BUILDING NANO SERVICES WITH OSGI



Building Nano Services with OSGi Speaker



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Building Nano Services with OSGi Speaker



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Twitter: peterkir



Agenda

- 1. Overview
- 2. Tooling
- 3. Exercise: Simple Service
- 4. OSGi Console
- 5. Configuration
- 6. Exercise: Configurable Service

- 7. Felix OSGi Web Console
- 8. Remote Service Admin
- 9. Exercise: Remote Service



OVERVIEW



Agenda

1. Overview

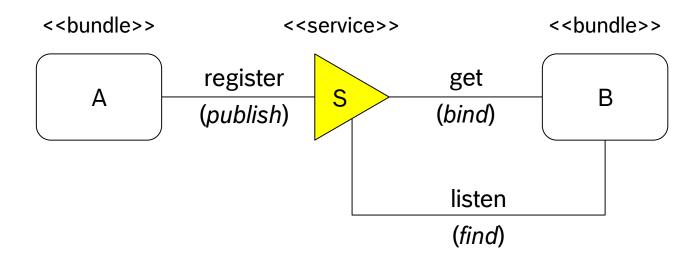
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Building Nano Services with OSGi Publish-Find-Bind

- ► Bundles **register (publish)** services
- ► Bundles **get (bind)** services
- ► Bundles **listen (find)** services





Building Nano Services with OSGi Components

► (Service) Component

- Java class contained in a bundle
- Declared via Component Description

▶ Component Description

- XML document to declare a Service Component

▶ Component Configuration

- Component Description that is parameterized with component properties
- Tracks the component dependencies and manages the component instance

▶ Component Instance

- Instance of the component implementation class
- Created when a Component Configuration is activated
- Discarded when the Component Configuration is deactivated



Building Nano Services with OSGi References

▶ References

- The definition of dependencies to other services.

▶ Target Services

- The services that match the reference interface and target property filter.

▶ Bound Services

The services that are bound to a Component Configuration.

► Access Strategies

- Event Strategy
- Lookup Strategy
- Field Strategy (1.3)



Building Nano Services with OSGi Component Types

▶ Delayed Component

- Activated when the service is requested
- Needs to specify a service

▶ Immediate Component

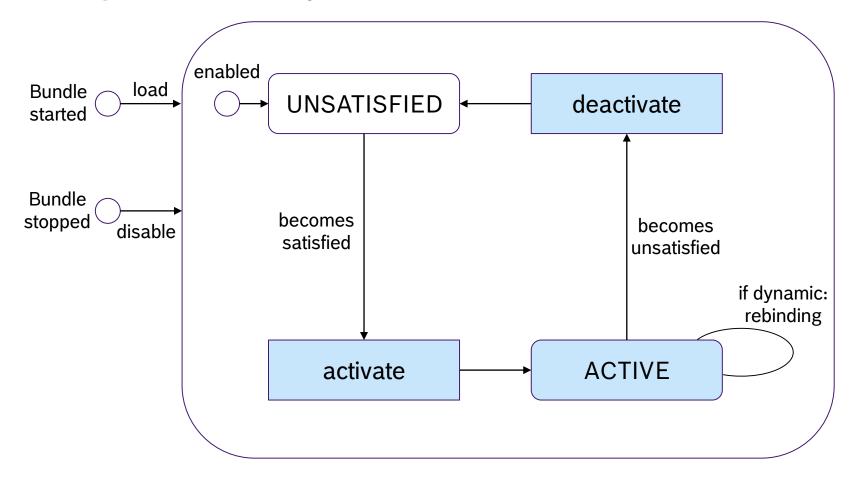
- Activated as soon as all dependencies are satisfied
- Does not need to specify a service

▶ Factory Component

Creates and activates Component Configurations

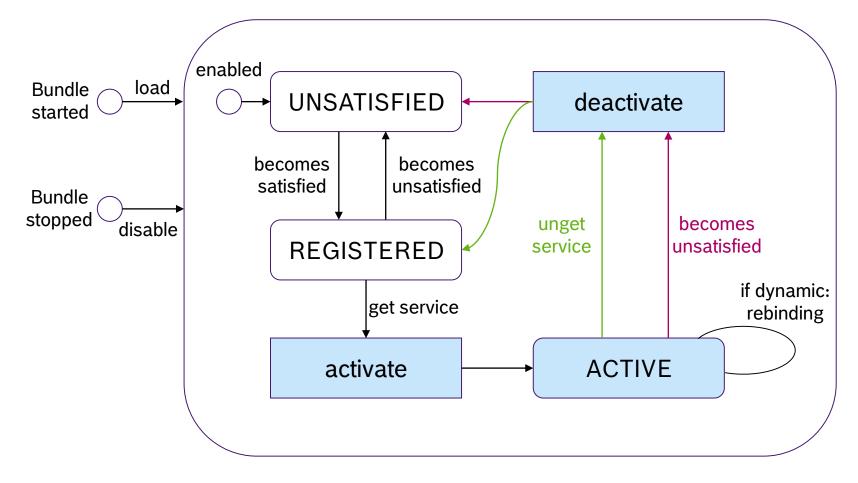


Building Nano Services with OSGi Component Lifecycle – Immediate





Building Nano Services with OSGi Component Lifecycle – Delayed





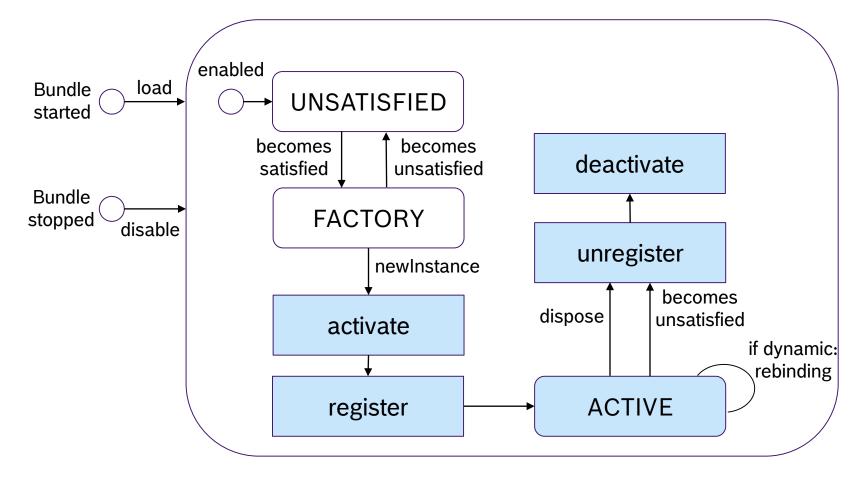
Building Nano Services with OSGi Component Lifecycle – Activation

- ► Activation consists of the following steps:
 - 1. Load the component implementation class
 - 2. Create the component instance and component context
 - 3. Bind the target services
 - 4. Call the activate method if present
- ► For **Delayed Components** the load time is moved to the first request (including reference bindings)

(see Declarative Services Specification Version 1.3 – 112.5.6 Activation)



Building Nano Services with OSGi Component Lifecycle – Factory





TOOLING



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Building Nano Services with OSGi Tooling

▶ Since Eclipse Neon

- PDE DS Annotations Support
- Contribution by Peter Nehrer (@pnehrer)



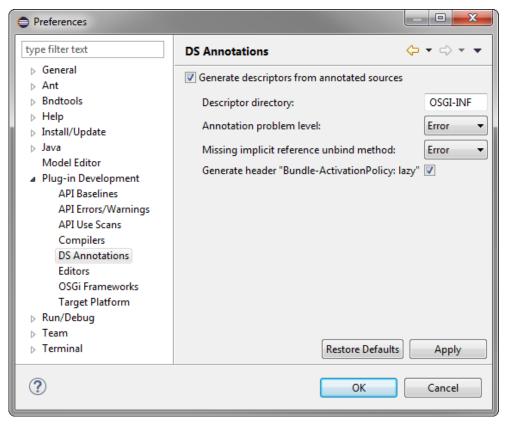
► Eclipse <= Mars

Declarative Services Annotations Support (<u>Eclipse Marketplace</u>)
 https://marketplace.eclipse.org/content/declarative-services-annotations-support



Building Nano Services with OSGi PDE – DS Annotations Support

► Activate DS Annotations Support via Preferences





Building Nano Services with OSGi Bndtools

- ► Additional Eclipse Plug-ins (bundles)
 - Focus on bnd configurations
 - OSGi metadata is generated
- ► <u>Installation</u> via Eclipse Marketplace or Update Site http://bndtools.org/installation.html





Building Nano Services with OSGi PDE vs. Bndtools

Topic	PDE	Bndtools
Project layout	Special PDE project layout	Default Java project layout
MANIFEST.MF handling	Explicit editing	Generated out of meta-data
Package imports	Manually (manual triggered calculation)	Bytecode-based import calculation
Import/export package versions	Explicit properties	Implicit conventions
Launch defaults	Persisted, No Update	Clean, Hot Bundle Deploy
Bundle handling	IDE uses "virtual bundle" Explicit export	Instant bundle creation
One Eclipse project	One bundle	Can become multiple bundles



Building Nano Services with OSGi Provided Tooling

- ► IDEfix Oomph Setup
 - Eclipse Committers Oxygen M2
 - Bndtools 3.3.0
- ► Added the following bundles to the installation to avoid p2 target definition
 - ECF Remote Services SDK 3.13.2
 - Equinox Target Components 3.12.0
 - Apache Felix Webconsole All 4.2.16



EXERCISE: SIMPLE SERVICE



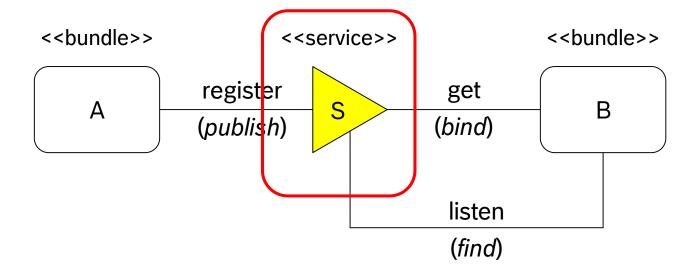
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Building Nano Services with OSGi Service API





Building Nano Services with OSGi Service API

- ► Create a bundle for the service API (e.g. *examples.service.api*)
- ► Create the service interface

```
public interface StringModifier {
    String modify(String input);
}
```

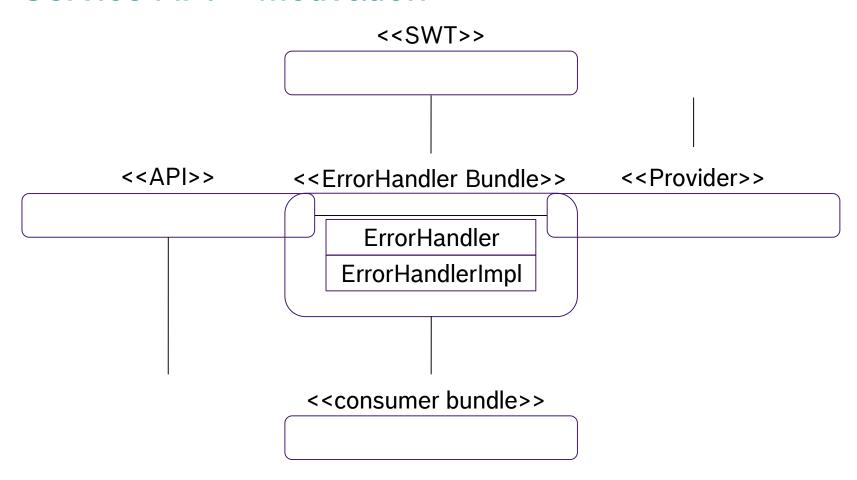
M(ost) U(seless) S(ervice) E(ver)

- → Make the service implementation exchangeable
- → Clean dependency hierarchy



Building Nano Services with OSGi

Service API - Motivation





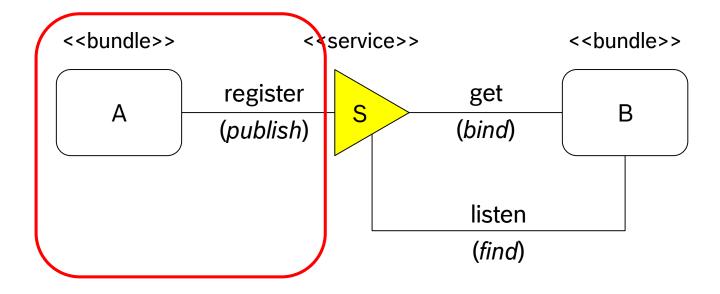
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Building Nano Services with OSGi Service Implementation





Building Nano Services with OSGi Service Implementation

- ► Create the *Service Component*
- ▶ Let the Component Description be generated via @Component

```
@Component
public class StringInverterImpl implements StringModifier {
    @Override
    public String modify(String input) {
        return new StringBuilder(input).reverse().toString();
    }
}
```



Building Nano Services with OSGi @Component

► Annotation to mark a Java class as a Service Component

► Generates (general)

- Generation of Component Description XML file
- Generation of Service-Component header in MANIFEST.MF

► Generates (PDE)

- Bundle-ActivationPolicy: lazy header in MANIFEST.MF
- Adds Component Description XML file to build.properties

▶ Generates (Bndtools)

- Provide-Capability header for osgi.service
- Require-Capability header for osgi.extender (DS 1.3)



Building Nano Services with OSGi Capabilities

- ► Capability = non-code dependency
- ▶ osgi.extender=osgi.component

```
Require-Capability: osgi.extender;
filter:="(&(osgi.extender=osgi.component)(version>=1.3)(!(version>=2.0)))"
```

- added to spec with DS 1.3
- Equinox DS adapted for DS 1.2 with Eclipse Neon
- ▶ osgi.service
 - specify the provided service implementations

```
Provide-Capability: osgi.service;
objectClass:List<String>="org.fipro.inverter.StringInverter"
```

The p2 resolver does not support OSGi capabilities!



Building Nano Services with OSGi

@Component

Type Element	Default	Type Element	Default
configurationPid	full qualified class name of the component	property	empty
configurationPolicy	optional	service	full qualified class names of all directly implemented interfaces
enabled	true	servicefactory (depr. in 1.3)	false
factory	empty String	xmlns	lowest DS XML namespace that supports used features
immediate	false if factory or service true otherwise		
name	full qualified class name of the component	reference (since 1.3)	empty
properties	empty	scope (since 1.3)	SINGLETON



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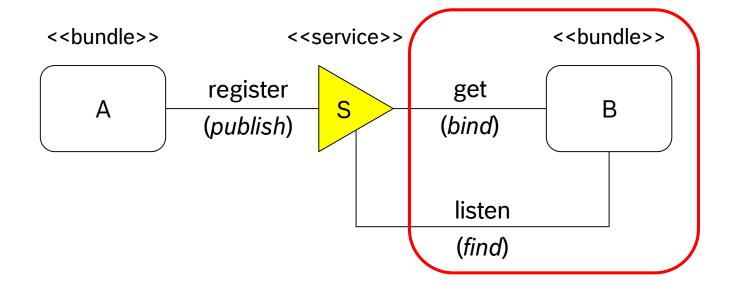
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Building Nano Services with OSGi

Service Consumer





Building Nano Services with OSGi Service Consumer

- ► Create the service consumer as *Service Component*
- ► Reference the Service Component that should be consumed via @Reference



Building Nano Services with OSGi @Reference

- ► Specify dependency on other <u>services</u>
- ► Resolving references is required to satisfy a component (if the reference is not optional)
- **▶** Different strategies for accessing services
 - Event Strategy
 - Field Strategy (DS 1.3)
 - Lookup Strategy



@Reference - Event Strategy

► Event Strategy – using event methods for bind/updated/unbind

```
@Component(...)
public class StringModifierCommand {
   private StringModifier modifier;
   @Reference
   void bindStringModifier(StringModifier modifier) { this.modifier = modifier; }
   void updatedStringModifier(
            StringModifier modifier, Map<String, ?> properties) { //do something }
   void unbindStringModifier(StringModifier modifier) { this.modifier = null; }
   public void modify(String input) { System.out.println(modifier.modify(input)); }
```



@Reference - Event Method Parameter

► ServiceReference

```
void bindStringModifier(ServiceReference<StringModifier> reference)
```

<service type>

```
void bindStringModifier(StringModifier modifier)
```

► <service type> + Map<String, ?>

```
void bindStringModifier(
    StringModifier modifier, Map<String, Object> properties)
```

With DS 1.3

- ► ComponentServiceObjects
- ▶ Different variations of the parameter list



@ Reference – Field Strategy

► Field Strategy (DS 1.3) – using instance fields



Building Nano Services with OSGi @Reference - Lookup Strategy (DS 1.2)

► Lookup Strategy (DS 1.2) – lookup everytime needed, do not store

```
@Component(...)
public class StringModifierCommand {
   private ComponentContext context;
   private ServiceReference<StringModifier> reference;
   @Activate
   void activate(ComponentContext context) { this.context = context; }
   @Reference
   void setStringModifier(ServiceReference<StringModifier> reference) { this.reference = reference; }
   public void modify(String input) {
            StringModifier modifier =
                        (StringModifier) context.locateService("StringModifier", reference);
```



@Reference - Lookup Strategy (DS 1.3)

► Lookup Strategy (DS 1.3) – lookup everytime needed, do not store

```
@Component(...
    reference=@Reference(name="modifier", service=StringModifier.class)
public class StringModifierCommand {
    private ComponentContext context;
    @Activate
    void activate(ComponentContext context) { this.context = context; }
    public void modify(String input) {
        StringModifier modifier = (StringModifier) context.locateService("modifier");
```



@Reference

Type Element	Default	Type Element	Default
cardinality	 1:1 for event methods 1:1 for non-collection fields, 0n for collections 	unbind	<pre>unbind<name> unset<name> remove<name></name></name></name></pre>
name	bind event method name without bind prefixname of the field	updated	updated <name> if such a method exists</name>
policy	STATIC		
policyOption	RELUCTANT	bind (since 1.3)	the name of the annotated method or empty
service	full qualified class name of the referenced service	field (since 1.3)	the name of the annotated field or empty
target	empty String	fieldOption (since 1.3)	REPLACE
		scope (since 1.3)	BUNDLE



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Building Nano Services with OSGi Launch in IDE / standalone runtime

► Required bundles

- examples.pde.command
- examples.pde.impl.inverter
- examples.pde.service.api
- org.apache.felix.gogo.command
- org.apache.felix.gogo.runtime
- org.apache.felix.gogo.shell
- org.eclipse.equinox.console

Application Bundles

OSGi Console

- org.eclipse.equinox.ds
- org.eclipse.equinox.util
- org.eclipse.osgi
- org.eclipse.osgi.services

→ Equinox DS Impl

Equinox Utils

Equinox OSGi Impl

Equinox OSGi Service Interfaces



OSGI CONSOLE (GOGO SHELL)



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OSGi Console - Commands

Function	Equinox Console	Felix Gogo Shell		
Framework Commands				
List installed bundles	ss 1b [bundle-id bundle-name]	lb [bundle-id bundle-name]		
Start a bundle	start <bundle-id></bundle-id>	start <bundle-id></bundle-id>		
Stop a bundle	stop <bundle-id></bundle-id>	stop <bundle-id></bundle-id>		
List all available commands	help[sub-command]	help[sub-command]		
Exit the runtime	exit	exit 0		
SCR Commands				
List all components	list ls[bundle-id]	scr:list[bundle-id]		
Print all component information	component comp < component-id>	scr:info <component-id></component-id>		
Enable a component	enable en <component-id></component-id>	<pre>scr:enable <component-name></component-name></pre>		
Disable a component	disable dis <component-id></component-id>	scr:disable <component-name></component-name>		

<xxx> = mandatory parameter
[xxx] = optional parameter



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@Activate / @Modified / @Deactivate

► Component life cycle methods

▶ Method parameters

- ComponentContext
- BundleContext
- Map<String, ?>
 Map containing component properties
- -int / Integer for (@Deactivate)
- < Component Property Type> (DS 1.3)
 Type safe access to component properties

```
@Activate
private void activate(
    ComponentContext c,
    BundleContext b,
    Map<String, ?> properties) {
    //do some initialization stuff
}
```



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CONFIGURATION



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Building Nano Services with OSGi Component Properties

- ► Set of properties → key-value-pairs
- ► Can be specified via
 - Component Description (directly vs. Java Properties file)
 Static configuration of default values or for usage by referencing components
 - Configuration Admin Service
 Dynamic configuration
 - Component Factory
 Dynamic configuration per created Component Instance
- ▶ Can be consumed
 - in lifecycle methods (Component Properties)
 - in event methods (Service Properties)



Building Nano Services with OSGi Component Properties – Definition

▶ Direct

- <name>(:<type>)?=<value>
- Type is optional, defaults to String

```
@Component(
    property = {
        "osgi.command.scope:String=examples",
        "osgi.command.function:String=modify"
    },
    service = StringModifierCommand.class)
public class StringModifierCommand {
```

► Java Properties file

- Only values of type String
- Properties file needs to be located in the bundle

```
@Component(
    properties = OSGI-INF/config.properties,
    service = StringModifierCommand.class)
public class StringModifierCommand {
```



Building Nano Services with OSGi Component Properties – Consume DS 1.2

▶ Via Component Properties Map<String, Object> in lifecycle methods

```
@Activate
private void activate(Map<String, Object> properties) {
    // do some initialization stuff
}
```

▶ Via Service Properties Map<String, Object> in event methods

```
@Reference
void bindModifier(StringModifier modifier, Map<String, Object> properties) {
   // check properties
   this.modifier = modifier;
}
```



Building Nano Services with OSGi Component Properties – Consume DS 1.3

- ► Component Property Types
 - Type safe access to Component Properties
 - Only usable in lifecycle methods
 - Implemented as annotation (although not used as such)
 - no-argument methods
 - limited return types supported
 - support of default values
 - Can be combined with Map<String, Object>

```
@interface Config {
   String message() default "";
   int iteration() default 0;
}
```

```
@Activate
private void activate(Config config) {
    // do some initialization stuff
}
```



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Building Nano Services with OSGi Configuration Admin Service

- Component Configuration attributes
 - configurationPid
 PID (Persistent IDentity) = key for components that need a Configuration object
 default: PID → Component Name → fully qualified class name
 - configurationPolicy
 Relationship between Component and Configuration object
 - OPTIONAL
 use if available, but be satisfied even without (default)
 - REQUIRE
 Component can only be satisfied if a Configuration object is available
 - IGNORE
 Never use an available Configuration object



Building Nano Services with OSGi Configuration Admin Service - Configuration

- ► Get a Configuration object via
 ConfigurationAdmin#getConfiguration (String)
 - get an existing object from the persistent store or creates a new one
- ► Check if the Configuration already contains properties
 - If yes, use them to ensure all configuration values are set
 - If not, create a new Dictionary
- ► Update the properties of the Configuration

```
Configuration config = cm.getConfiguration("PID");
Dictionary<String, Object> props = null;
if (config != null && config.getProperties() != null) {
    props = config.getProperties();
} else {
    props = new Hashtable<>();
}
...
config.update(props);
```



Building Nano Services with OSGi Configuration Admin Service – Location Binding

- ► Configuration objects can be bound to a bundle
 - Bundles can't access Configuration objects that are bound to another bundle
- ► Creation of the Configuration object can influence the binding
 - ConfigurationAdmin#getConfiguration(<PID>)
 Configuration object is bound to the calling bundle
 - ConfigurationAdmin#getConfiguration(<PID>, null)
 Configuration object is bound to the first requestor of the Configuration
 - ConfigurationAdmin#getConfiguration(<PID>, "?")
 Multi-location-binding Configuration object is bound to all targest with the
 matching PID



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Building Nano Services with OSGi Configuration Change Notifications

► Inside the configurable component - @Modified lifecycle method

```
@Modified
void modified(Map<String, Object> properties) {
    // do something with the change properties
}
```

▶ Inside the referencing component – updated event method



EXERCISE: CONFIGURABLE SERVICE



Building Nano Services with OSGi Launch in IDE / standalone runtime

- ► Additional required bundles:

 - org.eclipse.equinox.metatype —— Equinox Metatype Service

FELIX WEBCONSOLE



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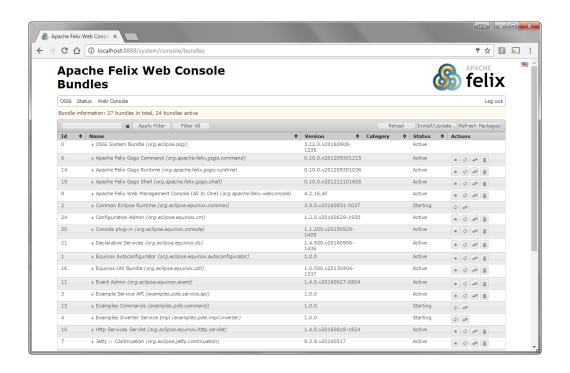
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Building Nano Services with OSGi Felix Webconsole – Introduction

- ► Tool to inspect and manage OSGi framework instances using a browser
- ► Requires a running OSGi Http Service implementation





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Building Nano Services with OSGi OSGi Metatype

- ▶ Dynamic typing system for *Configuration Properties*
- Purpose: dynamic construction of reasonable User Interfaces
- ► DS 1.2 Manual creation of metatype XML file in OSGI-INF/metatype Example
- ► DS 1.3 Generation of metatype XML file in combination with Component Property Type

```
@ObjectClassDefinition
public @interface ModifierConfig {
    String prefix() default "";
    String suffix() default "";
    int iteration() default 0;
    boolean uppercase default false;
}
```



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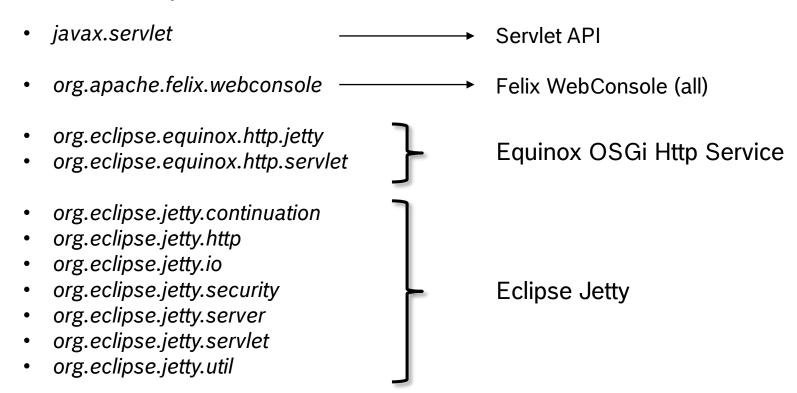
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Building Nano Services with OSGi Launch in IDE / standalone runtime

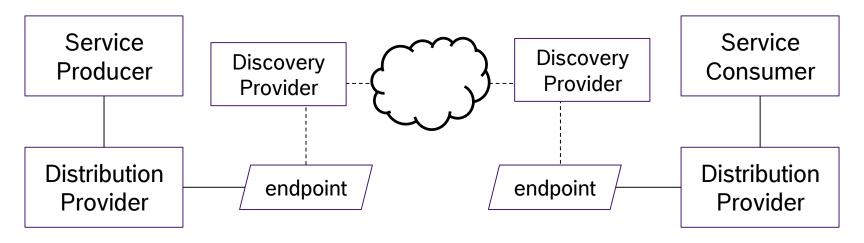
► Additional required bundles:



REMOTE SERVICE ADMIN

Building Nano Services with OSGi Remote Service Admin - Overview

- ► Export an OSGi service as a remote service
- ▶ Discovery Provider
 - Publish/Consume endpoints
- ▶ Distribution Provider
 - Export/Import services via endpoints





Building Nano Services with OSGi Remote Service Admin – Service Properties

- ▶ service.exported.interfaces=*
 Required property to specify which service interfaces should be exported.
 Using the wildcard it says that all the interfaces that are registered should be exported.
- ► service.exported.configs

 The ECF container type/container factory name for the desired provider.

 The ECF project provides several distribution providers, e.g.
 - ECF Generic Provider = ecf.generic.server
 - ECF r-OSGi Provider = ecf.r osgi.peer
 - and several more

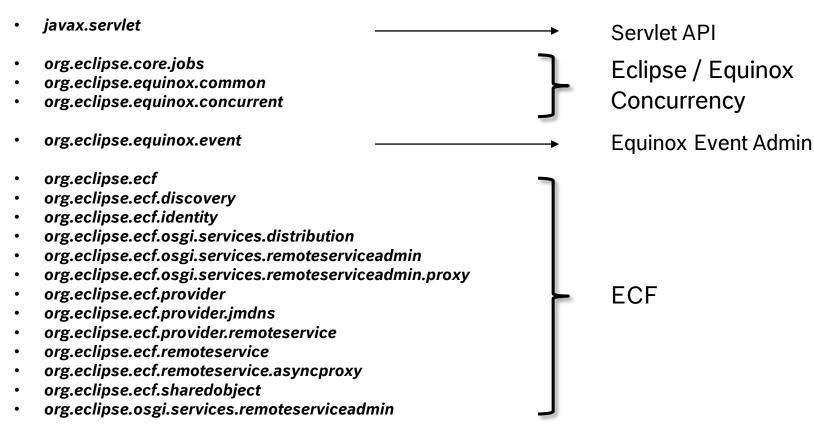
https://wiki.eclipse.org/Distribution_Providers



EXERCISE: REMOTE SERVICE

Building Nano Services with OSGi Launch in IDE / standalone runtime

► Additional required bundles:





Building Nano Services with OSGi Further information

► OSGi Compendium Specification

https://www.osgi.org/developer/specifications/

► enRoute Documentation

http://enroute.osgi.org/book/210-doc.html

▶ Blog posts

Getting Started with OSGi Declarative Services

http://blog.vogella.com/2016/06/21/getting-started-with-osgi-declarative-services/

OSGi Component Testing

http://blog.vogella.com/2016/07/04/osgi-component-testing/

Configuring OSGi Declarative Services

http://blog.vogella.com/2016/09/26/configuring-osgi-declarative-services/







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