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INTRODUCTION

This game is a visual aid to support a tabletop role playing game that has a grid-based map, character tokens that move on the grid squares, and have attack actions against other tokens. The game master can define scenes, such as the Undead Ambush and Kobold Raid scene that have been predefined, and then the players and game master will take turns controlling their characters or monsters.

CONTROLS

Control is mainly mouse based: the user will click on the grid (represented as flat, translucent rectangular prisms that fall onto the terrain topography) to move or click on other tokens to attack. There is a button to end a creature's turn (if they don't or can't use up all their actions), which can be triggered by the spacebar. WASD controls the camera's location, and the mouse tilts and pans the camera slightly. The stats for the currently active creature are displayed on screen. Attacks are represented by an abstract weapon, and hitting depends on a virtual dice roll (done in the background).

Instructions

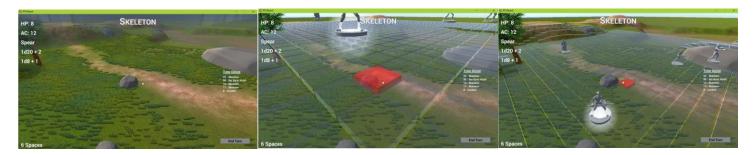
The user clicks pre-built scene from the main menu. Turn order is determined by a random roll, and tokens are placed in predefined locations. The active character is displayed at the top of the screen, and their player clicks on game elements to move or attack. The player uses up their available actions or clicks the end turn button, and then play passes to the next character. Turns continue round-robin according to the turn order. The game is over when all the characters for either the human or monster side are killed, and the main menu is displayed again.

To build a scene, create tokens in the editor, attaching scripts to facilitate their walking and attacking behaviour, as well as their in-game stats. In the GameManager inspector, add those prefab tokens to either the player or monster list. Use the GameManager Start method to build an actor data structure containing a reference to the prefab, the square to drop the token onto, their colour, and which team they are on. Link up several actors to build a scene.

SCREENSHOTS



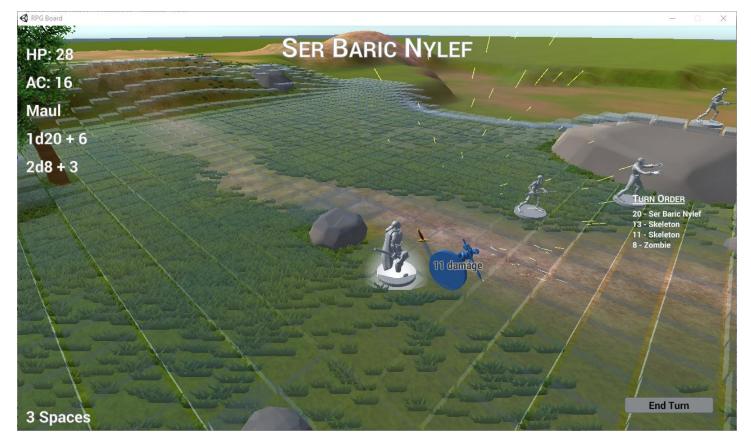
Main Menu



Using physics engine to drop squares upon terrain, mapping the topography



Token "hopping" around the board, as if it was being picked up by a human



Attack animation, after a successful dice role. Shows the floating sword being animated and particle effects. Also demonstrated: blue highlighting on the target of the attack.

DESCRIPTION OF WORK DONE

Tokens

I imported models for the RPG tokens, which are models sculpted to be suitable for 3d-printing and converted to Unity-compatible formats. These models are put inside a container to amortize their size and facing, and given a simple box collider and rigid body, as well five independent scripts to:

- 1. Walk the token along the board, which given a queue/path of squares to hop between. Uses slerp() to linearly interpolate between two squares and Update to space the animation out smoothly.
- 2. Animate an attack, which takes a prefab sword (but could be extended with other prefab attacks)
- 3. Highlight itself on mouse over
- 4. Send a message to the GameManager when clicked
- 5. Hold the RPG stats for the character, namely hit points, armour, attack, speed in # of squares/turn, and name

Game Board

The game board is made up of 3d cube primitives. They have a box collider has a simple physics material I created to be slightly bouncy, giving a desired effect when tokens are dropped onto them. Their rigid body is very heavy, so as to stay put when tokens are dropped atop, and is frozen in rotation and all directions except Y. They have material I made, with no texture but has transparent rendering mode, tweaked to be translucent enough to show the terrain underneath but to sill have the grid be discernible. Each square has 2 scripts, one to send messages to the GameManager when clicked, and one to highlight itself on mouse over—the colour of which is controlled whose turn it is as a static public property of all the squares.

Terrain

I created a game board using Unity's terrain tool, painting on textures and adding rocks, grass, and a lonely (but happy) tree (assets and textures from source). Terrain was designed to give a mainly flat playing surface, but have some areas of interest to navigate through for potential strategy (depending on how creative the players are). Since the game board squares drop down, it maps the topology of the terrain at run-time, giving the potential for complex scenes to be modified very easily with the Unity terrain tools.

Weapon Animation

A weapon, which is attached to a token via the attacker-script, is animated using Unity's animation tool (model is imported from an external source). The animation storyboard has events attached, which call functions in an attached script. About half-way through the animation, it calls a script which finds any ParticleSystems in the object's children and plays them, showing a "hit" effect. At the end of the animation, the script is called to destroy the whole weapon. The ParticleSystem is a simple one emitting a shower of sparks on a hit (particle texture from source, particle effect was created in Unity).

Camera

The camera is controlled by the keyboard, and can be tilted slightly as the mouse moves around the screen (camera look script from outside source). It is not complex and affords little control, since the game is meant to be turn-based.

Menus and UI

There is a simple menu and in-game UI. Changes to the menu are controlled from the GameManager via public properties. The GameManager also manages which menu is display and what mouse input is currently allowed via a simple finite state machine.

GameManager

The GameManager script handles generating the board from prefabs and generating tokens from prefabs based upon an array of tokens/locations called Actors. It builds a scene in a generic way based upon these arrays. It handles taking events from menu buttons and starting the appropriate scene, and changing the state back to the menu when someone wins a scene. It keeps track of which character is currently active, asks a Pathfinder script to run A* (taken from my Java code written last year for a CT255 class assignment) to deduce a path between squares, and determines if attacks are possible based on a character's stats. It applies attack and damage based on random virtual dice rolls, and determines if a character has been killed. It's Update method is to respond to keyboard input.

ATTRIBUTION AND ASSETS

Tabletop token 3d-printable models

by Miguel Zavala on Shapeways

https://www.shapeways.com/shops/dmworkshop

No explicit license listed online, but author's description encouraging sharing and downloading: https://www.shapeways.com/designer/mz4250

Online 3D Converter (STL → OBJ) by Alexander Gessler

http://www.greentoken.de/onlineconv/



Terrain Textures and Rock/Tree/Grass from Nature Starter Kit 1 & 2 by Shapes

https://www.assetstore.unity3d.com/en/#!/content/49962

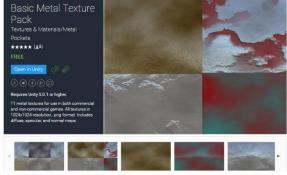
https://www.assetstore.unity3d.com/en/#!/content/37402

Free license

Free license

"Pewter" metal material from Basic Metal Texture Pack by Pockets

Basic Metal Texture Pack by Pockets



ATURE STARTER KIT 1

Nature Starter Kit 1

**** (1164)

Weapon animations inspired heavily from walkthrough: How To Make Weapon Animation In Unity 5 by MDL Tutorials

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tL3qq-UBbow

Company of the compan

Unity Particle Pack by Unity Technologies

https://www.assetstore.unity3d.com/#!/content/73777

Free License

Sparks ParticleSystem tutorial by Unity: https://unity3d.com/learn/tutorials/topics/graphics/creating-sparks-particle-trails

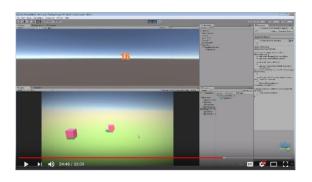
Popup Text Tutorial

by GameGrind

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fbUOG7f3jq8







Low Poly RPG Item Pack

by Fi Silva

https://www.assetstore.unity3d.com/en/#!/content/76088

Text Mesh Pro

by Unity

https://www.assetstore.unity3d.com/en/#!/content/84126













Mouse look script: https://answers.unity.com/answers/1135844/view.html

Mouse hover highlight colour script: https://docs.unity3d.com/ScriptReference/MonoBehaviour.OnMouseOver.html

LookAt without tilting method: https://answers.unity.com/answers/250578/view.html

Moving an object in an arc using slerp: https://answers.unity.com/questions/11184/moving-player-in-an-arc-from-startpoint-to-endpoin.html

Pathfinding using A* is taken directly from the Java code I wrote as an assignment for CT255 at NUIG in 2016

Finally, many inspirations were taken from Dr Sam Redfern's labs for CT3111!

CODE LISTING

GameManager.cs

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
using TMPro;

public class GameManager : MonoBehaviour {
    // Public GameObjects to be assigned in editor
    public GameObject OneByOnePrefab;
    public Camera Camera;
    public List<GameObject> MonsterPrefabsList;
    public List<GameObject> PlayerPrefabsList;
    public GameObject MenuCanvas, InGameCanvas, PlayersWinMessage, MonstersWinMessage;
    public TMP_Text TextCurrentActor, TextHP, TextAC, TextAtkName, TextAtkRoll, TextDmgRoll,
TextSpeedLeft, TextTurnTracker;

    [HideInInspector] public static GameManager instance;

    // Data structures to support running the game
    private List<Actor> actors;
    private int currentActorTurn;
    public Turn currentTurnStats;
    private int playerCount, monsterCount;
    [HideInInspector] public static STATES state = STATES.MENU;
```

```
AWAITING INPUT,
private SceneActor[] undeadScene;
private SceneActor[] koboldScene;
[HideInInspector] public Space[,] spaces;
public GameObject SpacesHolder; // an empty GameObject to hold all the spaces. Simply to reduce
private const float DropFromHeight = 10f;
private const float Margin = 0.05f;
private const float SpaceHeight = 0.2f;
private const float cameraSpeed = 4;
void Start() {
    GameManager.instance = this;
    SPACE HEIGHT MOD = new Vector3(0f, SpaceHeight, 0f);
    PopupTextController.Initialize();
        new SceneActor(true, 0, 25, 17, new Color(0, 0.47f, 1f, 0.58f)), // Paladin
        new SceneActor(false, 0, 28, 27, new Color(1f, 0, 0, 0.58f)), // Skeleton
        new SceneActor(true, 1, 28, 27, new Color(0, 0.8f, 0.5f, 0.58f)), // Heavy Weapon
        new SceneActor(true, 2, 26, 29, new Color(0, 0.47f, 0.5f, 0.58f)), // Bow Ranger
        new SceneActor(true, 3, 27, 26, new Color(0, 0.0f, 0.5f, 0.58f)), // Rogue new SceneActor(false, 2, 13, 30, new Color(1f, 0.7f, 0.8f, 0.58f)), // Basic kobold
        new SceneActor(false, 2, 18, 22, new Color(1f, 0.1f, 0.4f, 0.58f)),
    spaces = new Space[RowsX, ColsZ];
    GenerateSquares();
public void SetState(STATES newSate) {
    state = newSate;
        MouseHoverHighlight.isEffectActive = true;
        ((Behaviour) actors[currentActorTurn].tokenRef.GetComponent("Halo")).enabled = true;
    } else if (newSate == STATES.ANIMATING ACTION) {
        MouseHoverHighlight.isEffectActive = false;
        ((Behaviour) actors[currentActorTurn].tokenRef.GetComponent("Halo")).enabled = false;
    } else if (newSate == STATES.MENU) {
        MouseHoverHighlight.isEffectActive = false;
        ((Behaviour) actors[currentActorTurn].tokenRef.GetComponent("Halo")).enabled = false;
        InGameCanvas.SetActive(false);
        MenuCanvas.SetActive(true);
```

```
private static int RollDice(int numDice, int diceMagnitude, int mod) {
            diceTotal += Random.Range(1, diceMagnitude);
        return diceTotal;
        ResetBuildAndStartScene (undeadScene);
        ResetBuildAndStartScene (koboldScene);
    private void ResetBuildAndStartScene(SceneActor[] predefinedSceneActors) {
        actors = new List<Actor>();
        playerCount = 0;
       monsterCount = 0;
        currentActorTurn = -1; // -1 so turns actually start a 0
        foreach (SceneActor actorData in predefinedSceneActors) {
            GameObject newGameObject;
            if (actorData.IsPlayer) {
                newGameObject = (GameObject)
Instantiate(instance.PlayerPrefabList[actorData.PrefabIndex]);
                playerCount++;
                newGameObject = (GameObject)
Instantiate(instance.MonsterPrefabsList[actorData.PrefabIndex]);
                monsterCount++;
            Space spaceToPlace = spaces[actorData.x, actorData.z];
            Vector3 squareBasis = spaceToPlace.gameSpace.transform.position;
            newGameObject.transform.position = new Vector3(squareBasis.x, DropFromHeight + 1,
squareBasis.z);
            TokenStats stats = newGameObject.GetComponent<TokenStats>();
            Actor newActor = new Actor(newGameObject, actorData.x, actorData.z,
actorData.ActorColor, actorData.IsPlayer, stats.characterName, stats.HP, stats.AC,
               stats.InitativeMod, stats.Speed, stats.AttackName, stats.AttackRange,
stats.AttackMod, stats.DamageDiceNum,
               stats.DamageDiceMagnitude, stats.DamageMod);
            spaces[actorData.x, actorData.z].isBlocked = true;
            actors.Add(newActor);
        InGameCanvas.SetActive(true);
        RollInit();
       NextTurn();
    private void GenerateSquares() {
```

```
spaces[x, z] = new Space(x, z, false);
         spaces[29, 14].isBlocked = true;
         spaces[12, 32].isBlocked = true;
spaces[13, 25].isBlocked = true;
spaces[13, 26].isBlocked = true;
spaces[13, 32].isBlocked = true;
         spaces[14, 26].isBlocked = true;
         spaces[14, 27].isBlocked = true;
         spaces[14, 28].isBlocked = true;
         spaces[14, 29].isBlocked = true;
         spaces[14, 30].isBlocked = true;
         spaces[14, 31].isBlocked = true;
         spaces[15, 27].isBlocked = true;
         spaces[15, 29].isBlocked = true;
spaces[15, 30].isBlocked = true;
spaces[15, 31].isBlocked = true;
                   if (!spaces[x, z].isBlocked) {
                        spaces[x, z].gameSpace = (GameObject) Instantiate(instance.OneByOnePrefab,
SpacesHolder.transform);
    private void ResetBoard() {
         MenuCanvas.SetActive(false);
                   Destroy(actor.tokenRef);
                   spaces[actor.x, actor.z].isBlocked = false;
                       spaces[x, z].gameSpace.transform.position = new Vector3(x + Margin,
DropFromHeight, z + Margin);
                        spaces[x, z].gameSpace.SetActive(false);
    private void ReleaseBoard() {
                   if (!spaces[x, z].isBlocked) {
                        spaces[x, z].gameSpace.SetActive(true);
```

```
private void RollInit() {
       foreach (Actor actor in actors) {
           actor.RollInit();
       actors.Sort((a, b) => b.Initative.CompareTo(a.Initative));
       UpdateTurnTracker();
   private void UpdateTurnTracker() {
           if (actor.IsAlive) {
               turnTrackerList += actor.Initative + " - " + actor.ActorName + "\n";
       TextTurnTracker.text = turnTrackerList;
            ((Behaviour) actors[currentActorTurn].tokenRef.GetComponent("Halo")).enabled = false;
       int infinteLoopGuard = actors.Count + 1; // paranoid that Unity will crash on me again....
           currentActorTurn = (currentActorTurn + 1) % actors.Count;
            infinteLoopGuard--;
        } while (!actors[currentActorTurn].IsAlive || infinteLoopGuard < 0);</pre>
       if (infinteLoopGuard < 0) {</pre>
           Debug.Log("INFINTE LOOP!");
       TextCurrentActor.text = actors[currentActorTurn].ActorName;
       TextHP.text = "HP: " + actors[currentActorTurn].HP;
       TextAtkName.text = actors[currentActorTurn].AttackName;
       TextDmgRoll.text = actors[currentActorTurn].DamageDieNum + "d" +
actors[currentActorTurn].DamageDieMagnitude + " + " + actors[currentActorTurn].DamageMod;
       TextSpeedLeft.text = actors[currentActorTurn].Speed + " Spaces";
       currentTurnStats = new Turn {MovementLeft = actors[currentActorTurn].Speed};
       MouseHoverHighlight.MouseOverColor = actors[currentActorTurn].ActorColor;
       SetState(STATES.AWAITING INPUT);
   public class Turn {
       public int MovementLeft;
       public bool HasAttackHappened = false;
   public void CheckForTurnCompleted() {
       if (currentTurnStats.MovementLeft == 0 && currentTurnStats.HasAttackHappened) {
```

```
NextTurn();
   public void MessageClickedToken(GameObject attackee) {
        SetState(STATES.ANIMATING ACTION);
        if (currentTurnStats.HasAttackHappened) {
            PopupTextController.PopupText("Already attacked", attackee.transform);
           GameObject attacker = actors[currentActorTurn].tokenRef;
            if (attackee == attacker) {
                PopupTextController.PopupText("Can't attack self", attackee.transform);
                Actor victim = actors.Find(actor => { return actor.tokenRef == attackee; });
                if (victim == null) {
                    PopupTextController.PopupText("ERROR FINDING ACTOR", attackee.transform);
                    if (!victim.IsAlive) {
                        PopupTextController.PopupText("Creature is already dead",
                        if (Pathfind.FindDistance(actors[currentActorTurn].x,
actors[currentActorTurn].z, victim.x, victim.z) > actors[currentActorTurn].AttackRange) {
                            PopupTextController.PopupText("Out of range", attackee.transform);
                            int attackResult = RollDice(1, 20, actors[currentActorTurn].AttackMod);
                            if (attackResult >= victim.AC) {
                                PopupTextController.PopupText("Hit: " + attackResult + " vs. " +
victim.AC, attacker.transform);
attacker.GetComponent<TokenAttacker>().AttackTowards(attackee.transform);
                                int damageResult = RollDice(actors[currentActorTurn].DamageDieNum,
actors[currentActorTurn].DamageDieMagnitude, actors[currentActorTurn].DamageMod);
                                victim.HP -= damageResult;
                                delayedMessage = damageResult + " damage";
                                delayedActor = victim;
                                PopupTextController.PopupText("Miss: " + attackResult + " vs. " +
                            currentTurnStats.HasAttackHappened = true;
        SetState(STATES.AWAITING INPUT);
        CheckForTurnCompleted();
   private Actor delayedActor;
   private string delayedMessage;
   private void DelayDamagePopup() {
        PopupTextController.PopupText(delayedMessage, delayedActor.tokenRef.transform);
        CheckForDeath(delayedActor);
        SetState(STATES.AWAITING INPUT);
       CheckForTurnCompleted();
```

```
public void CheckForDeath(Actor actor) {
        if (actor.HP <= 0) {</pre>
            actor.IsAlive = false; // Note: still blocking its space, which is fine!
            UpdateTurnTracker();
            KillAnimation(actor.tokenRef);
            if (actor.IsPlyaer) {
                playerCount--;
                monsterCount--;
            Invoke ("CheckForGameOver", 1.1f);
        actorTokenRef.transform.position += new Vector3(0.3f, 0.5f, 0);
        toResetFreeze = actorTokenRef.GetComponent<Rigidbody>();
        toResetFreeze.constraints = RigidbodyConstraints.FreezePositionX |
RigidbodyConstraints.FreezePositionZ | RigidbodyConstraints.FreezeRotationX |
                                    RigidbodyConstraints.FreezeRotationY;
        toResetFreeze.AddTorque(new Vector3(0, 0, 1.5f)); // rotate along Z axis;
   private Rigidbody toResetFreeze;
    private void ReFreeze() {
        toResetFreeze.constraints = RigidbodyConstraints.FreezeRotation |
RigidbodyConstraints.FreezePositionX | RigidbodyConstraints.FreezePositionZ;
   private void CheckForGameOver() {
        if (playerCount < 1) {</pre>
            MonstersWinMessage.SetActive(true);
            PlayersWinMessage.SetActive(false);
            SetState (STATES.MENU);
            MonstersWinMessage.SetActive(false);
            PlayersWinMessage.SetActive(true);
            SetState (STATES.MENU);
   public void MessageClickedSpace(Vector2 coord) {
       WalkActor(actors[currentActorTurn], (int) coord.x, (int) coord.y);
        LinkedList<TokenWalker.Hop> hopsQueue = Pathfind.FindPath(actor.x, actor.z, xTo, zTo);
        if (hopsQueue != null) {
            if (hopsQueue.Count > currentTurnStats.MovementLeft) {
                PopupTextController.PopupText("Not Enough Movement", spaces[xTo,
zTo].gameSpace.transform);
                spaces[actor.x, actor.z].isBlocked = false;
                actor.z = zTo;
```

```
spaces[xTo, zTo].isBlocked = true;
               SetState(STATES.ANIMATING ACTION);
               actor.tokenRef.GetComponent<TokenWalker>().WalkPath(hopsQueue);
           PopupTextController.PopupText("Pathfinding failed", spaces[xTo,
zTo].gameSpace.transform);
   void Update() {
       if (Input.GetKey(KeyCode.A)) {
           deltaX += cameraSpeed * Time.deltaTime;
           deltaZ -= cameraSpeed * Time.deltaTime;
        } else if (Input.GetKey(KeyCode.D)) {
           deltaX -= cameraSpeed * Time.deltaTime;
           deltaZ += cameraSpeed * Time.deltaTime;
       if (Input.GetKey(KeyCode.W)) {
           deltaX -= cameraSpeed * Time.deltaTime;
           deltaZ -= cameraSpeed * Time.deltaTime;
       } else if (Input.GetKey(KeyCode.S)) {
           deltaX += cameraSpeed * Time.deltaTime;
           deltaZ += cameraSpeed * Time.deltaTime;
           Camera.transform.position = new Vector3(Camera.transform.position.x + deltaX,
       if (state == STATES.AWAITING INPUT) {
           if (Input.GetKey(KeyCode.Space) && lastInputTime + 1f < Time.time) {</pre>
               lastInputTime = Time.time;
               NextTurn();
   private float lastInputTime = 0f; // Used to limit turn skipping, because hitting the spacebar
   public class Space {
       public GameObject gameSpace = null; // public reference to the OneByOne GameObject pointed
       public Space(int x, int z, bool isBlocked) {
   public class SceneActor {
       public bool IsPlayer; // grab GameObject from player list or monster list
       public int PrefabIndex; // which item in the list of players/monsters does this Actor refer
       public SceneActor(bool isPlayer, int prefabIndex, int x, int z, Color actorColor) {
           IsPlayer = isPlayer;
```

```
PrefabIndex = prefabIndex;
           ActorColor = actorColor;
       public bool IsPlyaer;
       public int HP, AC, InitativeMod, Speed;
       public int Initative;
       public string AttackName;
       public int AttackRange, AttackMod, DamageDieNum, DamageDieMagnitude, DamageMod;
       public Color ActorColor; // the colour to surround this token with indicating it is the
actorName, int hp, int ac, int initativeMod, int speed, string attackName,
            int attackRange, int attackMod, int damageDieNum, int damageDieMagnitude, int
damageMod) {
           this.tokenRef = tokenRef;
           IsPlyaer = isPlyaer;
           ActorName = actorName;
           HP = hp;
           AC = ac;
           InitativeMod = initativeMod;
           Speed = speed;
           AttackMod = attackMod;
           DamageDieNum = damageDieNum;
           DamageDieMagnitude = damageDieMagnitude;
           DamageMod = damageMod;
       public void RollInit() {
            Initative = RollDice(1, 20, InitativeMod);
```

TokenWalker.cs

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;

public class TokenWalker : MonoBehaviour {
    private static readonly float HOP_ANIMATION_TIME = 0.5f;

    private LinkedList<Hop> hopsQueue;
    private GameObject tokenToAnimate;
    private Vector3 startPos, endPos, relativeStartPos, relativeEndPos, center;
    private float startTime, endTime;
    private bool isWalking;

    public void WalkPath(LinkedList<Hop> hopsQueue) {
        this.hopsQueue = hopsQueue;
        NextHop();
    }
}
```

```
private void NextHop() {
       if (hopsQueue.First != null) {
           Hop nextHop = hopsQueue.First.Value;
           hopsQueue.RemoveFirst(); // pop
           GameManager.instance.currentTurnStats.MovementLeft -= 1;
           GameManager.instance.TextSpeedLeft.text =
GameManager.instance.currentTurnStats.MovementLeft + " Spaces";
           startPos = GameManager.instance.spaces[nextHop.xFrom,
nextHop.zFrom].gameSpace.transform.position + GameManager.instance.SPACE HEIGHT MOD * 2;
           endPos = GameManager.instance.spaces[nextHop.xTo,
relativeStartPos = startPos - center;
           relativeEndPos = endPos - center;
           tokenToAnimate = gameObject;
           startTime = Time.time;
           endTime = startTime + HOP ANIMATION TIME;
           GameManager.instance.SetState(GameManager.STATES.AWAITING INPUT);
           GameManager.instance.CheckForTurnCompleted();
  void Update () {
       if (isWalking) {
           if (Time.time < endTime) {</pre>
               tokenToAnimate.transform.position = Vector3.Slerp(relativeStartPos, relativeEndPos,
(Time.time - startTime) / (endTime - startTime));
               tokenToAnimate.transform.position += center;
              isWalking = false;
              NextHop();
   public class Hop {
       public int xFrom, zFrom, xTo, zTo;
       public Hop(int xFrom, int zFrom, int xTo, int zTo) { this.xFrom = xFrom; this.zFrom =
```

Pathfind.cs

```
using System.Collections.Generic;

public class Pathfind { // Does not use Unity at all, so don't extend MonoBehaviour
```

```
private static bool careIfPathIsBlocked = true;
public static int FindDistance(int xFrom, int zFrom, int xTo, int zTo) {
    careIfPathIsBlocked = false; // Distance doesn't care if the path is path is blocked!
    LinkedList<TokenWalker.Hop> path = FindPath(xFrom, zFrom, xTo, zTo);
    careIfPathIsBlocked = true;
        return path.Count;
public static LinkedList<TokenWalker.Hop> FindPath(int xFrom, int zFrom, int xTo, int zTo) {
    if (xTo == xFrom && zTo == zFrom) {
    Node[,] nodes = new Node[GameManager.instance.RowsX, GameManager.instance.ColsZ];
    LinkedList<Node> openList = new LinkedList<Node>();
    for (int row = 0; row < GameManager.instance.RowsX; ++row) {</pre>
        for (int col = 0; col < GameManager.instance.ColsZ; ++col) {</pre>
            nodes[col, row] = new Node { x = col, z = row };
            if (careIfPathIsBlocked && GameManager.instance.spaces[col, row].isBlocked) {
                nodes[col, row].isClosed = true;
    Node initialNode = nodes[xFrom, zFrom];
    initialNode.g = 0; // condition of the initial node
initialNode.parent = null; // leaving this null will be the termination signal for the
    openList.AddLast(initialNode);
    Node curr; // the node we've just popped off the open list
    bool isPathFound = false;
        curr = openList.First.Value;
        foreach (Node openNode in openList) {
            if (openNode.f <= curr.f) { // by doing less or EQUAL, this biases towards items
                curr = openNode;
        curr.isClosed = true;
        openList.Remove(curr);
```

```
isPathFound = true;
                if (curr.z + deltaRow == -1 || curr.z + deltaRow == GameManager.instance.RowsX) {
                    if (curr.x + deltaCol == -1 || curr.x + deltaCol == GameManager.instance.ColsZ)
                    nearby = nodes[curr.x + deltaCol, curr.z + deltaRow];
                    if (!nearby.isClosed) {
                        if (nearby.g == 0) { // first time examining this node
                            nearby.g = curr.g + 1;
                            nearby.h = System.Math.Abs(xTo - nearby.x) + System.Math.Abs(zTo -
nearby.z);
                            nearby.f = nearby.g + nearby.h;
                            nearby.parent = curr;
                            openList.AddLast(nearby);
                                nearby.g = curr.g + 1;
                                nearby.f = nearby.g + nearby.h;
                                nearby.parent = curr; // do need to change parent
            if (openList.Count == 0) {
                isMazeSolvable = false;
        if (isMazeSolvable) {
           LinkedList<TokenWalker.Hop> pathStack = new LinkedList<TokenWalker.Hop>();
            curr = nodes[xTo, zTo];
               curr = curr.parent;
            int prevX = xTo, prevZ = zTo;
               pathStack.AddFirst(new TokenWalker.Hop(curr.x, curr.z, prevX, prevZ));
                prevX = curr.x;
               prevZ = curr.z;
               curr = curr.parent;
            return pathStack;
```

```
return null;
}

// helper class for the A* algorithm

// all fields are simply publicly accessible!

private class Node {
    public int x, z;
    public Node parent = null;
    public int g, h, f;
    public bool isClosed = false;
}
```

TokenStats.cs

```
using UnityEngine;

// A struct to define the stats of this Token. Set in the Inspector
public class TokenStats : MonoBehaviour {
    public string characterName;
    public int HP;
    public int AC;
    public int InitativeMod;
    public int Speed;

    public string AttackName;
    public int AttackRange;
    public int AttackRange;
    public int DamageDiceNum;
    public int DamageDiceMagnitude;
    public int DamageMod;
}
```

TokenAttacker.cs

WeaponSelfActions.cs

```
using UnityEngine;

public class WeaponSelfActions : MonoBehaviour {

// Fire off attack effects. (ParticleSystem should not be playing on start)
```

```
// This function will be assigned to an Animation Event
private void AttackEffects() {
    GetComponentInChildren<ParticleSystem>().Play(); // Not looped, so no need to Stop()
}

// Delete the parent GO
// This function will be assigned to an Animation Event
private void RemoveWeapon() {
    Destroy(transform.parent.gameObject);
}
```

PopupTextController.cs

PopupText.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using UnityEngine.UI;

// Method of creating a popup text is by GameGrind on: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fbUOG7f3jq8

public class PopupText : MonoBehaviour {
   public Text textObject;

   private void OnEnable() {
        Destroy(gameObject, 0.8f);
   }

   public void SetText(string text) {
        textObject.text = text;
   }
}
```

OnClickMsgClickedSpace.cs

OnClickMsgClickedToken.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
using UnityEngine.EventSystems;

public class OnClickMsgClickedToken : MonoBehaviour {
    private void OnMouseDown() {
        if (!EventSystem.current.IsPointerOverGameObject() && MouseHoverHighlight.isEffectActive) {
            //GameManager.instance.SendMessage("MessageClickedToken", GetComponent<TokenStats>());
            GameManager.instance.SendMessage("MessageClickedToken", gameObject);
        }
    }
}
```

MouseHoverHighlight.cs

```
using UnityEngine;
public class MouseHoverHighlight : MonoBehaviour {
    [HideInInspector] public static Color MouseOverColor;
    private MeshRenderer m Renderer;
    void Start()
       m Renderer = GetComponent<MeshRenderer>();
    void OnMouseOver()
        if (isEffectActive) {
            m Renderer.material.color = MouseOverColor;
            m Renderer.material.color = m OriginalColor;
    void OnMouseExit()
```

MouseHoverHighlightChildren.cs

```
using System.Collections.Generic;
using UnityEngine;
public class MouseHoverHighlightChildren : MouseHoverHighlight {
    private List<MeshRenderer> m RendererList = new List<MeshRenderer>();
    void Start()
       GetComponentsInChildren<MeshRenderer>(m RendererList);
        IEnumerator<MeshRenderer> i = m RendererList.GetEnumerator();
        while (i.MoveNext()) {
           m OriginalColorList.Add(i.Current.material.color);
    void OnMouseOver()
        if (MouseHoverHighlight.isEffectActive) {
            IEnumerator<MeshRenderer> i = m RendererList.GetEnumerator();
            while (i.MoveNext()) {
                i.Current.material.color = MouseHoverHighlight.MouseOverColor;
            IEnumerator<MeshRenderer> i = m RendererList.GetEnumerator();
            IEnumerator<Color> c = m OriginalColorList.GetEnumerator();
            while (i.MoveNext() && c.MoveNext()) {
                i.Current.material.color = c.Current;
    void OnMouseExit()
        IEnumerator<MeshRenderer> i = m RendererList.GetEnumerator();
        IEnumerator<Color> c = m OriginalColorList.GetEnumerator();
        while (i.MoveNext() && c.MoveNext()) {
            i.Current.material.color = c.Current;
```

MouseLooks.cs

```
using UnityEngine;

// This MouseLook script is taken directly from a Unity Answer:
https://answers.unity.com/answers/1135844/view.html
// THIS IS NOT MY CODE
public class MouseLook : MonoBehaviour
{
    public float mouseSensitivity = 100.0f;
```

```
public float clampAngle = 80.0f;

private float rotY = 0.0f; // rotation around the up/y axis
private float rotX = 0.0f; // rotation around the right/x axis

void Start()
{
    // Start camera a bit above the ground, and pointing at the middle (MY CODE)
    transform.position = new Vector3(30f, 10f, 30f);
    transform.LookAt(new Vector3(20f, 0f, 20f));
    // END OF MY CODE

    Vector3 rot = transform.localRotation.eulerAngles;
    rotY = rot.y;
    rotX = rot.x;
}

void Update()
{
    float mouseX = Input.GetAxis("Mouse X");
    float mouseY = -Input.GetAxis("Mouse Y");
    rotY += mouseX * mouseSensitivity * Time.deltaTime;
    rotX += mouseY * mouseSensitivity * Time.deltaTime;

    rotX = Mathf.Clamp(rotX, -clampAngle, clampAngle);
    Quaternion localRotation = Quaternion.Euler(rotX, rotY, 0.0f);
    transform.rotation = localRotation;
}
```

Code available at on GitHub (private repo, please email me so I can share it) https://github.com/reideast/Unity3dRPGBoard