

Installing/Configuring Java & Eclipse

If at any point during the installation/set-up process you are having difficulty, please post on Piazza. For something like this, we strongly encourage you to post publicly. Often times, an install problem that you are having is a problem another student might be having as well.

Part 1: Install Java

- In order to use Java, you need to first install the Java Development Kit (JDK)
 - o This is the package of tools for developing Java-based software
- You'll also need the Java Runtime Environment (JRE) which includes the Java
 Virtual Machine (JVM)
 - o This is the environment for running Java applications
 - The **JVM** is what actually runs compiled Java bytecode
- Download and install the **JDK**, which includes the **JRE**: https://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/index.html
 - o Download the latest version of the JDK for your OS

Part 2: Install Eclipse

- Install Eclipse via https://www.eclipse.org/downloads/
 - o Scroll down to locate and download the latest version of Eclipse.
 - o Clicking on the link will take you to a final screen where you can download the actual file for installation.
- Once the file has finished downloading, extract the compressed files with the default software on your computer. This will probably happen automatically if you double click the downloaded file.
- Run the Eclipse Installer by double-clicking it or right-clicking and choosing "Open".
- You will be asked what you want to install. Choose "Eclipse IDE for Java Developers".
- Once the installation is complete, launch Eclipse.

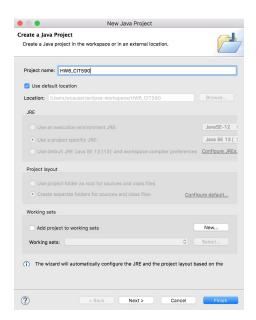


- Please pick the default workspace option (unless you have a really strong need to change it and know what you're doing).
- If necessary, close the welcome screen.

Part 3: Create a Project

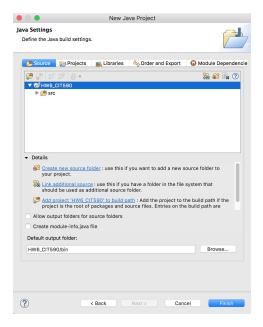
If you closed Eclipse after Part 2, re-open it and if necessary, close the welcome screen.

- Create a new project: File \rightarrow New \rightarrow Java Project
- For example, name the project "HW6_CIT590"
- Use the default output folder. Do not edit any of the other project settings in the New Java Project pop-up window -- confirm all of the options match below.

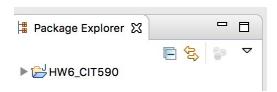


- Click Next
- Uncheck "Create module-info.java file"





- Click Finish
- The project will appear in the Package Explorer on the left hand side:



Part 4: Create a Class

• Click the arrow on the left of the project name to open its contents.

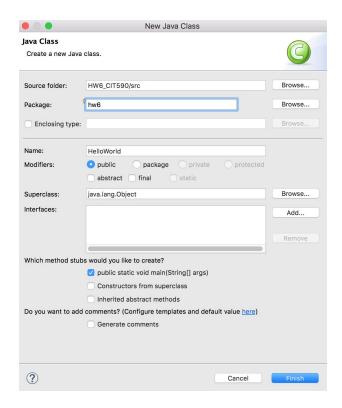


- Right click on the src folder. "src" is short for source.
- Select New → Class





- Create a new Class using the New Java Class pop-up window.
 - For example, name the class "HelloWorld"
 - o For example, name the package "hw6"
 - Please enter the class name and package exactly as we have written them. If you change the capitalization or spelling, you will lose points.
 - o Check the box that says "public static void main(String[] args)"
 - **o** Uncheck the box that says "Inherited abstract methods", if it is checked.
 - o Confirm all of the options match below.





- o Click Finish.
- Now, the Package Explorer should look like this:



• And there should be a file open, ready to edit, that looks like this:

```
## HelloWorld.java 

1 package hw6;

2 public class HelloWorld {
4 public static void main(String[] args) {
6  // TODO Auto-generated method stub
7  }
8 }
9
10 }
11
```

Part 5: Writing Code in Java

- Inside the main method, remove the comment that says: // TODO Auto-generated method stub
- Inside the main method, write the following line of code: System.out.println("Hello, World!");
- Save the file (using the Command-S or Ctrl-S shortcut should work fine).
- In the upper left hand corner, click Run. It's the green circle with the play button.

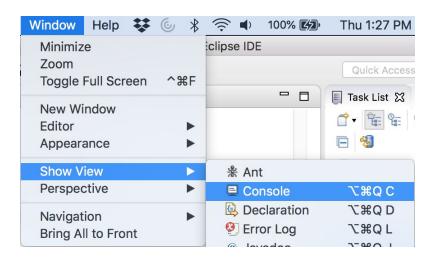




• The Console should appear in the bottom panel and Hello, World! should be printed there.



o If you don't see the console, go to Window [] Show View [] Console



Getting Help

For some of the code, you may need to look up documentation. The best place to start is in Eclipse itself. If you're coding with a particular type of Object, you can start typing your code and utilize code assist to look up method documentation.



```
package hw6;
       import java.util.Scanner;
                                                                                                                                  Q=
                                                                                                                                  XII
       public class HelloWorld {
                                                                                                                                  E 3
             public static void main(String[] args) {
String fullName = "Brandon Krakowsky";
                  fullName.
                               🍗 length() : int - String - 5%
                                                                                  Returns a string that is a substring of this string. The substring
                                                                                 begins at the specified beginIndex and extends to the character at index endIndex - 1. Thus the length of the
                               a equals(Object anObject) : boolean - String -
                               aubstring(int beginIndex, int endIndex) : Strin
                                                                                 substring is endIndex-beginIndex.
                               replaceAll(String regex, String replacement) :
                                                                                 Examples:
                               a substring(int beginIndex) : String - String - 1
                               toCharArray(): char[] - String - 1%
                                                                                            "hamburger".substring(4, 8) returns "urge"
"smiles".substring(1, 5) returns "mile"
                               split(String regex) : String[] - String - used
                               charAt(int index) : char - String
                               Chars(): IntStream - CharSequence
                                                                                  Parameters:

beginIndex the beginning index, inclusive.
                               codePointAt(int index) : int - String
                                                                                          endIndex the ending index, exclusive.
                                             Press '^Space' to show Template Proposals
```

You can also reference the online Java API Specification. For example, here's the documentation for the String class:

https://docs.oracle.com/en/java/javase/13/docs/api/java.base/java/lang/String.html