

$$\begin{split} Z &\sim \mathcal{N} \left(\mu_z \; , \; v_z \right) \\ U &\sim \mathcal{N} \left(\mu_u \; , \; v_u \right) \\ \varepsilon_x &\sim \mathcal{N} \left(0 \; , \; \epsilon_x \right) \\ \varepsilon_y &\sim \mathcal{N} \left(0 \; , \; \epsilon_y \right) \end{split}$$

$$X = w_{x0} + w_{xz}Z + w_{xu}U + \varepsilon_x$$
$$Y = w_{y0} + w_{yu}U + w_{yx}X + \varepsilon_y$$

As all the exogenous variables $(Z, U, \varepsilon_x, \varepsilon_y)$ are Gaussian and all the functions linear, $P\{Z, U, X, Y\}$ and thus $P\{Z, X, Y\}$ is a multivarite Gaussian.

$$P\{Z, X, Y\} \sim \mathcal{N} \left(\begin{bmatrix} \mu_z \\ w_{x0} + w_{xz}\mu_z + w_{xu}\mu_u \\ (w_{y0} + w_{yx}w_{x0}) + (w_{yu} + w_{yx}w_{xu})\mu_u + w_{yx}w_{xz}\mu_z \end{bmatrix}, \Sigma \right)$$

where,

$$\Sigma = \begin{bmatrix} \Sigma_{zz} & \Sigma_{zx} & \Sigma_{zy} \\ . & \Sigma_{xx} & \Sigma_{xy} \\ . & . & \Sigma_{yy} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} v_z & w_{xz}\Sigma_{zz} & w_{yx}\Sigma_{zx} \\ . & w_{xz}^2v_z + w_{xu}^2v_u + \epsilon_x & w_{xu}w_{yu}v_u + w_{yx}\Sigma_{xx} \\ . & . & w_{yx}^2\Sigma_{xx} + 2w_{yx}w_{yu}w_{xu}v_u + w_{yu}^2v_u + \epsilon_y \end{bmatrix}$$

We want to identify,

$$Y|do(X = x) = w_{y0} + w_{yu}U + w_{yx}x + \varepsilon_{y}$$

$$\implies P\{Y|do(X = x)\} = \mathcal{N}\left(w_{y0} + w_{yu}\mu_{u} + w_{yx}x, w_{yu}^{2}v_{u} + \epsilon_{y}\right)$$

$$= \mathcal{N}\left(\mu_{y} + w_{yx}(x - \mu_{x}), w_{yu}^{2}v_{u} + \epsilon_{y}\right)$$

$$= \mathcal{N}\left(\mu_{y} + \frac{\sum_{zy}}{\sum_{zx}}(x - \mu_{x}), \sum_{yy} + \frac{\sum_{zy}}{\sum_{zx}}\left(\frac{\sum_{zy}}{\sum_{zx}}\sum_{xx} - 2\sum_{xy}\right)\right)$$

The final equation is purely in terms of x and properties of the joint (non interventional) distribution $P\{X,Y,Z\}$ so we get unbiased point estimates for both the mean and variance of $P\{Y|do(X=x)\}$ provided $\Sigma_{zx}\neq 0$, that is if $v_z\neq 0$ and $w_{xz}\neq 0$.