Tutorial questions (E2-3, E2-10)

Exercise 2-3 (LO 2-2)

Dual Effect

1. Issue 10,000 shares of common stock in exchange for \$32,000 in cash.	Assets Stockholders equity increase		
2. Purchase land for \$19,000. A note payable is signed for the full amount.	Assets increase	Liabilities increase	
3. Purchase storage containers for \$8,000.	One asset (containers) increases and another asset (cash) decreases		
4. Hire three employees for \$2,000 per month.	No effect on the accounting equation		
5. Receive cash of \$12,000 in rental fees for the current month.	Assets increase	Stockholders' equity increases	
6. Purchase office supplies for \$2,000 on account.	Assets increase	Liabilities increase	
7. Pay employees \$6,000 for the first month's salaries.	Assets decrease	Stockholders' equity decreases	

Exercise 2-10 (LO 2-4)

February 2	Debit	Credit
Advertising Expense Cash (Pay advertising for current month)	700	700
February 7		
Supplies Accounts Payable (Purchase beauty supplies on accounts)	1,300 <i>nt</i>)	1,300
February 14		
Cash Service Revenue (Provide beauty services for cash)	2,900	2,900
February 15		
Salaries Expense Cash (Pay salaries for current month)	900	900
February 25		
Accounts Receivable Service Revenue (Provide beauty services on account	1,000	1,000
February 28		
Utilities Expense Cash (Pay utilities for current month)	300	300

Take-home questions (E2-4, E2-8, E2-11, AP2-5)

Exercise 2-4 (LO 2-2)

Dual Effect

1. Paint houses in the current month for \$15,000 on account.	Assets increase	Stockholders' equity increases	
2. Purchase painting equipment for \$16,000 cash.	One asset (equipment) increases and another asset (cash) decreases		
3. Purchase office supplies on account for \$2,500.	Assets increase	Liabilities increase	
4. Pay employee salaries of \$3,200 for the current month.	Assets decrease	Stockholders' equity decreases	
5. Purchase advertising to appear in the current month, \$1,200.	Assets decrease	Stockholders' equity decreases	
6. Pay office rent of \$4,400 for the current month.	Assets decrease	Stockholders' equity decreases	
7. Receive \$10,000 from customers in (1) above.		creases and another eceivable) decreases	
8. Receive cash of \$5,000 in advance from a customer that plans to have hi house painted in the following month		Liabilities increase	

Exercise 2-8 (LO 2-4)

(1)	_	Debit	Credit
Equip	oment Cash (Purchase equipment with cash)	23,400	23,400
(2) Cash	Service Revenue (Provide services for cash)	6,800	6,800
(3) Rent	Expense Cash (Pay current month's rent)	1,300	1,300
(4) Suppl	lies Accounts Payable (Purchase office supplies on account	1,000	1,000
(5) Salari	ies Expense Cash (Pay current month's salaries)	2,100	2,100

Exercise 2-11 (LO 2-4) March 1 Debit Credit Cash 21,000 21,000 **Common Stock** (Issue common stock) March 5 Cash 9,000 9,000 **Notes Payable** (Obtain bank loan) March 10 **Equipment** 25,000 Cash 25,000 (Purchase construction equipment for cash) March 15 **Advertising Expense** 1,100 1,100 Cash (Purchase advertising for current month) March 22 **Accounts Receivable** 18,000 18,000 **Service Revenue** (Provide construction services on account)

13,000

6,000

13,000

6,000

March 27

March 28

Salaries Expense Cash

Accounts Receivable

(Receive cash on account)

(Pay salaries for current month)

Cash

Ethics RWP2-6

1. Increases reported profit by \$75,000, from a loss of \$50,000 to a profit of \$25,000 (ignoring any tax effects).

2. Yes.

Robert, the company's president, benefits from false reporting by maintaining the company's profitable appearance. The incentives could be bonus compensation plans, a desire to please stockholders, meeting analysts' earnings forecasts for the company, or maintaining good standing with creditors. Larry benefits from false reporting by keeping his friendship with Robert, keeping his job for the longer-term, and getting a free dinner tonight. However, if the false reporting is discovered by authorities, both parties face legal penalties and suffer reputational damage.

3. Yes.

Outside decisions makers, such as investors and creditors, view companies that report a profit instead of a loss as being more financially stable.

4. No.

As the accountant, Larry should understand that his responsibilities are to accurately record and report the company's activities. Larry must be aware that Robert may have incentives for falsely reporting to Larry about the additional revenue. Without source documents, an important step in the measurement process, Larry should not record any transactions.