

U) 采用划线法构造8节点插值函数:

$$\begin{cases} N_{i} = \frac{1}{4}(1+\xi_{i}\xi)(1+\eta_{i}\eta)(\xi_{i}\xi+\eta_{i}\eta-1) & (i=1,2,3,4) \\ N_{i} = \frac{1}{2}(1-\xi^{2})(1+\eta_{i}\eta) & (i=5,7) \\ N_{i} = \frac{1}{2}(1+\xi_{i}\xi)(1-\eta^{2}) & (i=6,8) \end{cases}$$

 $T = \{9x\} = \{6-31\}$ 插值函数用局部坐标表达为:

2、 (1) 插值形式为
$$\varphi(\xi) = \frac{\xi}{\xi_{1}} H_{1}Q_{1}, \\ \xi_{2} H_{1} = H_{1}^{(0)}(\xi), H_{2} = H_{1}^{(0)}(\xi), H_{3} = H_{2}^{(0)}(\xi), H_{4} = H_{2}^{(0)}(\xi)$$

$$Q_{1} = \varphi_{1}, Q_{2} = \left(\frac{d\varphi}{d\xi}\right)_{1}, Q_{3} = \varphi_{2}, Q_{4} = \left(\frac{d\varphi}{d\xi}\right)_{2}$$
 假设 H_{1} 为 $=$ 次多项式

$$Q_1 = \varphi_1$$
, $Q_2 = \left(\frac{d\varphi}{d\xi}\right)_1$, $Q_3 = \varphi_2$, $Q_4 = \left(\frac{d\varphi}{d\xi}\right)_2$ 假设从为三次多项式

$$H_i = a_i + b_i \xi + c_i \xi^2 + d_i \xi^3$$
 $\xi_i = 0$, $\xi_2 = 1$ $H_i(\xi_i) = H_i(0) = a_i = 0$

$$H_{i} = \alpha_{i} + b_{i} \xi + C_{i} \xi^{2} + d_{i} \xi^{3}$$

$$\xi_{i} = 0, \xi_{i} = 1$$

$$H_{i}(\xi_{i}) = H_{i}(0) = \alpha_{i} = 1$$

$$H_{i}(\xi_{i}) = \alpha_{i} + b_{i} + C_{i} + d_{i} = 0$$

$$\frac{dH_{i}}{d\xi}(\xi_{i}) = \frac{dH_{i}}{d\xi}(0) = b_{i} = 0$$

$$\frac{dH_{i}}{d\xi}(\xi_{i}) = b_{i} + 2C_{i} + 3d_{i} = 0$$

$$H_{2}(\xi_{1}) = H_{2}(0) = a_{2} = 0$$
 $H_{2}(\xi_{2}) = a_{2} + b_{2} + C_{2} + d_{2} = 0$ $\frac{dH_{2}}{d\xi}(\xi_{1}) = b_{2} = 1$ $\frac{dH_{2}}{d\xi}(\xi_{2}) = b_{2} + 2C_{2} + 3d_{2} = 0$

$$H_3(\xi_1) = a_3 = 0$$
 $H_3(\xi_2) = a_3 + b_3 + C_3 + d_3 = 1$ $\frac{dH_3}{d\xi}(\xi_1) = b_3 = 0$ $\frac{dH_3}{d\xi}(\xi_2) = b_3 + 2C_3 + 3d_3 = 0$

解得:
$$a_3=0$$
, $b_3=0$, $c_3=3$, $d_3=-2$

$$H_{4}(\xi_{1}) = \alpha_{4} = 0, H_{4}(\xi_{2}) = \alpha_{4} + b_{4} + C_{4} + d_{4} = 0$$

$$\frac{dH_{4}(\xi_{1}) = b_{4} = 0}{d\xi_{1}(\xi_{1}) = b_{4} = 0}$$

$$\frac{dH_{4}(\xi_{1}) = b_{4} = 0}{d\xi_{1}(\xi_{2}) = b_{4} + 2C_{4} + 3d_{4} = 1$$

解得:
$$a_4 = 0$$
, $b_4 = 0$, $c_4 = -1$, $d_4 = 1$

插值函数为:
$$H_1 = 1 - 3\xi^2 + 2\xi^3$$
 $H_2 = \xi - 2\xi^2 - \xi^3$

$$H_3 = 3\xi^2 - 2\xi^3$$
 $H_4 = -\xi^2 + \xi^3$

$$H_{4} = -\xi + \xi$$

$$Q_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\int_{0}^{1} H_{1} \cdot 3 d\xi \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\frac{3}{2} \end{pmatrix} \qquad M_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\int_{0}^{1} H_{2} \cdot 3 d\xi \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{5}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Q_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\int_{0}^{1} H_{3} \cdot 3 \, d\xi \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\frac{3}{2} \end{pmatrix} \qquad M_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -\int_{0}^{1} H_{4} \cdot 3 \, d\xi \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{4} \end{pmatrix}$$

3、局部坐标如图所示

$$J = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\xi}{2} \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} & \chi_i & \frac{\xi}{2} \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} & y_i \\ \frac{\xi}{2} \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \eta} & \chi_i & \frac{\xi}{2} \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \eta} & y_i \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \left(\underbrace{\xi}_{i=1}^{\sharp} + (1 + \eta_{i}\eta) \xi_{i} \chi_{i} \right) \underbrace{\xi}_{i=1}^{\sharp} + (1 + \eta_{i}\eta) \xi_{i} \gamma_{i}$$

$$= \left(\underbrace{\xi}_{i=1}^{\sharp} + (1 + \xi_{i}\xi) \eta_{i} \chi_{i} \right) \underbrace{\xi}_{i=1}^{\sharp} + (1 + \xi_{i}\xi) \eta_{i} \gamma_{i}$$

$$(\xi_1, \eta_1) = (-1, -1), (\xi_2, \eta_2) = (1, -1), (\xi_3, \eta_3) = (1, 1), (\xi_4, \eta_4) = (-1, 1)$$

$$= + (1+\eta_i\eta) \le x_i = - + (1-\eta) + + (1-\eta) \times 3 + + (1+\eta) \times 2 - + (1+\eta) \times 0 = - (1-\eta) + - (1+\eta) = - + (1-\eta) + - (1-\eta) + - (1-\eta) = - + (1-\eta) + - (1$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + (1 + \eta_i \eta_i) = -\frac{1}{4} (1 - \eta_i) \times 0 + \frac{1}{4} (1 - \eta_i) \times 0 + \frac{1}{4} (1 + \eta_i) \times 2 - \frac{1}{4} (1 + \eta_i) \times 2 = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + (1+\xi_{i}\xi)\eta_{i}\chi_{i} = -\frac{1}{4}(1-\xi) - \frac{1}{4}(1+\xi)\chi_{3} + \frac{1}{4}(1+\xi)\chi_{2} + \frac{1}{4}(1-\xi)\chi_{0} = -\frac{1}{4}(1-\xi) - \frac{1}{4}(1+\xi) = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$=\frac{1}{4}+(1+\xi_{i}\xi)\eta_{i}y_{i}=-\frac{1}{4}(1-\xi)\times0-\frac{1}{4}(1+\xi)\times0+\frac{1}{4}(1+\xi)\times2+\frac{1}{4}(1-\xi)\times2=1$$

$$J = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$IJI = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$