## ĆW 6. Stochastic Gradient Descent (SGD)

Cel stochastycznej metody gradientu (SGD) dla BP, XOR:

$$E(s_i, w_{ij}) = \sum_{p=1}^4 E_p(s_i, w_{ij}) \to \text{minimum lokalne, gdzie } E_p(s_i, w_{ij}) = \frac{1}{2} (y(p) - z(p))^2$$

## Algorytm SGD

Ustalić stałe c > 0,  $\varepsilon > 0$  i  $\beta > 0$ .  $(c = 0.01(\sim 1.0), \varepsilon = 0.000(00)1, \beta = 1.0(\sim 3.0))$ 

(i)

Startować od

$$\begin{array}{lll} w_{11}^{\textrm{old}} = 0.0 & w_{12}^{\textrm{old}} = 1.0 & w_{13}^{\textrm{old}} = 2.0 \\ w_{21}^{\textrm{old}} = 0.0 & w_{22}^{\textrm{old}} = 1.0 & w_{23}^{\textrm{old}} = 2.0 \\ s_{1}^{\textrm{old}} = 0.0 & s_{2}^{\textrm{old}} = 1.0 & s_{3}^{\textrm{old}} = 2.0 \end{array}$$

(ii)

Losować  $p \ (1 \le p \le 4)$ .

Niech

$$\begin{split} s_i^{\text{\tiny new}} &= s_i^{\text{\tiny old}} - c \, \frac{\partial E_p}{\partial s_i} \big( s_i^{\text{\tiny old}}, 1 \leq i \leq 3; w_{ij}^{\text{\tiny old}}, 1 \leq i \leq 2, 1 \leq j \leq 3 \big) \quad \big( 1 \leq i \leq 3 \big) \\ w_{ij}^{\text{\tiny new}} &= w_{ij}^{\text{\tiny old}} - c \, \frac{\partial E_p}{\partial w_{ij}} \big( s_i^{\text{\tiny old}}, 1 \leq i \leq 3; w_{ij}^{\text{\tiny old}}, 1 \leq i \leq 2, 1 \leq j \leq 3 \big) \quad \big( 1 \leq i \leq 2, 1 \leq j \leq 3 \big). \end{split}$$

(iii)

while

$$\max \biggl\{ |s_i^{\scriptscriptstyle{\text{new}}} - s_i^{\scriptscriptstyle{\text{old}}}|, \, |w_{ij}^{\scriptscriptstyle{\text{new}}} - w_{ij}^{\scriptscriptstyle{\text{old}}}| \biggr\} > \varepsilon$$

do

Losować p  $(1 \le p \le 4)$ .

Niech

$$\begin{split} s_i^{\text{old}} &= s_i^{\text{new}} \quad (1 \leq i \leq 3) \\ w_{ij}^{\text{old}} &= w_{ij}^{\text{new}} \quad (1 \leq i \leq 2, 1 \leq j \leq 3) \\ s_i^{\text{new}} &= s_i^{\text{old}} - c \, \frac{\partial E_p}{\partial s_i} \big( s_i^{\text{old}}, 1 \leq i \leq 3; w_{ij}^{\text{old}}, 1 \leq i \leq 2, 1 \leq j \leq 3 \big) \quad (1 \leq i \leq 3) \\ w_{ij}^{\text{new}} &= w_{ij}^{\text{old}} - c \, \frac{\partial E_p}{\partial w_{ij}} \big( s_i^{\text{old}}, 1 \leq i \leq 3; w_{ij}^{\text{old}}, 1 \leq i \leq 2, 1 \leq j \leq 3 \big) \quad (1 \leq i \leq 2, 1 \leq j \leq 3). \end{split}$$

(iv)

Wyświetlić  $y(p) \in \mathbb{R} \ (1 \leq p \leq 4), \ s_i^{\text{new}}, 1 \leq i \leq 3; \ w_{ij}^{\text{new}}, 1 \leq i \leq 2, 1 \leq j \leq 3$  dla ostatniego kroku.

## Koniec algorytmu

- Wejścia (input):  $u(p) = (u_1(p), u_2(p), u_3(p)) \in \{0, 1\}^3 \subset \mathbb{R}^3, \quad u_3(p) \equiv 1 \quad (1 \le p \le 4)$ u(1) = (0, 0, 1), u(2) = (1, 0, 1), u(3) = (0, 1, 1), u(4) = (1, 1, 1)
- Sygnały nauczyciela (XOR):  $z(p) \in \{0, 1\} \subset \mathbb{R}$   $(1 \le p \le 4)$  z(1) = 0, z(2) = 1, z(3) = 1, z(4) = 0 (XOR)

• Sygnały z środkowej warstwy:  $x(p) = (x_1(p), x_2(p), x_3(p)) \in \mathbb{R}^3, \quad x_3(p) \equiv 1 \quad (1 \leq p \leq 4)$  $f(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-\beta x}}$ 

$$x_i(p) = f\left(\sum_{j=1}^{3} w_{ij}^{\text{old}} u_j(p)\right) \quad (1 \le i \le 2)$$

• Wyjścia (output):  $y(p) \in \mathbb{R}$   $(1 \le p \le 4)$ 

$$y(p) = f\left(\sum_{i=1}^{3} s_i^{\text{old}} x_i(p)\right)$$

• Gradienty 
$$f'(x) = \frac{\beta e^{-\beta x}}{(1 + e^{-\beta x})^2} = \beta f(x) \{1 - f(x)\}$$

$$\frac{\partial E_p}{\partial s_i}(s_i^{\text{old}}, 1 \le i \le 3; w_{ij}^{\text{old}}, 1 \le i \le 2, 1 \le j \le 3) = (y(p) - z(p))f'\left(\sum_{k=1}^3 s_k^{\text{old}} x_k(p)\right) x_i(p)$$

 $(1 \le i \le 3)$ 

$$\frac{\partial E_p}{\partial w_{ij}} \left( s_i^{\text{old}}, 1 \le i \le 3; w_{ij}^{\text{old}}, 1 \le i \le 2, 1 \le j \le 3 \right)$$

$$= (y(p) - z(p))f'\left(\sum_{k=1}^{3} s_k^{\text{old}} x_k(p)\right) s_i^{\text{old}} f'\left(\sum_{\ell=1}^{3} w_{i\ell}^{\text{old}} u_\ell(p)\right) u_j(p)$$

 $(1 \le i \le 2, 1 \le j \le 3)$ 

**Zadanie.** (Propagacja wsteczna błędu z SGD)

Implementować powyżej podany algorytm SGD dla propagacji wstecznej, który realizuje uczenie parametrów (wag) dla XORa.

Próbować i porównać różne parametry  $c, \varepsilon, \beta$ .

Notacja. (Propozycja)

$$\begin{array}{l} u_{j}(p) \leadsto u[p][j], \ x_{i}(p) \leadsto x[p][i], \ y(p) \leadsto y[p], \ z(p) \leadsto z[p] \\ s_{i}^{\text{old}} \leadsto s\_old[i], \ s_{i}^{\text{new}} \leadsto s\_new[i], \ w_{ij}^{\text{old}} \leadsto w\_old[i][j], \ w_{ij}^{\text{new}} \leadsto w\_new[i][j] \\ \frac{\partial E_{p}}{\partial s_{i}} \leadsto DEp\_s[i][p], \ \frac{\partial E_{p}}{\partial w_{ij}} \leadsto DEp\_w[i][j][p] \\ f \leadsto f, \ f' \leadsto Df, \ e^{-\beta x} \leadsto math.exp((-1)*beta*x) \ (\text{Python?}) \\ c \leadsto c, \ \varepsilon \leadsto epsilon, \ \beta \leadsto beta \end{array}$$