#### WEEK 14

# Use cases for the Case When statement



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# TABLE OF CONTENT



Numeric

**Functions** 

Datetime

**Functions** 

Recap and NextSteps



### Using CASE WHEN with Logical & Comparison Operators

- Scenario: Assigning a grade letter based on student scores.
- Explanation: Logical (AND, OR) and comparison operators (<, >, =) define conditions for grade levels.

```
SQL Syntax:

SELECT student_name, score,
   CASE WHEN score >= 90 THEN 'Excellent'
        WHEN score >= 80 THEN 'Good'
        WHEN score >= 70 THEN 'Average'
        ELSE 'Below Average'
   END AS grade_letter
FROM student_table;
```

## **Use Case 2 - Using CASE WHEN with Arithmetic Operators**

- Scenario: Calculating a price discount based on item quantity.
- **Explanation:** Arithmetic operators (+, -, \*) are used in the THEN clause to compute discounts.

#### **SQL Syntax:**

```
SELECT product_name, quantity, price,
  CASE WHEN quantity >= 3 THEN price * 0.9 -- 10% disc
      ELSE price
  END AS discounted_price
FROM sales_table;
```

# Benefits of Using CASE WHEN

- Enhances code readability by making conditional logic explicit.
- Reduces the need for complex WHERE clauses or multiple IF statements.
- Useful for data cleaning, categorization, and transformation.

#### Recap and Next Steps

#### **Key Takeaways:**

- The CASE WHEN statement simplifies SQL query logic.
- Can be used with logical, comparison, and arithmetic operators.
- Helps in various real-world scenarios such as grading and discount calculations.

- Next Steps:
  - Complete Week 14 Quiz

