

- /· RSA (Rivest–Shamir–Adleman) cryptosystem
Firstly we will encrypt a credit card number
5613 7024 3798 6943 by the public key (n,e).
Secondly we will find a private key d
and decrypt the credit card number. ·/
- /· public key n=1000001, e=13 ·/;
- /· factorization of n ·/
`factor(1000001);`
- /· L ·/
`lcm(100,9900);`
- /· factorization of L ·/
`factor(9900);`
- /· gcd(L,e)=1? ·/
`gcd(9900,13);`
- /· Load a function finding
a solution (d,k) to $de - kL = 1$. ·/
`load(gcdex)$`
- /· Find a private key d. ·/
`igcdex(13,9900);`
- /· Find a private key d
which is the minimum positive integer. ·/
`%+9900;`
- /· encryption of plaintext 5613 ·/
`mod(5613^13,1000001);`
- /· decryption of ciphertext 675406 ·/
`mod(675406^8377,1000001);`

- / · encryption of plaintex 7024 · /
 $\text{mod}(7024^{13}, 1000001);$
- / · decription of ciphertext 911491 · /
 $\text{mod}(911491^{8377}, 1000001);$
- / · encryption of plaintex 3798 · /
 $\text{mod}(3798^{13}, 1000001);$
- / · decription of ciphertext 446624 · /
 $\text{mod}(446624^{8377}, 1000001);$
- / · encryption of plaintex 6943 · /
 $\text{mod}(6943^{13}, 1000001);$
- / · decription of ciphertext 644570 · /
 $\text{mod}(644570^{8377}, 1000001);$