# Introduction to Gaussian Processes

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September 17, 2019

## Outline



- Gaussian Processes
- 1.1 Gaussian processes1.2 Gaussian processes

## Gaussian Processes

## Gaussian processes Some mathematical justification

### Gaussian processes, the definition...

An equivalent way is considering the inference directly in function-space. We use a Gaussian process (GP) to describe a distribution over functions.

#### Definition

A Gaussian process is a collection of random variables, any finite number of which have a joint Gaussian distribution.

A Gaussian process is completely specified by its mean function and covariance **function** of a real process f(x), defined as

$$m(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbb{E}[f(\mathbf{x})], \quad k(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}') = \mathbb{E}[f(\mathbf{x}) - m(\mathbf{x})) (f(\mathbf{x}') - m(\mathbf{x}'))]$$

Finally we obtain

$$f(\mathbf{x}) \sim \mathcal{GP}\left(m(\mathbf{x}), k\left(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}'\right)\right)$$



## Gaussian processes Some mathematical justification

#### Definition

A function  $k : \mathbb{X} \times \mathbb{X} \to \mathbb{R}$  is a Mercer kernel, if for any finite collection  $X = [x_1, \dots, x_N]$ , the matrix  $k_{XX} \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times N}$  with elements  $k_{XX,(i,j)} = k(x_i, x_j)$  is positive semidefinite.

#### Lemma

Any kernel that can be written as

$$(T_k f)(\mathbf{x}) = \int_{\mathbb{X}} k(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}') f(\mathbf{x}') d\mu(\mathbf{x}')$$

is a Mercer kernel.

### Definition

Let  $\mu: \mathbb{X} \to \mathbb{R}$  be any function,  $k: \mathbb{X} \times \mathbb{X} \to \mathbb{R}$  be a Mercer kernel. A Gaussian process  $p(f) = \mathcal{GP}(f; \mu, k)$  is a probability over the function  $f: \mathbb{X} \to \mathbb{R}$ , such that every finite restriction to function values  $f_X := [f_{x_1}, \dots, f_{x_N}]$  is  $p(f_X) = \mathcal{N}(f_X; \mu_X, k_{XX})$ .

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