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Knowledge Analysis Of Standard Operating Procedure At Restaurant During COVID-19 Pandemic Within Dine In Decisions

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Tourism involve in a lot of business sector. One of this is restaurant scope. Dine in is common activity. Within pandemic COVID-19, this activity can not be do and economic activity in restaurant scope being stopped. To keep economic activity going, Indonesia Ministry of Inter Affair & Indonesia Ministry of Tourism and Creative Economy release regulation for restaurant and another place. In mean time (almost 2 years of pandemic), restaurant activity gradually normal. The purpose of this study was to determine level of public knowledge related to standard operating procedure applied at restaurant in pandemic era in decision to dine in. The research method use descriptive quantitative. The population is general public in Tegal City especially who dine in at Thong Dji and Mie Gacoan, amount 50 people. The instrument used in this study is multiple choice objective test. The result of this study indicate the level of public knowledge related to standard operating procedure at restaurant in pandemic era within dine in decisions is still low. Suggestion submitted by research for restaurant which serve dine in is always updating the rules and always reminding the guest to obey

Keywords: Knowledge, Standard Operating Procedure, Dine In Decisions

I. INTRODUCTION

standart operating procedure in pandemic era.

Tourism involve in a lot of business sector. There is lodging, hotel, travel, tourist attraction, and food & beverage. In food and beverage business, also there is a lot of form. Such us catering, restaurant, caffe and food & beverage franchise. That place can be found in mall as well as in public place.

But in almost 2 years pandemic of COVID-19 era, a lot of challenge happened. One of rule in pandemic era is not create crowd, but in restaurant a crowd can not be avoided. At beginning of pandemic, a lot of restaurant closed due the rules.

At other side people confused about this situation. Economic activity is stopped and a lot of people can not Puput Dewi Anggraeni Hospitality Program Polytechnic Harapan Bersama Tegal, Indonesia puput.dewi@poltektegal.ac.id

earning money especially in restaurant business. At the moment Indonesia Ministry of Internal Affair and Indonesian Ministry of Tourism and Creative Economy issued an regulation and handbook. The regulation and handbook contains instruction that must be followed by public.

In almost 2 years of pandemic can be seen restaurant especially in Tegal City filled with crowd.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

A. Knowledge

Notoatmodjo explains knowledge is anything captured by the five sense so can be understood. As someone getting older, comprehension and paradigm will be develop[1].

Knowledge is Ability to recall name, idea, formula etc without expectation to use it.[2]

etc without expectation to use it.[2]
Sveiby [3] explain that knowledge interflow amongst individuals work groups enables them to enhance their competency and mutually generate new knowledge.

B. Standard Operating Procedure

According to [4] standard operating procedure is a guide which used to ensure operational activity run smoothly.

SOP applies at restaurant in pandemic era which compiled by Indonesian Ministry of Tourism and Creative Economy has been circulated on Indonesian Ministry of Tourism and Creative Economy website.

C. COVID-19 Pandemic

Pandemic is situation when disease caused by virus has spread throughout the world [5].

WHO declared COVID-19 as a pandemic on March 11,2020 [6]. COVID-19 is desease that attack the respiratory. COVID-19 pullulate first tin at Wuhan, Tiongkok on Desember 2019. The transmission through droplets and also believed to be transmitted through aerosols [7].

D. Standard Operating Procedure At Restaurant in Pandemic Era

Indonesia Ministry of Internal Affair and Indonesian Ministry of Tourism and Creative Economy issued an regulation and handbook. The regulation and handbook contains instruction that must be followed by public in the pandemic era. The handbook contain rules applied to guest and restaurants management [8]

E. Dine In Decision

Decision is selection of two or more option[9]. Lupiyoad [10] explain consumer decicion interpreted as consumer decision to buy or use certain service which is offered based of intention to buy or use certain service. The other side in [11] decision is encouragement and desire which impellent within a person.

Dine In decision is consumer decision to dine in based on intention to dine to achieve satisfaction and goals.

III. METHODOLOGY

This research is a descriptive quantitative study. Quantitave study is based on positivism philosophy, which used to researche in specific sample or population and quantitative data analysis [12]. This study used descriptive method, with descriptive statistic analysis.

The instrument in this study used multiple choice objective test with a total of 22 questions. Test are given to obtain public knowledge on standard operating procedure at restaurant in pandemic era. According to [13] multiple choice test is one of study test. Multiple choice test are objective test where have a clear answer so can be assessed definite

IV. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The result of the study is obtained from multiple choice objective test of 22 items and the processed according to the purpose of researche, namely: a) analyzing the knowledge of standard operating procedure applies at restaurant in pandemic era in dine in decision. b) Analyzing items where answere wrong more than 50%

a) analyzing the knowledge of standard operating procedure applies at restaurant in pandemic era in dine in decision

In the multiple choice objective test related standard operating procedure at restaurant in pandemic era

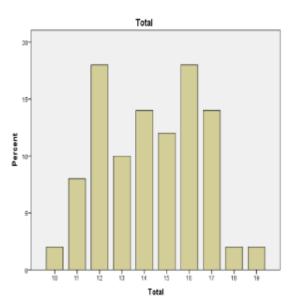


Fig 1. Average percentage answer of respondents knowledge related to standard operating procedure at restaurant in pandemic era. Source: Author's Data, 2021

Based on figure 1. Above shows about the average percentage of the knowledge respondent related to standard operating procedure. Can be seen percentage people who answered 10-15 items right reached 64%. In other side percentage people who answered 16-19 items right reached 34%. Which means the average knowledge of respondent related to standard operating procedure is not good.

b) Analyzing items where answere wrong more than 50%

In the multiple choice objective test related to maximum number in queue, minimum distance beetwen seats, maximum duration of dine in and maximum operating hours.

Table I. Average percentage of respondent knowledge related to maximum number in queue

	Soall1					
		Freq	%	Valid %	Cum %	
Valid	0	37	74.0	74.0	74.0	
ļ	1	13	26.0	26.0	100.0	
	Tot al	50	100.0	100.0		

Based on table 1. Above shows about average percentage wrong answer of the respondent related to maximum number in queue reached 74 % which means the average knowledge of respondent related to maximum number in queue is poor.

Table 2. Average percentage answer of respondent knowledge related to minimum distance beetwen seats.

_	Soall3					
I			Freq	%	Valid %	Cum %
ľ	Vali	0	46	92.0	92.0	92.0
ļ	d	1	4	8.0	8.0	100.0
L		Total	50	100.0	100.0	

Based on table 2. Above shows about average percentage wrong answer of the respondent related to minimum distance beetwen seats reached 92 % which means the average knowledge of respondent related to maximum number in queue is very poor.

Table 3. Average percentage answer of respondent knowledge related to maximum duration of dine in

Soal16					
	Freq	%	Valid %	Cum%	
Vali 0	45	90.0	90.0	90.0	
d 1	5	10.0	10.0	100.0	
9 Tot al	50	100.0	100.0		

Based on table 3. Above shows about average percentage wrong answer of the respondent related to maximum duration of dine in reached 90 % which means the average knowledge of respondent related to maximum number in queue is very poor.

Table 4. Average percentage answer of respondent knowledge related to maximum operating hours

Soall7					
		Freq	%	Valid %	Cum%
Vali	0	43	86.0	86.0	86.0
d	1	7	14.0	14.0	100.0
	Tot al	50	100.0	100.0	

Based on table 4. Above shows about average percentage wrong answer of the respondent related to maximum operating hours reached 86 % which means the average knowledge of respondent related to maximum number in queue is very poor.

V. CONCLUSION

Analysis of knowledge about standard operating procedure at restaurant during pandemic era within dine in decision is on less good criteria.

Analysis of knowledge about standard operating procedure at restaurant during pandemic era in dine in decision related to maximum number in queue, minimum distance beetwen seats, maximum duration of dine in and maximum operating hours is on poor criteria.

VI. RECOMMENDATION

Restaurant management who serving dine in service keep consistent to apply standard operating procedure in pandemic era. And keep reminding the guest to obey the rule.

It is hoped that guest who want to dine in to updating knowledge about standard operating procedure and obey the rule in pandemic era.

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