08', '\x00', '\x00', '\x00'
    /* "x" wmf and PICT data sizes immediately follow as 2 four-byte longs */
};

#define cbMETAHDR 18 // size of a standard Windows metafile header
#define cbWmfXBegin 60 // length of this beginning section of the x metafile
```

After reading the PIC structure from the picture data block, the reader should skip cbMETAHDR bytes (the size of a standard Windows metafile header). It should then compare the next cbWmfXBegin bytes in the picture data block against the bytes in the rgbWmfXBegin array above. If they do not match, the picture is a normal picture—Windows metafile, bitmap or TIFF.

If they do match, then the reader should read the next 8 bytes in the picture data block as two 4-byte "long"s (Intel 80x86 byte order). These numbers are the sizes (in bytes) of the "x" metafile and the Macintosh PICT data, respectively. The size of the "x" metafile is measured from its start immediately after the PIC structure. It is possible for the PICT's size to be zero. In this case, there is no PICT data, and the reader may use the "x" Windows metafile as the picture's representation.

Appendix B – Calculation of font (FTC) and language (LID)

Certain Unicode characters are shared between East Asian and non-East Asian scripts requiring the calculation of font and language, based on the Unicode character code and the chp.idctHint property.

Characters are classified into one of four groups, ASCII, East Asian, floating, and non-East Asian. Properties are calculated as follows:

| Character type | Font (ftc) | Language (lid) |
|------------------|--|--|
| ASCII | sprmCRgftc0 | sprmCRglid0 |
| non-East Asian | sprmCRgftc2 | sprmCRglid0 |
| East Asian | sprmCRgftc1 | sprmCRglid1 |
| shared character | <pre>sprmCRgftc2 if chp.idctHint==0 sprmCRgftc1 if chp.idctHint==1</pre> | <pre>sprmCRglid0 if chp.idctHint==0 sprmCRglid1 if chp.idctHint==1</pre> |

The table below defines the classification of various ranges of Unicode characters:

| Unicode subrange | Character range | Classification |
|----------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|
| usrBasicLatin | 0x20->0x7f | ASCII |
| usrLatin1 | 0xa0->0xff | Some shared (see notes below) |
| usrLatinXA | 0x100->0x17f | Some shared (see notes below) |
| usrLatinXB | 0x180->0x24f | Some shared (see notes below) |
| usrIPAExtensions | 0x250->0x2af | Some shared (see notes below) |
| usrSpacingModLetters | 0x2b0->0x2ff | Shared |
| usrCombDiacritical | 0x300->0x36f | Shared |
| usrBasicGreek | 0x370->0x3cf | Shared |
| usrGreekSymbolsCop | 0x3d0->0x3ff | Non-East Asian |
| usrCyrillic | 0x400->0x4ff | Shared |
| usrArmenian | 0x500->0x58f | Non-East Asian |
| usrBasicHebrew | 0x5d0->0x5ff | Non-East Asian |
| usrHebrewXA | 0x590->0x5cf | Non-East Asian |
| usrBasicArabic | 0x600->0x652 | Non-East Asian |
| usrArabicX | 0x653->0x6ff | Non-East Asian |
| usrDevangari | 0x900->0x97f | Non-East Asian |
| usrBengali | 0x980->0x9ff | Non-East Asian |
| usrGurmukhi | 0xa00->0xa7f | Non-East Asian |
| usrGujarati | 0xa80->0xaff | Non-East Asian |
| usrOriya | 0xb00->0xb7f | Non-East Asian |
| usrTamil | 0x0b80->0x0bff | Non-East Asian |

| Unicode subrange | Character range | Classification |
|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| usrTelugu | 0x0c00->0x0c7f | Non-East Asian |
| usrKannada | 0x0c80->0x0cff | Non-East Asian |
| usrMalayalam | 0x0d00->0x0d7f | Non-East Asian |
| usrThai | 0x0e00->0x0e7f | Non-East Asian |
| usrLao | 0x0e80->0x0eff | Non-East Asian |
| usrBasicGeorgian | 0x10d0->0x10ff | Non-East Asian |
| usrGeorgianExtended | 0x10a0->0x10cf | Non-East Asian |
| usrHangulJamo | 0x1100->0x11ff | Non-East Asian |
| usrLatinExtendedAdd | 0x1e00->0x1eff | Shared |
| usrGreekExtended | 0x1f00->0x1fff | Non-East Asian |
| usrGeneralPunct | 0x2000->0x206f | Shared |
| usrSuperAndSubscript | 0x2070->0x209f | Shared |
| usrCurrencySymbols | 0x20a0->0x20cf | Shared |
| usrCombDiacriticsS | 0x20d0->0x20ff | Shared |
| usrLetterlikeSymbols | 0x2100->0x214f | Shared |
| usrNumberForms | 0x2150->0x218f | Shared |
| usrArrows | 0x2190->0x21ff | Shared |
| usrMathematicalOps | 0x2200->0x22ff | Shared |
| usrMiscTechnical | 0x2300->0x23ff | Shared |
| usrControlPictures | 0x2400->0x243f | Shared |
| usrOpticalCharRecog | 0x2440->0x245f | Shared |
| usrEnclosedAlphanum | 0x2460->0x24ff | Shared |
| usrBoxDrawing | 0x2500->0x257f | Shared |
| usrBlockElements | 0x2580->0x259f | Shared |
| usrGeometricShapes | 0x25a0->0x25ff | Shared |
| usrMiscDingbats | 0x2600->0x26ff | Shared |
| usrDingbats | 0x2700->0x27bf | Shared |
| usrCJKSymAndPunct | 0x3000->0x303f | East Asian |
| usrHiragana | 0x3040->0x309f | East Asian |
| usrKatakana | 0x30a0->0x30ff | East Asian |
| usrBopomofo | 0x3100->0x312f | East Asian |
| usrHangulCompatJamo | 0x3130->0x318f | East Asian |
| usrCJKMisc | 0x3190->0x319f | East Asian |
| usrEnclosedCJKLtMnth | 0x3200->0x32ff | East Asian |

| Unicode subrange | Character range | Classification |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| usrCJKCompatibility | 0x3300->0x33ff | East Asian |
| | 0x4a00->0x4dff | |
| usrCJKUnifiedIdeo | 0x4e00->0x9fff | East Asian |
| usrHangul | 0xac00->0xd7a3 | East Asian |
| usrReserved1 | 0xd800 | |
| usrReserved2 | | |
| usrPrivateUseArea | 0xe000->0xf8ff | Shared |
| usrCJKCompatibilityIdeographs | 0xf900->0xfaff | East Asian |
| usrAlphaPresentationForms | 0xfb00->0xfb4f | Shared |
| usrArabicPresentationFormsA | 0xfb50->0xfdff | Shared |
| usrCombiningHalfMarks | 0xfe20->0xfe2f | East Asian |
| usrCJKCompatForms | 0xfe30->0xfe4f | East Asian |
| usrSmallFormVariants | 0xfe50->0xfe6f | East Asian |
| usrArabicPresentationFormsB | 0xfe70->0xfefe | Shared |
| usrHFWidthForms | 0xff00->0xffef | East Asian |
| usrSpecials | 0xfff0->0xfffd | Non-East Asian |

The table below describes the behavior of the Unicode subrange usrLatin1. Shared characters are marked in this table with a 1, while characters marked with a 0 are considered "non-East Asian". All other characters in this Unicode subrange are considered "non-East Asian".

The table below describes the behavior of the Unicode range usrLatinXA. Shared characters are marked in this table with a 1, while characters marked with a 0 are considered "non-East Asian". All other characters in this Unicode subrange are considered "non-East Asian".

In usrLatinXB shared characters are 0x192, 0x1FA, 0x1FB, 0x1FC, 0x1FD, 0x1FE and 0x1FF. All other characters in this Unicode subrange are considered "non-East Asian".

In usrIPAExtensions shared characters are 0x251, and 0x261.

An optimization is available. If the East Asian font chp.ftcFE=0 and chp.idctHint=0 and chp.ftcAscii=chp.ftcOther, the font is chp.ftcAscii and the language is chp.lidDefault.