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/ · eigenvalues, eigenvectors, diagonalization
           and Jordan normal form of square matrices
       - the rotation matrix of \pi/2 radian on the plane
       - a square matrix of order 3 with distinct eigenvalues
       - a diagonalizable square matrix of order 3
       - a Jordan normal form of a square matrix of order 3
       - the package for matrix normalization
(%i1) / the rotation matrix of \pi/2 radian on the plane \cdot /
       R: matrix([0,-1],[1,0]);
(%i2) / · characteristic polynomial · /
       expand(charpoly(R, z));
(\%02) z^2 + 1
(%i3) / · eigenvalues and multiplicity · /
       eigenvalues(R);
(%o3) [[-%i, %i], [1, 1]]
(%i4) / eigenvalues, multiplicity and associated eigenvectors · /
       eigenvectors(R);
(%04) [[[-%i,%i],[1,1]],[[[1,%i]],[[1,-%i]]]]
(%i5) / · a diagonalizer · /
       P0:transpose(matrix([1,%i],[1,-%i]));
(P0) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ \%i & -\%i \end{pmatrix}
(%i7) / · diagonalization · /
       D0:invert(P0).R.P0;
(%i8) / - a square matrix of order 3 with distinct eigenvalues - /
       A1:matrix([5,-3,6],[2,0,6],[-4,4,-1]);
(A1) \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -3 & 6 \\ 2 & 0 & 6 \\ -4 & 4 & 4 \end{bmatrix}
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(%i9) / · characteristic polynomial · /
         expand(charpoly(A1, z));
(\%09) -z^3 + 4z^2 - z - 6
(%i10) / · eigenvalues and multiplicity · /
         eigenvalues(A1);
(\%010) [[3,-1,2],[1,1,1]]
(%i11) / · eigenvalues, multiplicity and eigenvectors · /
         eigenvectors(A1);
(%011) [[[3,-1,2],[1,1,1]],[[[1,\frac{4}{3},\frac{1}{3}]],[[1,1,-\frac{1}{2}]],[[1,1,0]]]
(%i12) / · a diagonalizer · /
         P1:transpose(matrix([1,4/3,1/3],[1,1,-1/2],[1,1,0]));
(P1) \begin{bmatrix} \frac{4}{3} & 1 & 1 \\ \frac{1}{3} & -\frac{1}{3} & 0 \end{bmatrix}
(%i13) / · diagonalization · /
         D1:invert(P1).A1.P1;
(D1)  \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} 
(%i14) / · a diagonalizable square matrix of order 3 · /
         A2:matrix([-3,-2,-2],[4,3,2],[8,4,5]);
(A2)  \begin{pmatrix} -3 & -2 & -2 \\ 4 & 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix} 
(%i15) / · characteristic polynomial · /
         expand(charpoly(A2, z));
(\%015) -z^3 + 5z^2 - 7z + 3
(%i16) / · eigenvalues and multiplicity · /
         eigenvalues(A2);
(%o16) [[3,1],[1,2]]
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(%i17) / · eigenvalues, multiplicity and eigenvectors · /
        eigenvectors(A2);
(\%017) [[[3,1],[1,2]],[[[1,-1,-2]],[[1,0,-2],[0,1,-1]]]]
(%i18) / · a diagonalizer · /
        P2:transpose(matrix([1,-1,-2],[1,0,-2],[0,1,-1]));
(P2) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}
(%i19) / · diagonalization · /
        D2:invert(P2).A2.P2;

\begin{pmatrix}
3 & 0 & 0 \\
0 & 1 & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 1
\end{pmatrix}

(%i20) / · a Jordan normal form of a square matrix of order 3 · /
        A3:matrix([2,-1,2],[1,0,2],[-2,2,-1]);
(%i21) / · characteristic polynomial · /
        expand(charpoly(A3, z));
(\%021) -z^3+z^2+z-1
(%i22) / · eigenvalues and multiplicity · /
        eigenvalues(A3);
(%o22) [[-1,1],[1,2]]
(%i23) / · eigenvalues, multiplicity and eigenvectors · /
        eigenvectors(A3);
(%023) [[[-1,1],[1,2]],[[[1,1,-1]],[[1,1,0]]]]
        / · A3 cannot be diagonalizable.
           Find the generalized eigenspace subordinated to the eigenvalue 1. · /
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