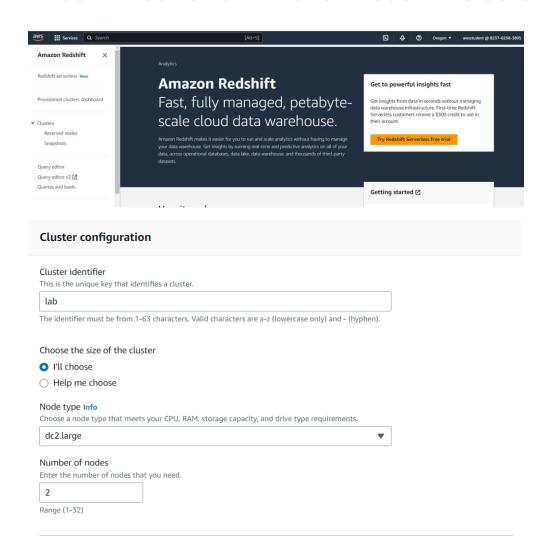
Introduction to Amazon Redshift

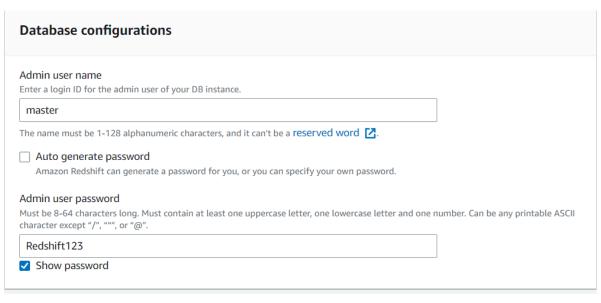
https://amazon.qwiklabs.com/focuses/57196?catalog_rank=%7B%22rank%22%3A6%2C%22num_filters %22%3A1%2C%22has_search%22%3Afalse%7D&parent=catalog

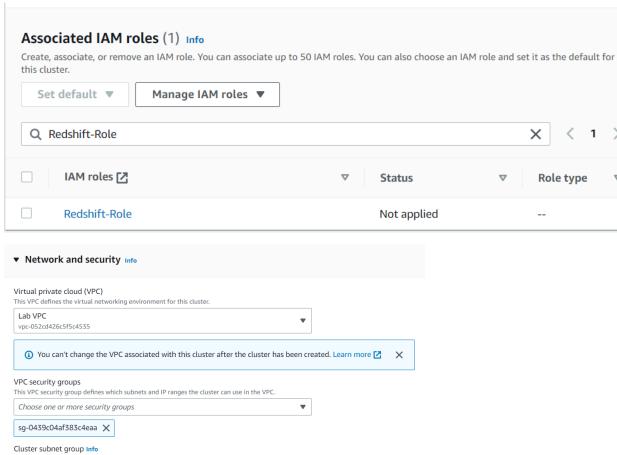
Start Lab

Open Console

Task 1: Launch an Amazon Redshift Cluster







Enhanced VPC routing

Availability Zone

No preference

Choose the Amazon Redshift subnet group to launch the cluster in.

redshiftclustersubnetgroup-5yvbo5l2snbo

Specify the Availability Zone to create the cluster in. Otherwise, Amazon Redshift chooses an Availability Zone for you.

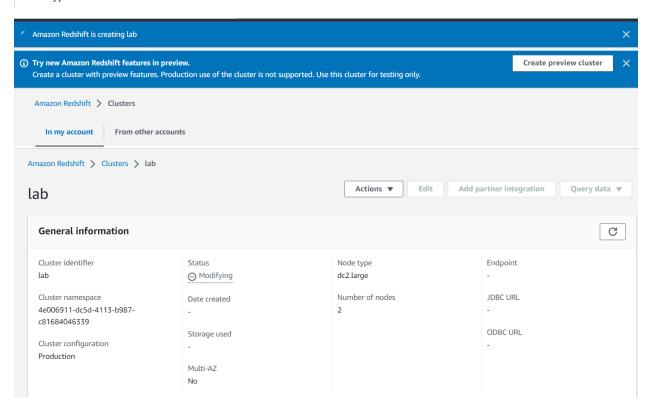
■ Database configurations Info Database name Specify a database name to create an additional database. [labdb] The name must be 1-64 alphanumeric characters (lowercase only), and it can't be a reserved word. Database port Port number where the database accepts inbound connections. The default port is 5439. You can change the port, if needed. [5439] The port must be numeric and between 1150-65535. We recommend that you choose a port number in the ranges 5431-5455 or 8191-8215 to use disaster recovery, Multi-AZ, and cross-VPC endpoint.

default.redshift-1.0

Defines database parameter and query queues for all the databases.

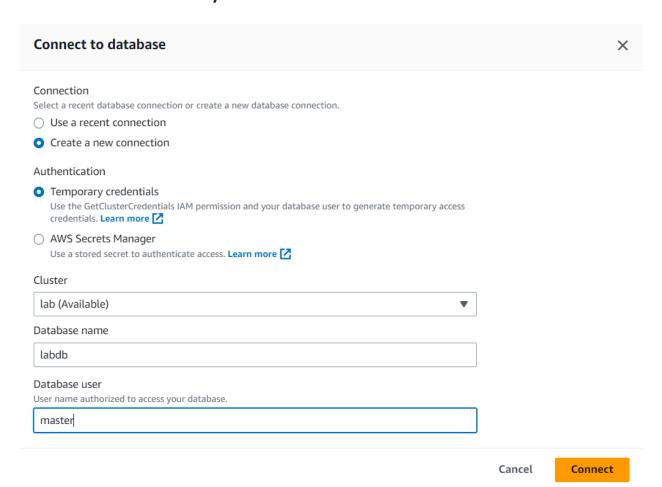
Parameter groups

Encryption

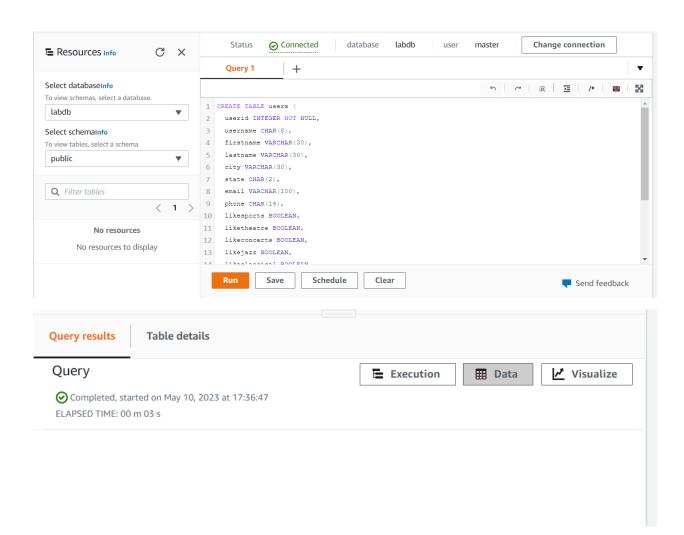


 $\overline{\mathbf{v}}$

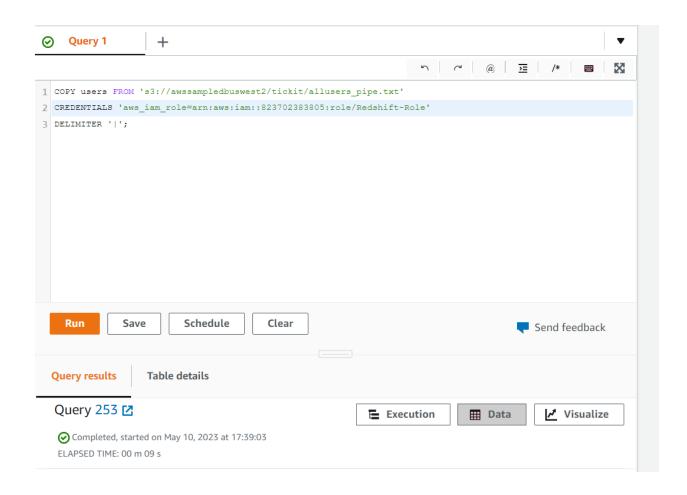
Task 2: Use the Redshift Query Editor to Communicate with your Redshift Cluster



Task 3: Create a Table



Task 4: Load Sample Data from Amazon S3



Task 5: Query Data

Name that you have data in your Dadahift database you can great the data using COL colors

