Deep Learning

MGTF 495

Class Outline

- Deep Learning
 - Motivation
 - History & Phases in Research of Artificial Neural Networks
 - Recent wave in Artificial Neural Network
 - Types of Neural Networks
 - Examples/Applications of Artificial Neural Networks

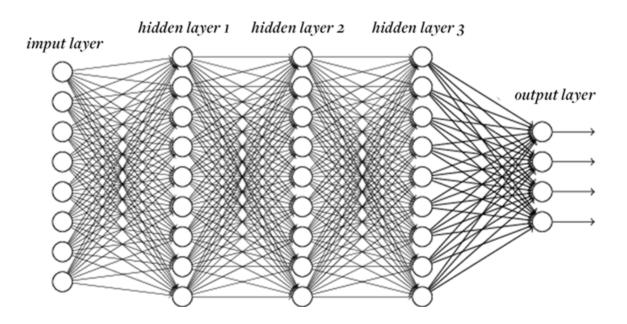
Motivation

• In human brain, billions of neurons interact with each other.



Motivation

- Idea is to replicate neurons in brain through Artificial Neuron.
- These artificial neurons interact with each other.



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- Research in Neural Networks died because
 - Required a lot of data.
 - Computation Intensive.

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Recent wave in Artificial Neural Network

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Recent wave in Artificial Neural Network

- It all began in 2012
- Image recognition challenge ImageNet
 - 1000 classes of images
 - ~ 1 Million training images.

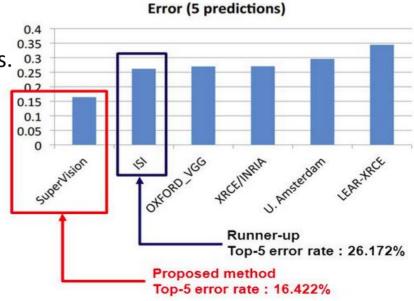


Recent wave in Artificial Neural Network

- ImageNet Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge (ILSVRC)
- Winning team
 - o **10%** better than other teams.
 - Team members:
 - Alex Krizhevsky
 - Geoffrey Hinton
 - <u>llya Sutskever</u> Director at OpenAl

This competition renewed interest in Neural Networks.

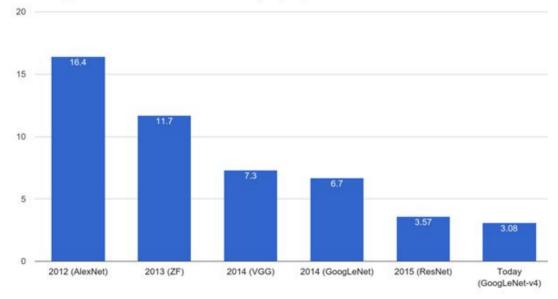
ILSVRC-2012 results



ImageNet Results

- Over the years, accuracy on ImageNet has significantly improved.
- Today, the Deep learning models have better accuracy than humans.
- Later, we will see the trend in this area of research.

ImageNet Classification Error (Top 5)



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- The algorithm existed since 1990's, so why Now?
- Neural networks require a lot of data to train
- Require a lot of computations.
- These problems are now solved.
 - Lots of Data with the help of Internet/Mobile Devices
 - Amazon Mechanical Turk label data.
 - Lots of computational power GPU

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 - Multilayer perceptron
 - Convolutional Neural Network
 - Recurrent Neural Network

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Multilayer Perceptron:

We will build most of our fundamental understanding with Multilayer

Perceptron(MLP)

- Most common variations of neural networks architecture are:
 - Multilayer perceptron(MLP)
 - Convolutional Neural Network(CNN)
 - Recurrent Neural Network(RNN)

• Multilayer Perceptron:

We will build most of our fundamental understanding with Multilayer

Perceptron(MLP)

- We will extend understanding of MLP into CNN.
- CNN's are typically used in Images/Videos related problems.
- Can be used to generate/draw images as well.

- Most common variations of neural networks architecture are:
 - Multilayer perceptron
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• Multilayer Perceptron:

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Perceptron(MLP)

Convolutional Neural Network:

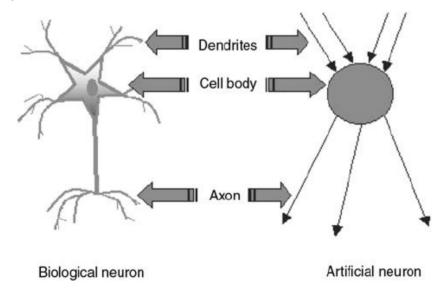
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Recurrent Neural Network:

- Typically used to understand sequences, eg speech, text, etc.
- It can even be used to generate music.

Artificial Neuron

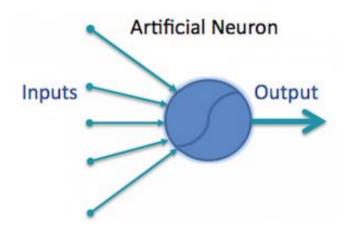
- We will talk only about intuition.
- We will study the mathematics later.



One neuron is connected to many other neurons

Artificial Neuron

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Multiple layer Perceptron

- Multiple Neurons interact with each other.
- We introduce the concept of layer.
- Also called
 - Fully connected layer
 - Dense layers

Multiple layer Perceptron

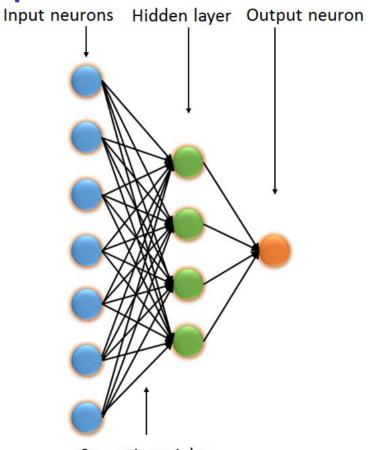
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Input layer -> Hidden layer -> Hidden Layer - > Output Layer

Multiple layer Perceptron

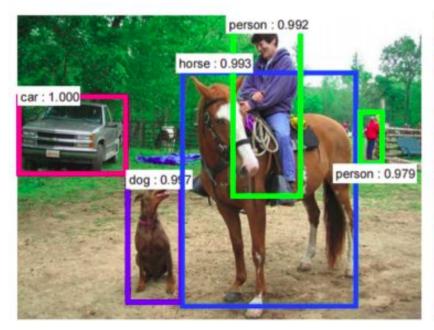
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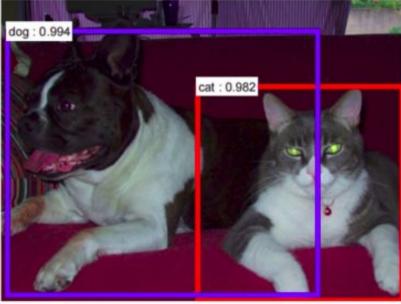
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Synaptic weights

- Most fundamental application of CNN:
 - Identify the objects.
 - Locate these objects in image.

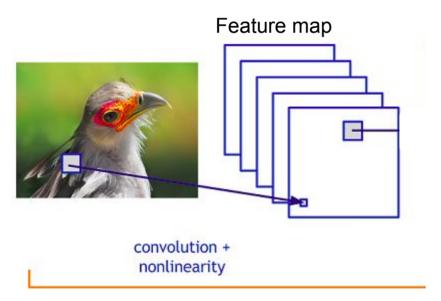




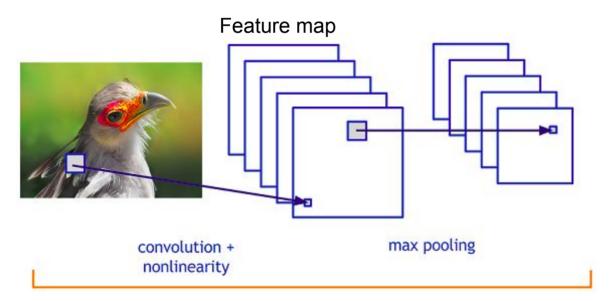
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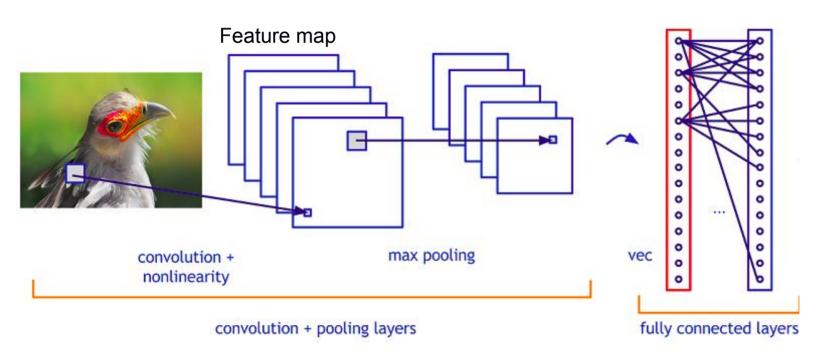


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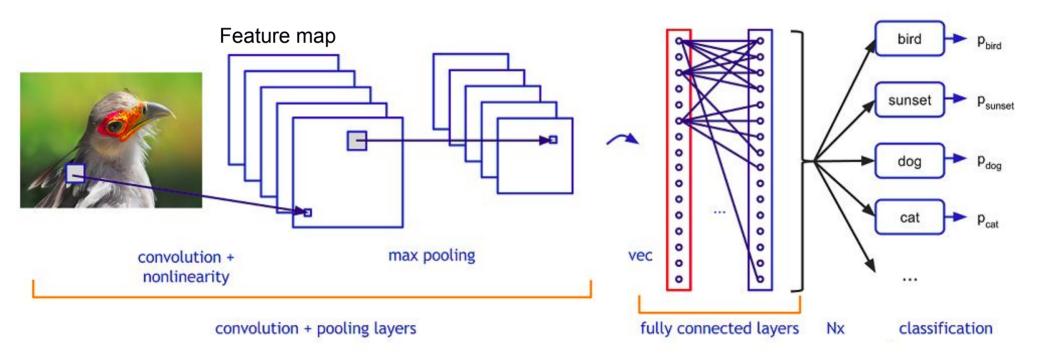


convolution + pooling layers

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Recurrent Neural Network

• Recurrent Neural Networks targets sequential/temporal information.

He is drinking Orange _____

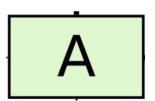
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Juice can be inferred from previous words/context

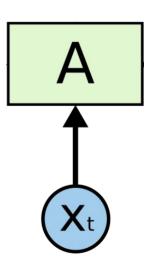
Recurrent Neural Network

- Recurrent Neural Network targets sequential/temporal information.
- RNN Cell has memory/state which stores information/context from the past.

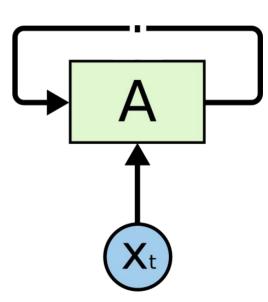
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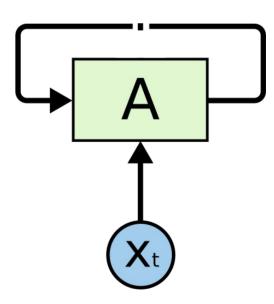
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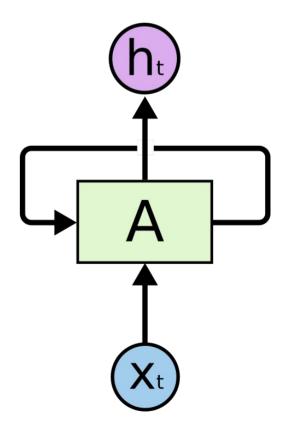
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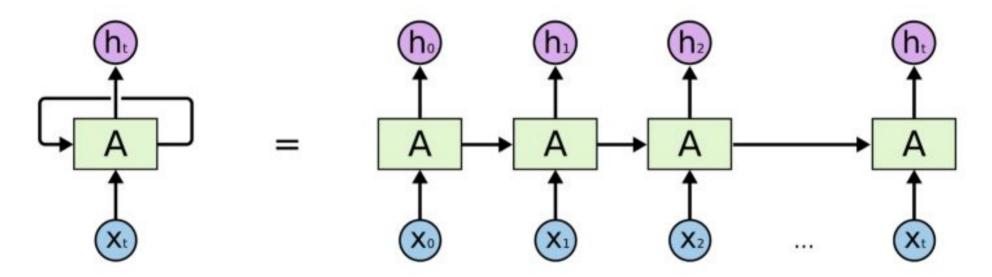
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- RNN Cell has memory/state which stores information/context from the past
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 - update their memory/state.
 - Generate an output.



Recurrent Neural Network: Unrolled in time



An unrolled recurrent neural network.

RNN and LSTM Cell

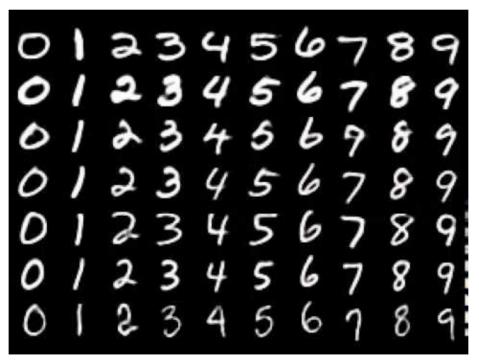
- LSTM: Long Short Term Memory
- RNN Cell specialized to remember past information/context.
 - LSTM Cell solves vanishing gradient problem seen in RNN Cell.(discussed later)
- Introduced in 1997
- Variants
 - Gated Recurrent Unit(GRU).

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Applications of Artificial Neural Networks

- Recognize digits.
- Widely used in Cheque deposit machines.



Applications of Convolutional Neural Networks

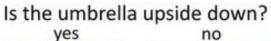
Visual Question Answering







woman



Who is wearing glasses?





Where is the child sitting? fridge arms





How many children are in the bed?





Applications of Convolutional Neural Networks

Image captioning



"man in black shirt is playing guitar."



"construction worker in orange safety vest is working on road."



"two young girls are playing with lego toy."

Image Captioning

Applications of Recurrent Neural Networks



Applications of Recurrent Neural Networks

- Train on Wikipedia, and they can summarize the articles.
- They can write software codes.
- Generate Music.
- Video classification.

Frameworks

- Neural networks are difficult to write from the scratch.
- There are standard libraries/frameworks, which can run parallely code on GPU
 - Theano University of Montreal.
 - Caffe Berkeley
 - TensorFlow Google
 - PyTorch Facebook
 - Keras A wrapper on top of TensorFlow/Theano
- In this course, we will use **Keras** framework with tensorflow backend.

State of the art network/applications

- Object Detection
- Object Segmentation
- Generative Networks