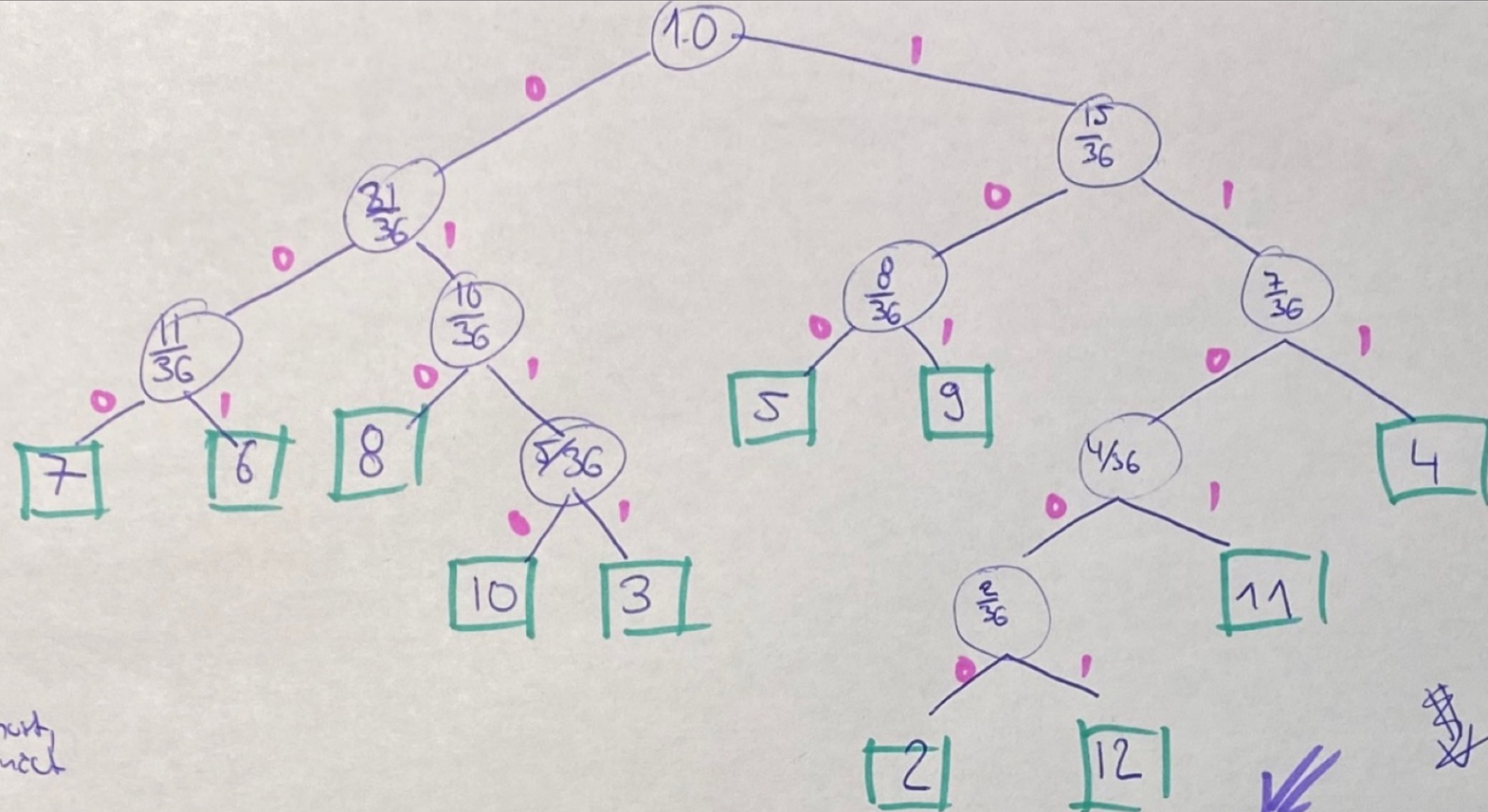


5)

A:	Pi
'7'	6/36
'6'	5/36
'8'	5/36
'5'	4/36
'9'	4/36
'4'	3/36
'10'	2/36
'3'	2/36
'11'	2/36
'2'	1/36
'12'	1/36
Σ 11	1.0

prvek
označující
summu
součet
hodin 2 kost.

pravidlo podlomky
že daný součet
padne



$$H(A) = 3.274 \text{ sh/znak}$$

$$H_{\max} = \log_2 11 = 3.459 \text{ sh/znak}$$

$$h(A) = \frac{3.27}{3.459} = 0.946$$

$$r(A) = 0.0534$$

$$\bar{I} = 3.158$$

$$H(B) = \frac{3.274}{3.158} = 1.03686$$

$$h(B) = 1.03686$$

$$r(B) = 1 - 1.0368 = -0.0368$$

$$K_p = \frac{1.03686}{0.946} \approx \underline{\underline{1.09544}}$$

	Li
7: 000	0.5
6: 001	0.416
8: 010	0.416
5: 100	0.33
9: 101	0.33
4: 111	0.25
10: 0110	0.33
3: 0111	0.2
11: 1101	0.2
2: 11000	0.138
12: 11001	0.138