New LATEX Style for FAO Yearbook *

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Abstract

This package provides class for typesetting FAO Yearbook. This is a refactoring of the faoyeabook package

1 Introduction

The package faoyearbook [1] was written in 2011 for FAO Statistical Yearbook.

The package faosyb is a refactoring of this package. We use the lessons learned and incorporate new design requirements. We use some (actually plenty) code from the previous version, but since we do not have to be compatibility, we can correct some unfortunate decisions.

2 User Guide

The installation of the class follows the usual practice [2] for LATEX packages:

- 1. Run latex on faosyb.ins. This will produce the LATEX class faosyb.cls.
- 2. Put the file faosyb.cls to the place where LATEX can find it (see [2] or the documentation for your TEX system).
- 3. Update the database of file names. Again, see [2] or the documentation for your TEX system for the system-specific details.
- 4. The file faosyb.pdf provides the documentation for the package (this is the file you are probably reading now).

As an alternative to items 2 and 3 you can just put the file faosyb.cls in the working directory where your .tex file is.

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2.1 Invocation

To use the class, put in the preamble of your document

```
\documentclass[\langle options \rangle] \{faosyb\}
```

If the option web (default) is chosen, the pages of the book have the dimensions corresponding to A4 paper. However, if the option print is chosen, then the pages are printed on a wider area, and crop marks are added for the trimming.

If the option issuu is chosen, the internal links are transformed to external in the form suitable for http://www.issuu.com. Note that this option probably does not make much sense unless web option is also chosen. However, it is still possible to select both print and issuu option if someone needs it for an obscure purpose.

The option Draft (note the capitalization!) leads to the the large word 'DRAFT' printed across the pages. The standard LATEX option draft leads to the same result, but it also makes other changes, most notably, in the behavior of the \includegraphics command and warnings.

\ifprint

It is possible to query the current mode using the macro \ifprint, for example

```
\ifprint
   Stuff for print version
\else
   Stuff for web version
\fi
```

Any branch of this conditional may be empty, so web-only stuff can be coded as

\ifprint\else Web-only stuff\fi

\includegraphics

There is a special facilty for \includegraphics command to choose a file depending on the current mode of the package. Namely, if there is a file image_print.pdf visible by LATEX, then the commands \includegraphics{image} or \includegraphics{image.pdf} selects the file image_print.pdf. In the case this file is not found, the file image.pdf is selected instead. Similarly in the web mode the file image_web.pdf will be selected first, and only if it does not exist, image.pdf is selected. This rule works also for commands \includeLargeGraphics and \includeExtraLargeGraphics described below.

Note that at this time there is no similar facility for the \input command.

2.2 Setting Parameters

\faoset

Some parameters in the class can be set with the command $\{key=value\}\}$, for example

\faoset{bgcolor=blue}

Most of the parameters are explained below.

One of the important parameters is year. While the package at this time does not provide facilities for the title pages, it needs to know the year for the proper typesetting of footers. The command

```
\faoset{year=2013}
```

is used to provide this information.

2.3 Fonts

\narrowfamily
 \textnarrow
\captionfamily
 \textcaption

The class uses PT Sans fonts [3] for body text and Arev fonts [4] for math. It defines two additional families: Narrow and Caption, corresponding to the PT Sans Narrow and PT Sans Caption font. They can be selected by the declarations \arrowfamily and \arrowfamily or by the commands $\textnarrow\{\langle text\rangle\}\$ and $\textcaption\{\langle text\rangle\}\$ following the usual LATEX conventions. Note that since PT Sans does not provide math alphabet, this choice does not change the mathematical text.

PT Sans Narrow may be useful for typesetting tables, for example,

```
{\scriptsize\narrowfamily
\rowcolors{4}{@bgcolor!30}{@bgcolor!20}
\input{./Tables/P1.DEM_1.tex}}
```

The choice of \narrowfamily is automatically done by the tablepages environment.

2.4 Colors and Icons for Parts

A Yearbook is separated into parts (more on this below). Each part has its own color and icon. They are set by the keys bgcolor and icon of the \faoset command, for example,

```
\faoset{icon=./Icons/agriculture.png}
\faoset{icon=./Icons/population}
\faoset{bgcolor=blue}
\faoset{bgcolor=green!25!yellow}
```

The parameter for the icon key can be any file name (with or without extension), suitable for the \includegraphics command. The parameter for the bgcolor key can be specified in any form acceptable by xcolor package [5].

The key tableheadcolor sets the color for the headers of tables defined by H or P key (see Section 2.6). Normally it is the current @bgcolor color, but it can be set to any required value.

\selecticon \selectcolor

Note that \faoset command does not change the icon or background color immediately. When issued before \part command, it sets up icon and color for

the next part. If needed, you can manually change this using \selection and \selectcolor commands. In most cases you should *not* use these commands.

@bgcolor
@tableheadcolor
 \currenticon

After a \part command (or explicit \selection and \selectcolor command we can access the current values of the color in @bgcolor, @tablecolor colors and \currenticon macro.

2.5 Sectioning

\part \section \subsection The main division of the text are \parts. The command \part{\langle title \rangle} is used for numbered parts, while the command \part*{\langle title \rangle} is used for unnumbered parts. The next division are \sections and \subsections. They are never numbered. The style does not use \chapters.

\EndPartIntro

The sections immediately following new parts are special: they are typeset in one column and cannot have floats. The command **\EndPartIntro** switches to the "normal" sections.

2.6 Floats

One of the most important changes from the previous version of the class [1] is the treatment of floats.

In standard LaTeX floats "float": they can be placed by the algorithm anywhere. The previous version made them "sticky": the author explicitly tells TeX where floats should be placed. However, to do so the class required the author to make explicitly page breaks, which was not very convenient.

This version has a completely rewritten interface and algorithm for placing floats:

- 1. Like in standard L^AT_EX, authors do not normally provide page breaks—T_EX tries to make this decision for them.
- 2. Like in the previous version, floats are put exactly where the authors want them—no default placing and second-guessing.

Here is how it is done.

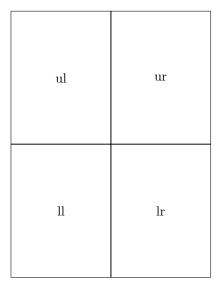
The main unit of the book is *spread*: a verso page and the corresponding recto page. Each page is divided into four quarters, upper left, upper right, lower left and lower right. We will denote them ul, ur, ll, lr for the verso page and UL, UR, LL, LR for the recto page (Figure 1). We allow four kinds of floats:

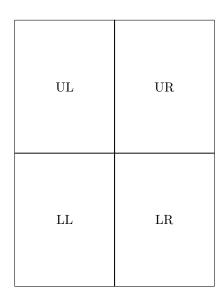
Single floats occupy exactly one quarter. They are denoted as S.

Tall floats occupy two quarters stacked vertically (for example, ul and 11). They are denoted as T.

Wide floats occupy two quarters adjacent horizontally (for example, LL and LR). They are denoted as W.

Big floats occupy all four quarters on a page. They are denoted as B.





Verso page

Recto page

Figure 1: A Spread

The parameters $\{\langle type \rangle\}$ and $\{\langle location \rangle\}$ are mandatory for floats, for example

```
\begin{map}{T}{ur}
...
\end{map}
\begin{chart}{S}{UL}
...
\end{chart}
```

For multiquarter floats the location is the location of the upper left corner, so Big float can use only ul or UL location.

Of course, not all combinations are valid: you cannot specify float as $\{T\}\{11\}$ or $\{W\}\{UR\}$, for example. If you use such combinations, the results may be unpredictable. Also it is not predictable what happens if you try to put overlapping floats (e.g. $\{S\}\{UR\}$ and $\{W\}\{UL\}$).

There are two additional rules:

- 1. A verso page may have text and floats (still it is recommended that if it has text, then it should not have floats occupying the upper left corner).
- 2. A recto page may have *either* text or floats: if there are floats for this page, all text is moved to the following verso page.

chart There are three types of floats defined by the class:

map table

chart plots and other charts,

map mapped data.

table mini tables.

caption

Each of these kinds of material is typeset using the corresponding environment: chart, table or map. Note that the caption for each of these environments must precede the graphical material, for example:

```
\begin{chart}{B}{UL}
  \caption{Hunger Data}
  \label{chart:hunger}
  \includegraphics{hunger.pdf}
\end{chart}
```

Note that our class redefines table environemnt!. For tables on separate pages use longtable.

\chartwidth \chartheight

Inside a chart, map or table it is useful to know the size allocated for the graphics or table, for example, to be able to scale the graphics. Two lengths, \chartwidth and \chartheight provide this information, so the user can say, for example,

\includegraphics[width=\chartwidth, height=\chartheight]{theChart}

\source

Inside a a chart, map or table the macro \source{ $\langle source \rangle$ } gives the source of the information, for example,

\Source{FAO, Statistical Division [FAOSTAT]}

\listoftables \listofcharts \listofmaps The standard LATEX has the command \listoftables to produce the list of tables in the document. Our class retains this command and produces two additional commands \listoftharts and \listoftharps with the obvious meaning.

2.7 Page Breaks

\clearpage \cleardoublepage \clearspread Standard IATEX has commands for immediate page break (e.g. \clearpage) and for switching to the next recto page, possibly ejecting the next verso page (\cleardoublepage). The class provides another command \clearspread. It switches to the next verso page, possibly ejecting the next recto page (and putting there floats intended for this page, if any).

2.8 Tables

tablepages

The tables at the end of a part should be typeset inside tablepages environment. The environment switches to the one column setup, decreases the margins and changes the font to \narrowfamily.

To typeset numericall items one should use \mathtt{d} column identifier with the format $\mathtt{d}\{\langle a.b \rangle\}$, where a is the number of decimal in the integer part of the number, and b is the number of decimal digitst in the fractional part. For example, a number 12.345 corresponds to $\mathtt{d}\{2.3\}$. The column headers are usually not numerical, so one need to use \multicolumn entries to typeset them. The class defines several such entries:

H produces a centered entry.

P produces an entry of a given length, for example, P{1.5cm}

C produces an entry of the length corresponding to the given number of numerical columns. For example, $C\{2\}$ corresponds to a header of two numerical columns. Each column is assumed to be of the size enough to store -99.999.

\hhline

For the rules that do not span the table width \hhline{\specificaiton}} command from the hhline package should be used. The {\specification\} argument of this command has many variants, but for our purposes we need only one variant: the command - produces a horizontal line spanning one column. The color of this line is determined by the command \arrayrulecolor{\color\}, issued in the last >{\arrayrulecolor{\color\}} command before the - specification. Therefore the command >{\arrayrulecolor{\color\}}- produces a line of the color \color{\color\}}- produces a line. The command >{\arrayrulecolor{\black}}--- produces a black line spanning three columns. Thus if we have a four-column table and want a rule spanning columns 2-3, the following command should be issued:

```
\hhline{>{\arrayrulecolor{@tableheadcolor}}-% Column 1, no rule >{\arrayrulecolor{black}}--% Columns 2 and 3, black rule >{\arrayrulecolor{@tableheadcolor}}-}% Column 4, no rule
```

The usual * specification may be used for repeating patterns, for example, *{5}{-} is equivalent to -----.

The vertical bar | specification in the \hhline argument means an interruption of the line. The interruption is by defalut a black interval, to make it the same color as the header background, use >{\arrayrulecolor{@tableheadcolor}}|.

The design of the tables in the current edition requires several important changes to the usual tables:

- 1. There should be no \toprule at the beginning of a table.
- 2. The first row header of a table must be empty and white; this is done by the command \cellcolor{white} in this cell.

3. \hhline separating rows in the header must not go through this first white cell; this is done by the ~ specification.

2.9 **Publication Descriptions**

publication

FAO vearboook describes some FAO publications. These publications should be put inside the environment publication. The environment has one mandatory argument, which is the title of the publication, and one optional argument, which sets the file name of the publication cover. Note that the option argument, if present, must precede the mandatory one. If this argument is absent, no cover is included. Inside the environment the macros $\polinimes prescription { (description)},$ $\pEdition{\langle year \rangle} {\langle edition \rangle}, \pWeb{\langle URL \rangle} and \pCycle{\langle date \rangle} are used to$ typeset the corresponding items related to the publication. For example,

\pDescription \pEdition \pCycle pWeb

```
\begin{publication}[./Plots/StateOfFoodAndAgriculture.png]{The State
    of Food and Agriculture}
```

```
\pDescription{The State of Food and Agriculture, FAO's major
   annual flagship publication, aims at bringing to a wider
   audience balanced science-based assessments of important issues
  in the field of food and agriculture. Each edition of the
  report contains a comprehensive, yet easily accessible, overview
   of a selected topic of major relevance for rural and
   agricultural development and for global food security. This is
   supplemented by a synthetic overview of the current global
   agricultural situation.}
\pEdition{2010}{Livestock in the balance}
\pEdition{2011}{Women in Agriculture Closing the gender gap for
 development}
```

\pCycle{May each year} \pWeb{http://www.fao.org/docrep/013/i2050e/i2050e00.htm} \end{publication}

Note that, as in the example, some fields may be repeated.

Two spacing parameters can be used for typesetting of publications: publicationskip is the amount of additional space between the publications, while publicationparskip is the space between the paragraphs inside the publication environment. The default values correspond to the command

\faoset{publicationskip=6pt plus 2pt minus 2pt, publicationparskip=6pt plus 6pt minus 4pt}

2.10Metadata

metadata

MetadataCollection Each chart, map of table in the book has a source. Soruces are collected in the environemnt MetadataCollection, which consists of separate metadata environments. Each metadata environment has two obligatory arguments—the name of the source and the key. The key is used to identify the metadata in the charts, maps, tables and other objects. The environment may include other commands.

\source \source $\{\langle source \rangle\}$ sets the source of the data.

\owner \owner $\{\langle owner \rangle\}$ sets the owner of the data.

Note that there is no "description" command because any text which is not an argument of the commands above is considered to belong to the description of the data

Example of the usage of these commands:

```
\begin{MetadataCollection}
\begin{metadata}{Agricultural population}{P1.DEM.FAO.POP.AGR}
```

Agricultural population is defined as all persons depending for their livelihood on agriculture, hunting, fishing and forestry. It comprises all persons economically active in agriculture as well as their non-working dependents. It is not necessary that this referred population exclusively come from rural population.

```
\source{FILL ME}
\owner{FILL ME}
\end{metadata}
\end{MetadataCollection}
```

\refMetadata

The metadata is referenced by the command $\mathbf{\hat{k}}(key)$, for example

```
\refMetadata{P1.DEM.FA0.POP.AGR}
```

This command will be typset as

Source: Agricultural population, page NNNN.

This command must *not* occur in the caption of the chart, map or table.

Note that the package automatically provides backreferencing: all charts, maps and tables where the medatada is referenced, are mentioned in the corresponding metadata section.

The sources of each chart, map or table can be shown in the lists of charts, tables, maps or not. The key metadataInLists (by default false) determines whether they are shown there. To make them visible, put before the lists

\faosetup{metadataInLists=true}

2.11 Concepts and Methods

ConceptsAndMethods

The environment ConceptsAndMethods starts a new section "Concepts and Meth-

ods". Concepts and methods are collected in the series of concept environments. Each environment has one obligatory field: the name of the concept, for example:

```
\begin{ConceptsAndMethods}
  \begin{concept}{Gross domestic product}
  Gross domestic product (GDP) is the market value of all officially
  recognized final goods and services produced within a country in a
  given period of time.
  \end{concept}
  \begin{concept}{Gross state product}
  Gross state product (GSP), or gross regional product (GRP), is a
  measurement of the economic output of a state or province (i.e.,
  of a subnational entity). It is the sum of all value added by
  industries within the state and serves as a counterpart to the
  gross domestic product (GDP).
  \end{concept}
end{ConceptsAndMethods}
```

2.12 Further Reading

freading

The special environment freading is used for the "further reading" sections of the book. It starts the text from the new page and changes some defaults.

2.13 Subscripts in Text

\textsubscript

The standard LATEX defines \textsuperscript. The class adds a similar \textsubscript command.

3 Implementation

3.1 Options

```
\faoyearbook@size@warning
                           The font-changing options are not used in our setup, so we just produce a warning:
                             1 \long\def\faoyearbook@size@warning#1{%
                                 \ClassWarning{faoyearbook}{Size-changing option #1 will not be
                                  honored}}%
                             4 \DeclareOption{8pt}{\faoyearbook@size@warning{\CurrentOption}}%
                             5 \DeclareOption{9pt}{\faoyearbook@size@warning{\CurrentOption}}%
                             6 \DeclareOption{10pt}{\faoyearbook@size@warning{\CurrentOption}}%
                             7 \DeclareOption{11pt}{\faoyearbook@size@warning{\CurrentOption}}%
                             8 \DeclareOption{12pt}{\faoyearbook@size@warning{\CurrentOption}}%
                 \ifprint We have a flag shich shows whether we are in Web or print mode
                             9 \newif\ifprint
                            10 \printfalse
                            11 \DeclareOption{web}{\printfalse}
                            12 \DeclareOption{print}{\printtrue
                                \PassOptionsToPackage{papersize={230mm,317mm},layout=a4paper,
                                   layouthoffset=1cm,layoutvoffset=1cm,twoside}{geometry}}
                 \ifDraft If we are in 'Draft' or 'draft mode', we print a word 'draft' across the page:
                            15 \newif\ifDraft
                            16 \Draftfalse
                            17 \DeclareOption{Draft}{\Drafttrue}
                            18 \DeclareOption{draft}{\Drafttrue}
                           Whether we need issuu-style links
            \if@issuumode
                            19 \newif\if@issuumode
                            20 \@issuumodefalse
                            21 \DeclareOption{issuu}{\@issuumodetrue}
                               All other options are just sent to the main class:
                            22 \DeclareOption*{\PassOptionsToClass{\CurrentOption}{report}}
                            23 \ProcessOptions\relax
                           3.2
                                  Loading Class and Packages
                           We start with the base class and some packages
                            24 \LoadClass[10pt,twoside,twocolumn]{report}
                            25 \RequirePackage{graphicx,xkeyval}
                            26 \RequirePackage[table,cmyk] {xcolor}
                            27 \RequirePackage{tikz,geometry,dcolumn}
                            28 \usetikzlibrary{calc}
                            29 \RequirePackage{fancyhdr}
                            30 \RequirePackage{lscape,longtable,siunitx,booktabs}
                            31 \RequirePackage{multicol,atbegshi,picture,hhline,afterpage}
                            32 \RequirePackage[T1]{fontenc}
```

```
33 \RequirePackage[utf8x]{inputenc}
34 \RequirePackage{pdfpages}
35 \RequirePackage[authoryear] {natbib}
36 \RequirePackage[breaklinks]{hyperref}
37 \RequirePackage{bookmark}
38 \RequirePackage{adjmulticol}
39 \if@issuumode
40 \RequirePackage{issuulinks}
41 \fi
  Options for the hyperef package are set as follows:
42 \ifprint
43 \hypersetup{breaklinks,colorlinks=false,pdfborder=0 0 0,
    pdfauthor={FAO},
    pdfsubject={Statistical Yearbook of the Food And Agricultural Organization for the United Na
    pdftitle={Statistical Yearbook of the Food And Agricultural Organization for the United Nati
    pdfkeywords={FAO, Food Security, Undernourishment, Sustainable agriculture},
    pdfpagelayout=TwoColumnLeft,
   pdfnewwindow=true
49
50 }
51 \else
52 \hypersetup{breaklinks,colorlinks=false,pdfborder=0 0 0,}
   pdfauthor={FAO},
    pdfsubject={Statistical Yearbook of the Food And Agricultural Organization for the United Na
    pdftitle={Statistical Yearbook of the Food And Agricultural Organization for the United Nati
    pdfkeywords={FAO, Food Security, Undernourishment, Sustainable agriculture},
    pdfpagelayout=TwoColumnRight,
    pdfnewwindow=true
59 }
60 \fi
```

3.3 Color

We need to tell the printer that we are using CMYK color model. The following is taken from the pdfx package (the package itself is not too easy to make work).

```
61 \def\@pctchar{\expandafter\@gobble\string\%}
62 \def\@bchar{\expandafter\@gobble\string\\}
63 \immediate\pdfobj stream attr{/N 4} file{FOGRA39L.icc}
64 \edef\OBJ@CVR{\the\pdflastobj}
65 \pdfcatalog{/OutputIntents [ <<
    /Type/OutputIntent
67
    /S/GTS_PDFX
   /OutputCondition (FOGRA39)
68
    /OutputConditionIdentifier (FOGRA39 \@bchar(ISO Coated v2
69
70
     300\@pctchar\space \@bchar(ECI\@bchar)\@bchar))
    /DestOutputProfile \OBJ@CVR\space O R
   /RegistryName(http://www.color.org)
73 >> ]}
```

3.4 Key-Value Interface

```
\faoset We define the family fao for our keys:
                                                               74 \det faoset#1{\left(\frac{41}{}\right)}
                                                                         One of the important keys is year
                                                               75 \displaystyle \frac{75 \ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensuremath{\ensur
                                                               76 \faoset{year=20XX}
                                                            3.5
                                                                                    Fonts
                                                            We use arev for mathematics:
                                                               77 \RequirePackage{arevmath}
                                                                        For body text we use PT Sans:
                                                               78 \def\PTSans@scale{0.95}
                                                               79 \def\PTSansNarrow@scale{0.95}
                                                               80 \def\PTSansCaption@scale{0.95}
                                                               81 \renewcommand{\sfdefault}{PTSans-TLF}
                                                               82 \renewcommand{\familydefault}{\sfdefault}
                                                               83 \renewcommand{\bfdefault}{b}
    \narrowfamily We declare a new family, \narrowfamily:
                                                               84 \DeclareRobustCommand\narrowfamily{\fontfamily{PTSansNarrow-TLF}\selectfont}
           \textnarrow And the matching \textnarrow command:
                                                               85 \verb|\DeclareTextFontCommand{\textnarrow}{\narrowfamily}|
\captionfamily Same with \captionfamily:
                                                               \textcaption And the matching \textcaption command:
                                                               87 \DeclareTextFontCommand{\textcaption}{\captionfamily}
           \normalsize
                                                           The basic size is 9.6pt:
                                                               88 \renewcommand\normalsize{%
                                                                                   \verb|\colored| \ensuremath{$\backslash$} \ensuremath{\colored} \ensuremath{\
                                                                                   \abovedisplayskip 10\p@ \@plus2\p@ \@minus5\p@
                                                               90
                                                                                    \abovedisplayshortskip \z@ \@plus3\p@
                                                               91
                                                                                    \belowdisplayshortskip 6\p@ \@plus3\p@ \@minus3\p@
                                                                                    \belowdisplayskip \abovedisplayskip
                                                                                   \let\@listi\@listI}
                                                               95 \normalsize
                                                            This is the small size:
                              \small
                                                               96 \renewcommand\small{%
                                                               97
                                                                                   \@setfontsize\small\@ixpt{10}%
                                                                                    \abovedisplayskip 8.5\p@ \@plus3\p@ \@minus4\p@
                                                               98
                                                                                    \abovedisplayshortskip \z@ \@plus2\p@
```

```
100 \belowdisplayshortskip 4\p@ \@plus2\p@ \@minus2\p@
101 \def\@listi{\leftmargin\leftmargini}
102 \topsep 4\p@ \@plus2\p@ \@minus2\p@
103 \parsep 2\p@ \@plus\p@ \@minus\p@
104 \itemsep \parsep}%
105 \belowdisplayskip \abovedisplayskip}

We use rm style of URL:
106 \urlstyle{sf}
```

3.6 Margins and Paragraphing

```
We use a4paper.
             107 \geometry{layout=a4paper,
                 left=2cm,right=2cm,bottom=2.8cm,top=1.5cm,
                 columnsep=30pt, twoside}%
             110 \savegeometry{standard}
             We use not indented paragraphs with paragraph borders given by skips
\parindent
   \parskip
             111 \setlength\parindent\z@
             112 \setlength\parskip{6\p0 plus 6\p0 minus 4\p0}
  \footskip
            We need generous foot
             113 \setlength\footskip{18\p0}
\headheight
            We need generous headers
             114 \setlength\headheight{35\p0}
```

3.7 Cropmarks

There are several packages that provide crop marks. Unfortunately they do not work for us because they put crop marks at the background. Since we have colored pages, we want crop marks to be on the foreground.

In this section we re-implement cropmarks of the geometry package, putting the marks on the foreground.

We postpone the code to the beginning of the document to get the proper value of the switch

```
115 \AtBeginDocument{\ifprint
                                                          \AtBeginShipout{%
116
                                                                                  \AtBeginShipoutUpperLeftForeground{%
117
                                                                                                       \color{black}%
118
                                                                                                       \@tempdima=\Gm@layouthoffset
119
                                                                                                       \@tempdimb=\Gm@layoutvoffset
120
                                                                                                         \displaystyle \left( \left( 0,1 \right) \right) \right) 
121
                                                                                                         \t (\ensuremath{\tt 0}, -\ensuremath{\tt 0}) {\ensuremath{\tt 1}} \t (-1,0) {50}} \t (\ensuremath{\tt 0}, -\ensuremath{\tt 0}) {\ensuremath{\tt 0}} \t (\ensuremath{\tt 0}) {\ensuremath{\tt 0}} \t (\ensu
122
                                                                                                       \advance\@tempdima by \Gm@layoutwidth
123
124
                                                                                                         \t (\0 tempdima, -\0 tempdimb+6 p0) {\line(0,1){50}}%
                                                                                                         \t (\ensuremath{\tt 0}, -\ensuremath{\tt 0}, -\ensure
125
```

```
\displaystyle \frac{(\theta_{-1)}{50}}{\%}
                  127
                          \ \phi(0) = \phi(0) 
                 128
                          \advance\@tempdima by -\Gm@layoutwidth
                 129
                          130
                  131
                          132
                        }}\fi}
                    In draft mode we put the word 'DRAFT' across the page:
                 133 \AtBeginDocument{\ifDraft}
                      \AtBeginShipout{%
                  134
                        \AtBeginShipoutUpperLeft{%
                  135
                          \color{black!25}%
                  136
                          \@tempdima=\Gm@layouthoffset
                  137
                          \@tempdimb=\Gm@layoutvoffset
                 138
                          \advance\@tempdima by 0.2\Gm@layoutwidth
                 139
                 140
                          \advance\@tempdimb by 0.7\Gm@layoutheight
                  141
                          \put(\@tempdima,-\@tempdimb){%
                            \rotatebox{45}{%
                  142
                              \fontsize{6cm}{6cm}\selectfont
                 143
                              DRAFT}}}\fi}
                 144
                 3.8
                        Setting Colors and Icons
                 This is the command that remembers the present color for TOC
\fao@color@string
                  145 \def\fao@color@string{0,0,0}
                 We store the next background color in @bgcolor@next. We store the next heading
   @bgcolor@next
                 background in @tableheadcolor@next.
                 The command \setbgcolor selects the next background color:
     \setbgcolor
                  146 \def\setbgcolor#1{\colorlet{@bgcolor@next}[cmyk]{#1}%
                      \addtocontents{toc}{\string\colorlet{@bgcolor}[cmyk]{#1}}%
                 148
                      \gdef\fao@color@string{#1}}
                 149 \setbgcolor{white}
                     The key-value interface for the same command:
                 150 \define@key{fao}{bgcolor}{\setbgcolor{#1}}
                     And for separate setting of @tableheadcolor
                 151 \define@key{fao}{tableheadcolor}{\colorlet{@tableheadcolor}[cmyk]{#1}}
                 The current color is in the macro Obgcolor.
        @bgcolor
                 This command makes the actual color change:
 @tableheadcolor
    \selectcolor
                 152 \def\selectcolor{\colorlet{@bgcolor}{@bgcolor@next}%
                      \colorlet{@tableheadcolor}{@bgcolor}}
                 154 \selectcolor
        Otablebg The color for table pages
                  155 \define@key{fao}{tablebg}{\colorlet{@tablebg}[cmyk]{#1}}
```

\advance\@tempdimb by \Gm@layoutheight

126

```
\seticon Setting the next icon for the part
                                           156 \def\seticon#1{\gdef\next@icon{#1}}
                                           157 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{$157$ \con}{\rm ao}{\rm seticon}{\#1}}}
             \selecticon The actual icon change
           \currenticon
                                          158 \def\selecticon{\gdef\currenticon{\next@icon}}
                    \newicon Define an icon #2 for the part #1
                                           159 \end{figure} $159 \end{figure} $$159 \end{figure} Con@#1\end{figure} $$159 \end{figure} $$159 \end{fig
                                           3.9
                                                          Page Styles
                                          This is our main page style
standardpagestyle
                                           160 \fancypagestyle{standardpagestyle}{%
                                           161
                                                       \fancyhf{}%
                                           162
                                                       \fancyhfoffset[LR]{1.8cm}%
                                                       \verb|\renewcommand>| headrulewidth{\z@}|%
                                           163
                                           164
                                                       \fancyhead[LE]{\color{@bgcolor}\captionfamily
                                           165
                                                            \Huge\ifnum\thepart>0\relax
                                                            \thepart\fi\normalsize\dotfill}%
                                           166
                                                       \fancyhead[L0]{\color{@bgcolor}\normalsize\dotfill\captionfamily
                                           167
                                                            \Huge\leftmark\expandafter\ifx\csname @icon@\thepart\endcsname\relax\else\space
                                           168
                                                                \raisebox{-0.25\totalheight}{%
                                           169
                                                                     \includegraphics[width=1.1cm]{\csname @icon@\thepart\endcsname}}\fi}%
                                           170
                                           171
                                                       \fancyfoot[LE]{
                                           172
                                                            \bgroup
                                                            \setlength\fboxsep{10\p0}%
                                           173
                                                            \color{@bgcolor}%
                                           174
                                                            \raisebox{-\height}{\fcolorbox{@bgcolor}{\dbgcolor}{\color{white}\thepage}}%
                                           175
                                           176
                                                            \normalsize\dotfill
                                           177
                                                            \raisebox{-\height}{\textbf{FA0} Statistical Yearbook \textbf{\fao@year}}%
                                           178
                                                       \egroup}%
                                                       \fancyfoot[L0]{
                                           179
                                           180
                                                            \bgroup
                                                            \setlength\fboxsep{10\p0}%
                                           181
                                                            \color{@bgcolor}%
                                           182
                                                            \raisebox{-\height}{\rightmark}%
                                           183
                                           184
                                                            \normalsize\dotfill
                                           185
                                                            \raisebox{-\height}{\fcolorbox{@bgcolor}{@bgcolor}{\color{white}\thepage}}%
                                           186
                                                       \egroup}%
                                           187 }
                                           188 \pagestyle{standardpagestyle}
                                           The page style for the parts introduction
        partpagestyle
                                           189 \fancypagestyle{partpagestyle}{%
                                                       \fancyhf{}%
                                           190
                                                       \fancyhead[L]{%
                                           191
                                           192
                                                            \begin{picture}(0,0)
                                           193
                                                                \put(-14,45){\color{@bgcolor!10}%
```

```
\raisebox{-\height}{%
194
            \rule{\dimexpr(\textwidth+4.5cm)}{\dimexpr(\textheight+4.8cm)}}}
195
      \end{picture}}
196
    \fancyhfoffset[LR]{1.8cm}%
197
    \verb|\renewcommand>| headrulewidth{\z@}|%
198
199
    \fancyfoot[LE]{
200
      \bgroup
      \setlength\fboxsep{10\p0}%
201
      \color{@bgcolor}%
202
      203
      \normalsize\dotfill
204
      \raisebox{-\height}{\textbf{FAO} Statistical Yearbook \textbf{\fao@year}}%
205
    \egroup}%
206
    \fancyfoot[L0]{
207
      \bgroup
208
      \ensuremath{\hfboxsep{10\p0}}%
209
      \color{@bgcolor}%
210
      \raisebox{-\height}{\rightmark}%
211
212
      \normalsize\dotfill
213
      \raisebox{-\height}{\fcolorbox{@bgcolor}{@bgcolor}{\color{white}\thepage}}%
214
    \egroup}%
215 }
```

3.10 Nonfloats

In Faoyearbook we used float package. Since we changed too much in the internals, here we just rewrite the code from scratch.

```
\nf@vert@sep
                   Vertical separation between the floats
                   216 \newlength\nf@vert@sep
                   217 \setlength\nf@vert@sep{30pt}
        \nf@width
                   The width of the nonfloat
                   218 \newlength\nf@width
       \nf@height
                   The height of the nonfloat
                   219 \newlength\nf@height
\nf@captionheight
                   The height reserved for the caption
                   220 \newlength\nf@captionheight
                   221 \setlength\nf@captionheight{32\p@}
 \nf@sourceheight
                   The height reserved for the source lines
                   222 \newlength\nf@sourceheight
                   223 \setlength\nf@sourceheight{48\p@}
       \nf@margin Margin for floats
                   224 \newlength\nf@margin
                   225 \setlength\nf@margin{12\p@}
```

\nf@trianglebase The design requres a triangle under the caption. Here it is

226 \newlength\nf@trianglebase

227 \setlength\nf@trianglebase{12\p@}

\chartwidth The resulting width of a chart

228 \newlength\chartwidth

\chartheight The resulting width of a chart

229 \newlength\chartheight

\nf@topskip Top separation for a nonfloat @topskip

\nf@bottomskip Bottom separation for a nonfloat @bottomskip

\nonfloat@type The counter to keep the next type to assign

230 \newcount\nonfloat@type 231 \nonfloat@type=4\relax

\nf@contentsbox The box to keep the contents of the float

232 \newbox\nf@contentsbox

\nf@mainbox The box for the float

233 \newbox\nf@mainbox

\newnon@float The macro \newnon@float has the following arguments: TYPE, EXT, NAME,

LISTNAME, for example

 $\label{lom} $$\operatorname{Map}_{\mathrm{map}}(\Omega) = \operatorname{Map}_{\mathrm{map}}(\Omega) .$

It defines a nonfloat with these parameters.

 $234 \ensuremath{\mbox{\mbox{1}}} 44\%$

First, we need to define \ftype@TYPE: the type of the float. Note that tables are taken, so we need to make a special care of nonfloats that correspond to floats.

235 \expandafter\ifx\csname ftype@#1\endcsname\relax

 $\verb| lend csname | type@#1\end csname{\the \nonfloat @type}|| % | lend csname{\the \no$

237 \multiply\nonfloat@type by 2\relax

238 \fi

Now we define the extension for the floats

239 \expandafter\def\csname ext@#1\endcsname{#2}%

The macro \fnum@TYPE formats the line like "Figure 1". We need to check whether the counter is defined

240 \expandafter\ifx\csname the#1\endcsname\relax

241 \newcounter{#1}\fi

242 \expandafter\def\csname fnum@#1\endcsname{#3~\csname

the#1\endcsname}%

```
Now we want to define the environment TYPE. Since it might be already defined,
                  we first delete this definition, otherwise \newenvironment might throw an error
                        \expandafter\let\csname #1\endcsname\relax
                        \expandafter\let\csname end#1\endcsname\relax
                  And the actual definition
                        \newenvironment{#1}{\non@float{#1}}{\endnon@float}}
\@getfirstletter
                  An aux macro to get a first letter of a word. Used in constructs
                   \edef\U{\@getfirstletter{AAAAA\@endword}}}
                  247 \def\@getfirstletter#1{\@@getfirstletter#1}
                  248 \def\@@getfirstletter#1{#1\@gobbleword}
                  249 \def\@gobbleword#1\@endword{}
                  Now we are ready to define the \non@float macro. It has three parameters:
      \non@float
                  TYPE, SIZE and PLACEMENT. \nf@source is the source of the float.
                  250 \ensuremath{ \mbox{def}\non@float#1#2#3{}}
                  251
                        \def\@captype{#1}%
                        \def \nf@size{#2}%
                        \def\nf@placement{#3}%
                  The macro \nf@vert@pos is either u or 1
                        \lowercase{\xdef\nf@vert@pos{\@getfirstletter#3\@endword}}
                        \global\let\nf@source\@empty
                  255
                      Define the source command inside float
                       \def\source##1{\gdef\nf@source{##1}}
                      Define the caption producing command:
                  257 \long\def\@makecaption##1##2{\long\gdef\nf@caption{%
                          {\bfseries\large\color{white}
                            \MakeUppercase{##1}: ##2}}}%
                  259
                  260 \gdef\nf@caption{}%
                      We calculate the size of the float and skips
                        \nf@width=\columnwidth
                  261
                        \nf@height=\dimexpr(\textheight/2-\nf@vert@sep)%
                  262
                        \if\nf@vert@pos u\relax
                  263
                          \nf@topskip=\z@
                  264
                  265
                          \nf@bottomskip=\nf@vert@sep
                  266
                          \nf@topskip=\nf@vert@sep%
                  267
                          \nf@bottomskip=\z@
                  268
                  269
                        \fi
                  270
                        \def\tempW{W}%
                  271
                        \def\tempT{T}%
                  272
                        \def\tempB{B}%
                        \ifx\nf@size\tempW
                  273
```

\nf@width=\textwidth

274

```
275
                     \fi
               276
                     \ifx\nf@size\tempT
                       \nf@height=\textheight
               277
                       \nf@topskip=\z@
               278
                       \nf@bottomskip=\z@
               279
               280
               281
                     \ifx\nf@size\tempB
                       \nf@width=\textwidth
               282
                       \nf@height=\textheight
               283
                       \nf@topskip=\z@
               284
                       \nf@bottomskip=\z@
               285
               286
                     \fi
               287
                     \chartheight=
                       \dimexpr(\nf@height-\nf@captionheight-\nf@sourceheight
               288
                       -2\nf@margin-\nf@trianglebase)%
               289
                     \chartwidth=\dimexpr(\nf@width-2\nf@margin-0.5\nf@trianglebase)%
               290
                     \nf@height=\dimexpr(\nf@height+\nf@topskip+\nf@bottomskip)%
               291
                   Now we construct the main box.
                     \global\setbox\nf@contentsbox
               292
                       \color@vbox
               293
               294
                        \normalcolor
                        \vbox to \chartheight
               295
               296
                        \bgroup
                        \hsize\chartwidth
               297
                        \@parboxrestore
               298
                        \@floatboxreset
               299
               300 }
               The actual typesetting
\endnon@float
               301 \def\endnon@float{\@endfloatbox\par
                     \hsize=\nf@width
               302
                     \setbox\nf@mainbox=\vbox to \nf@height\bgroup
               303
               304
                       \hsize=\chartwidth
                       \vskip\nf@topskip
               305
                       \noindent
               306
                       \begin{picture}(0,0)%
               307
               308
                         \put(0,0){\color{@bgcolor}%
               309
                           \begin{tikzpicture}[baseline=(current bounding box.north)]
                             \fill (0,0) -- (\nf@trianglebase,0) --
               310
                             (0.5\nf@trianglebase,-\nf@trianglebase) -- cycle;
               311
                           \end{tikzpicture}}
               312
                       \end{picture}%
               313
                       \def\@tempa{chart}%
               314
                       \ifx\@tempa\@captype
               315
                       \begin{picture}(0,0)%
               316
                         \put(0,0){\color{@bgcolor}%
               317
                           \begin{tikzpicture}[baseline=(current bounding box.north)]
               318
                             \draw(0,0) -- (\nf@width,0);
               319
                             \draw (0.5\nf@trianglebase,-2\nf@trianglebase) --
               320
```

```
(0.5 \nf@trianglebase, -\chartheight-2 \nf@trianglebase
        321
                       -\nf@margin) --
        322
                        (\nf@width-\pgflinewidth, -\chartheight-2\nf@trianglebase
        323
                       -\nf@margin) -- (\nf@width-\pgflinewidth, 0);
        324
                     \end{tikzpicture}}
        325
        326
                \end{picture}%
        327
                \label{lem:color@block(\nf@width){\nf@captionheight}{.1\p0}}% $$ $ \color{@bgcolor}\color{block(\nf@width){\nf@captionheight}{.1\p0}}% $$
        328
                \hskip\dimexpr(\nf@margin+0.5\nf@trianglebase)%
        329
                \vbox to \nf@captionheight\bgroup
        330
                \nf@caption\vfill\normalcolor
        331
        332
                 \egroup\par\nointerlineskip\vskip\nf@trianglebase
                 \vskip\nf@margin
        333
                 \noindent\hskip\dimexpr(\nf@margin+0.5\nf@trianglebase)%
        334
                \box\nf@contentsbox\par\nointerlineskip
        335
                \vskip\nf@margin
        336
                \hskip\dimexpr(\nf@margin+0.5\nf@trianglebase)%
        337
                \vbox to \nf@sourceheight\bgroup
        338
        339
                \ifx\nf@source\@empty\else
        340
                \noindent\color{@bgcolor}%
                   \rule{.2em}{.2em}~\rule{.2em}{.2em}~%
        341
                   \rule{.2em}{.2em}~\rule{.2em}{.2em}~%
        342
                   <caption> \ensuremath{ \line {.2em}{.2em} \par }
        343
                \noindent Source: \nf@source\par\vfill\fi\egroup
        344
        345
                \vfill\egroup
        346
                \edef\nf@currbox{\expandafter\csname nfbox@\nf@size
                   @\nf@placement\endcsname}%
        347
        348
                 \global\setbox\nf@currbox=
                \vbox{\box\nf@currbox\nointerlineskip\penalty0\box\nf@mainbox}}
        349
        A standard nonfloat:
        350 \newnon@float{map}{lom}{Map}{List of Maps}
\table Another one
        351 \newnon@float{table}{lot}{Table}{List of Tables}
\chart And another one
        352 \newnon@float{chart}{loc}{Chart}{List of Charts}
```

3.11 Output Routine

This is hairy because output routines are hairy...

We need several insert boxes. Naming convention: the letter for the box size and two letter code for the location. We use \newbox instead of \newinsert since we do not use associated \count, \dimen and \skip registers.

```
353 \newbox\nfbox@S@ul
354 \newbox\nfbox@S@ur
355 \newbox\nfbox@S@ll
356 \newbox\nfbox@S@lr
```

```
357 \newbox\nfbox@S@UL
                                          358 \newbox\nfbox@S@UR
                                          359 \newbox\nfbox@S@LL
                                          360 \newbox\nfbox@S@LR
                                          361 \newbox\nfbox@T@ul
                                          362 \newbox\nfbox@T@ur
                                          363 \newbox\nfbox@T@UL
                                          364 \newbox\nfbox@T@UR
                                          365 \newbox\nfbox@W@ul
                                          366 \newbox\nfbox@W@ll
                                          367 \newbox\nfbox@W@UL
                                          368 \newbox\nfbox@W@LL
                                          369 \newbox\nfbox@B@ul
                                          370 \newbox\nfbox@B@UL
             \@tempboxb
                                         Standard LATEX has \@tempboxa. We need more...
                                          371 \ifx\@tempboxb\@undefined
                                          372 \newbox\@tempboxb
                                          373 \fi
\standard@output
                                         The standard LATEX output routine is saved as \standard@output. We use it for
                                          one column pages—maybe one even wants a standard float here?
                                          374 \edef\standard@output{\the\output}
                    \output
                                         Right now we use standard output on one column pages and the new one with
                                          two columns
                                          375 \end{ard} \label{limit} $$ 1375 \end{ard} \end{ard} \label{limit} $$ 1375 \end{ard} \end{ard} \end{ard} $$ 1375 \end{ard} 
             \nf@output Here we define our own output routine.
                                          376 \newtoks\nf@output
                                          377 \nf@output {%
                                                  We define the current boxes \curr@nfbox.... Also, uc or lc mean Upper or
                                          Lower Current column
                                          378
                                                      \ifodd\c@page
                                                           \global\let\curr@nfbox@S@ul\nfbox@S@UL
                                          379
                                                           \global\let\curr@nfbox@S@ur\nfbox@S@UR
                                          380
                                                           \global\let\curr@nfbox@S@ll\nfbox@S@LL
                                          381
                                                           \global\let\curr@nfbox@S@lr\nfbox@S@LR
                                          382
                                                           \global\let\curr@nfbox@T@ul\nfbox@T@UL
                                          383
                                          384
                                                           \global\let\curr@nfbox@T@ur\nfbox@T@UR
                                                           \global\let\curr@nfbox@W@ul\nfbox@W@UL
                                          385
                                          386
                                                           \global\let\curr@nfbox@W@ll\nfbox@W@LL
                                          387
                                                           \global\let\curr@nfbox@B@ul\nfbox@B@UL
                                                      \else
                                          388
                                                           \global\let\curr@nfbox@S@ul\nfbox@S@ul
                                          389
                                                           \global\let\curr@nfbox@S@ur\nfbox@S@ur
                                          390
                                          391
                                                           \global\let\curr@nfbox@S@ll\nfbox@S@ll
                                                           \global\let\curr@nfbox@S@lr\nfbox@S@lr
```

392

```
\global\let\curr@nfbox@T@ul\nfbox@T@ul
393
       \global\let\curr@nfbox@T@ur\nfbox@T@ur
394
       \global\let\curr@nfbox@W@ul\nfbox@W@ul
395
       \global\let\curr@nfbox@W@ll\nfbox@W@ll
396
       \global\let\curr@nfbox@B@ul\nfbox@B@ul
397
398
     \fi
399
     \if@firstcolumn
400
       \global\let\curr@nfbox@S@uc\curr@nfbox@S@ul
       \global\let\curr@nfbox@S@lc\curr@nfbox@S@ll
401
       \global\let\curr@nfbox@T@uc\curr@nfbox@T@ul
402
     \else
403
404
       \global\let\curr@nfbox@S@uc\curr@nfbox@S@ur
       \global\let\curr@nfbox@S@lc\curr@nfbox@S@lr
405
       \global\let\curr@nfbox@T@uc\curr@nfbox@T@ur
406
407
     \let \par \@@par
408
410 % There are several possibilities when we start the output routine for
411 % a single column in a two-column layout.
412 % \begin{enumerate}
413 % \item Wide or big non-floats completely cover the page. In this
414 \% case we do not need to create columns, and directly go to the
415 % output.
416 % \item The columnd is occupied by tall or single nonfloats. We make
417 % a column of nonfloats and send it further.
418 \% \item There is room for text on the page, but its height
419 % (\cs{@colroom}) is different from the one known to the page builder
420\% (\cs{vsize}). In this case we change \cs{vsize} and return.
421 % \item The room for text is exactly \cs{vsize}. In this case we form
422 % a column and return.
423 % \end{enumerate}
424 %
        \begin{macrocode}
     \global\@colht=\textheight
425
     \ifdim\ht\curr@nfbox@B@ul>0.5\baselineskip
426
427
       \global\advance\@colht by -\textheight
428
     \ifdim\ht\curr@nfbox@W@ul>0.5\baselineskip
429
       \global\advance\@colht by -0.5\textheight
430
431
     \ifdim\ht\curr@nfbox@W@ll>0.5\baselineskip
432
       \global\advance\@colht by -0.5\textheight
433
434
     \ifdim\@colht < \baselineskip
435
       \nf@output@widepage
436
437
     \else
       \nf@makecol
438
     \fi
439
440 }
```

\nf@output@widepage The macro \nf@output@widepage outputs a page completely filled by wide pic-

```
\def\nf@output@widepage{%
441
442
     \unvbox\@cclv
     \penalty\outputpenalty
443
444
     \if@firstcolumn\else
445
     \ClassError{faosyb}{Wide or big nonfloats defined too late. Move
       them up}{I encountered Big or Wide floats when I already made the
446
       first column. Please move them up}
447
448
     \ifdim\ht\curr@nfbox@B@ul>0.5\baselineskip
449
        \global\setbox\@outputbox\vsplit\curr@nfbox@B@ul to \textheight
450
451
        \setbox\@tempboxa\vsplit\curr@nfbox@W@ul to 0.5\textheight
452
        \setbox\@tempboxb\vsplit\curr@nfbox@W@ll to 0.5\textheight
453
```

tures.

454

455

456 457

458

459

460

461

462

463 464 } \fi

\nf@makecol

This macro tries to make one column of text. If successful, it puts first column into temporary storage, and outputs the page when or if the second column is ready.

When we start \nf@makecol, \@colht already reflects possible wide nonfloats. This to get \@colroom, we need to take into account only the narrow ones

```
465 \def\nf@makecol{%
     \global\@colroom\@colht
466
     \ifdim\ht\curr@nfbox@T@uc>0.5\baselineskip
467
468
        \global\@colroom=0pt
469
     \ifdim\ht\curr@nfbox@S@uc>0.5\baselineskip
470
        \global\advance\@colroom by -0.5\textheight
471
472
     \ifdim\ht\curr@nfbox@S@lc>0.5\baselineskip
473
        \global\advance\@colroom by -0.5\textheight
474
475
```

\setbox\@outputbox\vbox\bgroup

\box\@tempboxa

\box\@tempboxb

\global\vsize\textheight

\global\@colht\textheight

\egroup

\@outputpage

\@firstcolumntrue

\nointerlineskip

Now there could be two cases. If **\@colroom** is small, we fill the column with the non-floats only. Otherwise we have a "mixed" column with both text and nonfloats.

```
476 \ifdim\@colroom<0.5\baselineskip
477 \nf@makenfcol
478 \else
```

```
479 \nf@makemixedcol
480 \fi}
```

\nf@makenfcol

This macro outputs a column with only non-floats. If it is called, we already know that the narrow non-floats would fill the column, so we do not do any additional checks

```
481 \def\nf@makenfcol{%
482
     \unvbox\@cclv
483
     \penalty\outputpenalty
484
     \ifdim\@colht>0.9\textheight % one tall or two squares
485
       \ifdim\ht\curr@nfbox@T@uc>0.5\baselineskip
486
         \setbox\@outputbox\vbox\bgroup
         \boxmaxdepth \@maxdepth
487
         \vsplit \curr@nfbox@T@uc to \textheight
488
489
         \egroup
490
       \else
491
        \setbox\@outputbox\vbox\bgroup
492
         \boxmaxdepth \@maxdepth
         \vsplit\curr@nfbox@S@uc to 0.5\textheight
493
          \nointerlineskip
494
495
          \vsplit\curr@nfbox@S@lc to 0.5\textheight
496
        \egroup
497
       \fi
     \else % one square
498
       \ifdim\ht\curr@nfbox@S@uc>0.49\textheight
499
         \setbox\@outputbox\vsplit \curr@nfbox@S@uc to 0.5\textheight
500
       \else
501
         \setbox\@outputbox\vsplit \curr@nfbox@S@lc to 0.5\textheight
502
503
       \fi
     \fi
504
505
     \nf@opcol
506 }
```

\nf@makemixedcol

This macros used when we have a mix of text with nonfloats (or possibly just text).

We check whether the page builder has the right idea about the text size; if not, we return from the output routine

```
507 \def\nf@makemixedcol{%
508 \ifdim\@colroom=\vsize
509 \nf@makemixedcol@
510 \else
511 \global\vsize=\@colroom
512 \unvbox\@cclv
513 \penalty\outputpenalty
514 \fi}
```

\nf@makmixedcol@ And now the real work of \nf@makemixedcol@

```
515 \ensuremath{\mbox{\sc f}\mbox{\sc makemixedcolo}}\
```

516 \typeout{Page=\thepage, vsize=\the\vsize, colroom=\the\@colroom}%

```
\setbox\@outputbox \box \@cclv
           518
                  \else
           519
                    \setbox\@outputbox \vbox {%
           520
                      \boxmaxdepth \@maxdepth
           521
           522
                      \unvbox \@cclv
           523
                      \vskip \skip\footins
                      \color@begingroup
           524
                        \normalcolor
           525
                        \footnoterule
           526
                        \unvbox \footins
           527
           528
                      \color@endgroup
           529
                  \fi
           530
                  \ifdim\ht\curr@nfbox@S@uc>0.49\textheight
           531
                    \setbox\@tempboxa\vsplit\curr@nfbox@S@uc to 0.5\textheight
           532
                    \setbox\@outputbox \vbox
           533
                      \bgroup
           534
           535
                        \box\@tempboxa
           536
                        \nointerlineskip
                        \box\@outputbox
           537
           538
                      \egroup
           539
                  \ifdim\ht\curr@nfbox@S@lc>0.49\textheight
           540
                    \setbox\@tempboxa\vsplit\curr@nfbox@S@lc to 0.5\textheight
           541
           542
                    \setbox\@outputbox \vbox
                      \bgroup
           543
                        \box\@outputbox
           544
                        \nointerlineskip
           545
                        \box\@tempboxa
           546
           547
                      \egroup
           548
                  \fi
                  \nf@opcol}
\nf@opcol
           This is like the standard LATEX \@outputdblcol, but with the treatment of wide
           nonfloats.
           550 \def\nf@opcol{%
                 \if@firstcolumn
           551
                   \global\@firstcolumnfalse
           552
                   \global\setbox\@leftcolumn\box\@outputbox
           553
                 \else
           554
                   \global\@firstcolumntrue
           555
                   \ifdim\ht\curr@nfbox@W@ul>0.5\baselineskip
           556
                     \setbox\@tempboxa\vsplit \curr@nfbox@W@ul to 0.5\textheight
           557
           558
                   \else
                     \setbox\@tempboxb\box\@tempboxa
           559
           560
                   \setbox\@outputbox \vbox\bgroup
           561
           562
                     \box\@tempboxa
           563
                     \nointerlineskip
```

\ifvoid\footins

517

```
\hb@xt@\columnwidth {%
                      565
                                    \box\@leftcolumn \hss}%
                      566
                                  \hfil
                      567
                                  {\normalcolor\vrule \@width\columnseprule}%
                      568
                      569
                                  \hfil
                      570
                                  \hb@xt@\columnwidth {%
                                    \box\@outputbox \hss}%
                      571
                               }%
                      572
                             \egroup
                      573
                             \ifdim\ht\curr@nfbox@W@11>0.5\baselineskip
                      574
                               \setbox\@tempboxa\vsplit \curr@nfbox@W@ll to 0.5\textheight
                      575
                      576
                               \setbox\@ouputbox\vbox\bgroup
                                  \box\@outputbox
                      577
                      578
                                  \nointerlineskip
                                  \box\@tempboxa
                      579
                               \egroup
                      580
                             \fi
                      581
                      582
                             \@outputpage
                      583
                             \global\vsize\textheight
                             \global\@colht\textheight
                      584
                      585
                             \global\@colroom\textheight
                            \fi}
                      586
                      The usual \clearpage flushes the floats. We keep it in \standard@clearpage
\standard@clearpage
                      587 \let\standard@clearpage\clearpage
                      Now we can define \clearpage to take care of the mode:
         \clearpage
                      588 \def\clearpage{%
                      589
                           \if@twocolumn
                      590
                             \nf@clearpage
                      591
                           \else
                      592
                             \standard@clearpage
                      593 \fi}
                      The total height of all non-floats
    \nf@totalheight
                      594 \def\nf@totalheight{\dimexpr(%
                      595
                           \ht\nfbox@S@UL+
                      596
                           \ht\nfbox@S@UR+
                      597
                           \ht\nfbox@S@LL+
                           \ht\nfbox@S@LR+
                      598
                           \ht\nfbox@T@UL+
                      599
                           \ht\nfbox@T@UR+
                      600
                      601
                           \ht\nfbox@W@UL+
                           \ht\nfbox@W@LL+
                      602
                      603
                           \ht\nfbox@B@UL+
                           \ht\nfbox@S@ul+
                      604
                      605
                           \ht\nfbox@S@ur+
                           \ht\nfbox@S@11+
                      606
```

\hb@xt@\textwidth {%

564

```
\ht\nfbox@S@lr+
                607
                      \ht\nfbox@T@ul+
                608
                      \ht\nfbox@T@ur+
                609
                      \ht\nfbox@W@ul+
                610
                      \ht\nfbox@W@ll+
                611
                612
                     \ht\nfbox@B@ul)}
\nf@clearpage
                We keep ejecting pages until get rid of nf stuff
                613 \def\nf@clearpage{%
                     \write\m@ne{}%
                614
                      \typeout{pagetotal=\the\pagetotal, page=\thepage}%
                615
                      \if@firstcolumn
                616
                       \typeout{First column, page=\thepage}%
                617
                        \ifdim\dimexpr(\pagetotal+\nf@totalheight)>\baselineskip
                618
                        \leavevmode
                619
                620
                         \null\vfill\newpage
                621
                         \null\vfill\newpage
                622
                        \fi
                623
                     \else
                      \typeout{Second column, page=\thepage}%
                624
                625
                        \leavevmode
                       \null\vfill\newpage
                626
                627
                      \ifdim\nf@totalheight>\baselineskip
                628
                      \nf@clearpage\fi
                629
                630 }
                This is like \cleardoublepage, but with the logic inverted:
  \clearspread
                631 \def\clearspread{\clearpage\ifodd\c@page
                        \hbox{}\newpage\if@twocolumn\hbox{}\newpage\fi\fi\@firstcolumntrue}
                632
                    We need to clear everything at the end
                633 \AtEndDocument{\if@twocolumn
                    \ifdim\nf@totalheight>\baselineskip
                     \null\vfill\clearpage\fi
                635
                636 \fi}
                3.12
                        Sectioning
                This is used to check whether we are at main matter
\if@mainmatter
                637 \newif\if@mainmatter
  \frontmatter
                We want Roman numbers for front matter:
                638 \def\frontmatter{\cleardoublepage
                      \pagenumbering{roman}\onecolumn\@mainmatterfalse}
                We want Arabic numbers for main matter:
   \mainmatter
                640 \def\mainmatter{\cleardoublepage\pagenumbering{arabic}\onecolumn}
                641
                      \pagestyle{standardpagestyle}%
                      \@mainmattertrue}
                642
```

```
\tocdepth Only sections and up are allowed in TOC:
                     643 \setcounter{tocdepth}{1}
       \secnumdepth Only the parts are numbered in out setup:
                     644 \setcounter{secnumdepth}{-1}
           \thepart And the parts are numbered using Arabic numbers:
                     645 \renewcommand \thepart {\@arabic\c@part}
                     To draw the blobs in part color in the proper position, we need to associate
    \c@fao@partnum
                     them with parts. However, some parts are numbered, some are not. The macro
                     \fao@partnum keeps the current part number counted continuously from the be-
                     ginning to end.
                     646 \newcounter{fao@partnum}
                     647 \setcounter{fao@partnum}{0}
\fao@currentpartnum
                     The current value of \fao@partnum used in TOC:
                     648 \def\fao@currentpartnum{0}
              \part The largest partition in the book
                     649 \renewcommand\part{%
                          \secdef\@part\@spart}
     \EndPartIntro
                     This command switches off the special formatting of part pages:
                     651 \def\EndPartIntro{\clearspread\twocolumn
                           \pagestyle{standardpagestyle}}
           iconfill Fill a line with the icons of increasing size. The parameters are the initial size and
                     length of the strip
                     653 \def\@maxpart{1}
                     654 \left| \frac{1}{4} \right|
                     655
                           \expandafter\ifx\csname @icon@1\endcsname\relax\strut\else
                     656
                           \@tempcnta=1
                           \setbox\@tempboxa=\hbox{}%
                     657
                     658
                           \loop
                           \@tempdima=#1
                     659
                           \ifnum\@tempcnta=\c@part
                     660
                           \@tempdima=2\@tempdima\fi
                     661
                           \setbox\@tempboxa=\hbox{\unhbox\@tempboxa
                     662
                             \includegraphics[width=\@tempdima]{\csname
                     663
                     664
                               @icon@\the\@tempcnta\endcsname}}%
                           \advance\@tempcnta by 1\relax
                     665
                           \ifnum\@tempcnta>\@maxpart\relax\@tempcnta=1\fi
                     666
                           \ifdim\wd\@tempboxa>#2\else\repeat
                     667
                           \unhbox\@tempboxa
                     668
                     669
                           \fi}
```

```
\@part This is the actual part making macro.
             670 \def\@part[#1]#2{%
             671
                   \clearspread
             672
                   \onecolumn
             673
                   \clearspread
                   \selectcolor
             675
                   \selecticon
                   \color{@bgcolor}%
             676
                   \rowcolors{2}{@bgcolor!10}{}%
             677
                   \pagestyle{partpagestyle}%
             678
             679
                   \refstepcounter{part}%
                   \addcontentsline{toc}{part}{\thepart\hspace{1em}#1}%
             680
                   \protected@write\@auxout{}%
             681
                   {\string\newicon{\thepart}{\currenticon}
             682
                   \string\gdef\string\@maxpart{\thepart}}%
             683
                   \markboth{#1}{#1}%
             684
             685
             686
                   687
                       \iconfill{1cm}{\textwidth}\\
                       \iconfill{1cm}{\textwidth}\\
             688
                       \iconfill{1cm}{\textwidth}\\
             689
                       \iconfill{1cm}{\textwidth}\\
             690
                       \iconfill{1cm}{\textwidth}}}
             691
             692
                   \newpage
                   {\interlinepenalty \@M
             693
                     \vspace*{-2cm}%
             694
                     \null\rlap{\rotatebox{30}{\iconfill{1cm}{\textwidth}}}\par
             695
             696
                     \captionfamily
                     \fontsize{240\p0}{240\p0}\selectfont\raggedright\thepart~%
             697
                     \parbox[b]{0.8\textwidth}{\fontsize{64\p@}{72\p@}\selectfont
             698
             699
                       \raggedright\null#2\par}\par\vskip80\p@
             700
                  }\par}
             We really do not use unnumbered parts
    \@spart
             701 \def\@spart#1{\@part[#1]{#1}}
\sectionmark We do not want to have uppercase sections in the footers
             702 \def\sectionmark#1{\markright{#1}}
   \section New sections start on a recto page in one column mode and on a verso page in
             two column mode
             703 \renewcommand\section{\par\clearspread
                  \@startsection {section}{1}{\z@}%
             704
             705
                                                    {-1sp}%
                                                    {2.3ex \@plus.2ex}%
             706
                                                    {\normalfont\Large\bfseries\raggedright
             707
             708
                                                    \color{@bgcolor}}}
```

3.13 Tables

```
\tablepages Long tables at the end of a part
                709 \newenvironment{tablepages}{\onecolumn
                     \bgroup\narrowfamily\multicolsep=\z@
                     \vspace*{-2cm}%
                711
                     \def\emph{\textsl}%
                712
                     \begin{adjmulticols}{1}{-1.3cm}\centering\normalcolor}%
                713
                     {\end{adjmulticols}\egroup}
     \tablemph
                Some styles define \tablemph commands. Here we supply a stub
                715 \AtBeginDocument{\providecommand{\tablemph}[1]{\emph{#1}}}
                   We define new column types for table headers:
                716 \newcolumntype{d}[1]{D{.}{.}{#1}}
                P columntype is much more complex. Basically we want a centered entry with
                a parbox of the given width inside.:
                718 \newcolumntype{P}[1]{>{\columncolor{@tableheadcolor}[1.01\tabcolsep][1.01\tabcolsep]}
                       \@fao@Pentry{#1}}c<{\end@fao@Pentry}}
  \@fao@Pentry
                Since \parbox needs "real" braces to delimit the argument, we use this trick. Note
                \hspace{0pt} to allow TeX to hyphenate the first word.
                720 \def\@fao@Pentry#1#2\end@fao@Pentry{%
                721 \parbox[t]{#1}{\centering\strut\hspace{\z0}#2\strut}}
                   Same with C entry:
                722 \newcolumntype{C}[1]{>{\columncolor{@tableheadcolor}[1.01\tabcolsep][1.01\tabcolsep]}
                       \@fao@Centry{#1}}c<{\end@fao@Centry}}
  \@fao@Centry
                This macro is similar to \@fao@Pentry, but with different way to set the width of
                the \parbox:
                724 \def\@fao@Centry#1#2\end@fao@Centry{%
                725 \settowidth{\@tempdima}{$-99.999$}%
                726 \@tempdima=#1\@tempdima\relax
                727 \parbox[t]{\@tempdima}{\centering\strut\hspace{\z0}#2\strut}}
                This macro produces the caption for the long tables. We redefine it to get the
\LT@makecaption
                tables in the way specified by the designer
                728 \def\LT@makecaption#1#2#3{%
                     \LT@mcol\LT@cols {@{}1}{\cellcolor{white}%
                729
                       \rlap{\fcolorbox{white}{@tableheadcolor}{\normalsize
                730
                         \captionfamily\large\strut
                731
                732
                         \textcolor{white}{#1{\MakeUppercase{#2}: }#3}}}%
                733
                       \begin{picture}(0,0)%
                734
                         \put(.5,-7){\color{@bgcolor}%
                           \begin{tikzpicture}[baseline=(current bounding box.north)]
                735
                             \fill (0,0) -- (\nf@trianglebase,0) --
                736
```

```
737 (.5\nf@trianglebase,-\nf@trianglebase) -- cycle;
738 \end{tikzpicture}}
739 \end{picture}\normalcolor
740 \raisebox{-17pt}{\strut}}
```

3.14 The final word

741 \normalsize\normalfont 742 $\langle / class \rangle$

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- [4] Stephen G. Hartke. Arev Sans for TEX and LATEX, May 2006. http://mirrors.ctan.org/fonts/arev.
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Change History

v0.2	\newicon: Added macro	10
\@part: Changed formatting 30	\section: Redefined	30
iconfill: Rewrote 29	v0.3	
\EndPartIntro: Deleted \clearspread	\EndPartIntro: Restored	
	\clearspread	29

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