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**Integrative perspectives on bivalve sex  
determination: A comparative and evolutionary  
analysis across phylogeny**

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# List of abbreviations

<b>AASD</b>	amino acid sequence divergence
<b>CMS</b>	cytoplasmatic male sterility
<b>CUE</b>	coupling of ubiquitin conjugation to endoplasmic reticulum degradation [domain]
<b>DEAD/DEAH-box</b>	Asp-Glu-Ala-Asp/Asp-Glu-Ala-His box
<b>DGE</b>	differential gene expression
<b>dpf</b>	days post fertilization
<b>DM</b>	<i>dsx</i> and <i>mab-3</i> [domain]
<b>DMA</b>	DM-associated [domain]
<b>Dmrt</b>	<i>dsx</i> and <i>mab-3</i> related transcription factor
<b>Dmrt-1L</b>	<i>Dmrt 1-like</i>
<b>Dm-W</b>	<i>dsx</i> and <i>mab-3</i> related gene <i>W</i>
<b>Dmy</b>	<i>dsx</i> and <i>mab-3</i> related gene <i>Y</i>
<b>DSFG</b>	Dmrt, Sox, and Fox gene
<b>dsx</b>	<i>doublesex</i>
<b>DUI</b>	doubly uniparental inheritance
<b>ESD</b>	environmental sex determination
<b>FASW</b>	filtered artificial sea water
<b>FHA</b>	forkhead-associated [domain]
<b>Fox</b>	forkhead box

<b>GC</b>	germ cell
<b>GO</b>	gene ontology
<b>GRN</b>	gene regulatory network
<b>GSD</b>	genetic sex determination
<b>HCR</b>	hybridization chain reaction
<b>HeSC</b>	heteromorphic sex chromosome
<b>HMG</b>	high mobility group [box domain]
<b>HMM</b>	hidden Markov model
<b>HoSC</b>	homomorphic sex chromosome
<b>hpf</b>	hours post fertilization
<b>mab-3</b>	<i>male abnormal-3</i>
<b>MCL</b>	Markov clustering algorithm
<b>ML</b>	maximum likelihood
<b>mRNA-ISH</b>	mRNA <i>in-situ</i> hybridization
<b>Mya</b>	million years ago
<b>ORF</b>	open reading frame
<b>PBS</b>	10E phosphate-buffered saline
<b>PBS-Tw</b>	10E PBS with 0.1 % Tween 20
<b>PCA</b>	principal component analyses
<b>PFA</b>	paraformaldehyde
<b>PGC</b>	primordial germ cell
<b>pPGC</b>	presumptive primordial germ cell
<b>PSC</b>	pluripotent stem cell
<b>qRT-PCR</b>	quantitative real-time polymerase chain reaction

**RNAi** RNA interference

**RT** room temperature

**SC** sex chromosome

**SCO** single-copy orthogroup

**SD** sex determination

**SDf** sex differentiation

**SDG** sex-determining gene

**Sox** *Sry*-related HMG-box

**SRG** sex-determination related gene

**Sry** *Sex-determining region of chromosome Y*

**SSC-Tw** 5CE saline-sodium citrate with 0.1 % Tween 20

**Sxl** *Sex-lethal*

**TBS** 1CE Tris-buffered saline

**TBS-Tx** 1CE TBS with Triton X-100

**tra** *transformer*

**TSD** temperature-dependent [environmental] sex determination



# **Data availability**

All the supplementary materials, as well as high-resolution figures and a parsable version of tables, are accessible online at the following GitHub repository:

[https://github.com/filonico/phd\\_thesis\\_tex](https://github.com/filonico/phd_thesis_tex)



# Abstract

Sex determination (SD) in bivalves remains a largely unexplored field, despite the socio-economic importance of many species. This can be traced back to the diversity of mechanisms observed across species, involving both genetic and environmental factors and apparently lacking heteromorphic sex chromosomes, which hamper a straightforward scientific research. This study presents an integrative approach that combines comparative genomics, phylogenetic analyses, and *in-situ* visualisation techniques to investigate the molecular basis of SD in bivalve molluscs. Using a broad phylogenetic and genomic framework, key components of gene families known for their roles in SD across Metazoa were identified and analysed through the lens of comparative genomics. Particularly, considering that sex-determining genes tend to evolve faster than genes not involved in SD, we leveraged the tools of molecular evolution to identify highly-divergent genes among the Dmrt, Sox, and Fox gene families. Both *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H* were found to be included in the group of bivalve fast-evolving genes, giving support to previous works which appointed them as tightly involved with male SD in bivalves. To further investigate the roles of these genes, mRNA *in-situ* hybridization chain reaction (HCR) was employed to look at their transcription patterns during the embryonic and early larval stages of *Mytilus galloprovincialis*, along with expression patterns of *Fox-L2*—a gene previously associated with bivalve female SD, and of the germline marker *Vasa/Vasa*. Both *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H* were found to be not transcribed during the sampled stages (up until 72 hours post fertilization), while *Fox-L2* showed an increasing sex-unbiased expression with the onset of gastrulation. Therefore, SD is likely not happening during these early developmental stages. This observation aligns with the expression of *Vasa/Vasa*, whose specification of primordial germ cells (PGCs) seemed to be relying on a mixed process of preformation and epigenesis. Before gastrulation, both *Vasa/Vasa* is homogeneously present in all blas-

## *Abstract*

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tomeres, thus not labelling presumptive PGCs univocally. The process of PGCs formation seems instead to start after the formation of the larvae, when *Vasa*-positive cells begin to accumulate in two lateral areas at both sides of the larvae. Therefore, SD can be expected to occur only after this stage. The present work shows the importance of employing an integrative analysis when investigating overlooked processes in non-model organisms. Particularly, this contributes a foundational reference for SD in bivalves, broadening our understanding of the genetic factors shaping reproductive biology in this ecologically and economically significant group.

# Chapter 1

## Introduction

### 1.1 The diversity of sexual processes in animals

The process of sex determination (SD) has been traditionally associated with the very first steps of gonad differentiation, where an initial trigger (or master switch) activates the molecular pathway that establishes the sexual identity of an organism. According to this view, two alternative types of SD have been traditionally recognised: the genetic sex determination (GSD) and the environmental sex determination (ESD), depending on whether the very first cues are of genetic or environmental origin. All the downstream events of gonad and morphological sex-specific development (i.e., after SD) have been instead appointed as sex differentiation (SDf), which consists of the entire set of morphogenetic, molecular, and physiological events leading to the full maturation of testes or ovaries and secondary sexual characters (**Uller and Helanterä, 2011; Bear and Monteiro, 2013; Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014**). GSD is found in many classical model systems—such as the mouse *Mus musculus*, the fruit fly *Drosophila melanogaster*, and the nematode *Caenorhabditis elegans*, but is by far the most prevalent SD system in animals, as it occurs in the majority of vertebrates and arthropods (**Bachtrog et al., 2014; Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014**). It encompasses a variety of sex-determining cues, ranging from single master genes (e.g., *Sex-determining region of chromosome Y (Sry)* in eutherians), to polygenic networks (as in the zebrafish *Danio rerio*) and chromosome countings (as in *D. melanogaster* and *C. elegans*). Conversely, ESD is more uncommon and is found mainly in reptiles, fishes, insects, crustaceans, annelids, nematodes, and rotifers (reviewed in **Korpelainen, 1990; Bachtrog et al., 2014**). It relies on several initial stimuli of environmental

origin, such as light, food availability, and population density, though the most common process is the temperature-dependent SD (TSD; **Bachtrog et al., 2014; Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014**). Currently, the molecular basis by which an environmental signal is transduced into the canalization of the male or female developmental pathway is unknown (**Bachtrog et al., 2014; Capel, 2017**).

Lately, a growing number of studies have challenged the traditionally binary views of both GSD/ESD and SD/SDf (**Bear and Monteiro, 2013; Bachtrog et al., 2014; Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014; Todd et al., 2016; Capel, 2017**). On the one hand, the characterisation of SD in new species has shown that GSD and ESD represent the ends of a continuum of mixed conditions, rather than two mutually exclusive phenomena. For example, in the red-eared slider turtle *Trachemys scripta*, a species with TSD, it has been shown that pairs of gonads cultured separately at the same pivotal temperature (i.e., the temperature producing 50 % of males and 50 % of females in offspring) tend to predominantly differentiate into one sex. Therefore, an underlying genetic/epigenetic mechanism controlling SD should exist when temperature effect is absent (**Mork et al., 2014**). In the Australian bearded-dragon *Pogona vitticeps*, some ZZ males were caught to sex-revert to fertile females in the wild after incubation at high temperatures, constituting a natural case of transition from GSD to ESD (in the form of TSD; **Holleley et al., 2015**). On the other hand, instead, the high evolutionary dynamics and the variable expression patterns of the genes involved in the processes of gonad commitment and development make the distinction between SD and SDf increasingly blurred (**Bear and Monteiro, 2013; Bachtrog et al., 2014; Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014; Todd et al., 2016; Capel, 2017**). In fact, considering that the SD of an organism may follow different routes, such as being triggered only in presumptive gonads—which then establish the sexual identity of the rest of the organism through hormone signalling (gonadal SD; a process traditionally associated to mammals), or occurring independently in every cell of the developing embryo (cell-autonomous SD; a process traditionally associated to fruit flies and nematodes), the tempo and modes of SDf may vary significantly among species and may not even necessarily depend on or originate from SD itself (**Bear and Monteiro, 2013; Capel, 2017**). Classic examples of the independence between SD and SDf are provided by gynandromorph animals (where both the male and the female phenotypes are found in the same organism in a bilaterally-distributed fashion), but also by the marsupial mammal tammar wallaby

(*Macropus* [now *Notamacropus*] *eugenii*). In gynandromorph chickens (*Gallus gallus*), for example, it has been shown that the male half of the animal is made up mainly by ZZ cells, while the female half by ZW cells, and that each is selectively susceptible to either male or female gonad-secreted hormones, respectively. This shows how in birds SD, which is initiated in the presumptive gonads, is independent from and occurs later than SDf, which is instead triggered by a cell-autonomous mechanism (Zhao et al., 2010). Similarly, in *N. eugenii* the somatic differentiation of the scrotum and the pouch precedes that of the gonads, indicating that their development (as part of SDf) is triggered by genes linked to the X chromosome, rather than by sex-differentiation inducing hormones as in other mammals (Renfree et al., 1996).

Considering this complex scenario, Uller and Helanterä (2011) proposed a unified and broad-scope definition for SD, that is, the processes within an embryo leading to the formation of differentiated gonads as either testes or ovaries, thus excluding any actual distinction between environmental/genetic initial triggers or the downstream effectors. However, it can be argued that this definition should be even more expanded to encompass not only the embryonic stage of the animal life cycle but also adulthood, since cases of sex reversals (sequential hermaphroditism) legitimately express proper SD processes also during post-embryonic life stages. For example, fishes represent a noteworthy example of how the establishment of sexual fate is not an irreversible process in an organisms life, but instead a tradeoff trait, involving antagonistic gene regulatory networks (GRNs), that can be switched from one side to the other (Todd et al., 2016; Capel, 2017). Sex reversal in fishes is typically prompted by environmental signals, such as population density, sex ratio at spawning, and social factors, but also by the attainment of a threshold size and/or age (reviewed in Todd et al., 2016). Regardless of its biology and direction (i.e., from males to females [protandry], from females to males [protogyny], or both ways), sex reversal often results in the complete restructuring of gonads, as well as in remarkable changes in both somatic morphology and behaviour. Therefore, sequential hermaphroditism can be considered the expression of a genuine SD program inducing a second round of SDf in adult organisms (Todd et al., 2016).

Overall, decades of studies have revealed that SD is strikingly diverse among animals, even in closely related species. Therefore, the research effort is currently devoted to

further characterising sex-determining processes in new species, as well as to understand how this fundamental aspect of animal development may sustain such a high plasticity among species (**Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014; Todd et al., 2016; Capel, 2017**).

## 1.2 Genetic sex determination and the evolution of sex-determination related genes

In its most intimate core, animal SD is the manifestation of complex GRNs where, according to **Wilkins (1995)**, the downstream actors appear to be nearly conserved across species, while the master top regulators (the commonly recognized sex determinants, such as the *Sry* in therians or the ratio between sex and autosomal chromosomes in *Drosophila*) are often the most variable part (**Matson and Zarkower, 2012; Mullon et al., 2012; Bachtrog et al., 2014; Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014**). Such a differential pattern of molecular evolution is considered to be the direct result of the mechanism by which a sex-determining cascade is assembled. Particularly, it has been proposed that a GRN may take on a role in SD through a retrograde growth, i.e., by progressively adding upper regulators in a bottom-up process (**Stothard and Pilgrim, 2003; Mullon et al., 2012; Capel, 2017**). This mechanism regards the SD cascade in *Drosophila* species (**Mullon et al., 2012**), *C. elegans* (**Stothard and Pilgrim, 2003**), and vertebrates, although the latter case has been questioned several times (reviewed in **Capel, 2017**). Remarkably, it appears that some gene families are more prone than others to be recruited in SD, as either primary sex-determining genes (SDGs) or in some key part of the cascade. For example, components of the *dsx* and *mab-3* related transcription factor (Dmrt) gene family have a main role as bottom effectors in the SD cascade of many animal species, as seen in *D. melanogaster* with *doublesex* (*dsx*) and in *C. elegans* with *male abnormal-3* (*mab-3*), but also in other invertebrates and the majority of vertebrates. In these cases, Dmrt genes dictate the sex-specific development in response to the primary SD decision (**Matson and Zarkower, 2012**). Nevertheless, paralogs of *Dmrt-1* have also repeatedly and independently taken on the role as SDGs in several vertebrate species, as in the medaka fish *Oryzias latipes* with *dsx* and *mab-3* related gene *Y* (*Dmy*), in the African clawed frog *Xenopus laevis* with *dsx* and *mab-3* related gene *W* (*Dm-W*), and in *G. gallus* with the Z-linked *Dmrt-1* (reviewed in **Matson and Zarkower, 2012; Mawaribuchi et al., 2019**). A similar but even

more conserved sex-determining genetic axis is found in insects, where *transformer* (*tra*) directs the sex-specific splicing of *dsx* in almost every species investigated so far (Verhulst et al., 2010; Bopp et al., 2014). The GRN in which the *tra-dsx* module is placed, is instead more diversified and species-specific, as the top- and bottom-most parts are highly divergent, resulting in a SD cascade that can be represented by an hour-glass model (Bopp et al., 2014). Similarly, other highly-conserved genes involved in SD has been identified, particularly as downstream effectors in vertebrates: these includes for example *Fox-L2* from the forkhead box (Fox) gene family and *Sox-9* from the *Sry*-related HMG-box (Sox) gene families, acting in the female- and male-specific cascades, respectively (Capel, 2017).

The significance of molecular evolution in shaping SDGs is also evident in the wider category of sex-determination related genes (SRGs), which includes all the genes that are responsible for the specification, development and maintenance of the sexual identity. For example, transcriptionally sex-biased genes often tend to evolve faster than unbiased genes at the level of protein sequences. In particular, male-biased genes generally show higher rate of sequence evolution in comparison to both female-biased and unbiased counterparts, as it has been repeatedly observed in well-studied organisms—such as fruit flies, nematodes, mice and primates (reviewed in Parsch and Ellegren, 2013; Grath and Parsch, 2016), but also in other emerging systems, such as the water flea *Daphnia pulex* (Eads et al., 2007), aphids (Purandare et al., 2014), and two wasp species of the genus *Nasonia* (Wang et al., 2015). That said, growing evidence is also showing cases in which female-biased genes have higher rates of sequence evolution than male-biased genes, such as in mosquitoes of the genus *Anopheles* (Papa et al., 2017), and European and Manila clams of the genus *Ruditapes* (Ghiselli et al., 2018). High rates of molecular evolution in SRGs is particularly evident in organisms with sex chromosomes (SCs)—both in XY/ZW and X0 systems, such as fruit flies, birds and mammals, where the so-called fast-X (or fast-Z) effect has been extensively reported (Vicoso and Charlesworth, 2006; Mank et al., 2007; Meisel and Connallon, 2013). In these species, accelerated sequence evolution is seen in general for genes residing on the X (or Z) chromosomes (i.e., the chromosomes determining the homogametic sex) with respect to genes of the autosomal chromosomes, and it could be explained by both adaptive and non-adaptive processes. In fact, the higher ratio of non-synonymous to synonymous mutations ( $dN/dS$ , or  $\omega$ ) may result from positive selection, driven either by natural or sexual selection (as in *Drosophila*), as well

as from genetic drift (as in birds; **Vicoso and Charlesworth, 2006; Meisel and Connallon, 2013; Parsch and Ellegren, 2013; Grath and Parsch, 2016**).

### 1.3 Unravelling sex determination in bivalves

Bivalves are the second largest clade in molluscs, counting more than 23,000 species ([Catalogue of Life](#); accessed on 15/10/2024) distributed at all depths and in all marine environments, as well as in some freshwater habitats. Thanks to their high diversity and biological peculiarities, they have been proposed as promising model organisms for investigating a wide array of biological, ecological and evolutionary issues (**Milani and Ghiselli, 2020; Ghiselli et al., 2021; Nicolini, Ghiselli, et al., 2023**). However, despite the socio-economic and scientific importance, the knowledge concerning the molecular basis of bivalve reproduction and SD is still quite limited (**Breton et al., 2018; Nicolini, Ghiselli, et al., 2023**). Clues from various works seem to suggest that both genetic and environmental factors are involved in SD, though the exact process by which sex is determined and gonad commitment is established is, currently, still unknown.

In the attempt to identify SRGs (including SDGs), and clarify whether a single genetic determinant or a parliamentary decision exist, several differential gene expression (DGE) analyses have been recently performed on a variety of species (e.g., **Milani et al., 2013; Teaniniuraitemoana et al., 2014; Zhang et al., 2014; Chen et al., 2017; Capt et al., 2018; Ghiselli et al., 2018; Shi et al., 2018**). Particularly, some of the genes that were found to be differentially expressed between gonads of different sex were systematically retrieved, such as those belonging to the Dmrt, Sox, and Fox gene (DSFG) families. To this regard, **Zhang et al. (2014)** proposed a working model for the sex-determining pathway of the Pacific oyster *Crassostrea gigas* in which: *Sox-H* promotes male gonad development by activating *Dmrt 1-like* (*Dmrt-1L*), and inhibiting *Fox-L2*; *Fox-L2*, when not inhibited by the pair *Sox-H/Dmrt-1L*, promotes the female gonad development. Additionally, *Fox-L2* has been appointed as the female SDG—following a ZW inheritance system, in *Patinopacten yessoensis* and *Chlamys farreri*, based on the analysis of read coverage and of the distribution of sexually dimorphic single-nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs; **Han et al., 2022**). However, both the SD model in *C. gigas* and the role of *Fox-L2* as the female SDG in *P. yessoensis* and *C. farreri*, have never been fully tested from

a functional point of view (e.g., through gene editing or knock-down), and thus remain only hypothesis. Overall, much of the recent research effort on bivalve SRGs (including DSFGs) has indeed been limited to their molecular cloning, differential transcription, and tissue localization (**Liang et al., 2019; Sun et al., 2022**), and few works have directly investigated the biological functions so far, mostly through post-transcriptional silencing of target mRNAs (RNA interference [RNAi]). For example, **Liang et al. (2019)** studied the role of *Sox2* in the spermatogenesis of the Zhikong scallop *C. farreri* and found that it likely regulates proliferation of spermatogonia and apoptosis of spermatocytes, since its knockdown resulted in the loss of male germ cells. **Wang et al. (2020)** proposed that in the female gonads of the freshwater mussel *Hyriopsis cumingii*, *Fox-L2* might be related to the *Wnt/β-catenin* signalling pathway, which takes part in ovarian differentiation also in vertebrates. **Sun et al. (2022)** found instead that in *C. gigas*, *Fox-L2* and *Dmrt-1L* mRNA knockdown results in the size reduction of female and male mature gonads, respectively. The challenge in identifying SDGs, if they exist, is partly due also to the apparent lack of heteromorphic sex chromosomes (HeSCs) in all the bivalve species investigated to date (**Breton et al., 2018; Han et al., 2022**). In fact, any evidence of SCs has only been found in four scallop species (*Amusium japonicum*, *C. farreri*, *Placopecten magellanicus*, *P. yessoensis*), where they have been described as homomorphic sex chromosomes (HoSCs; **Han et al., 2022**). Though, considering that DSFGs generally work in a coordinated manner to regulate many developmental processes also in other animal species, including the SD cascade itself (see **Section 1.2**), it is reasonable to assume that they play similar roles also in bivalves.

Our understanding of the environmental influences on SD is possibly even more limited. Given that bivalves exhibit a wide array of reproductive strategies ranging from strict gonochorism to sequential (either protandrous or protogynous) and simultaneous hermaphroditism, as well as the so-called alternative and rhythmical sexuality (reviewed in **Breton et al., 2018**), they represent an excellent model to investigate the mechanisms of ESD. Temperature, food availability, social factors, and xenobiotics all seem to influence SD, or at least to trigger sex reversal in several hermaphroditic species (mainly belonging to the Ostreida and Pectinida orders). As a matter of fact, ESD has been investigated only in adult individuals through sex-ratio studies, thus few or no experiments are available for the very first round of SD (i.e., that encompassing the first gonad specification cycle).

The Pacific oyster *C. gigas*, along with other oyster species, is one of the most studied bivalves not only for GSD (as mentioned above), but also for ESD. It has been shown that the sex ratio of adults is influenced by the incubation temperature of immature spats: at 18 °C, the sex ratio is skewed towards females, while at 28 °C it favours males, with some simultaneous hermaphrodites also observed (**Santerre et al., 2013**). Considering that SD in *C. gigas* may be also under genetic control (**Santerre et al., 2013; Zhang et al., 2014**; reviewed in **Breton et al., 2018**), these observations contribute to the growing evidence that a mixture of different factors govern SD in the species. A similar hypothesis of a mixed SD system has been suggested also for other species, such as *Crassostrea cortezien-sis* (**Chávez-Villalba et al., 2008**), *Pinctada margaritifera* (**Teaniniuraitemoana et al., 2016**), and *Mytilus edulis* (**Dalpé et al., 2022**), although more insightful and thorough investigations are needed (**Dalpé et al., 2022**).

Clearly, bivalves represent a dazzling example of how the traditional representation of sex as genetically- or environmentally-determined, as well as the distinction between SD and SDf, can no longer be assumed as strictly dichotomous. A multifactorial model, in which many genes and environmental cues act in concert to establish the sexual identity of the individual, seems to better explain the extreme diversity of bivalve SD systems (**Breton et al., 2018**). Nonetheless, much work still needs to be done, especially in the functional characterisation of the molecular ground plan. Functional assays employing RNAi and clustered regularly interspaced short palindromic repeats (CRISPR) and CRISPR-associated protein 9 (CRISPR-Cas9) techniques (e.g., **Wang et al., 2020; Sun et al., 2022; Wang et al., 2022**) are finally making their way into the study of bivalve biology and have been proved essential instruments also for the investigation of sex-related traits. However, very few works have made extensive use of the comparative and integrative approach in bivalve studies so far, which hampers the possibility to infer general patterns for such a vast and diverse class of organisms (**Milani and Ghiselli, 2020**).

## Chapter 2

# Project outlook and objectives

This PhD project focuses on understanding the evolutionary dynamics and molecular mechanisms underlying sex determination (SD) in bivalve molluscs. The research has leveraged a wide array of analytical tools from comparative genomics, to transcriptomics, *in-situ* hybridization, and immunolocalization, in order to investigate sex-determination related genes (SRGs) across various species with an integrative and comparative approach. Particularly, special attention was given to the Dmrt, Sox, and Fox gene (DSFG) families, which are widely-recognised key actors in the SD process of the majority of animal species, including bivalves. Each major area of analysis in my research, together with its objectives, is presented in a dedicated chapter, resulting in three distinct sections.

**Chapter 3**, which consists of a perspective piece published in *Genome Biology and Evolution*, will examine bivalves as emerging model organisms in SD research, by reviewing their genomic and biological characteristics. Bivalve offers valuable insights into several topics, including (i) the transitions between environmental and genetic SD, (ii) the evolution of sex chromosomes (SCs), (iii) the tentatively interaction between mitochondrial inheritance and SD, and (iv) the evolutionary history of SRGs. Particularly, this chapter wants to emphasise the importance of establishing a comprehensive evolutionary genomics framework for studying SD across bivalve species.

**Chapter 4** will explore the molecular evolution of some key SRGs. Using a broad genomic context that includes more than 40 annotated bivalve genomes and transcriptomes, this chapter aims to uncover how these genes have evolved and their potential roles in SD, by also adopting a cross-species validation assay. The analysis will focus on the evolution of the DSFG families, by using the tools of molecular evolution to assess whether some of

them are tightly involved in SD. Mammals and *Drosophila* spp. will be used as positive and negative control datasets, respectively, to validate the reliability of the approach.

**Chapter 5** will focus on the expression patterns of three SRGs in the Mediterranean mussel *Mytilus galloprovincialis* during early developmental stages. Particularly, the spatial and temporal transcription patterns of *Dmrt 1-like* (*Dmrt-1L*), *Sox-H*, and *Fox-L2*—which have been identified as tightly linked to primary SD by analyses in **Chapter 4** and in previous works, will be investigated. By also including the analysis of the germline marker *Vasa/Vasa*, this chapter will provide novel insights into the mechanisms of SD and primordial germ cell (PGC) specification. Transcription patterns will be investigated through computational differential gene expression (DGE) analyses and mRNA *in-situ* hybridization chain reaction (HCR); the expression pattern of *Vasa/Vasa* will be investigated also through immunolocalization.

Overall, this PhD project aims to adopt a multi-layered and integrative approach that combines evolutionary genomics, gene expression analyses, and comparative biology to explore SD in bivalves. Bivalves represent a relatively underexplored group, and given the remarkable diversity of their SD processes, require a strong evolutionary perspective to decipher the mechanism. Here, the integration of genome-wide molecular evolution analysis with gene expression studies provides a novel framework for understanding how SRGs, such as those belonging to the DSFG families, contribute to SD and sexual differentiation. This work also benefits from cross-species comparisons, which places bivalve SD within a broader evolutionary context, allowing for the identification of commonalities and unique traits in sex-determining pathways across taxa. Moreover, by investigating the expression patterns of three SRGs during early development in *M. galloprovincialis*, this project addresses a critical gap in the understanding of how these genes may regulate the sexual process, as to date bivalve SD has been investigated mostly in adult life stages. Through a comprehensive and comparative methodology, the project promises to provide a first reference broad-scale evolutionary resource for bivalve SD, also pushing forward the boundaries of reproductive and evolutionary biology in non-model species.

## Chapter 3

# Bivalves as emerging model systems to study the mechanisms and evolution of sex determination: a genomic point of view

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**Abstract.** Bivalves are a diverse group of molluscs that have recently attained a central role in plenty of biological research fields, thanks to their peculiar life history traits. Here we propose that bivalves should be considered as emerging model systems also in sex-determination studies, since they would allow to investigate: (i) the transition between environmental and genetic sex determination, with respect to different reproductive backgrounds and sexual systems (from species with strict gonochorism to species with various forms of hermaphroditism); (ii) the genomic evolution of sex chromosomes, considering that no heteromorphic sex chromosomes are currently known and that homomorphic sex chromosomes have been identified just in few species of scallops; (iii) the putative role of mitochondria at some level of the sex determination signaling pathway, in a mechanism

that may resemble the cytoplasmatic male sterility of plants; (iv) the evolutionary history of sex-determination related gene families with respect to other animal groups. In particular, we think that this last topic may lay the foundations for expanding our understanding of bivalve sex determination, as our current knowledge is quite fragmented and limited to few species. As a matter of fact, tracing the phylogenetic history and diversity of sex-determination related gene families (such as the Dmrt, Sox and Fox genes) would allow to perform more targeted functional experiments and genomic analyses, but also fostering the possibility of establishing a solid comparative framework.

**Significance.** In this perspective, we provide an examination of the phylogenetic diversity of Dmrt genes, a sex-determination related gene family, to address the importance of bivalves in sex determination studies. By analyzing their taxonomic distribution and sequence diversity, we show how such a comparative study may set a common ground plan to settle down targeted functional experiments and essays. This kind of approach should be applied more extensively in future studies, especially when dealing with understudied organisms.

Bivalves are the second largest clade in molluscs, counting more than 18,000 species ([Catalogue of Life](#), accessed on 16/12/2022) distributed at all depths and in all marine environments, as well as in some freshwater habitats. Thanks to their high diversity and peculiar biological features, they have been proposed as promising model organisms for investigating a wide array of biological, ecological, and evolutionary issues, from mitochondrial biology and evolution to the physiological plasticity under fluctuating environmental conditions (**Milani and Ghiselli, 2020; Ghiselli et al., 2021**). In this context, bivalves may serve as a compelling model system to investigate the evolution and characteristics of sex determination (SD) as well, thanks to the diversity of their reproductive modes and genomic features. Nonetheless, this research field has been largely overlooked and many aspects of bivalve reproductive biology remain uncharacterized. In this perspective, we address the topic by first examining the relevant questions that bivalves may help to answer regarding processes and patterns of SD, and then providing a case study in the field of comparative genomics.

### **3.1 Open yet inspiring topics in bivalve sex determination**

Despite the socio-economic and scientific importance of bivalves, the knowledge concerning the genetic and molecular bases of their SD system is quite limited and its study has been mostly neglected. Yet, bivalves may constitute a novel model system in SD studies that is as intriguing and valuable as other well-established models, such as vertebrates, insects and plants (**of Sex Consortium, 2014**), as they may provide complementary perspectives in many aspects of SD evolutionary studies. Topics such as (i) the transition between environmental and genetic SD, (ii) the evolution of sex chromosomes, (iii) the mito-nuclear interaction, and (iv) the evolution of SD related genes, can largely benefit from the integration with bivalve studies. But many others are likely to emerge as research in the field progresses.

#### **3.1.1 Transitions between environmental and genetic sex determination**

Clues from several works seem to suggest that both genetic and environmental factors are involved in bivalve SD, thus implying that a mixed system may exist (reviewed in **Breton et al., 2018**). The traditional dichotomy between environmental sex determination

(ESD) and genetic sex determination (GSD) seems inapplicable in most bivalve species, where ESD and GSD rather represent the two ends of a continuum of mixed and plastic conditions. A weak distinction between ESD and GSD is also found in amphibians, reptiles and teleost fish, three clades in which environment-dependent SD has been largely studied. Here, the interaction—or even the transition—between the two sexual systems have been reported in many species, suggesting that sex-determining mechanisms can be extraordinary plastic (**Bachtrog et al., 2014; Capel, 2017**). Adding a representative and diverse group of Lophotrochozoa (Protostomia) to those vertebrate taxa, can widely expand the comparative framework of the investigation, allowing to better understand the evolution of SD as a whole. In bivalves, ESD has been studied mostly in oysters, where hermaphroditic species show an effect of temperature on SD (reviewed in **Breton et al., 2018; Fig. 3.1**). Oysters may indeed constitute a prolific model to examine how the SD pathways are shaped in the presence of different initial triggers and highly dynamic reproductive backgrounds. In fact, various sexual systems can be found in oysters, such as (i) strictly gonochoric population, (ii) the coexistence of simultaneous hermaphroditic with strictly gonochoric individuals in the same population, (iii) the possibility of sex change according to environmental conditions, and (iv) the presence of both parasitic dwarf males and free-living males in the same species (**Collin, 2013**). Consequently, oysters may be extremely useful to understand how epigenetic control is involved in sex change, how gene regulatory networks can sustain the occurrence of different hermaphroditic conditions within gonochoric populations, and whether certain SD systems are more labile than others (**Abbott, 2011**).

### 3.1.2 Evolution of sex chromosomes

So far, heteromorphic sex chromosomes (HeSCs)—i.e., sex chromosomes showing strong morphological differentiation, have never been observed in bivalves (**Breton et al., 2018**), while the first evidence of homomorphic sex chromosomes (HoSCs)—i.e., sex chromosomes showing little or no differentiation, comes from a very recent study on several scallop species, where a non-homologous origin of the SD system has been proposed for different subfamilies (**Han et al., 2022; Fig. 3.1**). Theory predicts that, once originated, sex chromosomes (SCs) will eventually turn into HeSCs, because of the recombination arrest in the sex-determining region (**Bachtrog et al., 2014; Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014**;

**Han et al., 2022**). Nonetheless, HoSCs are much more widespread in the animal kingdom than expected, sometimes also being of ancient age (**Bachtrog et al., 2014; Han et al., 2022**).

Species from the order Pectinida may thus be useful to investigate what determines the long-term maintenance of HoSCs and which genomic architectures and molecular dynamics prevent HeSCs from evolving in bivalves. Additionally, they may be taken as model systems to investigate the origin of SCs in relation to the sexual systems and the route by which molecular pathways have been reprogrammed in the transition between different SD mechanisms (**Han et al., 2022**).

Researchers have been addressing this topic mainly in snakes, ratites and sturgeons (**Bachtrog et al., 2014; Han et al., 2022** and references therein). Though, scallops currently hold the oldest HoSC pairs, which are dated back to about 350 million years. The system is thus of great importance to investigate the role of sex-biased gene expression and selection forces in the long-term stability of SCs (**Han et al., 2022**), as well as the intertwining between SD systems.

### 3.1.3 Mito-nuclear interactions

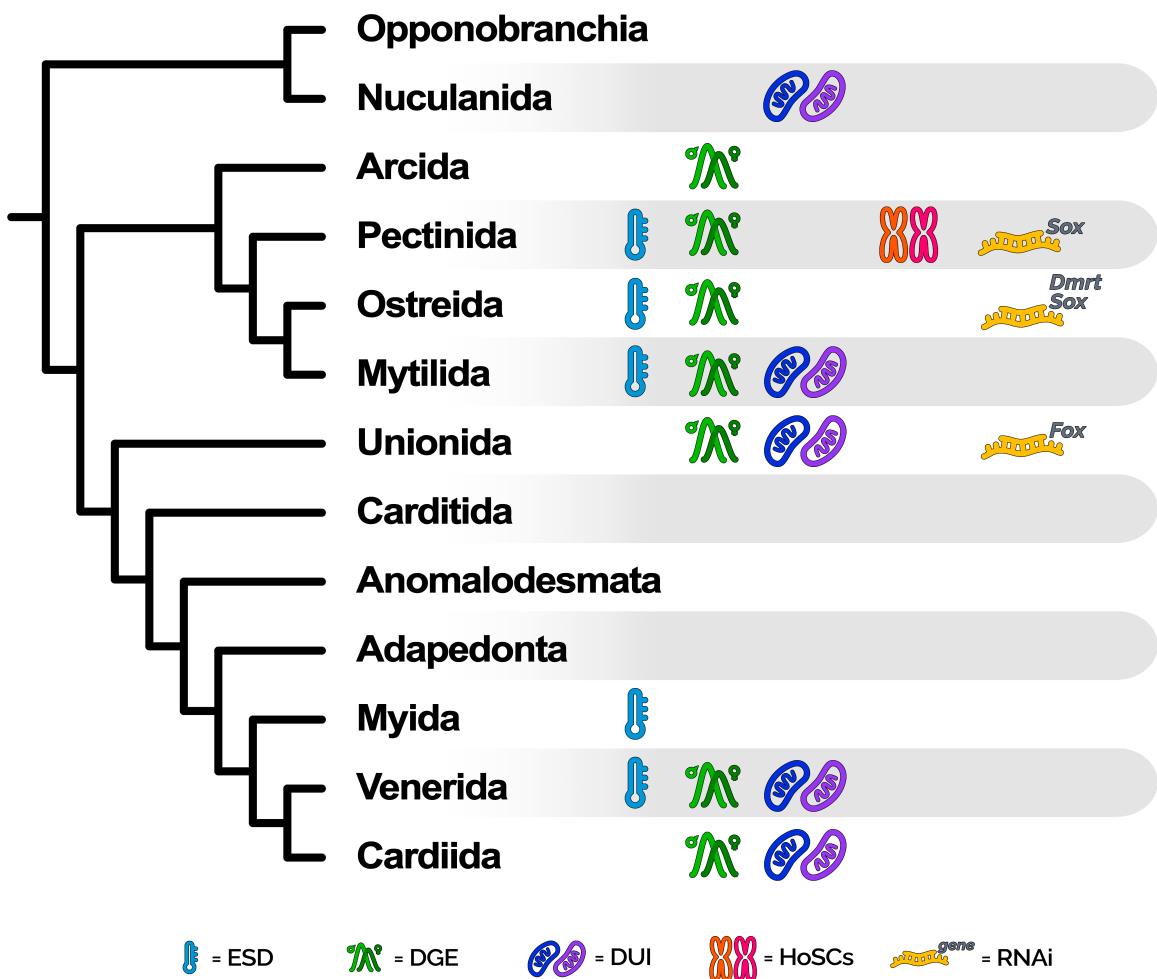
An additional pivotal topic in bivalve biology, tentatively connected to SD, regards the doubly uniparental inheritance (DUI) of mitochondria, a process in which two highly divergent mitochondrial genomes are transmitted uniparentally through the maternal and paternal lineages, respectively through eggs and sperm. This process, which has been reported in more than a hundred bivalve species from five different orders (**Fig. 3.1; Gusman et al., 2016; Capt et al., 2020**), has been proposed to interact with the major nuclear pathways that primarily establish the sexual identity, in a way that can resemble the cytoplasmatic male sterility (CMS) of plants (**Ghiselli et al., 2013; Breton et al., 2022**). In CMS, specific mitochondrial chimeric open reading frames (ORFs) cause the pollen to be sterile, while certain nuclear loci act in counterbalance to restore male fertility when occurring in the same individual. This Red-Queen scenario, in which balancing selection shapes the evolution of both CMS and restorer-of-fertility genes and keeps the two sexes viable, has been also hypothesized to be acting on bivalve DUI species (**Ghiselli et al., 2013; Xu, Iannello, et al., 2022**), where additional and effectively-transcribed

ORFs have been observed in both the male-inherited and female-inherited mitochondrial lineages (**Milani et al., 2013, 2014**).

Clearly, if a functional interplay between DUI and SD in bivalves is proven, this will provide new research questions regarding not only bivalve biology itself but also broader evolutionary topics (e.g., are there any converging trait between DUI and CMS systems? What is the degree of plasticity of such mitochondria-related SD systems? Are mitochondria-related SD systems more widespread in eukaryotes than currently thought?).

### 3.1.4 Evolution of sex-determination related genes

Considering this intricate scenario of SD mechanisms and the wide diversity of bivalves, in the last years many differential transcription analyses have been performed on several species with the attempt to identify the most probable sex-determination related genes (SRGs; e.g., **Milani et al., 2013; Zhang et al., 2014; Chen et al., 2017; Capt et al., 2018; Shi et al., 2018; Fig. 3.1**). Interestingly, certain genes consistently emerged across different bivalve species as being substantially more transcribed in one sex (sex-biased) or exclusively transcribed in one sex (sex-specific), suggesting their potential involvement in the SD pathway. These genes mainly belong to the *dsx* and *mab-3* related transcription factor (Dmrt), *Sry*-related HMG-box (Sox), and forkhead box (Fox) families, which play a role in various developmental processes (including the SD cascade) in most animals (**Marshall Graves and Peichel, 2010; Bachtrog et al., 2014; Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014**). Members of these three gene families are also included in the working model for the SD regulatory network proposed for the Pacific oyster *Crassostrea gigas* by **Zhang et al. (2014)**, in which: *CgSoxH* (which belong to the Sox family) promotes male gonad development by activating *CgDsx* (also known as *Dmrt 1-like [Dmrt-1L]*; which belong to the Dmrt family) and inhibiting *CgFoxL2* (which belong to the Fox family); *CgFoxL2*, when not inhibited by the pair *CgSoxH/CgDsx*, promotes female gonad development. Similarly, **Han et al. (2022)** appointed *FoxL2* as a putative SD gene in the two scallop species *Patinopacten yessoensis* and *Chlamys farreri*. If their pivotal role in SD of bivalves is confirmed, an evolutionary genomic analysis may help in better understanding why members of the above-mentioned gene families appear particularly prone to be recruited in the SD cascade also in distantly related species, as it is observed for *Dmrt1* and *Sox3*.



**Figure 3.1 – Graphical summary of the available knowledge and experiments concerning the genetic basis of SD in bivalves, at the level of major taxonomic orders (as reported in WoRMS; accessed before or on 14/03/2023).** For each bivalve clade it is reported: (i) the availability of records of ESD; (ii) the availability of differential gene expression (DGE) experiments specifically intended to investigate sex-biased or sex-specific genes; (iii) whether the DUI of mitochondria has been reported in at least one species; (iv) whether HoSCs have been identified in at least one species; (v) the availability of RNA interference (RNAi) experiments for genes belonging to the Dmrt, Sox, and Fox gene (DSFG) families. The phylogenetic tree on the left has been drawn on the basis of the most widely accepted topology for bivalves, according to analyses based on nuclear markers and morphological data. The tips of the tree correspond to major bivalve orders, except for Opponobranchia and Anomalodesmata, which represent higher-level taxonomic ranks. References for the availability of data and experiments can be found throughout the main test.

homologs in vertebrates (**Marshall Graves and Peichel, 2010; Bachtrog et al., 2014**; and the following section). Furthermore, considering the occurrence of mixed SD systems in bivalves, DSFGs may provide new perspectives on the influence of different environmental cues on the molecular evolution of animal SRGs. However, to date, experiments have been limited to molecular cloning, differential transcription, and tissue localization of such genes (**Liang et al., 2019; Sun et al., 2022**), while only a few have directly investigated their biological functions in bivalves, for example through post-transcriptional silencing of target mRNAs (RNAi; **Fig. 3.1**; e.g., **Liang et al., 2019; Wang et al., 2020; Sun et al., 2022**).

Overall, DSFGs are highly interesting targets to be investigated in the framework of bivalve SD and have indeed obtained much more attention than the study of SCs or the role of environmental cues. However, much work is still to be done in order to understand their function in the SD signaling pathway and their evolutionary history.

## 3.2 The case of the Dmrt gene family in bivalves

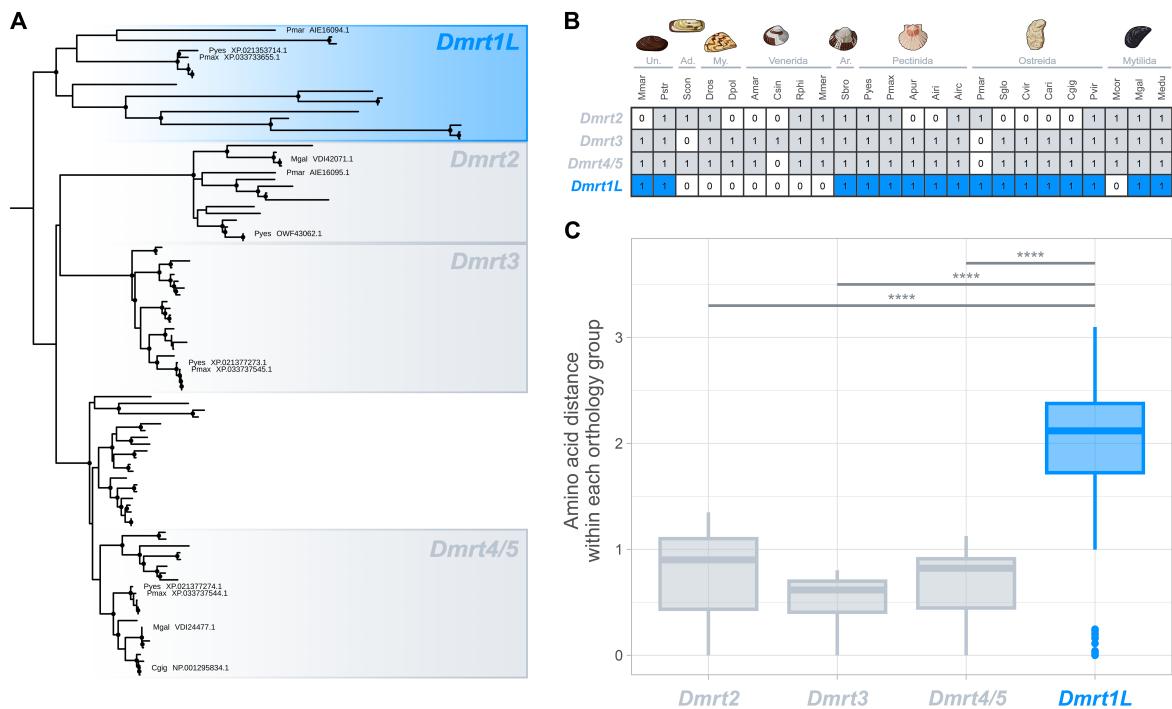
Among the SRG candidates identified in bivalves, Dmrt genes (named after *doublesex* [*dsx*] from *Drosophila melanogaster* and *male abnormal-3* [*mab-3*] from *Caenorhabditis elegans*) are of particular interest. As a matter of fact, in vertebrates, besides their role in placode neurogenesis and somite patterning (reviewed in **Mawaribuchi et al., 2019**), Dmrt genes are also involved in the development of male gonads and the maintenance of the testicular function (**Sun et al., 2022**). Their role in the specification and organization of male sexual characters seems indeed to be common across Metazoa, suggesting that a similar function may have been already present in the Bilateria common ancestor (**Kopp, 2012; Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014**).

The first attempts to dig inside the phylogenetic history and diversity of bivalve Dmrt genes have been provided by **Li et al. (2018)** and **Evensen et al. (2022)**: besides retrieving all the canonical genes (i.e., *Dmrt2*, *Dmrt3* and *Dmrt4/5*), their inferences brought to light a monophyletic Dmrt group (named *Dmrt-1L*) which appears to be private to molluscs and present in several bivalve species. The *Dmrt-1L* monophyletic group is confirmed also when expanding the analysis by mining genomes from a wider range of bivalve taxa

(**Tab. 3.1; Fig. 3.2A**), suggesting that *Dmrt-1L* genes are widespread in bivalves and were likely present in their common ancestor (**Evensen et al., 2022**). In particular, *Dmrt-1L* genes can be successfully retrieved in species of the orders Mytilida, Ostreida, Pectinida, Unionida, and from *Scapharca broughtonii* (Arcida), while the opposite holds for Venerida, *Sinonovacula constricta* (Adapedonta), and *Dreissena* spp. (Myida; **Fig. 3.2B**). Clearly, the absence of *Dmrt-1L* genes demands further investigations, as it may derive from errors in genome assembly and annotations.

The present analysis also supports a higher amino acid sequence divergence of the *Dmrt-1L* orthology group with respect to the other Dmrt orthology groups (**Fig. 3.2C**), which may be explained by a higher rate of sequence evolution related to their sex-biased expression in certain species (**Zhang et al., 2014; Shi et al., 2015; Li, Zhang, et al., 2018; Evensen et al., 2022**). This is consistent with what has been already observed for the SRGs *Dmrt1* and *dsx* in vertebrates and *Drosophila*, respectively (e.g., **Bewick et al., 2011; Baral et al., 2019**). In fact, sex-biased genes (including SRGs) often tend to evolve faster than unbiased genes at the level of protein sequences, either when considering male-biased (reviewed in **Parsch and Ellegren, 2013; Grath and Parsch, 2016**) or female-biased genes (e.g., **Papa et al., 2017; Ghiselli et al., 2018**). Another possible explanation for the higher amino acid divergence of *Dmrt-1L* genes may lie on their expression breadth, that is, genes with a narrow tissue-specific expression tend to evolve faster than more ubiquitous genes (**Parsch and Ellegren, 2013; Xu, Martelossi, et al., 2022**). As a matter of fact, *Dmrt-1L* genes have been found to be significantly more transcribed in the gonadic tissue (particularly in testes) in *P. yessoensis* (**Li, Zhang, et al., 2018**) and *C. gigas* (**Yue et al., 2021**).

Understanding the role and molecular interactions of *Dmrt-1L* genes in bivalve SD and gonad development would greatly enhance the possibility of outlining the evolutionary causes and consequences of their high amino acid divergence (**Fig. 3.2C**), for example by linking the molecular evolution to the degree of pleiotropy. However, most of our knowledge on *Dmrt-1L* biology is currently limited to the temporal and tissue localization of transcripts in a few species of bivalves (e.g., **Li, Zhang, et al., 2018; Yue et al., 2021**). In fact—apart from the work by **Sun et al. (2022)**, which confirmed the role of *Dmrt-1L* in the gonad development of *C. gigas* through non-invasive RNAi and found that the



**Figure 3.2 – Phylogenetic tree (A) and taxonomic distribution (B) of Dmrt genes in bivalves, and comparison of amino acid pairwise distances within *Dmrt-1L* and the other Dmrts (C).**

(A) Dmrt orthologs from bivalve genome assemblies were obtained with HMMsearch (HMMER toolkit; **Eddy, 2011**) with the Pfam HMM profile of the DM domain (PF00751). Amino acid alignment was obtained with MAFFT-DASH (**Rozewicki et al., 2019**), and manually inspected to remove poorly aligning sequences, and trimmed with trimAl (gap threshold of 60 %; **Capella-Gutiérrez et al., 2009**). The phylogenetic analysis was carried out using IQ-TREE 2 (**Minh et al., 2020**) with default parameters. Nodes with bootstrap values greater than 84 are marked with filled black circles. The tree was rooted according to **Evensen et al., 2022**. Dmrt genes analysed by **Evensen et al., 2022** were used as reference to annotate the various orthology groups, and accession numbers are reported in the tree. The phylogenetic tree with all annotated tips and nodes can be accessed on supplementary material online. (B) Taxonomic distribution of identified Dmrt genes in bivalve genomes. Orders as reported in WoRMS (accessed before or on 14/03/2023) and in **Fig. 3.1** are specified. (C) Pairwise amino acid distances were computed for amino acid sequences within each Dmrt orthology group identified in the tree, with the R package ‘phangorn’ (**Schliep, 2011**) under the JTT substitution model. After checking for normality with the Shapiro-Wilk test ( $W = 0.88544$ ,  $p < 2.2 \times 10^{-16}$ ) and for group effect with the Kruskal-Wallis test ( $p < 2.2 \times 10^{-16}$ ), the pairwise Wilcoxon rank-sum test was used to compare the distributions of pairwise amino acid distances of *Dmrt-1L* and the other Dmrts. Horizontal bars mark the significative results with  $p < 2.2 \times 10^{-16}$  ('\*\*\*\*'; Bonferroni correction for multiple test was applied). The list of genome assemblies used for these analyses and species identifiers can be found in **Tab. 3.1**. Un.: Unionida; Ad.: Adapedonta; My.: Myida; Ar.: Arcida.

knocked-down phenotype results in size reduction of male gonadsno other experiments intended to elucidate the function of *Dmrt-1L* genes in bivalves have been carried out so far (**Fig. 3.1**). This clearly hinders any possible integration between molecular data with functional assays. If the role of *Dmrt-1L* as major sex determinants was confirmed, bivalves would become an intriguing clade in which investigate why, in Metazoa, certain genes (namely, the Dmrt gene family) appear particularly prone to being recruited at the top of the SD cascade. To date, this phenomenon has been widely examined in vertebrates, where *Dmrt1* genes have independently gained a primary role in male SD in fish, amphibians, and birds, and are considered candidate sex-determining genes also in monotreme mammals (**Marshall Graves and Peichel, 2010; Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014; Mawaribuchi et al., 2019**). Bivalves may provide an alternative evolutionary scenario to study the selective forces and molecular modifications that support Dmrt genes in repeatedly taking over the SD process. In fact, since *Dmrt-1L* genes seem to be restricted to molluscs (**Fig. 3.2A**), it would be intriguing to clarify if the putative involvement in the SD cascade of extant bivalve species is the result of shared ancestry or convergent evolution, which would establish a study system for the evolution of Dmrt genes parallel to that of vertebrates (see **Capel, 2017**).

Obviously, *Dmrt-1L* should not be expected to be the sole sex-determining gene (SDG). In fact, *Fox-L2* has already been appointed as the female SDG in *P. yessoensis* and *C. farreri* (**Han et al., 2022**). Consequently, we should expect that other primary genetic determinants exist, consistently with the extremely high species diversity of the clade. Thus, bivalves may additionally serve as a valuable model system to study how genes from different families take over the SD cascade and are shaped by selection.

### **3.3 Conclusions: bivalves as new models in the study of sex determination**

SD is undoubtedly a fascinating biological and evolutionary topic as much as it is challenging to investigate. Our understanding of the causes and consequences of the SD mechanism diversity strongly relies on the study of different systems and non-model model organisms (**Bachtrog et al., 2014; Milani and Ghiselli, 2020**), which provide the foundation for

depicting a comprehensive evolutionary and comparative framework in which new and coherent research perspectives can be grounded.

In recent years, bivalves have been achieving growing importance in many fields of biology, from ecology to genomics, and from environmental biomonitoring to mitochondrial studies (**Milani and Ghiselli, 2020; Ghiselli et al., 2021**), but they can be a valuable model to address also SD studies. The diversity of their life history traits provides indeed a challenging, yet extremely fascinating framework, to put the SD processes into an evolutionary context.

Bivalves can help us explain how ESD and GSD interplay with each other in response to the environmental conditions, as a mixed system of both has been proposed to act in the establishment of bivalve sexual identity (reviewed in **Breton et al., 2018**). Moreover, the occurrence of the many existing variants of hermaphroditism and gonochorism even in closely related species, or within the same population, strongly suggests that the basic SD pathway (whether genetic, environmental, or mixed) should be plastic enough to sustain the existence of individuals of both sexes, thus providing the opportunity to study how SD gene regulatory networks are shaped and selected throughout evolution and how epigenetic regulation may influence SD. The unique DUI system further poses an undeniable challenge in SD studies since it may represent an SD-linked mechanism which relies on the non-nuclear portion of the genome and may unfold many new research paths (**Milani and Ghiselli, 2020; Ghiselli et al., 2021**). Nonetheless, much of the research effort on bivalve SD has been devolved to specific groups of socio-economic importance, such as Mytilida, Ostreida, Pectinida, and Unionida, while the other lineages of the bivalve phylogeny have been neglected (**Fig. 3.1**). Our understanding of the SD processes of bivalves is thus restricted and is mainly lacking a broad comparative framework in which to draw comprehensive evolutionary inferences.

Genes from the DSFG families, which are involved in SD also in other Metazoa, may be considered excellent genomic targets to study the processes and patterns of molecular evolution in sex-biased genes, as well as of the recurrent recruitment of genes in the SD cascade. Also, identifying the major genetic regulators of SD in bivalves would burst the functional study of the interaction between ESD and GSD, by providing genetic targets that can be manipulated through RNAi and/or genome editing techniques to under-

stand the role of environmental cues in SD. In the same way, knowing the main genetic actors of SD would allow researcher to identify SCs not only on the basis of *in-silico* techniques (such as k-mer based or single nucleotide polymorphism [SNP] methods) but also by less-expensive wet lab protocols (such as fluorescence mRNA *in-situ* hybridization [mRNA-ISH] on metaphase chromosome plates). Furthermore, it would help to understand whether and how the mitochondrial additional ORFs of DUI species interact with the SD system, by performing thorough gene expression essays.

In conclusion, we strongly urge researchers to invest more resources in the integrative study of bivalve SD to unravel the many underlying mechanisms and expand our understanding of this biological process. Given our limited knowledge in the field, one of the first routes that should be undertaken may rely on the comparative study of SRGs of bivalves from a genomic perspective, as this kind of data is nowadays growing at a rate faster than ever. Establishing such a genomic ground plan for understudied organisms will in fact allow researchers to develop evolutionary-aware experiments with better selected genetic targets.

**Table 3.1 – List of bivalve genomes from which Dmrt genes have been extracted.** For each species, the accepted name and the most-common synonym (in parentheses) are reported. NCBI accession numbers are provided, when available, as well as BUSCO scores of the predicted proteomes against the ‘metazoa\_odb10’ dataset (Manni et al., 2021).

Species	ID	Order	Assembly level	BUSCO score	Reference	NCBI Acc. No.
<i>Anadara (Scapharca) broughtonii</i>	Sbro	Arcida	Chromosome	C:91.2% [S:85.6%,D:5.6%] F:2.6% M:6.2%	Bai et al., 2019	–
<i>Sinonovacula constricta</i>	Scon	Adapedonta	Chromosome	C:92.5% [S:80.4%,D:12.1%] F:3.4% M:4.1%	Ran et al., 2019	GCA_007844125.1
<i>Dreissena polymorpha</i>	Dpol	Myida	Chromosome	C:86.9% [S:75.1%,D:11.8%] F:6.4% M:6.7%	McCartney et al., 2022	GCA_020536995.1
<i>Dreissena rostriformis</i>	Dros	Myida	Scaffold	C:75.2% [S:73.2%,D:2.0%] F:15.2% M:9.6%	Calcino et al., 2019	GCA_007657795.1
<i>Mytilus unguiculatus (coruscus)</i>	Mcor	Mytilida	Chromosome	C:80.0% [S:79.1%,D:0.9%] F:7.7% M:12.3%	Yang et al., 2021	GCA_017311375.1
<i>Mytilus edulis</i>	Medu	Mytilida	Scaffold	C:83.7% [S:64.5%,D:19.2%] F:5.2% M:11.1%	Corrochano-Fraile et al., 2022	GCA_905397895.1
<i>Mytilus galloprovincialis</i>	Mgal	Mytilida	Scaffold	C:80.3% [S:47.5%,D:32.8%] F:8.8% M:10.9%	Gerdol et al., 2020	GCA_900618805.1

Tab. 3.1 continued from previous page

Species	ID	Order	Assembly level	BUSCO score	Reference	NCBI Acc. No.
<i>Perna viridis</i>	Pvir	Mytilida	Scaffold	C:99.4% [S:99.0%,D:0.4%] F:0.2% M:0.4%	Inoue et al., 2021	GCA_018327765.1
<i>Magallana (Crassostrea) ariakensis</i>	Cari	Ostreida	Chromosome	C:94.6% [S:90.9%,D:3.7%] F:0.9% M:4.5%	Li et al., 2021	GCA_020567875.1
<i>Magallana (Crassostrea) gigas</i>	Cgig	Ostreida	Chromosome	C:98.5% [S:67.6%,D:30.9%] F:0.3% M:1.2%	Penaloza et al., 2021	GCF_902806645.1
<i>Crassostrea virginica</i>	Cvir	Ostreida	Chromosome	C:98.1% [S:58.6%,D:39.5%] F:0.3% M:1.6%	Gómez-Chiarri et al., 2015	GCF_002022765.2
<i>Saccostrea glomerata</i>	Sglo	Ostreida	Scaffold	C:88.9% [S:85.3%,D:3.6%] F:5.1% M:6.0%	Powell et al., 2018	GCA_003671525.1
<i>Argopecten irradians concentricus</i>	Airc	Pectinida	Scaffold	C:94.8% [S:93.9%,D:0.9%] F:3.7% M:1.5%	Liu et al., 2020	GCA_004382765.1
<i>Argopecten irradians irradians</i>	Airi	Pectinida	Scaffold	C:94.8% [S:93.9%,D:0.9%] F:3.7% M:1.5%	Liu et al., 2020	GCA_004382745.1

Tab. 3.1 continued from previous page

Species	ID	Order	Assembly level	BUSCO score	Reference	NCBI Acc. No.
<i>Argopecten purpuratus</i>		Apur	Pectinida	Scaffold C:89.2% [S:88.5%,D:0.7%] F:5.0% M:5.8%	Liu et al., 2020	–
<i>Pecten maximus</i>	Pmax	Pectinida	Chromosome	C:98.5% [S:74.7%,D:23.8%] F:0.4% M:1.1%	Kenny et al., 2020	GCF_902652985.1
<i>Mizuhopecten (Patinopecten) yessoensis</i>	Pyes	Pectinida	Scaffold	C:98.6% [S:75.2%,D:23.4%] F:0.4% M:1.0%	Wang, Zhang, et al., 2017	GCF_002113885.1
<i>Margaritifera margaritifera</i>	Mmar	Unionida	Scaffold	C:92.6% [S:82.3%,D:10.3%] F:3.2% M:4.2%	Gomes-dos-Santos et al., 2021	GCA_015947965.1
<i>Potamilus streckeroni</i>	Pstr	Unionida	Scaffold	C:74.7% [S:73.8%,D:0.9%] F:7.0% M:18.3%	Smith, 2021	GCA_016746295.1
<i>Calyptogena (Archivesica) marissinica</i>	Amar	Venerida	Chromosome	C:82.0% [S:80.0%,D:2.0%] F:6.1% M:11.9%	Ip et al., 2021	GCA_014843695.1
<i>Cyclina sinensis</i>	Csin	Venerida	Scaffold	C:94.0% [S:83.8%,D:10.2%] F:1.9% M:4.1%	Wei et al., 2020	GCA_012932295.1

Tab. 3.1 continued from previous page

Species	ID	Order	Assembly level	BUSCO score	Reference	NCBI Acc. No.
<i>Mercenaria mercenaria</i>	Mmer	Venerida	Chromosome	C:95.4% [S:70.9%,D:24.5%] F:0.5% M:4.1%	Song et al., 2021	GCF_014805675.1
<i>Ruditapes philippinarum</i>	Rphi	Venerida	Chromosome	C:83.4% [S:74.5%,D:8.9%] F:8.8% M:7.8%	Xu, Martelossi, et al., 2022	GCA_026571515.1

## **3.4 Acknowledgments**

The authors are extremely thankful to Sofía Blanco González from the University of Vigo for her willingness to engage in discussions and for genuinely sharing her opinion on this work.

## **3.5 Data Availability**

Analyzed data and R scripts used to generate plots can be accessed in supplementary material online deposited at the following GitHub repository: [filonico/bivalve\\_sex\\_perspective](https://github.com/filonico/bivalve_sex_perspective).

## Chapter 4

# Identification of putative sex-determination related genes in bivalves through comparative molecular evolutionary analyses

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## 4.1 Introduction

In sexually reproducing organisms, the modes of sex determination (SD), i.e., the process by which the male or female identity of an organism (or of the gonadic tissue) is established, is highly diverse, ranging from strictly genetic systems to environmentally-dependent processes (**Haag and Doty, 2005; Uller and Helanterä, 2011; Bachtrog et al., 2014; Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014**). Characterising the molecular basis of SD is crucial for understanding not only reproductive biology but also the evolutionary pressures shaping these systems (**Wilkins, 1995; Ellegren and Parsch, 2007; Grath and Parsch, 2016; Nicolini, Ghiselli, et al., 2023**), as sex-determination related genes (SRGs), including primary sex-determining genes (SDGs), are those responsible for the phenotypic differences of males and females, thanks to their sex-biased expression and interactions (**Ellegren and Parsch, 2007; Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014; Grath and Parsch, 2016**). One key aspect of SRGs is that they often exhibit accelerated rates of sequence evolution, due to their involvement in sex-related traits and reproduction. This represents the effects of sexual and/or adaptive selection, which act in sex-biased genes and produce high-divergent proteins at the interspecific level (**Civetta and Singh, 1998; Ellegren and Parsch, 2007; Meisel, 2011; Grath and Parsch, 2016**). Rapid sequence evolution is known for *Sex-determining region of chromosome Y (Sry)* of eutherians (**Pamilo and O'Neill, 1997; Mawaribuchi et al., 2012**), *dsx* and *mab-3* related gene *W (Dm-W)* of the African clawed frog *Xenopus laevis*, and *dsx* and *mab-3* related gene *Y (Dmy)* of the medaka fish *Oryzias latipes* (**Mawaribuchi et al., 2012**), all of which are master SDGs, that is, genes whose expression is primarily responsible for the establishment of the sexual fate of the organism. Evolution under episodic diversifying selection has been detected also in *Drosophila* for genes involved in the SD cascade (e.g., *Sex-lethal [Sxl]*, *transformer [tra]*, and *doublesex [dsx]*), in correspondence with its establishment in the genus common ancestor (**Mullon et al., 2012; Baral et al., 2019**); though, rapid sequence evolution seems to not be concerning extant amino acid sequences (**Haerty et al., 2007; Baral et al., 2019**), as they are globally evolving under purifying selection, especially in their catalytic domain (**Mullon et al., 2012; Baral et al., 2019**). Concerning the *dsx* genes, higher rates of nucleotide and amino acid sequence evolution can be however observed for male-specific regions, if compared to female-specific and oligomerization regions (**Baral et al., 2019**).

While SD has been extensively studied in model organisms, like mammals, insects, and nematodes, comparatively little is known about the molecular ground plans in non-model organisms. A remarkable example of this is represented by bivalve molluscs, which exhibit a wide variety of reproductive strategies and sexual systems (**Breton et al., 2018**). Notwithstanding the considerable importance in the human socio-economic landscape (reviewed in **Haszprunar and Wanninger, 2012**; **Gomes-dos-Santos et al., 2020**), the study of SD mechanisms in bivalves has been hampered by the striking divergence among species (**Li et al., 2022**), and thus largely overlooked and limited to few case studies (**Breton et al., 2018**; **Nicolini, Ghiselli, et al., 2023**). So far, no master SDG has been unambiguously identified, and the only working hypothesis on the functioning of the SD gene regulatory network is available for the Pacific oyster *Crassostrea gigas* (now *Magallana gigas*; **Zhang et al., 2014**). Nonetheless, the field still lacks both a robust functional investigation and an evolutionary framework in which to place the current knowledge (**Nicolini, Ghiselli, et al., 2023**). As a matter of fact, major efforts have been dedicated to identify sex-biased genes through differential gene expression (DGE) analyses (e.g., **Milani et al., 2013**; **Teaniniuraitemoana et al., 2014**; **Zhang et al., 2014**; **Capt et al., 2018**; **Afonso et al., 2019**), but very few have leveraged cutting-edge techniques to investigate their actual role in SD and/or gonad differentiation and development (e.g., **Liang et al., 2019**; **Sun et al., 2022**).

Components of the Dmrt, Sox, and Fox gene (DSFG) families are notoriously known as key actors in several developmental processes across Metazoa (**Benayoun et al., 2011**; **Matson and Zarkower, 2012**; **Sarkar and Hochedlinger, 2013**; **Mawaribuchi et al., 2019**), including SD in certain clades: the aforementioned *Dm-W*, *Dmy*, and *dsx* all belong to the *dsx* and *mab-3* related transcription factor (Dmrt) gene family, while *Sry* belongs to the *Sry*-related HMG-box (Sox) gene family; *Fox-L2*, which takes part in most of the vertebrate SD processes as a downstream effector of the female pathway, belongs to the forkhead box (Fox) gene family. Members of the DSFGs have been identified as putative SRGs also in bivalves, thanks to both DGE analyses and mRNA *in-situ* hybridization (mRNA-ISH; e.g., **Naimi et al., 2009**; **Li, Zhang, et al., 2018**; **Liang et al., 2019**; **Yue et al., 2021**), suggesting that their role in morphological and sexual development is maintained also in the clade. However, the clear role of DSFGs has yet to be elucidated, probably as a consequence to the lack of (i) a systematic classification of the families and (ii) a

comprehensive understanding of their evolutionary history.

In order to overcome such limitations, the present study aims to perform a thorough investigation of the DSFG families in bivalves, with the attempt to provide a high-quality resource to be used as a reference for future studies. Through the analysis of more than 40 annotated bivalve genomes and transcriptomes, we aim (i) to describe the complete set and evolutionary history of DSFGs in bivalves by means of phylogenetic inferences, manual curation, and orthology prediction; furthermore, we aim (ii) to identify DSFGs potentially involved in bivalve SD by investigating their sequence evolution in a genome-wide context. As a matter of fact, our hypothesis is that, if any of the DSFGs is directly involved in SD (i.e., is a SDG), then we should expect it to be experiencing a higher rate of sequence evolution, as already found in previous studies (**Pamilo and O'Neill, 1997**; **Mawaribuchi et al., 2012**) and discussed earlier; this characteristic, in turn, would be reflected in a high diversity of the extant amino acid sequences across the bivalve clade. To assess the robustness and reliability of our approach, we additionally applied our pipeline to two non-bivalve datasets, composed of mammal and *Drosophila* species, respectively (hereon referred to as the mammal dataset and the fruit fly dataset). By choosing two clades for which SD is well characterised, we wanted to compare our results with those obtained on taxa for which a deeper and more detailed knowledge is available. Particularly, mammals and *Drosophila* provide two different frameworks to study the patterns of molecular evolution in SDGs: the former is a system where SD is completely genetic (i.e., the development into a male or into a female is triggered by the up- or downregulation of *Sry* in undifferentiated gonads, respectively), while the latter is a system where SD is chromosomal, thus lacks a master SDG (the sexual fate of the individual is determined by the ratio between autosomal and X chromosomes). Hence, they represent opposing control datasets to be compared to bivalves, as it is expected that a higher rate of sequence evolution concerns only master SDGs (i.e., the top regulatory part of the SD cascade), but not also the downstream genes (i.e., the bottom effectors). If our method is robust, we should thus expect that, (i) in the mammalian dataset *Sry* is detected as rapidly-evolving (**Pamilo and O'Neill, 1997**; **Mawaribuchi et al., 2012**), while (ii) in the fruit fly dataset no gene among those working within the sex-determining cascade (including *dsx*) is evolving at a higher pace (**Haerty et al., 2007**; **Mullon et al., 2012**; **Baral et al., 2019**). By testing the performance of the pipeline in mammals and fruit flies, we were able to

assess the reliability of results in bivalves.

This work offers novel insights into the evolutionary dynamics of SRGs and contributes a valuable genomic resource for understanding SD in bivalves, one of the most ecologically and economically important groups of marine organisms. Particularly, here we provide the first extensive phylogenetic-based classification of DSFGs in bivalves, covering many species from the major bivalve orders, along with a comprehensive investigation of their sequence evolution.

## 4.2 Materials and methods

### 4.2.1 Dataset of bivalve annotated genomes and transcriptomes

Annotated genome assemblies of bivalves were obtained from various publicly available resources, while reference genome assemblies for gastropods and cephalopods were downloaded from NCBI (**Tab. S1**). Isoforms were removed from genome annotations using a perl script from the AGAT toolkit (v0.8.0; **Dainat et al., 2022**). Concerning *Sinonovacula constricta* (Adapedonta), the nucleotide coding sequence fasta file was not available for download. To avoid excluding the species from our analyses, the file was generated in-house by mapping the annotated protein sequences on the reference genome using miniprot (v0.13-0; **Li, 2023**). Then, the corresponding nucleotide sequences were extracted using AGAT. In order to provide an extensive identification of SRGs also for underrepresented bivalve orders (mainly belonging to the Heterodonta clade), 14 additional species represented by sequenced transcriptomes were included in the analyses. Assembled and annotated transcriptomes were obtained from **Piccinini et al., 2021** and **Iannello et al., 2023**. The resulting set of annotated genomes and transcriptomes (hereafter referred to as the comprehensive set) was checked for completeness using BUSCO with the Metazoa reference dataset (v5.2.2; **Manni et al., 2021**).

### 4.2.2 Identification and classification of Dmrt, Sox and Fox genes in bivalves

Members of DSFG families were retrieved in the comprehensive set with HMMsearch from the HMMER package (v3.3.2; **Eddy, 2011**). The signature catalytic domains of

each family were used as queries. Specifically, hidden Markov model (HMM) profiles were built after the Pfam databases for the *dsx* and *mab-3* (DM) domain (PF00751), the high mobility group (HMG) box (PF00505) and the forkhead domain (PF00250) to retrieve members of the DSFG families, respectively. The e-value for both the per-target and the per-domain inclusion threshold was set to  $10^{-5}$ . Obtained hits were then annotated using (i) the PANTHER HMM standalone sequence scoring against the PANTHER library v18.0 and (ii) RPS-BLAST (v2.5.0+) against the Conserved Domain Database (CDD; pre-compiled version, downloaded from <ftp.ncbi.nih.gov> on 09/11/23). In both cases, hits with an e-value of  $10^{-5}$  were retained. Genes which were correctly annotated by both systems (on the basis of the PANTHER gene family and CDD domain identifiers; **Tab. S2**) were kept for subsequent analyses. DSFGs from *Homo sapiens*, *Drosophila melanogaster*, and *Caenorhabditis elegans* (**Tab. S3**; hereafter referred to as reference species) were retrieved from NCBI and were used as reference genes for annotation (see below). Classification and nomenclature of each family was retrieved from: **Mawaribuchi et al. (2019)** for Dmrt genes; **Phochanukul and Russell (2010)** and **Sarkar and Hochedlinger (2013)** for Sox genes; **Mazet et al. (2003)** for Fox genes.

The alignments of mollusc and reference DSFGs were guided by the aforementioned Pfam HMM profiles and performed with Clustal Omega (v1.2.3; **Sievers et al., 2011**), then trimmed with trimAl (v1.4.rev15; **Capella-Gutiérrez et al., 2009**) with a gap threshold of 40 %. Resulting alignments were manually inspected to remove sequences with incomplete catalytic domains, then aligned and trimmed again as before. Phylogenetic trees were inferred using IQ-TREE (v2.1.4-beta COVID-edition; **Minh et al., 2020**) with automatic model selection (**Kalyaanamoorthy et al., 2017**), 1,000 bootstrap replicates and 5 independent runs. The phylogenetic tree of Dmrt genes was midpoint rooted, as no clear homology relationship has been found with other gene families or zinc-finger proteins so far (**Wexler et al., 2014**). Phylogenetic trees of Sox and Fox gene families were rooted using two fungi mating protein A (Mat-A) sequences (XP\_62685912.1, CCD57795.1) and two Amoebozoa forkhead-like domains (XP\_004368148.1, XP\_004333268.1), respectively (**Nakagawa et al., 2013; Heenan et al., 2016**). The rooting was performed with Gotree (v0.4.5; **Lemoine and Gascuel, 2021**). To identify and annotate bivalve homology groups within each gene family, we employed a species overlap algorithm followed by a Markov clustering algorithm (MCL) weighted by node supports as implemented in Possvm (v1.2;

**Grau-Bové and Sebé-Pedrós, 2021**). DSFGs from *H. sapiens*, *D. melanogaster*, and *C. elegans* were used as reference annotation. In order to better establish the orthology relationships among ambiguous groups of Dmrt and Fox genes, we run a series of other phylogenetic reconstructions (see **Section 4.4**), by using the same pipeline as before. In the case of *Fox-Y* genes, we also employed Fox gene sequences from the sea urchin *Strongylocentrotus purpuratus*, as given by **Tu et al. (2006)**. All the phylogenetic trees were plotted using the R package ggtree (**Yu et al., 2017**).

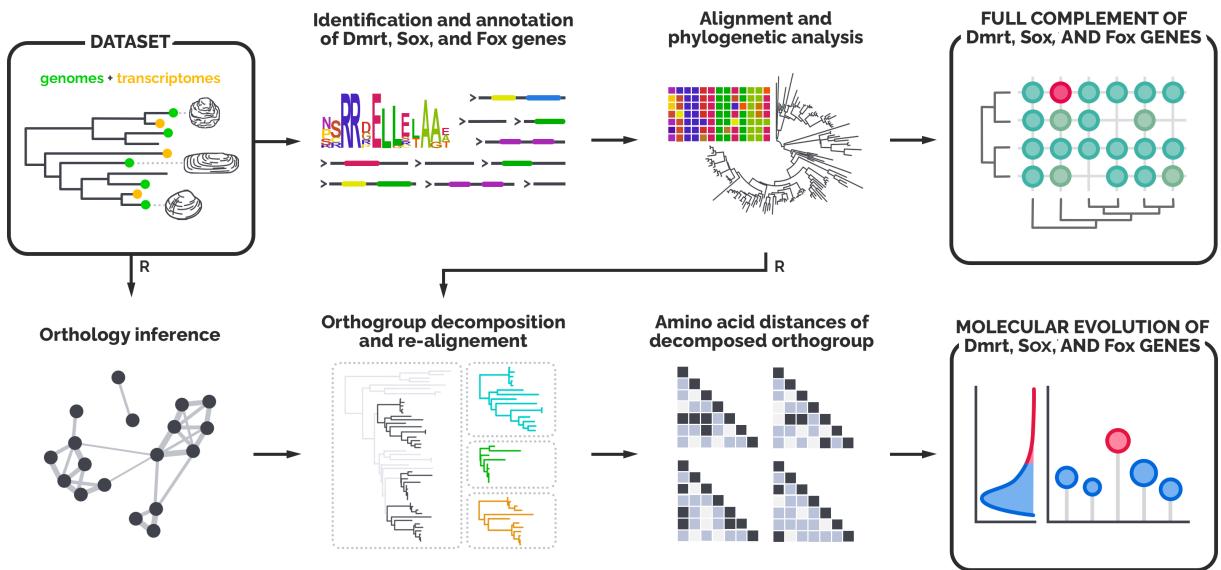
### 4.2.3 Sequence diversity of bivalve single-copy orthogroups

As metrics to measure the sequence diversity of bivalve DSFGs, and test whether those putatively involved in SD show higher values than other genes, we employed the amino acid sequence divergence (AASD). As a matter of fact, this metric is fast and straightforward to obtain, as it only requires the amino acid alignment and the corresponding best-fit substitution mode. To this purpose, we produced amino acid alignments of bivalve single-copy orthogroups (SCOs) and built the distribution of their median AASD. Specifically, we assembled a second dataset (hereafter referred to as the reduced bivalve dataset) which includes, for each bivalve genus, only the best genomes and transcriptomes in terms of either BUSCO scores (high percentage of complete genes, on the metazoan\_odb10 dataset; **Manni et al., 2021**) or assembly statistics (high level of assembly contiguity in terms of N50; **Tab. S1**), in order to reduce computational time. *Archivesica marissinica* (now *Calyptogena marissinica*) and *Saccostrea glomerata* were also removed, as their annotated coding sequences contain many stop codons, which prevent accurate amino acid guided alignments. Genes were clustered in orthologous groups using OrthoFinder (v2.5.5; **Emms and Kelly, 2019**) with DIAMOND ultra-sensitive and default parameters. Resulting orthogroups were splitted into SCOs using DISCO (v1.3.1; **Willson et al., 2022**), and orthogroups with at least 17 species (50% of the species included in the bivalve reduced dataset) were retained. This selection has been made in order to exclude any possible poorly-annotated gene or gene arising from assembly artifacts. Amino acid and nucleotide sequences of SCOs were then aligned using Clustal Omega as implemented in TranslatorX (v1.1; **Abascal et al., 2010**), and jointly trimmed using trimAl with a gap threshold of 40% and the removal of spurious sequences (`-resoverlap 50 -seqoverlap 50`). Eventually, orthogroups containing (i) internal stop codons, (ii) with less than 17 species left

(50 % of the species included in the bivalve reduced dataset), or (iii) containing DSFGs were removed from downstream analyses. The best amino acid substitution model was inferred for each trimmed alignment using ModelFinder as implemented in IQTREE2 (model search was restricted to matrices accepted by the phangorn R library; i.e., Blosum62, cpREV, Dayhoff, DCMut, FLU, HIVb, HIVw, JTT, JTTDCMut, LG, mtART, mtMAM, mtREV, mtZOA, rtREV, VT, WAG) and the corresponding pairwise amino acid distances were computed with the function dist.ml from the phangorn R package (**Schliep, 2011**). The same pipeline was also employed to obtain pairwise amino acid distances for each DSFG single-copy orthologous group. We decided to employ the pairwise amino acid distance instead of the tip-to-tip phylogenetic distance (which accounts for a more comprehensive evolutionary signal) in order to save computational time. However, to check whether the two metrics were comparable to each other, we randomly selected 200 SCOs (including orthogroups from the DSFGs) and computed the maximum likelihood (ML) trees using IQTREE2, with ModelSelection restricted as before. Then, the tip-to-tip pairwise distances were obtained with the R package adephylo (**Jombart and Dray, 2010**). The distribution of amino acid distances was then built after the median values of pairwise distances of each SCO, and genes were categorised accordingly into three groups: Group 1, consisting of genes from the 1 % upper quantile of the distribution; Group 2, consisting of genes between the 1 and 5 % upper quantiles; and Group 3, consisting of all the remaining genes. Group 1 and Group 2 genes will be referred to as highly-divergent genes.

#### 4.2.4 Mammals and *Drosophila* spp. as test datasets

To validate our approach for the study of bivalve SRG molecular evolution, we run the same analysis on two additional datasets, consisting of reference genomes of mammals and *Drosophila* species (**Tab. S4** and **S5**, respectively), whose sex-determining mechanisms are well studied and characterised. As a matter of fact, despite it is well known that SDGs tend to evolve faster than genes not involved in SD (**Pamilo and O'Neill, 1997; Civetta and Singh, 1998; Ellegren and Parsch, 2007; Meisel, 2011; Mawaribuchi et al., 2012; Grath and Parsch, 2016**), the hypothesis has never been tested extensively across the entire phylogenetic diversity of a group: molecular evolution of SDGs and SRGs has mainly been tested on single/pairs of species or inside the boundaries of taxonomic



**Figure 4.1 – Workflow of the analyses for the bivalve dataset.** Starting from a set of both genomes and transcriptomes covering a great portion of bivalve taxonomic diversity, we first characterized the entire complement of DSFG genes (upper row). In particular, we used sequence annotation and phylogenetic tools to obtain reliable sequences and filter out any putative mis-assembled or mis-annotated sequence. Afterwards, we built a reduced set of transcriptomes and genomes (the reduced bivalve dataset, where we minimized the redundancy of congeneric species) from which to draw the molecular evolution patterns of orthologous genes (bottom row). In particular, after having obtained SCOs, we calculated the amino acid distances within each orthogroup and then built the distribution of median values. The same pipeline was also employed for the mammal and the fruit fly datasets, with just two minor differences: the starting dataset was composed of only genomes, and that the reduction step (R) was not necessary.

genera (Stothard and Pilgrim, 2003; Haerty et al., 2007; Mank et al., 2007; Mullon et al., 2012; Papa et al., 2017; Ghiselli et al., 2018). For both mammals and fruit flies, annotated genomes were downloaded from NCBI using the command-line tool datasets, then processed using the same pipeline and scripts as before (Fig. 4.1).

#### 4.2.5 GO-term enrichment

After having obtained the distributions of AASD in the three datasets (reduced bivalves, mammals, and fruit flies) and having sorted SCOs genes up into 3 groups (Group 1, Group 2, and Group 3), we performed a gene ontology (GO) enrichment analysis of genes from Group 1 and genes from Group 1 + Group 2. To do so, we firstly selected one gene per SCO, giving priority to few chosen species: (i) for bivalves, we selected genes from *Pecten maximus*, or alternatively from *C. gigas*, *Hyriopsis bialata* (now *Unio delphinus*),

*Tridacna squamosa*, and *Solen grandis*; (ii) for mammals, we selected genes from *H. sapiens*, or alternatively from *Bubalus bubalis*, *Panthera tigris*, *Camelus dromedarius*, and *Monodelphis domestica*; (iii) for fruit flies, we selected genes from *D. melanogaster*, or alternatively from *Drosophila hydei*, *Drosophila pseudoobscura*, and *Drosophila suzukii*. By doing so, we ensured that each SCO was represented by one gene. Afterwards, we annotated the obtained datasets with the corresponding GO terms using the OMA browser (accessed on 18/09/2024; **Altenhoff et al., 2024**). The GO-term enrichment of Group 1 genes and Group 1 + Group 2 genes was performed with the R package topGO with the Fisher exact test (**Alexa and Rahnenführer, 2009**).

## 4.3 Results

### 4.3.1 Genomic and transcriptomic datasets

The complete bivalve dataset consists of 29 bivalve genomes, 14 bivalve transcriptomes, and 7 outgroup genomes (5 gastropods and 2 *Octopus* spp.; **Tab. S1**). BUSCO statistics for complete single-copy genes spanned from the 64.9 % in *Modiolus modiolus* to the 99.4 % of *Perna viridis*, with a median value of 94.7 %. We were able to get at least one representative species for 11 different bivalve orders, covering a good proportion of the phylogenetic diversity of the clades Pteriomorpha, Palaeoheterodonta, and Imparidentia, and thus building the most extensive genomic and transcriptomic dataset for bivalve comparative analyses so far (**Tab. S1**). Unfortunately, no genomes or transcriptomes for Protobranchia, Archiheterodonta, and Anomalodesmata were available at the time of the project, thus we were not able to include any of those clades in our analysis. The reduced bivalve dataset (used for the orthology inference and the molecular evolution analysis; **Fig. 4.1**) consists instead of 36 genomes and transcriptomes (**Tab. S1**), and was built to retain just one species for each taxonomic genera.

The mammal dataset consists of 32 species and 1 outgroup (*Gallus gallus*, Aves; **Tab. S4**), and covers 12 major orders, while the fruit fly dataset consists of 17 species and 1 outgroup (*Anopheles gambiae*, Culicidae; **Tab. S5**), and covers 2 *Drosophila* subgenera (i.e., *Drosophila* and *Sophophora*). BUSCO statistics for complete single-copy genes were generally higher than those of bivalves, with a median of 98.3 % for mammals and of

99.8 % for fruit flies (**Tab. S4** and **S5**).

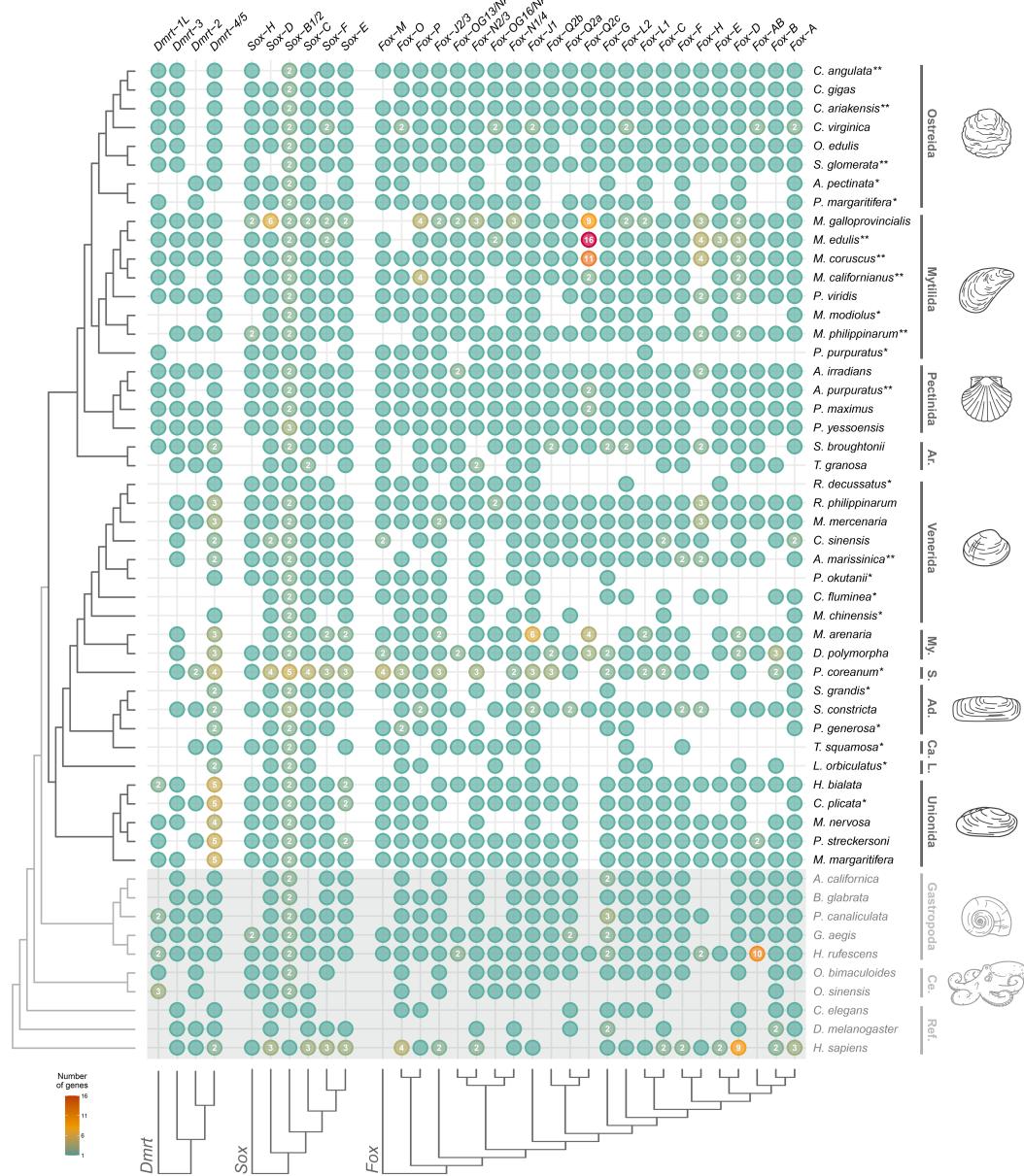
### 4.3.2 The Dmrt, Sox, and Fox complements in bivalves

Our annotation pipeline managed to successfully identify and annotate DSFGs in bivalves, as proved by the same analysis in mammals and fruit flies (see **Section 4.3.4**). We retrieved four main orthology groups of Dmrt genes in bivalves (**Fig. 4.2** and **S1**; **Tab. S6**), three corresponding to the groups present in the Bilateria common ancestor (*Dmrt-2*, *Dmrt-3*, and *Dmrt-4/5*; **Mawaribuchi et al., 2019**), and one additional group with no unambiguous ortholog among reference genes, and thus putatively specific to molluscs (named *Dmrt 1-like* [*Dmrt-1L*], as per **Li, Zhang, et al., 2018; Evensen et al., 2022**). The majority of identified Dmrt genes are present in single-copy in each species, but *Dmrt-4/5*s show a group-specific expansion in Palaeoheterodonta and Heterodonta, while *Dmrt-1L* is completely absent from Heterodonta. The degree of missing data for Dmrt genes in bivalves is about 35 %, with *Dmrt-2* having the highest (~56 %) and *Dmrt-4/5* the lowest (~7 %; **Tab. S7**). The coupling of ubiquitin conjugation to endoplasmic reticulum degradation (CUE)-like DM-associated (DMA) domain has been annotated in most of the *Dmrt-3* and *Dmrt-4/5* genes, while an additional DM domain has been annotated in *Dmrt-1L* genes in Mytilida and the gastropod *Pomacea canaliculata* (**Tab. S6**). Concerning Sox genes, we retrieved six main orthology groups, none of which is restricted to molluscs or bivalves (**Fig. 4.2** and **S2**; **Tab. S6**). Five Sox groups (*Sox-B1/2*, *Sox-C*, *Sox-D*, *Sox-E*, and *Sox-F*) are those traditionally considered to be present in the Bilateria common ancestor (**Phochanukul and Russell, 2010**), while one has been identified outside mammals only recently (*Sox-H*, or *Sox-30*; **Han et al., 2010**). *Sox-B2* and *Sox-B1* have been grouped in the same clade, as in our phylogenetic reconstruction the former results in a paraphyletic group with the latter (**Fig. S2**), despite being traditionally recognised as a separate paralogy group in humans, fruit flies, and nematodes. The degree of missing data for Sox genes in bivalves is ~8 %, with *Sox-H* having the highest (~21 %) and *Sox-B1/2* and *Sox-C* both having no missing genes (**Tab. S7**). The Sox N-terminal signature domain was annotated for *Sox-E* genes (**Tab. S6**). Concerning Fox genes, we retrieved 27 main orthology groups (**Fig. 4.2** and **S3**; **Tab. S6**), two of which are specific to molluscs (*Fox-OG13/NA*, *Fox-OG16/NA*). Additionally, other potential mollusc-specific Fox groups have been identified, but these have been excluded from the final orthology

analysis as they are present in less than half of bivalve species (see **Section 4.2; Tab. S6**). The two major Fox gene subgroups, Group I (monophyletic, specific to Metazoa; includes *Fox-A*, *Fox-B*, *Fox-C*, *Fox-D*, *Fox-E*, *Fox-F*, *Fox-G*, *Fox-H*, *Fox-L1*, *Fox-L2*, *Fox-Q2*) and Group II (paraphyletic, specific to Opisthokonta; includes *Fox-O*, *Fox-P*, *Fox-J2*, *Fox-J1*, *Fox-K*, *Fox-N2/3*, *Fox-N1/4*; **Larroux et al., 2008**), have been recovered, including the four Fox genes that were present in the Bilateria common ancestor (*Fox-C*, *Fox-F*, *Fox-L1*, and *Fox-Q1*; **Shimeld et al., 2010**). Two putative lineage-specific expansions have been recovered for *Fox-OG28/NA*, one regarding *Mytilus* spp. and one regarding the two Myida species (**Fig. 4.2**; **Fig. S3**). The degree of missing data for Fox genes in bivalves is about 22 %, with *Fox-H* having the highest (~42 %) and *Fox-J1* having no missing genes (**Tab. S7**). The forkhead-associated (FHA) domain was annotated for *Fox-K* genes, the *Fox-P* coiled-coil signature domain was annotated for *Fox-P* genes, while both the forkhead N- and C-terminal signature domains were annotated for *Fox-A* genes (**Tab. S6**). Regarding bivalve species, the amount of missing data greatly differs between genomes and transcriptomes, with a mean of about 9 % and about 45 %, respectively. *Argopecten irradians concentricus*, *Mytilus coruscus* (now *unguiculatus*), and *P. maximus* have no missing data, while *Loripes orbiculatus* has the highest proportion (~64 %; **Tab. S7**).

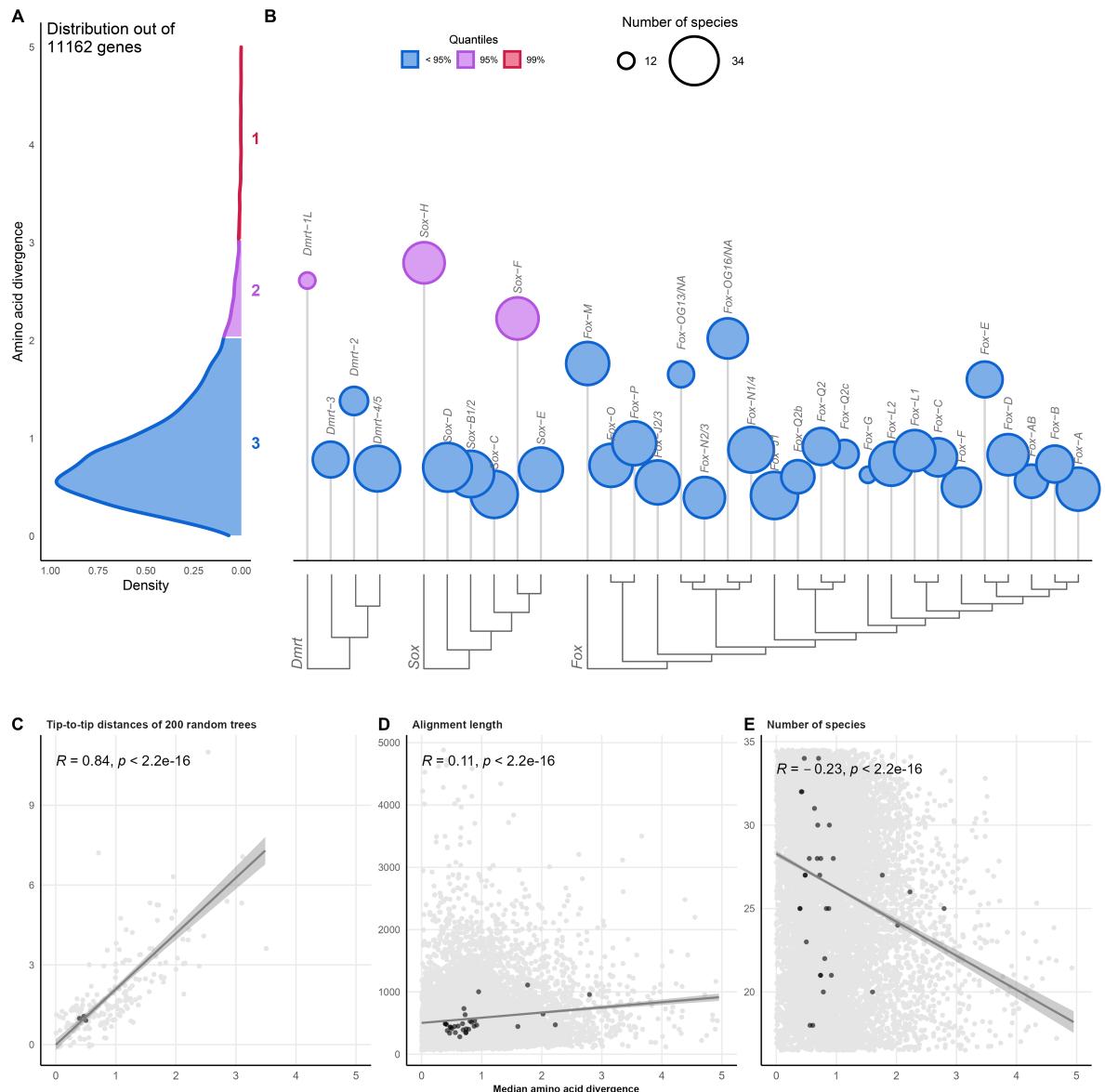
### 4.3.3 Amino acid sequence divergence of Dmrt, Sox, and Fox genes in bivalves

In the reduced bivalve dataset, OrthoFinder collectively analysed >1.2 M genes distributed in 34 species. 89.4 % of these genes were placed in orthogroups, while 10.6 % were not. The number of retrieved SCOs is 5, which is drastically low but can be explained considering the mixed nature of the dataset, that is, including both genomes and transcriptomes with highly different BUSCO scores (**Tab. S1**). In order to be able to analyse a greater number of genes, we decomposed OrthoFinder orthogroups using DISCO and eventually obtained ~11 k SCOs with at least 50 % of the species. By running the same pipeline on DSFGs, we included in the AASD analysis 32 SCOs (**Fig. 4.2**) out of 33 initial Possvm-identified groups (*Fox-H* didn't meet the species occupancy threshold; **Fig. 4.3**). From the distribution of median AASD, 112 genes were assigned to Group 1 (1 % upper quantile), 447 to Group 2 (5 % upper quantile), and 10.603 to Group 3. Most of the DSFGs (29/32)



**Figure 4.2 – DSFG complement in bivalves and their outgroups.** Presence/absence of genes in various species are indicated by filled circles. Numbers inside each circle specify genes with 2 or more copies. The shaded area highlights non-bivalve species, belonging either to other molluscs or to the references. The phylogenetic tree of analyzed species, as inferred from literature, is shown on the left, while major taxonomic groups are reported on the right. Species represented by transcriptomic data are marked with an asterisk ('\*'), and species not present in the reduced bivalve dataset are marked with two asterisks ('\*\*'; see main text and **Fig. 4.1**); note that the two categories do not overlap. DSFG trees are shown on the bottom (full trees can be found in **Fig. S1–S3**). Full species names, along with all assembly and taxonomic information, can be found in **Tab. S1**. Ad.: Adapedonta; Ar.: Arcida; Ca.: Cardiida; Ce.: Cephalopoda; L.: Lucinida; My.: Myida; Ref.: reference genes; S.: Sphaeriida.

fell in Group 3 (**Fig. 4.3**), which means they have a median AASD comparable to the vast majority of other genes in bivalves (median level of the genomes). Just *Dmrt-1L*, *Sox-H*, and *Sox-F* showed higher divergences, and have been accordingly placed in Group 2. Overall, pairwise AASD proved to be a good approximation of the tip-to-tip distances ( $R = 0.84, p < 2.2 \times 10^{-16}$ , calculated on 200 randomly-selected trees; **Fig. 4.3C**), while it showed no influence from the alignment length ( $R = 0.11$ ) or the number of represented species ( $R = -0.23$ ; **Fig. 4.3D** and **4.3E**). Genes from Group 1 and Group 2 are strongly involved in cellular regulatory processes (such as those related to the metabolism of nucleic acids, proteins, and other macromolecules), but also in development and response to external stimuli, as shown by the GO-term enrichment analysis (**Tab. 4.1** and **S10**).



**Figure 4.3 – Distribution of AASD of single-copy orthogroups in bivalves (A), including DSFGs (B), and their correlations with tip-to-tip distances (C), alignment lengths (D), and number of species (E).** The distribution of AASD has been computed on the median values of pairwise distances of >11k SCOs from the reduced bivalve dataset (see main text and **Fig. 4.1**). Genes have been divided according to their median AASD value into three different groups, which are indicated by different colors and increasing numbers (Groups 1, 2, and 3). Circle heights of DSFGs show the median value of their AASD, while the size indicates the number of represented species. DSFG trees are shown on the bottom (full trees can be found in **Fig. S1** and **S3**). Darker points in C–E indicate DSFG SCOs. The correlation between the amino acid distance and the tip-to-tip distance has been computed on 200 randomly-selected orthogroups.

**Table 4.1 – Top enriched GO terms for highly-divergent genes of bivalves, mammals, and *Drosophila*.** The extended version of the table, which includes also the expected number of annotated genes per GO term and all the other enriched GO terms, can be accessed in Tab. S10.

Dataset	GO.ID	Term	Annotated genes	Significant genes	Classic Fisher
<b>Bivalvia</b>	GO:0060255	regulation of macromolecule metabolic process	737	59	0.0453
	GO:0080090	regulation of primary metabolic process	673	53	0.0182
	GO:0019219	regulation of nucleobase-containing compound metabolic process	541	41	0.0239
	GO:0006351	DNA-templated transcription	571	39	0.0377
	GO:0032774	RNA biosynthetic process	579	39	0.0449
	GO:0051252	regulation of RNA metabolic process	517	37	0.0272
	GO:0006355	regulation of DNA-templated transcription	490	35	0.0375
	GO:2001141	regulation of RNA biosynthetic process	491	35	0.0384
	GO:0006950	response to stress	370	33	0.0195
	GO:0032502	developmental process	261	27	0.0445
	GO:0006468	protein phosphorylation	345	23	0.0248
	GO:0031325	positive regulation of cellular metabolic process	125	17	0.0080
	GO:0010604	positive regulation of macromolecule metabolic process	151	17	0.0405
	GO:0051172	negative regulation of nitrogen compound metabolic process	117	16	0.0081
	GO:0051173	positive regulation of nitrogen compound metabolic process	137	15	0.0245
	GO:0006310	DNA recombination	66	14	0.0009
	GO:0048513	animal organ development	83	12	0.0409
	GO:0010629	negative regulation of gene expression	78	11	0.0005
	GO:0023051	regulation of signaling	133	11	0.0287
	GO:0045934	negative regulation of nucleobase-containing compound metabolic process	64	11	0.0364

Tab. 4.1 continued from previous page

Dataset	GO.ID	Term	Annotated genes	Significant genes	Classic Fisher
<b>Bivalvia</b>	GO:0009605	response to external stimulus	90	11	0.0454
	GO:004419	biological process involved in interspecies interaction between organisms	63	11	0.0476
	GO:0006955	immune response	1,297	145	0.0006
	GO:0098542	defense response to other organism	853	112	0.0207
	GO:0045087	innate immune response	647	82	0.0000
	GO:0001817	regulation of cytokine production	630	51	0.0466
	GO:0042742	defense response to bacterium	233	45	0.0000
	GO:0006954	inflammatory response	642	45	0.0174
	GO:0019221	cytokine-mediated signaling pathway	382	44	0.0000
	GO:0002250	adaptive immune response	342	44	0.0000
<b>Mammalia</b>	GO:0001819	positive regulation of cytokine production	402	41	0.0272
	GO:0002697	regulation of immune effector process	308	37	0.0443
	GO:0042110	T cell activation	432	35	0.0256
	GO:0051607	defense response to virus	257	34	0.0000
	GO:0048232	male gamete generation	491	32	0.0226
	GO:0007283	spermatogenesis	478	31	0.0280
	GO:0070661	leukocyte proliferation	273	29	0.0129
	GO:0002449	lymphocyte mediated immunity	221	29	0.0483
	GO:0070663	regulation of leukocyte proliferation	212	25	0.0187
	GO:0050727	regulation of inflammatory response	300	24	0.0024
	GO:0031349	positive regulation of defense response	240	24	0.0124

Tab. 4.1 continued from previous page

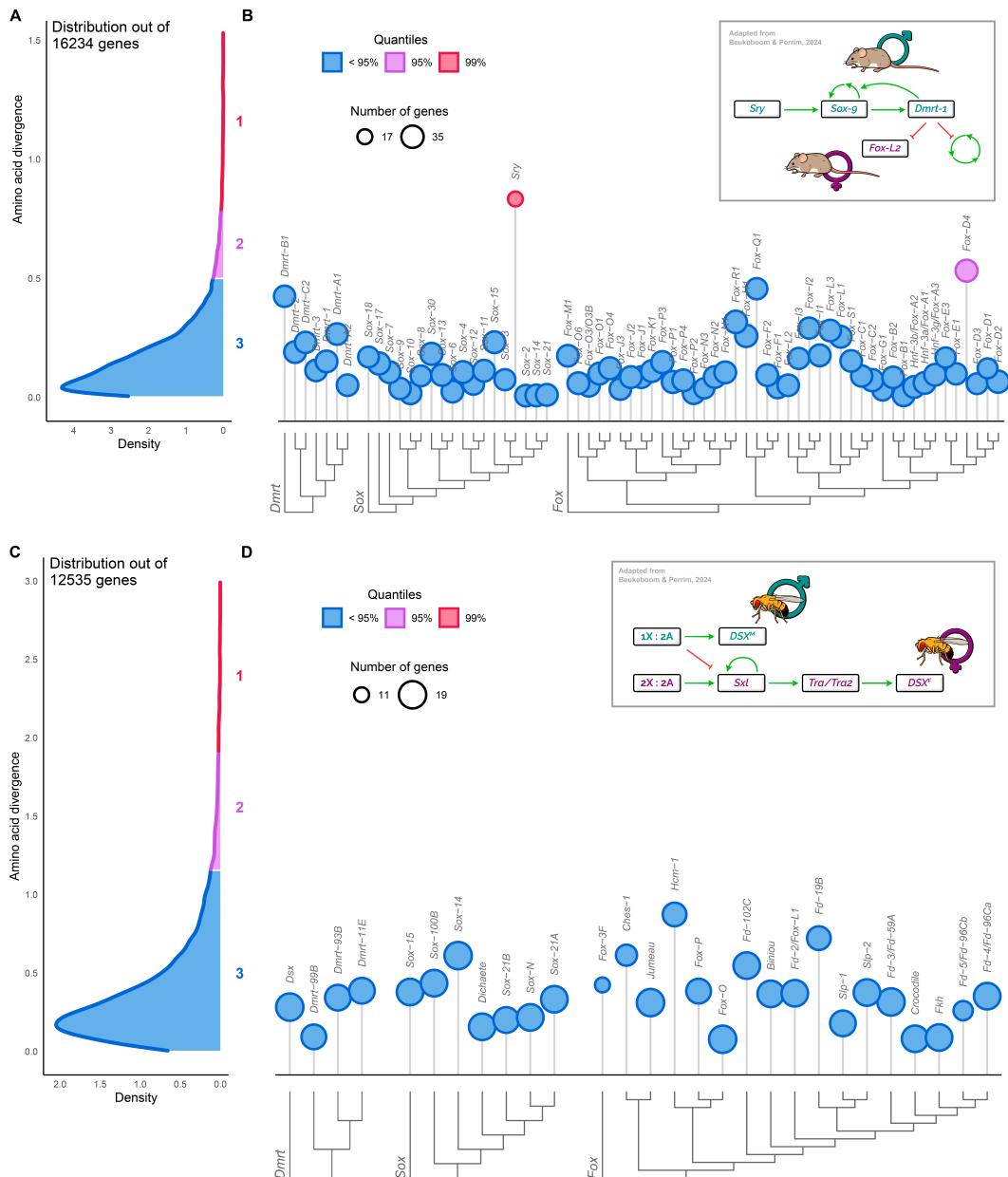
Dataset	GO.ID	Term	Annotated genes	Significant genes	Classic Fisher
<b>Mammalia</b>	GO:0002768	immune response-regulating cell surface receptor signaling pathway	177	22	0.0034
	GO:0050829	defense response to Gram-negative bacterium	66	17	0.0000
	GO:0071222	cellular response to lipopolysaccharide	164	17	0.0001
	GO:0010466	negative regulation of peptidase activity	163	16	0.0004
	GO:0002429	immune response-activating cell surface receptor signaling pathway	164	16	0.0024
	GO:1903555	regulation of tumor necrosis factor superfamily cytokine production	137	16	0.0124
	GO:0071706	tumor necrosis factor superfamily cytokine production	137	16	0.0124
	GO:0070665	positive regulation of leukocyte proliferation	132	16	0.0277
	GO:0045089	positive regulation of innate immune response	113	16	0.0322
	GO:0071356	cellular response to tumor necrosis factor	175	15	0.0022
<i>Drosophila</i>	GO:0002695	negative regulation of leukocyte activation	148	15	0.0115
	GO:0002456	T cell mediated immunity	82	15	0.0161
	GO:0002705	positive regulation of leukocyte mediated immunity	113	15	0.0184
	GO:0032680	regulation of tumor necrosis factor production	133	15	0.0326
	GO:0032640	tumor necrosis factor production	133	15	0.0326
	GO:0050866	negative regulation of cell activation	165	15	0.0405
	GO:0000819	sister chromatid segregation	140	11	0.0293
	GO:0070192	chromosome organization involved in meiotic cell cycle	54	9	0.0085
	GO:0007131	reciprocal meiotic recombination	37	7	0.0007
	GO:0007143	female meiotic nuclear division	54	6	0.0227
	GO:0035967	cellular response to topologically incorrect protein	44	5	0.0333

Tab. 4.1 continued from previous page

Dataset	GO.ID	Term	Annotated genes	Significant genes	Classic Fisher
<i>Drosophila</i>	GO:0035966	response to topologically incorrect protein	47	5	0.0427
	GO:0007141	male meiosis I	13	4	0.0015
	GO:0140543	positive regulation of piRNA transcription	3	3	0.0001
	GO:0010526	retrotransposon silencing	8	3	0.0033
	GO:0007130	synaptonemal complex assembly	10	3	0.0067
	GO:0030719	P granule organization	11	3	0.0089
	GO:0071218	cellular response to misfolded protein	12	3	0.0115
	GO:0051788	response to misfolded protein	12	3	0.0115
	GO:0007135	meiosis II	15	3	0.0217
	GO:0034508	centromere complex assembly	19	3	0.0409

#### 4.3.4 Dmrt, Sox, and Fox genes, and amino acid sequence divergence in the test datasets

The DSFG datasets retrieved in mammals and fruit flies are far more complete than those in bivalves, and most of the already-recognised orthology groups have been identified. In mammals, we retrieved 7 Dmrt orthology groups with about 3.1 % of missing data, 20 Sox orthology groups with about 8.1 % of missing data, and 42 Fox orthology groups with about 4.6 % of missing data (**Fig. S4A, S5, and S7; Tab. S8**). Of these, just *Sox-5* was not included in the subsequent AASD analysis, as it did not meet the 50 %-species occupancy threshold. OrthoFinder analysed about 650 M genes, and the number of SCOs used in the AASD analysis (thus resulting from the DISCO-based orthogroup decomposition pipeline) is >16 k (**Fig. 4.4A**). From the distribution of median AASD, 163 genes were assigned to Group 1, 649 to Group 2, and 15,355 to Group 3. Most of the DSFGs (66/68) fell in Group 3 (**Fig. 4.4B**), while *Sry* and *Fox-D4* showed higher divergences, and have been accordingly placed in Group 1 and Group 2, respectively. Highly-divergent genes show a strong enrichment in immune-related functions (such as innate and adaptive immune response, defence response to bacteria and viruses, lymphocyte metabolism, etc.), but also in reproductive processes (such as spermatogenesis; **Tab. 4.1** and **S10**). Concerning *Drosophila*, we retrieved 4 Dmrt orthology groups with about 1.7 % of missing data, 7 Sox orthology groups with about 3.9 % of missing data, and 17 Fox genes with about 8.3 % of missing data (**Fig. S4B, S8, and S10; Tab. S9**). OrthoFinder analysed about 240 M, and the distribution of median AASD was built after >12k SCOS (**Fig. 4.4C**). 126 genes were assigned to Group 1, 501 to Group 2, and 11,880 to Group 3. All of the DSFGs have been used in the AASD analysis, but none of them have been placed in Group 1 or 2, that is, all the DSFGs in *Drosophila* have an AASD comparable to the median level of the genome (**Fig. 4.4D**). Genes of Group 1 and Group 2 show a GO-term enrichment in meiotic processes, such as chromosome/chromatid organisation, and retrotransposon silencing (**Tab. 4.1** and **S10**).



**Figure 4.4 – Distribution of AASD of single-copy orthogroups in Mammalia (A) and *Drosophila* (C), including DSFG (B-D).** The distributions of AASD in mammals and fruit flies have been computed on the median values of pairwise distances of over 16k and 12k SCOs, respectively. Genes have been divided according to their median AASD value into three different groups, which are indicated by different colors and increasing numbers (Groups 1, 2, and 3). Circle heights of DSFGs show the median value of their AASD, while the size indicates the number of represented species. DSFG trees are shown on the bottom (full trees can be found in Fig. S5–S7 for mammals and in Fig. S8–S10 for fruit flies). Insets: scheme of the sex-determination molecular pathways in *Mus musculus* and in *Drosophila melanogaster*, with shown the main genes involved (adapted from Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014). Green arrows indicate transcription activations, red arrows indicate transcription suppressions. X: sex chromosomes; A: autosomal chromosomes; *DSX*<sup>M/F</sup>: *DSX* splicing variants present in males or females, respectively.

## 4.4 Discussion

### 4.4.1 A new manually-curated and phylogenetic-based reference dataset of Dmrt, Sox, and Fox genes in bivalves

The annotation and characterisation process of a gene family in a certain clade of organisms may harbour many overlooked challenges (**Vizueta Moraga et al., 2020**). For example, the presence of highly-conserved catalytic domains may hamper the correct identification of the components of a gene family because of insufficient phylogenetic signal, as it is the case for Hox and ParaHox genes and their homeobox motif (**Baldwin-Brown et al., 2018; Nicolini, Martelossi, et al., 2023**). Conversely, the components of dynamic gene families characterised by abrupt and sequential duplication events may be difficult to sort into separate groups. As a matter of fact, varying levels of sequence heterogeneity and gene copy numbers makes the inference of orthologous groups hard, as for certain clans of the P450 gene family (**Dermauw et al., 2020**). Regardless of the causes, having a solid and wide phylogenetic context in which to study gene duplications and losses, and orthology relationships, is crucial to overcome these difficulties. In the same way, manual curation and visual inspection of multiple sequence alignments, phylogenetic trees, and gene structures (in terms of domain composition, start and stop codons, and other feature representations) is helpful, despite being time-demanding and possibly low reproducible. In this study, we characterised the full complement of DSFGs in the vast class of bivalves, by leveraging sequence domain annotation, phylogenetics, and manual curation of the dataset. Our aim was to obtain the most reliable gene complements as possible, combined with a vast taxonomic dataset, a solid phylogenetic inference, an openly-available dataset of gene sequences, and a reproducible pipeline for the annotation of gene identity. By doing so, we want to provide a reliable resource for future studies of DSFGs, either focused on bivalves or generally in Metazoa.

Concerning the Dmrt gene family, we identified orthologs of the vertebrate *Dmrt-2*, *Dmrt-3*, and *Dmrt-4/5* (or *A1/A2*; **Fig. 4.2** and **S1**; **Tab. S6**), which are also expected to have been present in the Bilateria common ancestor (**Mawaribuchi et al., 2019**). **Wang et al. (2023)** found that *Dmrt-4/5* is duplicated in *Mercenaria mercenaria* and *Cyclina sinensis* (Venerida), and in *Dreissena polymorpha* (Myida), and we confirm this result

by tracing back the duplication event to the split between Palaeoheterodonta (here represented by Unionida) and Heterodonta (here represented by Venerida, Myida, Sphaeriida, Adapedonta, Cardiida, and Lucinida; **Fig. 4.2**). Furthermore, we confirm *Dmrt-1L* to be present in many bivalve species (mainly belonging to the Ostreida, Pectinida, Mytilida, and Unionida orders; **Fig. 4.2**), as well as in gastropods and *Octopus*. Though, our phylogenetic analysis did not retrieve any unambiguous orthology relationship among *Dmrt-1L* and either vertebrate *Dmrt-1* or *Drosophila dsx* genes, as instead it was proposed in previous works (**Li, Zhang, et al., 2018; Evensen et al., 2022**). As a matter of fact, the amino acid sequence of the *Dmrt-1L* DM domain does not recall that of any other Dmrt gene. Furthermore, it must be considered that various phylogenetic analyses have recovered both *Dmrt-1* and *dsx* genes to be restricted to vertebrates and arthropods, respectively (**Wexler et al., 2014; Mawaribuchi et al., 2019; Panara et al., 2019**), that is, they do not have any direct ortholog outside their relative clades. Thus, if *Dmrt-1L*, *dsx*, and *Dmrt-1* are true orthologs, their origin would need to be placed at least in the Bilateria common ancestor, which seems however to be not the case. All considered, we thus confirm that *Dmrt-1L* is not orthologous to *Dmrt-1* and *dsx* and is rather a mollusc-specific gene (**Evensen et al., 2022**). The monophyly of the group is not supported by the phylogenetic tree inferred with Dmrt genes from molluscs and the reference species (**Fig. S1**); though, it is recovered when analysing just genes from mollusc species (**Fig. S11**). To this regard, we speculate that in our analysis, the difficulty in obtaining the monophyly of *Dmrt-1L* genes may have arisen primarily because of the many *C. elegans*-restricted genes (**Tab. S3**), which are placed among the other bivalve genes (**Fig. S1**), but also because of the high AASD of *Dmrt-1L* genes (see **Section 4.4.2**), which hampers a straight-forward phylogenetic reconstruction. Furthermore, our broad-context analysis allowed us to identify some cases of incorrect gene identification in bivalves, which have arisen because of erroneous or ambiguous annotations in previous works, as a result of limited datasets or analyses. For example, the scallop-specific cluster of Dmrt genes retrieved by **Wang et al. (2023)** rather belongs to the *Dmrt-1L* group, while the classification of Dmrt genes in *Crassostrea* species provided by **Zeng et al. (2024)** needs to be revised following the one of this work (*Dmrt-1* genes *sensu*-Zhang are *Dmrt-4/5*; *Dmrt-2* genes *sensu*-Zhang are *Dmrt-3*; *Dmrt-3* genes *sensu*-Zhang are *Dmrt-1L*; hence, *Crassostrea* species do not have *Dmrt-2* genes).

For what concerns the Sox gene family, bivalves (or molluscs) do not show any major clade-restricted gene, as only the five Bilateria-specific Sox groups (*Sox-B1/2*, *Sox-C*, *Sox-D*, *Sox-E*, and *Sox-F*) and *Sox-H* have been identified (Fig. 4.2 and S2; Tab. S6), in accordance with previous findings (Evensen et al., 2022; Wang and Nie, 2024; Yu et al., 2017). *Sox-B1/2* is clearly made up of two subgroups (i.e., *Sox-B1* and *Sox-B2*), as expected, but their respective identity could not be unambiguously established, as *Sox-B1/2* genes of reference species do not form separate clusters (Fig. S2). Even when inferring the phylogenetic tree only of components of the *Sox-B1/2* group from molluscs and reference species, the identity can not be properly established (Fig. S12).

Compared to Dmrt and Sox genes, the Fox gene family appears as the most dynamic in terms of gene presence/absence, as already shown by other works (Wu et al., 2020; Schomburg et al., 2022; Seudre et al., 2022). Our phylogenetic analysis successfully recovered Group I and Group II of Fox genes (Larroux et al., 2008), which include the four Fox genes that were present in the Bilateria common ancestor (*Fox-C*, *Fox-F*, *Fox-L1*, and *Fox-Q1*; Fig. 4.2 and S3; Tab. S6; Shimeld et al., 2010). To our knowledge, this is the first broad-taxonomic identification and classification of Fox genes in bivalves, as up to now they have been systematically characterised only in *C. gigas* (Yang et al., 2014), *Patinopacten yessoensis* (now *Mizuhopecten yessoensis*; Wu et al., 2020), and *Ruditapes philippinarum* (Liu et al., 2024). Firstly, our analysis confirms the absence in molluscs of *Fox-I*, *Fox-Q1*, *Fox-R*, *Fox-S* (Fig. S3), which are in fact thought to have emerged with the diversification of deuterostomes or vertebrates (Yang et al., 2014; Wu et al., 2020; Schomburg et al., 2022; Seudre et al., 2022). Furthermore, we have found many Fox groups that appeared as mollusc-specific and/or still-unnamed at a first analysis (*Fox-OG2/NA*, *Fox-OG39/NA*, *Fox-OG15/NA*, and *Fox-OG28-NA*; Tab. S6). However, a more in-depth investigation revealed a different scenario. *Fox-OG2/NA* appears close to the human *Fox-M* gene in the phylogenetic tree, but they do not form a monophyletic group (Fig. S3). However, by comparing *Fox-OG2/NA* sequences and phylogenetic tree with those analysed by Yang et al. (2014), Wu et al. (2020), Schomburg et al. (2022), and Seudre et al. (2022), it appears clear that this group of Fox genes is indeed *Fox-M*. However, our analysis has failed to retrieve a monophyletic relationship among bivalve and human *Fox-M* genes, even when inferring a tree with just *Fox-J2*, *Fox-M*, *Fox-O*, and *Fox-P* complements (Fig. S13), which belong to the same Fox group. Regarding the

*Fox-OG39/NA* group, it does not have any homolog in reference species (**Fig. S3**) but is found to belong to the *Fox-AB* group by sequence comparison with previous works (**Yang et al., 2014; Wu et al., 2020; Seudre et al., 2022**). *Fox-AB* was formerly described only in the sea urchin *S. purpuratus* and the lancelet *Branchiostoma floridae* (**Tu et al., 2006; Yu et al., 2008**), but was later identified also in several Spiralia lineages, including molluscs (e.g., **Yang et al., 2014; Wu et al., 2020; Seudre et al., 2022**). A similar situation concerns *Fox-OG15/NA* and *Fox-OG28/NA*, which again could not be named based on orthology relationships with the reference species genes (**Fig. S3**), but actually represent two lineage-specific expansions of the *Fox-Q2* group (named *Fox-Q2b* and *Fox-Q2c*), as already appointed in previous studies (**Yang et al., 2014; Wu et al., 2020**). This observation fits within the wider context of the *Fox-Q2* group expansion in Bilateria and, particularly, in Spiralia, that led to remarkable differences in their gene copy numbers across various clades (**Seudre et al., 2022**). Two additional Fox genes have been previously identified in bivalves, and were named *Fox-Y* and *Fox-Z* (**Yang et al., 2014; Wu et al., 2020**). In our analysis, these Fox groups were at first identified as *Fox-OG13/NA* and *Fox-OG16/NA*, after sequence comparison of Fox genes from *C. gigas* and *P. yessoensis*. On one hand, *Fox-Y* was firstly identified in *S. purpuratus* (**Tu et al., 2006**) and only recently in a few bivalve species (**Yang et al., 2014; Wu et al., 2020**). However, when analysing bivalve and *S. purpuratus* Fox genes, we failed in retrieving such a clear orthology relationship, as *S. purpuratus* *Fox-Y* does not fall within the phylogenetic range of bivalve *Fox-OG13/NA*, which contains the supposed *Fox-Y* orthologs (**Fig. S14**). Also, the forkhead domains of *Fox-OG13/NA* genes were annotated as forkhead domain P (**Tab. S6**). On the other hand, *Fox-Z* was firstly identified in bivalves and in several other protostomes, thanks to a phylogenetic work including the brachiopod *Lingula unguis*, the annelid *Capitella teleta*, the scorpion *Centruroides sculpturatus*, and the centipede *Strigamia maritima* (**Wu et al., 2020**). However, later works have not recovered this Fox gene group, even when analysing annelids (**Seudre et al., 2022**) and panarthropods (**Schomburg et al., 2022**) in a more dedicated effort. In this case, the forkhead domains were annotated as either a generic forkhead domain or a forkhead domain Q2 (**Tab. S6**). All considered, we argue that bivalves possess two additional Fox groups (here *Fox-OG13/NA* and *Fox-OG16/NA*; **Fig. 4.2 and S3; Tab. S6**) which are shared with other mollusc species, as revealed also by other authors. However, given the discordant results of the phylogenetic hypothesis

and domain annotation, we think that a more thorough investigation on their orthology relationships with Fox genes from other Metazoa is needed, and thus we chose to not employ their former names *Fox-Y* and *Fox-Z*.

Besides the DSFG groups discussed so far, it must be also considered that many orphan genes have been identified (**Fig. S1** and **S3**; **Tab. S6**). For example, **Wu et al. (2020)** identified a duplication event of *Fox-H* genes in *C. gigas*, which has been recovered also in our analysis for the entire Ostreida clade (*Fox-OG36/NA*; **Fig. S3**). Similarly, a gene orthology group putatively specific to Pteriomorphia has been identified among Sox genes (*Sox-OG1/NA*). Of course, these genes deserve as much attention as their widely-distributed paralogs, as they may constitute true group-specific expansions and may play fundamental roles in some biological processes. However, they have not been discussed here or included in **Fig. 4.2** for clarity purposes, but they are freely available in supplementary materials.

Overall, our analysis clearly shows the importance of adopting a wide-angle approach when characterising the members of a gene family, especially for large ones such as the Fox genes (**Schomburg et al., 2022**). As a matter of fact, the presence of duplication events and orphan genes needs to be addressed with a broad taxonomic dataset, in order to account for possible mis-annotations, gene phylogenetic mis-placements, and sequence heterogeneity. Additionally, many reference species need to be included for the gene identification process, in order to consider distantly-related genes and obtain a solid annotation. Our gene annotation pipeline also resulted to be very solid, even with non-model organisms and sub-optimal genomic and transcriptomic resources, as they are those of bivalves. As a matter of fact, by running the same pipeline on two additional datasets composed of mammal and fruit fly genomes, we were able to obtain high-quality orthology groups in accordance with previous knowledge on the clades (**Fig. S5** and **S10**; **Tab. S8** and **S9**), with little or no manual curation needed. Furthermore, this represents also the first broad analysis of DSFGs in both mammals and fruit flies, as so far attention has been mainly dedicated to single well-studied organisms or little clades (e.g., **Jackson et al., 2010**).

#### 4.4.2 High amino acid sequence divergence identifies putative sex-determining genes

Sex-biased genes tend to evolve more rapidly than unbiased genes at the level of their protein sequences. Accelerated rates have been observed in both male-biased genes (reviewed in **Parsch and Ellegren, 2013; Grath and Parsch, 2016**) and female-biased genes (e.g., **Papa et al., 2017; Ghiselli et al., 2018**), but also in SRGs and primary SDGs (**O’Neil and Belote, 1992; Whitfield et al., 1993; de Bono and Hodgkin, 1996**). For example, it has been shown that *Dm-W*, *Dmy*, and *Sry* (which are SDGs in the African clawed frog *X. laevis*, in the medaka fish *O. latipes*, and in eutherians, respectively) all have higher substitution rates than their paralogues (*Dmrt-1* for *Dm-W* and *Dmy*, *Sox-3* for *Sry*), particularly when considering their DNA-binding domains (**Mawaribuchi et al., 2012**). Similarly, both a burst of positive selection and a relaxation of purifying selection has been detected in *Drosophila Sxl* in correspondence with its recruitment at the top of the sex-determining cascade. The same signs of relaxed purifying selection have been found in the downstream targets of *Sxl*, that is, *tra* and *dsx*, despite no evidence of positive selection has been detected (**Mullon et al., 2012**).

Considering these shared features of SRGs and SDGs, we decided to look for signs of accelerated sequence evolution in DSFGs of bivalves, in order to evaluate if any of them could be associated with SD by employing the tools of molecular evolution. However, we wanted to analyse patterns of sequence evolution not only among putative SRGs and their close paralogs (as done for Dmrt genes in **Chapter 3**), but also considering the genomic context in which these genes evolve. In fact, our aim was to check whether higher rates of sequence evolution of SRGs hold true also when compared to other genes not involved in SD and not belonging to the same gene family. To do so, we obtained the AASD median values of >11 k SCOs from bivalve genomes (**Fig. 4.3A**), in order to build a statistical distribution to be used as a reference: if SRGs/SDGs (in this case, DSFGs) truly evolve faster than other genes, we may expect them to fall within the 5% (or even 1%) upper quantile of the distribution (**Fig. 4.3B**), i.e., within highly divergent genes (Group 1 and Group 2 genes of the distribution; see **Section 4.2**). We chose to use the AASD as a metric of sequence evolution (instead of the tip-to-tip distances of phylogenetic trees, which account for more comprehensive evolutionary models) in order

to save computational time. As a matter of fact, the AASD median values proved to be a good approximation of the tip-to-tip median distances in 200 randomly-selected genes (**Fig. 4.3C**;  $R = 0.84, p < 2.2 \times 10^{-6}$ ).

Among DSFGs, three fell within the 5 % upper quantile, namely *Dmrt-1L*, *Sox-H*, and *Sox-F*. Interestingly, *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H* have been already proposed to be involved in the male SD pathway of *C. gigas* (**inset** in **Fig. 4.3B**; **Zhang et al., 2014**), on the basis of DGE analyses. Specifically, *Sox-H* (*CgSoxH*) would play a major role in *C. gigas* SD, by interacting with *Dmrt-1L* (*CgDsx*) and determining the onset of the male phenotype development; at the same time, both *Sox-H* and *Dmrt-1L* would inhibit *Fox-L2* (*CgFoxL2*), which instead is necessary to start the female phenotype development. *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H* have been appointed several other times to be involved in male-gonad development and differentiation, through DGE (e.g., **Teaniniuraitemoana et al., 2014**; **Capt et al., 2018**; **Afonso et al., 2019**), mRNA-ISH (e.g., **Naimi et al., 2009**; **Li, Zhang, et al., 2018**; **Liang et al., 2019**; **Yue et al., 2021**) and RNA interference (mRNA-ISH; **Liang et al., 2019**; **Sun et al., 2022**). Therefore, the high AASD of *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H* is coherent with previous works, strengthening their role as putative SRGs.

The relationship between high gene AASD and the involvement in SD is particularly enforced when looking at the patterns of AASD in the test datasets, which corroborates the solidity of our analysis: (i) from one side, in the mammal dataset which represents a strictly genetic SD system, thus with a master and rapidly-evolving SDG, one of the genes from the 5 % upper quantile of the distribution is *Sry* (**Fig. 4.4A** and **4.4B**), the male sex-determining gene in eutherians (**inset** in **Fig. 4.4B**); (ii) from the other side, in the fruit fly dataset which represents a chromosomal SD system, thus without any expected difference in the rates of sequence evolution among SRGs, none of the DSFG exhibit significantly high AASD (**Fig. 4.4C** and **4.4D**), including the downstream effector *dsx* (**inset** in **Fig. 4.4D**). Also *Sxl* and *tra*, both involved in the SD pathway of *Drosophila* (**inset** in **Fig. 4.4D**) do not belong to the group of highly-divergent genes, as they have a mean amino acid divergence of about 0.09 and 0.9, respectively (Group 3; **Fig. 4.4D**). Therefore, it can be argued that both *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H* may not only be SRGs, but may participate in bivalve SD as primary SDGs, which is reflected in their high AASD, as it is observed for *Sry* in mammals. As a matter of fact, if they were involved in SD

just as intermediate actors of the signalling cascade, then we should have not observed a high AASD, as *Drosophila Sxl*, *tra*, and *dsx* seem to suggest. Overall, these patterns of molecular evolution concerning SRGs and SDG are also supported by the way SD regulatory networks evolve. As a matter of fact, it has been proposed that the sex-determining cascades tend to arise and be established with a bottom-up mechanism (**Wilkins, 1995**; **Mullon et al., 2012**; **Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014**; **Capel, 2017**). This means that the regulative relationships among genes at the bottom of the cascade are settled up prior to the regulative relationships among genes at the top and, consequently, upstream regulators are progressively recruited to fine-tune diverse SD signals. These evolutionary patterns eventually produce gene-regulatory networks in which the divergence of the upstream triggers is higher than that of downstream effectors, in terms of both identity and sequence composition (**Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014**). This mechanism has been proposed for *Drosophila* species (**Mullon et al., 2012**), *C. elegans* (**Stothard and Pilgrim, 2003**), and vertebrates, despite in the latter case has been questioned several times (reviewed in **Capel, 2017**).

At this point, two main objections can be moved against our approach: (1) the distribution of AASD is not appropriate for this kind of inference, as it does not represent the true gene evolutionary (or substitution) rates (which instead are those usually employed when dealing with SRGs and SDGs); (2) the three datasets are not comparable one to each other, as they take into consideration very different animal groups, with different taxonomic rankings and different divergence times (thus, the patterns of AASD are the products of other confounding factors not directly related to SD). Concerning the first objection, we are aware that the AASD does not represent the evolutionary rate itself, but rather its product. However, the two features are tightly linked, as on the long term highly-divergent proteins tend to be produced by genes with high evolutionary (or substitution) rates (**Echave et al., 2016**). By performing a GO-term enrichment, it emerged that highly-divergent genes of the mammal dataset are mainly involved in the immune response and male spermatogenesis (**Tab. 4.1** and **S10**), which are two processes notoriously connected with rapid sequence evolution (i.e., higher evolutionary rates; **Swanson and Vacquier, 2002**; **Murat et al., 2023**; **Vinkler et al., 2023**). Similarly, highly-divergent genes from the fruit fly dataset show an enrichment for GO-terms associated with meiotic-related functions (such as the formation of the synaptonemal complex by the products of

*c(2)M*, *c(3)G*, *corona*, and *corolla* genes; **Tab. 4.1** and **S10**), which again are known to be rapidly evolving (**Hemmer and Blumenstiel, 2016**). In other words, the test datasets—which include well-studied and characterised model systems, allow us to directly link the high AASD (as computed in this work) with high rates of sequence evolution (as found in previous works), as they represent well-studied and characterised model systems. This consideration can thus be extended also to the bivalve dataset: highly-divergent genes in terms of AASD, which include some DSFGs and show an enrichment for GO-terms associated to macromolecule metabolism and morphological development (**Tab. 4.1** and **S10**), are also genes with accelerated substitution rates **Ghiselli et al., 2018**; **Iannello et al., 2023**.

Concerning the second objection, we chose two test datasets with different characteristics as we wanted to check the extent of our hypothesis, that is, molecular evolution can be used to look for putative primary SDGs in taxonomic-wide analyses. The difference in divergence times and taxonomy ranks for bivalves and therians (Late Cambrian, about 498 million years ago [Mya], **Song et al., 2023**; and Early Mesozoic, 166–123 Mya, **Álvarez-Carretero et al., 2022**, respectively) seems to not influence the sequence diversity of SRGs, as both *Dmrt-1L/Sox-H* for bivalves and *Sry* for mammals exhibit high AASD with respect to their own distributions, regardless of their age. *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H* (which are mollusc- and Bilateria-specific, respectively) are undoubtedly older than *Sry* (which, instead, emerged in the Theria common ancestor; **Foster et al., 1992**), but each of them can be considered a highly-divergent gene in bivalves and mammals, respectively (i.e., genes that are included in the 5% upper quantile of bivalve and mammal AASD distributions). Conversely, the difference in divergence times and taxonomic ranks for *Drosophila* (Paleocene/Eocene boundary, about 56 Mya; **Russo et al., 2013**) may seem to be influencing the results for the dataset, resulting in a false negative. In other words, it can be argued that: (i) the genes included in the SD cascade of *Drosophila* (such as *Sxl*, *tra*, and *dsx*; **inset** in **Fig. 4.4D**) have a high AASD, which however has not been detected by our methodological approach (for example, this may be traced back to the young diversification age of *Drosophila* species if compared to bivalves); (ii) the species included in the analysis are all congeneric, thus the sequence differentiation of SRGs may exist not at the amino acid level but at the nucleotide one. To better disentangle this issue and further discuss the fruit fly dataset, we repeated the analysis of the AASD only on species of

the *Crassostrea* genus (*C. gigas*, *Crassostrea angulata*, *Crassostrea ariakensis*, and *Crassostrea virginica*), which are much younger (Middle Cretaceous, less than 100 Mya; **Qi et al., 2023**), thus comparable to *Drosophila*. Results showed that, even when analysing a smaller bivalve dataset, encompassing only 4 species of recent origin, the high AASD of *Dmrt-1L* persists, that is, *Dmrt-1L* is still grouped together with highly-divergent genes (**Fig. S15**). The same has not been recovered for *Sox-H*, which fell in genes from Group 3 (the group corresponding to the 95 % interval of the AASD distribution) but still have the second highest AASD median value among DSFGs (**Fig. S15**).

Of course we should not expect that highly-divergent genes are only those involved in SD, but may participate also in other processes (as discussed earlier and shown by GO-term enrichments; **Tab. 4.1** and **S10**). Besides the genes of interest for SD (*Dmrt-1L/Sox-H* for bivalves, and *Sry* for mammals), also other components of the DSFG families have been retrieved with a high AASD, despite they have never been linked directly to SD so far: *Sox-F* in bivalves (**Fig. 4.3B**) and *Fox-D4* in mammals (**Fig. 4.4B**). This implies that our approach can't be used to unambiguously identify SDGs alone, as high AASD is exhibited also by many other genes. Instead, the analysis is meant to be used to detect highly-divergent genes and, subsequently, by comparison with literature and a more thorough and focused functional investigation, putative SDGs among them. In this sense, the mammal dataset exemplify the importance of putting the results of our pipeline (as those of any other comparative genomics analysis) into the correct evolutionary and genomic context: among DSFGs of mammals, two genes exhibit high AASD, one of which is directly related to SD (*Sry*), while the other has a function connected with neural development (*Fox-D4*; **Klein et al., 2013**). Thus, the high AASD may arise either because of the involvement in the upper SD pathway or because of other life-history traits connected with the gene, respectively. Regarding bivalves, *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H* show a sharp connection with SD as a putative primary SDG, either when considering their molecular evolutionary features or when looking at their gene expression and possible function in gonad development (**Naimi et al., 2009**; **Teaniniuraitemoana et al., 2014**; **Zhang et al., 2014**; **Capt et al., 2018**; **Li, Zhang, et al., 2018**; **Afonso et al., 2019**; **Liang et al., 2019**; **Yue et al., 2021**). It is difficult to further speculate on the actual involvement in SD of *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H* without any additional information on their biology. Nonetheless, molecular evolution proves to be a valuable tool to investigate genes putatively involved in SD, and to identify

major targets onto which dedicate future research effort.

## 4.5 Conclusions

Genes functioning in reproductive processes, and particularly SD, are often among the most variable in animal genomes, in terms of both sequence composition and regulatory interactions (**Swanson and Vacquier, 2002; Bachtrog et al., 2014**). Such high evolutionary rates may be traced back both to adaptive evolution (either as natural or sexual selection) or to non-adaptive processes (**Vicoso and Charlesworth, 2006; Meisel and Connallon, 2013; Parsch and Ellegren, 2013; Grath and Parsch, 2016**), and often results in striking differences in reproductive and sexual systems even among closely-related species. In the present work we took advantage of this characteristic to identify SDGs in bivalves among the DSFG families. By comprehensively analysing the phylogenetic history and AASD in a broad taxonomic dataset, we appointed *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H* as putative SDGs, thus confirming results in previous works that found them to be transcribed in a male-biased manner and/or strongly involved in male-gonad formation (**Naimi et al., 2009; Teaniniuraitemoana et al., 2014; Zhang et al., 2014; Capt et al., 2018; Li, Zhang, et al., 2018; Afonso et al., 2019; Liang et al., 2019; Yue et al., 2021**). Future studies would now need to further investigate their evolutionary history. For example, considering that SRGs tend to accumulate in the genomic neighbourhood where primary SDGs are located (**Capel, 2017**), analysing the genomic location of DSFGs in bivalve genomes may provide enlightening results. Similarly, revealing the genetic interactions of *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H*, through functional and genome editing assays, would undoubtedly benefit our understanding of their role in the sexual processes of bivalves.

## Chapter 5

# Localisation of three sex-related genes and the germline marker Vasa/Vasa in the early developmental stages of *Mytilus* *galloprovincialis*

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## 5.1 Introduction

Despite the huge socio-economic and scientific importance of bivalves, the knowledge concerning the genetic and molecular bases of their sex determination (SD) system is scarce and overlooked (**Breton et al., 2018; Nicolini, Ghiselli, et al., 2023**). Several components of the Dmrt, Sox, and Fox gene (DSFG) families have been appointed as directly involved in SD by many works, mainly thanks to differential gene expression (DGE) analyses (e.g., **Milani et al., 2013; Zhang et al., 2014; Capt et al., 2018; Shi et al., 2018**), mRNA/protein visualisation (**Li, Liu, et al., 2018; Liang et al., 2019; Wang et al., 2020; Sun et al., 2022**), RNA interference (RNAi; **Liang et al., 2019; Wang et al., 2020; Sun et al., 2022**) and quantitative real-time polymerase chain reaction (qRT-PCR; **Li, Liu, et al., 2018; Liang et al., 2019; Wang et al., 2020; Sun et al., 2022**). For example, **Li et al. (2018)** found that *Fox-L2* and *Dmrt 1-like* (*Dmrt-1L*) are predominantly transcribed in ovaries and testes, respectively, of the Yesso scallop *Patinopacten yessoensis*, and that they contribute to establish the sexual identity of immature follicles at the molecular level prior to the morphological level. **Liang et al. (2019)** showed that *Sox-2* is involved in the differentiation of male gonads and spermatogenesis of the scallop *Chlamys farreri*, and that the knocked-out phenotype results in severe loss of both germ-cell mass and spermatogonia. **Wang et al. (2020)** speculated that *Fox-L2* is involved in the sex differentiation of female gonads in the freshwater mussel *Hyriopsis cumingii*. Overall, considerable effort has been made to characterise the transcription patterns of DSFGs of interest during the adult stage of bivalves, covering various reproductive phases, while little attention has been given to the embryo and larval stages. Nonetheless, early animal development may represent a crucial moment to the establishment of the sexual identity, as the transcription of sex-determination related genes (SRGs) and SD itself begins much earlier than the onset of gonad development and differentiation (even as early as the zygote formation; **Richardson et al., 2023**). In mammals, for example, the transcription of SRGs can be detected during the embryo preimplantation stage (before 4.5 days post fertilization [dpf]; reviewed in **Richardson et al., 2023**), while *Sex-determining region of chromosome Y* (*Sry*) realises its function as the male sex-determining gene (SDG) at 10.5 days post coitum (**Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014**). In *Drosophila melanogaster*, the early female splicing variant of *Sex-lethal* (*Sxl*)—which is the top regulator of the SD cascade and is

activated by a mechanism of chromosome counting (**inset** in **Fig. 4.4D**), is transcribed during the syncytial stages of the embryo (i.e., before 2 hours post fertilization [hpf]; **Salz and Erickson, 2010**), when it establishes the sexual identity of the embryo through a cell-autonomous mechanism. Therefore, the study of bivalve SD necessarily requires to consider also the early stages of embryonic and larval development, in order to obtain a comprehensive scenario of the process. Among bivalves, several species may constitute a model system particularly suitable to study the SD process during embryogenesis, because of the presence of the doubly uniparental inheritance (DUI) of mitochondria. This process—which involves the uniparental transmission of the maternal and paternal mitochondrial genomes through eggs and sperm, respectively, allows for an *a-priori* detection of the sexual identity of developing embryos, as early as the first cleavage division of the zygote: in female embryos, the sperm-inherited mitochondria assume a dispersed pattern between blastomeres; conversely, in males the sperm-inherited mitochondria stay assembled together, remain within one blastomere, and are eventually included in primordial germ cells (PGCs; **Zouros, 2013; Ghiselli et al., 2019**).

Here we sought to expand the knowledge on the process of bivalve SD, by employing the Mediterranean mussel *Mytilus galloprovincialis* as a study system, which is a species exhibiting DUI. Particularly, we aimed to investigate the transcription patterns of three DSFG (namely, *Dmrt-1L*, *Sox-H*, and *Fox-L2*; hereafter referred to as SRG) during embryonic and early larval stages. To this purpose, (i) we first performed a time-series DGE analysis by using the RNA-sequencing data published by **Miglioli et al. (2024)**; afterwards, (ii) we investigated the temporal and spatial transcription patterns of the DSFGs of interest through mRNA *in-situ* hybridization chain reaction (HCR). To obtain a more comprehensive developmental context for the transcription patterns of DSFGs, (iii) we also traced for the first time in *M. galloprovincialis* the process of the germline specification through mRNA *in-situ* HCR and immunolocalization of *Vasa*/Vasa, which is a traditionally-recognised marker of PGCs and germ cells (GCs) across Metazoa (**Extavour and Akam, 2003**). The specification and differentiation of GCs (which are part of the gonadal tissue in adults) is in fact a critical process in sexually reproducing multicellular organisms, as it provides the groundwork for the subsequent differentiation of sexually dimorphic gametes. Therefore, understanding the developmental pathway leading to the establishment of PGCs and GCs is essential to fully characterise the sex-determining

process and how the sexual fate of PGCs/GCs is directed.

## 5.2 Materials and methods

### 5.2.1 Time-series gene expression

**Miglioli et al. (2024)** recently produced one of the very first detailed developmental transcriptomes of the Mediterranean mussel *M. galloprovincialis*, spanning from the unfertilized oocyte to the larval stage at 72 hpf, with time points sampled every 4 hpf. A total of thirty different mRNA libraries was sequenced, consisting of fifteen developmental time points per two biological replicates each (**Tab. S11**). These data are extremely useful to thoroughly investigate the transcription patterns of genes throughout the first three days of the *M. galloprovincialis* development, to quantify the transcription level of target genes to be investigated with mRNA HCR experiments and to have an overview of the possible outcome from such analysis. Raw reads were downloaded from the Sequence Read Archive (SRA) in NCBI (BioProject: PRJNA996031) and trimmed using Trimmomatic v0.39 (**Bolger et al., 2014**; LEADING:5 TRAILING:5 SLIDINGWINDOW:4:15 MINLEN:65). Read quality was checked using FastQC v0.12.1 (**Andrews et al., 2010**). Trimmed reads were mapped against the *M. galloprovincialis* annotated genome (GCA\_900618805.1; **Gerdol et al., 2020**) using STAR v2.7.10b (**Dobin et al., 2013**) in alignReads mode with default parameters. The resulting gene count matrix was extracted with StringTie v2.2.1 (**Pertea et al., 2015, 2016**) in expression estimation mode followed by the python script prepDE.py (-l 99). The resulting matrix was processed in R. Raw gene counts were normalised using the median of ratios method as implemented by the DESeq2 package (**Love et al., 2014**), and then transformed through the DESeq2 variance stabilising transformation (vst). Transformed gene counts were used to run a principal component analyses (PCA) and visualise sample clustering, and to plot expression values of *Vasa*, *Dmrt-1L*, *Sox-H*, and *Fox-L2* (hereafter collectively referred to as target genes). Normalised gene counts were instead used to run a time-series DGE analysis in maSigPro (**Conesa et al., 2006**). The entire pipeline was automated through custom python and bash scripts, which are available in a private repository on GitHub.

### 5.2.2 Sample collection, MitoTracker staining and fixation

Adult mussels were hand collected from various locations surrounding the AltaSea institute at the port of Los Angeles (CA, USA). Sampling took place during the spawning season of the species in California, i.e., from Oct, 2023 to Jan, 2024. Selected mussels were thoroughly cleaned from epibionts and placed in ice for approximately 30–60 minutes, then transferred in filtered artificial sea water (FASW) at 16 °C and acclimatised for 30 minutes. All the individuals were then placed in a common tank and spawning was induced by cyclical thermal shock, that is, by exposing mussels alternatively to FASW at 24–26 °C and 14–16 °C for a time of 30–40 min each. As soon as mussels started spawning, individuals were promptly removed from the common tank, carefully washed, air dried to remove contaminant gametes from the shell, and then allowed to continue spawning in isolated containers of about 250 mL with 16 °C FASW. Both single and multiple crosses were performed: two males (M1, M2) and two females (F1, F2) were employed for single crosses; six males and six females were employed for multiple crosses, and gametes from the same sex were mixed. One hour after the spawning started, oocytes were filtered through a 75 over a 30 µm mesh, and aged in 1 L of FASW for 40–60 min, to allow them to assume a proper circular shape. Oocyte abundance was estimated under a stereomicroscope by eye counting the number of gametes in five aliquots of 1 mL, and then calculating the mean value. Sperm mitochondria were labelled with MitoTracker Red CMXRos (Thermo Fisher Scientific) at a working concentration of 500 nM for 30 min. MitoTracker is a fluorescent, vital and fixation-resistant mitochondrial dye and was used to detect the sex of developing embryos (as early as the two-blastomere stage) according to the distribution pattern of sperm mitochondria (**Cao et al., 2004; Obata and Komaru, 2005**). From this step onward, samples were always kept in the dark. Fertilisation was performed by mixing oocytes and sperm at a ratio of 1:10. Fertilisation success was checked after 20–30 min by the formation of polar bodies. The suspension was then carefully washed on a 30 µm mesh to remove excess sperm, and brought to a concentration of 250 zygotes/mL. The resulting suspension was transferred into cell-culture flasks of 40 mL and embryos/larvae were reared at 16 ± 1 °C in the dark. Water was changed every 24 h. After 48 hpf, larvae were fed with the unicellular microalgae *Isochrysis galbana*, at a final concentration of about 10<sup>5</sup> cells/mL following **Helm et al. (2004)**. Embryos/larvae were sampled at 1, 2, 3 and 4 hpf, and then every 12 h until 72 hpf. Proper development and vitality were

checked under a stereomicroscope at every sampling time. After concentration with a mesh of proper size, embryos/larvae were fixed in 3.2 % paraformaldehyde (PFA) in 1× phosphate-buffered saline (PBS; 128 mM NaCl, 2 mM KCl, 8 mM Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub> · 2 H<sub>2</sub>O, 2 mM KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>) at 4 °C overnight under constant and gentle shaking. Fixed samples were washed 3×20 min in 1× PBS with 0.1 % Tween 20 (PBS-Tw) and then dehydrated 3×30 min in absolute methanol at room temperature (RT). Dehydrated samples were stored at –20 °C until usage.

### 5.2.3 mRNA *in-situ* hybridization chain reaction (HCR)

#### HCR probe design

*Vasa*, *Dmrt-1L*, *Sox-H*, and *Fox-L2* spliced-transcript nucleotide sequences of *M. gallo-provincialis* were obtained from the previous analyses with OrthoFinder v2.5.5 (**Emms and Kelly, 2019**) on annotated bivalve genomes and transcriptomes (see **Chapter 4**). Accession numbers of spliced transcripts are 10B017427, 10B093608, 10B014180, and 10B094018, respectively. The `insitu_probe_generator` script from the Ozpolat Lab (**Kuehn et al., 2022**) was used to generate pairs of probes specifically designed for third-generation HCR (**Choi et al., 2018**). The built-in BLASTN search against the annotated *M. galloprovincialis* transcriptome was employed to check for putative off-target bindings of probe pairs. B1-488, B2-647, B3-546, and B4-700 pairs of HCR amplifiers and fluorophores were chosen, as reported in **Tab. 5.1**. Resulting probes were synthesised by Integrated DNA Technologies (IDT™) in separate oligo pools.

#### mRNA *in-situ* HCR and microscope imaging

mRNA *in-situ* HCR in *M. galloprovincialis* embryos was performed following **Miglioli et al. (2024)**. All the steps were carried out in the dark to prevent MitoTracker from fading. Probe hybridization buffer, probe wash buffer and amplification buffer were manufactured by Molecular Instruments, Inc. Dehydrated samples stored in methanol were washed 4×5 min and 1×10 min in PBS-Tw. Samples were then permeabilized for 30 min in a detergent solution (1 % sodium dodecyl sulfate [SDS], 0.5 % Tween 20, 50 mM Tris–HCl, 1 mM ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (EDTA), 150 mM NaCl), and washed again 2×5 min in PBS-Tw. Samples were prepared for the HCR detection stage by in-

**Table 5.1 – Characteristics of fluorescent dyes used for each labelled target.** HCR amplifiers and the number of probe sets (as in **Tab. S12**) are reported when applicable. Dyes for both *Vasa* and *Vasa* are reported.

Target	Dye	HCR amplifier	HCR probe pairs	Excitation (nm)	Emission (nm)
dsDNA (nuclei)	DAPI	–	–	360	460
Sperm mitochondria	MitoTracker Red CMXRos	–	–	575	600
<i>Vasa/Vasa</i>	ALEXA-488/-488	B1/–	33/–	499	520
<i>Dmrt-1L</i>	ALEXA-647	B2	18	653	670
<i>Sox-H</i>	ALEXA-546	B3	22	557	575
<i>Fox-L2</i>	ALEXA-700	B4	28	685	700

cubation in the probe hybridization buffer for 30 min at 37 °C. Detection stage was then performed with 4 nM of each probe set in hybridization solution overnight (>12 h) at 37 °C. Excess probes were removed by washing 4×20 min with probe wash buffer at 37 °C and 3×5 min with 5× saline-sodium citrate (150 mM NaCl, 17 mM Na<sub>3</sub>C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>O<sub>7</sub>) with 0.1 % Tween 20 (SSC-Tw) at RT. Samples were incubated for 30 min in the amplification buffer at RT. Hairpins were heated at 95 °C for 90 s and then snap-cooled at RT for 30 min. The amplification step of HCR was performed with 6 pmol of each hairpin in the amplification buffer overnight (>12 h) at RT. Excess hairpins were removed by washing 2×5 min, 2×10 min, and 1×5 min with SSC-Tw. If not immediately mounted on slides, samples were stored in SSC-Tw at 4 °C. Otherwise, samples were immersed first in 50 % glycerol and then in 75 % glycerol, each for 30–60 min, and then mounted with VECTASHIELD®PLUS Antifade Mounting Medium with DAPI (H-2000). Slides were imaged on a Stellaris 5 Confocal Package system with the software Las X (Leica Microsystems). Each dye was imaged sequentially in a separate channel, to enhance the yield and avoid crosstalks. **Tab. 5.1** summarises the excitation and emission peaks for each dye. Images were then manipulated and post-produced using Fiji v2.14.0.

#### 5.2.4 Immunolocalization of Vasa

*M. galloprovincialis* Vasa sequence was manually inspected through multiple sequence alignment with Vasa from other bivalves (data from **Chapter 4**) and several reference

species (*Danio rerio* [Ddx4: NP\_571132.1]; *Homo sapiens* [Ddx4: NP\_077726.1]; *Mus musculus* [Ddx4: NP\_001139357.1]; *D. melanogaster* [Vasa: NP\_001260458.1]; *Caenorhabditis elegans* [GLH-1: NP\_001262379.1, GLH-2: NP\_491876.1, GLH-3: NP\_491681.1, GLH-4: NP\_491207.3]), to support commercial antibody specificity in *M. galloprovincialis*. The Vasa sequence from *D. rerio* was included as the polyclonal antibody was generated using the zebrafish protein variant (manufacturer indications; ab209710 by Abcam Limited). A maximum likelihood (ML) phylogenetic tree of Vasa genes and its paralog Ddx3 (reference genes: *D. rerio* [Ddx3Xa: NP\_001119895.1, Ddx3Xb: NP\_571016.2]; *H. sapiens* [DDX3X: NP\_001180346.1]; *M. musculus* [Pl10/Ddx3Xl: NP\_149068.1]; *D. melanogaster* [Belle: NP\_001262379.1]; *C. elegans* [LAF-1: NP\_001254859.1, VBH-1: NP\_001021793.1]) was built using IQTREE. The hidden Markov model (HMM) profile of the Asp-Glu-Ala-Asp/Asp-Glu-Ala-His box (DEAD/DEAH-box) signature domain for the amino acid guided alignment step, was built after the corresponding Pfam full database (PF00270). Methods are the same as in **Chapter 4**. Vasa immunolocalization in *M. galloprovincialis* embryos was performed following **Milani et al. (2011)** with modifications. All the steps were carried out in the dark to prevent MitoTracker fluorescence from fading. Dehydrated samples stored in methanol were rinsed 3Œ10 min and 1Œ2 h in 1Œ Tris-buffered saline (TBS; 10 mM Tris–HCl, 155 mM NaCl), following an additional wash for 10 min with PBS. Samples were then digested for 6 min and 30 s with 0.01 % pronase E (Merck) in PBS, and washed again 2Œ5 min in PBS. Permeabilization was performed in 1Œ TBS with Triton X-100 (TBS-Tx) 0.1 % for 5 min at RT and in TBS-Tx 1 % overnight at 4 °C. After an additional rinse for 5 min in TBS-Tx 0.1 %, non-specific binding sites were blocked with a TBS-Tx 0.1 % solution containing 3 % bovine serum albumin (BSA). Samples were then incubated at 4 °C for 32–48 h with primary anti-VASA/VAS antibody (polyclonal anti-VASA developed in rabbit; ab209710 by Abcam Limited), diluted 1:100. Excess primary antibody was rinsed from samples with 4Œ30 min in TBS-Tx 0.1 %, followed by an incubation of 1 h in TBS-Tx 0.1 % containing 3 % BSA. Samples were then incubated at 4 °C for 24–32 h with secondary antibody HRP anti-rabbit in goat (Santa Cruz Biotechnology Inc.), diluted 1:400. Excess secondary antibody was rinsed with 4Œ30 min in TBS-Tx 0.1 % and 1Œ1 h in 1 %. Samples were immersed first in 50 % glycerol and then in 75 % glycerol, each for 30–60 min, and then mounted with VECTASHIELD®PLUS Antifade Mounting Medium with DAPI (H-2000).

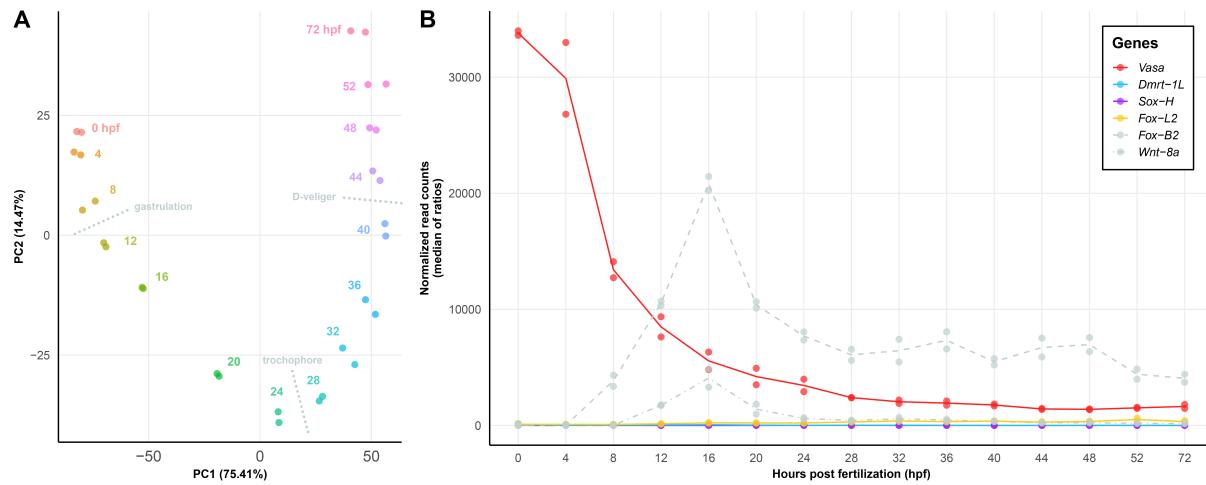
Slides were imaged on a Nikon A1R+ HD25 confocal microscope. Each dye was imaged sequentially in a separate channel, to enhance the yield and avoid any crosstalks. **Tab. 5.1** summarises the excitation and emission peaks for each dye. Images were then manipulated and post-produced using Fiji v2.14.0.

## 5.3 Results

### 5.3.1 Differential gene expression analysis of Vasa and SRGs in embryo time-series

Over 24 M reads were mapped for each RNA-sequencing library (86.58 % of the total input reads), with an average of 26.8 M (**Tab. S11**). Of these, an average of 22 M reads were uniquely mapped (71.86 % of the total input reads), while an average of 4.5 M were multi-mapped (14.72 % of the total input reads). The average of unmapped reads was 4.1 M (13.42 % of the total input reads; **Tab. S11**). The PCA on normalised read counts returned well-clustered experimental groups for time points between 8 and 36 hpf, while for stages before 8 hpf and after 36 hpf, experimental groups are more homogeneous among each other (**Fig. 5.1A**). This situation may reflect major developmental dynamics during embryogenesis and larval development. As a matter of fact, before 8 hpf, the embryo undergoes segmentation and no big morphogenetic movements are usually detected. Between 8 and 13 hpf, instead, gastrulation begins, the embryo experiences strong morphogenetic rearrangements (such as the formation of embryonic layers) and the trochophore larva develops, all processes which are expected to be detected also at the molecular level. After 36 hpf, instead, the larva does not show any dramatic morphogenetic event, as the D-veliger is almost formed and the gross advanced larval morphology is established. The hierarchical clustering of differentially expressed genes computed by **Miglioli et al. (2024)** is concordant with this view.

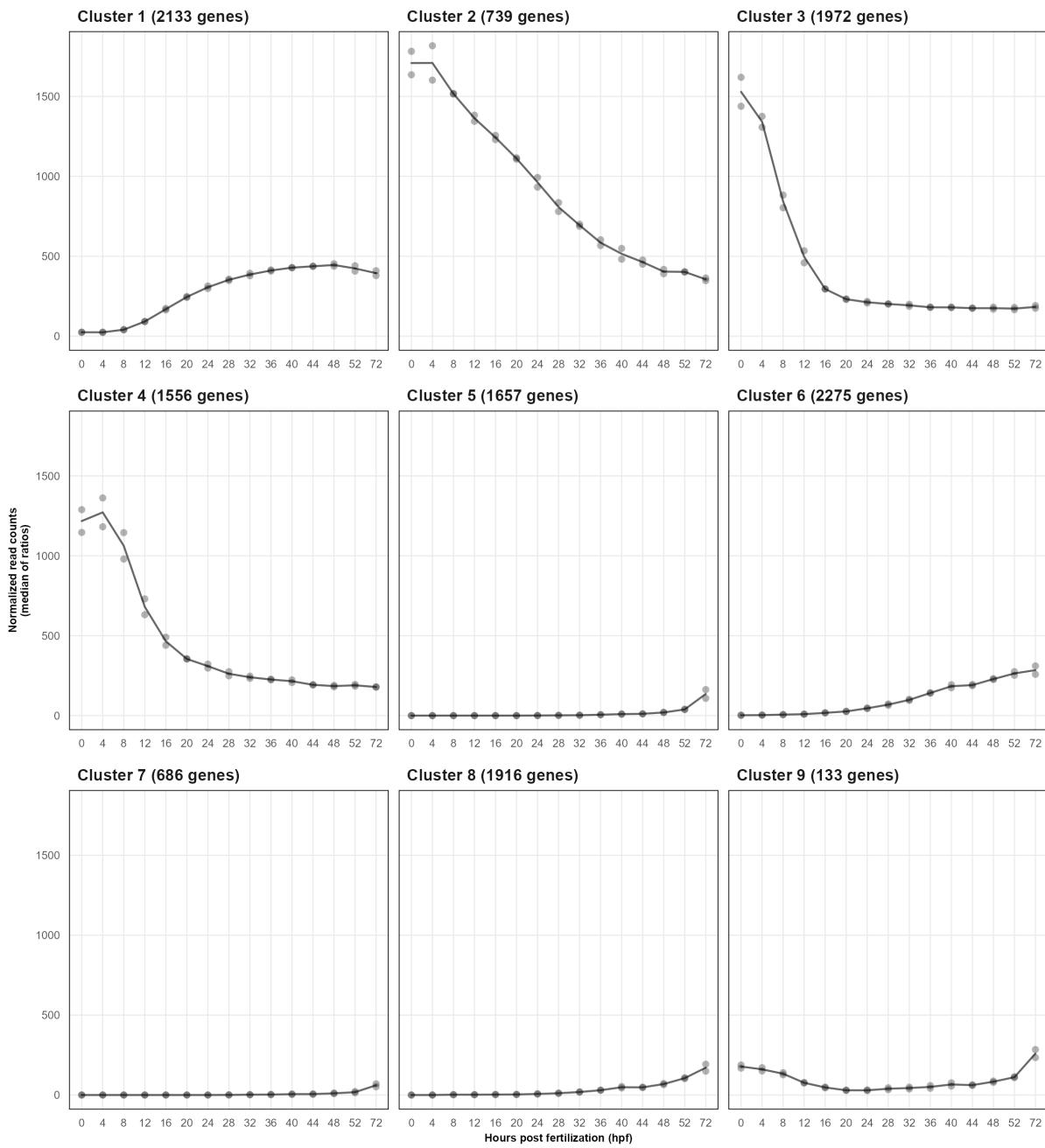
Transcription levels of *Vasa*, SRGs, *Fox-B2*, and *Wnt-8a* were plotted individually (**Fig. 5.1B**) to obtain a proxy of the expected outcome of HCR. *Fox-B2* and *Wnt-8a* were employed as control genes to get support for handling of data and of the pipeline, as they were also analysed by **Miglioli et al. (2024)**. The transcription of both genes starts at 4 and 8 hpf, respectively, reaches a peak at 16 hpf, and then constantly decreases



**Figure 5.1 – PCA of DESeq2-normalised read counts (A) and transcription levels of target and reference genes (B).** (A) Principal components (PCs) 1 and 2 are plotted in the x and y axes, respectively; the proportion of variance explained by each PC is shown in parentheses. Sampled time-points are shown in different colours and are indicated by the hours hours post fertilization (hpf). Major developmental transitions are marked with dotted lines. PCA has been performed on vst-transformed, normalised read counts (DESeq2 median of ratios). (B) Transcription levels of target (*Vasa*, *Dmrt-1L*, *Sox-H*, and *Fox-L2*) and reference genes (*Fox-B2* and *Wnt-8a*) as expressed by normalised read counts (DESeq2 median of ratios).

(**Fig. 5.1B**). *Vasa* transcripts are highly abundant in unfertilized oocytes and in embryos 4 hpf, then constantly decrease throughout time; conversely, *Fox-L2* transcripts increase from 12 hpf onward (**Fig. 5.1B**). Both *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H*, instead, show low or null levels of transcriptions throughout the entire time series (**Fig. 5.1B**).

The maSigPro DGE analysis of the *M. galloprovincialis* developmental time series found 13,067 differentially expressed genes (about 17 % of the analysed genes) and clustered them into 9 different groups, according to their specific transcriptional profiles (**Fig. 5.2**). Among the genes of interest, only *Vasa* and *Fox-L2* showed a significantly different transcriptional profile throughout the time series, and were included in clusters 3 and 1, respectively. As already discussed, *Vasa* and *Fox-L2* transcription levels show an opposite tendency, with the former decreasing and the latter increasing throughout time. Both *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H* were not found to be differentially transcribed by maSigPro and, thus, were not included in any cluster. The same holds true for *Wnt-8a* and *Fox-B2*.



**Figure 5.2 – Transcription patterns of differentially-expressed genes as inferred by maSigPro.**  
 Genes are divided into 9 different clusters according to their transcription patterns throughout 15 sampled time points. Median values of the two biological replicates are shown for each time point and represented by points. Mean values are shown for each time point and represented by solid lines. Vasa is included in Cluster 3, while *Fox-L2* in Cluster 1.

### 5.3.2 mRNA *in-situ* HCR of Vasa and SRGs

Overall, a total of 80 adult *M. galloprovincialis* individuals were sampled and staged for thermal-shock induced spawning. Of these, 8 males and 8 females were eventually

**Table 5.2 – Number of imaged samples, divided by developmental stage, experiment, and sex.**

Stage	Experiment	Females	Males	Undetermined	Total
<b>Oocytes</b>	<b>HCR</b>	–	–	–	<b>11</b>
2-cell embryos	HCR	8	9	1	18
4-cell embryos	HCR	9	3	0	12
8-cell embryos	HCR	11	3	0	14
12-hpf embryos	HCR	7	6	0	13
<b>Total embryos</b>	<b>HCR</b>	<b>35</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>57</b>
24-hpf larvae	HCR	0	1	11	12
48-hpf larvae	HCR	0	0	11	11
72-hpf larvae	HCR	1	1	8	10
<b>Total larvae</b>	<b>HCR</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>33</b>
<b>Oocytes</b>	<b>Negative control</b>	–	–	–	<b>5</b>
2-cell embryos	Negative control	7	2	0	9
4-cell embryos	Negative control	7	2	0	9
8-cell embryos	Negative control	5	1	0	6
12-hpf embryos	Negative control	0	0	3	3
<b>Total embryos</b>	<b>Negative control</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>Total larvae</b>	<b>Negative control</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Total imaged samples</b>	<b>All</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>137</b>

selected as parents for single (2 of each sex) and multiple (6 of each sex) crosses, on the basis of their gamete quality (i.e., presence sperm motility, and oocyte transparency and rounded shape). MitoTracker labelling was successfully retained in developing embryos of *M. galloprovincialis* until 12 hpf. After that stage, the stained sperm mitochondria were difficult to detect, and so was the dispersal pattern to establish the sexual identity.

After embryo rearing, fixation, and mRNA *in-situ* HCR of target genes, a total of 16 oocytes, 81 embryos and 33 mussel larvae were imaged (**Tab. 5.2**). Of these, on the basis of sperm mitochondria dispersal patterns, 55 were females (dispersed pattern), 28 were males (aggregated pattern) and 38 were of indeterminable sex (ambiguous pattern or unlabelled sperm mitochondria). For each stage, negative controls were also imaged (final count of 36), by staining just sperm mitochondria with MitoTracker and nuclei with DAPI, and going through the HCR protocol without adding probes in the hybridization step. A total of 137 samples were imaged.

The insitu\_probe\_generator script (**Kuehn et al., 2022**) generated: (i) 33 probe pairs conjugated with hairpin B1 and ALEXA-488 for *Vasa*; (ii) 32 probe pairs conjugated with

hairpin B2 and ALEXA-647 for *Dmrt-1L*; (iii) 27 probe pairs conjugated with hairpin B3 and ALEXA-546 for *Sox-H*; and (iv) 28 probe pairs conjugated with hairpin B4 and ALEXA-700 for *Fox-L2* (**Tab. 5.1** and **S12**). HCR labelling of genes of interest proved to be concordant with results obtained from RNA-seq analysis (see **Section 5.3.1**; **Fig. 5.1B**). Concerning *Vasa*, it has been detected throughout every sampled stage (**Fig. 5.3A**): transcripts were identified homogeneously in the cytoplasm of unfertilized oocytes, 2-, 4-, and 8-cell embryos; in gastrulae, *Vasa* is located mainly in the ingressed cells; in trochophores, it forms a cup-like structure in the region opposite to the shell-field; in D-larvae, it is mainly retained in two central areas adjacent to the valves (right and left sides of the larvae) in a sort of a comma-shaped region. Concerning *Dmrt-1L* (**Fig. 5.3B**), final images were quite noisy and showed putative non-specific staining at the level of embryo external surface and larvae shell, which may have interfered with the true signal of HCR for this gene; in any case, no clear labelling distribution pattern was found in embryos of both sexes. *Sox-H* mRNAs (**Fig. 5.3C**) were not detected during the imaged developmental stages. Conversely, *Fox-L2* transcripts have been detected starting from the 8-cell stage—where they are homogeneously present, to the D-veliger larvaewhere they appear to be mostly co-localized with *Vasa* (**Fig. 5.3D** and **E**). Imaging of control samples (i.e., without mRNA *in-situ* staining) can be found in **Fig. S16**.

### 5.3.3 Immunolocalization of Vasa

To determine whether the commercial polyclonal antibody (ab209710 by Abcam Limited) could successfully bind *M. galloprovincialis* Vasa, we conducted a phylogenetic analysis (**Fig. 5.4A**) and a multiple sequence alignment inspection (**Fig. 5.4B**) of Vasa/Ddx4 proteins, along with its paralog Ddx3, starting from the bivalve curated genome and transcriptome dataset analysed in **Chapter 4**. We retrieved three different Vasa sequences in the *M. galloprovincialis* genome (**Tab. S13**). Two of them (VDI03911.1 and VDI03912.1) are splicing variants of the same mRNA (acc. no. 10B017427) investigated through DGE and mRNA *in-situ* HCR in previous sections. Both variants are constituted by 17 exons and differ from each other for only eight leading amino acids at the protein N-terminus (**Fig. 5.4C**). Their DEAD/DEAH-box and C-terminal domains show high levels of sequence conservation with respect to *D. rerio* Vasa (**Fig. 5.4C**). Concerning the other Vasa *M. galloprovincialis* sequence (VDI58335.1), it originates from a separate genomic locus

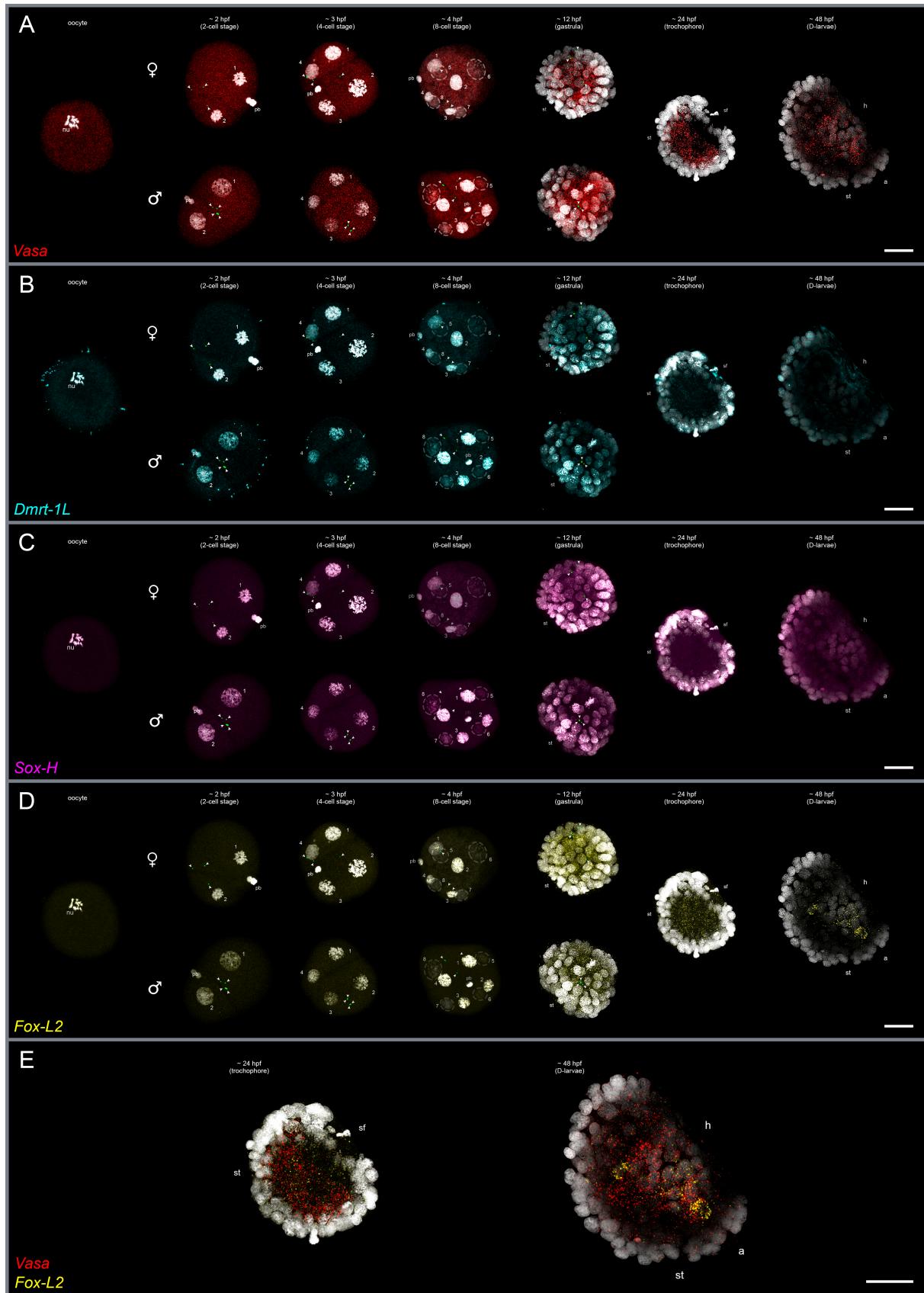


Figure 5.3 – Caption on next page.

**Figure 5.3 – mRNA *in-situ* HCR of *Vasa* (A), *Dmrt-1L* (B), *Sox-H* (C), *Fox-L2* (D), and *Vasa+Fox-L2* (merged; E) in several developmental stages of *M. galloprovincialis*.** Nuclei are shown in white; in the 2-, 4-, and 8-cell stages, nuclei are also marked with numbers; in the 8-cell stage, nuclei of blastomeres in the background are highlighted with dashed circles. Sperm mitochondria, when stained (shown in green), are marked with arrowheads. For 2-cell, 4-cell, 8-cell, and gastrula stages, embryos of both sexes are reported (top rows: females; bottom rows: males). a: anus; h: hinge; nu: oocyte nucleus; pb: polar body; sf: shell field; st: stomodeum. All figures are maximum projections of z-stacked confocal imaging. Scale bar: 20 µm. (Figure on previous page.)

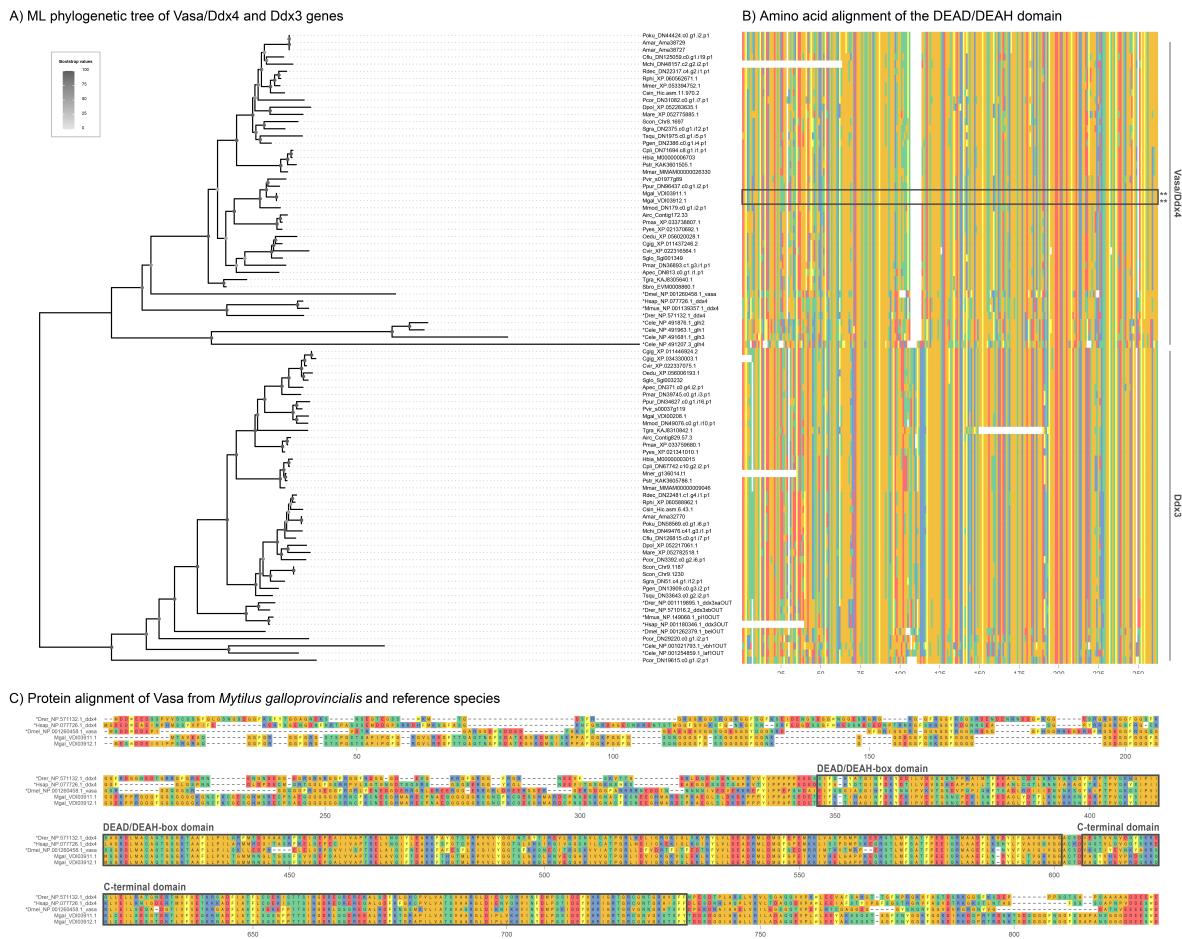
and appears very short (105 amino acid positions) if compared to other Vasa from bivalves (>800; data not shown). Additionally, it does not exhibit any complete DEAD/DEAH-box domain (as per CDD domain annotation). This considered, the additional Vasa gene (and its relative protein) may be an artefact due to genome mis-assembly and/or mis-annotation, or a non-functional gene. Thus, we argue that it should not affect the correct immunolocalization of the *M. galloprovincialis* Vasa proteins, and will not be further discussed.

Unfortunately, the amount of available samples and antibodies for the experiment was limited. Therefore, we managed to acquire just two oocytes, two 2-cell embryos, and one gastrula. Nonetheless, from the obtained images, we found that Vasa proteins are apparently missing from the oocytes, but can be detected at increasing levels on embryos after 4 hpf (Fig. 5.5) and during gastrulation, with a localization matching that of *Vasa* mRNAs (Fig. 5.4A). Imaging of control samples (i.e., without primary antibody reaction) can be found in Fig. S17.

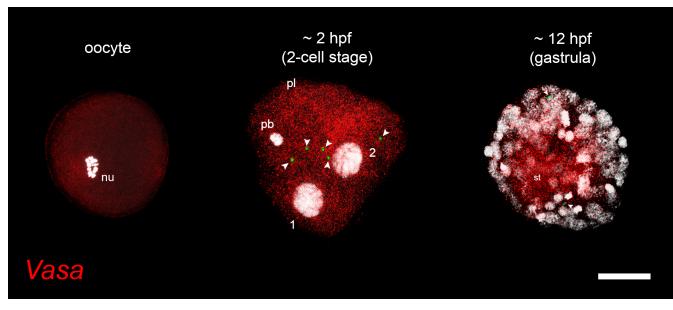
## 5.4 Discussion

### 5.4.1 Sperm mitochondria are not detected after 12 hpf because of Mi-toTracker misincorporation or fading

Because of the presence of the unique DUI of mitochondria, *M. galloprovincialis* offers a compelling system to investigate SD during the early stages of embryogenesis. As a matter of fact, the sexual fate of an embryo appears to be established as soon as the first cleavage division, according to the dispersal pattern of sperm mitochondria (Saavedra et al., 1997;



**Figure 5.4 – ML phylogenetic tree of Vasa/Ddx4 and Ddx3 proteins from bivalves and reference species (A), along with the amino acid alignment of the relative DEAD/DEAH-box (B) and of Vasa proteins from *M. galloprovincialis* and reference species (C). (A)** The tree has been rooted considering the Ddx4 clade as the outgroup. Reference genes from *D. rerio*, *H. sapiens*, *M. musculus*, *D. melanogaster*, and *C. elegans* are marked with an asterisk (\*) at the beginning of the tip. Bootstrap values are shown for each node. (B) The alignment of the DEAD/DEAH-box is shown for each tip. The signature DEAD (Asp-Glu-Ala-Asp) motif can be found at positions 198–201. Vasa sequences from *M. galloprovincialis* are highlighted with a solid rectangle and two asterisks (\*\*) on the right. (C) The alignment of complete Vasa sequences from *M. galloprovincialis*, *D. rerio*, *H. sapiens*, and *D. melanogaster* is shown. *C. elegans* has not been included for clarity purpose, because the species has multiple Vasa orthologs. The signature DEAD/DEAH-box and C-terminal-associated domains are highlighted with solid rectangles. Note that position coordinates are not the same between (B) and (C). Colours of amino acid residues in both (B) and (C) correspond to the 'Chemistry\_AA' scheme from the R package 'ggmsa', which highlights the amino acid side-chain chemistry (Zhou et al., 2022). Bivalve species IDs as in Tab. S1. Cele: *Caenorhabditis elegans*; Drer: *Danio rerio*; Dmel: *Drosophila melanogaster*; Hsap: *Homo sapiens*; Mmus: *Mus musculus*. Full descriptions of gene names, accession numbers, and species can be found in Tab. S13.



**Figure 5.5 – Immunolocalization of Vasa in *M. galloprovincialis* oocyte and embryos.** Nuclei are shown in white. Sperm mitochondria (in green) are marked with arrowheads. nu: oocyte nucleus; pl: polar lobe; pb: polar body; st: stomodeum. All figures are maximum projections of z-stacked confocal imagining. Scale bar: 20 µm.

**Cao et al., 2004)**: (i) if the embryo is going to develop into a female, sperm mitochondria can be found scattered across different blastomeres; (ii) if the embryo is going to develop into a male, sperm mitochondria are found aggregated all in the same blastomere (usually the macromere), being subsequently transferred to PGCs as part of the germ plasm. Therefore, in order to be able to establish the sexual identity of embryos and link it to any differential transcriptions of DSGGs, we labelled sperm mitochondria with MitoTracker (prior to oocyte fertilisation), and check for their dispersal patterns throughout the various sampled stages. Note that the processes of SD and DUI are not necessarily causally linked (**Kenchington et al., 2009**). Despite being successfully retained in developing embryos up until 12 hpf, the MitoTracker fluorescence was difficult to detect in later stages, and so was the mitochondrial dispersal pattern. This phenomenon may have been caused by: (i) misincorporation of MitoTracker during pre-fertilization sperm incubation; (ii) MitoTracker fading after intense manipulation of samples; (iii) MitoTracker dye being incompatible with proper embryo development, i.e., labelled embryos not surviving after 12 hpf. Based on previous studies showing that MitoTracker labelling of sperm mitochondria (including the relative dispersed and aggregated patterns) can be observed up until the late D-larva stage in *Mytilus edulis* (72 hpf; **Cao et al., 2004**), we argue that (i) and (ii) are the most likely explanation for the dye not being detected in samples after 12 hpf. Therefore, MitoTracker has not interfered with the correct development of embryos. However, it must be considered that we employed a rosamine-based MitoTracker dye (MitoTracker Red; which better resists aldehydic fixation), while **Cao et al. (2004)** used a carbocyanine-based MitoTracker dye (MitoTracker Green). This may have determined different effects on cell vitality, thus making results not comparable to each other. As a matter of fact, despite MitoTracker dyes are life-compatible as per manufacturers indications, **Minamikawa et**

**al. (1999)** showed that rosamine-based MitoTracker dyes have photosensitising effects on cells. This means that cells labelled with MitoTracker Red may be committed to apoptosis if exposed to intense light, which induce the loss of the mitochondrial membrane potential and consequent mitochondria swelling. However, based on our experimental conditions, we argue that MitoTracker Red photosensitisation has had a minimal effect, if any, on embryo development. As a matter of fact, after sperm MitoTracker staining, samples were kept in the dark throughout the entire sampling period (MitoTracker Red cytotoxicity is not evident in the dark; **Minamikawa et al., 1999**), with limited exposure to environmental light just in correspondence with water changes; furthermore, the photosensitisation has been shown to significantly increase with light doses exceeding  $0.4\text{ J/cm}^2$  (cell-colony mortality rate of 60–80 % compared to control colonies; **Minamikawa et al., 1999**), which is higher than typical environmental light exposure (the solar constant is measured at around  $1.362\text{ kW/m}^2$ , equivalent to  $0.1367\text{ J/cm}^2\text{ s}$ ); (iii) only a little proportion of mitochondria (the 5 sperm-derived mitochondria) have been labelled with MitoTracker, while the oocyte-derived ones remained unlabelled. Altogether, we think that MitoTracker Red staining did not determine a cytotoxic effect on *M. galloprovincialis* embryos and the consequent survival of only unlabelled embryos. Thus, we conclude that MitoTracker was not properly detected on samples older than 12 hpf because of misincorporation since the beginning or the dye fading. However, we acknowledge that a formal survival and vitality test should be performed on *M. galloprovincialis* embryos marked with MitoTracker Red, in order to exclude any possible cytotoxic effect.

#### **5.4.2 Exploring the processes of SD in the *M. galloprovincialis* early development**

To date, the molecular basis of bivalve SD has been investigated mainly in adult tissues (e.g., **Li, Zhang, et al., 2018; Liang et al., 2019; Wang et al., 2020; Sun et al., 2022; Wang et al., 2022**). As a matter of fact, considering that in many bivalve species gonads form anew at the beginning of every reproductive season from several populations of PGCs (**Filanti et al., 2021**), it can be speculated that the sexual identity may be established in correspondence with each new gonad formation. This observation would also explain the process by which many bivalve species are capable of sex changes and sex reversal

from one reproductive season to the other (**Breton et al., 2018**). Nonetheless, animal SD is a key developmental process often triggered soon after fertilisation and occurring throughout the early development, as can be observed for example in mammals and fruit flies (**Salz and Erickson, 2010; Beukeboom and Perrin, 2014; Richardson et al., 2023**). Consequently, a full understanding of SD in bivalves needs to account also for the events taking place during embryo and larval life stages. To our best knowledge, the only investigation of bivalve SRGs during non-adult stages comes from the Pacific oyster *Crassostrea gigas* (**Naimi et al., 2009**), where the transcription levels of *Vasa*, *Dmrt-1L*, and *Fox-L2* have been investigated through qRT-PCR. In this work, however, only stages between 7 dpf larvae and 4-month-old spats have been tested, and a direct association of the *Dmrt-1L/Fox-L2* transcription levels with SD could not be established. As a matter of fact, sexes cannot be differentiated in oysters before the onset of gametogenesis, and thus the sex of developing embryos/larvae/spats cannot be properly established (**Naimi et al., 2009**).

In this work, we aimed to expand the knowledge of bivalve SD by investigating for the first time the transcription patterns of three bivalve SDG candidates—belonging to the DSFG families, during the embryogenesis and early larval development of the Mediterranean mussel *M. galloprovincialis*. This species allows to infer sex of developing embryos by tracing the sperm mitochondria distribution patterns (see **Section 5.1; Section 5.4.1**). To this purpose, we employed an explorative investigation through a DGE analysis, and mRNA *in-situ* HCR. Our experimental setting, which included the sperm mitochondria labelling, allowed us to *a-priori* establish the sex of developing embryos and larvae, and thus to link any differential transcription pattern of DSFGs to the sexual identity.

The DGE analysis showed that the inferred transcription levels of control genes, *Fox-B2* and *Wnt-8a* (**Fig. 5.1B**), are coherent with the ones reported by **Miglioli et al. (2024)**, indicating that the results obtained from other genes can be considered reliable. The low or null transcription levels of both *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H* (**Fig. 5.1B**) may derive from the absence of transcription itself. However, it must be taken into account that *M. galloprovincialis* shows a mother-dependent sex ratio (**Saavedra et al., 1997**), that is, the percentage of females and males in the progeny is tightly linked to the mothers nuclear genome, while being independent from the fathers. Thus, considering that **Miglioli et**

al. (2024) do not specify the sex-ratio of the sequenced embryo pool, the possibility that the low expression levels of *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H* may be caused by some sex-biased related effect cannot be ruled out. Nonetheless, mRNA *in-situ* HCR supports also for our samples the scenario depicted by the DGE analysis, that is, the two genes are likely not transcribed, as no unambiguous signal was detected (**Fig. 5.3B–C**). Concerning *Dmrt-1L*, we think that an additional and more thorough investigation is needed, as the confocal imaging step seemed to have been affected by autofluorescent signals coming from the embryo surface and the larval shell, and/or by a-specific binding of probes (**Fig. 5.3B**). Thus, to obtain more reliable results, a new mRNA *in-situ* HCR experiment on *Dmrt-1L* should be designed, possibly using a set of amplifiers and fluorophores which is different from the ones employed here (B2-647; **Tab. 5.1**).

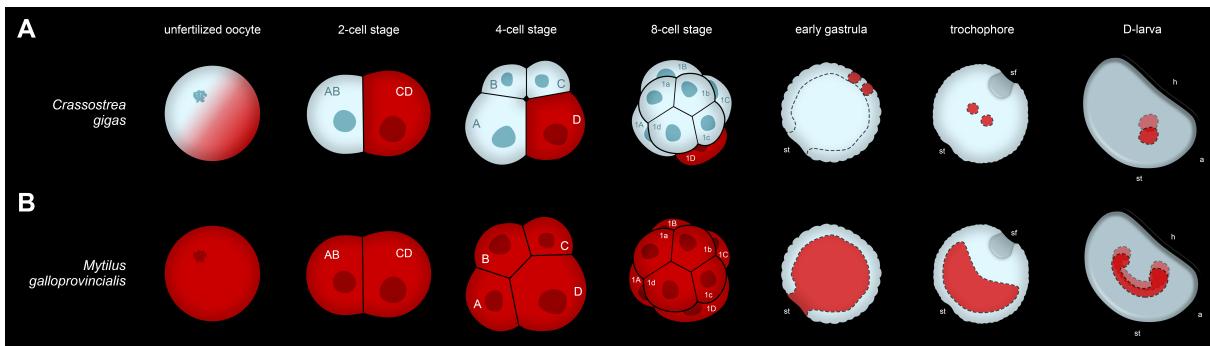
The transcription levels of *Fox-L2* are opposed to those of *Vasa* (see **Section 5.3**; **Section 5.4.3**; **Fig. 5.1A**): the gene is not transcribed up until about 12 hpf, i.e., corresponding to gastrulation; from this stage onward, the gene transcription is detected homogeneously all over the embryo, and then becomes restricted to two regions located at both sides of the D-veliger larvae (**Fig. 5.3D**). In particular, in this stage of development, *Fox-L2* appears to be co-localised with *Vasa* (**Fig. 5.3E**), suggesting a role in PGC specification and/or differentiation. No sex-biased transcription has been detected for *Fox-L2*, though it must be considered that after 12 hpf we were not able to confidently establish the sexual identity of embryos/larvae through the localization of sperm-derived mitochondria (see **Section 5.4.1**). Thus, although it is tempting to speculate a possible role of *Fox-L2* in the specification of female gonads, as proposed by **Zhang et al. (2014)** in *C. gigas*, no definitive conclusions can be drawn at this time.

All considered, this work suggests two scenarios: (1) *Dmrt-1L*, *Sox-H*, and/or *Fox-L2* are truly SDGs, or in any case are top regulators in the bivalve SD process (as proposed by previous authors [Zhang et al., 2014; Li, Zhang, et al., 2018] and by the comparative genomics analysis of **Chapter 4**), though in *M. galloprovincialis* their activation (hence, SD) does not occur in early development, but in later stages; (2) *Dmrt-1L*, *Sox-H*, and *Fox-L2* are not SDGs, but are involved in gonad differentiation and maintenance in adult individuals (as found in previous works). That said, the two possibilities should not be viewed as mutually exclusive. As a matter of fact, *Dmrt-1L*, *Sox-H*, and/or *Fox-L2* may

be required during *M. galloprovincialis* development for early SD, which however occur at advanced larval/spat stages, as observed in *C. gigas* (SD occurs at 40–60 dpf; **Naimi et al., 2009; Santerre et al., 2013**), but they are also required in adults to allow PGCs to initiate the sex-specific gonad development and differentiation at every reproductive season. As a matter of fact, a similar expression pattern has been seen for *M. galloprovincialis* *Vasa*, whose transcription is detectable in PGCs at a low level during the non-reproductive season, and at a high level both in immature mussels and in the reproductive season (**Obata et al., 2010**). Thus, it can be speculated that the genes triggering the SD cascade may be following similar paths.

#### **5.4.3 Primordial germ cells are specified by both preformation and epigenesis in *M. galloprovincialis***

The process of gonad specification (including PGCs) in bivalves have been studied in several species, both in adults (e.g., **Fabioux, Pouvreau, et al., 2004; Obata et al., 2010; Filanti et al., 2021**) and during early development (**Woods, 1932; Fabioux, Huvet, et al., 2004; Kakoi et al., 2008**). In the pea clam *Sphaerium striatum* (**Woods, 1932**), the specification of the germline is traced back to the unfertilized oocyte, where the germline determinants (in the form of electron-dense granules, mainly containing mitochondria) are included in an asymmetric region of the cytoplasm (the germ plasm). The zygote segmentation then segregates the germ plasm in single blastomeres, until in the gastrula it is found only in two quiescent PGCs, which derives from the 4d blastomere (nomenclature as per **Lyons et al., 2012**). In the Pacific oyster *C. gigas* (**Fabioux, Huvet, et al., 2004**), a similar process of PGC formation has been described. The germline marker *Vasa* is found to be maternally transmitted to the embryo and deposited in a region (the germ plasm) at the vegetal pole of the oocyte. With the onset of segmentation, *Vasa* progressively segregates in single blastomeres, until it is found only in two separated cell clumps at both sides of the pericardic region in the D-larva (**Fig. 5.6A**), where they will form PGCs. The two cell clumps derive again from the 4d blastomere and, in adult oysters, they will periodically proliferate and migrate to the adjacent connective tissue to build gonad acini during the reproductive season (**Fabioux, Pouvreau, et al., 2004; Milani et al., 2017**). A different mechanism has instead been proposed for the Japanese spiny oyster



**Figure 5.6 – Comparison of Vasa localization (in red) during the Pacific oyster *C. gigas* (A) and the Mediterranean mussel *M. galloprovincialis* (B) early development.** Drawings not in scale. Data of *C. gigas* from **Fabioix et al. (2004)**. Blastomere nomenclature as per **Lyons et al. (2012)**. a: anus; h: hinge; st: stomodeum; sf: shell field.

*Saccostrea kegaki* (**Kakoi et al., 2008**). Here, *Vasa* is said to be transcribed all over the embryo until the 8-cell stage (data are not available on the original publication), becoming progressively more restricted to certain blastomeres only after the 50-cell stage. With gastrulation, *Vasa* is detected only at the posterior mesoderm, which derives from the 4d blastomere. In the present work, in the attempt to investigate the transcription patterns of several SDGs, we also characterised the emergence of PGCs in the early development of *M. galloprovincialis* by mean of *Vasa*/Vasa localization, thus providing an additional description of PGC development in bivalves.

According to the DGE analysis, *Vasa* shows a transcription pattern typical of maternal factors (**Xu et al., 2018**), which are stored as transcripts in the oocytes during oogenesis and then constantly decrease throughout embryo segmentation, gastrulation and early larval development, down to undetectable levels (**Fig. 5.1B**). mRNA *in-situ* HCR confirmed these results, showing that *Vasa* mRNA is located all over the cytoplasm of the oocyte and in all the blastomeres up until the gastrulation stage, when cells positive to *Vasa* move to constitute internal cell layers; following additional morphogenetic movements, *Vasa*-positive cells are eventually present only in two limited regions at both the lateral sides of the D-veliger (**Fig. 5.3A**). On the contrary, immunolocalization showed a different temporal distribution pattern compared to its mRNA, revealing that *Vasa* does not occur in the oocyte, but that its translation begins at low level only with segmentation of the zygote and then increases with gastrulation (**Fig. 5.5**). This different localisation is likely the result of a delay in *Vasa* mRNA translation, which is activated only during

the embryo segmentation and grows with the increase of cell number. Nonetheless, this different localisation pattern of mRNA and protein may also have been determined by the differential transcription/translation of the two *Vasa* splicing variants annotated in the *M. galloprovincialis* genome, or by a non-specific binding of either the HCR DNA probes or the primary polyclonal antibody. However, considering that the two *Vasa*/Vasa variants are mostly identical, except for eight leading amino acids at the protein N-terminus (**Fig. 5.4C**), in our experiments we should have been able to target both. As a matter of fact, identifying any differential expression between the two variants would be almost impossible, either through mRNA *in-situ* HCR or immunolocalization. Accordingly, the DGE analyses failed in retrieving any dissimilarity in the transcription levels of the two splicing variants (data not shown), as the experiment was based on short-read sequencing (**Miglioli et al., 2024**). Regarding the HCR probes, they have been specifically designed on the complete *Vasa* mRNA spliced sequence, which has already been proven to specifically label PGCs in a previous analysis on *M. galloprovincialis* sub-adults and adults individuals (**Obata et al., 2010**). Regarding the commercial antibody, given the high sequence similarity between the Vasa proteins from *M. galloprovincialis* and *D. rerio* (the protein used to produce the antibody; see **Section 5.2**), at least in their core regions (i.e., the DEAD/DEAH-box and the C-terminal domains; **Fig. 5.4C**), we are confident that the immunolocalization procedure correctly labelled Vasa proteins; furthermore, the same set of polyclonal antibodies has been shown to successfully target PGCs/GCs in another bivalve species, *Ruditapes philippinarum*, and its specificity has been supported by Western blotting (**Filanti et al., 2021**). We thus consider our results to be strongly reliable in the correct localization of *Vasa*/Vasa.

Altogether, the present study shows a process of germline specification in the Mediterranean mussel which resembles that of *S. kegaki*, but differs from the one described in *C. gigas* (**Fig. 5.6A**) and *S. striatum*. As a matter of fact, contrary to these latter two species, in *M. galloprovincialis* *Vasa* transcripts do not form any evident gradient in the oocyte and early stages of embryogenesis (until 8-cell stage), while becoming progressively more restricted to specific cell populations only later in development (**Fig. 5.3** and **5.6B**). Particularly, with the onset of gastrulation, *Vasa*-positive cells are internalised in the developing gastrula, and *Vasa* is thus retained only by the inner cell layers. Once the embryo metamorphoses into a trochophore larva, *Vasa* transcripts arrange in a cup-like structure

in the region opposite to the shell field (the ventral side), while in the early D-veliger *Vasa* is present only in two lateral regions next to the valves. Here, PGCs are going to form, eventually constituting two symmetrical linear clumps at the base of the dorsal mantle (**Obata et al., 2010**), which is going to represent the primary source of stem cells for gonad acini formation at every reproductive season (**Obata et al., 2010**). This mechanism is also reflected in the localization of *Vasa* proteins, which do not show any clear gradient in the oocyte (from which is absent) and at least up until gastrulation. Altogether, these findings suggest that in the Mediterranean mussel, *Vasa*/*Vasa* may segregate in the PGCs not only because of their inheritance as maternal factors (through preformation), but also in response to some external (and unknown) zygotic signal (through epigenesis). Therefore, *Vasa* alone do not allow to identify the presumptive primordial germ cells (pPGCs) or the PGCs during the earliest stages of development, as instead it has been shown in adult individuals (i.e., upon PGC formation; **Obata et al., 2010**). Given that *Vasa*/*Vasa* mark a population of cells instead of few blastomeres (those constituting the pPGCs), *Vasa* may consequently play a role also in the broader field of stem cell specification during embryogenesis, as shown in the marine polychaete *Platynereis dumerilii* (**Rebscher et al., 2007**) and the sea urchin *Strongylocentrotus purpuratus* (**Voronina et al., 2008**). In these two species, the germline is specified via an intermediate process relying on both preformation and epigenesis, which can be considered a two-step process (**Rebscher et al., 2007; Kumano, 2015**). In this model, a lineage of pluripotent stem cells (PSCs) first segregates during early embryogenesis, and then produces PGCs and other mesodermal somatic structures by unequal cell division. The germline markers, including *Vasa*, are thus localised in both the PSCs and in the descendant PGCs. A similar pattern of *Vasa* localisation (i.e., ubiquitously present in oocytes and during early cleavage of the embryo, then progressively restricted to specific blastomeres) has also been shown in the snail *Ilyanassa obsoleta* (**Swartz et al., 2008**) and the abalone *Haliotis asinina* (**Kranz et al., 2010**), despite not being directly linked to PSC specification.

## 5.5 Conclusion

In the present work, we hypothesise that the PGC specification in *M. galloprovincialis* follows a two-step process (i.e., a combination of both preformation and epigenesis), which

involves the PGCs to be formed only after embryogenesis (**Kumano, 2015**). A similar process may also be hypothesised for *S. kegaki* (**Kakoi et al., 2008**). This mechanism may explain why *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H*, if confirmed as SDGs, are not transcribed during the investigated developmental stages. SD would in fact happen only upon PGC commitment, thus during advanced larval development. This explanation may seem in contrast with the presence of DUI in *M. galloprovincialis*, as one should expect sex to be determined as early as the establishment of the pattern of male mitochondria localization, i.e., upon the first cleavage division of the zygote (**Fig. 5.3; Zouros, 2013; Ghiselli et al., 2019**). However, it must be taken into account that male mitochondrial genomes and maleness, despite being co-inherited, are not casually linked in mussels (**Kenchington et al., 2009**). In fact, it is possible to obtain male individuals lacking the male mitochondrial genome, as instead it should be expected in DUI species (**Kenchington et al., 2009**). Thus, the hypothesis that SD in *M. galloprovincialis* may take place after embryogenesis still holds true.

The present work represents the first attempt to characterise the spatial localisation of three DSFGs in the Mediterranean mussel embryonic and larval development, along with *Vasa/Vasa*, and proves the importance of considering also the developmental stages when investigating new species in a comparative framework. Adopting such an evolutionary developmental perspective may in fact reveal new processes and patterns in animal biology, even when considering closely-related species. As a matter of fact, on the basis of available studies, it has been previously proposed that PGC specification is generally based on epigenesis in gastropods and preformation in bivalves (**Obata and Komaru, 2012**), even though the underlying mechanisms may be species-specific (**Obata and Komaru, 2012**). However, the model represented by the Mediterranean mussel showed that the process of PGC specification may be more diverse in bivalves than expected: preformation happens in *C. gigas* and *S. striatum*, and the two-step process happens instead in *S. kegaki*, and, as we propose, in *M. galloprovincialis*. Therefore, results provided by the present work support the idea that the traditional preformation and epigenesis should not be accounted as mutually-exclusive phenomena nor as the only mechanisms of PGC formation (**Extavour, 2007; Kumano, 2015**). Clearly, given the unavailability of any PGC marker in bivalve embryos and larvae (and in mollusc in general), at the moment it is not possible to unambiguously establish the emergence and commitment of PGCs during

embryogenesis (**Rebscher, 2014**), especially if based only on few germline genes. As a matter of fact, PGCs may share certain genetic markers (e.g., *Vasa*, *Nanos*, *Piwi*, and *Pl-10*) also with some stem cell lineages (**Extavour and Akam, 2003; Extavour, 2007; Rebscher et al., 2007; Voronina et al., 2008; Rebscher, 2014; Piccinini and Milani, 2023**). Thus, more comprehensive investigations are needed to fully and unambiguously characterise the emergence of the germline in bivalve embryos, for example through the examination of the histological and cytological morphology and of genetic regulations (**Extavour and Akam, 2003**). A similar scenario holds true also for SD and SDGs. In fact, we should not expect that the sex-determining process, together with its underlying gene regulatory networks and the timing of its expression, is the same across the entire bivalve diversity. SD is indeed one of the most variable developmental processes, despite its importance in the morphological development of an organism (**Capel, 2017**). However, it can be expected that the main actors, being them genetics or environmental or of multiple origin, are conserved, at least in having a role along the whole SD process (**Capel, 2017**). Future studies would thus need to further address the functions of the main DSFG candidates, as well as the modes of SD and germline development, through cutting-edge techniques (such as single-cell RNA-sequencing) and possibly also encompassing various life stages. In this sense, it is tempting to consolidate the role of the Mediterranean mussel as a model system for SD and germline studies by taking advantage not only of the DUI of mitochondria as a proxy for the sexual identity, but also of the ability of the species to produce a sex-biased offspring with the sole maternal influence (**Saavedra et al., 1997**). This would allow a more thorough and straightforward investigation of the determinants influencing the sex and germline specification of developing mussels, by means of targeted RNA-sequencing and transcript/protein localisation.

# Chapter 6

## Conclusions

The main objective of this PhD thesis was to investigate bivalve sex determination (SD) through the lens of evolutionary and integrative biology. Bivalves is a group of animals characterised by highly heterogeneous sexual and reproductive modes, with strictly gonochoristic species, obligate and facultative hermaphrodites (either protandrous, protogynous and bidirectional), as well as androgenetic systems. Both genetic and environmental factors seem to influence the sexual identity, at various degrees according to the species, and heteromorphic sex chromosomes (HeSCs) seem to have not been selected throughout the bivalve evolutionary history. Therefore, a rigorous comparative approach is essential to unravel the extreme complexity that regulates bivalve SD. Particularly, by combining bioinformatics with *wet-lab* techniques, including genomics, phylogenetics, molecular evolution analyses, differential gene expression (DGE), mRNA *in-situ* hybridization chain reaction (HCR), and immunolocalization, this work lays the foundation to understanding how sex-determination related genes (SRGs), with a special focus on the Dmrt, Sox, and Fox gene (DSFG) families, have evolved and may function in sex-determining processes across the bivalve taxonomic diversity.

In **Chapter 3**, the emerging role of bivalves as model organisms for SD studies has been emphasised through a critical examination of the current knowledge. The complexity of bivalve reproduction and sexual systems underscored the need to view SD not as a binary and stationary process, but rather as a highly dynamic continuum influenced by multiple genetic and environmental factors. Adopting this broader perspective will allow for a more effective investigation of the biology of SD.

In **Chapter 4**, the molecular evolution of SRGs across a range of bivalve species was

analysed. The findings revealed patterns of accelerated amino acid sequence divergence (AASD) in key SRGs, namely *Dmrt 1-like* (*Dmrt-1L*) and *Sox-H*, supporting the hypothesis that these genes are deeply involved in SD mechanisms, possibly even as primary sex-determining genes (SDGs). Thanks to a comparative study which encompassed the analysis of additional control datasets—mammals and *Drosophila*, the validity of the results has been confirmed and discussed in the light of a broader framework. This comparative approach allowed for the identification of evolutionary convergences and divergences, advancing our understanding of the patterns of molecular evolution in animal SRGs.

**Chapter 5** focused on gene expression studies in the Mediterranean mussel *Mytilus galloprovincialis*, offering insights into the SD process in early development. Particularly, *Dmrt-1L* and *Sox-H* appear to not be expressed during these stages, while *Fox-L2* transcription starts only with the onset of gastrulation. This suggests that either these genes are not top regulators of SD, or that SD occurs only later in development, thus their expression is not found during the analysed stages. The latter interpretation would be in line with the pattern of primordial germ cell (PGC) specification in *M. galloprovincialis*, which begins only in correspondence with the onset of gastrulation, thus not following a strict preformation model as in other studied bivalves.

Overall, this thesis further demonstrates that bivalves, with their vast reproductive and sexual diversity, serve as ideal models for investigating the complexity of SD. By integrating genomic analyses with developmental biology, this work provides a new framework for understanding how SRG evolve and function in diverse species. Future studies could build on these insights by exploring the functional roles of SRGs through other advanced techniques (such as CRISPR-Cas9), thus expanding our understanding of the genetic underpinnings of SD and differentiation. This integrative approach has the potential to unlock new knowledge not only in bivalves but across a wide array of species, deepening our understanding of the evolutionary forces shaping reproductive biology in animals.

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# Appendix

The appendix includes the titles and abstracts of the papers published during my PhD that are not part of this thesis.

# Taxonomic revision of the Australian stick insect genus *Candovia* (Phasmida: Necrosciinae): insight from molecular systematics and species-delimitation approaches.

Giobbe Forni<sup>1,2</sup>, Alex Cussigh<sup>1,2</sup>, Paul D. Brock<sup>3</sup>, Braxton R. Jones<sup>4</sup>, Filippo Nicolini<sup>1</sup>, Jacopo Martelossi<sup>1</sup>, Andrea Luchetti<sup>1</sup>, Barbara Mantovani<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Biological, Geological and Environmental Sciences, University of Bologna, Bologna, Italy.

<sup>2</sup>Department of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences, University of Milan, Milano, Italy.

<sup>3</sup>The Natural History Museum, Cromwell Road, London, UK.

<sup>4</sup>School of Life and Environmental Sciences, The University of Sydney, Sydney NSW 2006, Australia.

**Published in:** 2023, *Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society*, 197:189–210. doi: [10.1093/zoolinnean/zlac074](https://doi.org/10.1093/zoolinnean/zlac074)

**Abstract.** The Phasmida genus *Candovia* comprises nine traditionally recognized species, all endemic to Australia. In this study, *Candovia* diversity is explored through molecular species-delimitation analyses using the *COI<sub>Fol</sub>* gene fragment and phylogenetic inferences leveraging seven additional mitochondrial and nuclear loci. Molecular results were integrated with morphological observations, leading us to confirm the already described species and to the delineation of several new taxa and of the new genus *Paracandovia*. New *Candovia* species from various parts of Queensland and New South Wales are described and illustrated (*C. alata* sp. nov., *C. byfieldensis* sp. nov., *C. dingleishae* sp. nov., *C. eungellensis* sp. nov., *C. karasi* sp. nov., *C. koensi* sp. nov. and *C. wollumbinensis* sp. nov.). New combinations are proposed and species removed from synonymy with the erection of the new genus *Paracandovia* (*P. cercata* stat. rev., comb. nov., *P. longipes* stat. rev., comb. nov., *P. pallida* comb. nov., *P. peridromes* comb. nov., *P. tenera* stat. rev., comb. nov.). Phylogenetic analyses suggest that the egg capitulum may have independently evolved multiple times throughout the evolutionary history of

these insects. Furthermore, two newly described species represent the first taxa with fully developed wings in this previously considered apterous clade.

# Comparative genomics of *Hox* and *ParaHox* genes among major lineages of Branchiopoda with emphasis on tadpole shrimps.

Filippo Nicolini<sup>1,2</sup>, Jacopo Martelossi<sup>1</sup>, Giobbe Forni<sup>3</sup>, Castrense Savojardo<sup>4</sup>, Barbara Mantovani<sup>1</sup>, Andrea Luchetti<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Biological, Geological and Environmental Sciences, University of Bologna, Bologna, Italy.

<sup>2</sup>Fano Marine Center, Fano (PU), Italy.

<sup>3</sup>Department of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences, University of Milan, Milan, Italy.

<sup>4</sup>Department of Pharmacy and Biotechnology, University of Bologna, Bologna, Italy.

**Published in:** 2023, *Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution*, 11:1046960.

doi: [10.3389/fevo.2023.1046960](https://doi.org/10.3389/fevo.2023.1046960)

**Abstract.** *Hox* and *ParaHox* genes (HPHGs) are key developmental genes that pattern regional identity along the anterior-posterior body axis of most animals. Here, we identified HPHGs in tadpole shrimps (Pancrustacea, Branchiopoda, Notostraca), an iconic example of the so-called living fossils and performed a comparative genomics analysis of HPHGs and the *Hox* cluster among major branchiopod lineages. Notostraca possess the entire *Hox* complement, and the *Hox* cluster seems to be split into two different subclusters, although we were not able to support this finding with chromosome-level assemblies. However, the genomic structure of *Hox* genes in Notostraca appears more derived than that of *Daphnia* spp., which instead retains the plesiomorphic condition of a single compact cluster. Spinicaudata and *Artemia franciscana* show instead a *Hox* cluster subdivided across two or more genomic scaffolds with some orthologs either duplicated or missing. Yet, branchiopod HPHGs are similar among the various clades in terms of both intron length and number, as well as in their pattern of molecular evolution. Sequence substitution rates are in fact generally similar for most of the branchiopod *Hox* genes and the few differences we found cannot be traced back to natural selection, as they are not associated with any signals of diversifying selection or substantial switches in selective modes. Altogether, these findings do not support a significant stasis in the Notostraca

*Hox* cluster and further confirm how morphological evolution is not tightly associated with genome dynamics.

# Multiple and diversified transposon lineages contribute to early and recent bivalve genome evolution.

Jacopo Martelossi<sup>1</sup>, Filippo Nicolini<sup>1,2</sup>, Simone Subacchi<sup>1</sup>, Daniela Pasquale<sup>1</sup>, Fabrizio Ghiselli<sup>1</sup>, Andrea Luchetti<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>*Department of Biological, Geological and Environmental Sciences, University of Bologna, Bologna, Italy.*

<sup>2</sup>*Fano Marine Center, Fano (PU), Italy.*

**Published in:** 2023, *BMC Biology*, 21:145. doi: [10.1186/s12915-023-01632-z](https://doi.org/10.1186/s12915-023-01632-z)

**Abstract. Background.** Transposable elements (TEs) can represent one of the major sources of genomic variation across eukaryotes, providing novel raw materials for species diversification and innovation. While considerable effort has been made to study their evolutionary dynamics across multiple animal clades, molluscs represent a substantially understudied phylum. Here, we take advantage of the recent increase in mollusc genomic resources and adopt an automated TE annotation pipeline combined with a phylogenetic tree-based classification, as well as extensive manual curation efforts, to characterize TE repertoires across 27 bivalve genomes with a particular emphasis on DDE/D class II elements, long interspersed nuclear elements (LINEs), and their evolutionary dynamics.

**Results.** We found class I elements as highly dominant in bivalve genomes, with LINE elements, despite less represented in terms of copy number per genome, being the most common retroposon group covering up to 10 % of their genome. We mined 86,488 reverse transcriptases (RVT) containing LINE coming from 12 clades distributed across all known superfamilies and 14,275 class II DDE/D-containing transposons coming from 16 distinct superfamilies. We uncovered a previously underestimated rich and diverse bivalve ancestral transposon complement that could be traced back to their most recent common ancestor that lived about 500 million years ago [Mya]. Moreover, we identified multiple instances of lineage-specific emergence and loss of different LINEs and DDE/D lineages with the interesting cases of CR1-Zenon, Proto2, RTE-X, and Academ elements that underwent a bivalve-specific amplification likely associated with their diversification.

Finally, we found that this LINE diversity is maintained in extant species by an equally diverse set of long-living and potentially active elements, as suggested by their evolutionary history and transcription profiles in both male and female gonads. **Conclusions.** We found that bivalves host an exceptional diversity of transposons compared to other molluscs. Their LINE complement could mainly follow a stealth drivers model of evolution where multiple and diversified families are able to survive and co-exist for a long period of time in the host genome, potentially shaping both recent and early phases of bivalve genome evolution and diversification. Overall, we provide not only the first comparative study of TE evolutionary dynamics in a large but understudied phylum such as Mollusca, but also a reference library for ORF-containing class II DDE/D and LINE elements, which represents an important genomic resource for their identification and characterization in novel genomes.

# Towards a time-tree solution for Branchiopoda diversification: a jackknife assessment of fossil age priors.

Niccolò Righetti<sup>1\*</sup>, Filippo Nicolini<sup>2\*</sup>, Giobbe Forni<sup>2</sup>, Andrea Luchetti<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>*Laboratoire de Biologie Computationnelle et Quantitative (LCQB), Sorbonne Université, CNRS, IBPS, UMR7238, Paris, France.*

<sup>2</sup>*Department of Biological, Geological and Environmental Sciences, University of Bologna, Bologna, Italy.*

\* the authors equally contributed to this work.

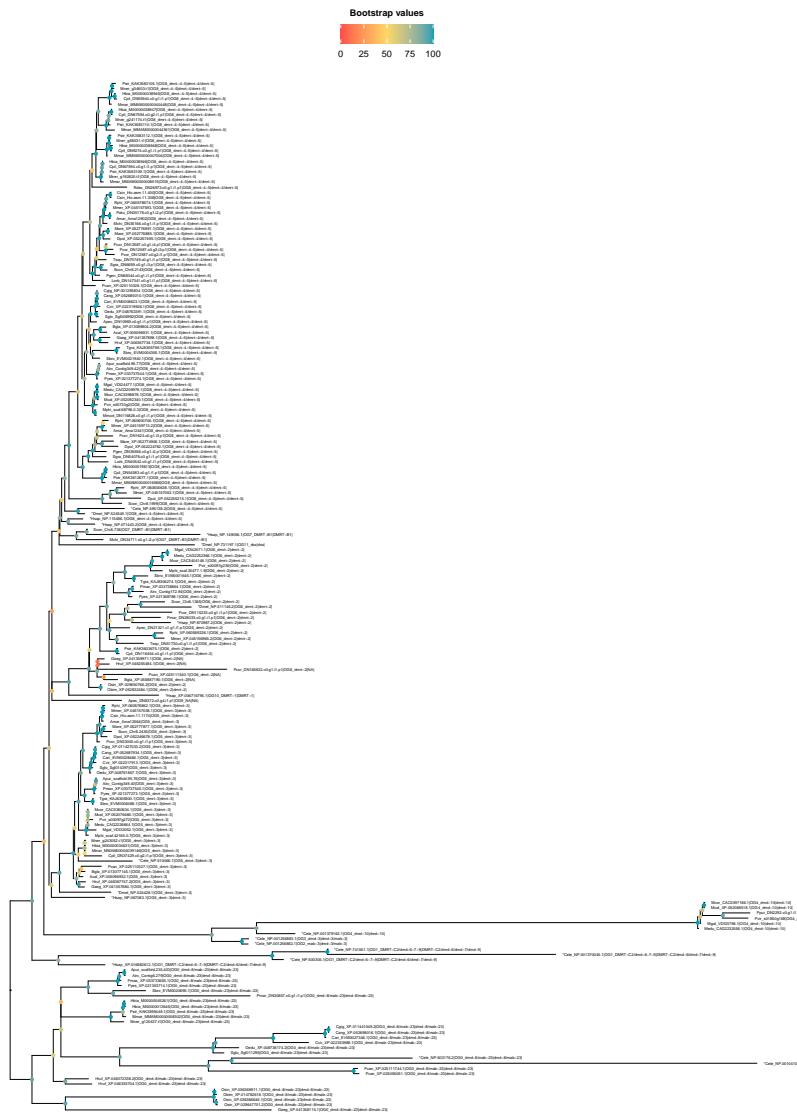
**Submitted for peer-review.**

**Abstract.** An understanding of Branchiopoda's evolutionary history is crucial for a comprehensive knowledge of the Pancrustacea tree of life, given their close evolutionary relationship with Hexapoda. Despite significant advances in molecular and morphological phylogenetics that have resolved much of the branchiopod backbone topology, a reliable temporal framework remains elusive. Key challenges include a sparse fossil record, long-term morphological stasis, and past topological inconsistencies. Leveraging a Bayesian Inference approach and the most extensive phylogenomic dataset for branchiopod to date, encompassing 46 species and over 130 genes, we inferred a time-calibrated phylogenetic tree. Furthermore, to strengthen the confidence in our divergence times estimation, we assessed the impact of age priors, topological uncertainties, and gene trees which are discordant from the species trees. Our results are largely consistent with the fossil record and with previous studies, indicating that Branchiopoda originated between 400 and 500 Mya, and the orders of large branchiopods diversified during the Mesozoic. Concerning Cladocera, results remain problematic, with a sharper uncertainty in the diversification time with respect to the fossil record. Though, the jackknife resampling of fossils and the other sensitivity analyses proved our calibration method to be robust, suggesting that the difficulties in obtaining a paleontological-consistent time tree may be hindered by the variability in branchiopod substitution rates and topological instability within certain clades.

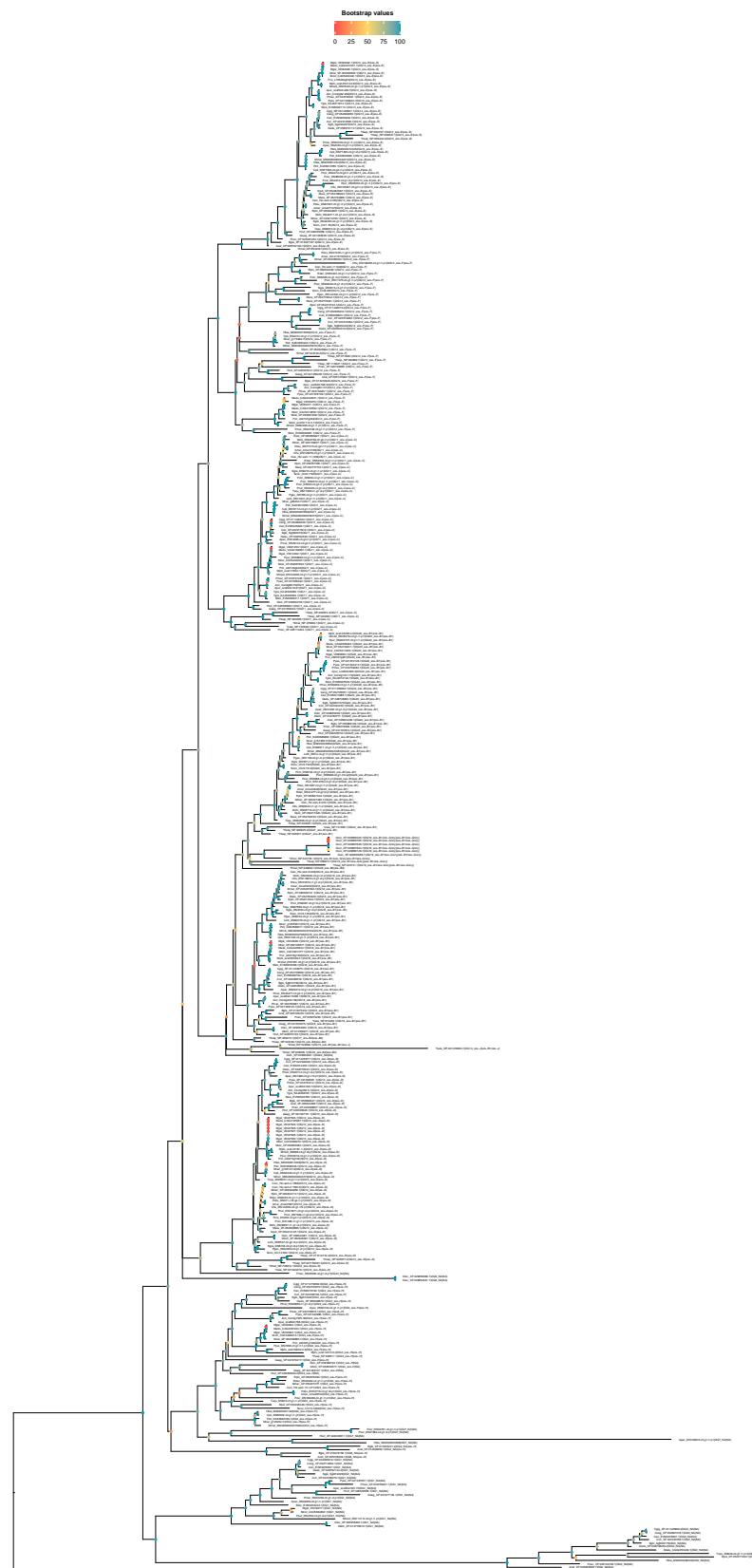
# Supplementary figures

High-quality supplementary figures are available at the following GitHub repository:

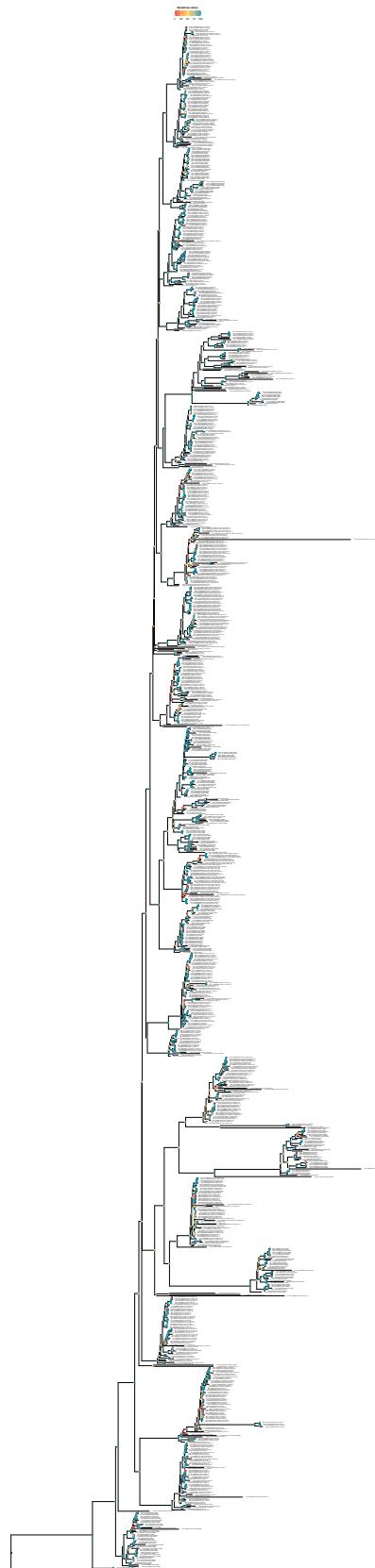
[https://github.com/filonico/phd\\_thesis\\_tex](https://github.com/filonico/phd_thesis_tex)



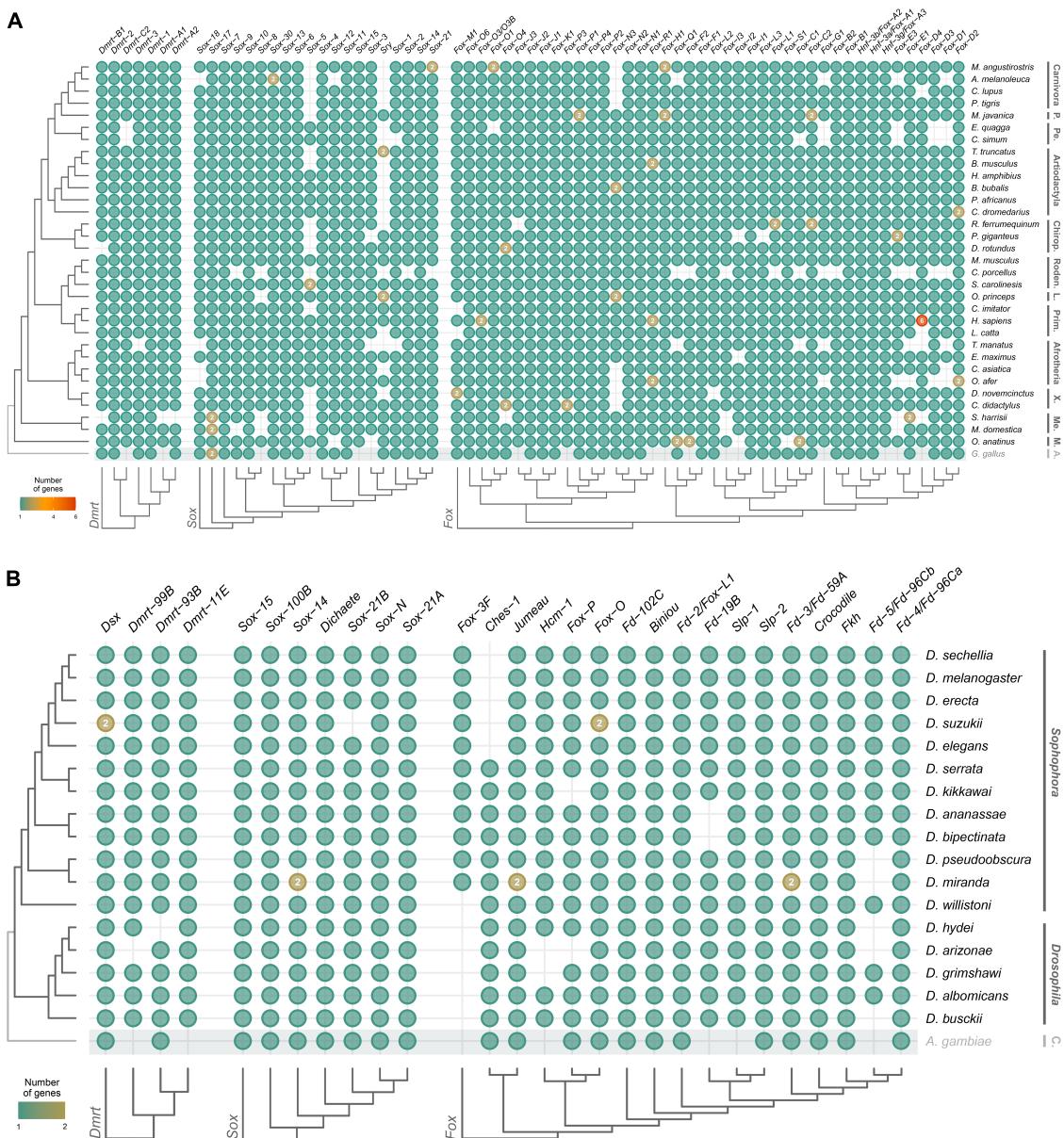
**Supplementary Figure S1 – maximum likelihood (ML) phylogenetic tree of the Dmrt gene family in molluscs, including the possvm orthology inference.** Reference genes from *Homo sapiens*, *Caenorhabditis elegans*, and *Drosophila melanogaster* are marked with an asterisk at the beginning of the tip names. Species ID can be found in **Tab. S1**. The tree has been midpoint rooted. Bootstrap values are shown for each node.



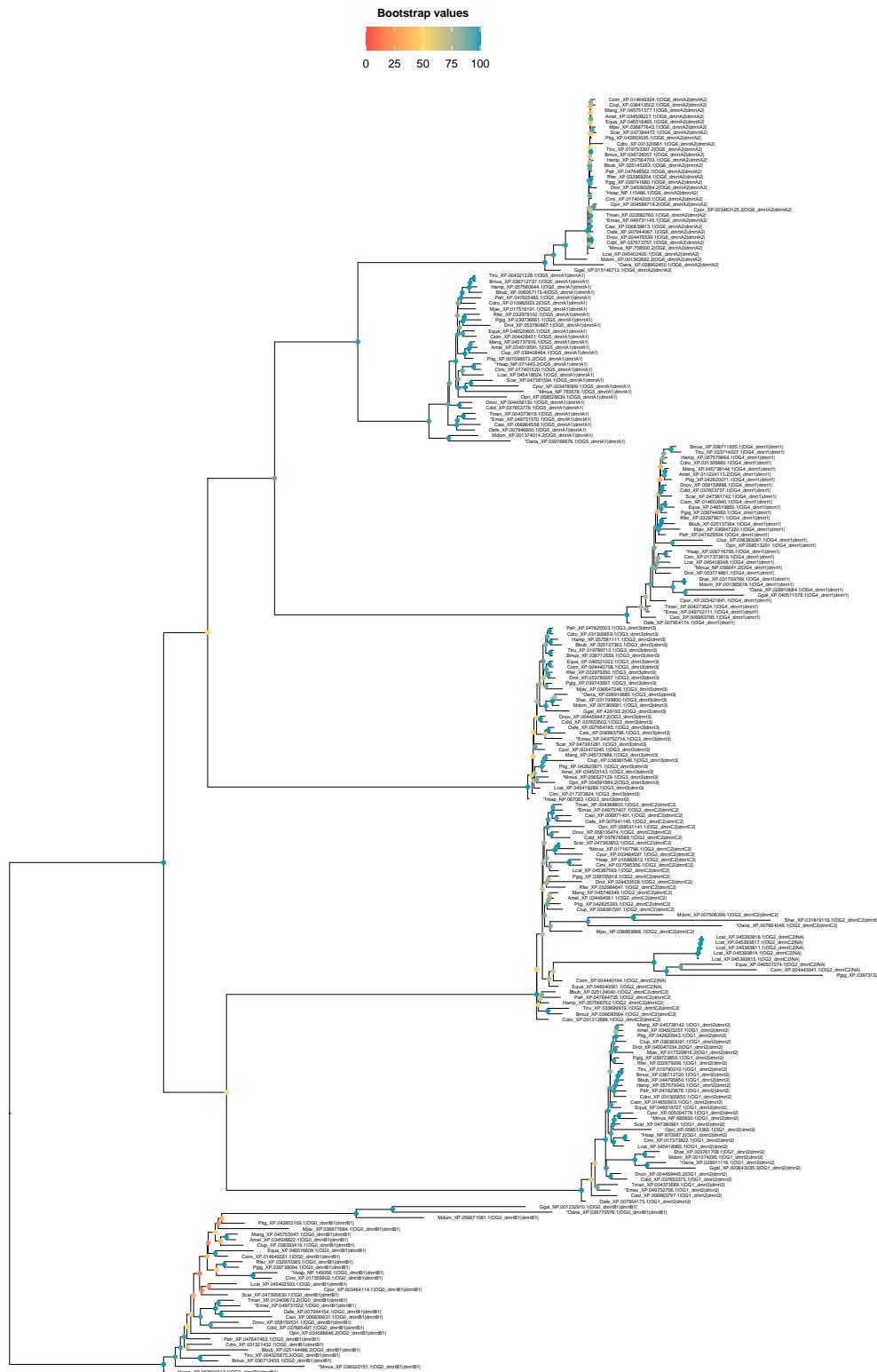
**Supplementary Figure S2 – ML phylogenetic tree of the Sox gene family in molluscs, including the possvm orthology inference.** Reference genes from *H. sapiens*, *C. elegans*, and *D. melanogaster* are marked with an asterisk at the beginning of the tip names. Species ID can be found in **Tab. S1**. Bootstrap values are shown for each node.



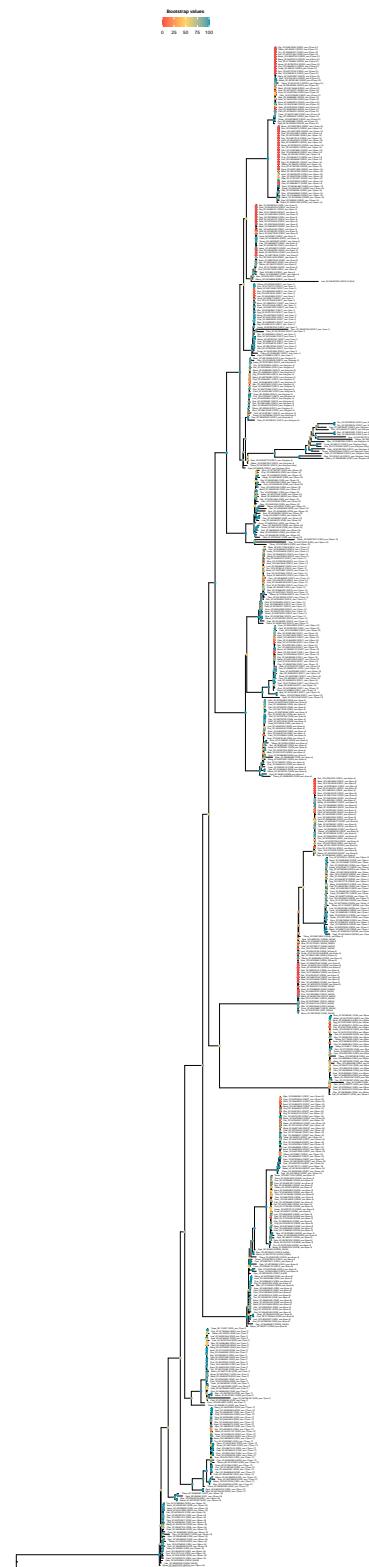
**Supplementary Figure S3 – ML phylogenetic tree of the Fox gene family in molluscs, including the possvm orthology inference.** Reference genes from *H. sapiens*, *C. elegans*, and *D. melanogaster* are marked with an asterisk at the beginning of the tip names. Species ID can be found in **Tab. S1**. Bootstrap values are shown for each node.



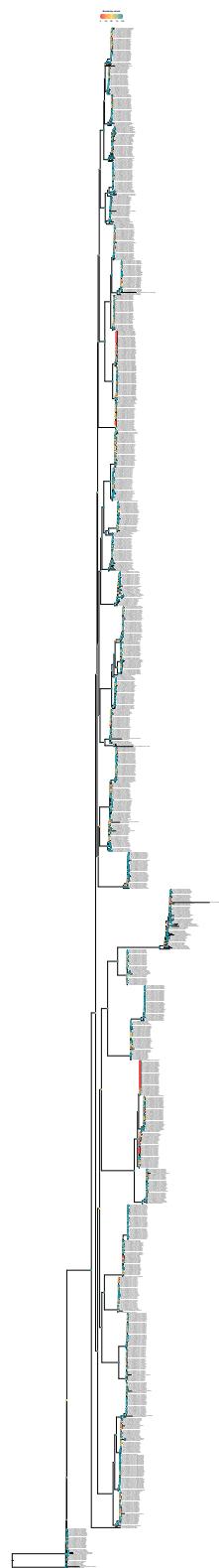
**Supplementary Figure S4 – The DSFG complement in Mammalia (A) and *Drosophila* spp. (B).** Presence/absence of genes in various species are indicated by filled circles. Numbers inside each circle specify genes with 2 or more copies. The shaded area highlights outgroup species, *Gallus gallus* (Aves) for mammals and *Anopheles gambiae* (Culicidae) for fruit flies. The phylogenetic tree of analysed species, as inferred from literature, is shown on the left, while major taxonomic groups are reported on the right. All species are represented by genomic data. Dmrt, Sox, and Fox gene (DSFG) trees are shown on the bottom (full trees can be found in Fig. S5 and S7). Full species names for both mammals and fruit flies, along with all assembly and taxonomic information, can be found in Tab. S4 and S5, respectively. A.: Aves; Chirop.: Chiroptera; L.: Lagomorpha; M.: Monotremata; Me.: Metatheria; Pe.: Pholidota; Pe.: Perissodactyla; Prim.: Primates; Roden.: Rodentia; X.: Xenarthra; C.: Culicidae.



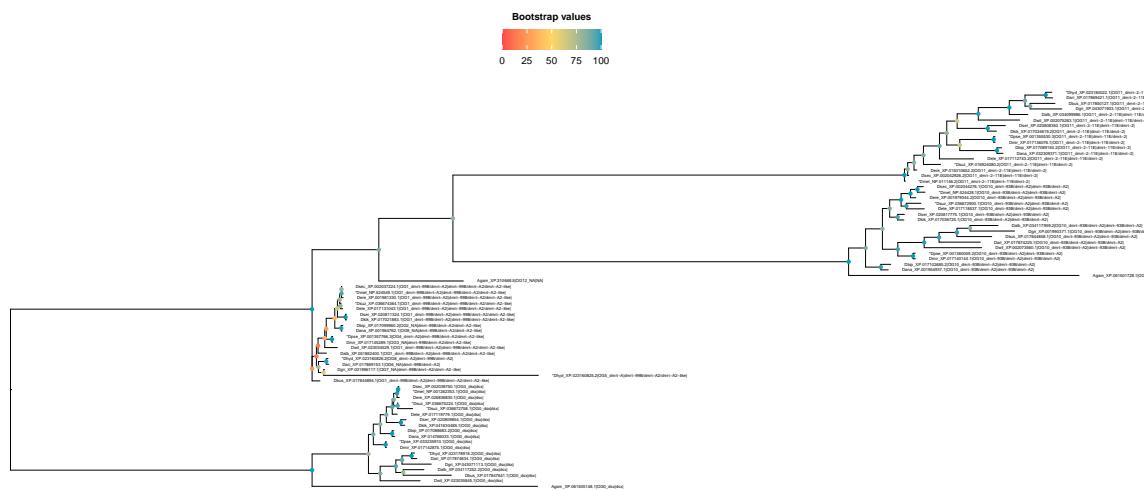
**Supplementary Figure S5 – ML phylogenetic tree of the *dsx* and *mab-3* related transcription factor (Dmrt) gene family in mammals, including the Possvm orthology inference. Reference genes from *H. sapiens*, *Mus musculus*, *Elephas maximus indicus*, and *Ornithorhynchus anatinus* are marked with an asterisk at the beginning of the tip names. Species ID can be found in **Tab. S4**. The tree has been midpoint rooted. Bootstrap values are shown for each node.**



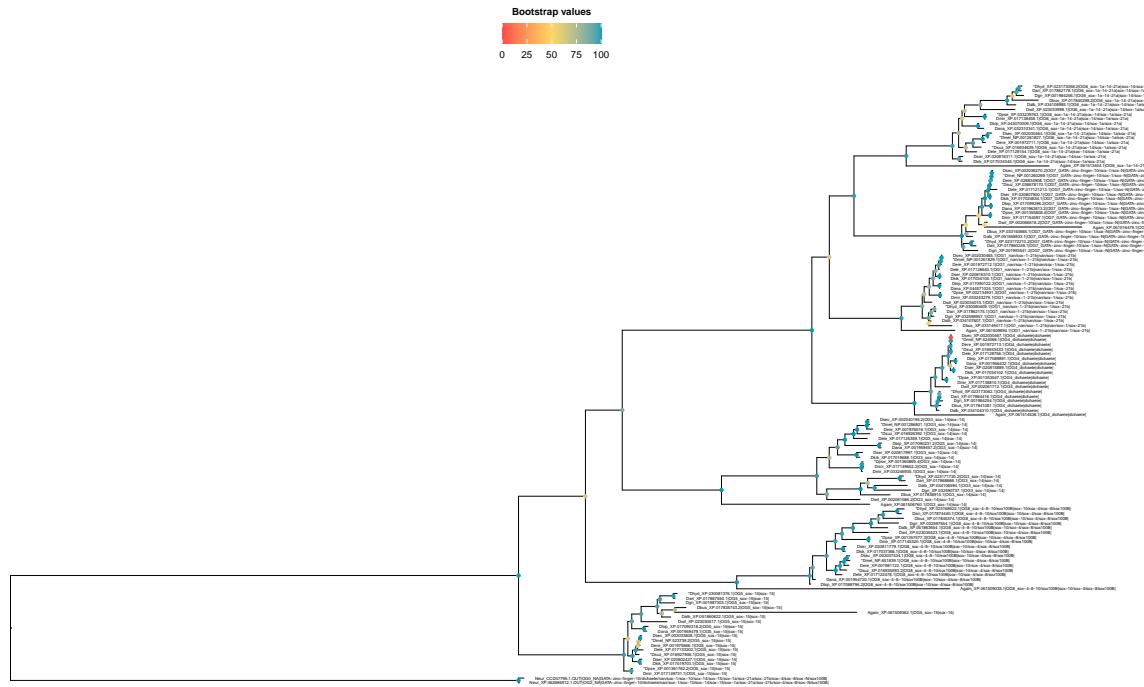
**Supplementary Figure S6 – ML phylogenetic tree of the *Sry*-related HMG-box (Sox) gene family in mammals, including the Possvm orthology inference.** Reference genes from *H. sapiens*, *M. musculus*, *E. maximus indicus*, and *O. anatinus* are marked with an asterisk at the beginning of the tip names. Species ID can be found in **Tab. S4**. Bootstrap values are shown for each node.



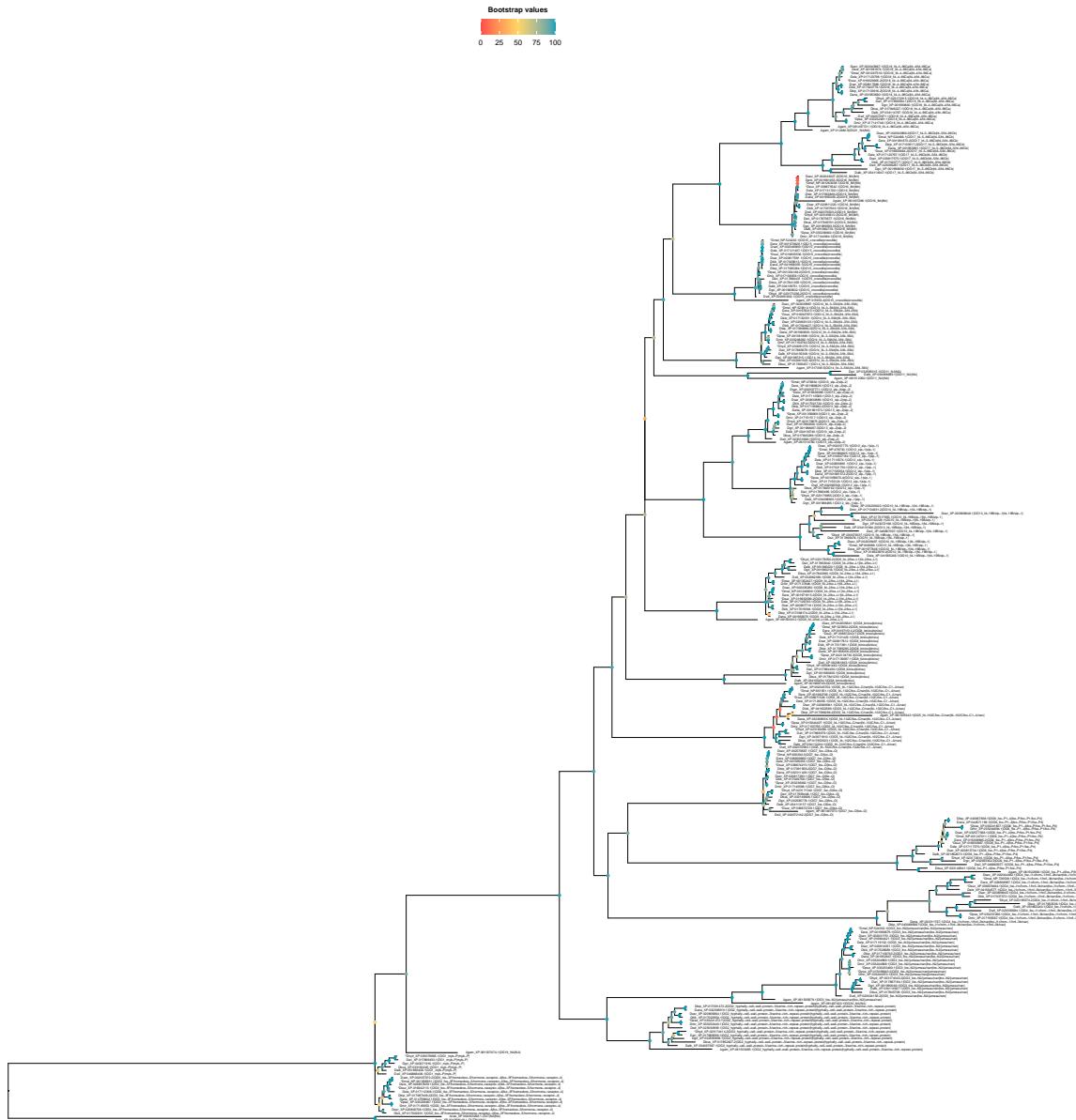
**Supplementary Figure S7 – ML phylogenetic tree of the forkhead box (Fox) gene family in mammals, including the Possvm orthology inference.** Reference genes from *H. sapiens*, *M. musculus*, *E. maximus indicus*, and *O. anatinus* are marked with an asterisk at the beginning of the tip names. Species ID can be found in **Tab. S4**. Bootstrap values are shown for each node.



**Supplementary Figure S8 – ML phylogenetic tree of the Dmrt gene family in fruit flies, including the Possvm orthology inference.** Reference genes from *D. melanogaster*, *Drosophila hydei*, *Drosophila pseudoobscura*, and *Drosophila suzukii* are marked with an asterisk at the beginning of the tip names. Species ID can be found in **Tab. S5**. The tree has been midpoint rooted. Bootstrap values are shown for each node.

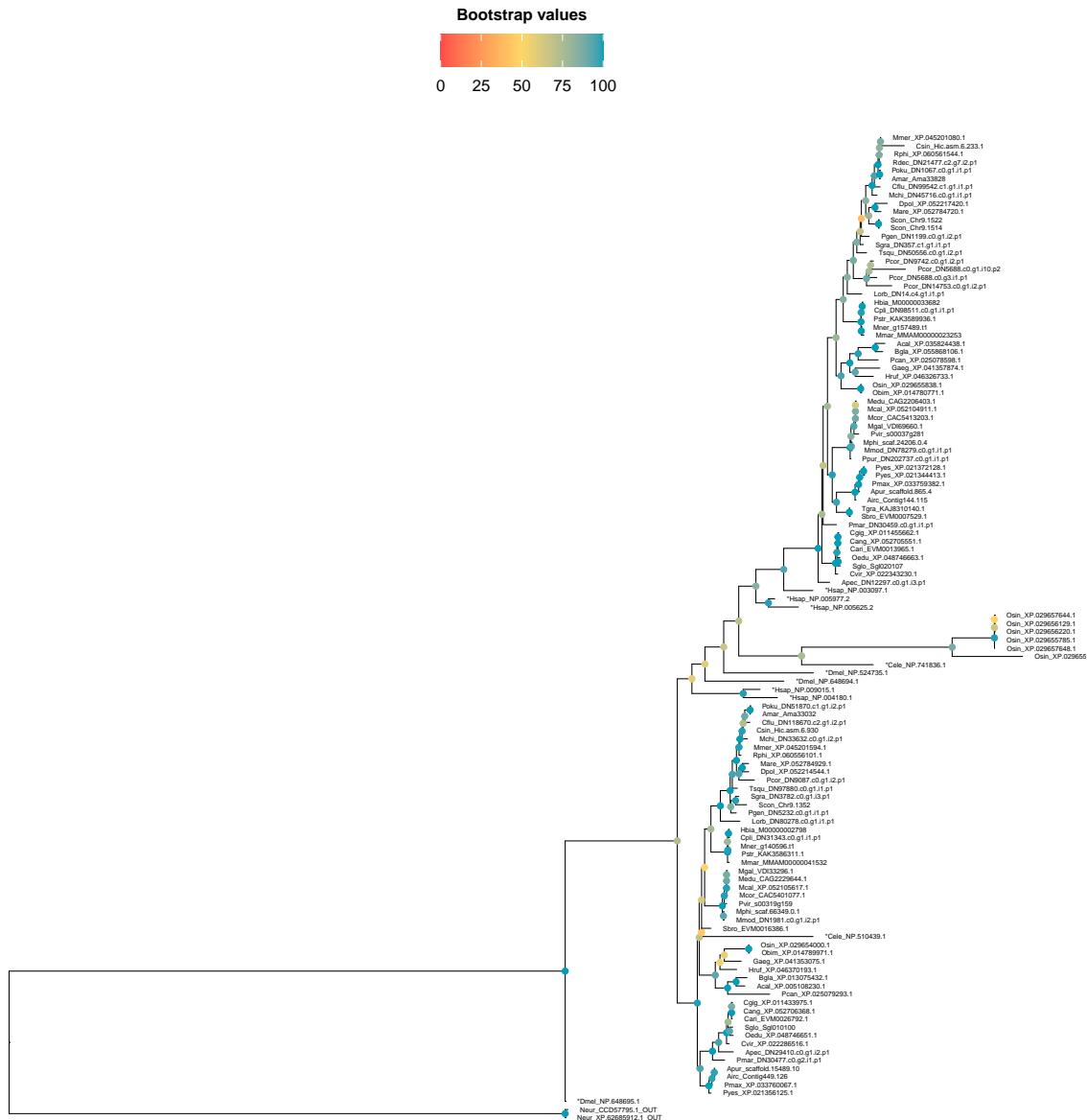


**Supplementary Figure S9 – ML phylogenetic tree of the Sox gene family in fruit flies, including the Possvm orthology inference.** Reference genes from *D. melanogaster*, *D. hydei*, *D. pseudoobscura*, and *D. suzukii* are marked with an asterisk at the beginning of the tip names. Species ID can be found in **Tab. S5**. Bootstrap values are shown for each node.

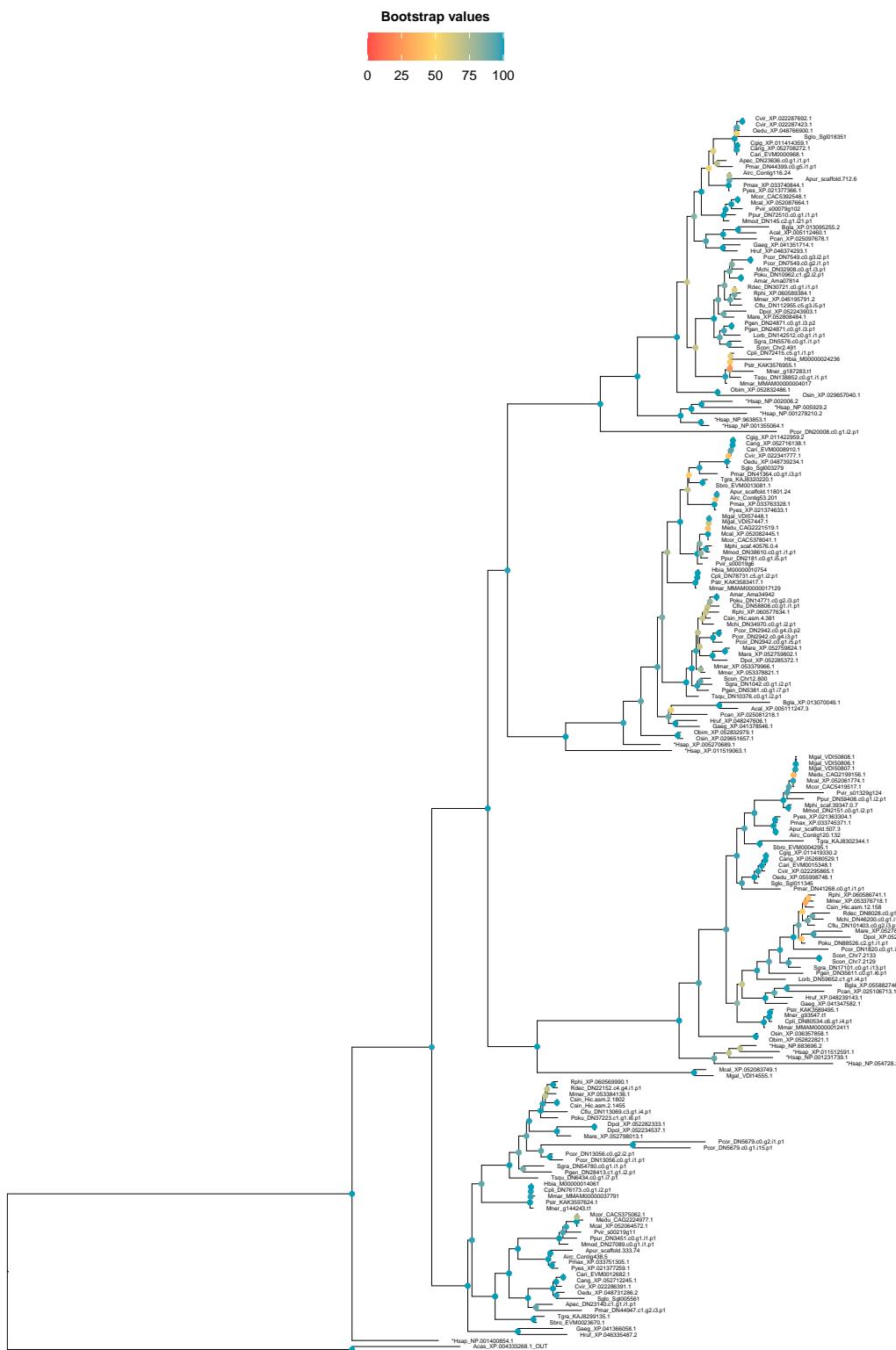


**Supplementary Figure S10 – ML phylogenetic tree of the Fox gene family in fruit flies, including the Possvm orthology inference.** Reference genes from *D. melanogaster*, *D. hydei*, *D. pseudoobscura*, and *D. suzukii* are marked with an asterisk at the beginning of the tip names. Species ID can be found in **Tab. S5**. Bootstrap values are shown for each node.

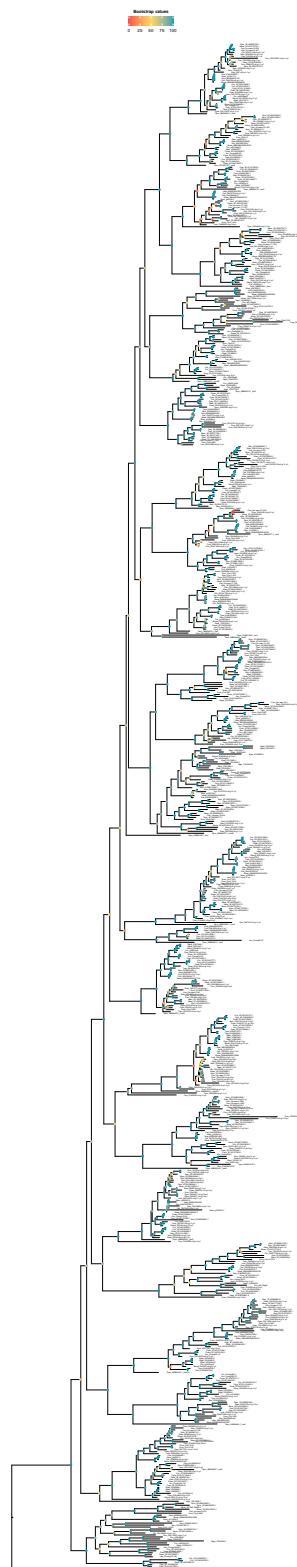




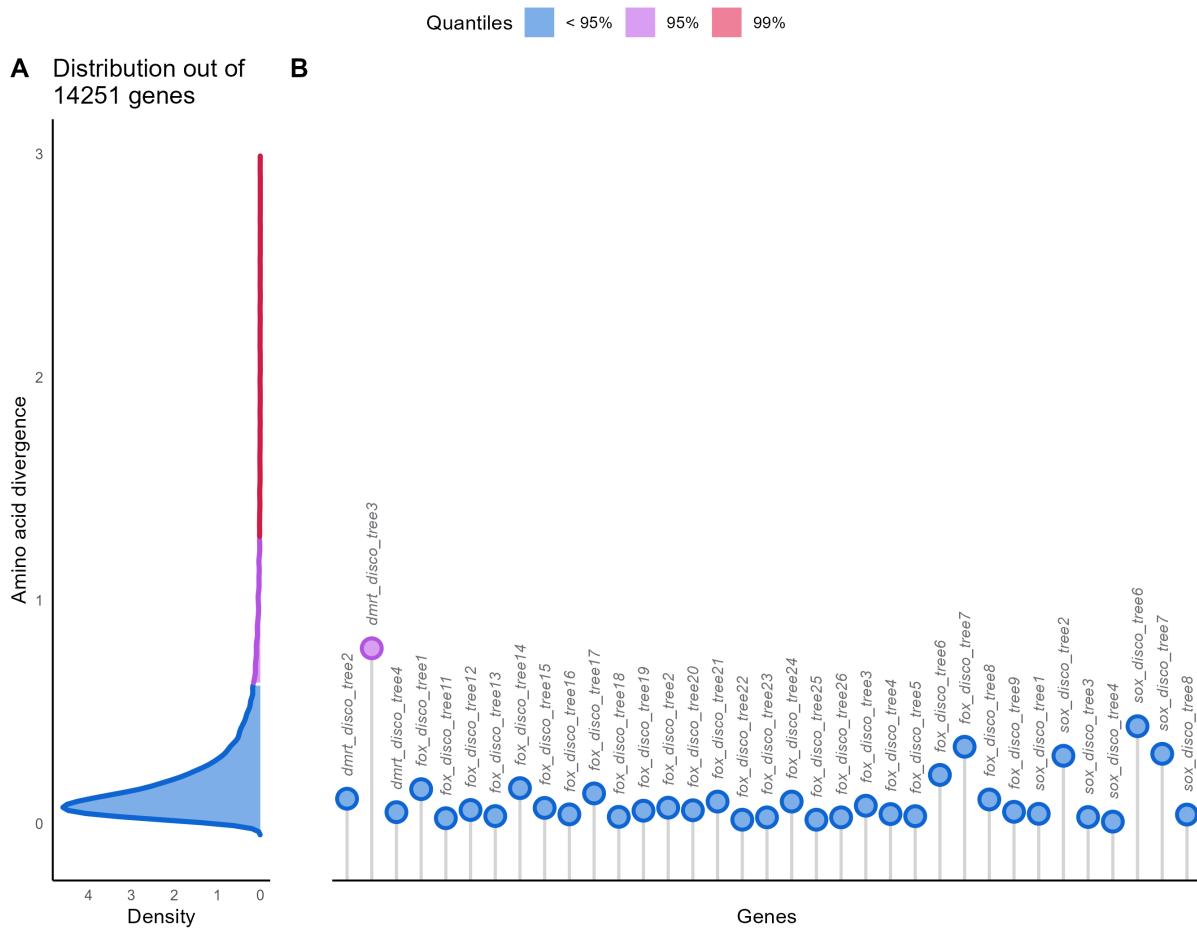
**Supplementary Figure S12 – ML phylogenetic tree of *Sox-B1* and *Sox-B2* genes in mollusc and reference species.** Reference genes from *H. sapiens*, *C. elegans*, and *D. melanogaster* are marked with an asterisk at the beginning of the tip names. Species ID can be found in **Tab. S1**. Bootstrap values are shown for each node.



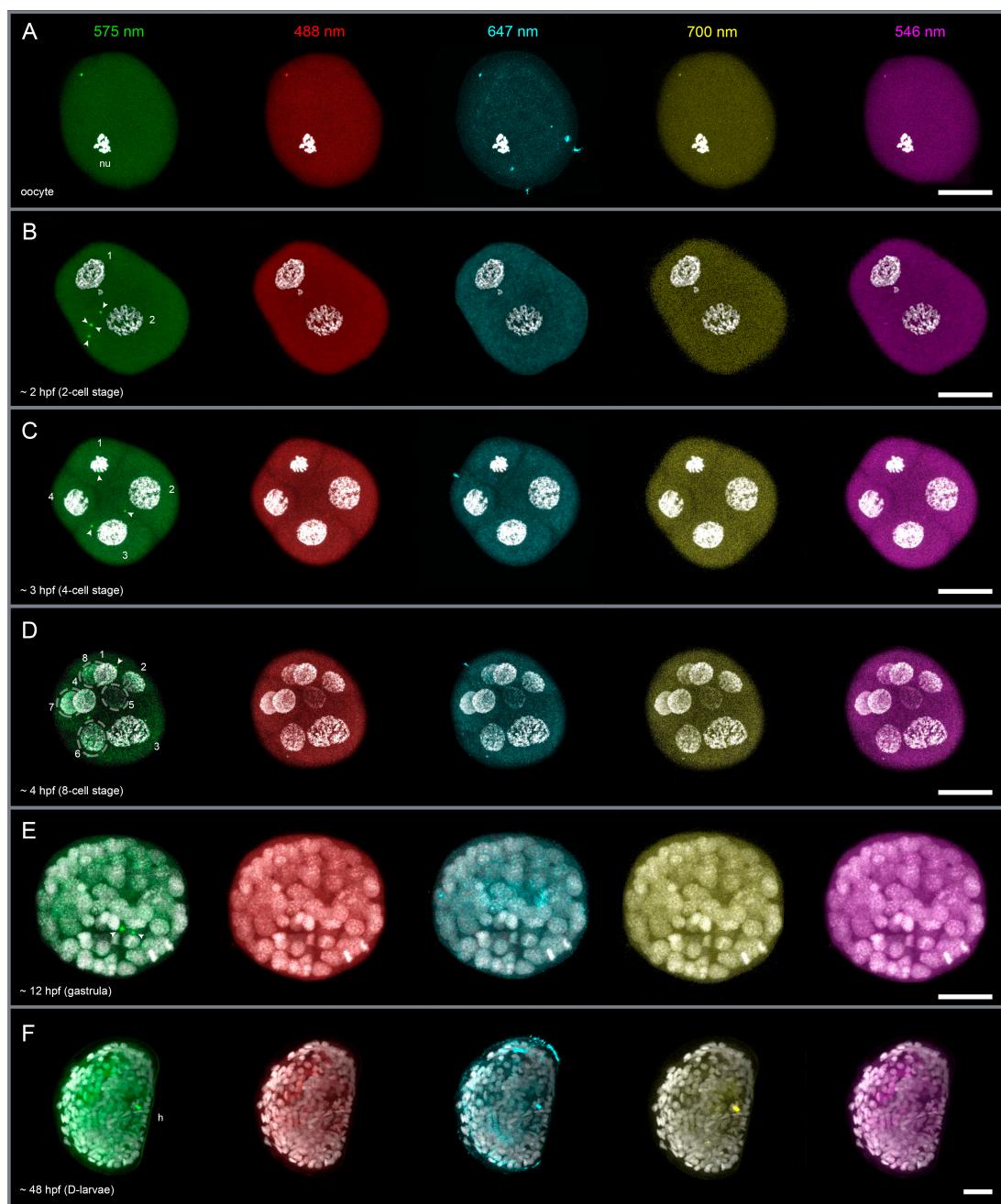
**Supplementary Figure S13 – ML phylogenetic tree of Fox-J2, Fox-M, Fox-O, and Fox-P genes in mollusc and reference species.** Reference genes from *H. sapiens*, *C. elegans*, and *D. melanogaster* are marked with an asterisk at the beginning of the tip names. Species ID can be found in **Tab. S1**. Bootstrap values are shown for each node.



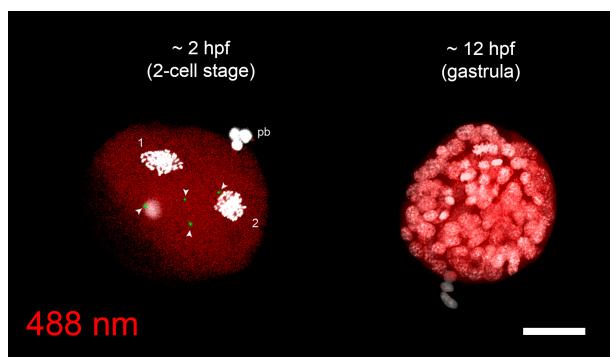
**Supplementary Figure S14 – ML phylogenetic tree of the Fox gene family in bivalves and the sea urchin *Strongylocentrotus purpuratus* (Spur).** Reference genes from *S. purpuratus* are marked with an asterisk at the beginning of the tip names. Species ID can be found in **Tab. S1**. *S. purpuratus* genes are those given by **Tu et al., 2006**. Bootstrap values are shown for each node.



**Supplementary Figure S15 – Distribution of amino acid sequence divergence (AASD) of single-copy orthogroups in *Crassostrea gigas*, *Crassostrea angulata*, *Crassostrea ariakensis*, and *Crassostrea virginica* (A), including DSFG (B).** The distribution of AASD in *Crassostrea* has been computed on the median values of pairwise distances of over 14 k single-copy orthogroups (SCOs). Circle heights of DSFGs show the median value of their AASD. *Dmrt-1L* genes are indicated as 'dmrt<sub>-</sub>disco<sub>-</sub>tree3'.



**Supplementary Figure S16 – MitoTracker staining and negative controls of mRNA *in-situ* hybridization chain reaction (HCR) in *Mytilus galloprovincialis*** (A) oocyte, (B) 2-cell male embryo, (C) 4-cell female embryo, (D) 8-cell female embryo, (E) 12 hours post fertilization [hpf] embryo (gastrula), and (F) 48 hpf larvae (D-veliger). Nuclei are shown in white; in the 2-, 4-, and 8-cell stages, nuclei are also marked with numbers; in the 8-cell stage, nuclei of blastomeres in the background are highlighted with dashed circles. Sperm mitochondria, when stained (shown in green), are marked with arrowheads. Acquisition channels are indicated on top, and colours are the same as in Fig. 5.3. h: hinge; nu: oocyte nucleus. Scale bar: 20  $\mu$ m.



**Supplementary Figure S17 – Mito-Tracker staining and negative controls of Vasa immunolocalization in *M. galloprovincialis* embryos.** Nuclei are shown in white. Sperm mitochondria (in green) are marked with arrowheads. pb: polar body. Scale bar: 20  $\mu$ m.



## **Supplementary tables**

All the supplementary tables are available in a parsable version at the following GitHub repository:

[https://github.com/filonico/phd\\_thesis\\_tex](https://github.com/filonico/phd_thesis_tex)

## Supplementary tables

**Supplementary Table S1 – Genomic and transcriptomic data of bivalves and other molluscs.** For each species, the relative ID, taxonomic information, BUSCO statistics, NCBI accession number, and source publication are reported. Biv: Bivalvia; Ca: Caenogastropoda; Cep: Cephalopoda; Co: Coleoidea; Gas: Gastropoda; Gen: Genome; He: Heterobranchia; Im: Imparidentia; Ne: Neomphaliidae; Pa: Palaeoheterodontia; Pt: Pteriomorpha; Tra: Transcriptome; Ve: Vetigastropoda

Species	ID	Class	Group	Order	Type	Reduced dataset	BUSCO statistics (metazoa_db10)	NCBI acc. no.	Reference	Annotation source
<i>Magallana (Crassostrea) angulata</i>	Cang	Biv	Pt	Ostreida	Gen	No	C:99.1%[S:97.1%D:2.0%], F:0.3%[M:0.6%]	GCF_025612915.1	Teng et al., 2023	NCBI
<i>Magallana (Crassostrea) gigas</i>	Cgig	Biv	Pt	Ostreida	Gen	Yes	C:98.2%[S:93.1%D:5.1%], F:0.4%[M:1.4%]	GCF_902806645.1	Penaloza et al., 2021	NCBI
<i>Magallana (Crassostrea) ariakensis</i>	Cari	Biv	Pt	Ostreida	Gen	No	C:94.8%[S:91.2%D:3.6%], F:0.7%[M:4.5%]	GCA_020567875.1	Li et al., 2021	FigShare
<i>Crassostrea virginica</i>	Cvir	Biv	Pt	Ostreida	Gen	Yes	C:98.2%[S:73.1%D:25.1%], F:0.3%[M:1.5%]	GCF_002022765.2	Gómez-Chairri et al., 2015	NCBI
<i>Ostrea edulis</i>	Oedu	Biv	Pt	Ostreida	Gen	Yes	C:98.7%[S:97.8%D:0.9%], F:0.5%[M:0.8%]	GCF_947568905.1	Darwin Tree of Life	NCBI
<i>Saccostrea glomerata</i>	Sgio	Biv	Pt	Ostreida	Gen	No	C:89.1%[S:85.5%D:3.6%], F:4.9%[M:6.0%]	GCA_003671525.1	Powell et al., 2018	dbSROG
<i>Atrina pectinata</i>	Apec	Biv	Pt	Ostreida	Tra	Yes	C:95.6%[S:93.1%D:2.5%], F:1.9%[M:2.5%]	DRR348924,-25,-26	Shimizu et al., 2022	–
<i>Pinctada margaritifera</i>	Pmar	Biv	Pt	Ostreida	Tra	Yes	C:94.3%[S:93.9%D:0.4%], F:1.7%[M:4.0%]	SRR1039667 SRR1041217	Teaniniuraitemoana et al., 2014	–
<i>Mytilus galloprovincialis</i>	Mgal	Biv	Pt	Mytilida	Gen	Yes	C:80.5%[S:50.4%D:30.1%], F:8.6%[M:10.9%]	GCA_900618805.1	Gerdol et al., 2020	NCBI
<i>Mytilus edulis</i>	Medu	Biv	Pt	Mytilida	Gen	No	C:83.8%[S:70.9%D:12.9%], F:5.1%[M:11.1%]	GCA_905397895.1	Corrochano-Fraile et al., 2022	NCBI
<i>Mytilus unguiculatus (coruscus)</i>	Mcor	Biv	Pt	Mytilida	Gen	No	C:80.8%[S:78.8%D:2.0%], F:4.3%[M:14.9%]	GCA_011752425.2	Yang et al., 2021	NCBI
<i>Mytilus californianus</i>	Mcal	Biv	Pt	Mytilida	Gen	No	C:96.2%[S:95.0%D:1.2%], F:0.4%[M:3.4%]	GCF_021869535.1	Paggeot et al., 2022	NCBI
<i>Perna viridis</i>	Pvir	Biv	Pt	Mytilida	Gen	Yes	C:99.4%[S:99.0%D:0.4%], F:0.2%[M:0.4%]	GCA_018327765.1	Inoue et al., 2021	Google Drive
<i>Modiolus modiolus</i>	Mmod	Biv	Pt	Mytilida	Tra	Yes	C:95.7%[S:92.3%D:3.4%], F:2.1%[M:2.2%]	SRR5043294	Meng et al., 2018	–
<i>Modiolus philippinarum</i>	Mphi	Biv	Pt	Mytilida	Gen	No	C:64.9%[S:63.0%D:1.9%], F:18.8%[M:16.3%]	GCA_002080025.1	Sun et al., 2017	Dryad
<i>Peromytilus purpuratus</i>	Ppur	Biv	Pt	Mytilida	Tra	Yes	C:84.2%[S:83.3%D:0.9%], F:11.8%[M:4.0%]	SRR4343820	Briones et al., 2018	–

Tab S1 continued from previous page

Species	ID	Class	Group	Order	Type	Reduced dataset	BUSCO statistics (metazoa_odb10*)	NCBI acc. no.	Reference	Annotation source
<i>Argopecten irradians concentricus</i>	Airc	Biv	Pt	Pectinida	Gen	Yes	C:94.0%[S:94.0%D:0.9%], F:3.6%[M:1.5%]	GCA_004382765.1	Liu et al., 2020	Dryad
<i>Argopecten purpuratus</i>	Apur	Biv	Pt	Pectinida	Gen	No	C:89.2%[S:88.6%D:0.6%], F:5.0%[M:5.8%]	—	Liu et al., 2020	GigaDB
<i>Pecten maximus</i>	Pmax	Biv	Pt	Pectinida	Gen	Yes	C:98.5%[S:94.5%D:4.0%], F:0.4%[M:1.1%]	GCF_902652985.1	Kenny et al., 2020	NCBI
<i>Mizuhoplecten (Patinopecten) yessoensis</i>	Pyes	Biv	Pt	Pectinida	Gen	Yes	C:98.3%[S:96.1%D:2.2%], F:0.5%[M:1.2%]	GCF_002113885.1	Wang, Zhang, et al., 2017	NCBI
<i>Anadara (Scapharca) broughtonii</i>	Sbro	Biv	Pt	Arcida	Gen	Yes	C:91.2%[S:85.6%D:5.6%], F:2.6%[M:6.2%]	—	Bai et al., 2019	GigaDB
<i>Tegillarca granosa</i>	Tgra	Biv	Pt	Arcida	Gen	Yes	C:70.6%[S:61.3%D:9.3%], F:11.7%[M:17.7%]	GCA_029721355.1	—	NCBI
<i>Ruditapes decussatus</i>	Rdec	Biv	Im	Venerida	Tra	Yes	C:84.8%[S:84.1%D:0.7%], F:7.3%[M:7.9%]	SRR527740,-41,-43,-44,-47,-51,-52,-57	Ghiselli et al., 2018	—
<i>Ruditapes philippinarum</i>	Rphi	Biv	Im	Venerida	Gen	Yes	C:97.8%[S:85.5%D:12.3%], F:0.7%[M:1.5%]	GCF_026571515.1	Xu, Martelossi, et al., 2022	NCBI
<i>Mercenaria mercenaria</i>	Mmer	Biv	Im	Venerida	Gen	Yes	C:96.0%[S:89.8%D:6.2%], F:1.0%[M:3.0%]	GCF_021730395.1	Farhat et al., 2022	NCBI
<i>Cyclina sinensis</i>	Csin	Biv	Im	Venerida	Gen	Yes	C:94.1%[S:83.9%D:10.2%], F:1.8%[M:4.1%]	GCA_012932295.1	Wei et al., 2020	Dryad
<i>Calyptra gena (Archivesica) marissinica</i>	Amar	Biv	Im	Venerida	Gen	No	C:82.2%[S:80.1%D:2.0%], F:6.0%[M:11.9%]	GCA_014843605.1	Ip et al., 2021	FigShare
<i>Phreagena okutanii</i>	Poku	Biv	Im	Venerida	Tra	Yes	C:92.9%[S:85.8%D:7.1%], F:3.0%[M:4.1%]	SRR7156763,-64,-65,-66,-67,-68	Lan et al., 2019	—
<i>Corbicula fluminea</i>	Cflu	Biv	Im	Venerida	Tra	Yes	C:83.3%[S:79.9%D:3.8%], F:10.3%[M:6.0%]	SRR1559272,SRR5512046	González et al., 2015 Zhu et al., 2019	—
<i>Mactra chinensis</i>	Mchi	Biv	Im	Venerida	Tra	Yes	C:81.5%[S:80.8%D:0.7%], F:10.2%[M:8.3%]	SRR1263900	—	—
<i>Mya arenaria</i>	Mare	Biv	Im	Myida	Gen	Yes	C:98.5%[S:80.4%D:18.1%], F:0.4%[M:1.1%]	GCF_026914265.1	Hart et al., 2023	NCBI
<i>Dreissena polymorpha</i>	Dpol	Biv	Im	Myida	Gen	Yes	C:97.2%[S:80.1%D:17.1%], F:0.4%[M:2.4%]	GCF_020536995.1	McCartney et al., 2022	NCBI
<i>Pisidium corenum</i>	Pcor	Biv	Im	Sphaeriida	Tra	Yes	C:94.5%[S:81.6%D:12.9%], F:3.6%[M:1.9%]	SRR6474597	—	—
<i>Solen grandis</i>	Sgra	Biv	Im	Adapedonta	Tra	Yes	C:92.7%[S:90.0%D:2.7%], F:2.5%[M:4.8%]	SRR5484647, SRR5485368, SRR5499447	Nie et al., 2018	—
<i>Sinonovacula constricta</i>	Scon	Biv	Im	Adapedonta	Gen	Yes	C:90.8%[S:79.2%D:11.6%], F:3.5%[M:5.7%]	GCA_007844125.1	Ran et al., 2019	Dryad

Tab. S1 continued from previous page

Species	ID	Class	Group	Order	Type	Reduced dataset	BUSCO statistics ('metazoa_odb10')	NCBI acc. no.	Reference	Annotation source
<i>Panopea generosa</i>	Pgen	Biv	Im	Adapedonta	Tra	Yes	C:84.1%[S:81.9%D:2.2%], F:9.7%[M:6.2%]	SRR12218869, -70	Putnam et al., 2022	—
<i>Tridacna squamosa</i>	Tsqu	Biv	Im	Cardida	Tra	Yes	C:89.7%[S:86.9%D:2.8%], F:3.5%[M:6.8%]	SRR10824662, -65	Li, Zhou, et al., 2020	—
<i>Loripes orbiculatus</i>	Lorb	Biv	Im	Lucinida	Tra	Yes	C:76.1%[S:74.9%D:1.2%], F:14.3%[M:9.6%]	SRR10002336, -38, -39, -47	Yuen et al., 2019	—
<i>Hyriopsis bivalata</i> ( <i>Unio delphinus</i> )	Hbia	Biv	Pa	Unionida	Gen	Yes	C:97.5%[S:94.9%D:2.6%], F:2.0%[M:0.5%]	GCA_029339505.1	Gomes-dos-Santos et al., 2023	FigShare
<i>Cristaria plicata</i>	Ccli	Biv	Pa	Unionida	Tra	Yes	C:93.6%[S:92.8%D:0.8%], F:2.1%[M:4.3%]	SRR2175868 SRR3095781	Patnaik et al., 2016 Wang, Liu, and Wu, 2017	—
<i>Megalonaia nervosa</i>	Mner	Biv	Pa	Unionida	Gen	Yes	C:65.0%[S:63.3%D:1.7%], F:14.0%[M:21.0%]	GCA_016617855.1	Rogers et al., 2021	Dryad
<i>Potamius streckeroni</i>	Pstr	Biv	Pa	Unionida	Gen	Yes	C:94.9%[S:93.4%D:1.5%], F:1.2%[M:3.9%]	GCA_016746295.1	Smith, 2021	NCBI
<i>Margaritifera margaritifera</i>	Mmar	Biv	Pa	Unionida	Gen	Yes	C:92.6%[S:92.1%D:0.5%], F:3.0%[M:4.4%]	GCA_015947965.1	Gomes-dos-Santos et al., 2021	FigShare
<i>Aplysia californica</i>	Acal	Gas	He	Aplysiida	Gen	No	C:97.8%[S:97.0%D:0.8%], F:0.7%[M:1.5%]	GCF_000002075.1	Knudsen et al., 2006	NCBI
<i>Biomphalaria glabrata</i>	Bglia	Gas	He	—	Gen	No	C:98.9%[S:98.2%D:0.7%], F:0.1%[M:1.0%]	GCF_947242115.1	—	NCBI
<i>Pomacea canaliculata</i>	Pcan	Gas	Ca	Architaenioglossa	Gen	No	C:98.2%[S:97.0%D:1.2%], F:0.4%[M:1.4%]	GCF_003073045.1	Liu et al., 2018	NCBI
<i>Giantopelta aegis</i>	Gaeq	Gas	Ne	Neomphalida	Gen	No	C:98.4%[S:94.2%D:4.2%], F:0.8%[M:0.8%]	GCF_016097555.1	Lan et al., 2021	NCBI
<i>Halocynthia rufescens</i>	Hruf	Gas	Ve	Lepetellida	Gen	No	C:99.0%[S:98.3%D:0.7%], F:0.0%[M:1.0%]	GCF_023055435.1	—	NCBI
<i>Octopus bimaculoides</i>	Obim	Cep	Co	Octopoda	Gen	No	C:94.9%[S:94.4%D:0.5%], F:2.3%[M:2.8%]	GCF_001194135.2	Albertin et al., 2015	NCBI
<i>Octopus sinensis</i>	Osin	Cep	Co	Octopoda	Gen	No	C:98.1%[S:96.9%D:1.2%], F:0.9%[M:1.0%]	GCF_006345805.1	Li, Bian, et al., 2020	NCBI

**Supplementary Table S2 – Dmrt, Sox, and Fox gene (DSFG) family and domain identifiers (IDs) in PANTHER and CDD, respectively.** After having retrieved putative DSFGs on the basis of hidden Markov model (HMM) profiles, IDs have been used to retain only reliable hits.

Gene family	PANTHER/CDD	ID	Description
Dmrt	CDD	gn CDD 214606	Doublesex DNA-binding motif
	CDD	gn CDD 423850	DM DNA binding domain
	PANTHER	PTHR12322-SF115	DOUBLESEX AND MAB-3 RELATED TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR DMRT PROTEIN CBR-MAB-23
	PANTHER	PTHR12322-SF116	DOUBLESEX- AND MAB-3-RELATED TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR 1
	PANTHER	PTHR12322-SF118	DOUBLESEX- AND MAB-3-RELATED TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR DMD-4
	PANTHER	PTHR12322-SF53	DOUBLESEX- AND MAB-3 RELATED TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR 2
	PANTHER	PTHR12322-SF71	DOUBLESEX- AND MAB-3 RELATED TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR A1
	PANTHER	PTHR16897-SF2	STRESS RESPONSE PROTEIN NS1
	PANTHER	PTHR46888-SF11	RIBONUCLEASE H
Sox	CDD	gn CDD 432488	SOX transcription factor
	CDD	gn CDD 432558	Sox developmental protein N terminal
	CDD	gn CDD 438790	high mobility group (HMG)-box found in group B SRY-related high-mobility group (HMG) box (Sox) transcription factors
	CDD	gn CDD 438820	high mobility group (HMG)-box found in sex-determining region Y (SRY)-box (Sox) family transcription factors
	CDD	gn CDD 438837	high mobility group (HMG)-box found in group A, group B and group C of SRY-related high-mobility group (HMG) box (Sox) transcription factors
	CDD	gn CDD 438838	high mobility group (HMG)-box found in group C SRY-related high-mobility group (HMG) box (Sox) transcription factors
	CDD	gn CDD 438839	high mobility group (HMG)-box found in group D SRY-related high-mobility group (HMG) box (Sox) transcription factors
	CDD	gn CDD 438840	high mobility group (HMG)-box found in group E SRY-related high-mobility group (HMG) box (Sox) transcription factors
	CDD	gn CDD 438841	high mobility group (HMG)-box found in group F SRY-related high-mobility group (HMG) box (Sox) transcription factors
	CDD	gn CDD 438842	high mobility group (HMG)-box found in sex-determining region Y (SRY)-box 30 (SOX30) and similar proteins
	CDD	gn CDD 438843	high mobility group (HMG)-box found in sex-determining region Y (SRY)-box 15 (SOX15) and similar proteins
	CDD	gn CDD 438844	high mobility group (HMG)-box found in sex determining region Y (SRY)-box 4 (SOX4) and similar proteins
	CDD	gn CDD 438845	high mobility group (HMG)-box found in sex determining region Y (SRY)-box 11 (SOX11) and similar proteins
	CDD	gn CDD 438846	high mobility group (HMG)-box found in sex determining region Y (SRY)-box 12 (SOX12) and similar proteins
	CDD	gn CDD 438847	high mobility group (HMG)-box found in sex determining region Y (SRY)-box 7 (SOX7) and similar proteins
	CDD	gn CDD 438849	high mobility group (HMG)-box found in sex determining region Y (SRY)-box 17 (SOX17) and similar proteins
	CDD	gn CDD 438850	high mobility group (HMG)-box found in sex determining region Y (SRY)-box 18 (SOX18) and similar proteins
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF107	SOX DOMAIN-CONTAINING PROTEIN DICHAETE-RELATED TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-14
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF161	SEX-DETERMINING REGION Y PROTEIN
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF199	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-2
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF231	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-2
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF27	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-4
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF313	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-21
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF315	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-1A-RELATED
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF317	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-15-RELATED
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF322	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-3
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF324	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-3
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF326	SOX TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF327	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-2
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF313	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-21
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF315	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-1A-RELATED
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF317	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-15-RELATED
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF322	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-3
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF324	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-3
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF326	SOX TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX
	PANTHER	PTHR10270-SF327	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-2
	PANTHER	PTHR45789	FL18025P1
	PANTHER	PTHR45893-SF2	FL18025P1
	PANTHER	PTHR45803-SF1	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-9
	PANTHER	PTHR45803-SF2	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-8
	PANTHER	PTHR45803-SF5	SOX10B
	PANTHER	PTHR45803	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-30
	PANTHER	PTHR47279-SF1	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-30
	PANTHER	PTHR47279	TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR SOX-30
Fox	CDD	gn CDD 410788	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box (FOX) family of transcription factors and similar proteins
	CDD	gn CDD 410789	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein A (FOXA) subfamily
	CDD	gn CDD 410790	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein B (FOXB) subfamily
	CDD	gn CDD 410791	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein C (FOXC) subfamily
	CDD	gn CDD 410792	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein D (FOXD) subfamily
	CDD	gn CDD 410793	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein E (FOXE) subfamily
	CDD	gn CDD 410794	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein F (FOXF) subfamily
	CDD	gn CDD 410795	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein G (FOXG) subfamily
	CDD	gn CDD 410796	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein H (FOXH) subfamily

## Supplementary tables

Tab. S2 continued from previous page

Gene family	PANTHER/CDD	ID	Description
CDD	gn CDD 410797	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein J1 (FOXJ1) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410798	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box proteins FOXJ2, FOXJ3 and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410799	Forkhead (FH) domain found in the Forkhead box protein I (FOXI) subfamily	
CDD	gn CDD 410800	Forkhead (FH) domain found in the Forkhead box protein K (FOXK) subfamily	
CDD	gn CDD 410801	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein L1 (FOXL1) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410802	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein L2 (FOXL2) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410803	Forkhead (FH) domain found in the Forkhead box protein M (FOXM) subfamily	
CDD	gn CDD 410804	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein N1 (FOXN1) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410805	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein N2 (FOXN2) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410806	Forkhead (FH) domain found in the Forkhead box protein O (FOXO) subfamily	
CDD	gn CDD 410807	Forkhead (FH) domain found in the Forkhead box protein P (FOXP) subfamily	
CDD	gn CDD 410808	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein Q1 (FOXQ1) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410809	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein Q2 (FOXQ2) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410810	Forkhead (FH) domain found in the Forkhead box protein R (FOXR) subfamily	
CDD	gn CDD 410811	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein S1 (FOXS1)	
CDD	gn CDD 410812	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein A1 (FOXA1) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410813	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein A2 (FOXA2) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410814	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein A3 (FOXA3) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410816	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein B1 (FOXB1) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410817	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein B2 (FOXB2) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410818	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein C1 (FOXC1) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410819	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein C2 (FOXC2) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410820	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein D1 (FOXD1), FOXD2 and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410821	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein D3 (FOXD3) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410822	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein D4 (FOXD4) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410823	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein F1 (FOXF1) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410824	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein F2 (FOXF2) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410825	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein J2 (FOXJ2) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410826	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein J3 (FOXJ3) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410827	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein I1 (FOXI1) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410828	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein K1 (FOXK1) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410829	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein K2 (FOXK2) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410830	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein N1 (FOXN1)	
CDD	gn CDD 410831	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein N2 (FOXN2)	
CDD	gn CDD 410832	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein N3 (FOXN3)	
CDD	gn CDD 410833	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein O1 (FOXO1)	
CDD	gn CDD 410834	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein O3 (FOXO3)	
CDD	gn CDD 410835	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein O4 (FOXO4) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410836	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein O6 (FOXO6) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410837	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein P1 (FOXP1)	
CDD	gn CDD 410838	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein P2 (FOXP2)	
CDD	gn CDD 410839	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein P3 (FOXP3) and similar proteins	
CDD	gn CDD 410840	Forkhead (FH) domain found in Forkhead box protein P4 (FOXP4) and similar proteins	
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FOXQ2 PROTEIN
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN E3
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN Q1
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN B1
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN D2
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN H1
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN L2
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN D1
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN D3
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN PES-1
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR FKH-9
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX CLA-RELATED
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN N3-LIKE PROTEIN-RELATED
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN N4
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN N2
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN N3
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN N3-LIKE PROTEIN
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN N2
PANTHER	PANTHER	PANTHER	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN O
	PTHR1845767		

Tab. S2 continued from previous page

Gene family	PANTHER/CDD	ID	Description
Fox	PANTHER	PTHR45767:SF2	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN O
	PANTHER	PTHR45796	FORKHEAD BOX P ISOFORM C
	PANTHER	PTHR45796:SF3	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN P1
	PANTHER	PTHR45796:SF4	FORKHEAD BOX P ISOFORM C
	PANTHER	PTHR45881:SF3	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN K2
	PANTHER	PTHR45881:SF4	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN K1
	PANTHER	PTHR46078	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN J2 FAMILY MEMBER
	PANTHER	PTHR46262	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN BINOU
	PANTHER	PTHR46262:SF2	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN BINOU
	PANTHER	PTHR46617	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN G1
	PANTHER	PTHR46617:SF3	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN G1
	PANTHER	PTHR46721	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN N1
	PANTHER	PTHR46721:SF2	FORKHEAD BOX N1
	PANTHER	PTHR46805	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN J1
	PANTHER	PTHR46878	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN M1
	PANTHER	PTHR46878:SF1	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN M1
	PANTHER	PTHR47316	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN H1
	PANTHER	PTHR47316:SF1	FORKHEAD BOX PROTEIN H1

## Supplementary tables

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**Supplementary Table S3 – List of DSFGs from reference species used to assess the identity of DSFGs in molluscs.** NCBI accession numbers are reported in parenthesis. Each row represents an orthology group.

<i>Homo sapiens</i>	<i>Drosophila melanogaster</i>	<i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i>	Group
Dmrt gene family			
<i>DMRT1</i> (NP_068770.2)	–	–	1
<i>DMRT2</i> (NP_006548.1)	<i>dmrt11E</i> (NP_511146.2)	–	2
<i>DMRT3</i> (NP_067063.1)	<i>dmrt93B</i> (NP_524428.1)	<i>dmd-4</i> (NP_510466.1)	3
<i>DMRT4/A1</i> (NP_071443.2)	<i>dmrt99b</i> (NP_524549.1)	<i>dmd-5</i> (NP_495138.2)	A1/2
<i>DMRT5/A2</i> (NP_115486.1)			
<i>DMRT6/B1</i> (NP_149056.1)	–	–	–
<i>DMRT7/C2</i> (NP_001035373.1)	–	–	–
<i>DMRT8/C1</i> (NP_149042.2)	–	–	–
–	<i>dsx</i> (NP_731197.1)	–	–
–	–	<i>mab-3</i> (NP_001256882.1)	–
–	–	<i>dmd-3</i> (NP_001256883.1)	–
–	–	<i>dmd-6</i> (NP_001370045.1)	–
–	–	<i>dmd-7</i> (NP_741551.1)	–
–	–	<i>dmd-8</i> (NP_503176.2)	–
–	–	<i>dmd-9</i> (NP_500305.1)	–
–	–	<i>dmd-11</i> (NP_001379162.1)	–
–	–	<i>mab-23</i> (NP_001041089.1)	–
Sox gene family			
<i>SRY</i> (NP_003131.1)	–	–	A
<i>SOX3</i> (NP_005625.2)	<i>dichaete</i> (NP_524066.1)	<i>sox3</i> (NP_510439.1)	
<i>SOX2</i> (NP_003097.1)	<i>soxN</i> (NP_524735.1)	<i>sox2</i> (NP_741836.1)	B1
<i>SOX1</i> (NP_005977.2)			
<i>SOX14</i> (NP_004180.1)	<i>sox21a</i> (NP_648694.1)		
<i>SOX21</i> (NP_009015.1)	<i>sox21b</i> (NP_648695.1)	–	B2
<i>SOX11</i> (NP_003099.1)			
<i>SOX12</i> (NP_008874.2)	<i>sox14</i> (NP_476894.1)	<i>sem-2</i> (NP_740846.1)	C
<i>SOX4</i> (NP_003098.1)			
<i>SOX13</i> (NP_005677.2)			
<i>SOX5</i> (NP_008871.3)	<i>sox102f</i> (NP_726612.1)	<i>egl-13</i> (NP_001024918.1)	D
<i>SOX6</i> (NP_001139291.2)			
<i>SOX9</i> (NP_000337.1)			
<i>SOX8</i> (NP_055402.2)	<i>sox110b</i> (NP_651839.1)	–	E
<i>SOX10</i> (NP_008872.1)			
<i>SOX18</i> (NP_060889.1)			
<i>SOX7</i> (NP_113627.1)	<i>sox15</i> (NP_523739.2)	–	F
<i>SOX17</i> (NP_071899.1)			
<i>SOX15</i> (NP_008873.1)	–	–	G
<i>SOX30</i> (NP_848511.1)	–	–	H
Fox gene family			
<i>FOXA1/HNF-3<math>\alpha</math></i> (NP_004487.2)			
<i>FOXA2/HNF-3<math>\beta</math></i> (NP_068556.2)	<i>forkhead/fkh</i> (NP_524542.1)	<i>pha-4/Ce-fkh1</i> (NP_001041114.1)	A
<i>FOXA3/HNF-3<math>\gamma</math></i> (NP_004488.2)			
<i>FOXB1</i> (NP_036314.2)	<i>fd96Ca/fd4</i> (NP_524495.1)	<i>lin-31</i> (NP_494704.1)	B
<i>FOXB2</i> (NP_001013757.1)	<i>fd96Cb/fd5</i> (NP_524496.1)		
<i>FOXC1/MF1/FKHL7</i> (NP_001444.2)	<i>crocodile/fd1</i> (NP_524202.1)	–	C
<i>FOXC2/MFH1</i> (NP_005242.1)			
<i>FOXD1/FREAC4</i> (NP_004463.1)			
<i>FOXD2/FREAC9</i> (NP_004465.3)	<i>fd59A/fd3</i> (NP_523814.1)	<i>unc-130</i> (NP_496411.1)	D
<i>FOXD3</i> (NP_036315.1)			
<i>FOXD4</i> (NP_997188.2)			
<i>FOXE1/TITF2</i> (NP_004464.2)	–	–	E
<i>FOXE3</i> (NP_036318.1)			
<i>FOXF1</i> (NP_001442.2)	<i>binious/FoxF</i> (NP_523950.2)	<i>let-381/F26B1.7</i> (NP_491826.1)	F
<i>FOXF2</i> (NP_001443.1)			
<i>FOXG1/BF1/HBF2</i> (NP_005240.3)	<i>sip1</i> (NP_476730.1) <i>sip2</i> (NP_476834.1) <i>fd19B/cg9571</i> (NP_608369.1)	<i>fkh2/T14G12.4</i> (NP_508644.1)	G
<i>FOXH1/FAST1</i> (NP_003914.1)	–	–	H
<i>FOXI1/FREAC6/HFH3</i> (NP_036320.2)	–	–	I
<i>FOXJ1</i> (NP_001445.2)	–	–	J1
<i>FOXJ2</i> (XP_011519063.1)	–	–	J2
<i>FOXJ3</i> (XP_005270689.1)	–	–	J3
<i>FOXK1/LFL1</i> (NP_001032242.1)	<i>foxK/LD16137</i> (NP_001261701.1)	–	K
<i>FOXK2</i> (NP_004505.2)			

Tab. S3 continued from previous page

<i>Homo sapiens</i>	<i>Drosophila melanogaster</i>	<i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i>	Group
Fox gene family			
<i>FOXL1</i> (NP_005241.1)	<i>foxL1/fd2</i> (NP_523912.1)	–	L1
<i>FOXL2</i> (NP_075555.1)	–	–	L2
<i>FOXM1</i> (NP_001400854.1)	–	–	M
<i>FOXN1/WHN</i> (NP_001356298.1)	<i>jumeau</i> (NP_524302.1)	–	N1/4
<i>FOXN4</i> (NP_998761.2)			
<i>FOXN2/HTLF</i> (NP_001362376.1)	<i>ches-1</i> (NP_511071.3)	–	N2/3
<i>FOXN3/CHES1</i> (NP_001078940.1)			
<i>FOXO1</i> (NP_002006.2)			
<i>FOXO3</i> (NP_963853.1)	–	<i>daf-16</i> (NP_001364785.1)	O
<i>FOXO3B</i> (NP_001355064.1)			
<i>FOXP1</i> (NP_001231739.1)			
<i>FOXP2</i> (NP_683696.2)	<i>foxP/cg16899</i> (NP_001247011.1)	<i>F26D12.1</i> (NP_001293813.1)	P
<i>FOXP3</i> (NP_054728.2)			
<i>FOXP4</i> (XP_011512591.1)			
<i>FOXQ/HFH11</i> (NP_150285.3)	–	–	Q1
–	<i>fd102C/cd11152</i> (NP_651951.1)	<i>fkh-10/C25A1.2</i> (NP_492676.2)	Q2
<i>FOXS1/FREAC10</i> (NP_004109.1)	–	–	S
–	–	<i>PES-1</i> (NP_001023406.1)	–
–	–	<i>B0286.5/FKH-6</i> (NP_494775.1)	–
–	–	<i>F40H3.4/FKH-8</i> (NP_001254107.1)	–
–	–	<i>C29F7.4/FKH-3</i> (NP_001294822.1)	–
–	–	<i>K03C7.2/FKH-9</i> (NP_001024760.1)	–

## Supplementary tables

**Supplementary Table S4 – Genomic data of mammals used to retrieve DSFGs and compute amino acid sequence divergence (AASD) of single-copy orthogroups (SCOs).** For each species, the relative ID, taxonomic information, BUSCO statistics, NCBI accession number, and source publication are reported.

Species	ID	Class	Group	Order	Type	BUSCO statistics ('mammalia_odb10')	NCBI acc. no.	Reference
<i>Gallus gallus</i>	Ggal	Aves	Neognathae	Galliformes	Genome	C.99.0%[S:98.6%:D:0.4%]:F:0.2%:M:0.8%	GCF_011669485.2	Vertebrate Genome Project
<i>Chrysochilis asiatica</i>	Casi	Mammalia	Afrotheria	Afrosciricida	Genome	C.98.0%[S:97.4%:D:0.6%]:F:1.1%:M:0.9%	GCF_000296735.1	Murata et al., 2003
<i>Elephas maximus indicus</i>	Emax	Mammalia	Afrotheria	Proboscidea	Genome	C.98.9%[S:98.3%:D:0.6%]:F:0.4%:M:0.7%	GCF_024166365.1	Vertebrate Genome Project
<i>Trichechus manatus latirostris</i>	Tman	Mammalia	Afrotheria	Sirenia	Genome	C.96.1%[S:95.7%:D:0.4%]:F:1.8%:M:2.1%	GCF_000243295.1	Foote et al., 2015
<i>Orycteropus afer afer</i>	Oafe	Mammalia	Euarctontoglires	Tubulidentata	Genome	C.96.5%[S:96.0%:D:0.5%]:F:1.9%:M:1.6%	GCF_000298275.1	–
<i>Ochetotona princeps</i>	Opri	Mammalia	Euarctontoglires	Lagomorpha	Genome	C.98.3%[S:96.4%:D:1.9%]:F:0.5%:M:1.2%	GCF_03043755.1	Vertebrate Genome Project
<i>Cebus imitator</i>	Cimi	Mammalia	Euarctontoglires	Primates	Genome	C.97.3%[S:95.1%:D:2.2%]:F:1.7%:M:1.0%	GCF_001604975.1	Orkin et al., 2021
<i>Homo sapiens</i>	Hsap	Mammalia	Euarctontoglires	Primates	Genome	C.99.6%[S:97.3%:D:2.3%]:F:0.2%:M:0.2%	GCF_000001405.40	Genome Reference Consortium
<i>Lenur catta</i>	Lcat	Mammalia	Euarctontoglires	Primates	Genome	C.98.3%[S:97.2%:D:1.1%]:F:0.4%:M:1.3%	GCF_020740605.2	Vertebrate Genome Project
<i>Cavia porcellus</i>	Cpor	Mammalia	Euarctontoglires	Rodentia	Genome	C.96.4%[S:95.7%:D:0.7%]:F:1.7%:M:1.9%	GCF_000151735.1	The Genome Sequencing Platform
<i>Mus musculus</i>	Mmus	Mammalia	Euarctontoglires	Rodentia	Genome	C.99.4%[S:98.7%:D:0.7%]:F:0.2%:M:0.4%	GCF_000001635.27	Genome Reference Consortium
<i>Sciurus carolinensis</i>	Scar	Mammalia	Euarctontoglires	Rodentia	Genome	C.99.1%[S:96.9%:D:2.2%]:F:0.3%:M:0.6%	GCF_90266445.1	Mead et al., 2020
<i>Bubalus bubalis</i>	Bbub	Mammalia	Laurasiatheria	Artiodactyla	Genome	C.98.7%[S:97.0%:D:1.7%]:F:0.6%:M:0.7%	GCF_0119923935.1	Deng et al., 2016
<i>Balaenoptera musculus</i>	Bmus	Mammalia	Laurasiatheria	Artiodactyla	Genome	C.98.4%[S:95.7%:D:2.7%]:F:0.6%:M:1.0%	GCF_009873245.2	Genome 10K
<i>Camelus dromedarius</i>	Cdro	Mammalia	Laurasiatheria	Artiodactyla	Genome	C.98.7%[S:98.3%:D:0.4%]:F:0.7%:M:0.6%	GCF_000803125.2	Elbers et al., 2019
<i>Hippopotamus amphibius kiboko</i>	Hamp	Mammalia	Laurasiatheria	Artiodactyla	Genome	C.98.7%[S:95.2%:D:3.5%]:F:0.5%:M:0.8%	GCF_03028045.1	Vertebrate Genome Project
<i>Phacochoerus africanus</i>	Paf	Mammalia	Laurasiatheria	Artiodactyla	Genome	C.98.8%[S:98.3%:D:0.5%]:F:0.6%:M:0.6%	GCF_016906955.1	–
<i>Tursiops truncatus</i>	Ttru	Mammalia	Laurasiatheria	Artiodactyla	Genome	C.97.3%[S:95.2%:D:2.1%]:F:1.1%:M:1.6%	GCF_011762595.1	Xiang et al., 2009
<i>Alliropoda melanoleuca</i>	Amel	Mammalia	Laurasiatheria	Carnivora	Genome	C.97.3%[S:96.6%:D:0.7%]:F:1.3%:M:1.4%	GCF_002007445.2	Fan et al., 2019
<i>Canis lupus familiaris</i>	Clup	Mammalia	Laurasiatheria	Carnivora	Genome	C.98.5%[S:96.7%:D:1.8%]:F:0.6%:M:0.9%	GCF_011100685.1	Wang et al., 2021
<i>Mirounga angustirostris</i>	Mang	Mammalia	Laurasiatheria	Carnivora	Genome	C.96.7%[S:94.5%:D:2.2%]:F:1.9%:M:1.4%	GCF_021228785.2	Muñoz et al., 2024
<i>Panthera tigris</i>	Ptig	Mammalia	Laurasiatheria	Carnivora	Genome	C.99.4%[S:98.9%:D:0.5%]:F:0.3%:M:0.3%	GCF_01830195.1	Bredemeyer et al., 2023
<i>Desmodus rotundus</i>	Drot	Mammalia	Laurasiatheria	Chiroptera	Genome	C.98.2%[S:97.2%:D:1.0%]:F:0.5%:M:1.3%	GCF_022632495.1	Bat 1K
<i>Pteropus giganteus</i>	Pgig	Mammalia	Laurasiatheria	Chiroptera	Genome	C.97.2%[S:96.9%:D:0.3%]:F:1.1%:M:1.7%	GCF_902727225.1	Fourer et al., 2020
<i>Rhinolophus ferrumequinum</i>	Rfer	Mammalia	Laurasiatheria	Chiroptera	Genome	C.99.2%[S:97.9%:D:1.3%]:F:0.3%:M:0.5%	GCF_004115265.2	Vertebrate Genome Project
<i>Ceratotherium simum simum</i>	Csim	Mammalia	Laurasiatheria	Perissodactyla	Genome	C.98.8%[S:98.6%:D:0.2%]:F:0.9%:M:0.3%	GCF_000283155.1	–
<i>Equus quagga</i>	Equa	Mammalia	Laurasiatheria	Perissodactyla	Genome	C.98.5%[S:95.0%:D:3.5%]:F:0.5%:M:1.0%	GCF_021613505.1	Vilstrup et al., 2013
<i>Manis javanica</i>	Mjav	Mammalia	Laurasiatheria	Pholidota	Genome	C.95.7%[S:93.7%:D:2.0%]:F:1.9%:M:2.4%	GCF_014570335.1	–
<i>Sarcophilus harrisii</i>	Shar	Mammalia	Metatheria	Dasyuromorphia	Genome	C.95.5%[S:94.5%:D:1.0%]:F:0.9%:M:3.6%	GCF_90263505.1	Stammertz et al., 2023
<i>Monodelphis domestica</i>	Mdom	Mammalia	Metatheria	Didelphimorphia	Genome	C.95.1%[S:92.3%:D:2.8%]:F:0.9%:M:4.0%	GCF_027887165.1	Vertebrate Genome Project
<i>Ornithorynchus anatinus</i>	Oana	Mammalia	Prototheria	Monotremata	Genome	C.92.3%[S:91.2%:D:1.1%]:F:1.4%:M:6.3%	GCF_004115215.2	Zhou et al., 2021
<i>Dasypus novemcinctus</i>	Dnov	Mammalia	Xenarthra	Cingulata	Genome	C.96.9%[S:94.3%:D:2.6%]:F:0.7%:M:2.4%	GCF_030445035.1	Vertebrate Genome Project
<i>Choloepus didactylus</i>	Cdid	Mammalia	Xenarthra	Pilosa	Genome	C.97.8%[S:91.9%:D:5.9%]:F:0.7%:M:1.5%	GCF_015220235.1	Vertebrate Genome Project

**Supplementary Table S5 – Genomic data of *Drosophila* used to retrieve DSFGs and compute AASD of SCOs.** For each species, the relative ID, taxonomic information, BUSCO statistics, NCBI accession number, and source publication are reported.

Species	ID	Family	Subgenus	Type	BUSCO statistics ('diptera_odb10')	NCBI acc. no.	Reference
<i>Anopheles gambiae</i>	Agam	Culicidae	Celilia	Genome	C:99.4%[S:99.1%,D:0.3%],F:0.1%,M:0.5%	GCF_943734735.2	Habtewold et al., 2023
<i>Drosophila sechellia</i>	Dsec	Drosophilidae	Sophophora	Genome	C:99.9%[S:99.3%,D:0.6%],F:0.0%,M:0.1%	GCF_004382195.2	Chakraborty et al., 2021
<i>Drosophila melanogaster</i>	Dmel	Drosophilidae	Sophophora	Genome	C:100.0%[S:99.7%,D:0.3%],F:0.0%,M:0.0%	GCF_000001215.4	Hoskins et al., 2015
<i>Drosophila erecta</i>	Dere	Drosophilidae	Sophophora	Genome	C:99.9%[S:99.5%,D:0.4%],F:0.0%,M:0.1%	GCF_003286155.1	Dong et al., 2022
<i>Drosophila suzukii</i>	Dsuz	Drosophilidae	Sophophora	Genome	C:99.7%[S:96.5%,D:3.2%],F:0.1%,M:0.2%	GCF_013340165.1	Paris et al., 2020
<i>Drosophila elegans</i>	Dele	Drosophilidae	Sophophora	Genome	C:99.8%[S:99.5%,D:0.3%],F:0.1%,M:0.1%	GCF_018152505.1	Kim et al., 2021
<i>Drosophila serrata</i>	Dser	Drosophilidae	Sophophora	Genome	C:99.9%[S:97.5%,D:2.4%],F:0.0%,M:0.1%	GCF_002093755.2	Allen et al., 2017
<i>Drosophila kikkawai</i>	Dkik	Drosophilidae	Sophophora	Genome	C:100.0%[S:99.1%,D:0.9%],F:0.0%,M:0.0%	GCF_018152535.1	Kim et al., 2021
<i>Drosophila bipectinata</i>	Dbip	Drosophilidae	Sophophora	Genome	C:99.9%[S:99.2%,D:0.7%],F:0.0%,M:0.1%	GCF_018153845.1	Kim et al., 2021
<i>Drosophila ananassae</i>	Dana	Drosophilidae	Sophophora	Genome	C:99.6%[S:99.3%,D:0.3%],F:0.0%,M:0.4%	GCF_017639315.1	Tvedte et al., 2021
<i>Drosophila pseudoobscura</i>	Dpse	Drosophilidae	Sophophora	Genome	C:99.7%[S:98.8%,D:0.9%],F:0.1%,M:0.2%	GCF_009870125.1	Liao et al., 2021
<i>Drosophila miranda</i>	Dmir	Drosophilidae	Sophophora	Genome	C:99.8%[S:85.6%,D:14.2%],F:0.1%,M:0.1%	GCF_003369915.1	Mahajan et al., 2018
<i>Drosophila willistoni</i>	Dwil	Drosophilidae	Sophophora	Genome	C:99.6%[S:98.4%,D:1.2%],F:0.0%,M:0.4%	GCF_018902025.1	Ranz et al., 2023
<i>Drosophila arizonae</i>	Dari	Drosophilidae	Drosophila	Genome	C:95.7%[S:95.3%,D:0.4%],F:1.2%,M:3.1%	GCF_001654025.1	Sanchez-Flores et al., 2016
<i>Drosophila hydei</i>	Dhyd	Drosophilidae	Drosophila	Genome	C:99.7%[S:97.5%,D:2.2%],F:0.1%,M:0.2%	GCF_003285905.1	Dong et al., 2022
<i>Drosophila grimshawi</i>	Dgri	Drosophilidae	Drosophila	Genome	C:99.9%[S:99.2%,D:0.7%],F:0.0%,M:0.1%	GCF_018153295.1	Kim et al., 2021
<i>Drosophila albomicans</i>	Dalb	Drosophilidae	Drosophila	Genome	C:99.9%[S:99.1%,D:0.8%],F:0.0%,M:0.1%	GCF_009650485.2	Mai et al., 2020
<i>Drosophila busckii</i>	Dbus	Drosophilidae	Drosophila	Genome	C:98.1%[S:97.4%,D:0.7%],F:0.3%,M:1.6%	GCF_011750605.1	Renschler et al., 2019

**Supplementary Table S6 – Complete set of DSFGs in bivalves.** For each gene, the species ID (Sp. ID) as in Tab. S1, the accession number (Gene ID), the Possvm-based annotation, and the CDD domains (including their Psm-ID) are indicated.

Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Airc	Contig6_279	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
	scarf235_403	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Apur	XP_05269816.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Cang	EV/M0027346.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Cari	XP_001441098.2	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Cgig	XP_022333988.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Cvir	XP_041358115.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Gaeg	M0000013645	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Hibia	VD105796.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Hruf	XP_04372338.2	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Hruf	XP_048335704.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Ncal	XP_052068518.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGC4/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Ncor	CAC5397186.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGC4/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Medu	CAC2232556.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGC4/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Ngal	MMAM0000008302	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGC4/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606; partial)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Nmer	g120437_t1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Obim	XP_014782618.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Oedu	XP_048736174.2	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Osin	XP_036388911.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Osin	XP_036366746.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Osin	XP_029647701.2	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Fcan	XP_025090051.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Fcan	XP_025111744.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Fmar	DN30637_c0_g1.i.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Fmax	XP_03373365.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Ppur	DN2292_c0_g1.i.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Fstr	KAK359948.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Fvir	s0185_0g168	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGC4/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Fyes	XP_0353714.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Sbro	EVM020695.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Sgio	Sg011295	Dmrt	Dmrt-OGO/NA	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	-	Annotated as Dmrt-1L
Arc	Contig172_94	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	-	-	-
Apc	DN21321_c1.g1.i.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	CUE-like DMA domain (270553)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553)
Bglia	XP_05887190.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Cipli	DN116454_c0_g1.i.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Gaeg	XP_05832484.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Hruf	XP_04359971.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Ncor	XP_04255484.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Medu	CAC5404148.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Ngal	CAC2252366.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Nmer	VD14271.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Nphi	XP_045156965.2	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Obim	scf340771.9	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Oedu	XP_028033_c0_g1.i.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Osin	XP_025111540.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Fcan	DN165632_c0_g1.i.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Fcor	DN115233_c0_g1.i.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Fmar	DN29650766.2	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Fmax	XP_033738864.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Fstr	KAK30674.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Fvir	s00097825	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Fyes	XP_021368788.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Rphi	XP_060589226.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Sbro	EV/M0001645.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Scor	Chr8_1365	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Tgra	KA18_306274.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-2	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Tsau	DNS1730_c0_g1.i.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-3	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)
Acal	XP_05096932.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-3	-	-	-
Arc	Contig8_349_40	Dmrt	Dmrt-3	-	-	-



## Supplementary tables

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Nare	XP_052774906_1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Nare	XP_052776885_1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Ncal	XP_052092340_1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Nichi	DN5166_c0_g1.i1.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Ncor	CAC538878.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Nedu	CAG2209978.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Ngai	VD124477.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Nmar	MMAM00000040448	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Nmar	MMAM0000008515	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Nmar	MMAM0000016566	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Nmar	MMAM0000047004	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Nmar	MMAM00000044361	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Nmer	XP_045157593_1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Nmer	XP_045157053_1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Nmod	DN116328_c0_g1.i1.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Nmar	834603.t1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Nmer	g585321.t1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Nmer	g241174.t1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Nmer	g192820.t1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Nphi	scf8796_0.3	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Oedu	XP_048763391_1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Pcan	DN12587_c0_g3.i3.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Pcor	DN12587_c0_g2.i1.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Pcor	DN12587_c0_g1.i3.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Pcor	DN12587_c0_g1.i4.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Fgen	DN6334_c0_g1.i1.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Fgen	DN35556_c0_g1.i2.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Fmax	XP_033737544_1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Foku	DN5178_c0_g1.i2.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Fstr	KAK3612677_1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Pstr	KAK5833105_1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Pstr	KAK583312.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Pstr	KAK5833110.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Pvir	s007382	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Pyes	XP_021377274_1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Rdec	DN26973_c0_g1.i1.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Rphi	XP_060600638_1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Rphi	XP_060600746_1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Sbro	EV/M0004355_1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Sbro	EV/M0021940_1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Scor	Chr8.199	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Scor	Chr8.2143	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Sgio	Saf00992	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Sgra	DN54078_c0_g1.i3.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Sgra	DN6659_c0_g1.i3.p4	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Tgra	KAJ8305799_1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Tsou	DN75749_c0_g1.i1.p1	Dmrt	Dmrt-4/5	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Apec	DN83372_c0_g1.i1.p1	Dmrt	-	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Mchi	DN54711_c0_g1.i2.p1	Dmrt	-	Doublesex DNA-binding motif (214606)	CUE-like DMA domain (270553, 270601)	
Scor	Chr8.738	Dmrt	-	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	
Acal	XP_05097243.2	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	
Arc	Contig6.157	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	
Amar	Ama08751	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	
Apec	DN107972_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	
Apur	scaff0d124.7	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	
Egia	XP_013067134_2	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	
Cang	XP_052701295_1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	
Cari	EV/M0004613_1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	
Cflu	DN101169_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	
Gigg	XP_011413445_1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	

Tab S6 continued from previous page

Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Pssm-ID)	Additional domains (Pssm-ID)	Notes
Cpli	DN47094_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552; partial)	-
Csin	Hic.asin.10.638	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Csin	Hic.asin.10.437	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Cvir	XP_022333322.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Cvir	XP_022334050.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Dpol	XP_052272379.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552; partial)	-
Gaeg	XP_041352454.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
M0000018167	Fbia	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552; partial)	-
Htrf	XP_043271021.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Nare	XP_052769228.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552; partial)	-
Ncal	XP_052106467.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Nchi	DN23533_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552; partial)	-
Ncor	CAC5374046.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Nedu	CA6210348.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552; partial)	-
Ngal	VD117457.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Mmar	MMA0000008663	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Nmer	XP_045173733.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872; partial); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Nmod	DN103780_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872; partial); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Nmer	g192227.t1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Nphi	scaf_4682.0	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Obim	XP_014768201.2	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Cedu	XP_048735299.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Pcan	XP_025090786.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872; partial); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Pcor	DN3042_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872; partial); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Pgen	DN50866_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872; partial); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Fmar	XP_033734080.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Fmax	KAR25767.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Fstr	s00068g447	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Fvir	XP_021361791.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Fyes	XP_060590755.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Rphi	EVM0003194.1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Sbro	Chr4.2670	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Scn	Sal003464	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Sgio	DN78052_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-A	Forkhead domain A1 (410812)	Forkhead N-terminal (369872; partial); HNF3 C-terminal domain (430552)	-
Sgra	XP_05089018.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Acal	Contig636.38	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Airc	scaffold_313_50	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Apur	Elga	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Dpol	XP_052700333.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Cang	EVMO003536.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Cari	DN98613_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Cflu	XP_011445364.2	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Cgig	Hic.asn.16.1347	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Cvir	XP_022334612.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Dpol	XP_052233250.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Dpol	XP_052256324.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Dpol	XP_052281977.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Gaeg	XP_041361159.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Hbia	M0000029836	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Htrf	XP_046338590.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Lorb	DN589_c3_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Nare	XP_05791461.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Ncal	XP_05110219.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Ncor	CAC5382565.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Nedu	VD16670.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Nmar	MMA0000015629	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Nmer	XP_04521505.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Nphi	g250725.t1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Obim	XP_052832317.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Oedu	XP_029653697.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B1 (410817)	-	-
Csin						

## Supplementary tables

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Fcan	XP_025078261_1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B2 (410817)		
Fcor	DN23979_c0 g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B2 (410817)		
Fcor	DN23979_c1 g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B2 (410817)		
Fmax	XP_033749567_1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B2 (410817)		
Fstr	KAK3607900.1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B2 (410817)		
Fvir	s00189e215	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B2 (410817)		
Fyes	XP_021357620_1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B2 (410817)		
Rphi	XP_060564412_1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B2 (410817)		
Scon	Chr5_12	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B2 (410817)		
Sgio	Sg012012	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B2 (410817)		
Tgra	KA18304921_1	Fox	Fox-B	Forkhead domain B2 (410817)		
Acal	XP_005106277_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410794)		
Airc	Contig58_63	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Amar	Amar17094	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Apur	scaffold577_50	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Bglia	XP_053890240_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Cang	XP_052715579_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Cari	EV/M0002771_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Cflu	DN96576_c0 g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Cgig	XP_011417585_2	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Cpli	DN157725_c0 g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Csin	Hic.asn.17.1357	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Csin	Hic.asn.17.1443	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Cvir	XP_02346235_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Dpol	XP_052247387_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Gaeg	XP_041377087_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Hbia	M0000031058	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Hruf	XP_046372770_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Mare	XP_052819073_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Nical	XP_052063314_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Nichi	DN13809_c0 g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410794)		
Ncor	CAC5374004_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Medu	CAG2206344_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Ngal	VDI12482_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Nmar	MMAM0000035616	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Nmer	XP_045194706_2	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Nmer	g82158.i1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Nphi	scat69950_1.0	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Obirn	XP_014786040_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Cedu	XP_048762038_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Osin	XP_0296535806_2	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Fcan	XP_025115697_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Fcor	DN14158_c0 g2.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Fcor	DN14158_c0 g5.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Fmax	XP_033755065_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Fstr	KAK350993_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Fvir	s02023e12	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Fyes	XP_021346967_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Rphi	XP_060597004_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Sbro	EV/M0022192_1	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Scon	Chr11_448	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Sgio	Sg009485	Fox	Fox-C	Forkhead domain C (410801)		
Tgra	KA18303551_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Acal	XP_033824261_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Contig1003_15	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)			
Amar	Amal1086	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Apec	DN87832_c0 g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Apur	scaffold13962_11	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Bglia	XP_013096936_2	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Cang	XP_052688370_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Cari	EV/M0005770_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Cgig	XP_011446328_2	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Cpli	DN23774_c0 g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Csin	Hic.asn.11.1425	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Pssm-ID)	Additional domains (Pssm-ID)	Notes
Cvir	XP_022316146_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Dpol	XP_052256035_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Dpol	XP_052256591_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Gaeg	XP_041336731_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Hbia	M00000030583	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Hruf	XP_046329290_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Lorb	DN22803_c0g.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Mare	XP_052777467_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Mare	XP_052777725_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Nical	XP_052095202_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Nical	XP_052075808_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Ncor	CAC532691_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Ncor	CAC5407497_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Nmedu	CAG240466_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Nmedu	CAG2248150_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Nmedu	CAG2203862_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Ngal	VDI07735_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Ngal	VDH3066_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D3 (410822)		
Nmar	MMA00000002467	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Nmer	XP_045157253_2	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Nmer	g19286.tl	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Nphi	scat69489_1.2	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Nphi	scf42856_0_4	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Obim	XP_05826296_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Oedu	XP_04876457_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Fcan	XP_025110523_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Fcor	DN15187_c0g.i15.p1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Fmax	DN1295_c0g.i11.p1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Fmax	XP_033737945_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Fstr	KAK3522139_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Fvir	s014022_91	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Fvir	s0009_78340	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Fyes	XP_021345225_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Rphi	XP_060585828_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Sbro	EV/M0002351_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Scn	Chr8.2069	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Sgio	Sg013024	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Tgra	KA18306624_1	Fox	Fox-D	Forkhead domain D4 (410822)		
Arc	Contig989.19	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Amar	Amal2850	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Apur	sccaffold253_23	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Cang	XP_052688878_1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Cari	EV/M000389_1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Chlu	DN108936_c2g.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Cegig	XP_011444776_2	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Cvir	XP_022319236_1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Dpol	XP_052286560_1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Hbia	M0000038943	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Hbia	VP0460460_1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Hruf	XP_0463353578_2	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Mare	XP_0527778423_1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Nical	XP_052075782_1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Ncor	CAC5384360_1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Nmedu	CAG2217852_1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Nmedu	CAG2194171_1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Nmedu	CAG2199036_1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Ngal	VDH0460_1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Nmar	MMA00000033594	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Nmer	XP_045157592_2	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Nmer	DN117568_c0g.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Nphi	g241620_1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Oedu	scf3.1587_0_4	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Pmar	XP_048762291_1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Pmar	DN27017_c0g.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
	XP_033737819_1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Pstr	KAK353103.1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Pvir	s00145e54	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Pyes	XP_021378858.1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Rdec	DN24595_c4_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Rphi	XP_060578687.1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Sbro	EV/M0010028.1	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Sgio	Sg009305	Fox	Fox-E	Forkhead domain E (410793)		
Acal	XP_05105969.2	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F1 (410823)		
Airc	Contig1133.18	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Amar	Am339500	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F1 (410823)		
Amar	Am32615	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F1 (410823)		
Apec	DNF5342_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Apur	scffold_860_37	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Bglia	XP_058892380.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F1 (410823)		
Cang	XP_052712246.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Cari	EV/M0011190.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Cegig	XP_011445317.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Cfliu	DN7628_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Csln	Hic.asn.17.158	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Cvrl	XP_022335664.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Dpol	XP_052232755.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Gaeg	XP_041375666.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Hibia	M00000007664	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Hruf	XP_046372649.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Nlare	XP_052815084.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410823)		
Nlal	XP_052060477.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Nlcor	CAC5387332.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Nledu	CAG2252875.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Nlgai	VDI12852.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Nlmar	MMAM00000030948	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Nlmer	XP_045194642.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Nlmod	DN104261_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Nlmer	g106120.t1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Nlphi	scat40546.0.2	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Obim	XP_014777539.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Cetiu	XP_048732202.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Pcan	XP_025116010.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F1 (410823)		
Pcor	DN129940_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Pfar	DN14344_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Pmax	XP_03755005.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Pstr	KAK3601654.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Pvir	s133835g10	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Pyes	XP_021358008.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Rphi	XP_060601663.1	Fox	Fox-F	Forkhead domain F (410794)		
Sbro	EV/M0015186.1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Scon	Chr11_927	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Scon	Chr11_810	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Sgio	Sg005267	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Tgra	KA18302829.1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Tsclu	DN137576_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Acal	XP_05099252.2	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Acal	XP_05099253.1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Airc	Contig625.38	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Amar	Am10381	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Apec	DN10836_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Apur	scffold_36470.28	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Bglia	XP_05879295.1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Cang	XP_052699015.1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Cari	EV/M0011891.1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Cfliu	DN104980_c0.g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Cegig	XP_011427689.2	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Cpli	DN58419_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Csln	Hic.asn.10.1034	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Pssm-ID)	Additional domains (Pssm-ID)	Notes
Cvir	XP_022334541_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Dpol	XP_052270224_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
DPol	XP_052270147_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Gaeg	XP_041354930_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Gaeg	XP_041354700_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Hbla	M00000035880	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Hruf	XP_046371537_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Hruf	XP_0462959351_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Hruf	XP_052104484_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Ngal	CAc5405696_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Nmedu	CAg2193433_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Ngal	VDI124297_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Nmar	MMAM00000039730	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Nmer	XP_045162348_2	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Nmod	DN60588_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Nmer	g132265_i1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Nphi	scaf.15017.0_3	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Obim	XP_052824454_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Oeclu	XP_048737541_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Pcan	XP_025105677_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Pcan	XP_025106039_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Pcan	XP_025105724_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Pcor	DN81635_c0_g2.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Pcor	DN81635_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Pgen	DN112984_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Pmar	DN28516_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Pmax	XP_033734631_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Poku	DN41990_c0_g2.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Pstr	KAK3604690_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Pvir	s0038_3e35	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Pys	XP_021363790_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Rphi	XP_060589805_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Sbro	EVM0011335_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Sbro	EVMD012606_1	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Sccon	Chr3_2805	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Sgio	Sg014601	Fox	Fox-G	Forkhead domain G (410795)		
Sgra	DNa9488_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Contig18244_2	Contig18244_2	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Airc	Contig178_106	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Amar	Amar6564	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Amar	Ama05668	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Cang	XP_0526384756_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Cari	EVM0021377_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Chlu	DN138466_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Cegig	XP_034313225_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Csin	Hic_aen_14_811	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Csvr	XP_022314590_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Hbla	M0000018729	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Hruf	XP_046254913_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Hruf	XP_048255113_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Ncor	CAc5408624_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Ncor	CAc5397897_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Ncor	CAc5397906_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Ngal	CAc5403969_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Ngal	VDI120844_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Nmedu	CAg2228903_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Nmedu	CAg218804_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Nmedu	CAg2252853_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Nmedu	CAg2202596_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Ngal	VDI672725_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Ngal	VDH53947_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Ngal	VDI20844_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Nmar	MMAM00000022684	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Nmer	XP_053378216_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Nmer	XP_045194303_2	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Nmer	XP_045188985_2	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Nmer	§2135_42.tl	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Nphi	scf.17325_0..4	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Nphi	scf.88666_1..1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Oedu	XP_048759429_2	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Pcan	XP_025075984_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Pcor	DN116957_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Pmax	XP_033755807_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Pstr	KAK3603859_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Pvir	s7589_6e33	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Pvir	§0023_48.i2_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Rphi	XP_060588970_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Rphi	XP_060664067_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Sbro	EVM0016618_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Sbro	EVM0013817_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Scon	Chr11_1.359	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Scon	Chr2_2082	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Sgio	§g013003	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain H (410796)		
Acal	XP_005108651_1	Fox	Fox-H	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Aaic	Contig775_5	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Amar	Amad2822	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Apec	DN20109_c0.g1.i6.p1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Apur	scaffold797_10	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Bglg	XP_013064514_2	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Cang	XP_052689275_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Cari	EVM0003588_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Cflu	DN127407_c0.g2.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Cfig	XP_011445234_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Cpli	DN65792_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Csin	Hc_asn_0.1540	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Cvir	XP_022319181_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Cvir	XP_022319268_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Dpol	XP_052265485_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Gaesg	XP_041362703_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Hbia	M00000003225	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Hruf	XP_046330175_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Lorb	DN146717_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Mare	XP_052764636_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Mare	XP_052816884_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Mare	XP_052764667_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Mare	XP_052775202_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Mare	XP_052775217_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Mare	XP_052775230_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Mare	XP_052686038_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Nical	DN1583_c0.g1.i5.p1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Nchi	CAC5405074_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Ncor	CAc2242807_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Nphi	VDI1269_1..1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Obim	MMAM0000019873	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Oedu	XP_045212565_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Osin	DN12569_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Osin	§g198765.tl	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Osin	scf.33310_2..9	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Pcan	XP_052824622_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Pcor	XP_046763213_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Pcor	XP_029638410_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Pcor	XP_025095423_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Pcor	DN§84891_c0.g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Pcor	DN§84891_c0.g2.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Pgen	DN2399_4..8..ef.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Pmar	DN§2837_c1.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		
Pmax	XP_033755219_1	Fox	Fox-J1	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)		

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Pssm-ID)	Additional domains (Pssm-ID)	Notes
Foku	DN197777_c2_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-11	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)	-	
Ppur	DN2521_c0.g1.i4.p1	Fox	Fox-11	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)	-	
Fstr	KAK3579229.1	Fox	Fox-11	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)	-	
Fvir	s01693610	Fox	Fox-11	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)	-	
Fyes	XP_021351058.1	Fox	Fox-11	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)	-	
Rdec	DN2834_c9.g7.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-11	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)	-	
Rphi	XP_060587750.1	Fox	Fox-11	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)	-	
Sbro	EV/M0018668.1	Fox	Fox-11	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)	-	
Scon	Chr1.3201	Fox	Fox-11	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)	-	
Sgio	Chr1.3198	Fox	Fox-11	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)	-	
Sgra	Sg000050	Fox	Fox-11	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)	-	
Tgra	DN10939_c0.g1.i11.p1	Fox	Fox-11	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)	-	
Tsqu	KAJ831821.1	Fox	Fox-11	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)	-	
Acal	DN6625_c2.g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox-11	Forkhead domain J1 (410797)	-	
Airc	XP_05111247.3	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Amar	Conti53_201	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain J3 (410826)	-	
Apur	Amfa34942	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain J3 (410826)	-	
Bglia	scfa0d.11801.24	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Cang	XP_013070049.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Cari	XP_052716138.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Cflu	EV/M0008910.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Cfig	DN8808_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Cpli	XP77871_c5.g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Hic_asn.4.381	Hic_asn.4.381	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Cvir	XP_022341777.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Dpol	XP_052285372.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Gaeq	XP_-041378546.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Hbia	M0000010754	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain J3 (410826)	-	
Hruf	XP_048247606.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain J3 (410826)	-	
Mare	XP_052759824.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Mare	XP_-052759802.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Mcal	XP_052082445.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Nchi	DN54970_c0.g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Ncor	CAC5378041.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Nedu	CAG2221519.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Ngal	VDI57447.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Nmar	MMAM0000017129	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Nmer	XP_053378821.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Mmod	DN3846_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Nphi	scfa40576.0.4	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Oblim	XP_052832979.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Oclu	XP_048739234.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Osin	XP_029651687.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Pcan	XP_053379966.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Pfcor	DN2942_c0.g1.i5.p1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Pcor	DN2942_c0.e4.i3.p1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Pgen	DN5381_c0.g6.i3.p2	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Pmar	DN1364_c0.g1.i3.p1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Pmax	XP_03763328.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Foku	DN14771_c0.g2.i3.p1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain J3 (410826)	-	
Ppur	DN2181_c0.g1.i5.p1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain J3 (410826)	-	
Fstr	KAK3583417.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Fvir	s000196	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Fyes	XP_-01374633.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Rphi	XP_060577634.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Sbro	EV/M0013081.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Scon	Chr12.800	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Sgio	Sg003279	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Sgra	DN1042_c0.g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Tgra	KA18320220.1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Forkhead domain J3 (410826)	-	

## Supplementary tables

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Tsqu	DN10376_c0_g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox-12/3	Fox	-	
Acal	XP_005092494.1	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain J3 (410826)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
scaffId:855_43	Fox	Fox-K	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Apur	XP_022316096.1	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Egta	XP_052688140.1	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Cang	EV/M0009067.1	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Cari	XP_011416099.1	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Cgig	DIN4350_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Cpli	XP_022316096.1	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Cvir	XP_041362451.1	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Gaeg	M000000833	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Hbfa	XP_048248693.1	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Hruf	MMA0000012630	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Nmar	scf1.45870.0.11	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828; partial)	
Mphi	XP_04872374.1	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Obum	DN10437_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Oedu	XP_048761057.2	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Csin	DN102964877.1	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Rdec	DIN21696_c3_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Sgio	Sgo00589	Fox	Fox-K	Forkhead domain K (410800)	Forkhead associated (FHA) domain (410828)	
Acal	XP_012940028.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Aaic	Contig58_64	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Amar	Amal7914	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Apec	DN10437_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Apur	scaffId:122.2	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Begl	XP_058890278.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Begl	XP_052718666.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Cang	EV/M0019009.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Cari	XP_011417586.2	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Cgig	DIN157469_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Cpli	Hic_asn_17.1225	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Csin	Cvir	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Dpol	XP_022346240.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Gaeg	XP_052252043.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Hruf	XP_041375667.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
M0000031057	XP_046344397.2	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Medu	DN104458_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Lorb	XP_052817971.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Mare	XP_052817977.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Ncal	MMA00000028776	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Nmar	XP_052063315.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Nmod	DN151324_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Nmer	g268924.t1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Nphi	scaf69950_0.0	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Obim	XP_014785001.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Oedu	XP_048762056.2	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Pcan	XP_025076243.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Pcor	DN28326_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Pmar	DN187497_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Pmax	DN50135_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Ppur	DN73831_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Pstr	KAK350999.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Pvir	s02023611	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Pyes	XP_021346965.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Rphi	XP_066608039.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Sbro	EVM0016190.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Scon	Chr11_868	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L1 (410800)	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	
Sgio	Sg004986	Fox	Fox-L1	Forkhead domain L2 (410802)	Forkhead domain L2 (410802)	
Acal	XP_05101910.2	Fox	Fox-L2			

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Pssm-ID)	Additional domains (Pssm-ID)	Notes
Airc	Contig551_34	Fox	Fox-L12	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Amar	Am34073	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Apur	scaffold84_159	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Bglia	XP_053865110_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Cang	XP_052718506_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Cari	EVMO0217728_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Cflu	DN127322_c6_g2.i2.p1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Caeg	NP_001295827_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Cgip	DN75986_c5.g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Csln	Hic_asn_4.274	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Cvir	XP_022345405_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Cvir	XP_022345173_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Dpol	XP_-052232271_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Gaeg	XP_041378222_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Hibia	M0000035173	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Htrf	XP_048250255_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Lorb	DN129129_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Mare	XP_052760962_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Mcal	XP_052082415_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Mcor	CAc5401149_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Medu	CAG239672_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Ngal	VD148865_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Nmar	MMAM0000016212	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Nmer	XP_045161614_2	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Nmod	DN2410_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Nmer	g83235_t1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Nphi	scaf539301_0.3	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Obim	XP_014785648_2	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Oceu	XP_048729555_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Pcan	XP_0250933514_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Pcor	DN55937_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Pgen	DN134171_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Pmar	DN52846_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Pmax	XP_033724493_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Pstr	KAK3602726_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Pvir	s0024_06_193	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Pyes	XP_021353421_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Rdec	DN21003_c0.g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Rphi	XP_060586301_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Sbro	EVMO017513_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Scon	EVMO014371_1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Sgio	Chr12_1684	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Tsau	Sg000363	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Acal	DN37_c29_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-L2	Forkhead domain L2 (4108/02)	-	
Airc	XP_05091040_1	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	
Contig281_47	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-		
Amar	Am323426	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	
Apcc	DN27027_c0.g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	
Apur	scaffold17_163	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	
Bglia	XP_053899100_1	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	
Cang	XP_052711314_1	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	
Cari	EVMO024311_1	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	
Cgig	XP_034303195_1	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	
Csln	DNF8931_c1.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	
Cvir	Hic_asn_2.101	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	
Dpol	XP_022292787_1	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	
Gaeg	XP_041365083_1	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	
Hibia	M0000027642	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	
Htrf	XP_048241610_1	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	
Mare	XP_052801997_1	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	
Mcal	XP_052066630_1	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	
Nchi	DN25972_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-NU/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)	-	

Supplementary tables

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Ncor	CAC533890.1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Medu	CAG2257106.1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Mgal	VDH493464.1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Medu	VDH493462.1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Mgal	VDH493463.1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Nmar	MMA00000018109	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Nmer	XP_045177240.1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Nmod	DN5607..r0.g<1..p1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Nphi	scaf699350.10	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Obim	XP_05285413.1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Oedu	XP_0559960355.1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Osin	XP_029638459.2	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410831)		
Pcan	XP_025087495.1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Pcor	DN5558..c0.g2.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Pcor	DN5558..c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Pgen	DNL45626..c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Pmar	DNS0748..c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Pmax	XP_033751425.1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Poku	DN42531..c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Ppur	DN195653..c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Pstr	KAK3587366.1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Pvir	S24332845	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Pyes	XP_021371548.1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Rdec	DN20122..c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Rphi	XP_060606682.1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Sbro	EVMM0009578.1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Scon	Chr14..2061	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Sgio	Scf0104456	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Sgra	DN11935..c0.g2.i3.p1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Tgra	KA1828705.1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Tsqu	DN22139..c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-N1/4	Forkhead domain N1 (410804)		
Acal	XP_05099217.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Airc	Contig117.153	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Amar	Amal09079	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Apec	DN119198..c0.g1.i10.p1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Apur	sccaffold489.22	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Eglia	XP_013084252.2	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Cang	XP_052698143.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Cari	EVMM0016469.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Cflu	DN125734..c1.g1.18.p1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Cgig	XP_034324255.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Cpli	DNF9231..c0.g1.17.p1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Csin	Hic_asn.10.136	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Cvrl	XP_022331367.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Dpol	XP_052270965.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Gaeq	XP_041335111.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Hbia	M00000030949	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Htuf	XP_046351344.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Nare	XP_052767715.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Ncal	XP_052107190.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Nchi	DN59446..c1.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Ncor	CAC5378437.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Medu	CAG225611.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Mgal	VDI80286.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Medu	VDI80289.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Mgal	VDI80287.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Nmar	MMA0000016688	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Nmer	XP_053376884.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Nmod	DN2418..c0.g1.i31.p1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Nmer	g1561..153..i2	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Nphi	scaf37509.0.5	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Obim	XP_052822674.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Oedu	XP_048735022.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		
Osin	XP_029633348.1	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)		

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Fcan	XP_025106088_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Fcor	DN1795240_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Fcor	DN18451_c0.g2.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Fcor	DN14328_c0.g1.i3.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Fgen	DNr2157_c1.g1.i3.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Fmax	XP_033734799_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Foku	DN17429_c4.g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Fpur	DN5075_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Fstr	KAK359593.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Fvir	s00410e95	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Fyes	XP_021366964_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Rdec	DN2296_c2.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Rphi	XP_060552999_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Sgio	Se013452	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Sgra	DN1313_c0.g2.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Tgra	KA18308641_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Tgra	KA18316727_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Tsau	DNr5347_c0.g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-N2/3	Forkhead domain N3 (410833)	
Acal	XP_05112460_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Airc	Contig116.24	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Amar	Am07814	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Apec	DN2362_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Apur	scaffold_712_6	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Briga	XP_013095285_2	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Cang	XP_052708272_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Cari	EV/M0000968_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Cflu	DN12955_c5.g3.i5.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Cgig	XP_011414389_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Cpvi	DNr2415_c5.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Cvpr	XP_022287692_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Cvir	XP_022287423_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Dpol	XP_0522943903_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Gaeg	XP_041351714_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Hbia	M0000024236	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Hruf	XP_046374293_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Lorb	DN142512_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Nare	XP_052808484_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Nchi	DN52908_c0.g1.i3.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Nlcor	CAC5392548_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Nmar	MMAM000000004017	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Nmer	XP_045195791_2	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Nmod	DN145_c2.g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Nmer	s1872_83.i1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410835)	
Obsm	XP_052832486_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Oedu	XP_048766690_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Osin	XP_029657040_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Pcan	DN20097678_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Fcor	DNr7549_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Fgen	DNr549_c0.g3.i2.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Fkor	DN24871_c0.g1.i3.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Fpur	DN24871_c0.g1.i3.p2	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Fstr	s00079e102	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Fvir	XP_021377366_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Fyes	DN30721_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Rdec	XP_060589384_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	
Rphi	Chr2_491	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)	

## Supplementary tables

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Sgio	Sgio18351	Fox	Fox	Fox	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)
Sgra	DN576.c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-O	Fox-O	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)
Tsqu	DN1.38852.c0.g1.i1.p1.	Fox	Fox-O	Fox-O	Fox-O	Forkhead domain O (410806)
Airc	Contig3.461.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Airc	Contig33.307.2	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Apur	scaffold.576.108	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Cang	XP_050673828.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Cari	EVN0015778.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Cfig	XP_011412452.2	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Cvir	XP_022300144.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Dpol	XP_052234997.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Dpol	XP_052237166.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Gaeg	XP_041362068.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Hbia	M00000010651	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Hruf	XP_046328651.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Nmar	XP_052089402.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Nmar	CA5388114.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Nmedu	CAG2205347.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Ngal	VDI0563.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Nmar	MMAM00000027087	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Nmer	XP_045182963.2	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Nmod	DNB753.c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Nphi	scf6119.0.21	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Oedu	XP_048731527.2	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Pmar	DN2892.c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Pmax	XP_033727511.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Pstr	KAK5609024.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Pvir	501298651	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Pyes	XP_021354438.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Rdec	DN23702.c2.g1.12.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Rphi	XP_06056633.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Sbro	EVN0009544.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Scon	Chrl.409	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Sgio	Sgio004484	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Tgra	KAJ82322379.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Forkhead domain P (410807)
Tsqu	DN207442.c0.g1.i1.p1.	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG13/NA	Fox-OG13/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Acal	XP_005106916.3	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Airc	Contig85.21	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Amar	Amal.9770	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Apur	scaffold.360.14	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Bglia	XP_013071662.2	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Cang	XP_052676287.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Cari	EVN001823.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Cfig	XP_011439389.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Cipli	DN35479.c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Csin	Hic-asn.12.159	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Cvir	XP_022296913.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Dpol	XP_052233230.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Dpol	XP_052253240.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Gaeg	XP_041347345.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Hbia	M0000015843	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Hruf	XP_0463282017.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Mare	XP_052778846.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Nphi	XP_052062481.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Ncor	CAC5419515.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Nedu	CAG220915.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Ngal	VDI05805.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Nmar	MMA00000012410	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Nmer	XP_045166371.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Nphi	scf67833.0.2	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Obim	XP_04772941.1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Oedu	XP_048742700.2	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Fox-OG15/NA	Annotated as Fox-Q2b

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Pssm-ID)	Additional domains (Pssm-ID)	Notes
Fcan	XP_025006321_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Fcor	DN7667_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Fcor	DN54039_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Fcor	DN7667_c0_g3.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Fmax	XP_033744896_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Fstr	KAK3589497_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Fyes	XP_021371037_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Rphi	XP_060586724_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Sbro	EV/M00005061	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Sbro	EV/M0006433_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Scon	Chr7_1624	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Sgio	Sg0102307	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG15/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2b
Arc	Contig1425_7	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-
Apur	scaffold604_1.73	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-
Cang	XP_052676026_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Cari	EV/M0023364_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Cflu	DN107758_c5.g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Cggg	XP_019927657_2	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Cpli	DN7669_c0_g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-
Cvir	XP_022321288_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-
Cvir	XP_022295893_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-
Dpol	XP_052222623_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Gaeg	XP_041365712_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Hbia	M0000030826	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Hruf	XP_046364140_2	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-
Lorb	DN243786_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-
Nare	XP_052802309_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Ncor	CAC5370465_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Nedu	CAG2202185_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Ngal	CAG2246856_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Nmar	MMMA000000322793	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-
Nmer	scat70200_0.4	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Nphi	XP_014771053_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-
Obim	XP_048728661_2	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Oedu	XP_033632887_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-
Osin	DNA3205_c4.g1.i12.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-
Pmar	XP_033752233_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Pmax	PN4666_c0_g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Ppur	DKA3581527_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Pfir	s00194g51	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Pyes	XP_02353413_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Rdec	DN2502_c0_g4.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-
Rphi	XP_060599562_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Sbro	XP_060601370_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Scon	EV/M001225_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Tsau	Chr14_1628	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG16/NA	Forkhead domain (410788)	-
Arc	DN2384_c1.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M
Apc	Contig438_5	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M
Apur	DN2340_c1.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M
Cang	scaffoid33_74	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M
Cvir	XP_05712245_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M
Cari	EV/M0012682_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M
Cflu	DN113069_c3.g1.i4.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M
Cpli	DNF6173_c0_g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M
Csin	Hic-asn_2.1802	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M
Csin	XP_02286391_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M
Dpol	XP_05222833_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M
Gaeg	XP_041366086_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M
Hbia	M0000014061	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M
Hruf	XP_046335487_2	Fox	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M

*Supplementary tables*

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Mare	XP_052798013.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Ncal	XP_052064572.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Ncor	CAC5375062.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Nmedu	CAG2224977.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Nmar	MMAM00000037791	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Nmer	XP_053384136.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Nmod	DN2989_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Nmer	DN2989_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Nher	D144243.tl	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Odieu	XP_048731286.2	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Pcor	DN5679_c0.g2.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Pcor	DN5679_c0.g1.i15.p1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Pcor	DN13056_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Pcor	DN13056_c0.g2.i2.p1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Pfgen	DN28413_c1.g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Pfgen	DN44947_c1.g2.i3.p1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Pmax	XP_033751305.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Poku	DN57223_c1.g1.i8.p1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Ppur	DN3451_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Pstr	KAK3597624.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Pvir	s00219e11	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Pyes	XP_021377259.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Rddec	DN22152_c4.g4.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Rphi	XP_060569990.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Sbro	EV/M0023670.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Sgio	Sai000561	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Sgra	DN54780_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Tgra	KA18299135.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain M (410803)	Annotated as Fox-M	
Tsau	DN6334_c0.g1.i7.p1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Airc	Contig465_41	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Amar	Ama29553	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Apur	sccaffold_381_16	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Cang	XP_052700156.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Cari	EV/M0004465.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Cgig	XP_011435457.2	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Csin	Hic_asm_16_939	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Cvrr	XP_022334263.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Dpol	XP_052278575.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Dpol	XP_052278576.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Hruf	XP_052278604.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Nare	XP_146341176.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Nare	XP_052791887.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Nare	XP_052791889.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Nare	XP_052791891.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ncal	XP_052098761.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ncor	XP_052099555.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ncor	CAC5419385.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ncor	CAC5380823.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ncor	CAC5379920.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ncor	CAC5419389.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ncor	CAC5419386.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ncor	CAC5419381.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ncor	CAC5419382.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Nmedu	CAG2194706.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Nmedu	CAG2198066.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Nmedu	CAG2198058.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Nmedu	CAG2198055.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Nmedu	CAG2214461.1	Fox	Fox-OG2/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Medu	CAG2198060_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Medu	CAG2198057_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Medu	CAG2198065_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Medu	CAG2198059_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Medu	CAG2198056_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Medu	CAG2234548_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Medu	CAG2198063_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Medu	CAG2198061_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Medu	CAG2198064_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Medu	CAG2198062_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ngal	VDI02350_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ngal	VDI30859_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ngal	VDI15906_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ngal	VDI02348_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ngal	VDI15903_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ngal	VDI02347_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ngal	VDI15905_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Ngal	VDI02349_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Nmer	XP_053405097_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Nmod	DN6982_c0.g1.i3.p1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Nphi	scat.15444_0.1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Octdu	XP_06021213_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Pmar	DN30963_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Phax	XP_033751006_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Phax	XP_033749723_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Pfir	s03437_48	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Pries	XP_021360588_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Rphi	XP_060585777_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Sbro	EV/M0013029_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Scon	Chr5_396_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Sgio	Sgo13625	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2c	
Acal	XP_05102249_1	Fox	Fox-OG28/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Airc	Contig636_41	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Amar	Ama26012	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Apur	scarfoid_313_52	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain E (410793)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Bglia	XP_058774345_1	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Cang	XP_052699279_1	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Cari	EV/M0018541_1	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Cgg	XP_011441298_1	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain E (410793)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Cvir	XP_022334408_1	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Dpol	XP_022334077_1	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Daeg	XP_052278569_1	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Hibia	XP_0000005335	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Hruf	XP_046350707_2	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain E (410793)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Hruf	XP_046350710_1	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain E (410793)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Hruf	XP_046350686_2	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain E (410793)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Hruf	XP_046350709_2	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain E (410793)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Hruf	XP_046350688_1	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain E (410793)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Hruf	XP_046350660_1	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Hruf	XP_046350687_2	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Hruf	XP_046350714_2	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Hruf	XP_046350712_2	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Nare	XP_046350708_2	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Ncal	XP_052795236_1	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain E (410793)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Ncor	CA5414394_1	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Nedu	CAG2193762_1	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Ngal	VDI3942_1	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Nmar	MMA00000023830	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain E (410793)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Nmer	XP_045215157_2	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Nphi	scat.7111_0_1	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	
Octdu	XP_048737442_2	Fox	Fox-OG39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB	

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Fcan	XP_025078030_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-0639/NA	Forkhead domain E (410793)	Annotated as Fox-AB
Fmax	XP_033750900_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OC39/NA	Forkhead domain E (410793)	Annotated as Fox-AB
Fstr	KAK3601439_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OC39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB
Fstr	KAK3601419_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OC39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB
Fvir	s01189e393	Fox	Fox	Fox-OC39/NA	Forkhead domain E (410793)	Annotated as Fox-AB
Fyes	XP_021337612_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OC39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB
Rphi	XP_060589081_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OC39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB
Sbro	EVN0003782_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OC39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB
Scon	Chr5_18	Fox	Fox	Fox-OC39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB
Sgio	Sg010401	Fox	Fox	Fox-OC39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB
Tgra	KAJ8304916_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-OC39/NA	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	Annotated as Fox-AB
Airc	Contig#20_1.32	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Apur	scf0fd507_3	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Bglg	XP_05882746_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Cang	XP_052680529_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Cari	EVN0015348_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Cflu	DN101403_c0_g2.i.13.p1.	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Cfig	XP_01141930_2	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Cpli	DN80534_c0_g1.i.4.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Csin	Hic_asn.12.158	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Cvir	XP_02295865_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Dpol	XP_052252868_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Graeg	XP_0421347582_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Hruf	XP_0482239143_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Lorb	DN59632_c1.g1.i.14.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Mare	XP_052780914_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Ncal	XP_052101037_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Ncal	XP_052033749_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Ncal	XP_052100969_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Ncal	XP_052061774_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Nchi	DN46200_c0_g1.i.11.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Ncor	CAC5419517_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Medu	CAC2199156_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Ngal	VDI14555_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Ngal	VDI150808_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Ngal	VDI150806_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Nmar	MMAM0000012411	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Nmer	XP_053376717_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Mmod	DN2151_c0_g1.i2.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Nmer	g33547.tl	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Nphi	XP_0593447_0.7	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Obim	XP_052822821_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Oedu	XP_05998748_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Osin	XP_036357858_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Pcan	XP_025106713_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Pcor	DN1180_c0_g1.i.126.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Pgen	DN255611_c0_g1.i.16.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Pmar	DN14288_c0_g1.i.1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Fmax	XP_033745371_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Foku	DN88526_c2.g1.i.1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Ppur	EVN0004295_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Fstr	Chr7_2129	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Fvir	s01329e124	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Fyes	XP_021363304_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Rdec	DN8028_c0_g1.i.1.p1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Rphi	XP_060586741_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Sbro	Sbro	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Scon	Chr7_2133	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Sgio	Sg011345	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Sgra	DN17101_c0_g1.i.13.p1.	Fox	Fox	Fox-P	Fox-P	-
Tgra	KAJ8302344_1	Fox	Fox	Fox-Q2	Fox-Q2	Annotated as Fox-Q2a
Acal	XP_05099459_2	Fox	Fox	Fox-Q2	Fox-Q2	Annotated as Fox-Q2a

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Airc	Contig1420_28	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
	Amt29905	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Amar	scaffold832_35	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Apur	XP_052885367_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Bglia	XP_052699620_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Cang	EVMM0002665_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Cari	XP_011425762_2	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Cgig	DN105612_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Cpli	Hic-ascn16_4	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Csin	XP_022333968_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Cvir	DP012280896_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Dpol	XP_052280896_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Gaeg	XP_041363029_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Gaeg	XP_041363041_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
M00000035328		Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Hbia	XP_046373579_2	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Hruf	XP_052101305_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Ncal	DN22466_c0_g2.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Nchi	CAC5388792_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Ncor	CA62191193_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Nedu	VD174621_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Ngal	MIMAM00000000686	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Nmar	XP_045215524_2	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Nmer	g200553_1I	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Nphi	scaf22910_1.I	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Obim	XP_014767584_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Pcan	XP_025078472_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Fcor	DN99225_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Fmar	DN9466_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Fmax	XP_033751033_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Fstr	KAk3595133_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Fvir	s00115g23	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Fyes	XP_021343668_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Rphi	XP_060571531_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Sbro	EVMM023378_1	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Scon	Chr5_1974	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Scon	Chr5_21_05	Fox	Fox-Q2	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	Annotated as Fox-Q2a	
Sgio	Sg019183	Fox	Fox-Q2	-	-	
Acal	XP_005109004_3	Fox	-	-	-	
Airc	Contig870_9	Fox	-	-	-	
Amar	Ama25952	Fox	-	-	-	
	Ama27375	Fox	-	-	-	
Cang	XP_052676682_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Cang	XP_052680288_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Cang	XP_02677368_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Cari	EVMM001935_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Cari	EVMM0027332_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Dpol	XP_052277921_1	Fox	-	-	-	
	XP_052277296_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Cgig	XP_041306826_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Cgig	XP_011447567_2	Fox	-	-	-	
Cpli	DN157619_c0_g1.i1.p1	Fox	-	-	-	
Cvir	XP_022300767_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Cvir	XP_022300750_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Dpol	XP_052277921_1	Fox	-	-	-	
	XP_052277296_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Cgag	XP_041366967_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Cgag	XP_041378820_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Cgag	XP_041347225_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Cgag	XP_041375925_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Cgag	XP_041375913_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Cgag	XP_041379015_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Hbia	M0000018946	Fox	-	-	-	
Mare	XP_052791886_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Mare	XP_052771066_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Mcal	XP_052098820_1	Fox	-	-	-	
Mcal	CAC5419379_1	Fox	-	-	-	

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Medu	CAG2194707.1	Fox	-	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-	
Medu	CAG2208945.1	Fox	-	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	-	
Mgal	VDI15902.1	Fox	-	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-	
Mgal	VDI152978.1	Fox	-	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	-	
Nmar	MMAM00000049704	Fox	-	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-	
Nmer	XP_045216636_2	Fox	-	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-	
Nmer	XP_0451919131_2	Fox	-	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-	
Nmer	XP_0459704711	Fox	-	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-	
Nphi	scf1.461.89.0.0	Fox	-	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-	
Nphi	scf1.164.44.0.2	Fox	-	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-	
Nphi	scf2.77787.1.10	Fox	-	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	-	
Obim	XP_044777604.1	Fox	-	Forkhead domain M (410803)	-	
Oedu	XP_048739629.2	Fox	-	Forkhead domain H (410796)	-	
Osin	XP_036359188.1	Fox	-	Forkhead domain M (410803)	-	
Osin	XP_029655092.1	Fox	-	Forkhead domain (410788)	-	
Pcor	DN89866_c4_g1.i1.p1	Fox	-	Forkhead domain FOX12_FOXJ3 (410798)	-	
Pcor	DN55206_c2_g1.i1.p2	Fox	-	Forkhead domain P (410807)	-	
Pcor	DN15905_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	-	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-	
Pmax	XP_033750561.1	Fox	-	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-	
Pstr	KAK3_585306.1	Fox	-	Forkhead domain L1 (410801)	-	
Pvir	S005857648	Fox	-	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-	
Pyes	XP_021348419.1	Fox	-	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-	
Rdec	DN23525_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	-	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-	
Rphi	XP_060585776.1	Fox	-	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-	
Rphi	XP_060551131.1	Fox	-	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-	
Scon	Ch5_397	Fox	-	Forkhead domain (410788)	-	
Selio	Sel021575	Fox	-	Forkhead domain Q2 (410809)	-	
Tselu	DN23960_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Acal	XP_03824685.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Acal	XP_02946205.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Apec	XP_05105939.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Apec	DN108003_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Apur	scf0id.391.70	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Bela	XP_013078241.2	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Bela	XP_013078156.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Cang	XP_052697278.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Cang	XP_052713362.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Cari	EVMO018891.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Cari	EVMO005567.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Cegig	XP_011425869.2	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Cegig	XP_034335819.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Cvrf	XP_022330788.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Cvrf	XP_022330797.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Dpol	XP_052271004.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Gaeg	XP_041377139.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Hbia	M00000038049	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Hbia	M00000004998	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Hruf	XP_046329595.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Hruf	XP_048239511.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Ncor	CAZ5384832.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Medu	CAG2253429.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Mgal	VDI78477.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Mnod	DN113112_c0.g1.i1.p1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Obim	XP_044776519.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Oedu	XP_048738250.2	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Oedu	XP_048752144.2	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Osin	XP_036358200.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Osin	XP_029655451.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Osin	XP_029656568.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box A, B and G (438837)	-	
Osin	XP_029657644.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box A, B and G (438837)	-	
Osin	XP_029656220.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box A, B and G (438837)	-	
Osin	XP_029657648.1	Fox	-	High mobility group box A, B and G (438837)	-	

Tab. S6 continued from previous page

Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Pssm-ID)	Additional domains (Pssm-ID)	Notes
Csin	XP_029655056_1	Sox	-	High mobility group box B (438790)	-	
Csin	XP_029655785_1	Sox	-	High mobility group box A, B and G (438837)	-	
Csin	XP_029656129_1	Sox	-	High mobility group box A, B and G (438837)	-	
Csin	XP_029654991_1	Sox	-	High mobility group box A, B and G (438837)	-	
Fcan	XP_025104729_1	Sox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	Helix loop helix domain (197674)
Fcor	DN52781_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Fcor	DN21964_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Fcor	DN3290_c0_g1.i2.p1	Sox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Fmar	DN35098_c0_g1.i4.p1	Sox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Fmax	XP_033755821_1	Sox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Fpur	DN4784_c0_g1.i4.p1	Sox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Fyes	XP_021347051_1	Sox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Sbro	EV/M0018224_1	Sox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Sgio	Sg009175	Sox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Sgio	Sg012029	Sox	-	High mobility group box (438820)	-	
Tsgu	DN639_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Acal	XP_05108230_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Acal	XP_038224438_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Conti4491.26	Conti4491.26	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Airc	Conti44.115	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Amar	Am33328	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Amar	DN29410_c0_g1.i2.p1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Apec	DN12297_c0_g1.i3.p1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Apec	DN12297_c0_g1.i3.p1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
scaffold.154.89.10	scaffold.154.89.10	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Apur	scf0ffid.865.4	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Bela	XP_013075432_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Bela	XP_05868106_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Cang	XP_052706368_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Cang	XP_052705551_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Cari	EV/M0026782_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Cari	EV/M0033965_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Cflu	DN1.18670_c2.g1.i2.p1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Cflu	DN99542_c1.g1.i1.p1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Crig	XP_01433395_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Crig	XP_011455662_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Cpli	DN1343_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Cpli	DN98511_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Csin	Hic.asn.6.930	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Csin	Hic.asn.6.23.1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Cvir	XP_022286516_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Cvir	XP_022343230_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Dpol	XP_052214544_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Dpol	XP_052217420_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Gaeg	XP_041333075_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Gaeg	XP_04357874_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Hbla	M0000002798	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Hbla	XP_0222863682	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Hmaf	XP_046370193_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Hmaf	XP_046326733_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Lorb	DN80278_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Nare	DN14.c4_g1.i1.p1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Nare	XP_052784929_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Mare	XP_052784720_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Mcal	XP_052105617_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Mcal	XP_052104911_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Mchi	DN33632_c0_g1.i2.p1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Mchi	DN45716_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Mcor	CAC5401077_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Mcor	CAC5413203_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Medu	CAC229644_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Medu	CAG2206403_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Mgal	VDI33296_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	
Mgal	VDI66660_1	Sox	-	Sox-B1/2	-	

Supplementary tables

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Nmar	MMA000000041532	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Nmar	MMA000000023253	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Nmer	XP_045201594.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Nmer	XP_045201080.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Nmod	DN78279_c0_g1.i2.p1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Nmod	DN78279_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Nmer	g140596.t1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Nmer	g157489.t1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Nphi	scaf_66349_0.4	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Nphi	XP_014789971.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Obim	XP_047780771.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Obim	XP_048746651.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Cedru	XP_048746663.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Cedru	XP_029654000.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Osin	XP_029655838.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pcan	XP_028079293.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pcan	XP_028078568.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pcor	DN9087_c0_g1.i2.p1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pcor	DN14753_c0_g1.i2.p1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box A, B and G (438837)		
Pcor	DN5688_c0_g1.i0.p2	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pcor	DN5688_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box A, B and G (438837)		
Pcor	DN9442_c0_g1.i2.p1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pgen	DN5232_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pgen	DN1199_c0_g1.i2.p1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pgen	DN50477_c0_g2.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pmar	DN50459_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pmax	XP_033760067.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pmax	XP_033759382.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Foku	DN51870_c1_g1.i2.p1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Foku	DN1067_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Fpur	DN202737_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pstr	KAK3586311.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pstr	KAK358936.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pvir	s00319e159	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pvir	s000376281	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pyes	XP_021336125.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pyes	XP_021344413.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Pyes	XP_021372128.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Rebec	DN21477_c2_g6.i2.p1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Rphi	XP_06056101.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Rphi	XP_060561544.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Sbro	EV/M0016386.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Sbro	EV/M0007529.1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Scon	Chr9.1352	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Scon	Chr9.1522	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Scon	Chr9.1514	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box B (438790)		
Sgio	Sg010100	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box C (438838)		
Sgio	Sg0120107	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)		
Sgra	DN5782_c0_g1.i3.p1	Sox	Sox-Bl/2	High mobility group box C (438838)		
Sgra	DN577_c1_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)		
Tgra	KAJ831040.1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)		
Tqua	DN97880_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)		
Tqua	DN50526_c0_g1.i2.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)		
Contig80_70	Contig80_70	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)		
Airc	Amar12726	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)		
Apec	DN12286_c0_g3.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)		
Apur	scaffold_16.61	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)		
Cang	XP_052689209.1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)		
Cari	EVM0025846.1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)		
Cflu	DN126276_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)		
Cfig	XP_011445203.1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)		
Cpli	DN19112_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)		
Csin	Hic.asm.11.1009	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)		

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Pssm-ID)	Additional domains (Pssm-ID)	Notes
Cvir	XP_022317619_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Dpol	XP_052257395_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Gaeg	XP_041358324_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Hbla	M00000037669	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Hruf	XP_0463565064_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Lorb	DN14941_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Nare	XP_052777703_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Ncal	XP_052087802_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Nchi	DN4798_c0_g4.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Ncor	CAC5424030_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Nedu	CAG2189937_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Ngal	VDI1453_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Ngal	VDI1462_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Nmar	MMA00000036315	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Nmer	XP_045158937_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Nmod	DN104308_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Nmer	g26404_i1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Nphi	scat17954_1.5	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Octeu	XP_048762549_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Osin	XP_029654195_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Pcan	XP_025110204_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Fcor	DN2429_c2_g1.i2.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Fcor	DN929_c2_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Fcor	DN2572_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Fgen	DN353_c2_g3.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Fgen	DN788_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Fmar	DN29124_c0_g2.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Fmax	XP_033737425_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Foku	DN71015_c0_g2.i17.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Fpur	DN89859_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Fstr	KAK3610995_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Fvir	s001456243	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Fyes	XP_021356242_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Fdec	DN52924_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Rphi	XP_06055827_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Sbro	EVMO006311_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Scn	Chr8_1790	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Sgio	Saf000072	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Sgra	DN6210_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Tgra	KA18306266_1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Tgra	DN11669_c1_g1.i2.p1	Sox	Sox-C	High mobility group box C (438838)	-	
Tsnu	XP_03824396_1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Acal	Contig2905_1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Airc	Amz23921	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Amar	DN1990_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Apec	DN64448_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Apur	Hic_asn_2.1656	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Bgia	XP_053899647_1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Cari	EVMO0012405_1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Cflu	DN124582_c0_g1.i15.p1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Cggg	XP_04367101_1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Cipi	DN64448_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Cin	Hic_asn_2.1656	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Cisin	XP_0522302926_1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Dpol	XP_052213125_1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Gaeg	XP_041357101_1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Hbla	M0000014008	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Hruf	XP_046329046_1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Lorb	DN537_c0_g2.i3.p1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Mare	XP_052800695_1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Nical	XP_052065962_1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Nchi	DN38691_c1_g1.i4.p1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Ncor	CAC5346270_1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	

Supplementary tables

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Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Medu	CAG2197887.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Ngal	VDI47525.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Ngal	VDI47529.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Ngal	VDI47528.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Ngal	VDI47527.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Ngal	VDI47526.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Ngal	VDI47530.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Nmar	MMA0000004319	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Nmer	XP_053384959.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Nmod	DIN588_c0_g1.i9.p1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Nmer	g103147.12	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Nphi	scat.42181.3	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Obirn	XP_028283931.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Cedu	XP_048779633.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Osin	XP_029644081.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Pcan	DIN533_c2_g2.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Pcor	DIN1386_c1_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Pcor	DIN13571_c0_g1.i4.p1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Fgen	DIN386_c1_g2.i2.p1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Fgen	DIN24654_c0_g1.i2.p1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Fmar	DIN40112_c0_g1.i4.p1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Fmax	XP_033751614.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Foku	DIN371_c1_g1.e4.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Sbro	DIN3319_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Ppur	KAK3605348.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Pstr	s00219g102	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Pvir	XP_021368061.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box (438839)	-	
Pyes	DIN8093_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Rdec	XP_066004110.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Rphi	EVM0000795.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Scon	Chr14562.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Sgra	DIN5138_c0_g1.i6.p1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Tgra	KAJ8298781.1	Sox	Sox-D	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Tsequ	DIN5031_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Acal	XP_05102100.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Arc	Contig52_209	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Amar	Amal0107	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Apec	DNA330_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Apur	soffield.498.7	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Eqia	XP_013091187.2	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Cang	XP_02689385.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Cari	EV/M0005846.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Cflu	DIN10607_c5_g2.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Gcg	NP_001295801.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Cpli	DIN71393_c0_g2.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Csin	Hic_asn_0_353	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Cvrr	XP_022312895.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Dpol	XP_0522264587.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Gaeq	XP_041362638.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Hbba	M0000012324	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Hruf	M0000012325	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Nmedu	XP_046359366.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Mare	XP_052736944.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Ncal	XP_052068536.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Nchi	DNA2011_c0_g1.i2.p1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Ncor	CAC5402442.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Nmedu	CAG2231021.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Ngal	VID182092.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Nmar	MMAM00000042410	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Nmer	XP_045213795.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	

Tab. S6 continued from previous page

Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Pssm-ID)	Additional domains (Pssm-ID)	Notes
Mmod	DN78330_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586)	
Nphi	scf_25d14.0.6	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586)	
Oedu	XP_025091262.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Fcan	DNa274_c0_g1.i3.p1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586)	
Fcor	DN96098_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Fcor	DN4274_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Fmar	DN50335_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586)	
Fmax	XP_032739301.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586)	
Foku	DN87807_c0_g1.i7.p1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586)	
Fpur	DN46000_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Fstr	KAK360863.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Fstr	KAK3610785.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Fvir	s136484g74	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586)	
Fyes	XP_021348843.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586)	
Rphi	XP_060604697.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586)	
Sbro	EVMM002110.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586)	
Scon	Chr1.75	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586)	
Sgio	Sa0102297	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586; partial)	
Sgra	DN2463_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586)	
Tgra	KA18317914.1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586)	
Tsqu	DN8973_c2_g1.i2.p1	Sox	Sox-E	High mobility group box E (438840)	Sox developmental protein N terminal (463586)	
Acal	XP_05107482.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Airc	Contig80.101	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Amar	Amal16.16	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Apur	scatfold546.32	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Begl	XP_013074628.2	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Cang	XP_052685434.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Cari	EVN006823.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Cflu	DN139006_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Cfig	XP_011448074.2	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Cphi	DN4414_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Csin	Hic_asm.1.549	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Cvir	XP_02319962.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Cvir	XP_022314364.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Cflu	XP_052274104.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438820)		
Cfig	XP_041359436.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Cphi	M0000015459	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Chba	XP_046357912.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Htuf	XP_052774544.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Nare	XP_02774361.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Ncar	XP_052061059.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Ncor	CAE5414609.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Nedu	CAG2242031.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Nedu	VD150271.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Ngal	scat61114.0.13	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Nphi	VD150270.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Oedu	MMAM0000025810	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Nmar	XP_053395054.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Nmer	DN80495_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Nmer	g115494.t1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Nphi	VD14332_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Ophi	XP_052875684.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Oedu	XP_048704319.2	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Fcan	XP_025109598.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Fcor	DN11375_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Fcor	DN29649_c0_g1.i3.p1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Fgen	DN5688_c2_g1.i3.p1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Fmar	DN24748_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Foku	XP_033738287.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Fstr	DN11229_c1.g2.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Fvir	KA1353243.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		
Fvir	s00137g284	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438840)		

Tab. S6 continued from previous page

Sp ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Main catalytic domain (Psm-ID)	Additional domains (Psm-ID)	Notes
Fyres	XP_021378109.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438841)		
Rdec	DIN3443_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438841)		
Rph1	XP_060559138.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438841)		
Sbro	EVM0000861.1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438841)		
Scn	Chr8.397	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438841)		
Sal005442	Sal005442	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438841)		
Sglo	DIN012.3_c0_g1.i7.p1	Sox	Sox-F	High mobility group box F (438841)		
Sgra	Contig1525_38	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Airc	Amz26724	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Amar	DIN93182_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Apec	scaffold768_3	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Apur	XP_052703370.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Cang	EVMO018164.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Cari	XP_001415889_3	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Cgig	DIN8002_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Cpli	Hic_asm.15.1471	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Csin	XP_022338738.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Cvir	XP_052226448.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Dpol	XP_041370217.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Gaeg	XP_041369137.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Gbae	M00000001184	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Hbia	XP_046358520_2	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Hfuf	XP_052099860.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Ncal	CAC5406014.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Ncor	CAG25703.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Nedu	VDI30824.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Ngal	VDI30823.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Nmar	MMAM00000015662	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Nmer	XP_053407277.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Nmer	g125_34.tl	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Nphi	scat.12010.0_4	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Nphi	scf.59202_0_9	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Obim	XP_05832677.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Oedu	XP_056006679.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Osin	XP_036368794.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Pcor	DN186_556_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Pmar	DN40990_c1.g1.i2.p1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Pmax	XP_033756818.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Poku	DN16718_c0_g1.i6.p1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Ppur	DN7268_0_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Pstr	KAK3562760.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Pvir	s0045_108	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Fyres	XP_021340986.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Rdec	DN22482_c0_g1.i1.p1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Rph1	XP_060578490.1	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Scn	Chr15_1.1899	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Sglo	Sal010047	Sox	Sox-H	High mobility group box Sox-30 (438842)		
Tsqu	DN874_c7_g1.i1.p1	Sox				

**Supplementary Table S7 – Proportions of missing data in both bivalve species and DSFGs.**

Bivalve species represented by transcriptomic data are highlighted with an asterisk ('\*').

Species		Genes	
Species	% missing data (out of 33 DSFGs)	Group	% missing data (out of 43 species)
<i>A. irradians concentricus</i>	0.000000	<i>Dmrt-1L</i>	48.837209
<i>A. marissinica</i>	21.212121	<i>Dmrt-3</i>	30.232558
<i>A. pectinata*</i>	48.484848	<i>Dmrt-2</i>	55.813953
<i>A. purpuratus</i>	6.060606	<i>Dmrt-4/5</i>	6.976744
<i>C. angulata</i>	6.060606	<i>Fox-A</i>	13.953488
<i>C. ariakensis</i>	3.030303	<i>Fox-B</i>	30.232558
<i>C. fluminea*</i>	42.424242	<i>Fox-C</i>	23.255814
<i>C. gigas</i>	6.060606	<i>Fox-D</i>	20.930233
<i>C. plicata*</i>	21.212121	<i>Fox-E</i>	30.232558
<i>C. sinensis</i>	21.212121	<i>Fox-F</i>	18.604651
<i>C. virginica</i>	3.030303	<i>Fox-G</i>	16.279070
<i>D. polymorpha</i>	9.090909	<i>Fox-H</i>	41.860465
<i>H. bialata</i>	9.090909	<i>Fox-J1</i>	0.000000
<i>L. orbiculatus*</i>	63.636364	<i>Fox-J2/3</i>	9.302326
<i>M. arenaria</i>	21.212121	<i>Fox-L1</i>	18.604651
<i>M. californianus</i>	9.090909	<i>Fox-L2</i>	13.953488
<i>M. chinensis*</i>	57.575758	<i>Fox-N1/4</i>	6.976744
<i>M. coruscus</i>	0.000000	<i>Fox-N2/3</i>	6.976744
<i>M. edulis</i>	3.030303	<i>Fox-O</i>	13.953488
<i>M. galloprovincialis</i>	6.060606	<i>Fox-P</i>	9.302326
<i>M. margaritifera</i>	6.060606	<i>Fox-Q2</i>	30.232558
<i>M. mercenaria</i>	3.030303	<i>Fox-OG13/NA</i>	32.558140
<i>M. modiolus*</i>	36.363636	<i>Fox-OG15/NA</i>	34.883721
<i>M. nervosa</i>	27.272727	<i>Fox-OG16/NA</i>	30.232558
<i>M. philippinarum</i>	9.090909	<i>Fox-OG2/NA</i>	16.279070
<i>O. edulis</i>	6.060606	<i>Fox-OG28/NA</i>	39.534884
<i>P. coreanum*</i>	18.181818	<i>Fox-OG39/NA</i>	37.209302
<i>P. generosa*</i>	54.545455	<i>Sox-B1/2</i>	0.000000
<i>P. margaritifera*</i>	21.212121	<i>Sox-C</i>	0.000000
<i>P. maximus</i>	0.000000	<i>Sox-D</i>	4.651163
<i>P. okutanii*</i>	54.545455	<i>Sox-E</i>	9.302326
<i>P. purpuratus*</i>	54.545455	<i>Sox-F</i>	13.953488
<i>P. streckersoni</i>	6.060606	<i>Sox-H</i>	20.930233
<i>P. viridis</i>	3.030303		
<i>P. yessoensis</i>	3.030303		
<i>R. decussatus*</i>	51.515152		
<i>R. philippinarum</i>	3.030303		
<i>S. broughtonii</i>	12.121212		
<i>S. constricta</i>	12.121212		
<i>S. glomerata</i>	9.090909		
<i>S. grandis*</i>	54.545455		
<i>T. granosa</i>	42.424242		
<i>T. squamosa*</i>	48.484848		





## Supplementary tables

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Tab. S8 continued from previous page

Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation
Mjav	XP_017516191.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A1	Hsap	NP_001078940.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Ptig	XP_007098573.2	Dmrt	Dmrt-A1	Lcat	XP_045418142.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Casi	XP_006864558.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A1	Cdro	XP_031310026.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Cdid	XP_037653778.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A1	Rfer	XP_032965297.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Equa	XP_046520805.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A1	Bbub	XP_045018818.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Dnov	XP_004456130.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A1	Equa	XP_046503458.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Ggal	XP_015146712.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Pgig	XP_039739926.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Amel	XP_034508227.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Bmus	XP_036697221.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Opri	XP_004588718.2	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Ttru	XP_019775018.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Oana	XP_028902450.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Mjav	XP_036847649.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Bbub	XP_025145263.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Csim	XP_014645970.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Oafe	XP_007944067.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Drot	XP_024424133.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Dnov	XP_004476539.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Opri	XP_058516899.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Cdid	XP_037672571.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Cimi	XP_017380034.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Pgig	XP_039741660.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Bbub	XP_006061543.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Hsap	NP_115486.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Pafr	XP_047652286.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Mmus	NP_758500.2	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Hamp	XP_057589083.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Ttru	XP_019793397.2	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Cimi	XP_017372373.1	Fox	Fox-R2
Hamp	XP_057564703.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Hsap	NP_940853.1	Fox	Fox-R2
Csim	XP_014649324.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Mdom	XP_007478014.2	Fox	Fox-I2
Bmus	XP_036726057.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Mjav	XP_017495569.2	Fox	Fox-I2
Clup	XP_038413502.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Shar	XP_031812885.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Mjav	XP_036877643.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Cdro	XP_031317856.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Pafr	XP_047648562.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Cdid	XP_037661256.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Cdro	XP_031320961.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Hamp	XP_057593248.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Cimi	XP_017404203.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Ttru	XP_019795179.2	Fox	Fox-I2
Scar	XP_047394472.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Ptig	XP_042815793.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Mang	XP_045751377.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Bmus	XP_036685524.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Casi	XP_006839813.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Oafe	XP_007935078.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Tman	XP_023582760.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Bbub	XP_025129910.2	Fox	Fox-I2
Drot	XP_045060264.2	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Cimi	XP_017393376.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Lcat	XP_045402400.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Lcat	XP_045424382.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Rfer	XP_032969204.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Mmus	NP_899016.2	Fox	Fox-I2
Emax	XP_049731145.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Opri	XP_004579799.2	Fox	Fox-I2
Mdom	XP_001362692.2	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Scar	XP_047407992.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Cpor	XP_003463125.2	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Tman	XP_004375038.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Equa	XP_046516465.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Dnov	XP_004479387.2	Fox	Fox-I2
Ptig	XP_042853035.1	Dmrt	Dmrt-A2	Amel	XP_034517693.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Cimi	XP_017353253.1	Fox	-	Rfer	XP_032986720.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Cimi	XP_037600788.1	Fox	-	Equa	XP_046508191.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Tman	XP_023591424.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Casi	XP_023591424.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Bbub	XP_025138819.3	Fox	Fox-M1	Pafr	XP_047617388.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Casi	XP_006862752.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Csim	XP_014649530.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Emax	XP_049738130.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Drot	XP_045047252.2	Fox	Fox-I2
Oafe	XP_007935251.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Hsap	NP_997309.2	Fox	Fox-I2
Drot	XP_053777572.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Mang	XP_045732277.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Ttru	XP_019781496.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Cpor	XP_003479857.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Csim	XP_014649484.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Clup	XP_038433915.1	Fox	Fox-I2
Pafr	XP_047643777.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Ggal	NP_990523.3	Fox	Fox-D1
Oana	XP_028910212.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Lcat	XP_045421654.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Mang	XP_045727136.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Oana	XP_028933047.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Opri	XP_058511953.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Cimi	XP_017383122.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Pgig	XP_039725073.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Drot	XP_053781190.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Bmus	XP_036723013.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Pafr	XP_047630421.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Dnov	XP_058156702.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Clup	XP_038385555.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Mjav	XP_017520172.2	Fox	Fox-M1	Shar	XP_031822455.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Amel	XP_034501532.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Bmus	XP_036703665.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Equa	XP_046512461.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Mdom	XP_056680722.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Dnov	XP_012379785.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Ttru	XP_019784789.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Clup	XP_038432360.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Cdid	XP_037657638.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Mdom	XP_056655089.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Mmus	NP_032268.2	Fox	Fox-D1
Rfer	XP_032974271.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Scar	XP_047412450.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Hamp	XP_057558870.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Dnov	XP_058161988.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Cdro	XP_031300170.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Hsap	NP_004463.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Ptig	XP_042847499.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Cdro	XP_031302569.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Shar	XP_031795171.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Rfer	XP_032965774.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Ggal	XP_046799087.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Emax	XP_049721422.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Cdid	XP_037702327.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Emax	XP_049721422.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Mmus	NP_032047.4	Fox	Fox-M1	Bbub	XP_025126650.2	Fox	Fox-D1
Cpor	XP_013000601.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Pgig	XP_039714034.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Scar	XP_047405644.1	Fox	Fox-M1	Hamp	XP_057554809.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Ggal	XP_015153061.3	Fox	Fox-O6	Mjav	XP_036882073.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Cimi	XP_017397276.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Ptig	XP_042844167.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Mdom	XP_001381541.2	Fox	Fox-O6	Mang	XP_045742895.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Pafr	XP_047645485.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Opri	XP_058512313.1	Fox	Fox-D1
Mmus	NP_918949.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Ptig	XP_042823025.1	Fox	-
Emax	XP_049731901.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Cdro	XP_031325602.1	Fox	-
Scar	XP_047415675.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Dnov	XP_058140947.1	Fox	-
Ptig	XP_042852325.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Cdid	XP_037666595.1	Fox	-
Ttru	XP_033692835.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Shar	XP_023357319.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Rfer	XP_032969239.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Mdom	XP_056666520.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Tman	XP_023582811.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Oana	XP_028914735.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Pgig	XP_039732650.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Ggal	XP_015143223.2	Fox	Fox-N3
Cdro	XP_010997575.2	Fox	Fox-O6	Ggal	XP_425185.2	Fox	Fox-I1
Bmus	XP_036684744.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Cpor	XP_034737379.2	Fox	Fox-I1
Casi	XP_006867666.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Cdro	XP_031293629.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Oana	XP_028936057.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Pgig	XP_039732217.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Hsap	NP_001278210.2	Fox	Fox-O6	Pafr	XP_047640916.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Clup	XP_038413629.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Ptig	XP_00707705.2	Fox	Fox-I1
Oafe	XP_007950907.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Mdom	XP_001370284.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Bbub	XP_044801109.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Ttru	XP_033711041.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Hamp	XP_057605223.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Cdid	XP_037655181.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Cpor	XP_004999818.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Hsap	NP_036320.2	Fox	Fox-I1
Dnov	XP_058159776.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Ptig	XP_00707705.2	Fox	Fox-I1
Mang	XP_045753906.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Mdom	XP_001370284.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Csim	XP_014639249.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Ttru	XP_033711041.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Amel	XP_034509638.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Shar	XP_003756860.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Shar	XP_031818190.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Rfer	XP_032952356.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Opri	XP_004591579.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Mjav	XP_017510459.2	Fox	Fox-I1
Mjav	XP_03685263.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Casi	XP_006864891.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Lcat	XP_045404045.1	Fox	Fox-O6	Mmus	NP_076396.3	Fox	Fox-I1

Tab. S8 continued from previous page

Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation
Drot	XP_053776876.1	Fox	Fox-Q6	Scar	XP_047412385.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Equa	XP_046516690.1	Fox	Fox-Q6	Drot	XP_024432893.2	Fox	Fox-I1
Cdid	XP_037673411.1	Fox	Fox-Q6	Hamp	XP_057605245.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Oana	XP_028918467.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Amel	XP_002931169.2	Fox	Fox-I1
Mjav	XP_017499188.2	Fox	Fox-H1	Opri	XP_004587500.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Scar	XP_053599327.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Mang	XP_045743383.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Cpor	XP_003463743.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Equa	XP_046524041.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Bmus	XP_036686706.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Bmus	XP_036703672.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Mjav	XP_036859882.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Oana	XP_028905836.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Shar	XP_031803442.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Tman	XP_004371270.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Emax	XP_049710232.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Emax	XP_049714816.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Dnov	XP_058132182.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Clup	XP_038389675.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Rfer	XP_032982232.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Bbub	XP_006075587.1	Fox	Fox-I1
Tman	XP_004387459.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Dnov	XP_004460267.2	Fox	Fox-I1
Opri	XP_004580951.4	Fox	Fox-H1	Ggal	NP_990283.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Cdid	XP_037659123.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Emax	XP_049731922.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Mang	XP_045751338.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Cdro	XP_031320938.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Ttru	XP_033698705.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Ptig	XP_042852978.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Ptig	XP_042829602.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Cdid	XP_037683211.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Bbub	XP_006064665.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Clup	XP_038413506.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Mmus	NP_032015.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Mang	XP_045751380.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Clup	XP_038411781.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Oafe	XP_007944900.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Cimi	XP_017367179.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Drot	XP_053776598.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Drot	XP_024428211.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Equa	XP_046519295.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Amel	XP_034524715.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Hamp	XP_057551251.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Mang	XP_045751622.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Cpor	XP_003461518.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Oafe	XP_007954253.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Csim	XP_004438679.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Hsap	NP_003914.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Casi	XP_006839796.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Csim	XP_004443058.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Scar	XP_053599256.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Cdro	XP_010997045.2	Fox	Fox-H1	Shar	XP_031825021.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Casi	XP_006830949.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Cimi	XP_017365579.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Pafr	XP_047641595.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Mdom	XP_003340123.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Equa	XP_046497693.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Bmus	XP_036724630.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Pgig	XP_039720105.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Pafr	XP_047645114.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Hamp	XP_057592839.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Cdro	XP_031319575.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Mdom	XP_016288146.2	Fox	Fox-H1	Mjav	XP_036877843.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Lcat	XP_045417128.1	Fox	Fox-H1	Hsap	NP_004465.3	Fox	Fox-D2
Ggal	XP_001234496.5	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Dnov	XP_004447059.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Mdom	XP_001368493.2	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Amel	XP_034511495.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Bmus	XP_036727351.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Oafe	XP_007944917.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Equa	XP_046532634.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Bbub	XP_025144570.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Emax	XP_049752199.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Ttru	XP_019793278.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Hsap	NP_001355064.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Rfer	XP_032969197.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Shar	XP_023358910.2	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Tman	XP_004371825.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Pgig	XP_039725886.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Oana	XP_028902568.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Cdid	XP_037698233.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Opri	XP_004598554.3	Fox	Fox-D2
Cimi	XP_037599874.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Pgig	XP_039741502.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Bbub	XP_044780301.2	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Mmus	NP_032619.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Opri	XP_058515970.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Lcat	XP_045401421.1	Fox	Fox-D2
Pafr	XP_047618159.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Csim	XP_004433028.1	Fox	-
Mmus	NP_062714.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Rfer	XP_032946066.1	Fox	-
Oafe	XP_007939014.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Pgig	XP_039715358.1	Fox	-
Clup	XP_038410808.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Emax	XP_049754885.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Dnov	XP_058163213.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Tman	XP_023587457.1	Fox	Fox-N3
Scar	XP_047415677.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Cdid	XP_037678324.1	Fox	-
Ptig	XP_042842859.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Dnov	XP_004462180.1	Fox	-
Mang	XP_045721230.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Bbub	XP_006068529.1	Fox	-
Casi	XP_006840010.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Mang	XP_045748670.1	Fox	-
Mjav	XP_036868157.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Pafr	XP_047620398.1	Fox	-
Cpor	XP_023419223.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Bmus	XP_036694953.1	Fox	-
Hsap	NP_963853.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Cdro	XP_010983165.1	Fox	-
Drot	XP_024407555.2	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Hamp	XP_057573282.1	Fox	-
Lcat	XP_045400901.0	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Rfer	XP_032949909.1	Fox	-
Ttru	XP_033723495.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Equa	XP_046528957.1	Fox	-
Oana	XP_001511165.3	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Pgig	XP_039707370.1	Fox	-
Csim	XP_014636634.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Amel	XP_002930558.1	Fox	-
Cdro	XP_031311979.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Mjav	XP_017524585.2	Fox	-
Tman	XP_023583398.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Clup	XP_038442440.1	Fox	-
Amel	XP_034524842.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Mdom	XP_007483490.1	Fox	-
Rfer	XP_032957487.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Shar	XP_023358615.2	Fox	-
Hamp	XP_057593622.1	Fox	Fox-O3/Fox-O3B	Ggal	NP_001382146.1	Fox	-
Shar	XP_023352140.2	Fox	Fox-Q1	Mjav	XP_036853444.1	Fox	-
Mang	XP_045721917.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Pafr	XP_047615141.1	Fox	-
Oana	XP_039766532.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Bmus	XP_036692188.1	Fox	-
Mdom	XP_007488113.2	Fox	Fox-Q1	Ttru	XP_033703709.1	Fox	-
Oana	XP_039766897.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Bbub	XP_006053445.2	Fox	-
Lcat	XP_045407521.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Oana	XP_039768943.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Csim	XP_014639916.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Shar	XP_031806310.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Rfer	XP_032969922.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Pgig	XP_039743145.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Emax	XP_049738363.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Emax	XP_049726307.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Scar	XP_047414319.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Casi	XP_006839498.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Drot	XP_024408092.2	Fox	Fox-Q1	Csim	XP_004436724.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Ggal	XP_015137671.3	Fox	Fox-Q1	Cdro	XP_031322832.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Clup	XP_038440419.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Amel	XP_011215591.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Bmus	XP_036726386.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Tman	XP_023591138.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Hamp	XP_057556649.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Dnov	XP_023444629.2	Fox	Fox-N2
Ttru	XP_019800554.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Lcat	XP_045405515.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Cdid	XP_037700042.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Hsap	XP_047300063.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Cdro	XP_031291204.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Opri	XP_058523737.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Equa	XP_046496965.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Cimi	XP_017404014.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Mjav	XP_036867494.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Clup	XP_038407168.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Ptig	XP_042841203.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Drot	XP_053780764.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Bbub	XP_025120519.3	Fox	Fox-Q1	Mang	XP_045740997.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Mmus	NP_032265.3	Fox	Fox-Q1	Scar	XP_047388662.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Cimi	XP_017352994.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Equa	XP_046519098.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Opri	XP_058528571.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Ptig	XP_042837276.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Dnov	XP_058141147.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Pafr	XP_047638079.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Oafe	XP_007933584.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Cdid	XP_037662960.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Pgig	XP_039725409.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Ggal	XP_046794679.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Casi	XP_006870628.1	Fox	Fox-Q1	Oafe	XP_007952184.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Pafr	XP_047651460.1	Fox	Fox-Q1				

## Supplementary tables

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Tab. S8 continued from previous page

Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation
Hsap	NP_150285.3	Fox	Fox-Q1	Mmus	XP_036016210.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Cimi	XP_037597639.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Mjav	XP_017530752.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Lcat	XP_045411043.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Hamp	XP_057599130.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Cdro	XP_010984479.2	Fox	Fox-G1	Cpor	XP_003473126.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Rfer	XP_032965585.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Bbub	XP_044781825.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Drot	XP_024407046.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Mdom	XP_001375500.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Pafr	XP_047651592.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Ttru	XP_033694467.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Oana	XP_039770060.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Rfer	XP_032981124.1	Fox	Fox-N2
Pgig	XP_039726380.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Emax	XP_049728576.1	Fox	Fox-R2
Dnov	XP_058149613.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Tman	XP_004391284.1	Fox	Fox-R2
Mdom	XP_001364896.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Shar	XP_031815965.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Mang	XP_045757915.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Drot	XP_024426718.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Mjav	XP_017501197.2	Fox	Fox-G1	Mdom	XP_001380644.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Emax	XP_049754324.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Oana	XP_028931756.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Ttru	XP_019779874.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Casi	XP_006834052.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Cdid	XP_037690644.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Equa	XP_046540933.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Hsap	NP_005240.3	Fox	Fox-G1	Mmus	NP_001028641.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Shar	XP_031808132.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Cpor	XP_003472699.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Ptig	XP_042845427.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Bbub	XP_044785576.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Scar	XP_047396708.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Pgig	XP_039722531.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Clup	XP_038400306.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Rfer	XP_032976774.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Hamp	XP_057580105.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Ptig	XP_042814206.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Casi	XP_006835434.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Bmus	XP_036721689.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Opri	XP_058521348.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Bmus	XP_036715648.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Bmus	XP_036700190.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Cdro	XP_031299399.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Bbub	XP_025126917.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Pafr	XP_047609433.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Mmus	NP_001153584.1	Fox	Fox-G1	Hsap	XP_016873064.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Ggal	NP_089659.2	Fox	Fox-O1	Cdid	XP_037695751.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Cimi	XP_017397972.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Csim	XP_004427297.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Rfer	XP_032960350.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Emax	XP_049713316.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Casi	XP_006873780.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Mjav	XP_017505694.2	Fox	Fox-R1
Pgig	XP_039695386.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Hsap	NP_859072.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Dnov	XP_058132895.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Lcat	XP_045412286.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Ttru	XP_019792245.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Dnov	XP_023443955.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Oana	XP_001512968.3	Fox	Fox-O1	Amel	XP_034521812.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Hsap	NP_002006.2	Fox	Fox-O1	Hamp	XP_057603312.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Mang	XP_045725787.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Tman	XP_004385753.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Bmus	XP_036687548.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Oafe	XP_007934779.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Amel	XP_034519677.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Clup	XP_038391436.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Scar	XP_047409558.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Scar	XP_047373976.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Mmus	NP_062713.2	Fox	Fox-O1	Opri	XP_058519782.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Opri	XP_012782130.2	Fox	Fox-O1	Ttru	XP_033717853.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Cdid	XP_037656524.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Oafe	XP_007947037.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Mjav	XP_036867814.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Mang	XP_045748841.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Cdro	XP_031321792.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Csim	XP_017378961.1	Fox	Fox-R1
Lcat	XP_045423168.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Lcat	XP_045383006.1	Fox	Fox-K2
Clup	XP_038429080.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Casi	XP_006869677.1	Fox	Fox-K2
Cpor	XP_023416198.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Mmus	XP_011247520.1	Fox	Fox-K2
Drot	XP_024424320.2	Fox	Fox-O1	Drot	XP_024409582.3	Fox	Fox-K2
Mdom	XP_001368312.2	Fox	Fox-O1	Cpor	XP_013002484.1	Fox	Fox-K2
Shar	XP_003764601.3	Fox	Fox-O1	Tman	XP_023584943.1	Fox	Fox-K2
Csim	XP_004443237.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Scar	XP_047400835.1	Fox	Fox-K2
Tman	XP_023597991.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Opri	XP_058532091.1	Fox	Fox-K2
Emax	XP_049709381.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Oafe	XP_007957978.1	Fox	Fox-K2
Pafr	XP_047611907.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Hsap	NP_004505.2	Fox	Fox-K2
Bbub	XP_006065837.2	Fox	Fox-O1	Emax	XP_049715130.1	Fox	Fox-K2
Ptig	XP_007097795.2	Fox	Fox-O1	Cimi	XP_017380207.1	Fox	Fox-K2
Hamp	XP_057563333.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Hamp	XP_057574401.1	Fox	-
Oafe	XP_007943433.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Hamp	XP_057571581.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Mang	XP_045725786.1	Fox	Fox-O1	Lcat	XP_045397194.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Ggal	XP_015134143.3	Fox	Fox-O4	Bmus	XP_036681953.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Casi	XP_006868595.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Pgig	XP_039734750.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Mdom	XP_056665439.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Equa	XP_046521295.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Csim	XP_004439923.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Hsap	NP_001032242.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Cdid	XP_037677588.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Emax	XP_049758808.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Hsap	NP_005929.2	Fox	Fox-O4	Oana	XP_028905334.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Emax	XP_049727631.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Opri	XP_012786071.2	Fox	Fox-K1
Ptig	XP_007099158.2	Fox	Fox-O4	Cimi	XP_017389267.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Drot	XP_053773393.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Drot	XP_053782069.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Bmus	XP_036696517.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Cpor	XP_023420906.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Oafe	XP_007957073.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Dnov	XP_004454003.2	Fox	Fox-K1
Cimi	XP_017372253.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Scar	XP_047389516.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Mjav	XP_017525885.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Csim	XP_004440941.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Rfer	XP_032969557.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Mmus	NP_951031.2	Fox	Fox-K1
Pafr	XP_047621021.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Shar	XP_031796898.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Mmus	NP_061259.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Hamp	XP_057604533.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Mang	XP_045735285.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Mang	XP_045731846.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Pgig	XP_039697652.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Casi	XP_006859933.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Scar	XP_047393133.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Clup	XP_038395513.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Oana	XP_039768253.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Cdid	XP_037669880.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Dnov	XP_058146903.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Pafr	XP_047635407.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Cdid	XP_03767815.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Tman	XP_004380896.3	Fox	Fox-K1
Amel	XP_00292104.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Amel	XP_011219634.2	Fox	Fox-K1
Tman	XP_023590438.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Mjav	XP_036866572.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Clup	XP_038443581.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Ttru	XP_019802935.2	Fox	Fox-K1
Cpor	XP_013009181.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Cdro	XP_031327189.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Lcat	XP_045394627.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Mdom	XP_056662440.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Hamp	XP_057570575.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Ptig	XP_042828249.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Bbub	XP_006076433.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Rfer	XP_032951743.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Ttru	XP_033705152.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Oafe	XP_007941047.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Equa	XP_046529856.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Ggal	XP_015149844.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Opri	XP_004595290.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Bbub	XP_025131152.1	Fox	Fox-K1
Drot	XP_053773548.1	Fox	Fox-O4	Hsap	NP_001400854.1	Fox	Fox-M1
Cdro	XP_010977055.2	Fox	Fox-O4	Lcat	XP_045410542.1	Fox	-
Pgig	XP_039724773.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Ggal	XP_046760565.1	Fox	-
Mdom	XP_007492986.2	Fox	Fox-J3	Oana	XP_028912611.1	Fox	Fox-K2
Lcat	XP_045401678.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Clup	XP_038402133.1	Fox	-
Shar	XP_031818195.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Amel	XP_019662714.1	Fox	-
Equa	XP_046517148.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Mang	XP_045744166.1	Fox	-
Mjav	XP_036858181.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Equa	XP_046532308.1	Fox	-
Oafe	XP_007953745.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Ptig	XP_042846258.1	Fox	-

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Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation
Mmus	NP_766287.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Oafe	XP_007942676.1	Fox	-
Drot	XP_024410422.2	Fox	Fox-J3	Casi	XP_006839645.1	Fox	-
Tman	XP_023582916.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Mmus	XP_011246143.1	Fox	Fox-R2
Dnov	XP_004477472.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Opri	XP_058514738.1	Fox	-
Hsap	XP_005270689.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Scar	XP_047391089.1	Fox	-
Csim	XP_004443185.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Ggal	XP_015137672.3	Fox	-
Scar	XP_047408133.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Ggal	XP_015141419.2	Fox	-
Cimi	XP_017397267.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Ggal	XP_015144532.3	Fox	-
Bmus	XP_036706277.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Ggal	XP_015136219.2	Fox	-
Cdid	XP_037683454.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Cpor	XP_004999985.1	Fox	-
Cpor	XP_004999975.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Cdid	XP_0376677673.1	Sox	Sox-18
Oana	XP_028921226.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Opri	XP_004586020.2	Sox	Sox-18
Bbub	XP_044801100.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Clup	XP_038427314.1	Sox	Sox-18
Ttru	XP_019793563.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Scar	XP_047396502.1	Sox	Sox-18
Casi	XP_006839889.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Cpor	XP_003462830.1	Sox	Sox-18
Clup	XP_038413618.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Mjav	XP_036862488.1	Sox	Sox-18
Emax	XP_049734920.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Bmus	XP_036681681.1	Sox	Sox-18
Pafr	XP_047645481.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Cdro	XP_031289217.1	Sox	Sox-18
Mang	XP_054368911.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Lcat	XP_045384104.1	Sox	Sox-18
Opri	XP_058535693.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Cimi	XP_017371142.1	Sox	Sox-18
Amel	XP_011233273.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Equa	XP_046535409.1	Sox	Sox-18
Hamp	XP_057563297.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Bbub	XP_025119695.1	Sox	Sox-18
Ptig	XP_042852753.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Csim	XP_004430565.1	Sox	Sox-18
Cdro	XP_031320784.1	Fox	Fox-J3	Rfer	XP_032951103.1	Sox	Sox-18
Oana	XP_028910333.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Drot	XP_053783310.1	Sox	Sox-18
Hamp	XP_057559090.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Pgig	XP_039720817.1	Sox	Sox-18
Pafr	XP_047643563.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Ttru	XP_019806802.1	Sox	Sox-18
Ttru	XP_033722947.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Pafr	XP_047626512.1	Sox	Sox-18
Pgig	XP_039730188.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Mang	XP_045742130.1	Sox	Sox-18
Hsap	XP_011519063.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Mmus	XP_033262.2	Sox	Sox-18
Equa	XP_046526439.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Ptig	XP_042835603.1	Sox	Sox-18
Shar	XP_031794189.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Hsap	NP_060889.1	Sox	Sox-18
Scar	XP_047406645.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Hamp	XP_057559896.1	Sox	Sox-18
Cimi	XP_017367793.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Dnov	XP_058143328.1	Sox	Sox-18
Csim	XP_004438721.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Shar	XP_023350160.2	Sox	Sox-18
Emax	XP_049738321.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Oana	XP_028925867.1	Sox	Sox-18
Tman	XP_004387308.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Mdom	XP_007475557.3	Sox	Sox-18
Bmus	XP_036722276.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Ggal	NP_989640.1	Sox	Sox-18
Dnov	XP_004455323.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Ggal	XP_040551910.1	Sox	Sox-17
Mmus	NP_068699.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Opri	XP_004580649.2	Sox	Sox-17
Bbub	XP_025138942.2	Fox	Fox-J2	Ggal	NP_001034415.2	Sox	Sox-17
Casi	XP_006875525.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Mdom	XP_001379706.1	Sox	Sox-17
Mjav	XP_017507797.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Cdid	XP_037658799.1	Sox	Sox-17
Drot	XP_053777818.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Lcat	XP_045416951.1	Sox	Sox-17
Mdom	XP_001364301.2	Fox	Fox-J2	Mdom	XP_001368625.2	Sox	Sox-17
Rfer	XP_032973158.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Tman	XP_004372647.1	Sox	Sox-17
Cdro	XP_031300018.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Rfer	XP_032981648.1	Sox	Sox-17
Opri	XP_004596477.2	Fox	Fox-J2	Cpor	XP_005002064.1	Sox	Sox-17
Cpor	XP_003470329.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Oafe	XP_007950410.1	Sox	Sox-17
Ptig	XP_042847649.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Oana	XP_028925260.1	Sox	Sox-17
Ggal	XP_046759046.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Mdom	XP_001368625.2	Sox	Sox-17
Amel	XP_034501007.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Amel	XP_002925690.2	Sox	Sox-17
Oafe	XP_007935347.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Scar	XP_047417202.1	Sox	Sox-17
Mang	XP_045729866.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Hsap	NP_071899.1	Sox	Sox-17
Lcat	XP_045410352.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Cimi	XP_017387282.1	Sox	Sox-17
Cdid	XP_037701021.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Mjav	XP_036855229.1	Sox	Sox-17
Clup	XP_038432619.1	Fox	Fox-J2	Shar	XP_003759826.2	Sox	Sox-17
Opri	XP_004592944.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Bbub	XP_025121191.1	Sox	Sox-17
Bmus	XP_036692694.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Casi	XP_006871910.1	Sox	Sox-17
Ttru	XP_033703524.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Shar	XP_031802254.1	Sox	Sox-17
Mdom	XP_016286122.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Clup	XP_038435168.1	Sox	Sox-17
Pafr	XP_047614731.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Csim	XP_004435766.1	Sox	Sox-17
Mjav	XP_017529912.2	Fox	Fox-J1	Emax	XP_049716401.1	Sox	Sox-17
Cpor	XP_003461484.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Cdro	XP_010987841.2	Sox	Sox-17
Mmus	XP_006532332.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Ptig	XP_042829097.1	Sox	Sox-17
Ptig	XP_042823405.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Bmus	XP_036685683.1	Sox	Sox-17
Equa	XP_046530684.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Pgig	XP_039724865.1	Sox	Sox-17
Clup	XP_038402010.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Mang	XP_045752504.1	Sox	Sox-17
Emax	XP_049715791.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Pafr	XP_047639872.1	Sox	Sox-17
Oana	XP_028912588.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Hamp	XP_057592218.1	Sox	Sox-17
Tman	XP_004374194.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Equa	XP_046498273.1	Sox	Sox-17
Drot	XP_045046069.2	Fox	Fox-J1	Dnov	XP_058131520.1	Sox	Sox-17
Hsap	NP_001445.2	Fox	Fox-J1	Drot	XP_024434049.3	Sox	Sox-17
Pgig	XP_039715456.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Ttru	XP_019780997.1	Sox	Sox-17
Cimi	XP_017391310.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Oana	XP_028909114.1	Sox	Sox-7
Rfer	XP_032946522.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Bbub	XP_006064379.2	Sox	Sox-7
Lcat	XP_045381684.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Csim	XP_014645382.1	Sox	Sox-7
Dnov	XP_004454510.2	Fox	Fox-J1	Mdom	XP_001373591.1	Sox	Sox-7
Ggal	NP_001308464.2	Fox	Fox-J1	Casi	XP_006864394.1	Sox	Sox-7
Hamp	XP_057572756.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Ptig	XP_042839510.1	Sox	Sox-7
Cdro	XP_031325009.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Tman	XP_004382257.1	Sox	Sox-7
Oafe	XP_007957820.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Clup	XP_038429590.1	Sox	Sox-7
Amel	XP_034497541.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Pgig	XP_039731999.1	Sox	Sox-7
Cdid	XP_037665215.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Ggal	XP_046795199.1	Sox	Sox-7
Shar	XP_031821724.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Cimi	XP_017395944.1	Sox	Sox-7
Scar	XP_047399365.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Mmus	NP_035576.1	Sox	Sox-7
Csim	XP_004432853.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Emax	XP_049722562.1	Sox	Sox-7
Casi	XP_006869617.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Amel	XP_011214939.2	Sox	Sox-7
Bbub	XP_006045356.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Rfer	XP_032989201.1	Sox	Sox-7
Mang	XP_045743961.1	Fox	Fox-J1	Equa	XP_046512534.1	Sox	Sox-7
Oana	XP_039768325.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Ttru	XP_033713462.1	Sox	Sox-7
Pgig	XP_03969607.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Cpor	XP_003479745.1	Sox	Sox-7
Csim	XP_014646458.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Scar	XP_003758123.1	Sox	Sox-7
Equa	XP_046528495.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Cdid	XP_03766898.1	Sox	Sox-7
Cpor	XP_023417629.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Hamp	XP_057576011.1	Sox	Sox-7
Rfer	XP_032973683.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Bmus	XP_036712190.1	Sox	Sox-7
Oafe	XP_007956564.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Scar	XP_047405527.1	Sox	Sox-7
Shar	XP_023363009.2	Fox	Fox-P3	Drot	XP_053767954.1	Sox	Sox-7
Bmus	XP_036695836.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Pafr	XP_047615897.1	Sox	Sox-7
Mdom	XP_056665055.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Hsap	NP_113627.1	Sox	Sox-7
Cimi	XP_037589291.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Mang	XP_045736052.1	Sox	Sox-7

## Supplementary tables

**Tab. S8** continued from previous page

Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation		Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation
Emax	XP_049728302.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Dnov	XP_058144023.1	Sox	Sox-7	
Drot	XP_053773440.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Cdro	XP_031297983.1	Sox	Sox-7	
Mjav	XP_036852243.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Lcat	XP_045391548.1	Sox	Sox-7	
Mmus	NP_001186276.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Opri	XP_004579156.2	Sox	Sox-7	
Ttru	XP_033704944.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Oafe	XP_007936906.1	Sox	Sox-7	
Cdid	XP_037677418.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Mjav	XP_036854859.1	Sox	Sox-7	
Bbub	XP_006073707.2	Fox	Fox-P3	Pafr	XP_047609577.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Casi	XP_006876748.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Ptig	XP_007077656.3	Sox	Sox-30	
Scar	XP_047391408.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Bmus	XP_036704125.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Hamp	XP_057574707.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Oana	XP_039766108.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Lcat	XP_045393738.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Cimi	XP_017372578.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Pafr	XP_047620716.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Oafe	XP_007948121.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Amel	XP_011221377.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Cdro	XP_031305277.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Dnov	XP_023446473.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Emax	XP_049730174.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Ptig	XP_007096061.2	Fox	Fox-P3	Hamp	XP_057558120.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Opri	XP_058514303.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Lcat	XP_045408644.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Clup	NP_001161933.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Shar	XP_031809461.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Mang	XP_045729506.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Bbub	XP_006058618.4	Sox	Sox-30	
Cdid	XP_037677000.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Drot	XP_024432555.2	Sox	Sox-30	
Hsap	NP_054728.2	Fox	Fox-P3	Clup	XP_038390830.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Cdro	XP_031301084.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Cpor	XP_003473352.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Tman	XP_004376890.1	Fox	Fox-P3	Ttru	XP_019780387.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Oana	XP_028909446.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Opri	XP_0045857550.2	Sox	Sox-30	
Oana	XP_028912286.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Mdom	XP_001379720.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Opri	XP_012786079.2	Fox	Fox-L3	Equa	XP_046521338.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Mdom	XP_007498348.2	Fox	Fox-L3	Csim	XP_004428646.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Drot	XP_045040885.2	Fox	Fox-L3	Cdid	XP_037655441.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Rfer	XP_032952385.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Ggal	XP_414564.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Scar	XP_047390130.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Dnov	XP_058162315.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Oana	XP_001511921.2	Fox	Fox-L3	Scar	XP_047412799.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Ttru	XP_004328913.2	Fox	Fox-L3	Mmus	NP_775560.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Dnov	XP_058141662.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Amel	XP_019650665.2	Sox	Sox-30	
Mmus	NP_001182057.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Pgig	XP_039732492.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Hsap	NP_001361767.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Mjav	XP_036881068.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Emax	XP_049761077.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Mang	XP_045743539.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Mang	XP_045728168.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Rfer	XP_032952708.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Mjav	XP_036864912.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Tman	XP_004371314.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Shar	XP_012398242.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Hsap	NP_848511.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Cimi	XP_017363768.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Casi	XP_006863994.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Hamp	XP_057605555.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Amel	XP_034508949.1	Sox	Sox-30	
Pafr	XP_047635063.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Scar	XP_047389638.1	Sox	Sox-8	
Tman	XP_0043486032.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Bmus	XP_036681892.1	Sox	Sox-8	
Csim	XP_004440991.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Pafr	XP_047635134.1	Sox	Sox-8	
Equa	XP_046523569.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Drot	XP_024409185.2	Sox	Sox-8	
Lcat	XP_045398087.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Mjav	XP_017502547.2	Sox	Sox-8	
Cpor	XP_003469985.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Clup	XP_038394815.1	Sox	Sox-8	
Bmus	XP_036680082.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Rfer	XP_032957935.1	Sox	Sox-8	
Bbub	XP_044792209.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Equa	XP_046523802.1	Sox	Sox-8	
Clup	XP_038394791.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Amel	XP_034525488.1	Sox	Sox-8	
Casi	XP_006859950.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Cimi	XP_017366444.1	Sox	Sox-8	
Cdid	XP_037669698.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Csim	XP_004438275.1	Sox	Sox-8	
Ptig	XP_042828254.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Bbub	XP_025130606.3	Sox	Sox-8	
Ggal	XP_425229.3	Fox	Fox-L3	Lcat	XP_045397007.1	Sox	Sox-8	
Cdro	XP_031327057.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Hamp	XP_057551434.1	Sox	Sox-8	
Amel	XP_034525410.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Pgig	XP_039740781.1	Sox	Sox-8	
Oafe	XP_007941358.1	Fox	Fox-L3	Hsap	NP_055402.2	Sox	Sox-8	
Cdro	XP_031326970.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Mang	XP_045730580.1	Sox	Sox-8	
Oafe	XP_007944266.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Cdro	XP_010989436.2	Sox	Sox-8	
Ttru	XP_0033721167.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Ptig	XP_042827523.1	Sox	Sox-8	
Amel	XP_011217264.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Ttru	XP_033696379.1	Sox	Sox-8	
Mdom	XP_007500148.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Bmus	XP_036722097.1	Sox	–	
Opri	XP_058534843.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Ttru	XP_019791993.1	Sox	–	
Shar	XP_031801298.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Oana	XP_028908350.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Pafr	XP_047635064.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Opri	XP_058523457.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Mjav	XP_036875087.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Ggal	NP_989815.2	Sox	Sox-4	
Hsap	NP_001231739.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Casi	XP_006860848.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Casi	XP_006874684.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Lcat	XP_045407834.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Emax	XP_049718943.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Ttru	XP_033719780.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Mjav	XP_036860335.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Cpor	XP_003468908.2	Sox	Sox-4	
Pgig	XP_039707610.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Mdom	XP_007487941.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Drot	XP_045048358.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Scar	XP_047414294.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Mmus	XP_030110934.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Hsap	NP_003098.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Tman	XP_023583661.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Bbub	XP_025121975.3	Sox	Sox-4	
Cimi	XP_017398291.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Hamp	XP_057555091.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Rfer	XP_032987798.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Mmus	NP_03264.2	Sox	Sox-4	
Scar	XP_047390767.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Drot	XP_053776704.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Ptig	XP_042835351.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Oafe	XP_007950280.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Oana	XP_039766065.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Dnov	XP_012385001.3	Sox	Sox-4	
Equa	XP_046523540.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Clup	XP_038440195.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Clup	XP_038421798.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Equa	XP_046497050.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Mang	XP_054360611.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Amel	XP_034516148.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Bmus	XP_036724195.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Cdro	XP_031290091.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Cpor	XP_005005313.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Emax	XP_049732340.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Cdid	XP_037656169.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Csim	XP_004432138.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Hamp	XP_057561364.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Mjav	XP_036850086.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Lcat	XP_045385501.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Pfgr	XP_039722376.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Bbub	XP_044789782.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Ptig	XP_042841543.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Csim	XP_004419976.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Bmus	XP_036725088.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Dnov	XP_004482088.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Tman	XP_023594118.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Ggal	XP_040502196.1	Fox	Fox-P1	Pafr	XP_047651758.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Tman	XP_004385433.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Mang	XP_045722257.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Pafr	XP_047614767.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Rfer	XP_032971451.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Cdid	XP_037655986.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Cdid	XP_037700378.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Casi	XP_006874270.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Cimi	XP_017399572.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Emax	XP_049715494.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Shar	XP_031802646.1	Sox	Sox-4	
Scar	XP_047401997.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Shar	XP_003775357.4	Sox	Sox-15	
Oafe	XP_007935559.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Dnov	XP_004468798.1	Sox	Sox-15	
Ggal	XP_415816.5	Fox	Fox-N1	Mdom	XP_056673573.1	Sox	Sox-15	
Mmus	XP_006532328.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Oana	XP_039766818.1	Sox	Sox-15	
Oana	XP_039770471.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Clup	XP_038392636.1	Sox	Sox-15	
Mdom	XP_001375832.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Mjav	XP_017527261.1	Sox	Sox-15	

Tab. S8 continued from previous page

Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation
Dnov	XP_004450005.2	Fox	Fox-N1	Cdid	XP_037664941.1	Sox	Sox-15
Shar	XP_031823539.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Pgig	XP_039703166.1	Sox	Sox-15
Cpor	XP_023420823.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Pafr	XP_047613485.1	Sox	Sox-15
Lcat	XP_045381339.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Bmus	XP_036692236.1	Sox	Sox-15
Bbub	XP_025136790.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Ttru	XP_033704061.1	Sox	Sox-15
Opri	XP_004593965.2	Fox	Fox-N1	Emax	XP_049714749.1	Sox	Sox-15
Bmus	XP_036693663.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Opri	XP_004594843.2	Sox	Sox-15
Drot	XP_04505001.2	Fox	Fox-N1	Cpor	XP_003466299.1	Sox	Sox-15
Amel	XP_034496649.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Rfer	XP_032947056.1	Sox	Sox-15
Pgig	XP_039742030.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Cimi	XP_037595583.1	Sox	Sox-15
Rfer	XP_032947344.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Hamp	XP_047571542.1	Sox	Sox-15
Mang	XP_045744088.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Equa	XP_046531541.1	Sox	Sox-15
Equa	XP_046533715.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Ptig	XP_042823564.1	Sox	Sox-15
Cimi	XP_037599212.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Lcat	XP_031323594.1	Sox	Sox-15
Mjav	XP_017515466.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Cdro	XP_047404162.1	Sox	Sox-15
Hamp	XP_057571196.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Mang	XP_045746055.1	Sox	Sox-15
Hsap	XP_011523660.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Drot	XP_024420518.1	Sox	Sox-15
Ptig	XP_007076110.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Tman	XP_044376270.1	Sox	Sox-15
Ttru	XP_033703421.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Bbub	XP_006062923.4	Sox	Sox-15
Cdro	XP_031324225.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Hsap	NP_008873.1	Sox	Sox-15
Csim	XP_014645264.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Oafe	XP_007950453.1	Sox	Sox-15
Clup	XP_038404162.1	Fox	Fox-N1	Scar	XP_047400352.1	Sox	Sox-15
Shar	XP_003760278.3	Fox	Fox-F2	Mmus	NP_033261.1	Sox	Sox-15
Drot	XP_024408147.2	Fox	Fox-F2	Csim	XP_004433180.1	Sox	Sox-15
Mdom	XP_001378770.3	Fox	Fox-F2	Amel	XP_019660673.2	Sox	Sox-15
Casi	XP_006870627.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Casi	XP_006863559.1	Sox	Sox-15
Equa	XP_046496582.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Rfer	XP_032974648.1	Sox	—
Bmus	XP_036725085.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Pgig	XP_039738421.1	Sox	—
Lcat	XP_04508674.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Dnov	XP_058138887.1	Sox	—
Opri	XP_012785618.3	Fox	Fox-F2	Drot	XP_024431130.1	Sox	—
Tman	XP_012414385.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Ggal	XP_015151955.3	Sox	Sox-12
Mjav	XP_036867662.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Equa	XP_046533915.1	Sox	Sox-12
Cdro	XP_010975130.2	Fox	Fox-F2	Emax	XP_049725681.1	Sox	Sox-12
Hsap	NP_001443.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Rfer	XP_032951289.1	Sox	Sox-12
Emax	XP_049738291.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Cpor	XP_005006612.1	Sox	Sox-12
Pgig	XP_039725405.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Bmus	XP_036683115.1	Sox	Sox-12
Csim	XP_004419240.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Tman	XP_004370660.1	Sox	Sox-12
Cdid	XP_037700041.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Bbub	XP_025119497.1	Sox	Sox-12
Dnov	XP_023447171.2	Fox	Fox-F2	Mang	XP_045741538.1	Sox	Sox-12
Cimi	XP_017352993.2	Fox	Fox-F2	Opri	XP_058535679.1	Sox	Sox-12
Oafe	XP_007933567.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Cdid	XP_037667390.1	Sox	Sox-12
Ptig	XP_042841202.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Pafr	XP_047627358.1	Sox	Sox-12
Mmus	NP_034355.2	Fox	Fox-F2	Mmus	NP_035568.1	Sox	Sox-12
Scar	XP_047414417.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Csim	XP_014645525.1	Sox	Sox-12
Bbub	XP_025120520.3	Fox	Fox-F2	Ttru	XP_044331924.3	Sox	Sox-12
Mang	XP_045721916.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Scar	XP_047398506.1	Sox	Sox-12
Amel	XP_034516095.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Ptig	XP_042836628.1	Sox	Sox-12
Rfer	XP_032969138.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Shar	XP_031810003.1	Sox	Sox-12
Clup	XP_038439937.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Pgig	XP_039719928.1	Sox	Sox-12
Ttru	XP_004311990.3	Fox	Fox-F2	Casi	XP_006860781.1	Sox	Sox-12
Pafr	XP_047651459.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Hsap	NP_008874.2	Sox	Sox-12
Hamp	XP_057555617.1	Fox	Fox-F2	Oafe	XP_007932707.1	Sox	Sox-12
Ggal	XP_046759228.1	Fox	—	Mjav	XP_017521282.2	Sox	Sox-12
Mdom	XP_007491677.2	Fox	—	Clup	XP_038427830.1	Sox	Sox-12
Shar	XP_031817418.1	Fox	—	Dnov	XP_058142829.1	Sox	Sox-12
Oana	XP_028911073.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Hamp	XP_057559844.1	Sox	Sox-12
Rfer	XP_032988626.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Lcat	XP_045385476.1	Sox	Sox-12
Ggal	NP_001012630.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Drot	XP_024415008.3	Sox	Sox-12
Mdom	XP_007494005.2	Fox	Fox-L2	Cdro	XP_031289888.1	Sox	Sox-12
Emax	XP_049726166.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Cimi	XP_017370646.1	Sox	Sox-12
Hsap	NP_075555.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Mdom	XP_007474545.2	Sox	Sox-12
Amel	XP_034517711.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Oana	XP_028907426.1	Sox	Sox-11
Drot	XP_024421665.2	Fox	Fox-L2	Cdro	XP_03122369.1	Sox	Sox-11
Mang	XP_045719675.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Pafr	XP_047635202.1	Sox	Sox-11
Tman	XP_004381516.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Cdid	XP_037669298.1	Sox	Sox-11
Casi	XP_006846679.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Mdom	XP_007476236.1	Sox	Sox-11
Csim	XP_004419996.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Dnov	XP_058143908.1	Sox	Sox-11
Mmus	NP_036150.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Mang	XP_045739658.1	Sox	Sox-11
Pafr	XP_047639332.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Casi	XP_006864036.1	Sox	Sox-11
Bbub	XP_025146742.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Tman	XP_044373138.1	Sox	Sox-11
Opri	XP_012783325.2	Fox	Fox-L2	Hamp	XP_057599420.1	Sox	Sox-11
Shar	XP_031815678.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Pgig	XP_039710941.1	Sox	Sox-11
Hamp	XP_057595697.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Cimi	XP_017397486.1	Sox	Sox-11
Cimi	XP_017379188.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Lcat	XP_045404807.1	Sox	Sox-11
Cdid	XP_037683851.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Emax	XP_049759749.1	Sox	Sox-11
Equa	XP_046508064.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Ptig	XP_042835747.1	Sox	Sox-11
Mjav	XP_036847828.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Shar	XP_031807046.1	Sox	Sox-11
Cdro	XP_031299319.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Cpor	XP_003464995.1	Sox	Sox-11
Lcat	XP_045411920.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Mjav	XP_017522349.2	Sox	Sox-11
Clup	XP_038426115.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Scar	XP_047379435.1	Sox	Sox-11
Cpor	XP_023415973.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Opri	XP_004582643.2	Sox	Sox-11
Ptig	XP_042812852.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Clup	XP_038416510.1	Sox	Sox-11
Oafe	XP_007945699.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Drot	XP_024408195.2	Sox	Sox-11
Ttru	XP_019789813.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Ggal	XP_001382976.1	Sox	Sox-11
Pgig	XP_039692762.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Equa	XP_046516078.1	Sox	Sox-11
Bmus	XP_036707130.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Amel	XP_034515849.1	Sox	Sox-11
Scar	XP_047420926.1	Fox	Fox-L2	Hsap	NP_003099.1	Sox	Sox-11
Oana	XP_028902621.2	Fox	Fox-I3	Oafe	XP_007933317.1	Sox	Sox-11
Bmus	XP_036729925.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Bmus	XP_036729557.1	Sox	Sox-11
Lcat	XP_045404844.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Bbub	XP_025117398.3	Sox	Sox-11
Casi	XP_006875916.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Rfer	XP_032980233.1	Sox	Sox-11
Dnov	XP_004472353.2	Fox	Fox-I3	Ttru	XP_019798147.1	Sox	Sox-11
Emax	XP_049713621.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Csim	XP_014647619.1	Sox	Sox-11
Csim	XP_004437309.2	Fox	Fox-I3	Mmus	NP_03260.4	Sox	Sox-11
Cimi	XP_017392139.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Ggal	NP_0989526.1	Sox	Sry
Bbub	XP_025116942.2	Fox	Fox-I3	Shar	XP_023362772.2	Sox	Sox-3
Pgig	XP_039708536.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Ptig	XP_042831086.1	Sox	Sox-3
Cdid	XP_037663447.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Dnov	XP_058147425.1	Sox	Sox-3
Tman	XP_004390712.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Rfer	XP_032973530.1	Sox	Sox-3
Clup	NP_001129118.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Oafe	XP_007949915.1	Sox	Sox-3
Opri	XP_004590794.2	Fox	Fox-I3	Csim	XP_014651689.1	Sox	Sox-3

## Supplementary tables

Tab. S8 continued from previous page

Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation
Paf	XP_047635149.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Drot	XP_024434131.1	Sox	Sry
Hamp	XP_057599300.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Hsap	NP_003131.1	Sox	Sry
Mang	XP_045739697.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Equa	XP_046528503.1	Sox	Sox-3
Amel	XP_002922377.3	Fox	Fox-I3	Emax	XP_049728984.1	Sox	Sox-3
Ttru	XP_033694400.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Opri	XP_058514980.1	Sox	Sox-3
Scar	XP_047393964.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Ttru	XP_033705620.1	Sox	Sox-3
Hsap	NP_001129121.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Clup	XP_038442551.1	Sox	Sox-3
Mmus	NP_001094934.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Oana	XP_001520781.2	Sox	Sry
Rfer	XP_032980088.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Hsap	NP_005625.2	Sox	Sox-3
Ptig	XP_042837881.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Mjav	XP_036889504.1	Sox	Sox-3
Equa	XP_046517777.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Mdom	XP_056665898.1	Sox	Sry
Cdro	XP_010996180.2	Fox	Fox-I3	Emax	XP_049729443.1	Sox	Sry
Mjav	XP_017536768.2	Fox	Fox-I3	Cdro	XP_031300930.1	Sox	Sox-3
Oafe	XP_007952295.1	Fox	Fox-I3	Pfig	XP_039735027.1	Sox	Sry
Drot	XP_024408151.2	Fox	Fox-I3	Shar	XP_031801149.1	Sox	Sry
Oana	XP_028931929.2	Fox	Fox-L1	Lcat	XP_045393696.1	Sox	Sox-3
Bbub	XP_006047558.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Cimi	XP_017374345.1	Sox	Sry
Mdom	XP_056674514.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Hamp	XP_057574656.1	Sox	Sox-3
Oafe	XP_007937407.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Mmus	NP_033263.2	Sox	Sox-3
Mjav	XP_036849629.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Amel	XP_034504946.1	Sox	Sox-3
Rfer	XP_032984676.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Cdid	XP_037678811.1	Sox	Sox-3
Hamp	XP_057569166.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Bmus	XP_036696323.1	Sox	Sox-3
Pfig	XP_039744660.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Ttru	XP_033706224.1	Sox	Sry
Dnov	XP_058135467.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Bbub	XP_025132502.3	Sox	Sox-3
Csim	XP_004437100.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Cdid	XP_037680520.1	Sox	Sry
Casi	XP_006860180.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Cpor	XP_003464754.2	Sox	Sox-3
Opri	XP_004584130.2	Fox	Fox-L1	Scar	XP_047393176.1	Sox	Sry
Clup	XP_038394040.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Opri	XP_058515261.1	Sox	Sry
Hsap	NP_005241.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Paf	XP_047620863.1	Sox	Sox-3
Drot	XP_0244111663.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Mmus	NP_035694.1	Sox	Sry
Amel	XP_002913428.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Drot	XP_053773489.1	Sox	Sox-3
Cdro	XP_031292484.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Mdom	XP_007507433.1	Sox	Sox-3
Cimi	XP_017399161.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Scar	XP_047392867.1	Sox	Sox-3
Cdid	XP_0376717191.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Oafe	XP_007957280.1	Sox	Sry
Ttru	XP_004312143.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Cimi	XP_017355427.1	Sox	Sox-3
Rfer	XP_032984241.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Ttru	XP_033706225.1	Sox	Sry
Ptig	XP_042825075.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Mang	XP_045726266.1	Sox	Sox-3
Bmus	XP_036688240.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Casi	XP_006875033.1	Sox	Sox-3
Tman	XP_004377800.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Opri	XP_058515255.1	Sox	Sry
Mang	XP_045746246.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Mjav	XP_036857050.1	Sox	Sry
Shar	XP_031806032.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Dnov	XP_058142693.1	Sox	Sox-8
Mmus	NP_032050.2	Fox	Fox-L1	Casi	XP_006873911.1	Sox	Sox-8
Paf	XP_047648182.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Cdid	XP_037670405.1	Sox	Sox-8
Equa	XP_046536521.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Emax	XP_049759218.1	Sox	Sox-8
Scar	XP_047385703.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Tman	XP_023584110.1	Sox	Sox-8
Ggal	XP_001231599.5	Fox	Fox-L1	Oafe	XP_007955685.1	Sox	Sox-8
Emax	XP_049720646.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Mjav	XP_017510601.1	Sox	—
Lcat	XP_045389091.1	Fox	Fox-L1	Clup	XP_038432983.1	Sox	—
Ggal	XP_004948470.2	Fox	Fox-P4	Ptig	XP_042847878.1	Sox	—
Casi	XP_006860505.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Mang	XP_054363126.1	Sox	—
Equa	XP_046496143.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Amel	XP_019650885.1	Sox	—
Cdid	XP_037698927.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Ggal	NP_989664.1	Sox	Sox-1
Mdom	XP_056674181.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Mjav	XP_036880873.1	Sox	Sox-1
Oafe	XP_007934458.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Amel	XP_034519706.1	Sox	Sox-1
Opri	XP_058519292.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Lcat	XP_05422689.1	Sox	Sox-1
Mmus	XP_017173175.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Oana	XP_028904097.1	Sox	Sox-1
Rfer	XP_032956861.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Opri	XP_058526612.1	Sox	Sox-1
Hsap	XP_011512591.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Cdid	XP_037656244.1	Sox	Sox-1
Ptig	XP_042842255.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Scar	XP_047410448.1	Sox	Sox-1
Ttru	XP_033720169.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Mdom	XP_007501341.1	Sox	Sox-1
Mang	XP_045722826.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Equa	XP_046519750.1	Sox	Sox-1
Mjav	XP_036861021.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Ttru	XP_019776483.2	Sox	Sox-1
Cimi	XP_017402725.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Clup	XP_038425993.1	Sox	Sox-1
Clup	XP_038409938.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Cdro	XP_031322193.1	Sox	Sox-1
Shar	XP_031820748.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Shar	XP_031814590.1	Sox	Sox-1
Lcat	XP_045397843.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Oafe	XP_007940578.1	Sox	Sox-1
Pfig	XP_039710787.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Rfer	XP_032959657.1	Sox	Sox-1
Drot	XP_053769706.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Mmus	NP_033259.2	Sox	Sox-1
Bmus	XP_036725368.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Dnov	XP_058132394.1	Sox	Sox-1
Amel	XP_002914563.3	Fox	Fox-P4	Bmus	XP_036687021.1	Sox	Sox-1
Csim	XP_004424223.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Paf	XP_047612043.1	Sox	Sox-1
Oana	XP_028925090.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Drot	XP_045024640.2	Sox	Sox-1
Hamp	XP_057555834.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Ptig	XP_042814197.1	Sox	Sox-1
Paf	XP_047653356.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Cimi	XP_017357713.1	Sox	Sox-1
Cpor	XP_003473920.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Mang	XP_045723818.1	Sox	Sox-1
Scar	XP_047414507.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Casi	XP_006851579.1	Sox	Sox-1
Emax	XP_049747581.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Cpor	XP_005007254.3	Sox	Sox-1
Tman	XP_004379494.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Hsap	NP_005977.2	Sox	Sox-1
Dnov	XP_058162686.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Hamp	XP_057563730.1	Sox	Sox-1
Bbub	XP_025125992.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Pfig	XP_039721974.1	Sox	Sox-1
Cdro	XP_031290589.1	Fox	Fox-P4	Bbub	XP_025118363.1	Sox	Sox-1
Bmus	XP_036718879.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Emax	XP_049723386.1	Sox	Sox-1
Ttru	XP_019780690.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Mdom	XP_001373727.1	Sox	—
Lcat	XP_045420440.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Shar	XP_003762017.1	Sox	—
Pfig	XP_039716577.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Hamp	XP_057557078.1	Sox	Sox-5
Csim	XP_004418850.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Equa	XP_046497249.1	Sox	Sox-5
Shar	XP_031794706.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Bbub	XP_045021534.1	Sox	Sox-5
Equa	XP_046526335.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Csim	XP_014646859.1	Sox	Sox-5
Cdro	XP_031311093.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Cdro	XP_031299822.1	Sox	Sox-5
Amel	XP_034526782.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Tman	XP_023593782.1	Sox	Sox-5
Ptig	XP_042826228.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Emax	XP_04974103.1	Sox	Sox-5
Opri	XP_058510875.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Oafe	XP_007944956.1	Sox	Sox-5
Cpor	XP_013013912.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Paf	XP_047643337.1	Sox	Sox-5
Casi	XP_006859359.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Casi	XP_006867010.1	Sox	Sox-5
Oana	XP_028928988.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Mdom	XP_001368820.2	Sox	Sox-2
Paf	XP_047618861.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Csim	XP_004424739.1	Sox	Sox-2
Oafe	XP_007942246.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Emax	XP_049730807.1	Sox	Sox-2
Hsap	NP_683696.2	Fox	Fox-P2	Casi	XP_006869879.1	Sox	Sox-2
Mdom	XP_007504226.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Ptig	XP_042855191.1	Sox	Sox-2
Ggal	XP_025007337.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Ggal	NP_990519.3	Sox	Sox-2
Dnov	XP_058153204.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Clup	XP_038439395.1	Sox	Sox-2

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Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation
Bbub	XP_044802585.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Equa	XP_046515240.1	Sox	Sox-2
Cimi	XP_017390531.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Hamp	XP_057595873.1	Sox	Sox-2
Rfer	XP_032954948.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Hsap	NP_0030971	Sox	Sox-2
Hamp	XP_057586867.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Shar	XP_031813587.1	Sox	Sox-2
Mmus	XP_036021645.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Mang	XP_045719633.1	Sox	Sox-2
Mjav	XP_036883368.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Scar	XP_047420710.1	Sox	Sox-2
Emax	XP_049750944.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Tman	XP_023592536.1	Sox	Sox-2
Cdid	XP_037692269.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Bbub	XP_006056297.2	Sox	Sox-2
Drot	XP_053782699.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Rfer	XP_032989610.1	Sox	Sox-2
Scar	XP_047417295.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Lcat	XP_045395708.1	Sox	Sox-2
Mang	XP_045720337.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Opri	XP_058518203.1	Sox	Sox-2
Tman	XP_004382624.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Oana	XP_028928807.1	Sox	Sox-2
Clup	XP_038413332.1	Fox	Fox-P2	Bmus	XP_036705414.1	Sox	Sox-2
Cdid	XP_037688024.1	Fox	-	Mmus	NP_035573.3	Sox	Sox-2
Dnov	XP_058148549.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Opfe	XP_007934094.1	Sox	Sox-2
Ggal	XP_414186.5	Fox	Fox-F1	Pafn	XP_047643165.1	Sox	Sox-2
Emax	XP_049720665.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Dnov	XP_004477690.1	Sox	Sox-2
Mdom	XP_001365832.4	Fox	Fox-F1	Cimi	XP_017393930.1	Sox	Sox-2
Hsap	NP_001442.2	Fox	Fox-F1	Drot	XP_053774095.1	Sox	Sox-2
Clup	XP_038394042.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Amel	XP_034518206.1	Sox	Sox-2
Mjav	XP_017511561.2	Fox	Fox-F1	Cdro	XP_010974669.2	Sox	Sox-2
Cimi	XP_017399155.2	Fox	Fox-F1	Drot	XP_058135594.1	Sox	Sox-2
Bbub	XP_006047564.2	Fox	Fox-F1	Mjav	XP_017496634.2	Sox	Sox-2
Dnov	XP_058135594.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Ttru	XP_004311832.3	Sox	Sox-2
Drot	XP_053772163.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Oana	XP_028931165.1	Sox	Sox-14
Tman	XP_004377797.2	Fox	Fox-F1	Mdom	XP_007493983.1	Sox	Sox-14
Bmus	XP_036688072.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Scarf	XP_047419052.1	Sox	Sox-14
Oana	XP_028931561.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Cdid	XP_037683894.1	Sox	Sox-14
Pafn	XP_047645925.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Bmus	XP_036707689.1	Sox	Sox-14
Scar	XP_047385701.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Mjav	XP_017531607.1	Sox	Sox-14
Lcat	XP_045389195.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Casi	XP_006846671.1	Sox	Sox-14
Shar	XP_003758519.2	Fox	Fox-F1	Pafn	XP_047610665.1	Sox	Sox-14
Amel	XP_002913450.2	Fox	Fox-F1	Hamp	XP_057595112.1	Sox	Sox-14
Opri	XP_058530279.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Amel	XP_002923375.1	Sox	Sox-14
Pgig	XP_039744668.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Csim	XP_004419391.1	Sox	Sox-14
Casi	XP_006860182.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Csim	XP_004422013.1	Sox	Sox-14
Mmus	NP_034556.2	Fox	Fox-F1	Cpor	XP_003476788.1	Sox	Sox-14
Cdid	XP_037671853.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Hsap	NP_004180.1	Sox	Sox-14
Cpor	XP_003460772.2	Fox	Fox-F1	Clup	XP_038426113.1	Sox	Sox-14
Equa	XP_046538978.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Bbub	XP_025147052.1	Sox	Sox-14
Ptig	XP_007082882.2	Fox	Fox-F1	Rfer	XP_032988974.1	Sox	Sox-14
Csim	XP_014648135.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Equa	XP_046511648.1	Sox	Sox-14
Cdro	XP_031292478.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Drot	XP_024422013.1	Sox	Sox-14
Rfer	XP_032985403.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Lcat	XP_045395088.1	Sox	Sox-14
Mang	XP_045746573.2	Fox	Fox-F1	Opri	XP_04588396.1	Sox	Sox-14
Hamp	XP_057568154.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Pgig	XP_039692761.1	Sox	Sox-14
Oafe	XP_007937340.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Ptig	XP_042813213.1	Sox	Sox-14
Ttru	XP_033700961.1	Fox	Fox-F1	Ttru	XP_019789673.1	Sox	Sox-14
Mdom	XP_056669097.1	Fox	-	Cimi	XP_017383705.1	Sox	Sox-14
Shar	XP_031805673.1	Fox	-	Emax	XP_049726472.1	Sox	Sox-14
Ggal	XP_425714.5	Fox	Fox-S1	Mang	XP_045719678.1	Sox	Sox-14
Clup	XP_038427866.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Oafe	XP_007935393.1	Sox	Sox-14
Hsap	NP_004109.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Ggal	NP_990092.1	Sox	Sox-14
Pgig	XP_039719969.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Tman	XP_004381489.1	Sox	Sox-14
Bmus	XP_036682343.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Dnov	XP_004453833.1	Sox	Sox-14
Mdom	XP_001364156.2	Fox	Fox-S1	Shar	XP_012400053.1	Sox	Sox-14
Amel	XP_002918325.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Mmus	NP_035570.1	Sox	Sox-14
Shar	XP_031809982.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Cdro	XP_010975059.1	Sox	Sox-14
Bbub	XP_025119474.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Ggal	NP_001383603.1	Sox	Sox-21
Casi	XP_006860769.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Mang	XP_045726097.1	Sox	Sox-21
Cdro	XP_010992198.2	Fox	Fox-S1	Rfer	XP_032959615.1	Sox	Sox-21
Mang	XP_045741514.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Bmus	XP_036687740.1	Sox	Sox-21
Pafn	XP_047627330.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Dnov	XP_058132486.1	Sox	Sox-21
Dnov	XP_004464085.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Equa	XP_046520974.1	Sox	Sox-21
Opri	XP_045857632.2	Fox	Fox-S1	Drot	XP_053772754.1	Sox	Sox-21
Cpor	XP_003476682.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Opri	XP_058526666.1	Sox	Sox-21
Mjav	XP_017509202.2	Fox	Fox-S1	Cdid	XP_037656473.1	Sox	Sox-21
Csim	XP_004442549.2	Fox	Fox-S1	Csim	XP_014637259.1	Sox	Sox-21
Rfer	XP_032950864.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Shar	XP_031814415.1	Sox	Sox-21
Equa	XP_046536068.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Ttru	XP_033699347.1	Sox	Sox-21
Scar	XP_047396619.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Tman	XP_004371490.1	Sox	Sox-21
Tman	XP_023581200.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Mmus	NP_808421.1	Sox	Sox-21
Lcat	XP_045385439.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Oana	XP_001512271.3	Sox	Sox-21
Emax	XP_049725743.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Clup	XP_038425312.1	Sox	Sox-21
Mmus	NP_034356.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Ptig	XP_042813926.1	Sox	Sox-21
Ttru	XP_033696063.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Amel	XP_034519700.1	Sox	Sox-21
Ptig	XP_007073610.2	Fox	Fox-S1	Casi	XP_006832065.1	Sox	Sox-21
Hamp	XP_057559118.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Hamp	XP_057563720.1	Sox	Sox-21
Drot	XP_024415665.3	Fox	Fox-S1	Cdro	XP_031322066.1	Sox	Sox-21
Cimi	XP_017370299.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Mang	XP_045726110.1	Sox	Sox-21
Oafe	XP_007932722.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Pgig	XP_039693387.1	Sox	Sox-21
Cdro	XP_037667492.1	Fox	Fox-S1	Mjav	XP_036880860.1	Sox	Sox-21
Ggal	XP_015135808.1	Fox	Fox-B2	Scar	XP_047410577.1	Sox	Sox-21
Pafn	XP_047625507.1	Fox	Fox-B2	Pafn	XP_047612344.1	Sox	Sox-21
Shar	XP_012398564.2	Fox	Fox-B2	Oafe	XP_007942198.1	Sox	Sox-21
Csim	XP_004439686.1	Fox	Fox-B2	Cimi	XP_017399045.1	Sox	Sox-21
Scar	XP_047379799.1	Fox	Fox-B2	Mdom	XP_007501455.1	Sox	Sox-21
Cdro	XP_031305772.1	Fox	Fox-B2	Bbub	XP_025118466.2	Sox	Sox-21
Equa	XP_046519944.1	Fox	Fox-B2	Lcat	XP_045423694.1	Sox	Sox-21
Bbub	XP_006067725.3	Fox	Fox-B2	Hsap	NP_009015.1	Sox	Sox-21
Cimi	XP_017398753.1	Fox	Fox-B2	Emax	XP_049709053.1	Sox	Sox-21
Mmus	NP_032049.1	Fox	Fox-B2	Scar	XP_047405480.1	Sox	Sox-5
Pgig	XP_0397244438.1	Fox	Fox-B2	Opri	XP_058511892.1	Sox	Sox-5
Lcat	XP_045418554.1	Fox	Fox-B2	Scar	XP_047405480.1	Sox	Sox-5
Casi	XP_006834992.1	Fox	Fox-B2	Mmus	XP_006506994.1	Sox	Sox-5
Mdom	XP_003341714.1	Fox	Fox-B2	Bmus	XP_036693736.1	Sox	Sox-9
Mjav	XP_036847034.1	Fox	Fox-B2	Hamp	XP_057573119.1	Sox	Sox-9
Oana	XP_001508095.2	Fox	Fox-B2	Ggal	NP_989612.1	Sox	Sox-9
Mang	XP_045737891.1	Fox	Fox-B2	Drot	XP_024429046.1	Sox	Sox-9
Drot	XP_053776114.1	Fox	Fox-B2	Tman	XP_004374235.1	Sox	Sox-9
Dnov	XP_023440163.2	Fox	Fox-B2	Cimi	XP_017391090.1	Sox	Sox-9

## Supplementary tables

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Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation		Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation
Opri	XP_058513381.1	Fox	Fox-B2		Cdup	NP_001002978.1	Sox	Sox-9
Ttru	XP_019789709.1	Fox	Fox-B2		Dnov	XP_058140625.1	Sox	Sox-9
Cdid	XP_037654560.1	Fox	Fox-B2		Opri	XP_004593006.1	Sox	Sox-9
Tman	XP_023593539.1	Fox	Fox-B2		Casi	XP_006872359.1	Sox	Sox-9
Amel	XP_034502902.1	Fox	Fox-B2		Cdro	XP_031304465.1	Sox	Sox-9
Bmus	XP_036712759.1	Fox	Fox-B2		Mjav	XP_017519930.2	Sox	Sox-9
Clup	XP_038381543.1	Fox	Fox-B2		Csim	XP_004432762.1	Sox	Sox-9
Emax	XP_049751166.1	Fox	Fox-B2		Ptig	XP_042822833.1	Sox	Sox-9
Hsap	NP_001013757.1	Fox	Fox-B2		Equa	XP_046530969.1	Sox	Sox-9
Rfer	XP_032978089.1	Fox	Fox-B2		Emax	XP_049717106.1	Sox	Sox-9
Hamp	XP_057580851.1	Fox	Fox-B2		Oana	XP_001506094.2	Sox	Sox-9
Oafe	XP_007936768.1	Fox	Fox-B2		Rfer	XP_032945891.1	Sox	Sox-9
Ptig	XP_042819403.1	Fox	Fox-B2		Ttru	XP_033703168.1	Sox	Sox-9
Oana	XP_001518148.2	Fox	Fox-B1		Amel	XP_019660087.2	Sox	Sox-9
Clup	XP_038436513.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Mang	XP_045743969.1	Sox	Sox-9
Shar	XP_003755565.2	Fox	Fox-B1		Pafr	XP_047614296.1	Sox	Sox-9
Ttru	XP_033708504.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Scar	XP_047398689.1	Sox	Sox-9
Mjav	XP_017523883.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Bbub	XP_025135172.2	Sox	Sox-9
Casi	XP_006831648.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Shar	XP_003768593.1	Sox	Sox-9
Rfer	XP_032964940.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Hsap	NP_000337.1	Sox	Sox-9
Tman	XP_004374676.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Mmus	NP_035578.3	Sox	Sox-9
Hsap	NP_036314.2	Fox	Fox-B1		Oafe	XP_007957879.1	Sox	Sox-9
Amel	XP_034516791.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Cdid	XP_037664998.1	Sox	Sox-9
Pgig	XP_039720931.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Lcat	XP_045425568.1	Sox	Sox-9
Cdro	XP_031308829.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Pgig	XP_039715158.1	Sox	Sox-9
Opri	XP_004578087.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Ggal	XP_015139949.1	Sox	Sox-10
Mang	XP_0457555904.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Mmus	NP_035567.1	Sox	Sox-10
Cimi	XP_017387405.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Csim	XP_004437902.1	Sox	Sox-10
Dnov	XP_012376939.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Hsap	NP_008872.1	Sox	Sox-10
Equa	XP_046508174.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Mjav	XP_036862891.1	Sox	Sox-10
Mdom	XP_001365592.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Oafe	XP_00739944.1	Sox	Sox-10
Scar	XP_047396474.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Opri	XP_004589571.1	Sox	Sox-10
Emax	XP_049708649.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Scar	XP_047407584.1	Sox	Sox-10
Bmus	XP_036700853.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Mang	XP_045728505.1	Sox	Sox-10
Oafe	XP_007956505.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Cdro	XP_031319106.1	Sox	Sox-10
Bbub	XP_006043154.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Shar	XP_031797111.1	Sox	Sox-10
Ggal	XP_004943811.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Cimi	XP_017364446.1	Sox	Sox-10
Cpor	XP_013000887.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Ttru	XP_033721970.1	Sox	Sox-10
Ptig	XP_042843621.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Dnov	XP_004466267.1	Sox	Sox-10
Mmus	NP_071773.2	Fox	Fox-B1		Ptig	XP_042849176.1	Sox	Sox-10
Csim	XP_004421699.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Tman	XP_004373905.1	Sox	Sox-10
Hamp	XP_057575814.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Cpor	XP_003470533.2	Sox	Sox-10
Lcat	XP_045411390.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Hamp	XP_057599512.1	Sox	Sox-10
Cdid	XP_037691321.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Oana	XP_028934366.1	Sox	Sox-10
Drot	XP_0244424310.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Amel	XP_034500270.1	Sox	Sox-10
Pafr	XP_047625395.1	Fox	Fox-B1		Casi	XP_006865257.1	Sox	Sox-10
Oana	XP_028925820.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Ptig	XP_006071428.1	Sox	Sox-10
Mdom	XP_001382097.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Cdid	XP_037702433.1	Sox	Sox-10
Clup	XP_038427348.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Lcat	XP_045408856.1	Sox	Sox-10
Amel	XP_002924170.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Equa	XP_046502255.1	Sox	Sox-10
Cimi	XP_017396970.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Pgig	XP_039733644.1	Sox	Sox-10
Mjav	XP_036878344.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Clup	XP_038406550.1	Sox	Sox-10
Ttru	XP_019783169.2	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Rfer	XP_032973012.1	Sox	Sox-10
Mang	XP_045739756.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Emax	XP_049740365.1	Sox	Sox-10
Shar	XP_003758186.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Drot	XP_024434928.2	Sox	Sox-10
Emax	XP_049725634.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Pafr	XP_047642247.1	Sox	Sox-10
Scar	XP_047397766.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Mdom	XP_001381534.3	Sox	Sox-10
Pgig	XP_039730271.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Csim	XP_036720803.1	Sox	Sox-10
Equa	XP_046535478.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Hsap	XP_011519134.2	Sox	Sox-5
Hsap	NP_0685562.0	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Lcat	XP_045410158.1	Sox	Sox-5
Mmus	NP_0012777994.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Oana	XP_028925314.1	Sox	Sox-13
Lcat	XP_045385044.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Pafr	XP_047607942.1	Sox	Sox-13
Drot	XP_045050691.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Shar	XP_003767655.1	Sox	Sox-13
Cdid	XP_037680003.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Ggal	XP_015154614.2	Sox	Sox-13
Tman	XP_004376477.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Mdom	XP_056671743.1	Sox	Sox-13
Casi	XP_006860717.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Ttru	XP_033708141.1	Sox	Sox-13
Oafe	XP_007948556.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Cpor	XP_013013443.1	Sox	Sox-13
Pafr	XP_047627543.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Bmus	XP_036684089.1	Sox	Sox-13
Hamp	XP_057558835.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Mang	XP_054363913.1	Sox	Sox-13
Dnov	XP_023439993.2	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Tman	XP_023586088.1	Sox	Sox-13
Bmus	XP_036681859.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Hamp	XP_05758117.1	Sox	Sox-13
Rfer	XP_032950275.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Cdro	XP_031294667.1	Sox	Sox-13
Cpor	XP_003476486.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Drot	XP_024430737.2	Sox	Sox-13
Opri	XP_004585707.2	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Dnov	XP_058130986.1	Sox	Sox-13
Bbub	XP_044783908.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Mjav	XP_017506787.2	Sox	Sox-13
Cdro	XP_031290193.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Amel	XP_034522993.1	Sox	Sox-13
Csim	XP_004442004.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Mmus	XP_011246247.1	Sox	Sox-13
Ptig	XP_042835681.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Scar	XP_047376454.1	Sox	Sox-13
Ggal	XP_046794381.1	Fox	Hnf-3b/Fox-A2		Ptig	XP_007086583.2	Sox	Sox-13
Oana	XP_028902569.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Clup	XP_038441905.1	Sox	Sox-13
Emax	XP_049731498.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Oafe	XP_007954219.1	Sox	Sox-13
Hsap	NP_036318.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Opri	XP_05852035.1	Sox	Sox-13
Mang	XP_045751381.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Emax	XP_049714298.1	Sox	Sox-13
Hamp	XP_057562286.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Equa	XP_046537707.1	Sox	Sox-13
Drot	XP_053777352.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Casi	XP_006834281.1	Sox	Sox-13
Ttru	XP_033709174.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Hsap	NP_005677.2	Sox	Sox-13
Pafr	XP_047647470.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Cimi	XP_037593260.1	Sox	Sox-13
Ptig	XP_042825491.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Bbub	XP_025133526.2	Sox	Sox-13
Clup	XP_038413565.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Cdid	XP_037680910.1	Sox	Sox-13
Rfer	XP_032971209.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Lcat	XP_045391966.1	Sox	Sox-13
Bmus	XP_036690899.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Csim	XP_004425199.1	Sox	Sox-13
Pgig	XP_039712722.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Rfer	XP_032948937.1	Sox	Sox-13
Bbub	XP_025144571.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Pgig	XP_039737775.1	Sox	Sox-13
Cdro	XP_031321430.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Ggal	XP_025006442.1	Sox	Sox-6
Tman	XP_023582802.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Emax	XP_049746477.1	Sox	Sox-6
Pgig	XP_039738800.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Ttru	XP_019804010.1	Sox	Sox-6
Mmus	NP_056573.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Hamp	XP_057604501.1	Sox	Sox-6
Mjav	XP_036877848.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Opri	XP_058519285.1	Sox	Sox-6
Casi	XP_006839917.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Rfer	XP_032975662.1	Sox	Sox-6
Dnov	XP_058160703.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Shar	XP_031797909.1	Sox	Sox-6
Lcat	XP_045401422.1	Fox	Fox-E3		Bbub	XP_045018884.1	Sox	Sox-6

Tab. S8 continued from previous page

Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Sp. ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation
Cimi	XP_017365578.1	Fox	Fox-E3	Dnov	XP_058161675.1	Sox	Sox-6
Cdid	XP_037672792.1	Fox	Fox-E3	Oana	XP_039767308.1	Sox	Sox-6
Opri	XP_004598546.1	Fox	Fox-E3	Hsap	NP_001139291.2	Sox	Sox-6
Scar	XP_047375686.1	Fox	Fox-E3	Bmus	XP_036717651.1	Sox	Sox-6
Oana	XP_001516678.2	Fox	Fox-D4	Mjav	XP_036882886.1	Sox	Sox-6
Pgig	XP_039744744.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Amel	XP_034501998.1	Sox	Sox-6
Hamp	XP_057576439.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Equa	XP_046493708.1	Sox	Sox-6
Pafr	XP_047625506.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Mdom	XP_007497087.2	Sox	Sox-6
Hsap	NP_001119806.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Cpor	XP_023419042.1	Sox	Sox-6
Emax	XP_049752498.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Pgig	XP_039707456.1	Sox	Sox-6
Cdid	XP_037706680.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Oafe	XP_007955001.1	Sox	Sox-6
Hsap	NP_954714.2	Fox	Fox-D4	Cdid	XP_037695265.1	Sox	Sox-6
Rfer	XP_032979406.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Casi	XP_006865846.1	Sox	Sox-6
Ttru	XP_033714036.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Cimi	XP_017381104.1	Sox	Sox-6
Ptig	XP_042820135.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Mmus	XP_036008726.1	Sox	Sox-6
Cdro	XP_010998361.2	Fox	Fox-D4	Ptig	XP_042815591.1	Sox	Sox-6
Mang	XP_045739597.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Pafr	XP_047632165.1	Sox	Sox-6
Scar	XP_047380997.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Tman	XP_023593283.1	Sox	Sox-6
Drot	XP_053785855.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Drot	XP_053780580.1	Sox	Sox-6
Hsap	NP_001078945.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Mang	XP_054368007.1	Sox	Sox-6
Amel	XP_034503132.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Csim	XP_014642191.1	Sox	Sox-6
Oafe	XP_007954771.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Scar	XP_047372506.1	Sox	Sox-6
Equa	XP_046519849.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Lcat	XP_045413549.1	Sox	Sox-6
Bbub	XP_025137372.3	Fox	Fox-D4	Cdro	XP_010975526.2	Sox	Sox-6
Dnov	XP_023444807.2	Fox	Fox-D4	Clup	XP_038425054.1	Sox	Sox-6
Bmus	XP_036712053.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Emax	XP_049725376.1	Sox	Sox-18
Hsap	NP_036316.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Casi	XP_006873390.1	Sox	–
Opri	XP_004591937.2	Fox	Fox-D4	Oafe	XP_007952883.1	Sox	–
Cimi	XP_017398902.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Mmus	NP_035577.1	Sox	Sox-8
Mdom	XP_001373972.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Opri	XP_004596857.2	Sox	–
Mmus	NP_032048.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Cpor	XP_003478479.1	Sox	–
Hsap	NP_997188.2	Fox	Fox-D4	Oana	XP_028913325.1	Sox	Sox-8
Hsap	NP_954586.4	Fox	Fox-D4	Ggal	NP_990062.2	Sox	–
Csim	XP_014650927.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Cpor	XP_023421073.1	Sox	–
Cpor	XP_013010584.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Cimi	XP_017378281.2	Sox	–
Mjav	XP_036847234.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Cdid	XP_037702077.1	Sox	–
Casi	XP_006863895.1	Fox	Fox-D4	Shar	XP_031794321.1	Sox	–
Mang	XP_045757341.1	Fox	–	Mdom	XP_016280870.1	Sox	–
Clup	XP_038401447.1	Fox	–	Ggal	XP_040553151.1	Sox	–
Amel	XP_019655962.1	Fox	–	Oana	XP_028913966.1	Sox	Sox-5
Clup	XP_038439326.1	Fox	–	Lcat	XP_045422920.1	Sox	–
Ggal	NP_001382914.1	Fox	Fox-C1				





## Supplementary tables

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Tab. S9 continued from previous page

Species ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation	Species ID	Gene ID	Group	Annotation
Dser	XP_020817612.1	Fox	Binioi	Dgri	XP_001984256.1	Sox	Sox-21A
Dele	XP_017121425.1	Fox	Binioi	Dsuz	XP_016934639.1	Sox	Sox-21A
Dkik	XP_017017381.1	Fox	Binioi	Dmir	XP_017138458.1	Sox	Sox-21A
Dana	XP_001958356.2	Fox	Binioi	Dkik	XP_017034345.1	Sox	Sox-21A
Dari	XP_017864430.1	Fox	Binioi	Dbus	XP_017840298.2	Sox	Sox-21A
Dbus	XP_017841230.1	Fox	Binioi	Dari	XP_017862178.1	Sox	Sox-21A
Dwil	XP_002061803.1	Fox	Binioi	Dalb	XP_034108985.1	Sox	Sox-21A
Dgri	XP_001983803.1	Fox	Binioi	Dser	XP_020816311.1	Sox	Sox-21A
Dere	XP_001971514.2	Fox	Binioi	Agam	XP_061513404.1	Sox	Sox-21A
Dsuz	XP_036672243.1	Fox	Binioi	Dele	XP_017128154.1	Sox	Sox-21A
Dpse	XP_002134730.3	Fox	Binioi	Dana	XP_032310341.1	Sox	Sox-21A
Dhyd	XP_030081482.1	Fox	Binioi	Dhyd	XP_023173058.2	Sox	Sox-21A
Dbip	XP_017095285.2	Fox	Binioi	Dere	XP_001972711.1	Sox	Sox-21A
Dmir	XP_017139097.1	Fox	Binioi	Dbip	XP_043070099.1	Sox	Sox-21A
Dsec	XP_002035641.1	Fox	Binioi	Dwil	XP_023033998.1	Sox	Sox-21A
Agam	XP_061503012.1	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dmel	NP_001261827.1	Sox	Sox-21A
Dmel	NP_001246609.1	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dpse	XP_033239763.1	Sox	Sox-21A
Dhyd	XP_023178350.2	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dwil	XP_0202066518.2	Sox	Sox-N
Dbus	XP_017840363.1	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dser	XP_020807900.1	Sox	Sox-N
Dkik	XP_017019394.1	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dsuz	XP_036678170.1	Sox	Sox-N
Dser	XP_020807718.1	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dbus	XP_033150665.1	Sox	Sox-N
Dari	XP_017863042.1	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dsec	XP_002036270.2	Sox	Sox-N
Dsec	XP_002035260.1	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dgri	XP_001993541.2	Sox	Sox-N
Dere	XP_001971815.2	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dele	XP_017121213.1	Sox	Sox-N
Dalb	XP_051860220.1	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dari	XP_017860249.1	Sox	Sox-N
Dana	XP_001956070.1	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dalb	XP_051858933.1	Sox	Sox-N
Dsuz	XP_016932589.2	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dkik	XP_017024634.1	Sox	Sox-N
Dele	XP_017126783.1	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Agam	XP_061516479.1	Sox	Sox-N
Dgri	XP_001983216.1	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dmir	XP_017154597.1	Sox	Sox-N
Dpse	XP_001352427.1	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dbip	XP_017099296.2	Sox	Sox-N
Dwil	XP_002062380.1	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dere	XP_026834908.1	Sox	Sox-N
Dbip	XP_017098174.2	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dmel	NP_001260269.1	Sox	Sox-N
Dmir	XP_017137846.1	Fox	Fd-2/Fox-L1	Dhyd	XP_023172210.2	Sox	Sox-N
Dere	XP_001977848.1	Fox	Fd-19B	Dpse	XP_001355808.4	Sox	Sox-N
Dhyd	XP_030079337.1	Fox	Fd-19B	Dana	XP_001962613.2	Sox	Sox-N
Dmel	NP_608369.1	Fox	Fd-19B	Dbus	XP_017845374.1	Sox	Sox-100B
Dsec	XP_002039497.1	Fox	Fd-19B	Dari	XP_017874440.1	Sox	Sox-100B
Dsuz	XP_016923819.2	Fox	Fd-19B	Agam	XP_061509035.1	Sox	Sox-100B
Dele	XP_041565246.1	Fox	Fd-19B	Dhyd	XP_023168522.1	Sox	Sox-100B
Dpse	XP_033239022.1	Fox	Fd-19B	Dkik	XP_017037366.1	Sox	Sox-100B
Dmir	XP_017134931.2	Fox	Fd-19B	Dana	XP_001954720.1	Sox	Sox-100B
Dari	XP_017869476.1	Fox	Fd-19B	Dele	XP_017122478.1	Sox	Sox-100B
Dgri	XP_043072169.1	Fox	Fd-19B	Dser	XP_020811779.1	Sox	Sox-100B
Dalb	XP_034101064.2	Fox	Fd-19B	Dbip	XP_017088796.2	Sox	Sox-100B
Dwil	XP_046867097.1	Fox	Fd-19B	Dmir	XP_017145320.1	Sox	Sox-100B
Dser	XP_020808848.1	Fox	Fd-19B	Dalb	XP_051863654.1	Sox	Sox-100B
Dkik	XP_017017955.1	Fox	Fd-19B	Dmel	NP_651839.1	Sox	Sox-100B
Dbus	XP_033150229.1	Fox	Fd-19B	Dsec	XP_002037434.1	Sox	Sox-100B
Agam	XP_061512060.1	Fox	–	Dere	XP_001981122.1	Sox	Sox-100B
Dalb	XP_034098689.1	Fox	–	Dsuz	XP_016935593.2	Sox	Sox-100B
Dgri	XP_032595015.1	Fox	–	Dwil	XP_023035523.1	Sox	Sox-100B
Dalb	XP_034098925.1	Fox	Slp-1	Dgri	XP_032597554.1	Sox	Sox-100B
Dele	XP_017110574.1	Fox	Slp-1	Dpse	XP_001357577.3	Sox	Sox-100B

**Supplementary Table S10 – All the enriched GO terms for Group 1 and Group 2 genes of bivalves, mammals, and *Drosophila*.**

Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:000255	regulation of macromolecule metabolic process	737	59	31.91	0.0453
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:009090	regulation of primary metabolic process	673	53	29.14	0.0182
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0019219	regulation of nucleobase-containing compound metabolic process	541	41	23.42	0.0239
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006351	DNA-templated transcription	571	39	24.72	0.0377
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032774	RNA biosynthetic process	579	39	25.07	0.0449
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051252	regulation of RNA metabolic process	537	37	22.38	0.0272
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006355	regulation of DNA-templated transcription	490	35	21.22	0.0375
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:2001141	regulation of RNA biosynthetic process	491	35	21.26	0.0384
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006950	response to stress	370	33	16.02	0.0195
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0028502	developmental process	261	27	11.30	0.0445
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006468	protein phosphorylation	345	23	14.94	0.0248
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0031325	positive regulation of cellular metabolic process	125	17	5.41	0.0080
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010604	positive regulation of macromolecule metabolic process	151	17	6.54	0.0405
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051172	negative regulation of nitrogen compound metabolic process	117	16	5.07	0.0081
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006513	positive regulation of nitrogen compound metabolic process	137	15	5.93	0.0245
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0008513	DNA recombination	66	14	2.86	0.0009
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010629	animal organ development	83	12	3.59	0.0409
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0023051	negative regulation of gene expression	78	11	3.38	0.0005
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045334	regulation of signaling	133	11	5.76	0.0287
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0096065	negative regulation of nucleobase-containing compound metabolic process	64	11	2.77	0.0364
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0044419	response to external stimulus	90	11	3.90	0.0454
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006310	biological process involved in interspecies interaction between organisms	63	11	2.73	0.0476
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006915	apoptotic process	95	10	4.11	0.0077
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0090666	regulation of signal transduction	120	10	5.20	0.0345
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006417	regulation of translation	52	9	2.25	0.0003
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0048592	negative regulation of DNA-templated transcription	59	9	2.55	0.0297
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1902679	negative regulation of RNA biosynthetic process	59	9	2.55	0.0297
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0009607	response to biotic stimulus	55	9	2.38	0.0321
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051253	negative regulation of RNA metabolic process	61	9	2.64	0.0372
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006952	defense response	58	9	2.51	0.0416
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0063022	double-strand break repair	52	9	2.25	0.0486
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0090324	regulation of response to stress	52	9	2.25	0.0486
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010564	regulation of cell cycle process	43	8	1.86	0.0067
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:002981	regulation of apoptotic process	70	8	3.03	0.0102
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:003067	regulation of programmed cell death	72	8	3.12	0.0121
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0048584	positive regulation of response to stimulus	61	8	2.64	0.0400
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0017130	cellular response to organic substance	52	7	2.25	0.0066
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010628	positive regulation of gene expression	34	7	1.47	0.0266
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045944	positive regulation of transcription by RNA polymerase II	38	6	1.65	0.0054
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1901987	regulation of cell cycle phase transition	29	6	1.26	0.0237
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:2000779	regulation of programmed cell death	11	6	0.48	0.0243
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:000122	negative regulation of transcription by RNA polymerase II	31	5	1.34	0.0099
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006402	mRNA catabolic process	54	6	1.52	0.0164
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1901990	positive regulation of protein metabolic process	18	5	0.78	0.0244
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0058657	negative regulation of protein metabolic process	41	5	0.22	0.0307
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1902531	response to nitrogen compound import into cell	56	6	2.42	0.0330
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0044770	regulation of intracellular signal transduction	59	6	2.55	0.0412
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030155	cell cycle phase transition	35	6	1.52	0.0467
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0048668	regulation of cell adhesion	11	4	0.48	0.0009
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:000122	embryonic organ development	12	4	0.52	0.0013
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0075117	muscle organ development	13	4	0.56	0.0018
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051607	defense response to virus	13	4	0.56	0.0018
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010569	regulation of double-strand break repair via homologous recombination	5	4	0.22	0.0054
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0042274	ribosomal small subunit biogenesis	21	4	0.91	0.0115
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030066	negative regulation of apoptotic process	28	4	1.21	0.0310
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0013069	regulation of programmed cell death	29	4	1.26	0.0348
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0016477	cell migration	29	4	1.26	0.0348
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032101	regulation of response to external stimulus	30	4	1.30	0.0388
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050769	positive regulation of neurogenesis	5	3	0.22	0.0008

## Supplementary tables

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Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007368	determination of left/right symmetry	7	3	3.0	0.0025
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001819	positive regulation of cytokine production	7	3	0.30	0.0025
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:007092	chromosome organization involved in meiotic cell cycle	7	3	0.30	0.0025
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045132	meiotic chromosome segregation	8	3	0.35	0.0038
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0042326	negative regulation of phosphorylation	10	3	0.43	0.0077
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0008285	negative regulation of cell population proliferation	10	3	0.43	0.0077
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0022604	regulation of cell morphogenesis	10	3	0.43	0.0077
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001894	tissue homeostasis	10	3	0.43	0.0077
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0003007	heart morphogenesis	10	3	0.43	0.0077
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051093	negative regulation of developmental process	11	3	0.48	0.0102
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001501	sketal system development	11	3	0.48	0.0102
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0042327	positive regulation of phosphorylation	12	3	0.52	0.0132
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010862	positive regulation of phosphorus metabolic process	13	3	0.56	0.0166
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045010	actin nucleation	13	3	0.56	0.0166
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045937	positive regulation of phosphate metabolic process	13	3	0.56	0.0166
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007127	negative regulation of developmental process	14	3	0.61	0.0205
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0031400	meiosis I	14	3	0.61	0.0205
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0061982	negative regulation of protein modification process	14	3	0.61	0.0205
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010862	positive regulation of phosphorus metabolic process	14	3	0.61	0.0205
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0057190	apoptotic signaling pathway	16	3	0.69	0.0296
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0040008	regulation of growth	16	3	0.69	0.0296
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051345	positive regulation of hydrolase activity	17	3	0.74	0.0348
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010057	NADH-dehydrogenase complex assembly	17	3	0.74	0.0348
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032981	mitochondrial respiratory chain complex I assembly	17	3	0.74	0.0348
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032880	regulation of protein localization	18	3	0.78	0.0405
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:005976	polysaccharide metabolic process	18	3	0.78	0.0405
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0048729	tissue morphogenesis	19	3	0.82	0.0466
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0018022	peptidyl-lysine methylation	19	3	0.82	0.0466
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0000041	transition metal ion transport	19	3	0.82	0.0466
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032488	Cdc42 protein signal transduction	2	2	0.09	0.0019
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:002600	digestive system process	2	2	0.09	0.0019
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007097	nuclear migration	2	2	0.09	0.0019
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0022322	negative regulation of actin filament bundle assembly	2	2	0.09	0.0019
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1905168	positive regulation of double-strand break repair via homologous recombination	2	2	0.09	0.0019
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002064	epithelial cell development	3	2	0.13	0.0054
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0061383	tracheal morphogenesis	3	2	0.13	0.0054
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010830	regulation of myoblast differentiation	3	2	0.13	0.0054
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010833	telomere maintenance via telomere lengthening	3	2	0.13	0.0054
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0009599	mitochondrial RNA metabolic process	3	2	0.13	0.0054
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0036179	mitochondrial cytochrome c oxidase assembly	3	2	0.13	0.0054
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:2000179	positive regulation of neural precursor cell proliferation	3	2	0.13	0.0054
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050777	negative regulation of immune response	3	2	0.13	0.0054
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0000705	mitotic G2 DNA damage checkpoint signaling	3	2	0.13	0.0054
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:2000736	regulation of stem cell differentiation	3	2	0.13	0.0054
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0016233	telomere capping	3	2	0.13	0.0054
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045910	negative regulation of DNA recombination	3	2	0.13	0.0054
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051701	biological process involved in interaction with host	3	2	0.13	0.0054
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0046677	response to antibiotic	4	2	0.17	0.0106
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0046620	regulation of organ growth	4	2	0.17	0.0106
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030514	negative regulation of BMP signaling pathway	4	2	0.17	0.0106
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1901678	iron coordination entity transport	4	2	0.17	0.0106
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007519	skeletal muscle tissue development	4	2	0.17	0.0106
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032507	maintenance of protein location in cell	4	2	0.17	0.0106
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0074116	synapse assembly	4	2	0.17	0.0106
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:008781	ncRNA transcription	4	2	0.17	0.0106
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0035023	regulation of Rho protein signal transduction	4	2	0.17	0.0106
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0003190	atrioventricular valve formation	4	2	0.17	0.0106
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050101	negative regulation of transmembrane receptor protein serine/threonine kinase signaling pathway	4	2	0.17	0.0106
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010001	glial cell differentiation	4	2	0.17	0.0106
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:005288	negative regulation of cellular response to growth factor stimulus	4	2	0.17	0.0106
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030510	regulation of BMP signaling pathway	5	2	0.22	0.0171
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0061371	determination of heart left/right asymmetry	5	2	0.22	0.0171
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0042063	gliogenesis	5	2	0.22	0.0171
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007162	negative regulation of cell adhesion	5	2	0.22	0.0171

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Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0042026	protein refolding	5	2	0.22	0.0171
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007129	homologous chromosome pairing at meiosis	5	2	0.22	0.0171
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001947	heart looping	5	2	0.22	0.0171
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0035050	embryonic heart tube development	5	2	0.22	0.0171
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0035265	organ growth	5	2	0.22	0.0171
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030968	endoplasmic reticulum unfolded protein response	5	2	0.22	0.0171
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0003188	heart valve formation	5	2	0.22	0.0171
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0003171	atrioventricular valve development	5	2	0.22	0.0171
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0003179	heart valve morphogenesis	5	2	0.22	0.0171
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0003143	embryonic heart tube morphogenesis	5	2	0.22	0.0171
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:005287	regulation of cellular response to growth factor stimulus	5	2	0.22	0.0171
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0060538	skeletal muscle organ development	5	2	0.22	0.0171
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0034620	cellular response to unfolded protein	5	2	0.22	0.0171
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030509	BMP signaling pathway	6	2	0.26	0.0250
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:006360	transcription by RNA polymerase I	6	2	0.26	0.0250
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045185	maintenance of protein location	6	2	0.26	0.0250
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045143	homologous chromosome segregation	6	2	0.26	0.0250
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001889	liver development	6	2	0.26	0.0250
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071772	response to BMP	6	2	0.26	0.0250
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071773	cellular response to BMP stimulus	6	2	0.26	0.0250
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050092	regulation of transmembrane receptor protein serine/threonine kinase signaling pathway	6	2	0.26	0.0250
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0003170	peptidyl-serine modification	6	2	0.26	0.0250
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0003012	muscle system process	6	2	0.26	0.0250
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030490	maturation of SSU-RNA	7	2	0.30	0.0340
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0018105	peptidyl-serine phosphorylation	7	2	0.30	0.0340
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032465	regulation of cytokines	7	2	0.30	0.0340
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0061448	connective tissue development	7	2	0.30	0.0340
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0018209	peptidyl-serine modification	7	2	0.30	0.0340
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0021022	negative regulation of response to external stimulus	7	2	0.30	0.0340
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0061008	hepatobiliary system development	7	2	0.30	0.0340
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0048638	regulation of developmental growth	7	2	0.30	0.0340
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010212	response to ionizing radiation	7	2	0.30	0.0340
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0034329	cell junction assembly	7	2	0.30	0.0340
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1901652	response to peptide	8	2	0.35	0.0440
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0008732	gland development	8	2	0.35	0.0440
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0033157	regulation of intracellular protein transport	8	2	0.35	0.0440
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051302	regulation of cell division	8	2	0.35	0.0440
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001822	kidney development	8	2	0.35	0.0440
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050808	synapse organization	8	2	0.35	0.0440
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0059667	cellular response to topologically incorrect protein	8	2	0.35	0.0440
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0031032	actomyosin structure organization	8	2	0.35	0.0440
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001503	osification	8	2	0.35	0.0440
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:000271	polysaccharide biosynthetic process	8	2	0.35	0.0440
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0008593	regulation of Notch signaling pathway	8	2	0.35	0.0440
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045596	negative regulation of cell differentiation	8	2	0.35	0.0440
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050691	regulation of defense response to virus by host	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1901220	semaphorin-pepxin signaling pathway involved in bone trabecula morphogenesis	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0046621	negative regulation of organ growth	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0048799	animal organ maturation	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:006402	O antigen metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0052572	response to host immune response	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0015743	malate transport	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043628	regulatory ncRNA 3'-end processing	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1904862	inhibitory synapse assembly	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:000963	mitochondrial RNA processing	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0022230	positive regulation of defense response to virus by host	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0048742	regulation of skeletal muscle fiber development	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0048743	positive regulation of extrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway via death domain receptors	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1902041	regulation of osteoblast proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071336	semaphorin-pepxin signaling pathway involved in neuron projection guidance	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1902285	osteoblast proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0036867	semaphorin-pepxin signaling pathway involved in axon guidance	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1902287	regulation of osteoblast proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:003688					

## Supplementary tables

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Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0036639	negative regulation of osteoblast proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0070212	protein poly-ADP-ribosylation	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0070213	protein auto-ADP-ribosylation	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071423	malate transmembrane transport	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0086533	lipopolysaccharide metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0086533	beta-lactam antibiotic metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0090553	beta-lactam antibiotic catabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0090553	negative regulation of exit from mitosis	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001100	extrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway via death domain receptors	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0008625	sno(s)RNA processing	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043344	protection from non-homologous end joining at telomere	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0031848	retrotansposon silencing	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010526	mitochondrial ribosome assembly	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0081668	protein localization to synapse	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0061430	bone trabecula morphogenesis	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0063536	regulation of transcription by RNA polymerase I	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1901269	lipopolysaccharide metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0095622	intracellular bile duct development	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0016444	somatic cell DNA recombination	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1901271	lipopolysaccharide biosynthetic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0052173	response to defenses of other organism	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0003832	epithelial cell morphogenesis	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0070977	bone maturation	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0031571	mitotic G1 DNA damage checkpoint signaling	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043247	telomere maintenance in response to DNA damage	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010669	epithelial structure maintenance	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0099301	snRNA transcription	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0042149	cellular response to glucose starvation	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1902914	regulation of protein polyubiquitination	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1902915	negative regulation of protein polyubiquitination	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032196	transposition	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032197	retrotansposition	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0034964	box H/ACA sno(s)RNA processing	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0009168	receptor guanylyl cyclase signaling pathway	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0017001	antibiotic catabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0020277	maintenance of gastrointestinal epithelium	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0004945	box H/ACA sno(s)RNA 3'-end processing	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1903513	endoplasmic reticulum to cytosol transport	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1903513	mRNA pseudouridine synthesis	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1904818	mitotic G1/S transition checkpoint signaling	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0044819	regulation of protein location in cell cortex	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051155	regulation of retrograde protein transport, ER to cytosol	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007140	mitochondrial mRNA polyadenylation	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050772	positive regulation of meiotic nuclear division	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006546	positive regulation of axonogenesis	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0052200	mitochondrial tRNA processing	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0099172	response to host defenses	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032065	presynapse organization	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1904152	regulation involved in bone maturation	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0097222	miRNA-mediated gene silencing by mRNA destabilization	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051149	common bile duct development	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0020033	presynapse assembly	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:008641	regulation of skeletal muscle tissue development	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0016074	positive regulation of skeletal muscle tissue development	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043931	regulation of muscle tissue development	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0052779	positive regulation of muscle tissue development	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0061009	regulation of muscle organ development	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0090054	snRNA pseudouridine synthesis	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:008641	snRNA 3'-end processing	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0033979	box H/ACA sno(s)RNA metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433

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Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071966	fungal-type cell wall polysaccharide metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:002783	evasion of host immune response	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030970	retrograde protein transport, ER to cytosol	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051274	beta-glucan biosynthetic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051278	fungal-type cell wall polysaccharide biosynthetic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0009103	lipopolysaccharide biosynthetic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:000292	nuclear matrix anchoring at nuclear membrane	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071947	protein deubiquitination involved in ubiquitin-dependent protein catabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0095943	positive regulation of transcription by RNA polymerase I	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:008144	fibroblast proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0048145	regulation of fibroblast proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0048147	negative regulation of fibroblast proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0072340	lactam catabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:006674	(1->3)-beta-D-glucan metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:006675	(1->3)-beta-D-glucan biosynthetic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0016699	antibiotic metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0072338	lactam metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:004650	adhesion of symbiont to host cell	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1902414	protein localization to cell junction	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:009272	fungus-type cell wall biogenesis	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:006672	O antigen biosynthetic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:009243	nuclear matrix organization	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043578	lipid A biosynthetic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0069245	adhesion of symbiont to host	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:004406	protein insertion into membrane from inner side	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032978	protein insertion into mitochondrial inner membrane from matrix	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:006693	lipid A metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0072695	regulation of DNA recombination at telomere	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:190044	regulation of protein K63-linked ubiquitination	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0035871	protein K11-linked deubiquitination	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1900045	negative regulation of protein K63-linked ubiquitination	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0048239	negative regulation of DNA recombination at telomere	1	1	0.04	0.0433
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045132	meiotic chromosome segregation	64	11	2.63	0.0015
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0008119	sister chromatid segregation	140	11	5.75	0.0293
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:000192	chromosome organization involved in meiotic cell cycle	54	9	2.22	0.0085
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007131	reciprocal meiotic recombination	37	7	1.52	0.0007
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007143	female meiotic nuclear division	54	6	2.22	0.0227
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0055067	cellular response to topologically incorrect protein	44	5	1.81	0.0333
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0055966	response to topologically incorrect protein	47	5	1.93	0.0427
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007141	male meiosis I	13	4	0.53	0.0015
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:010543	positive regulation of piRNA transcription	3	3	0.12	0.0001
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010526	retrotransposon silencing	8	3	0.33	0.0033
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007130	synaptonemal complex assembly	10	3	0.41	0.0067
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030719	P granule organization	11	3	0.45	0.0089
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0005128	cellular response to misfolded protein	12	3	0.49	0.0115
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051788	response to misfolded protein	12	3	0.49	0.0115
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007135	meiosis II	15	3	0.62	0.0217
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0024508	centromere complex assembly	19	3	0.78	0.0409
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0048136	male germ-line cyst formation	2	2	0.08	0.0017
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006164	negative regulation of entry into reproductive diapause	5	2	0.21	0.0155
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051382	kinetochore assembly	5	2	0.21	0.0155
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051116	entry into reproductive diapause	6	2	0.25	0.0226
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071712	ER-associated misfolded protein catabolic process	6	2	0.25	0.0226
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0061963	regulation of entry into reproductive diapause	6	2	0.25	0.0226
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043984	histone H4-K16 acetylation	6	2	0.25	0.0226
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051115	entry into diapause	7	2	0.29	0.0308
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1900834	response to odorant	5	2	0.29	0.0308
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051177	meiotic sister chromatid cohesion	8	2	0.33	0.0400
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0042795	snRNA transcription by RNA polymerase II	8	2	0.33	0.0400
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0022611	dormancy process	8	2	0.33	0.0400
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0009301	snRNA transcription	8	2	0.33	0.0400
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045144	meiotic sister chromatid segregation	8	2	0.33	0.0400
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001015	snRNA transcription by RNA polymerase II	1	1	0.04	0.0411

Supplementary tables

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Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:00107765	meiotic DNA repair synthesis involved in reciprocal meiotic recombination	1	1	0.04	0.0411
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:00722765	centromere localization	1	1	0.04	0.0411
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:00969302	sno(s)RNA transcription	1	1	0.04	0.0411
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051308	male meiosis chromosome separation	1	1	0.04	0.0411
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0088653	centromere clustering	1	1	0.04	0.0411
Drosophila	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051415	microtubule nucleation by interphase microtubule organizing center	1	1	0.04	0.0411
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0069555	immune response	1,297	145	48.02	0.0006
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:008542	defense response to other organism	853	112	31.58	0.0207
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045087	innate immune response	647	82	23.95	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001817	regulation of cytokine production	630	51	23.33	0.0466
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0042742	defense response to bacterium	233	45	8.63	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:006954	inflammatory response	642	45	23.77	0.0174
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0019221	cytokine-mediated signaling pathway	382	44	14.14	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0022520	adaptive immune response	342	44	12.66	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001819	positive regulation of cytokine production	402	41	14.88	0.0272
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0026997	regulation of immune effector process	308	37	11.40	0.0443
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0042110	T cell activation	432	35	15.99	0.0256
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051607	defense response to virus	237	34	9.52	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:008232	male gamete generation	491	32	18.18	0.0226
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007283	spERMatogenesis	478	31	17.70	0.0280
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0070661	leukocyte proliferation	273	29	10.11	0.0129
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002449	lymphocyte mediated immunity	221	29	8.18	0.0483
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0070663	regulation of leukocyte proliferation	212	25	7.85	0.0187
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050277	regulation of inflammatory response	300	24	11.11	0.0024
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0031349	positive regulation of defense response	240	24	8.89	0.0124
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002768	immune response-regulating cell surface receptor signaling pathway	177	22	6.55	0.0034
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0098229	immune response-regulating cell surface receptor signaling pathway	66	17	2.44	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071222	defense response to Gram-negative bacterium	164	17	6.07	0.0001
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010466	cellular response to lipopolysaccharide	163	16	6.04	0.0004
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002429	negative regulation of peptidase activity	164	16	6.07	0.0024
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1903555	immune response-activating cell surface receptor signaling pathway	137	16	5.07	0.0124
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071706	regulation of tumor necrosis factor superfamily cytokine production	137	16	5.07	0.0124
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0070665	tumor necrosis factor mediated immunity	132	16	4.89	0.0277
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050859	positive regulation of leukocyte production	133	15	4.92	0.0326
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071356	positive regulation of innate immune response	113	16	4.18	0.0322
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0026995	cellular response to tumor necrosis factor	175	15	4.48	0.0022
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:002456	negative regulation of leukocyte activation	148	15	5.48	0.0115
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002705	T cell mediated immunity	82	15	3.04	0.0161
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002705	positive regulation of leukocyte mediated immunity	113	15	4.18	0.0184
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:002680	regulation of tumor necrosis factor production	133	15	4.92	0.0326
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032640	regulation of leukocyte proliferation	133	15	4.92	0.0326
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050866	positive regulation of innate immune response	165	15	6.11	0.0405
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0031341	cellular response to tumor necrosis factor	165	15	6.11	0.0405
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0019731	antigen receptor-mediated signaling pathway	71	14	2.63	0.0063
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030188	natural killer cell activation	225	14	8.33	0.0407
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0080830	negative regulation of cytokine production	87	13	3.22	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002286	defense response to Gram-positive bacterium	94	13	3.48	0.0293
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050909	T cell activation involved in immune response	52	13	1.93	0.0496
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0072559	sensory perception of taste	134	12	4.96	0.0041
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050851	cell surface receptor signaling pathway via JAK-STAT	130	12	4.81	0.0182
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0020101	regulation of cell killing	40	11	1.48	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0042102	negative regulation of cytokine production	66	11	2.44	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050832	defense response to Gram-positive bacterium	85	11	3.15	0.0003
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071346	T cell proliferation	48	11	1.78	0.0008
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0088584	cellular response to type I interferon	98	11	3.63	0.0010
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0028280	male gonad development	120	11	4.44	0.0049
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043123	negative regulation of adaptive immune response	42	11	1.56	0.0077
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0042100	positive regulation of canonical NF-κappaB signal transduction	162	11	6.00	0.0386
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0015180	B cell proliferation	76	11	2.81	0.0449
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050933	detection of chemical stimulus involved in sensory perception of bitter taste	29	10	1.07	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:006956	neutrophil chemotaxis	80	10	2.96	0.0007
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032760	complement activation	47	10	1.74	0.0008
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071347	positive regulation of tumor necrosis factor production	84	10	3.11	0.0011
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050729	cellular response to interleukin-1	84	10	3.11	0.0011
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050729	positive regulation of inflammatory response	122	10	4.52	0.0152

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Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:002823	negative regulation of adaptive immune response [...]	39	10	1.44	0.0306
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050688	regulation of defense response to virus	62	10	2.30	0.0382
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002718	regulation of cytokine production involved in immune response	98	10	3.63	0.0435
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0022367	cytokine production involved in immune response	98	10	3.63	0.0435
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007339	binding of sperm to zona pellucida	35	9	1.30	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0061844	antimicrobial humoral immune response mediated by antimicrobial peptide	64	9	2.37	0.0006
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0031640	killing of cells of another organism	64	9	2.37	0.0006
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050868	negative regulation of T cell activation	96	9	3.55	0.0091
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001910	regulation of leukocyte-mediated cytotoxicity	59	9	2.18	0.0136
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001959	regulation of cytokine-mediated signaling pathway	114	9	4.22	0.0256
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0031317	flagellar sperm motility	119	9	4.41	0.0326
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0087722	sperm motility	119	9	4.41	0.0326
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0038061	non-canonical NF- $\kappa$ B signal transduction	120	9	4.44	0.0341
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0072678	T cell migration	63	9	2.33	0.0008
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:000759	regulation of response to cytokine stimulus	124	9	4.59	0.0408
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:000294	cilium movement involved in cell motility	128	9	4.74	0.0483
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007342	fusion of sperm to egg plasma membrane involved in single fertilization	25	8	0.93	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:005071	negative regulation of viral genome replication	39	8	1.44	0.0001
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002218	activation of innate immune response	45	8	1.67	0.0002
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032257	positive regulation of interleukin-8 production	54	8	2.00	0.0008
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030888	regulation of B cell proliferation	54	8	2.00	0.0008
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032722	positive regulation of chemoattractant production	60	8	2.22	0.0016
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010921	regulation of phosphatase activity	65	8	2.41	0.0027
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0070998	chemokine-mediated signaling pathway	69	8	2.55	0.0039
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002920	regulation of viral genome replication	36	8	1.33	0.0051
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032257	activation of innate immune response	43	8	1.59	0.0055
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002951	mast cell degranulation	22	8	0.81	0.0065
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:002886	organ or tissue specific immune response	45	8	1.67	0.0078
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002886	regulation of myeloid leukocyte mediated immunity	45	8	1.67	0.0078
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0013030	regulation of macrophage activation	46	8	1.70	0.0092
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002226	acute inflammatory response	83	8	3.07	0.0116
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032649	regulation of type I interferon production	88	8	3.26	0.0162
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032669	type II interferon production	88	8	3.26	0.0162
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030691	regulation of defense response to virus by host	37	8	1.37	0.0498
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0022267	natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity	44	7	1.63	0.0011
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:008247	lymphocyte hemotaxis	49	7	1.81	0.0020
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0042119	neutrophil activation	32	7	1.18	0.0079
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002220	negative regulation of mononuclear cell proliferation	63	7	2.33	0.0085
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0022720	positive regulation of cytokine production involved in immune response	66	7	2.44	0.0108
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0035456	response to interferon-beta	26	7	0.96	0.0125
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050853	B cell receptor signaling pathway	45	7	1.67	0.0168
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:005886	cellular response to virus	78	7	2.89	0.0252
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006245	regulation of receptor signaling pathway via JAK-STAT	78	7	2.89	0.0252
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032945	positive regulation of defense response to virus by host	27	6	1.00	0.0004
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002385	mucoosal immune response	27	6	1.00	0.0004
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032755	positive regulation of interleukin-1 production	29	6	1.07	0.0006
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1901222	regulation of non-canonical NF- $\kappa$ B signal transduction	89	7	3.30	0.0468
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0068245	eosinophil chemotaxis	17	6	0.63	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:008240	sperm capacitation	25	6	0.93	0.0002
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0070269	pyroptotic inflammation response	26	6	0.96	0.0003
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002230	positive regulation of defense response to virus by host	27	6	1.00	0.0004
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0031295	T cell costimulation	27	6	1.00	0.0004
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002825	regulation of T-helper 1 type immune response	29	6	1.07	0.0006
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0026291	regulation of cellular extravasation	38	6	1.41	0.0025
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0140374	antiviral innate immune response	41	6	1.52	0.0037
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002639	positive regulation of immunoglobulin production	44	6	1.63	0.0054
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032231	regulation of complement activation	46	6	1.70	0.0067
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1904894	positive regulation of tyrosine phosphorylation of STAT protein	46	6	1.70	0.0067
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0034113	positive regulation of receptor signaling pathway via STAT	47	6	1.74	0.0074
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002548	heterotypic cell-cell adhesion	50	6	1.85	0.0100
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:001961	monocyte chemotaxis	50	6	1.85	0.0100
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030449	positive regulation of cytokine-mediated signaling pathway	18	6	0.67	0.0108
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0042531	regulation of complement activation	51	6	1.89	0.0110
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0003337	positive regulation of tyrosine phosphorylation	52	6	1.93	0.0121
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071357	cellular response to type I interferon	25	6	0.93	0.0121
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001914	regulation of T cell mediated cytotoxicity				0.0126

## Supplementary tables

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Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051293	establishment of spindle localization	54	6	2.00	0.0144
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051873	killing by host of symbiont cells	23	6	0.85	0.0163
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0009760	positive regulation of response to cytokine stimulus	57	6	2.11	0.0184
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0150077	positive regulation of neuroinflammatory response	28	6	1.04	0.0195
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0034340	response to type I interferon	58	6	2.15	0.0199
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051653	spindle localization	59	6	2.18	0.0215
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001995	retina homeostasis	60	6	2.22	0.0232
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:001260	cellular response to mechanical stimulus	60	6	2.22	0.0232
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050672	negative regulation of lymphocyte proliferation	62	6	2.30	0.0268
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032229	positive regulation of type II interferon production	62	6	2.30	0.0268
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0025059	regulation of tyrosine phosphorylation of STAT protein	62	6	2.30	0.0268
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007260	tyrosine phosphorylation of STAT protein	66	6	2.44	0.0350
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002227	innate immune response in mucosa	11	5	0.41	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002830	positive regulation of type 2 immune response	14	5	0.52	0.0001
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0034055	response to interferon-alpha	14	5	0.52	0.0001
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0053005	positive regulation of mast cell activation	17	5	0.63	0.0003
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0061760	antifungal innate immune response	17	5	0.63	0.0003
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0056158	cellular response to interferon-beta	21	5	0.78	0.0009
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0046536	regulation of viral entry into host cell	31	5	1.15	0.0052
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007340	acrosome reaction	32	5	1.18	0.0060
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006668	cellular defense response	34	5	1.26	0.0078
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001774	microglial cell activation	35	5	1.30	0.0089
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002701	negative regulation of production of molecular mediator of immune response	35	5	1.30	0.0089
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0140632	canonical inflammasome complex assembly	35	5	1.30	0.0089
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:006953	acute-phase response	38	5	1.41	0.0125
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032653	regulation of interleukin-10 production	45	5	1.67	0.0247
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032613	interleukin-10 production	45	5	1.67	0.0247
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043666	regulation of phosphoprotein phosphatase activity	46	5	1.70	0.0269
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032270	negative regulation of tumor necrosis factor production	47	5	1.74	0.0292
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0035306	positive regulation of dephosphorylation	47	5	1.74	0.0292
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1903556	negative regulation of tumor necrosis factor superfamily cytokine production	49	5	1.81	0.0342
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0070228	regulation of lymphocyte apoptotic process	50	5	1.85	0.0369
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0072883	T cell extravasation	13	4	0.48	0.0010
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002710	negative regulation of T cell mediated immunity	15	4	0.56	0.0018
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0072540	T-helper 17 cell lineage commitment	17	4	0.63	0.0030
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045624	positive regulation of T-helper cell differentiation	17	4	0.63	0.0040
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1903659	regulation of complement-dependent cytotoxicity opsonization	5	4	0.19	0.0046
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0088228	modulation of process of another organism	19	4	0.70	0.0046
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043302	positive regulation of leukocyte degranulation	20	4	0.74	0.0056
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:001916	positive regulation of T cell mediated cytotoxicity	20	4	0.74	0.0056
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:001562	response to protozoan infection	21	4	0.78	0.0067
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0027117	positive regulation of natural killer cell mediated immunity	21	4	0.78	0.0067
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1903901	negative regulation of viral life cycle	21	4	0.78	0.0067
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0056821	modulation of process of another organism	21	4	0.78	0.0067
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043304	regulation of mast cell degranulation	23	4	0.85	0.0094
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032740	positive regulation of interleukin-10 production	23	4	0.85	0.0094
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043032	negative regulation of endothelial cell apoptosis process	30	4	1.11	0.0238
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0070498	positive regulation of macrophage activation	30	4	1.11	0.0238
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010922	interleukin-1-mediated signaling pathway	24	4	0.89	0.0110
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0019884	positive regulation of phosphatase activity	26	4	0.96	0.0145
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:002446	antigen processing and presentation of exogenous antigen	28	4	1.04	0.0188
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032743	neutrophil mediated immunity	29	4	1.07	0.0212
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:2000352	positive regulation of interleukin-2 production	32	4	1.18	0.0294
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1900225	negative regulation of endothelial cell apoptosis process	33	4	1.22	0.0325
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043330	regulation of NLRP3 inflammasome complex assembly	34	4	1.26	0.0358
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032733	response to exogenous dsRNA	35	4	1.30	0.0393
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0046006	positive regulation of activated T cell proliferation	36	4	1.33	0.0430
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:002814	regulation of natural killer cell activation	36	4	1.33	0.0430
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0044546	NLRP3 inflammasome complex assembly	37	4	1.37	0.0468
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050798	activated T cell proliferation				
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0046636	negative regulation of alpha-beta T cell activation				
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043331	response to dsRNA				
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0055307	positive regulation of protein dephosphorylation				
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030890	positive regulation of B cell proliferation				

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Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0038095	Fc-epsilon receptor signaling pathway	5	3	0.19	0.0005
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045059	negative regulation of complement activation, classical pathway	5	3	0.19	0.0005
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032156	interleukin-3-mediated signaling pathway	7	3	0.26	0.0016
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051838	cytolysis by host of symbiont cells	8	3	0.30	0.0025
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:006977	DNA damage response, signal transduction by p53 class mediator resulting in cell cycle arrest	8	3	0.30	0.0025
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0057527	necroptotic signaling pathway	8	3	0.30	0.0025
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0069224	activation-induced cell death of T cells	10	3	0.37	0.0050
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1902563	regulation of neutrophil activation	10	3	0.37	0.0050
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010526	retrovirustransposon silencing	10	3	0.37	0.0050
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032154	positive regulation of interleukin-5 production	10	3	0.37	0.0050
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:2002051	regulation of T-helper 2 cell cytokine production	10	3	0.37	0.0050
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1901731	positive regulation of platelet aggregation	10	3	0.37	0.0050
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032736	positive regulation of interleukin-3 production	11	3	0.41	0.0067
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0007343	egg activation	11	3	0.41	0.0067
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0035723	interleukin-15-mediated signaling pathway	11	3	0.41	0.0067
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0190079	negative regulation of neuroinflammatory response	12	3	0.44	0.0087
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0000046	regulation of acrosome reaction	13	3	0.48	0.0109
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002323	natural killer cell activation involved in immune response	13	3	0.48	0.0109
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030889	negative regulation of B cell proliferation	13	3	0.48	0.0109
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0060657	complement activation, alternative pathway	14	3	0.52	0.0135
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043306	positive regulation of mast cell degranulation	14	3	0.52	0.0135
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1903027	regulation of opsonization	14	3	0.52	0.0135
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0020305	CD40 signaling pathway	14	3	0.52	0.0135
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0033008	positive regulation of mast cell activation involved in immune response	14	3	0.52	0.0135
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045064	T-helper 2 cell differentiation	15	3	0.56	0.0165
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030331	negative regulation of macrophage activation	15	3	0.56	0.0165
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:002230	regulation of dendritic cell cytokine production	16	3	0.59	0.0197
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032516	positive regulation of phosphoprotein phosphatase activity	16	3	0.59	0.0197
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0046597	negative regulation of viral entry into host cell	16	3	0.59	0.0197
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043045	epigenetic programming of gene expression	16	3	0.59	0.0197
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0023771	dentritic cell cytokine production	16	3	0.59	0.0197
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1901538	changes to DNA methylation involved in embryo development	16	3	0.59	0.0197
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0028888	positive regulation of myeloid leukocyte mediated immunity	17	3	0.63	0.0233
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0025444	chronic inflammatory response	17	3	0.63	0.0233
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:002693	positive regulation of cellular extravasation	17	3	0.63	0.0233
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:002827	positive regulation of type I helper 1 type immune response	18	3	0.67	0.0272
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043045	regulation of MHC class II biosynthetic process	18	3	0.67	0.0272
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0023771	defense response to protozoan	19	3	0.70	0.0315
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1902104	MHC class II biosynthetic process	19	3	0.70	0.0315
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0040019	positive regulation of embryonic development	19	3	0.70	0.0315
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:006340	positive regulation of type I interferon-mediated signaling pathway	19	3	0.70	0.0315
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:006333	type II interferon-mediated signaling pathway	19	3	0.70	0.0315
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:005346	positive regulation of interleukin-4 production	20	3	0.74	0.0360
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0040663	T-helper 1 cell differentiation	21	3	0.78	0.0409
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0042104	positive regulation of activated T cell proliferation	22	3	0.81	0.0461
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:002726	positive regulation of T cell cytokine production	22	3	0.81	0.0461
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1903660	negative regulation of complement-dependent cytotoxicity	2	2	0.07	0.0014
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0075258	execution phase of necrosis	2	2	0.07	0.0014
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030333	positive regulation of myeloid dendritic cell activation	5	2	0.19	0.0127
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032753	positive regulation of cell-cell adhesion mediated by integrin	5	2	0.19	0.0127
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0046534	response to symbiotic bacterium	5	2	0.15	0.0127
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0046530	positive regulation of T-helper 2 cell differentiation	6	2	0.19	0.0127
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043313	regulation of neutrophil degranulation	6	2	0.22	0.0186
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0033141	positive regulation of peptidyl-serine phosphorylation of STAT protein	6	2	0.22	0.0186
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0028226	negative regulation of T-helper 1 type immune response	6	2	0.22	0.0186
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:016330	protein-DNA covalent cross-linking repair	6	2	0.22	0.0186
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045341	MHC class I biosynthetic process	6	2	0.22	0.0186
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045343	regulation of MHC class I biosynthetic process	6	2	0.22	0.0186

## Supplementary tables

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Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0048007	antigen processing and presentation, exogenous lipid antigen via MHC class Ib	6	2	0.22	0.0186
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006332	positive regulation of response to type II interferon	6	2	0.22	0.0186
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006335	positive regulation of type II interferon-mediated signaling pathway	6	2	0.22	0.0186
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:2006539	regulation of interleukin-1-mediated signaling pathway	6	2	0.22	0.0186
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:000545	positive regulation of necrototic process	6	2	0.22	0.0186
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0043307	eosinophil activation	7	2	0.26	0.0254
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002733	regulation of myeloid dendritic cell cytokine production	7	2	0.26	0.0254
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002735	positive regulation of myeloid dendritic cell cytokine production	7	2	0.26	0.0254
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:200391	positive regulation of neutrophil extravasation	7	2	0.26	0.0254
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010840	positive regulation of necrotic cell death	7	2	0.26	0.0254
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0008467	negative regulation of fertilization	7	2	0.26	0.0254
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:000468	prevention of polysemes	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071358	cellular response to type III interferon	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0038196	type III interferon-mediated signaling pathway	7	2	0.26	0.0254
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002372	myeloid dendritic cell cytokine production	7	2	0.26	0.0254
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002100	positive regulation of programmed necrotic cell death	7	2	0.26	0.0254
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001781	neutrophil apoptosis process	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0033312	neutrophil degranulation	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0042796	snRNA transcription by RNA polymerase III	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0034342	response to type III interferon	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:19033589	positive regulation of blood vessel endothelial cell proliferation involved in sprouting angiogenesis	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:2003889	regulation of neutrophil extravasation	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002674	positive regulation of programmed necrotic cell death	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002638	negative regulation of acute inflammatory response	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:002650	negative regulation of immunoglobulin production	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0036210	regulation of interleukin-1 alpha production	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0035771	interleukin-4-mediated signaling pathway	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0048689	regulation of single stranded viral RNA replication via double stranded DNA intermediate	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071352	cellular response to interleukin-2	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:2006553	positive regulation of T-helper 2 cell cytokine production	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0038110	interleukin-2-mediated signaling pathway	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0033004	negative regulation of mast cell activation	8	2	0.30	0.0330
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0070669	response to interleukin-2	9	2	0.33	0.0415
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0061538	microglial cell proliferation	9	2	0.33	0.0415
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0033139	regulation of peptidyl-serine phosphorylation of STAT protein	9	2	0.33	0.0415
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0044406	adhesion of symbiont to host	9	2	0.33	0.0415
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010918	positive regulation of mitochondrial membrane potential	9	2	0.33	0.0415
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0036322	regulation of cell-cell adhesion mediated by integrin	9	2	0.33	0.0415
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045625	regulation of T-helper 1 cell differentiation	9	2	0.33	0.0415
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0045628	regulation of T-helper 2 cell differentiation	9	2	0.33	0.0415
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1901625	cellular response to estrogen	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0034397	regulation of protein heterodimerization activity	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1902669	negative regulation of activation of Janus kinase activity	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071660	positive regulation of IP-10 production	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0044355	clearance of foreign intracellular DNA	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071652	regulation of chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 1 production	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0017654	positive regulation of (protein-G) (G-motif) ligand 1 production	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0027536	regulation of plasmacytoid dendritic cell cytokine production	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002377	negative regulation of plasmacytoid dendritic cell cytokine production	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0071610	chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 1 production	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051673	disruption of plasma membrane integrity in another organism	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0070073	regulation of protein-gamma-glyutamyltransferase activity	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:005074	positive regulation of membrane invagination	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032745	positive regulation of interleukin-21 production	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0016068	type I hypersensitivity	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1904784	NLRP1 inflammasome complex assembly	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0052397	helper T cell enhancement of adaptive immune response	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1905223	epicardium morphogenesis	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0050902	leukocyte adhesive activation	1	1	0.04	0.0370

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Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:002518	lymphocyte chemotaxis across high endothelial venules	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0034156	negative regulation of toll-like receptor 7 signalling pathway	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1904848	negative regulation of cell chemotaxis to fibroblast growth factor	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0120042	negative regulation of macrophage proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0034125	negative regulation of MyD88-dependent toll-like receptor signaling pathway	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0060937	cytoskeletal rearrangement involved in phagocytosis, engulfment	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:2004422	regulation of eosinophil chemotaxis	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:2000424	positive regulation of eosinophil chemotaxis	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0000073	positive regulation of protein homodimerization activity	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051977	lysophospholipid transport	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0026655	regulation of interleukin-21 production	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:002679	regulation of TRAIL production	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0032625	interleukin-21 production	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0026359	TRAIL production	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0001971	negative regulation of activation of membrane attack complex	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0036496	regulation of translational initiation by eIF2 alpha dephosphorylation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0036497	eIF2alpha dephosphorylation in response to endoplasmic reticulum stress	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:2000229	regulation of pancreatic stellate cell proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051041	positive regulation of calcium-independent cell-cell adhesion	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:2000231	positive regulation of pancreatic-stellate cell proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1904420	negative regulation of glutamate receptor signaling pathway	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0018003	peptidyl-lysine N6-acetyltransferase activity-induced eIF2 alpha dephosphorylation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1903916	regulation of endoplasmic reticulum stress-induced eIF2 alpha dephosphorylation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1903917	positive regulation of endoplasmic reticulum stress-induced eIF2 alpha dephosphorylation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0059046	clearance of foreign intracellular nucleic acids	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0150140	regulation of CD86 production	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0150142	positive regulation of CD86 production	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0150143	regulation of CD80 production	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0150145	positive regulation of CD80 production	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0036153	triglyceride acyl-chain remodeling	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0036155	acylglycerol acyl-chain remodeling	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1905675	negative regulation of adaptive immune memory response	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:00090320	regulation of chylomicron remnant clearance	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0009321	positive regulation of chylomicron remnant clearance	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0140121	Lewy body formation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0140122	regulation of Lewy body formation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0140123	negative regulation of Lewy body formation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1902310	positive regulation of neuropeptidyl-serine dephosphorylation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:2000545	positive regulation of endothelial cell chemotaxis to fibroblast growth factor	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0060101	negative regulation of phagocytosis, engulfment	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0070246	natural killer cell apoptotic process	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0070247	regulation of natural killer cell apoptotic process	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1901251	positive regulation of lung goblet cell differentiation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1901247	negative regulation of lung ciliated cell differentiation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:1901249	regulation of lung goblet cell differentiation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:003086	melatonin metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0030187	melatonin biosynthetic process	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0072343	pancreatic stellate cell proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010185	regulation of cellular defense response	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0010186	B cell antigen processing and presentation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0046603	negative regulation of mitotic centrosome separation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0024740	plasmacytoid dendritic cell antigen processing and presentation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0072139	plasmacytoid dendritic cell cytokine production	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:008784	biofilm matrix organization	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Mammalia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0002450	B cell antigen processing and presentation	1	1	0.04	0.0370
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0069550	regulation of primary metabolic process	673	47	23.83	0.0231
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0019219	regulation of nucleobase-containing compound metabolic process	541	36	19.16	0.0270
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0051252	regulation of RNA metabolic process	517	32	18.31	0.0342
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0006950	response to stress	370	29	13.10	0.0270
Bivalvia	Group 1 + Group 2	GO:0033554	cellular response to stress	275	21	9.74	0.0419

## Supplementary tables

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Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0051172	negative regulation of nitrogen compound metabolic process	117	15	4.14	0.0075
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0031325	positive regulation of cellular metabolic process	125	15	4.43	0.0100
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0006310	DNA recombination	66	13	2.34	0.0010
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0051173	positive regulation of nitrogen compound metabolic process	137	13	4.85	0.0336
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0010629	negative regulation of gene expression	78	11	2.76	0.0034
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0048513	animal organ development	83	11	2.94	0.0172
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0045924	negative regulation of nucleobase-containing compound metabolic process	64	11	2.27	0.0186
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0069115	apoptotic process				
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0045892	negative regulation of DNA-templated transcription	95	9	3.36	0.0062
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:1902679	negative regulation of RNA biosynthetic process	59	9	2.09	0.0151
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0051253	negative regulation of RNA metabolic process	61	9	2.09	0.0151
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0064117	regulation of translation	52	8	1.84	0.0004
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0051726	regulation of cell cycle	75	8	2.66	0.0399
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0065009	regulation of molecular function	114	8	4.04	0.0485
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0045893	positive regulation of DNA-templated transcription	67	7	2.37	0.0091
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0042981	regulation of apoptotic process	70	7	2.48	0.0115
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:00423067	regulation of programmed cell death	72	7	2.55	0.0133
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0000122	negative regulation of transcription by RNA polymerase II	31	5	1.10	0.0043
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0064042	mRNA catabolic process	35	5	1.24	0.0073
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0045944	positive regulation of transcription by RNA polymerase II	38	5	1.35	0.0103
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0071310	cellular response to organic substance	52	5	1.84	0.0359
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0096238	response to abiotic stimulus	53	5	1.88	0.0385
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0051248	negative regulation of protein metabolic process	55	5	1.95	0.0441
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0030155	regulation of cell adhesion	11	4	0.39	0.0004
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0048568	embryonic organ development	12	4	0.42	0.0006
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0051607	defense response to virus	13	4	0.46	0.0009
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0010569	regulation of double-strand break repair via homologous recombination	5	4	0.18	0.0036
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0009092	cell morphogenesis	31	4	0.227	
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0000280	nuclear division	38	4	1.35	0.0441
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0050769	positive regulation of cytokine production	5	3	0.18	0.0004
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0001819	chromosome organization involved in meiotic cell cycle	7	3	0.25	0.0014
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0070192	determination of left/right symmetry	7	3	0.25	0.0014
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0007368	tissue homeostasis	7	3	0.25	0.0014
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0018944		10	3	0.35	
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0003007	heart morphogenesis	10	3	0.35	0.0044
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0008285	negative regulation of cell population proliferation	10	3	0.35	0.0044
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0051093	negative regulation of developmental process	11	3	0.39	0.0059
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:00151501	skeletal system development	11	3	0.39	0.0059
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0007517	muscle organ development	13	3	0.46	0.0096
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0061982	meiosis I cell cycle process	14	3	0.50	0.0119
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0007127	meiosis I	14	3	0.50	0.0119
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0012587	NADH dehydrogenase complex assembly	17	3	0.60	0.0206
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0022881	mitochondrial respiratory chain complex I assembly	17	3	0.60	0.0206
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0051345	positive regulation of hydrolase activity	17	3	0.60	0.0206
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0007517	meiotic nuclear division	17	3	0.60	0.0206
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0005976	polysaccharide metabolic process	18	3	0.64	0.0241
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0048729	tissue morphogenesis	19	3	0.67	0.0279
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0035295	tube development	20	3	0.71	0.0320
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0042274	ribosomal small subunit biogenesis	21	3	0.74	0.0364
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0022603	regulation of anatomical structure morphogenesis	23	3	0.81	0.0460
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0140053	mitochondrial gene expression	23	3	0.81	0.0460
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:1905168	positive regulation of double-strand break repair via homologous recombination	2	2	0.07	0.0013
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0032488	Cdc42 protein signal transduction	2	2	0.07	0.0013
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0022600	digestive system process	2	2	0.07	0.0013
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0032322	negative regulation of actin filament bundle assembly	3	2	0.11	0.0037
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0033617	mitochondrial cytochrome c oxidase assembly	3	2	0.11	0.0037
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0045910	negative regulation of DNA recombination	3	2	0.11	0.0037
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:200179	positive regulation of neural precursor cell proliferation	3	2	0.11	0.0037
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:00151383	tracheal morphogenesis	3	2	0.11	0.0037
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0051701	biological process involved in interaction with host	3	2	0.11	0.0037
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0010833	telomere maintenance via telomere lengthening	3	2	0.11	0.0037
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0007095	mitotic G2 DNA damage checkpoint signaling	3	2	0.11	0.0037
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0009559	mitochondrial RNA metabolic process	3	2	0.11	0.0037
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0020644	epithelial cell development	3	2	0.11	0.0037

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Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0010001	glial cell differentiation	4	2	0.14	0.0071
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0066620	regulation of organ growth	4	2	0.14	0.0071
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0003190	atrioventricular valve formation	4	2	0.14	0.0071
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:008781	ncRNA transcription	4	2	0.14	0.0071
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0030514	negative regulation of BMP signaling pathway	4	2	0.14	0.0071
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0035023	regulation of Rho protein signal transduction	4	2	0.14	0.0071
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0007416	synapse assembly	4	2	0.14	0.0071
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:001947	heart looping	5	2	0.18	0.0116
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0020226	protein refolding	5	2	0.18	0.0116
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:003143	embryonic heart tube morphogenesis	5	2	0.18	0.0116
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0051371	determination of heart left/right asymmetry	5	2	0.18	0.0116
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:005050	embryonic heart tube development	5	2	0.18	0.0116
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0007162	negative regulation of cell adhesion	5	2	0.18	0.0116
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:000129	homologous chromosome pairing at meiosis	5	2	0.18	0.0116
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:006360	transcription by RNA polymerase I	6	2	0.21	0.0170
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:001389	liver development	6	2	0.21	0.0170
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:005143	homologous chromosome segregation	6	2	0.21	0.0170
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0061008	hepatobiliary system development	7	2	0.25	0.0233
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:002122	response to ionizing radiation	7	2	0.25	0.0233
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0030490	maturatation of SSU-RNA	7	2	0.25	0.0233
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0061448	connective tissue development	7	2	0.25	0.0233
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:008732	gland development	8	2	0.28	0.0304
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:001822	kidney development	8	2	0.28	0.0304
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0045596	negative regulation of cell differentiation	8	2	0.28	0.0304
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0005271	polysaccharide biosynthetic process	8	2	0.28	0.0304
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:001503	osification	8	2	0.28	0.0304
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:004532	meiotic chromosome segregation	8	2	0.28	0.0304
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0016073	snRNA metabolic process	9	2	0.32	0.0381
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0072001	renal system development	9	2	0.32	0.0381
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:000662	epithelial tube morphogenesis	9	2	0.32	0.0381
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0048562	embryonic organ morphogenesis	9	2	0.32	0.0381
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0042326	negative regulation of phosphorylation	10	2	0.35	0.0466
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0001934	positive regulation of protein phosphorylation	10	2	0.35	0.0466
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0022604	regulation of cell morphogenesis	10	2	0.35	0.0466
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:00446	Atp2/3 complex-mediated actin nucleation	10	2	0.35	0.0466
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0010669	epithelial structure maintenance	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0046621	negative regulation of organ growth	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:008722	mitochondrial mRNA polyadenylation	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:001668	mitochondrial ribosome assembly	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0048799	animal organ maturation	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:004406	adhesion of symbiont to host	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0043247	telomere maintenance in response to DNA damage	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0001009	common bile duct development	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0006356	regulation of transcription by RNA polymerase I	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:1900044	regulation of protein K63-linked ubiquitination	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:1902285	semaphorin-plexin signaling pathway involved in neuron projection guidance	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:1900045	negative regulation of protein K63-linked ubiquitination	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0044650	semaphorin-plexin signaling pathway involved in axon guidance	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0052287	positive regulation of axonogenesis	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0050772	bone maturation	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0031120	inhibitory synapse assembly	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0044652	regulation of DNA recombination at telomere	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0090546	adhesion of symbiont to host cell	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0016074	mitochondrial tRNA processing	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:002978	sno(s)RNA metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0032978	protein insertion into membrane from inner side	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:1904862	protein insertion into mitochondrial inner membrane from matrix	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0072695	inhibitory synapse assembly	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0019230	regulation of defense response to virus by host	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0080653	lipopolysaccharide metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0055943	positive regulation of transcription by RNA polymerase I	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0052572	response to host immune response	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0051274	beta-glucan biosynthetic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354

## Supplementary tables

Tab. S10 continued from previous page

Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0051278	fungal-type cell wall polysaccharide biosynthetic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:1900220	semaphorin-plexin signaling pathway involved in bone trabecula morphogenesis	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:008625	extrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway via death domain receptors	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:009301	snRNA transcription	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0015743	malate transport	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:002065	maintenance of protein location in cell cortex	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0032196	transposition	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0032197	retrotransposition	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0042149	cellular response to glucose starvation	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0052173	response to defenses of other organism	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0060714	(1->3)-beta-D-glucan metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0060715	(1->3)-beta-D-glucan biosynthetic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0075136	response to host	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0090054	presynapse assembly	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0055418	protein localization to synapse	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0043931	osmification involved in bone maturation	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0071966	fungal-type cell wall polysaccharide metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0090122	presynapse organization	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0033979	box H/ACA sno(s)RNA metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:1902914	regulation of protein polyubiquitination	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:1902915	negative regulation of protein polyubiquitination	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0019147	protein deubiquitination involved in ubiquitin-dependent protein catabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0050691	regulation of defense response to virus by host	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0046493	lipid A metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0017001	antibiotic catabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0017423	malate transmembrane transport	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:001269	lipooligosaccharide metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0070212	protein poly-ADP-ribosylation	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0070213	protein auto-ADP-ribosylation	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:1902414	protein localization to cell junction	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0001100	negative regulation of exit from mitosis	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0048144	fibroblast proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:008145	regulation of fibroblast proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0048147	negative regulation of fibroblast proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:1901271	lipooligosaccharide biosynthetic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:005622	intrahepatic bile duct development	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0030653	beta-lactam antibiotic metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0030655	beta-lactam antibiotic catabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0052200	regulation of fibroblasts proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:1900681	mRNA pseudouridine synthesis	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:009103	lipopolysaccharide biosynthetic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0048634	intrahepatic bile duct development	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0010526	retrotansposon silencing	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0060402	O antigen metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0042783	evasion of host immune response	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0031344	sno(s)RNA processing	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0031848	protection from non-homologous end joining at telomere	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0031430	bone trabecula morphogenesis	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0020033	antigenic variation	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0009633	mitochondrial RNA processing	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:007168	receptor-glycan cycle signaling pathway	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0036228	regulatory ncRNA 3'-end processing	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0016999	antibiotic metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0072340	lactam catabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:1902041	regulation of extrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway via death domain receptors	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0092712	fungal-type cell wall biogenesis	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0072338	lactam metabolic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0052779	miRNA-mediated gene silencing by mRNA destabilization	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0034694	box H/ACA sno(s)RNA processing	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0004495	box H/ACA sno(s)RNA 3'-end processing	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0007140	male meiotic nuclear division	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0033382	epithelial cell morphogenesis	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:009243	O antigen biosynthetic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:009245	lipid A biosynthetic process	1	1	0.04	0.0354

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Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0033687	osteoblast proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0033688	regulation of osteoblast proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0036639	negative regulation of osteoblast proliferation	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0030277	maintenance of gastrointestinal epithelium	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Bivalvia	Group 1	GO:0048339	negative regulation of DNA recombination at telomere	1	1	0.04	0.0354
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0051276	chromosome organization	331	18	11.07	0.0293
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0045132	meiotic chromosome segregation	64	7	2.14	0.0053
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0007131	reciprocal meiotic recombination	37	6	0.0013	
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0031146	SCF-dependent proteasomal ubiquitin-dependent protein catabolic process	57	5	1.91	0.0413
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0007141	male meiosis I	13	4	0.43	0.0007
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:1902275	regulation of chromatin organization	35	4	1.17	0.0285
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0042078	germ-line stem cell division	36	4	1.20	0.0312
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:000526	retrotransposon silencing	8	3	0.27	0.0018
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0071218	cellular response to misfolded protein	12	3	0.40	
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0034508	centromere complex assembly	19	3	0.64	0.0065
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0007080	mitotic metaphase chromosome alignment	23	3	0.77	0.0400
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0007020	microtubule nucleation	23	3	0.77	0.0400
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0031445	regulation of heterochromatin formation	25	3	0.84	0.0495
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0120261	regulation of heterochromatin organization	25	3	0.84	0.0495
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:008136	male germ-line cyst formation	2	2	0.07	0.0011
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0061964	negative regulation of entry into reproductive diapause	5	2	0.17	0.0104
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0051382	kinetochore assembly	5	2	0.17	0.0104
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0055116	entry into reproductive diapause	6	2	0.20	0.0153
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0071712	ER-associated misfolded protein catabolic process	6	2	0.20	0.0153
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0061963	regulation of entry into reproductive diapause	6	2	0.20	0.0153
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0043984	histone H4-K16 acetylation	6	2	0.20	0.0153
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:005115	entry into diapause	7	2	0.23	0.0210
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:1909834	response to odour	7	2	0.23	0.0210
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0042795	snRNA transcription by RNA polymerase II	8	2	0.27	0.0273
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0022611	dormancy process	8	2	0.27	0.0273
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:009301	snRNA transcription	8	2	0.27	0.0273
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0071786	endoplasmic reticulum tubular network organization	9	2	0.30	0.0344
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0030007	intracellular potassium ion homeostasis	9	2	0.30	0.0344
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0051383	kinetochore organization	9	2	0.30	0.0344
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:000020	regulation of meiotic nuclear division	9	2	0.30	0.0344
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0043967	histone H4 acetylation	9	2	0.30	0.0344
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0063376	sodium ion export across plasma membrane	9	2	0.30	0.0344
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0066883	intracellular sodium ion homeostasis	9	2	0.30	0.0344
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:001015	snRNA transcription by RNA polymerase II	1	1	0.03	0.0335
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0017738	meiotic DNA repair synthesis involved in reciprocal meiotic recombination	1	1	0.03	0.0335
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:009302	sno(s)RNA transcription	1	1	0.03	0.0335
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0051308	male meiosis	1	1	0.03	0.0335
Drosophila	Group 1	GO:0051415	chromosome separation	1	1	0.03	0.0335
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0069595	microtubule nucleation by interphase microtubule organizing center	120	35	38.75	0.0027
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0050887	innate immune response	233	32	6.96	0.0004
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0050778	positive regulation of immune response	432	31	12.91	0.0133
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002250	regulation of immune effector process	308	31	9.20	0.0188
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002694	adaptive immune response	342	39	10.22	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0001819	regulation of leukocyte activation	456	39	13.62	0.0052
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0019221	positive regulation of cytokine production	402	37	12.01	0.0025
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0042742	cytokine-mediated signaling pathway	382	35	11.41	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0042110	defense response to bacterium	273	24	8.16	0.0271
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1903131	T cell activation	240	23	7.17	0.0057
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002697	mononuclear cell differentiation	392	23	11.71	0.0482
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:001607	defense response to virus	237	28	7.68	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002274	myeloid leukocyte activation	195	26	5.83	0.0294
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002703	regulation of leukocyte mediated immunity	186	25	5.56	0.0136
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0070661	leukocyte proliferation	273	24	8.16	0.0271
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0031349	positive regulation of defense response	300	21	8.96	0.0025
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0050277	regulation of inflammatory response	177	21	5.29	0.0490
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0066559	humoral immune response	177	20	5.29	0.0018
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002768	immune response-regulating cell surface receptor signaling pathway	153	20	4.57	0.0449
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:001906	cell killing	208	20	6.21	0.0477
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002699	positive regulation of immune effector process				

## Supplementary tables

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Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0030217	T cell differentiation	255	18	7.62	0.0441
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0045089	positive regulation of innate immune response	113	16	3.38	0.0139
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0071222	cellular response to lipopolysaccharide	164	15	4.90	0.0001
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1903555	regulation of tumor necrosis factor superfamily cytokine production	137	15	4.09	0.0045
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0010466	negative regulation of peptidase activity	163	14	4.87	0.0004
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0024229	immune response-activating cell surface receptor signaling pathway	164	14	4.90	0.0052
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0026260	regulation of tumor necrosis factor production	133	14	3.97	0.0142
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032640	tumor necrosis factor production	133	14	3.97	0.0142
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002705	positive regulation of leukocyte mediated immunity	113	14	3.38	0.0395
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0020629	defense response to Gram-negative bacterium	66	13	1.97	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0024444	myeloid leukocyte mediated immunity	90	13	2.69	0.0001
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0051091	positive regulation of DNA-binding transcription factor activity	227	13	6.78	0.0191
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002456	T cell mediated immunity	82	13	2.45	0.0395
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0031341	regulation of cell killing	71	12	2.12	0.0042
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002695	negative regulation of leukocyte activation	148	12	4.42	0.0178
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002286	T cell activation involved in immune response	94	12	2.81	0.0194
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0050866	negative regulation of cell activation	165	12	4.93	0.0351
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0001818	negative regulation of cytokine production	225	12	6.72	0.0381
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0050830	defense response to Gram-positive bacterium	87	11	2.60	0.0001
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002275	myeloid cell activation involved in immune response	83	11	2.48	0.0010
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0020609	sensory perception of taste	52	11	1.55	0.0289
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002102	positive regulation of T cell proliferation	85	10	2.54	0.0002
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0043299	leukocyte degranulation	62	10	1.85	0.0005
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0030101	natural killer cell activation	66	10	1.97	0.0009
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:007696	cell surface receptor signaling pathway via STAT	139	10	4.15	0.0089
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0016064	immunoglobulin mediated immune response	107	10	3.20	0.0321
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0019724	B cell mediated immunity	108	10	3.23	0.0336
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032760	positive regulation of tumor necrosis factor production	84	9	2.51	0.0009
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0006056	complement activation	47	9	1.40	0.0100
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0050729	positive regulation of inflammatory response	122	9	3.64	0.0109
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0051250	negative regulation of lymphocyte activation	124	9	0.0121	
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0050832	defense response to fungus	48	9	1.43	0.0126
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002823	negative regulation of adaptive immune response [...]	39	9	1.17	0.0174
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0007259	cell surface receptor signaling pathway via JAK-STAT	134	9	4.00	0.0192
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0051092	positive regulation of NF-κappaB transcription factor activity	136	9	4.06	0.0209
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002820	negative regulation of adaptive immune response	42	9	1.25	0.0259
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0021200	B cell proliferation	76	9	2.27	0.0261
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0096620	response to fungus	58	9	1.73	0.0323
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0035036	spermatozoan recognition	46	9	1.37	0.0403
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0071387	leukocyte apoptotic process	98	9	2.93	0.0468
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0007342	fusion or sperm to egg plasma membrane involved in single fertilization	25	8	0.75	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0001580	detection of chemical stimulus involved in sensory perception of bitter taste	29	8	0.87	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0022118	activation of innate immune response	45	8	1.34	0.0000
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002649	regulation of type I interferon production	88	8	2.63	0.0048
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0045576	male gonad development	54	8	1.61	0.0063
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0071346	cellular response to type I interferon	98	8	2.93	0.0090
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0001959	regulation of cytokine-mediated signaling pathway	114	8	3.41	0.0209
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0030317	flagellated sperm motility	119	8	3.55	0.0263
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0097722	sperm motility	119	8	3.55	0.0263
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:008584	male gonad development	120	8	3.58	0.0275
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:006546	development of primary male sexual characteristics	121	8	3.61	0.0287
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:000759	regulation of response to cytokine stimulus	124	8	3.70	0.0325
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:000294	cilium movement involved in cell motility	128	8	3.82	0.0382
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0007339	binding of sperm to zona pellucida	35	7	1.05	0.0001
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0019731	antibacterial humor response	40	7	1.19	0.0002
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032757	positive regulation of interleukin-8 production	54	7	1.61	0.0011
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002722	positive regulation of chemokine production	60	7	1.79	0.0020
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002251	organ or tissue specific immune response	22	7	0.66	
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0088586	cellular response to virus	78	7	2.33	
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0030533	neutrophil chemotaxis	80	7	2.39	0.0099
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0033030	mast cell degranulation	43	7	1.28	0.0101
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002279	mast cell activation involved in immune response	44	7	1.31	0.0114
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1904892	regulation of receptor signalling pathway via STAT	83	7	2.48	0.0120
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002886	regulation of myeloid leukocyte mediated immunity	45	7	1.34	0.0128

Tab. S10 continued from previous page

Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002448	mast cell mediated immunity	46	7	1.37	0.0143
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0036091	regulation of defense response to virus by host	37	7	1.11	0.0336
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0035303	regulation of dephosphorylation	103	7	3.08	0.0346
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002825	regulation of T-helper 1 type immune response	29	6	0.87	0.0002
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002119	neutrophil activation	32	6	0.96	0.0003
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0045071	negative regulation of viral genome replication	39	6	1.17	0.0010
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002711	positive regulation of T cell mediated immunity	44	6	1.31	0.0019
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002639	positive regulation of immunoglobulin production	44	6	1.31	0.0019
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002267	natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity	44	6	1.31	0.0019
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002231	positive regulation of interleukin-1 beta production	46	6	1.37	0.0023
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:000337	type I interferon-mediated signaling pathway	52	6	0.0044	0.0044
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002688	regulation of B cell proliferation	54	6	0.0053	0.0053
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0031293	establishment of spindle localization	54	6	1.61	0.0053
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:003229	positive regulation of type-I interferon production	62	6	1.85	0.0103
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0010921	regulation of phosphatase activity	65	6	1.94	0.0129
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002220	positive regulation of cytokine production involved in immune response	66	6	1.97	0.0138
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002385	mucoosal immune response	19	6	0.57	0.0218
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:2001106	regulation of leukocyte apoptotic process	75	6	2.24	0.0245
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0046106	regulation of receptor signaling pathway via JAK-STAT	78	6	2.33	0.0290
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0046255	regulation of interleukin-6 production	83	6	2.48	0.0377
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0061760	antifungal innate immune response	17	5	0.51	0.0001
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0035458	cellular response to interleukin-beta	21	5	0.63	0.0003
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0048240	sperm capacitation	25	5	0.75	0.0008
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0001914	regulation of T cell mediated cytotoxicity	25	5	0.75	0.0008
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002320	regulation of receptor signaling pathway via virus by host	27	5	0.81	0.0011
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0028330	positive regulation of type II immune response	14	5	0.42	0.0019
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0046596	regulation of viral entry into host cell	31	5	0.93	0.0021
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:001774	microglial cell activation	35	5	1.05	0.0036
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0140632	canonical inflammasome complex assembly	35	5	1.05	0.0036
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:006953	acute-phase response	38	5	1.14	0.0052
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:010374	antiviral innate immune response	41	5	1.22	0.0072
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0019112	positive regulation of leukocyte mediated cytotoxicity	42	5	1.25	0.0080
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032720	positive regulation of tumor necrosis factor production	47	5	1.40	0.0127
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0041113	heterotypic cell-cell adhesion	47	5	1.40	0.0127
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1903556	negative regulation of tumor necrosis factor superfamily cytokine production	49	5	1.46	0.0151
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0070228	regulation of lymphocyte apoptotic process	50	5	0.0164	0.0164
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:001961	positive regulation of cytokine-mediated signaling pathway	50	5	1.49	0.0164
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002670	positive regulation of response to cytokine stimulus	57	5	1.70	0.0273
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0038034	signal transduction in absence of ligand	59	5	1.76	0.0311
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0097192	extrinsic apoptotic signaling pathway in absence of ligand	59	5	1.76	0.0311
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0071260	cellular response to mechanical stimulus	60	5	1.79	0.0332
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0031640	killing of cells of another organism	64	5	1.91	0.0421
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:001844	antimicrobial humoral immune response mediated by antimicrobial peptide	64	5	1.91	0.0421
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002227	innate immune response in mucosa	11	4	0.33	0.0002
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0056155	response to interferon-alpha	14	4	0.42	0.0006
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:008245	eosinophil chemotaxis	17	4	0.51	0.0014
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0072540	T-helper 17 cell lineage commitment	17	4	0.51	0.0014
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0027117	positive regulation of natural killer cell mediated immunity	21	4	0.63	0.0031
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032240	neutrophil mediated immunity	29	4	0.87	0.0103
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:200352	negative regulation of endothelial cell apoptotic process	30	4	0.69	0.0116
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032243	positive regulation of interleukin-17 production	23	4	0.90	0.0116
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:003032	positive regulation of macrophage activation	30	4	0.72	0.0052
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0070498	interleukin-1-mediated signaling pathway	24	4	0.78	0.0070
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:007269	pyroptotic inflammation	31	4	0.93	0.0131
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0031295	T cell costimulation	27	4	0.81	0.0080
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:009884	antigen processing and presentation of exogenous antigen	28	4	0.84	0.0091
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002446	neutrophil mediated immunity	29	4	0.87	0.0103
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1900225	positive regulation of interleukin-2 production	30	4	0.90	0.0116
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:003330	regulation of NLRP3 inflammasome complex assembly	30	4	0.90	0.0116
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:006006	response to exogenous dsRNA	32	4	0.96	0.0146
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002814	regulation of activated T cell proliferation	32	4	0.96	0.0146
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0045456	regulation of natural killer cell activation	33	4	0.99	0.0162
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:005798	NLRP3 inflammasome complex assembly	34	4	1.02	0.0180
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0066668	activated T cell proliferation	34	4	1.02	0.0180

## Supplementary tables

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Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002701	negative regulation of production of molecular mediator of immune response	35	4	1.05	0.0198
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0043331	response to dsRNA	36	4	1.08	0.0218
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002691	regulation of cellular extravasation	38	4	1.14	0.0260
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:2000351	regulation of endothelial cell apoptotic process	43	4	1.28	0.0388
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0026533	regulation of interleukin-10 production	45	4	1.34	0.0447
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0026133	interleukin-10 production	45	4	1.34	0.0447
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0045624	positive regulation of T-helper cell differentiation	17	4	0.51	0.0479
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0043666	regulation of phosphotriester phosphatase activity	46	4	1.37	0.0479
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1904894	positive regulation of receptor signaling pathway via STAT	46	4	1.37	0.0479
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0028095	Fc-epsilon receptor signaling pathway	5	3	0.15	0.0003
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0059559	negative regulation of complement activation, classical pathway	5	3	0.15	0.0003
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0051838	negative regulation of complement activation by host of symbiont cells	8	3	0.24	0.0013
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0097527	necrotic signaling pathway	8	3	0.24	0.0013
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0006024	activation-induced cell death of T cells	10	3	0.30	0.0027
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1901731	positive regulation of platelet aggregation	10	3	0.30	0.0027
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:2000551	regulation of T-helper 2 cell cytokine production	10	3	0.30	0.0027
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0007343	egg activation	11	3	0.33	0.0037
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0035723	interleukin-15-mediated signaling pathway	11	3	0.33	0.0037
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0150079	negative regulation of neuroinflammation response	12	3	0.36	0.0048
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002323	natural killer cell activation involved in immune response	13	3	0.39	0.0061
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032197	retrovirusposition	13	3	0.39	0.0061
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0000046	regulation of acrosome reaction	13	3	0.39	0.0061
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0072683	T cell extravasation	13	3	0.39	0.0061
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0043306	positive regulation of mast cell degranulation	14	3	0.42	0.0075
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0006957	complement activation, alternative pathway	14	3	0.42	0.0075
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0090855	complement activation, alternative pathway	14	3	0.42	0.0075
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0023035	CD40 signaling pathway	14	3	0.42	0.0075
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1903027	regulation of opsonization	14	3	0.42	0.0075
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0022710	negative regulation of T cell mediated immunity	15	3	0.45	0.0092
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0043031	negative regulation of macrophage activation	15	3	0.45	0.0092
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0046597	negative regulation of viral entry into host cell	16	3	0.48	0.0111
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002888	positive regulation of myeloid leukocyte mediated immunity	17	3	0.51	0.0132
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002827	positive regulation of T helper 1 type immune response	18	3	0.54	0.0155
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0045346	MHC class II biosynthetic process	18	3	0.54	0.0155
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002832	defense response to protozoan	19	3	0.57	0.0180
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0004019	positive regulation of embryonic development	19	3	0.57	0.0180
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0003430	positive regulation of type I interferon-mediated signaling pathway	19	3	0.57	0.0180
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0003333	type I interferon-mediated signaling pathway	19	3	0.57	0.0180
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0045342	MHC class II biosynthetic process	19	3	0.57	0.0180
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032253	positive regulation of interleukin-4 production	20	3	0.60	0.0207
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0001916	positive regulation of T cell mediated cytotoxicity	20	3	0.60	0.0207
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0001562	response to protozoan	21	3	0.63	0.0236
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1903901	negative regulation of viral life cycle	21	3	0.63	0.0236
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:005821	modulation of process of another organism	21	3	0.63	0.0236
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002726	positive regulation of T cell cytokine production	22	3	0.66	0.0268
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0042104	positive regulation of interleukin-4 production	22	3	0.66	0.0268
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0010743	regulation of activated T cell proliferation	25	3	0.75	0.0374
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002673	regulation of macrophage derived foam cell differentiation	25	3	0.75	0.0374
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032633	regulation of natural killer cell mediated cytotoxicity	28	3	0.84	0.0500
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0097528	execution phase of necrosis	2	2	0.06	0.0009
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1903660	negative regulation of complement-dependent cytotoxicity	2	2	0.06	0.0009
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0030887	positive regulation of myeloid dendritic cell activation	2	2	0.06	0.0009
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0096609	response to symbiotic bacterium	4	2	0.12	0.0051
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0048006	antigen processing and presentation, endogenous lipid antigen via MHC class Ib	4	2	0.12	0.0051
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002765	immune response-inhibiting signal transduction	5	2	0.15	0.0084
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0045630	positive regulation of T-helper 2 cell differentiation	5	2	0.15	0.0084
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0033133	regulation of neutrophil degranulation	6	2	0.18	0.0123
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0106300	protein-DNA covalent cross-linking repair	6	2	0.18	0.0123

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Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:000545	positive regulation of necrototic process	6	2	0.18	0.0123
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002826	negative regulation of T-helper 1 type immune response	6	2	0.18	0.0123
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:003341	positive regulation of peptidyl-serine phosphorylation of STAT protein	6	2	0.18	0.0123
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:000332	positive regulation of response to type II interferon	6	2	0.18	0.0123
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:000335	positive regulation of type II interferon-mediated signaling pathway	6	2	0.18	0.0123
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0048007	antigen processing and presentation; exogenous lipid antigen via MHC class Ib	6	2	0.18	0.0123
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:200659	regulation of interleukin-1-mediated signaling pathway	6	2	0.18	0.0123
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:005341	MHC class I biosynthetic process	6	2	0.18	0.0123
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:005343	regulation of MHC class I biosynthetic process	6	2	0.18	0.0123
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:001781	neutrophil apoptotic process	7	2	0.21	0.0169
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002372	myeloid dendritic cell cytokine production	7	2	0.21	0.0169
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:000233	regulation of myeloid dendritic cell cytokine production	7	2	0.21	0.0169
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002735	positive regulation of myeloid dendritic cell cytokine production	7	2	0.21	0.0169
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0038196	type III interferon-mediated signaling pathway	7	2	0.21	0.0169
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:000467	negative regulation of fertilization	7	2	0.21	0.0169
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:000468	prevention of polyspermy	7	2	0.21	0.0169
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002100	positive regulation of programmed necrotic cell death	7	2	0.21	0.0169
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0017358	cellular response to type III interferon	7	2	0.21	0.0169
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0010940	regulation of myeloid dendritic cell death	7	2	0.21	0.0169
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002796	snRNA transcription by RNA polymerase III	8	2	0.24	0.0221
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0043312	neutrophil degranulation	8	2	0.24	0.0221
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1903589	positive regulation of blood vessel endothelial cell proliferation involved in sprouting angiogenesis	8	2	0.24	0.0221
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:006977	prevention of blood vessel endothelial cell proliferation involved in sprouting angiogenesis	8	2	0.24	0.0221
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0083110	cellular response to type III interferon	8	2	0.24	0.0221
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0026338	interleukin-2-mediated signaling pathway	8	2	0.24	0.0221
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002850	negative regulation of immunoglobulin production	8	2	0.24	0.0221
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:005771	regulation of interleukin-1 alpha production	8	2	0.24	0.0221
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032610	interleukin-1 alpha-mediated signaling pathway	8	2	0.24	0.0221
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0017352	cellular response to interleukin-2	8	2	0.24	0.0221
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:200553	DNA damage response, signal transduction by p53 class mediator resulting in cell cycle arrest	8	2	0.24	0.0221
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0034342	interleukin-2-mediated signaling pathway	8	2	0.24	0.0221
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0044406	response to type III interferon	8	2	0.24	0.0221
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0045625	adhesion of symbiont to host	9	2	0.27	0.0279
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0033139	regulation of interleukin-1 alpha differentiation	9	2	0.27	0.0279
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032610	interleukin-1 alpha production	8	2	0.24	0.0221
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0017352	cellular response to interleukin-2	8	2	0.24	0.0221
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0010918	positive regulation of mitochondrial membrane potential	9	2	0.27	0.0279
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1902563	regulation of neutrophil activation	10	2	0.30	0.0342
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002430	complement receptor mediated signaling pathway	10	2	0.30	0.0342
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032754	positive regulation of interleukin-5 production	10	2	0.30	0.0342
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0015158	microglial cell proliferation	9	2	0.27	0.0279
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0070669	response to interleukin-2	9	2	0.27	0.0279
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0010918	positive regulation of mitochondrial membrane potential	9	2	0.27	0.0279
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1902563	regulation of neutrophil activation	10	2	0.30	0.0342
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002430	complement receptor mediated signaling pathway	10	2	0.30	0.0342
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032754	positive regulation of interleukin-5 production	10	2	0.30	0.0342
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0010526	retrotransposon silencing	10	2	0.30	0.0342
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0010528	regulation of transposition	10	2	0.30	0.0342
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0010529	negative regulation of transposition	10	2	0.30	0.0342
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1902563	regulation of neutrophil activation	10	2	0.30	0.0342
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0180078	positive regulation of neuronflammatory response	11	2	0.33	0.0410
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0061517	macrophage proliferation	11	2	0.33	0.0410
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1900226	negative regulation of NLRP3 inflammasome complex assembly	11	2	0.33	0.0410
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0051770	positive regulation of granulocyte macrophage colony-stimulating factor stimulus	11	2	0.33	0.0410
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:007012	response to granulocyte macrophage colony-stimulating factor	11	2	0.33	0.0410
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0002332	regulation of granulocyte macrophage colony-stimulating factor	12	2	0.36	0.0482
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:003236	positive regulation of dendritic cell cytokine production	12	2	0.36	0.0482
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1901857	serine phosphorylation of STAT protein	12	2	0.36	0.0482
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:000330	regulation of response to type II interferon	12	2	0.36	0.0482
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:000334	regulation of type II interferon-mediated signaling pathway	12	2	0.36	0.0482
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0018003	peptidyl-lysine N6-acetylation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002306	hepatic immune response	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1905223	epicardium morphogenesis	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002450	B cell antigen processing and presentation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:002470	plasmacytoid dendritic cell antigen processing and presentation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0072343	pancreatic stellate cell proliferation	1	1	0.03	0.0299

Supplementary tables

Tab. S10 continued from previous page

Dataset	Group of genes	GO.ID	Term	Annotated	Significant	Expected	Classic Fisher
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0010185	regulation of cellular defense response	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0010186	positive regulation of cellular defense response	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:008784	biofilm matrix organization	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:008786	biofilm matrix disassembly	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0016068	type I hypersensitivity	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0053937	helper T cell enhancement of adaptive immune response	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0072139	glomerular parietal epithelial cell differentiation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0140121	Lewy body formation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0140122	regulation of Lewy body formation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0140123	negative regulation of Lewy body formation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0030186	melatonin metabolic process	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0030187	melatonin biosynthetic process	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0071660	positive regulation of IP-10 production	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:000097	cytoskeletal rearrangement involved in phagocytosis, engulfment	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0051041	positive regulation of calcium-independent cell-cell adhesion	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:2000422	regulation of eosinophil chemotaxis	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:2000424	positive regulation of eosinophil chemotaxis	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032759	positive regulation of TRAIL production	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032723	positive regulation of connective tissue growth factor production	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1901251	positive regulation of lung goblet cell differentiation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032245	positive regulation of interleukin-21 production	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0051977	lysophospholipid transport	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1901247	negative regulation of lung ciliated cell differentiation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1901249	regulation of lung goblet cell differentiation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0070246	natural killer cell apoptotic process	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0070247	regulation of natural killer cell apoptotic process	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1902310	positive regulation of peptidyl-serine dephosphorylation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:2000229	regulation of pancreatic stellate cell proliferation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1904784	NLRP1 inflammasome complex assembly	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:2000231	positive regulation of pancreatic stellate cell proliferation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0150140	regulation of CD86 production	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0150142	positive regulation of CD86 production	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0150143	regulation of CD80 production	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0150145	positive regulation of CD80 production	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032665	regulation of interleukin-21 production	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032679	regulation of TRAIL production	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032625	interleukin-21 production	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0032639	TRAIL production	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0093220	regulation of chylomicron remnant clearance	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0093221	positive regulation of chylomicron remnant clearance	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1900450	negative regulation of glutamate receptor signaling pathway	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0120042	negative regulation of macrophage proliferation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1903916	regulation of endoplasmic reticulum stress-induced eIF2 alpha dephosphorylation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1903917	positive regulation of endoplasmic reticulum stress-induced eIF2 alpha dephosphorylation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0036436	regulation of translational initiation by eIF2alpha dephosphorylation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0036497	eIF2alpha dephosphorylation in response to endoplasmic reticulum stress	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1901625	cellular response to ergosterol	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0100006	Fc receptor-mediated immune complex endocytosis	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0036153	triglyceride acyl-chain remodeling	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0036155	acylglycerol acyl-chain remodeling	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0046603	negative regulation of mitotic centrosome separation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0030902	leukocyte adhesive activation	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:0034156	negative regulation of toll-like receptor 7 signaling pathway	1	1	0.03	0.0299
Mammalia	Group 1	GO:1905151	negative regulation of voltage-gated sodium channel activity	1	1	0.03	0.0299

**Supplementary Table S11 – Accession numbers and general statistics of RNA-sequencing libraries of *Mytilus galloprovincialis* developmental stages.**

SRA acc. no.	Time point (hpf)	Developmental stage	Biological replicate	No. of trimmed reads	No. of uniquely mapped reads	% of uniquely mapping reads	No. of multi-mapped reads	% of multi-mapped reads	No. of unmapped reads	% of unmapped reads
SRR25387458	0	Unfertilized Egg	R2	31,614,834	22,677,680	71.73	4,525,340	14.31	4,411,814	13.96
SRR25387459	0	Unfertilized Egg	R1	31,229,282	22,930,909	73.43	3,631,800	11.63	4,666,573	14.94
SRR25387436	4	Zygote	R2	31,573,942	22,238,537	70.43	4,747,330	15.04	4,588,075	14.53
SRR25387447	4	Zygote	R1	31,215,045	22,657,854	72.59	3,980,706	12.75	4,576,485	14.66
SRR25387434	8	Embryo	R2	31,679,197	22,361,698	70.59	5,224,621	16.49	4,092,878	12.92
SRR25387435	8	Embryo	R1	31,137,192	22,231,464	71.40	4,558,377	14.63	4,347,351	13.96
SRR25387432	12	Gastrula 1	R2	30,684,472	21,477,819	70.00	5,351,506	17.44	3,855,147	12.57
SRR25387433	12	Gastrula 1	R1	31,006,745	22,158,048	71.46	4,808,473	15.51	4,040,224	13.03
SRR25387430	16	Gastrula 2	R2	31,129,558	21,172,217	68.01	5,943,113	19.10	4,014,228	12.89
SRR25387431	16	Gastrula 2	R1	31,108,790	22,366,338	71.90	4,797,011	15.42	3,945,441	12.68
SRR25387456	20	Trochophore 1	R2	31,313,006	21,923,726	70.01	5,234,475	16.71	4,154,805	13.27
SRR25387457	20	Trochophore 1	R1	31,153,366	22,818,864	73.25	4,258,642	13.67	4,075,860	13.08
SRR25387454	24	Trochophore 2	R2	31,237,678	21,993,262	70.41	5,095,540	16.32	4,148,876	13.29
SRR25387455	24	Trochophore 2	R1	30,568,998	22,102,616	72.30	4,376,490	14.31	4,089,892	13.38
SRR25387452	28	Trochophore 3	R2	31,251,736	22,218,911	71.10	4,737,140	15.16	4,295,685	13.74
SRR25387453	28	Trochophore 3	R1	30,151,120	21,916,806	72.69	4,155,633	13.78	4,078,681	13.53
SRR25387450	32	Advanced Trochophore 1	R2	31,450,472	22,501,615	71.55	4,808,549	15.29	4,140,308	13.16
SRR25387451	32	Advanced Trochophore 1	R1	30,344,616	22,168,913	73.06	4,088,100	13.47	4,087,603	13.47
SRR25387448	36	Advanced Trochophore 2	R2	31,281,625	22,138,801	70.77	5,099,606	16.30	4,043,218	12.92
SRR25387449	36	Advanced Trochophore 2	R1	30,446,461	22,282,130	73.18	4,164,126	13.68	4,000,205	13.13
SRR25387445	40	Advanced Trochophore 3	R2	31,286,823	22,253,466	71.13	4,808,187	15.37	4,225,170	13.50
SRR25387446	40	Advanced Trochophore 3	R1	30,427,358	22,021,178	72.37	4,139,754	13.61	4,266,426	14.02
SRR25387443	44	D-veliger 1	R2	30,469,689	21,902,055	71.88	4,591,610	15.06	3,976,024	13.05
SRR25387444	44	D-veliger 1	R1	30,486,877	22,346,398	73.30	4,187,438	13.74	3,953,041	12.96
SRR25387441	48	D-veliger 2	R2	30,209,384	21,152,507	70.02	5,122,804	16.95	3,934,073	13.03
SRR25387442	48	D-veliger 2	R1	30,492,559	22,356,764	73.32	4,132,649	13.55	4,003,146	13.12
SRR25387439	52	D-veliger 3	R2	30,581,805	22,287,023	72.88	4,273,235	13.98	4,021,547	13.15
SRR25387440	52	D-veliger 3	R1	30,540,062	22,508,657	73.70	3,938,157	12.90	4,093,248	13.40
SRR25387437	72	Late D-veliger	R2	31,144,538	22,754,899	73.06	4,155,579	13.35	4,234,060	13.60
SRR25387438	72	Late D-veliger	R1	31,504,212	23,356,674	74.14	3,830,231	12.16	4,317,307	13.70

## Supplementary tables

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**Supplementary Table S12 – Set of HCR probes generated with the ‘insitu\_probe\_generator’ script from the Ozpolat Lab (Kuehn et al., 2022).**

Pool name	Sequence
B1_Mgal_10B017427_vasa_33_Dla0	GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaAAATGCTGTAAAAAACAAAACGTATA TTAAAATGTTGAAATGATTAAATataGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaAGAGTTCATCACGATTAAGAAAAGA ACTTAAAACATTACATCATACAGataGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaGCACATGATTTAAGGTAGCACTACT AAACAAATAAGAACTGGATTGATTtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaGACGAACCTCTCCAGACAGGCCG AAAAATAATCCCCGTTCCAATCataGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaATTCACTGAACTataGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaGCAAGACATGGCTGGTTATAGTT ATTATGCCATAATGGTTTAGTCGtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaACATTCCCCTGTAAGTCGTATGA GTGACAACGATTGATTATATGtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaCATTGAAGAATTCTGCTGAGAGT TGCACCCACTTTAGTCCTTAAACAAtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaGCATTCAATTGAAATGGAGT ACAATTCTGCTCTCGCAGGTTAtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaAGAATGTGATTAATCCCAGGATTCC ATTTACAATGGTGAATAACAAATGtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaATTGTCCTTGTTGGTCTTCTGAT CTCCGGAAATCTCTGTGTTGTTGtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaACTGAATCATGTGTTAGAAACTGGT GTAACAAAGCTTTGCAATTCCACCTaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaACATGTTAACAGGAAATGCTA ATAGATTGTGAAGGTCATAATTAtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaGCAAGGAAGTCAGCATTCTTCT GGAAATCCAGACTGAGACAAGTAAGtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaATGCACATACTGTGCAACATCGGA TTGACCTTCTGATCACGGGAACTtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaTTGCACTGAACATAAGAGTTGTCT CAAGTCTGCTGGATTCCTCTGGGAAtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaACTTCCTTACCAATGACATCAATT TAAATATTCAGCTTTCTAAACTGtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaACTACAGGTTAACATTGTGCT GTCCAAGAGAGTTCTCCATATAAtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaGAGAATGAACTACAGTCAGTCCAT ACTAAAGCCTGTGGCTCTGAACTAtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaGACTTTTACATTTTAAAGAAGG TGTACAGGTGTTGCTATCATAGTtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaTGCCTGTATGGTTTAAAATTTCA TTTTCATATTGTCAAAGTTATGtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaGGGCCATATGCTCTTCTTAC AAAGACCTCTGCTTCTGAGACAATCtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaCATTCAATTGAAAGCAGTT CATTAGGACACTCTTGCCTGTGtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaCCTTGCCTCCACCCATGATCCTC CCACTTCAACACATTGAGCAGTtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaCCTCCACCTTATTTCTCCAAATC CCCCCTTGCTGCAAATCCACCAAtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaAGATATGCTATGCTCTTAC AGGCTTCTCCAAAGCAGGGGtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaTCCTTGAGCACGGCTCTACTGGT TCTTCCAAACCCACACGCCAAAtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaATTGACTGATTTAAGGTGTTGTT ATAACAAATTTCATGTCCTCAGGACTtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaACTTGAAAATTTCATCAACCCACGT AACTAACTAAACATGCAAACTCATCtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG GAGGAGGGCAGCAACGaaGTGAAAACAAACGAAATGTTAAAATT AAAAATATGGTCACATGCAACTCAAtaGAAGAGTCTTCCTTTACG

Table S12 continued from previous page

Pool name	Sequence
B1_Mgal_10B017427_vasa_33_Dla0	GAGGAGGGCACCAACGGaaTTGAAACTTTAGAACATATTATA ACAGTGTAAACATTTCCTGCATGCCaGAAGAGTCTCCCTTACG GAGGAGGGCACCAACGGaaGTCAGTTATCTCTTTCAAACAG CTTCTACTGCTGTCAATTGTGAATATtaGAAGAGTCTCCCTTACG GAGGAGGGCACCAACGGaaCAGACAGTTCCCTGCCCTTCTTC TGTTAGTCCCCCTCAACCCCTTCGtaGAAGAGTCTCCCTTACG
B2_Mgal_10B093608_dmrt1l_32_Dla0	CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaaaaaaaggggggtatTTTTaaa AAAAAATATGTCGATTTCAttaaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaAACAAAGCTCTCAATATGATATATC taaccaCTTCCAGATAACTTGAGaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaAAGTAACACAgctaaaaattaaga CAGTTGAACTTTATTCATACCTTaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaattataacaattatTTGACTG ttataccTCCCTCATTTGTATCCAaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaAAATCACCCCTGGTGGACAAA ACACATATTCAACCTTATTTTGaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaATGAAATGTTGATAATCAAAGTACT CTATGATTCATATCAAGTATCATTaaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaatacatgatataatggggATATGAAGT TCAGACAAAGCATTGATCTtgaaaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaTAACCTGTTGCCAAACATTCCCTT TGACCTGGACTTGCACCAAAATaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaaaacattttaaaaatttgcTTGA ACGGGCACCAACATGTCAATTtcaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaATTTCAGACTCACATTCTATGT atTTaaaacattatgttGTCACCTaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaaaatttcaaaatggatAGATAAT TTAAGACACACTATCGTGCTTGaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaACAGACACgaaaactttgtatata TTCAATGCATTCAAAGTTCTATAaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaCATGCAGACAGACACTCTAACAAAT tggaatgtAAAAATTACAGACTTCAaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaTCATTATTATACCTCAAGGTGTGC TCACCTCACCCCTCAACAAATAGCAAGaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaTTTGAATTGTTGttgtatttagtaat CTATAATTATTTACCCCCCTGAATTGaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaTTCTCTCTTATCACAACTATCTT aatcatTTTTtagaaCATCAAATAaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaacttttttattggaaaatttgcTT TCTTGTATTAAACATTtatcatacaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaAAATTCTCACAAATTCTCAAAATGGTGC tagtaatgttAAATGTCAGTTGtaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaATGCATGACTACAGAGATTAAACT GAAAGTTCAACAGATTCAATTAAAATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaAGCCACGACTACAAAATTAGTT AAAAACGTTCCCTCTTCTATCTGTaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaGTACAGTTGAATGTGGAATATCATG CTTGTGGCTAGTGGAGTTCCATAaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaATTGTACGGCATACTGGTGTGGCA TGGTCCCTGCATATATCCCTGGGTaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaGTAAACAGTTGGTGGATAAGaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaATTCTACACTCTGTGACCAAC TGGCTACACACAGGACTGACAATaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaCTGGCACTAGATTAAACCCATG CTCTGTATGGACAACATACCTGTGaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCaaTCTGTGAGATATTGGTTGCTGT TTGACATCTACGGCAATACAGCTaaATCATCCAGTAAACCGCC

## Supplementary tables

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**Table S12** continued from previous page

Pool name	Sequence
B2_Mgal_10B093608_dmrt1I_32_Dla0	CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCAaacaaattttacatttcattTC TTCCCTTCCTATTGCTTgttgtaaATCATCCAGTAACCCCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCAaacCTGGCCTTAATACTAACAAACCTGA TTTTGAGCAGTAACTATCTTGTTaaATCATCCAGTAACCCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCAaaATCTAACATGGACACCATGAGCAAG AAAAACATCCAAGCTTGTGACCTTaaATCATCCAGTAACCCGCC CCTCGTAAATCCTCATCAaaTGGCGAATTTGACGTTACTTCA aaattacAACTTCTTCTTCTCTTaaATCATCCAGTAACCCGCC
B3_Mgal_10B014180_soxh_27_Dla0	GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttCTTCTCTTGAGACATCCACATT ATTAGTTATCGTCTTCCCTTttCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttCTTGAGACATCCACATTAGTTAT TTATCGTCTTCTCCCTTTCTTTttCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttCATCCACATTAGTTATCGTCTT TTCTCCCTTTCTCTTCTTGAttCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttATTAGTTATCGTCTTCCCTT CTTTCCCTTCTCTTGAGACATCCttCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttATATGCTACTAAAGACCTAGAGA TTTCTACAGAAGTAGGTACAATTtCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttTTCCCTTCTCTTGAGACATCCAC CAACATTAGTTATCGTCTTCCttCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttCATCCACATTAGTTATCGTCTT TAGTTATCGTCTTCCCTTCCttCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttGAGACATCCACATTAGTTATCGT TGTCTTCTCCCTTTCTTCTtCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttACATGTCGTCCAGGTGAGATTCTG CAATGGTATCATATTGGACCCtCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttGTCTCTGGATGTTCTCTCAGC TGCTGGTGGAAACGGGAACGGCCAAttCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttGCAAGCTGAAATCATCGGTAG GTCGTACTTCCGGAAAGAGTGGTAGtCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttGTCTCTGGATGTTCTTTGAAGA TGTCTGTCTAAAGTGTCTATGttCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttCTTAGCTCTTATCCTCTACTGG TTTCTTCTGTCTCTGTGCTTCTtCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttGGTCTGTGTTATCTTCTGACAT GTCAGTTATGTCATAAGCAGCAGTtCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttGCATTACAGGCTTGTCTTCCAATG TCATTGCTTTCTTCTTCTGttCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttGACCACAGGGCTTACCCCTCGA TGCTGGAACAGCTTAAGTCTCTCAttCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttGTATTGATGGTACATTGTAACGG GGTATTGAAACAGGAACTGGTTGGtCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttATCTGGAACGCTTGGAAAAGGAAG TGTAGTAGGTATTCTCTGTGTTGGtCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttGATGGCTGTCCGTACATGGGATAT ATTTCATTCAAGAAATTCTTGGtCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttGGACAGACAAATTGGTACCTTGAG ATTGGTGAACGATTGCTAGTCTCTGttCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttCATTACGGGTAATTGGTCTGTT GCATCGTTACAGGTGAATAGGCAttCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttATCCAGTACCTGGCATGAGTAG GAACCTTGACAGGTGTTCTACGtCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttTGTGACATTCTGAGGGTT tCCATCTGCTGACATAAGAAAATCtCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttGCATTGCAAGTATGGCATTTGT GCTTGAATGCTGACATTCACCTGTTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttTTTAACTGTTCAACTTCAGGTCC CAGGTGCGGTGAATGACATAACAttCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttttttttatcaactccatTTCA TTCTGTGTTAAATTAGccgaattttCCACTCAACTTAACCCG GTCCCTGCCTCTATATCTttTATCAGATGAAACATGTTGAAA CCGGCGATAAAAGTTGCTGATTtCCACTCAACTTAACCCG

**Table S12** continued from previous page

Pool name	Sequence
B4_Mgal_10B094018_foxl2_28_Dla0	CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa agaaaaataacaataatataat TTGCATGGTAAGAAATTG Cctttaaat TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa TAATTTCTCTGTAGGCTCCATAA ttaaaaatatgaaataaattctCGATat TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa CATT CAGGTATGATAACAATATCTCA TTTTCTGGCAGAACATCGTACACat TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa TCCAGTAGGTATAATGCACCCGCTC ACTGTATGGCAATT TACCTCTCat TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa ACTGGAGCCATCGAAC TGTAGTCG TTGGTCTGTAAAGGAAGGAAA Tt TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa TTCAATTG CATTGGCTGATTG CATTG AACTGGGGAAAT GTGGTCCAGGA Tt TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa CGGTGGCGAACACGGGACTGGT TATAACTACAGGCCGTAAC TGG GAt TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa TGGAGATGCAGAA TTTGGTGCCAGA ACTGtataactgttatttgcAt TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa TACGCTGGCGGTGAAAATACGGTT CACGGGGAAT TGTGAATACTGAGAt TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa AGTGTCCGTCACAAATAATGGTT TTAAAGAAAAT TGTGTATGGAGA t TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa ACGCATTCTCGTCACTGGTAG GAGAGATA TCGATCTCGTATGG Tt TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa GGTTCTAAAGTCCAATAATTCCCTT CCTTCTCAAACATGCTTCAAATGAt TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa TTACAACATCATT CAGACTTAG GTTCTCCCCACCTTCTTGGA Cat TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa CCTTATTTCTCATAGTAGGGAAAT GTGACGAATACTATTTGCCATCC Tt TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa AGTGTAAATCTTTATCATCGCATT TTCATGATAAT TGTGATAAATCCACat TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa AAGAATATGGTGGTTGACATCGGG TAATTGCCATAGCAATAAGAGCAACat TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa TTGTTCTCTTTCTGGTTTT TTTTCACCGGTTTATCACAGAT Tt TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa CATTCTGTTGCTACTATT CTCCAT TCTTATCTCAAAGTAGATT Tt TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa TTAAACATGTT CAGGAATTG TAGGT TGCAGGGATTCCACATT TCCGCTAat TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa CTGAATTGCGATTTCGAGAGCGGT CACATTTCGAGTCCATAAAGTT Tt TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa CGTCAAACTG Tcatctaaat tt GCTTTAATTIAAAATC CAAATCTGAat TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa ataataat tag AATTACAAACACGC tat ttcatgtttccat tttgtaaat TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa CATCGATT TTTtttttttttttttt TCATAATGAGTTATATA TGTCTT Tt TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa TAAC TCTCATT TTTGTCATCG CTCAGGTTTAGTGACTTCAAATC at TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa TAGTCACCAATG TATTCTCATGG TTTCTCTCTTTAATTCTGT Cat TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa CACTTCTCAGGATCTTAAACCTT GTCTTTCTTACTAAAGGTGACTT Tt TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa TCAAAC TATTGGCTGATCTGTAT TGTCTGATAACCCAGGACA CACTCAat TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC CCTCAACCTACCTCCAA Caa CGTTGCTTGTCTTCTTGGTGG CGTTGGTGGTGTATT TGCA Tt TCTCACCATATT CGCTTC
B4_Mgal_10B094018_foxl2_28_Dla0	

## Supplementary tables

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**Supplementary Table S13 – Set of Vasa/Ddx4 and Ddx3 sequences used in the phylogenetic analysis.** For each sequence, the species, the gene accession number (Gene ID), the orthology group and the gene names for reference species are shown. Reference species are marked with an asterisk.

Species	Gene ID	Orthology group	Gene name
<i>Phreagena okutanii</i>	DN44424.c0.g1.i2.p1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Calyptogena (Archivesica) marissinica</i>	Ama38729	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Calyptogena (Archivesica) marissinica</i>	Ama38727	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Corbicula fluminea</i>	DN125059.c0.g1.i19.p1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Mactra chinensis</i>	DN48157.c2.g2.i2.p1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Ruditapes decussatus</i>	DN22317.c4.g2.i1.p1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Ruditapes philippinarum</i>	XP_060562671.1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Mercenaria mercenaria</i>	XP_053394752.1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Cyclina sinensis</i>	Hic.asm.11.970.2	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Pisidium coreanum</i>	DN31082.c0.g1.i7.p1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Dreissena polymorpha</i>	XP_052283635.1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Mya arenaria</i>	XP_052775885.1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Sinonovacula constricta</i>	Chr8.1697	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Solen grandis</i>	DN2375.c0.g1.i12.p1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Tridacna squamosa</i>	DN1975.c0.g1.i5.p1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Panopea generosa</i>	DN2386.c0.g1.i4.p1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Cristaria plicata</i>	DN71694.c8.g1.i1.p1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Hyriopsis bialata (Unio delphinus)</i>	M00000006703	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Potamilus streckersoni</i>	KAK3601505.1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Margaritifera margaritifera</i>	MMAM00000026330	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Perna viridis</i>	s01977g89	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Perumytilus purpuratus</i>	DN96437.c0.g1.i2.p1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Mytilus galloprovincialis</i>	VDI03911.1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Mytilus galloprovincialis</i>	VDI03912.1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Modiolus modiolus</i>	DN179.c0.g1.i2.p1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Argopecten irradians concentricus</i>	Contig172.33	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Pecten maximus</i>	XP_033738807.1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Patinopecten yessoensis</i>	XP_021370692.1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Ostrea edulis</i>	XP_056020028.1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Magallana (Crassostrea) gigas</i>	XP_011437246.2	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Crassostra virginica</i>	XP_022316564.1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Saccostrea glomerata</i>	Sgl001349	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Pinctada margaritifera</i>	DN36893.c1.g3.i1.p1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Atrina pectinata</i>	DN813.c0.g1.i1.p1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Tegillarca granosa</i>	KAJ8305640.1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Anadara (Scapharca) broughtonii</i>	EVM0008860.1	Vasa/Ddx4	-
<i>Drosophila melanogaster*</i>	NP_001260458.1	Vasa/Ddx4	<i>vasa</i>
<i>Homo sapiens*</i>	NP_077726.1	Vasa/Ddx4	<i>DDX4</i>
<i>Mus musculus*</i>	NP_001139357.1	Vasa/Ddx4	<i>Ddx4</i>
<i>Danio rerio*</i>	NP_571132.1	Vasa/Ddx4	<i>ddx4</i>
<i>Caenorhabditis elegans*</i>	NP_491876.1	Vasa/Ddx4	<i>glh-2</i>
<i>Caenorhabditis elegans*</i>	NP_491963.1	Vasa/Ddx4	<i>glh-1</i>
<i>Caenorhabditis elegans*</i>	NP_491681.1	Vasa/Ddx4	<i>glh-3</i>

Table S13 continued from previous page

Species	Gene ID	Orthology group	Gene name
<i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> *	NP_491207.3	Vasa/Ddx4	<i>glh-4</i>
<i>Magallana (Crassostrea) gigas</i>	XP_011446924.2	Ddx3	-
<i>Magallana (Crassostrea) gigas</i>	XP_034330003.1	Ddx3	-
<i>Crassostra virginica</i>	XP_022337075.1	Ddx3	-
<i>Ostrea edulis</i>	XP_056006193.1	Ddx3	-
<i>Saccostrea glomerata</i>	Sgi003232	Ddx3	-
<i>Atrina pectinata</i>	DN371.c0.g4.i2.p1	Ddx3	-
<i>Pinctada margaritifera</i>	DN39745.c0.g1.i3.p1	Ddx3	-
<i>Perumytilus purpuratus</i>	DN34627.c0.g1.i16.p1	Ddx3	-
<i>Perna viridis</i>	s00037g119	Ddx3	-
<i>Mytilus galloprovincialis</i>	VDI00208.1	Ddx3	-
<i>Modiolus modiolus</i>	DN49076.c0.g1.i10.p1	Ddx3	-
<i>Tegillarca granosa</i>	KAJ8310842.1	Ddx3	-
<i>Argopecten irradians concentricus</i>	Contig829.57.3	Ddx3	-
<i>Pecten maximus</i>	XP_033759680.1	Ddx3	-
<i>Patinopecten yessoensis</i>	XP_021341010.1	Ddx3	-
<i>Hyriopsis bialata (Unio delphinus)</i>	M00000003015	Ddx3	-
<i>Cristaria plicata</i>	DN67742.c10.g2.i2.p1	Ddx3	-
<i>Megalonaia nervosa</i>	g136014.t1	Ddx3	-
<i>Potamilus streckersoni</i>	KAK3605786.1	Ddx3	-
<i>Margaritifera margaritifera</i>	MMAM00000009046	Ddx3	-
<i>Ruditapes decussatus</i>	DN22481.c1.g4.i1.p1	Ddx3	-
<i>Ruditapes philippinarum</i>	XP_060588962.1	Ddx3	-
<i>Cyclina sinensis</i>	Hic.asm.6.43.1	Ddx3	-
<i>Calyptogena (Archivesica) marissinica</i>	Ama32770	Ddx3	-
<i>Phreagena okutanii</i>	DN58569.c0.g1.i6.p1	Ddx3	-
<i>Mactra chinensis</i>	DN49476.c41.g3.i1.p1	Ddx3	-
<i>Corbicula fluminea</i>	DN126815.c0.g1.i7.p1	Ddx3	-
<i>Dreissena polymorpha</i>	XP_052217061.1	Ddx3	-
<i>Mya arenaria</i>	XP_052782518.1	Ddx3	-
<i>Pisidium coreanum</i>	DN3392.c0.g2.i6.p1	Ddx3	-
<i>Sinonovacula constricta</i>	Chr9.1187	Ddx3	-
<i>Sinonovacula constricta</i>	Chr9.1230	Ddx3	-
<i>Solen grandis</i>	DN51.c4.g1.i12.p1	Ddx3	-
<i>Panopea generosa</i>	DN13909.c0.g3.i2.p1	Ddx3	-
<i>Tridacna squamosa</i>	DN33643.c0.g2.i2.p1	Ddx3	-
<i>Danio rerio</i> *	NP_001119895.1	Ddx3	<i>ddx3xa</i>
<i>Danio rerio</i> *	NP_571016.2	Ddx3	<i>ddx3xb</i>
<i>Mus musculus</i> *	NP_149068.1	Ddx3	<i>Pl10</i>
<i>Homo sapiens</i> *	NP_001180346.1	Ddx3	<i>DDX3X</i>
<i>Drosophila melanogaster</i> *	NP_001262379.1	Ddx3	<i>bel</i>
<i>Pisidium coreanum</i>	DN29220.c0.g1.i2.p1	Ddx3	-
<i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> *	NP_001021793.1	Ddx3	<i>vbh-1</i>
<i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> *	NP_001254859.1	Ddx3	<i>laf-1</i>
<i>Pisidium coreanum</i>	DN19615.c0.g1.i2.p1	Ddx3	-