# C Reference Card (ANSI)

# Program Structure/Functions

$type\ fnc(type_1,)$	function declarations
type name	external variable declaration
main() {	main routine
declarations	local variable declarations
statements	
}	
type $fnc(arg_1,)$ {	function definition
declarations	local variable declarations
statements	
return value;	
}	
/* */	comments
<pre>main(int argc, char *argv[])</pre>	main with args
exit(arq)	terminate execution

## C Preprocessor

include library file	<pre>#include <filename></filename></pre>
U	
include user file	#include "filename"
replacement text	#define name text
replacement macro	#define $name(var)$ $text$
Example. #define max(A,B)	((A)>(B) ? (A) : (B))
undefine	#undef $name$
quoted string in replace	#
concatenate args and rescan	##
conditional execution	#if, #else, #elif, #endif
is name defined, not defined?	#ifdef, #ifndef
name defined?	$\mathtt{defined}(name)$
line continuation char	\

# Data Types/Declarations

character (1 byte)	char
integer	int
float (single precision)	float
float (double precision)	double
short (16 bit integer)	short
long (32 bit integer)	long
positive and negative	signed
only positive	unsigned
pointer to int, float,	*int, *float,
enumeration constant	enum
constant (unchanging) value	const
declare external variable	extern
register variable	register
local to source file	static
no value	void
structure	struct
create name by data type	typedef typename
size of an object (type is size_t)	${\tt sizeof}\ object$
size of a data type (type is size_t)	<pre>sizeof(type name)</pre>

## Initialization

initialize variable	type name = value
initialize array	$type\ name[]=\{value_1,\ldots\}$
initialize char string	char name[]="string'

#### Constants

long (suffix)	L or 1
float (suffix)	F or f
exponential form	е
octal (prefix zero)	0
hexadecimal (prefix zero-ex)	Ox or OX
character constant (char, octal, hex)	'a', '\ooo', '\xhh'
newline, cr, tab, backspace	\n, \r, \t, \b
special characters	\ \?, \', \"
string constant (ends with '\0')	"abcde"

# Pointers, Arrays & Structures

declare pointer to type	type *name
declare function returning pointer to type	pe type *f()
declare pointer to function returning type	pe type (*pf)()
generic pointer type	void *
null pointer	NULL
object pointed to by pointer	*pointer
address of object name	&name
array	name [dim]
multi-dim array n	$ame [dim_1] [dim_2] \dots$
Structures	
struct tag { structure te	mplate
declaration declaration	of members
};	
create structure	struct tag name
member of structure from template	name.member
member of pointed to structure	pointer -> member
Example. (*p).x and p->x are the	1
Ending to the control of the control	O CONTRACT

# Operators (grouped by precedence)

single value, multiple type structure

bit field with b bits

name.member $pointer -> member$
++,
+, -, !, ~
ject *pointer, &name
(type) $expr$
sizeof
r) *, /, %
+, -
<<, >>
>, >=, <, <=
==, !=
&
^
1
&&
[]
$expr_1$ ? $expr_2$ : $expr_3$
+=, -=, *=,
,
sion and assignment oper-

## Flow of Control

reak; reak;

#### **ANSI Standard Libraries**

<assert.h></assert.h>	<ctype.h></ctype.h>	<errno.h></errno.h>	<float.h></float.h>	<pre><limits.h></limits.h></pre>
<locale.h></locale.h>	<math.h></math.h>	<setjmp.h></setjmp.h>	<signal.h></signal.h>	<stdarg.h></stdarg.h>
<stddef.h></stddef.h>	<stdio.h></stdio.h>	<stdlib.h></stdlib.h>	<string.h></string.h>	<time.h></time.h>

## Character Class Tests <ctype.h>

alphanumeric?	isalnum(c)
alphabetic?	isalpha(c)
control character?	iscntrl(c)
decimal digit?	isdigit(c)
printing character (not incl space)?	isgraph(c)
lower case letter?	islower(c)
printing character (incl space)?	isprint(c)
printing char except space, letter, digit?	ispunct(c)
space, formfeed, newline, cr, tab, vtab?	isspace(c)
upper case letter?	isupper(c)
hexadecimal digit?	isxdigit(c)
convert to lower case?	tolower(c)
convert to upper case?	toupper(c)

# String Operations <string.h>

s,t are strings, cs,ct are constant strings

, 0, ,	0
length of s	strlen(s)
copy ct to s	strcpy(s,ct)
up to n chars	strncpy(s,ct,n)
concatenate ct after s	strcat(s,ct)
up to n chars	strncat(s,ct,n)
compare cs to ct	strcmp(cs,ct)
only first n chars	strncmp(cs,ct,n)
pointer to first c in cs	strchr(cs,c)
pointer to last c in cs	strrchr(cs,c)
copy n chars from ct to s	memcpy(s,ct,n)
copy n chars from ct to s (may overlap)	memmove(s,ct,n)
compare n chars of cs with ct	memcmp(cs,ct,n)
pointer to first c in first n chars of cs	memchr(cs,c,n)
put c into first n chars of cs	memset(s,c,n)

ators group right to left; all others group left to right.

# C Reference Card (ANSI)

# Input/Output <stdio.h>

#### Standard I/O

standard input stream	stdin
standard output stream	stdout
standard error stream	stderr
end of file	EOF
get a character	<pre>getchar()</pre>
print a character	$\mathtt{putchar}(\mathit{chr})$
print formatted data	<pre>printf("format", arg 1,</pre>
print to string s	sprintf(s, "format", arg1,
read formatted data	<pre>scanf("format",&amp;name1,</pre>
read from string s	sscanf(s, "format", & name1,
read line to string s (< max	chars) gets(s,max)
print string s	puts(s)
File I/O	
declare file pointer	FILE $*fp$
pointer to named file	fopen("name", "mode"
modes: r (read), w (wr	ite), a (append)
get a character	$\mathtt{getc}(\mathit{fp})$
write a character	$\mathtt{putc}(\mathit{chr},\mathit{fp})$
write to file	$fprintf(fp, "format", arg_1,$
read from file	$fscanf(fp, "format", arg_1, \dots)$
close file	$\mathtt{fclose}(\mathit{fp})$
non-zero if error	
	$\mathtt{ferror}(\mathit{fp})$
non-zero if EOF	feof(fp)
non-zero if EOF read line to string s (< max	$\begin{array}{cc} & \text{feof}(fp) \\ \text{chars}) & \text{fgets(s,max}, fp) \end{array}$
non-zero if EOF read line to string s (< max write string s	$\begin{array}{c} \texttt{feof}(fp) \\ \texttt{chars}) & \texttt{fgets}(\texttt{s},\texttt{max},fp) \\ \texttt{fputs}(\texttt{s},fp) \end{array}$
non-zero if EOF read line to string s (< max write string s Codes for Formatted I/o	$\begin{array}{c} \texttt{feof}(fp) \\ \texttt{chars}) & \texttt{fgets}(\texttt{s},\texttt{max},fp) \\ \texttt{fputs}(\texttt{s},fp) \end{array}$
non-zero if EOF read line to string s (< max write string s Codes for Formatted I/o - left justify	$\begin{array}{c} \texttt{feof}(fp) \\ \texttt{chars}) & \texttt{fgets}(\texttt{s},\texttt{max},fp) \\ \texttt{fputs}(\texttt{s},fp) \end{array}$
non-zero if EOF read line to string s (< max write string s Codes for Formatted I/0 - left justify + print with sign	feof(fp) chars) fgets(s,max,fp) fputs(s,fp) O: "%-+ 0w.pmc"
non-zero if EOF read line to string s (< max write string s Codes for Formatted I/o - left justify + print with sign space print space if no	feof(fp) chars) fgets(s,max,fp) fputs(s,fp) O: "%-+ 0w.pmc"
non-zero if EOF read line to string s (< max write string s  Codes for Formatted I/0  - left justify + print with sign space print space if no 0 pad with leading	feof(fp) chars) fgets(s,max,fp) fputs(s,fp) O: "%-+ 0w.pmc"
non-zero if EOF read line to string s (< max write string s  Codes for Formatted I/O  - left justify + print with sign space print space if no 0 pad with leading w min field width	feof(fp) chars) fgets(s,max,fp) fputs(s,fp) O: "%-+ 0w.pmc"
non-zero if EOF read line to string s (< max write string s Codes for Formatted I/0 - left justify + print with sign space print space if no 0 pad with leading w min field width p precision	feof(fp) chars) fgets(s,max,fp) fputs(s,fp) O: "%-+ 0w.pmc"  sign zeros
non-zero if EOF read line to string s (< max write string s Codes for Formatted I/o - left justify + print with sign space print space if no 0 pad with leading w min field width p precision m conversion characterists	feof(fp) chars) fgets(s,max,fp) fputs(s,fp) O: "%-+ 0w.pmc"  sign g zeros cter:
non-zero if EOF read line to string $s$ ( $<$ max write string $s$ (Codes for Formatted I/ $v$ - left justify + print with sign space print space if no 0 pad with leading $w$ min field width $p$ precision $m$ conversion charach $p$ short,	feof(fp) chars) fgets(s,max,fp) fputs(s,fp) O: "%-+ 0w.pmc"  sign y zeros cter: 1 long, L long double
non-zero if EOF read line to string s (< max write string s Codes for Formatted I/o - left justify + print with sign space print space if no 0 pad with leading w min field width p precision m conversion characterists	feof(fp) chars) fgets(s,max,fp) fputs(s,fp) O: "%-+ 0w.pmc"  sign y zeros cter: 1 long, L long double

# Variable Argument Lists <stdarg.h>

g, G same as f or e, E depending on exponent

s char string

e, E exponential

x, X hexadecimal

n number of chars written

c single char

double

octal

p pointer

declaration of pointer to arguments	$va_list name;$
initialization of argument pointer	<pre>va_start(name, lastarg)</pre>
lastarg is last named parameter	of the function
access next unamed arg, update poin	iter va_arg(name, type)
call before exiting function	$va\_end(name)$

# Standard Utility Functions <stdlib.h>

absolute value of int n	abs(n)
absolute value of long n	labs(n)
quotient and remainder of ints n,d	div(n,d)
returns structure with div_t.quot an	nd div_t.rem
quotient and remainder of longs n,d	ldiv(n,d)
returns structure with ldiv_t.quot a	and ldiv_t.rem
pseudo-random integer [0,RAND_MAX]	rand()
set random seed to n	srand(n)
terminate program execution	exit(status)
pass string s to system for execution	system(s)
Conversions	
convert string s to double	atof(s)
convert string s to integer	atoi(s)
convert string s to long	atol(s)
convert prefix of s to double	strtod(s,endp)
convert prefix of s (base b) to long	strtol(s,endp,b)
same, but unsigned long	<pre>strtoul(s,endp,b)</pre>
Storage Allocation	
allocate storage malloc(size),	calloc(nobj,size)
change size of object	realloc(pts,size)
deallocate space	free(ptr)
Array Functions	
	rray,n,size,cmp())
sort array ascending order qsort(a	rray,n,size,cmp())
Time and Date Functions	<time.h></time.h>
processor time used by program	clock()
Example. clock()/CLOCKS_PER_SEC i	s time in seconds

processor time	used by program	clock()
Example.	clock()/CLOCKS_PER_	SEC is time in seconds
current calenda	ır time	time()
$time_2$ - $time_1$ in	seconds (double)	$difftime(time_2, time_1)$
	es representing times	clock_t,time_t
structure type	for calendar time com	ips tm
tm_sec	seconds after minu	ıte
tm_min	minutes after hour	•

tm_min	minutes after hour	
tm_hour	hours since midnight	
tm_mday	day of month	
tm_mon	months since January	
tm_year	years since 1900	
tm_wday	days since Sunday	
tm_yday	days since January 1	
tm_isdst	Daylight Savings Time	flag
convert local time	to calendar time	mktime(tp)

convert calendar	time in t	p to local time	ctime(tp)
convert calendar	time to (	GMT	gmtime(tp)
convert calendar	time to l	ocal time	localtime(tp)
format date and	time info	strftime(s	<pre>,smax,"format",tp)</pre>
tn is a noint	er to a st	ructure of type	t.m

asctime(tp)

#### Mathematical Functions <math.h>

Arguments and returned values are double

convert time in tp to string

trig functions	sin(x), $cos(x)$ , $tan(x)$
inverse trig functions	asin(x), acos(x), atan(x)
$\arctan(y/x)$	atan2(y,x)
hyperbolic trig functions	sinh(x), cosh(x), tanh(x)
exponentials & logs	exp(x), $log(x)$ , $log10(x)$
exponentials & logs (2 power)	<pre>ldexp(x,n), frexp(x,*e)</pre>
division & remainder	modf(x,*ip), fmod(x,y)
powers	pow(x,y), $sqrt(x)$
rounding	ceil(x), floor(x), fabs(x)

## Integer Type Limits

The numbers given in parentheses are typical values for the constants on a 32-bit Unix system.

CHAR_BIT	bits in char	(8)
CHAR_MAX	max value of char	(127 or 255)
CHAR_MIN	min value of char	(-128  or  0)
INT_MAX	max value of int	(+32,767)
INT_MIN	min value of int	(-32,768)
LONG_MAX	max value of long	(+2,147,483,647)
LONG_MIN	min value of long	(-2,147,483,648)
SCHAR_MAX	max value of signed char	(+127)
SCHAR_MIN	min value of signed char	(-128)
SHRT_MAX	max value of short	(+32,767)
SHRT_MIN	min value of short	(-32,768)
UCHAR_MAX	max value of unsigned char	(255)
UINT_MAX	max value of unsigned int	(65,535)
ULONG_MAX	max value of unsigned long	(4,294,967,295)
USHRT_MAX	max value of unsigned short	(65,536)

# Float Type Limits <float.h>

FLT_RADIX	radix of exponent rep	(2)
FLT_ROUNDS	floating point rounding mode	
FLT_DIG	decimal digits of precision	$(6)$ $(10^{-5})$
FLT_EPSILON	smallest $x$ so $1.0 + x \neq 1.0$	$(10^{-5})$
FLT_MANT_DIG	number of digits in mantissa	
FLT_MAX	maximum floating point number	$(10^{37})$
FLT_MAX_EXP	maximum exponent	
FLT_MIN	minimum floating point number	$(10^{-37})$
FLT_MIN_EXP	minimum exponent	
DBL_DIG	decimal digits of precision	$(10)$ $(10^{-9})$
DBL_EPSILON	smallest $x$ so $1.0 + x \neq 1.0$	$(10^{-9})$
DBL_MANT_DIG	number of digits in mantissa	
DBL_MAX	max double floating point number	$(10^{37})$
DBL_MAX_EXP	maximum exponent	
DBL_MIN	min double floating point number	$(10^{-37})$
DBL_MIN_EXP	minimum exponent	

#### Qsort cmp() function:

int comparator(const void\* p1, const void\* p2); Return value meaning

- <0 The element pointed by p1 goes before the element pointed by p2
- 0 The element pointed by p1 is equivalent to the element pointed by p2
- >0 The element pointed by p1 goes after the element pointed by p2

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