

Session Types Course [Exercise Class 2]

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Exercise 1. Check if each of the following processes reduces to $\mathbf{0}$ and provide its type (when defined).

1. $(\nu xy)(x \triangleleft \{\ell : x[].\mathbf{0}\} \mid y[u].\mathbf{0})$
2. $(\nu xy)(x \triangleleft \{\ell : x[].\mathbf{0}\} \mid y[\ell].y().\mathbf{0})$
3. $(\nu xy)(x \triangleleft \{\ell : x[].\mathbf{0}\} \mid y \triangleright \{\ell : y().\mathbf{0}\})$
4. $(\nu xy)(x \triangleleft \{\ell_1 : x[].\mathbf{0}\} \mid y \triangleright \{\ell_2 : y().\mathbf{0}\})$
5. $(\nu xy)(x \triangleleft \{\ell_1 : x[].\mathbf{0}, \ell_2 : x().\mathbf{0}\} \mid y \triangleright \{\ell_1 : y().\mathbf{0}\})$
6. $(\nu xy)(x \triangleleft \{\ell_1 : x[].\mathbf{0}\} \mid y \triangleright \{\ell_1 : y().\mathbf{0}, \ell_2 : y().\mathbf{0}\})$
7. $(\nu xy)(x \triangleleft \{\ell_1 : x[].\mathbf{0}, \ell_2 : x().\mathbf{0}\} \mid y \triangleright \{\ell_1 : y().\mathbf{0}, \ell_2 : y[].\mathbf{0}\})$

Exercise 2. Consider the following processes.

$$T(x) = x \triangleleft \{\ell_{true} : x[].\mathbf{0}\} \quad F(x) = x \triangleleft \{\ell_{false} : x[].\mathbf{0}\}$$

$$\text{Cond}(x, P, Q) = x \triangleright \{\ell_{true} : x().P, \ell_{false} : x().Q\}$$

1. Show that $T(x)$ and $F(x)$ have the same type.
2. Show that

$$(\nu xy)(T(x) \mid \text{Cond}(y, P, Q)) \rightarrow^2 P \quad \text{and} \quad (\nu xy)(F(x) \mid \text{Cond}(y, P, Q)) \rightarrow^2 Q$$

3. Define a process $\text{Neg}(u, v)$ such that

$$(\nu xy)(T(x) \mid \text{Neg}(y, z)) \rightarrow^2 F(z) \quad \text{and} \quad (\nu xy)(F(x) \mid \text{Neg}(y, z)) \rightarrow^2 T(z)$$

4. Define a process $\text{And}(u, v, w)$ such that

$$(\nu x_1 y_1)(\nu x_2 y_2)(P(x_1) \mid Q(x_2) \mid \text{And}(y_1, y_2, z))$$

reduces in two steps to $T(z)$ if $P(x) = Q(x) = T(x)$ and to $F(z)$ if $P(x), Q(x) \in \{T(x), F(x)\}$ with $P(x)$ or $Q(x)$ equal to $F(x)$.

[Beware that in defining $\text{And}(x, y, z)$ we cannot do a sequential evaluation because of linearity]

Exercise 3.

- Give a typable process P_1 such that $P_1 \rightarrow P'_1$ with P'_1 reducible;
- Give a typable process P_2 such that $P_2 \rightarrow P'_2$ with P'_2 is not reducible;
- Give a process P_3 such that $P_3 \rightarrow P'_3$ with P'_3 is a runtime error;
- Give a typable process P_4 such that $P_4 \rightarrow P'_4$ with P'_4 is stuck (note: it cannot be a runtime error!);
- Give a runtime error process P_5 which is not stuck. Is it true that any P'_5 such that $P_5 \rightarrow P'_5$ is a runtime error?

[Tip: have a look at the Exercises 2 and 4 from Class 1 and Exercise 1 above]

Processes	Structural Equivalence (Processes)
$P, Q \quad := \quad \mathbf{0} \quad \text{inact}$	$P \mid \mathbf{0} \equiv P$
$\quad \mid \quad x[].P \quad \text{close}$	$P \mid Q \equiv Q \mid P$
$\quad \mid \quad x().P \quad \text{wait}$	$P \mid (Q \mid R) \equiv (P \mid Q) \mid R$
$\quad \mid \quad x[y].P \quad \text{send (y through x)}$	$(\nu xy)\mathbf{0} \equiv \mathbf{0}$
$\quad \mid \quad x(y).P \quad \text{receive (y on x)}$	$(\nu x_1 x_2)(\nu y_1 y_2)P \equiv (\nu y_1 y_2)(\nu x_1 x_2)P$
$\quad \mid \quad (\nu xy)P \quad \text{nu}$	$((\nu xy)P_1) \mid P_2 \equiv (\nu xy)(P_1 \mid P_2)$
$\quad \mid \quad P \mid Q \quad \text{parallel}$	$\alpha.((\nu xy)P) \equiv (\nu xy)(\alpha.P)$
	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">with $x, y \notin \text{fv}(P_2)$, $\alpha. \in \{z[], z(), z[w]., z(w).\}$</div>
	plus the standard α -equivalence

Operational Semantics (Processes)	
Close:	$(\nu xy)(x[].P \mid y().Q) \rightarrow P \mid Q$
Com:	$(\nu xy)(x[a].P \mid y(b).Q) \rightarrow (\nu xy)(P \mid Q[a/b])$
Par:	$P \mid Q \rightarrow P' \mid Q \quad \text{if } P \rightarrow P'$
Res:	$(\nu xy)P \rightarrow (\nu xy)P' \quad \text{if } P \rightarrow P'$
Struct:	$P \rightarrow Q \quad \text{if } P \equiv P' \rightarrow Q' \equiv Q$
Choice:	$(\nu xy)(x \triangleright \{\ell_i : P_i : \ell_i \in L\} \mid x \triangleleft \ell : Q) \rightarrow (\nu xy)(P_k \mid Q) \quad \text{if } \ell = \ell_k \in L$

Figure 1: Syntax and semantics for processes

Types		Duality (for Types)
$T, U :=$	close $ $ wait $ $ $[T] \blacktriangleleft U$ $ $ $(T) \blacktriangleleft U$ $ $ $\oplus\{\ell : T\}^{\ell \in L}$ $ $ $\&\{\ell : T\}^{\ell \in L}$	$\text{close} \perp \text{wait}$ $\frac{[T] \blacktriangleleft U \perp (T) \blacktriangleleft V}{\&\{\ell : T_\ell\}^{\ell \in L} \perp \oplus\{\ell : T_\ell\}^{\ell \in L}}$ if $U \perp V$ $\frac{}{\&\{\ell : T_\ell\}^{\ell \in L} \perp \oplus\{\ell : T_\ell\}^{\ell \in L}}$ if $U_\ell \perp V_\ell$ for each $\ell \in L$
Typing Rules		
$\text{T-Inact} \frac{}{\vdash \mathbf{0}}$	$\text{T-Par} \frac{\Gamma_1 \vdash P \quad \Gamma_2 \vdash Q}{\Gamma_1, \Gamma_2 \vdash P \mid Q}$	$\text{T-Resr} \frac{\Gamma, x : T, y : U \vdash P \quad T \perp U}{\Gamma \vdash (\nu xy)P}$
	$\text{T-Close} \frac{\Gamma \vdash P}{\Gamma, x : \text{close} \vdash x[.].P}$	$\text{T-Wait} \frac{\Gamma \vdash P}{\Gamma, x : \text{wait} \vdash x().P}$
	$\text{T-Send} \frac{\Gamma, x : U, y : T \vdash P}{\Gamma, x : [T] \blacktriangleleft U \vdash x[y].P}$	$\text{T-Recv} \frac{\Gamma, x : U \vdash P}{\Gamma, x : (T) \blacktriangleleft U \vdash x(y).P}$
$\text{T-Bra} \frac{\Gamma, x : T_1 \vdash P_1 \quad \dots \quad \Gamma, x : T_n \vdash P_n}{\Gamma, x : \&\{\ell_i : T_i\}^{\ell_i \in L} \vdash x \triangleright \{\ell_i : P_i\}}$	$\text{T-Sel} \frac{\Gamma, x : T_k \vdash P_k}{\Gamma, x : \oplus\{\ell_i : T_i\}^{\ell_i \in L} \vdash x \blacktriangleleft \ell_i : P_i} \ell_k \in L$	

Figure 2: Types