mesh_evaluation

The estimation of the spacings of the mesh along y direction is performed through the Python function mesh_evaluation.py inside the folder 1-pre_processing/. $mesh_evaluation$ can help in the pre-processing of Temporal Turbulent Boundary Layer (TTBL) simulations as well as Channel flows. The scaling employed by Incompact3d for channel flows is based on the laminar Poiseuille flow. For more details on the reference scales for channels, see the $Quick\ Incompact3d\ guide$. The subroutine stretching_mesh_y (that can be found inside the file mesh_subs.py) derives directly from the default Fortran subroutine of Incompact3d, stretching. Mesh evaluation is driven by the file input.i3d used to run simulations.

Generated files

mesh_evaluation.py prints to screen useful information for the simulations, as well as saving them to .txt files. We list the main ones as following:

In sim settings.txt we store:

- numerical parameters (CFL, Péclet, Numerical Fourier and stability parameter, Co, \mathcal{D} , Pe, S). For numerical stability, it is recommended to maintain Co < 1, D < 0.5, Pe < 2 and S < 1;
- mesh spacings Δx^+ , Δy_w^+ , Δy_δ^+ , Δz^+ (w: first element at the wall, δ : element at the interface (TTBL) or at the centerline (Channel));
- number of mesh nodes npvis in the viscous sublayer at c_f peak (TTBL) or at steady state (Channel);
- total number of mesh points, n_{tot} ;
- number of snapshots for a single flow realization, n_{snap} ;
- total memory requirement (storage), mem_tot;
- estimated CPUh to complete the simulation;
- shear velocity u_{τ} ;
- viscous time t_{ν} .

In the file mesh_y.txt instead:

- dimensional mesh spacings in y direction: Δy .
- Growth Rates (GRs) along y of grid elements (ratio of heights of adjacent elements).
- Aspect Ratios (ARs) in the xy plane of grid elements (ratio width/height of a single element).

Pre-processing quantities

Some of the calculated quantities in mesh_evaluation.py for TTBL and Channel. The reference velocity U_{ref} is U_w for a TTBL while it is U_B for a Channel.

Estimated Courant-Friedrichs-Lewy number (< 1)

$$Co = rac{U_{ref}\Delta t}{\Delta x}$$

Estimated numerical Fourier number (< 0.5)

$$\mathcal{D}=rac{
u\Delta t}{\Delta x^2}$$

Estimated numerical Péclet number (<2)

$$Pe = rac{U_{ref}\Delta x}{
u}$$

Estimated stability parameter (Thompson et al. (1985)) (< 1)

$$S=rac{{U_{ref}}^2\Delta t}{2
u}$$