# Introduction to GWAS

#### **Description of Datasets**

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(Biostatistician, bioinformatician and quantitative geneticist) CNR-IBBA, Milan (Italy)

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#### Outline

- 1. Continuous phenotypes: rice dataset
- 2. Binary phenotype: dogs dataset

Continuous phenotypes: plant height (PH)



RESEARCH ARTICLE

Genome-Wide Association Study for Traits Related to Plant and Grain Morphology, and Root Architecture in Temperate Rice Accessions

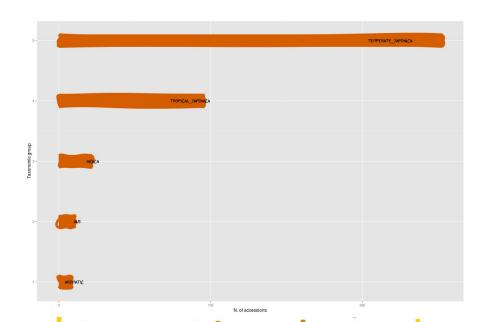
Filippo Biscarini<sup>1</sup>\*, Paolo Cozzi<sup>2</sup>, Laura Casella<sup>1</sup>", Paolo Riccardi<sup>1</sup>, Alessandra Vattari<sup>1</sup>, Gabriele Orasen<sup>3</sup>, Rosaria Perrini<sup>3</sup>, Gianni Tacconi<sup>4</sup>, Alessandro Tondelli<sup>4</sup>, Chiara Biselli<sup>3</sup>, Luigi Cattivelli<sup>4</sup>, Jennifer Spindel<sup>5</sup>, Susan McCouch<sup>5</sup>, Pamela Abbruscato<sup>1</sup>, Giampiero Valé<sup>3,4</sup>, Pietro Piffanelli<sup>1</sup>, Raffaella Greco<sup>1</sup>



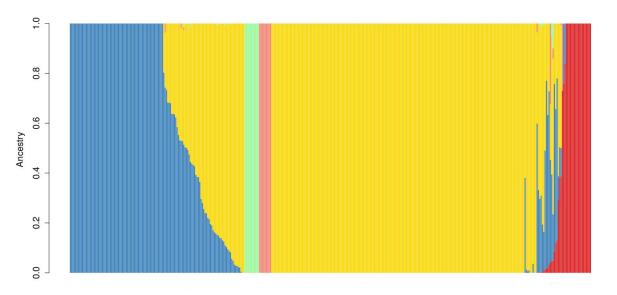
1 PTP Science Park, 26900 Lodi, Italy, 2 IBBA-CNR, Lodi, Italy, 3 CREA-Council for Agricultural Research and Economics, Rice Research Unit, 13100 Verreelli, Italy, 4 CREA-Council for Agricultural Research and Economics, Genomics Research Centre, 29017 Fiorenzuola d'Arda (Piacenza), Italy, 5 Department of Plant Breeding & Genetics, Cornell University, Ithaca, NY, United States of America

Continuous phenotypes: plant height (PH)

- genotype data from GBS
- ~ 400 rice accessions from
  5 sub-populations:
  - temperate japonica
  - tropical japonica
  - indica
  - aus
  - aromatica

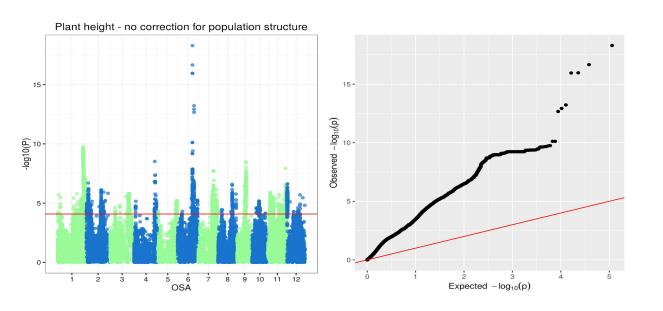


Continuous phenotypes: plant height (PH)



- blue = tropical japonica
- yellow = temperate japonica
- green = aus
- pink = aromatic
- red = indica

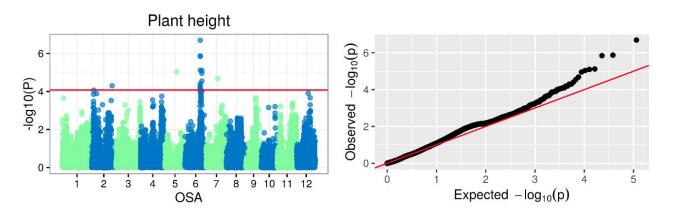
Continuous phenotypes: plant height (PH)



12 chromosomes

No correction for population structure

Continuous phenotypes: plant height (PH)

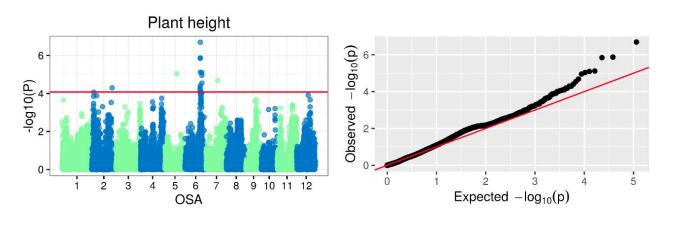


12 chromosomes

Correction for population structure



Continuous phenotypes: plant height (PH)



12 chromosomes

Correction for population structure

We take chromosomes 1, 2, 6 and 7



Binary phenotype: **cleft lip** (presence/absence)



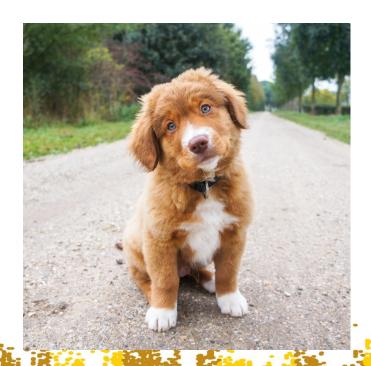
RESEARCH ARTICLE

Genome-Wide Association Studies in Dogs and Humans Identify *ADAMTS20* as a Risk Variant for Cleft Lip and Palate

Zena T. Wolf<sup>1,e</sup>, Harrison A. Brand<sup>2,3,ena</sup>, John R. Shaffer<sup>3,e</sup>, Elizabeth J. Leslie<sup>2</sup>, Boaz Arzi<sup>4</sup>, Cali E. Willet<sup>5</sup>, Timothy C. Cox<sup>6,7,8</sup>, Toby McHenry<sup>2</sup>, Nicole Narayan<sup>9</sup>, Eleanor Feingold<sup>3</sup>, Xioajing Wang<sup>2nb</sup>, Saundra Sliskovic<sup>1</sup>, Nili Karmi<sup>1</sup>, Noa Safra<sup>1</sup>, Carla Sanchez<sup>2</sup>, Frederic W. B. Deleyiannis<sup>10</sup>, Jeffrey C. Murray<sup>11</sup>, Claire M. Wade<sup>5</sup>, Mary L. Marazita<sup>2,12‡</sup>\*, Danika L. Bannasch<sup>1‡</sup>\*

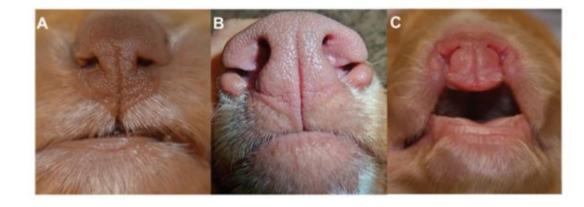
Binary phenotype: **cleft lip** (presence/absence)

- Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever (NSDTR)
- 125 dogs:
  - 13 cases
  - 112 controls



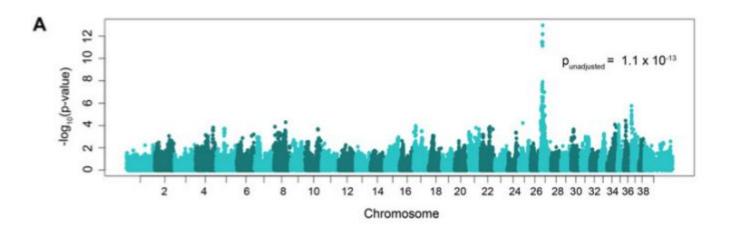
Binary phenotype: **cleft lip** (presence/absence)

- Nova Scotia Duck Tolling Retriever (NSDTR)
- 125 dogs:
  - 13 cases
  - 112 controls





Binary phenotype: cleft lip (presence/absence)

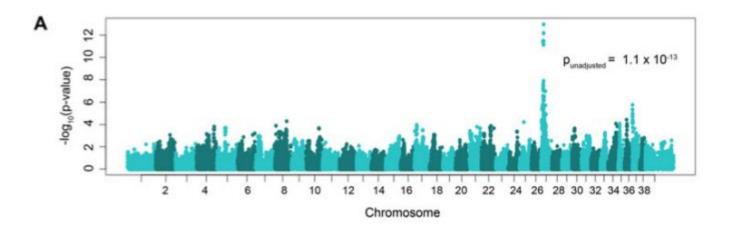


39 chromosomes

Strong signal of association on chromosome 27



Binary phenotype: cleft lip (presence/absence)



39 chromosomes

Strong signal of association on chromosome 27

We take chromosomes 25, 26, 27, 28 and 29

