Session Types Course [Exercise Class 1]

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Notation: we use the symbol **0** to denote the process **inact** (*because I'm lazy*)

Definition A *prefix* is a process of one of the following forms

$$x[].P$$
 $x().P$ $x[y].P$ $x(y).P$ $x \triangleright \{\ell_i : P_i\}$ $x \triangleleft \ell_i : P_i$

A process P is in *canonical form* if $P = (vx_1y_1)...(vx_ny_n)(P_1 | \cdots | P_m)$ with P_i (called *thread*) a prefix, and x_i or y_i occurring in a P_i for all i and some j in $\{1, \ldots, m\}$.

Exercise 1. Prove that each process P is structurally equivalent to a process P' in canonical form.

Definition Let P and Q be processes. We say that P reduces to Q if there are P_1, \ldots, P_n such that $P \equiv P_1 \rightarrow \cdots \rightarrow P_n \equiv Q$ and that P is **reducible** if it reduces to a process Q.

Exercise 2. Check if the following processes reduce to 0.

- 1. $x[u].x[].0 \mid y(v).y().0$
- 5. (vxy)(x[u].x[].0 | y[v].y[].0)
- 2. $(vxy)(x[u].x[].\mathbf{0} \mid y(v).y().\mathbf{0})$ 6. $(vxy)(x[u].x(w).x[].\mathbf{0} \mid y(v).y(z).y[].\mathbf{0})$
- 3. $(vxy)(x[u].x(w).x[].0 \mid y(v).y[z].y().0)$ 7. (vxy)(x(a).y[b].y().x[].0)
- 4. $(vxy)(x[u].x(w).0 \mid y(v).y[z].0)$ 8. (vxy)(x(a).x().0)
- 9. $(vxy)(x[u].x[].\mathbf{0} \mid y(v).y().\mathbf{0} \mid a[b].a().\mathbf{0} \mid c(d).c[].\mathbf{0})$
- 10. $(vx_1y_1)(vx_2y_2)(x_1[a].x_2[b).x_1[].x_2[].\mathbf{0} \mid y_2[c].y_1(d).y_1[].y_2[].\mathbf{0})$

Recall: a process is *linear* if each name occurs in at most a thread.

Exercise 3. Let P be a process. Prove that if P is linear, then if $P \to Q_1$ and $P \to Q_2$ with Q_1 and Q_2 irreducible, then $Q_1 \equiv Q_2$.

Definition A process P is *typable* if there is a typing derivation of a judgment of the

Exercise 4. Which of the processes in Exercise 2 is typable?

Processes

Structural Equivalence (Processes)

$$P \mid \mathbf{0} \equiv P$$

$$| x[].P \quad \text{close} \quad P \mid Q \equiv Q \mid P$$

$$| x().P \quad \text{wait} \quad (vxy)\mathbf{0} \equiv \mathbf{0}$$

$$| x[y].P \quad \text{send } (y \text{ through } x)$$

$$| x(y).P \quad \text{receive } (y \text{ on } x)$$

$$| (vxy)P \quad \text{nu} \quad (vxy)P \quad \text{nu}$$

$$| P \mid Q \quad \text{parallel}$$

$$| P \mid Q \quad \text{parallel}$$

Structural Equivalence (Processes)

$$P \mid \mathbf{0} \equiv P$$

$$P \mid Q \mid \mathbf{0} \equiv P$$

$$P \mid Q \mid \mathbf{0} \equiv (P \mid Q) \mid R$$

$$(vxy)\mathbf{0} \equiv \mathbf{0}$$

$$(vx_1x_2)(vy_1y_2)P \equiv (vy_1y_2)(vx_1x_2)P$$

$$((vxy)P_1) \mid P_2 \equiv (vxy)(P_1 \mid P_2)$$

$$\alpha.((vxy)P) \equiv (vxy)(\alpha.P)$$

$$\text{with } x, y \notin \text{fv}(P_2), \ \alpha. \in \{z[]., z[)., z[w]., z[w].\}$$

Operational Semantics (Processes)

Close:
$$(vxy)(x[].P \mid y().Q) \rightarrow (vxy)(P \mid Q)$$

Com: $(vxy)(x[a].P \mid y(b).Q) \rightarrow (vxy)(P \mid Q[a/b])$
Par: $P \mid Q \rightarrow P' \mid Q$ if $P \rightarrow P'$
Res: $(vxy)P \rightarrow (vxy)P'$ if $P \rightarrow P'$
Struct: $P \rightarrow Q$ if $P \equiv P' \rightarrow Q' \equiv Q$

Figure 1: Syntax and semantics for processes

Types			Duality (for Types)
T,U :=	:=	close	
		wait	close ⊥ wait
		$[T] \triangleleft U$	T T T T T T T T T T
		$(T) \blacktriangleleft U$	

Typing Rules

$$\begin{array}{lll} \operatorname{T-Inact} & & \operatorname{T-Par} \frac{\Gamma_1 \vdash P & \Gamma_2 \vdash Q}{\Gamma_1, \Gamma_2 \vdash P \mid Q} & \operatorname{T-Resr} \frac{\Gamma, x : T, y : U \vdash P}{\Gamma \vdash (vxy)P} & T \perp U \\ \\ & & & \operatorname{T-Close} \frac{\Gamma \vdash P}{\Gamma, x : \operatorname{close} \vdash x[].P} & \operatorname{T-Wait} \frac{\Gamma \vdash P}{\Gamma, x : \operatorname{wait} \vdash x().P} \\ \\ & & & & \\ \operatorname{T-Send} \frac{\Gamma, x : U, y : T}{\Gamma, x : [T] \blacktriangleleft U \vdash x[y].P} & & & & \\ \end{array}$$

Figure 2: Types