

Assignment A2a: Signal Detection

Please follow the General Assignment Guidelines document on canvas under the Pages for completing this assignment. When you have completed the assignment, please follow the Submission Instructions.

Overview

This assignment focuses on detecting simple signals in noise.

Readings

The following material provides both background and additional context. It linked in the Canvas page for this assignment.

- Dusenbery, D. B. (1992). *Sensory Ecology*. Chapter 5 Signal Detection, sections 5-1 and 5-2.

Learning objectives

- write code to generate random signals
- use vector operations and logical indexing to concisely express computational ideas
- measure different types of detection errors
- characterize different types of error profiles with ROC curves

Exercises

1. Generating signals with events and additive noise

1a. Randomly occurring events in Gaussian noise

Write a function `genwaveform(N=100, alpha=0.1, A=1, sigma=1)` to generate a waveform that is a linear combination of a sparsely occurring events and additive Gaussian noise. Here, we assume the events are fixed amplitude impulses that occur within a single sample. The observed waveform, therefore, is a linear combination of the Gaussian background noise and these discrete events. The parameters specify the waveform length `N`, the event probability `alpha`, the event amplitude `A`, and noise standard deviation `sigma`. Assume the noise mean is zero. The values listed are defaults. The event probability specifies the probability of an event occurring within a sample. Assume the events are independent. The function should return a tuple of the resulting waveform and array of the event locations as indices.

Plot the generated waveform samples and display the location of the events with markers.

(Comment on terminology: The term "signal" can refer either to an individual event or the collection of events as a whole. The waveform is the signal plus the noise. Note that "signal" is sometimes used loosely to refer to the observed waveform, rather than the waveform without the noise. This is because the signal itself cannot be observed directly, only inferred. The term "underlying signal" is often used to emphasize the component of the waveform without the noise.)

1b. Signals in uniform noise

Modify the `genwaveform` function so that it accepts an argument `noisetype` to specify the type of noise. Here we will use `Gaussian` and `uniform`. For uniform noise, we again assume zero mean. The `sigma` parameter should be interpreted as the width of the uniform distribution with range $[-\sigma/2, \sigma/2]$.

Plot an example using uniform noise.

1c. Notation

For a discrete waveform, the observed sample at time t is $y[t]$. For additive noise, this is the sum of the signal $x[t]$ and the noise $\epsilon[t]$

$$y[t] = x[t] + \epsilon[t]$$

Note we have used square brackets to indicate that the functions are a discrete.

The discrete delta-function

$$\delta[t] = \begin{cases} 1 & t = 0 \\ 0 & t \neq 0, \end{cases}$$

is commonly used is to express the occurrence of a unit impulse at sample τ :

$$\delta[t - \tau]$$

i.e. a discrete function that is zero everywhere except at $t = \tau$, where it has a value of one.

Write an equation to express the signal $x[t]$ as a sum of N events of amplitude A that occur at times τ_i . Also write an expression to indicate that the noise $\epsilon[t]$ is distributed according to a Normal with mean μ and variance σ^2 .

1d. Conditional probability

What is the expression for the probability distribution of the waveform at time t given that there is a signal?

2. Signal detection

2a. Effect of parameters on detection probability

Explain what effect the parameters and type of noise have on detection probability. For what values does the probability reduce to pure chance? Or become certain (i.e. approach 1)? Explain your reasoning and illustrate with plots.

2b. Types of detections and detection errors

Write a function `detectioncounts(si, y, theta)` which given an array `y`, signal index `si`, and threshold `theta`, returns a named tuple (tp, fn, fp, tn) of the counts of the true positives, false negatives, false positives, and true negatives.

Write a function that plots the samples and threshold and shows the true positives, false negatives, and false positives with different markers.

2c. Detection probabilities

Using either the error or signal probability distributions, what is the mathematical expression for the probability a false positive? What is it for a false negative? (Note that these are conditioned on the signal being absent or present, respectively.)

Write the functions `falsepos` and `falseneg` to return the expected false positive and negative rates. The first argument should be the threshold θ , the rest of the arguments should be keyword arguments that follow those of `genwaveform` but without unnecessary parameters.

What are the expected error probabilities using the information and count results from above? How could you estimate these from the distribution parameters and detection threshold? Show that your empirical results are consistent with those calculated analytically.

3. ROC cures

3a. Threshold considerations

Explain why, in general, there is not an optimal value for the threshold. What value minimizes the total error probability? How is that different from minimizing the total number of errors?

3b. ROC plot

Write a function `plotROC` to plot the ROC curve using the functions above. It should use a similar parameter convention.

Tests and self checks

You should write tests for your code and make plots to verify that your implementations are correct. After you submit your draft version, take the self check quiz. This will give you feedback so you can make corrections and revisions before you submit your final version. Here are examples of the types of questions you can expect

- conceptual questions from the readings and lectures
- questions from the assignment
- plot waveforms of signals in Gaussian and uniform noise using specified parameters
- plot examples that have high and low SNR
- question that use reference data ("A2a-testdata.h5" in "Files/assignment files" on Canvas)

Submission Instructions

Please refer to the Assignment Submission Instructions on canvas under the Pages tab.