## Soal

- 1. Buatlah sebuah stack dengan menggunakan double linked list.
- 2. Buatlah sebuah queue dengan menggunakan single linked list menggunakan penanda pointer head dan tail.
- 3. Buatlah sebuah deque dengan menggunakan single linked list.
- 4. Buatlah sebuah deque dengan menggunakan double linked list.

## Jawaban

• Program: stack dengan menggunakan double linked list.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <conio.h>
using namespace std;
struct Node
{
       int data;
       struct Node* prev;
       struct Node* next;
};
Node* start = NULL;
Node* top = NULL;
// Check if stack is empty
bool isEmpty()
{
       if (start == NULL)
              return true;
       return false;
// pushes element onto stack
```

```
void push(int d)
{
       struct Node* n;
       n = new Node();
       n->data = d;
       if (isEmpty())
              n->prev = NULL;
              n->next = NULL;
              // As it is first node if stack
              // is empty
              start = n;
              top = n;
       }
       else
       {
              top->next = n;
              n->next = NULL;
              n->prev = top;
              top = n;
       }
// Pops top element from stack
void pop()
{
       struct Node* n;
       n = top;
       if (isEmpty())
```

```
printf("Stack is empty");
       else if (top == start)
               top = NULL;
               start = NULL;
               free(n);
        }
       else
               top->prev->next = NULL;
               top = n->prev;
               free(n);
       }
}
// Prints top element of the stack
void topelement()
{
       if (isEmpty())
               printf("Stack is empty");
       else
               printf(
                      "The element at top of the stack is : %d n",
                      top->data);
// Determines the size of the stackvoid stacksize()
{
       int c = 0;
       if (isEmpty())
```

```
printf("Stack is empty");
       else
               struct Node* ptr = start;
               while (ptr != NULL)
                       c++;
                       ptr = ptr->next;
               }
       printf("Size of the stack is : %d \n ", c);
// Determines the size of the stack
void printstack()
{
       if (isEmpty())
               printf("Stack is empty");
       else
               struct Node* ptr = start;
               printf("ISI STACK : ");
               while (ptr != NULL)
               {
                      printf("%d ", ptr->data);
                       ptr = ptr->next;
               printf("\n");
       }
```

```
// Driver code
int main()
      int pilih, data;
      do
      {
             system("cls");
             cout << "=======" << endl;
             cout << "= MENU =" << endl;
             cout << "= 1.PUSH = " << endl;
             cout << "= 2.POP =" << endl;
             cout << "= 3.VIEW =" << endl;
             cout << "= 4.EXIT = " << endl;
             cout << "====== " << endl;
             cout << "PILIH : ";</pre>
             cin >> pilih;
             switch (pilih)
             {
             case 1:
                    cout << "MASUKKAN DATA : "; cin >> data;
                   push(data);
                    cout << "KLIK UNTUK MELANJUTKAN ";</pre>
                   break;
             case 2:
                   pop();
                   cout << "KLIK UNTUK MELANJUTKAN "; break;</pre>
             case 3:
```

```
printstack();
                      cout << "KLIK UNTUK MELANJUTKAN ";</pre>
                      break;
              default:
                      cout << "PILIHAN TIDAK ADA " << endl;
                      cout << "KLIK UNTUK MELANJUTKAN ";</pre>
                      break;
               }
              getch();
       } while (pilih != 4);
       return 0;
}
       Program: deque dengan menggunakan single linked list.
#include <iostream>
#include <stdlib.h>
using namespace std;
struct node
       char data;
       struct node* next;
       struct node* prev;
};
typedef struct node node;
node* head, * tail;
int choice;
char item; int count = 0;
int keluar = 0;
```

```
void initial()
{
       head = tail = NULL;
int isEmpty()
{
        if (tail == NULL)
                return 1;
        else
                return 0;
void enqueue(char item)
{
        node* baru = new node;
        baru->data = item;
        baru->next = baru;
        baru->prev = baru;
        if (isEmpty() == 1)
                head = tail = baru;
                head->next = head;
                head->prev = head;
                tail->next = tail;
                tail->prev = tail;
        }
        else {
                baru->next = head;
                head->prev = baru;
                head = baru;
                head->prev = tail;
```

```
head > next = head;
        }
        cout << "\n\# Queue : No \ urut/index : " << count << ", \ Value : "
                << item;
        count++;
void dequeue()
{
        if (isEmpty() == 0)
                if (head->next != tail)
                         node* hapus = tail;
                         tail = tail->prev;
                         tail->next = head;
                         head->prev = tail;
                         delete hapus;
                         cout << "\n##Dequeue result:" << item;</pre>
                         cout << "\n##jumlah item dalam queue : " << count;</pre>
                         --count;
                 }
                else
                 {
                         head = tail = NULL;
                 }
        }
        else
        {
                cout << "\n## Queue kosong";</pre>
        }
```

```
void printAll()
       cout << "\n## Queue Size : " << count;
        node* temp = head;
        int i = 0;
       if (isEmpty() == 0)
        {
                do
                {
                        cout << "\n## No Urut/index : " << i << ", Value :" << temp -
> data;
                        temp = temp->next;
                        i++;
                } while (temp != head);
        }
        else
                cout << "List Kosong.";</pre>
        }
}
void menu() {
        cout << "\nMasukkan operasi yang akan dilakukan (1:enqueue,
                2:dequeue, 3 : print) : ";
                cin >> choice;
        switch (choice)
        case 1:
        {
                cout << "\nMasukkan huruf yang akan dimasukkan dalam
```

```
queue: ";
                        cin >> item;
                enqueue(item);
                break;
        }
        case 2:
                dequeue();
                break;
        case 3:
                printAll();
                break;
        default:
                cout << "\n1:enqueue, 2:dequeue, 3:print\n";</pre>
                keluar = 1;
                break;
        }
int main()
{
        initial(); do
                menu();
        \} while (keluar == 0);
}
       Program: deque dengan menggunakan double linked list.
#include <iostream>
#include <windows.h>
using namespace std;
```

```
// Queue for Double Linklist
struct dlist
        dlist* prev;
        int data;
        dlist* next;
};
dlist* first, * current, * previos, * tamp;
int dlinklist_counter = 0;
void dlinklist_insert();
void dlinklist_call();
void dlinklist_dequeu();
void dlinklist_show();
void dlinklist_front();
int main()
        system("cls"); dlinklist_call();
        return 0;
// function of DOUBLE LINK LIST
void dlinklist_call()
dlinklist_start:
        system("cls");
        cout << "\t\t\t Welcome in Double linklist Queue";</pre>
        int dinput;
        cout << "\n 1- Enqueu \n 2- Dequeu \n 3- show list \n 4- Front\n 5-
                Exit\n";
                cin >> dinput;
        switch (dinput)
```

```
{
        case 1:
                 dlinklist_insert();
                 cout << "\ Number\ entered\ \ \ \ ";
                 system("pause");
                 goto dlinklist_start;
        case 2:
                 dlinklist_dequeu();
                 cout << "Number deleted \n ";</pre>
                 system("pause");
                 goto dlinklist_start;
        case 3:
                 dlinklist_show();
                 goto dlinklist_start;
        case 4:dlinklist_front();
                 goto dlinklist_start;
        case 5:
                 break;
        default:
                 cout << " You enter invalid number ";</pre>
                 system("pause");
                 goto dlinklist_start;
        }
void dlinklist_insert()
        current = new dlist;
        if (dlinklist_counter == 0)
                 previos = current;
```

```
first = current;
                current->prev = NULL;
                cout << " Enter Data ";</pre>
                cin >> current->data;
        }
        else
        {
                previos->next = current;
                current->prev = previos;
                previos = current;
                cout << " Enter Data ";</pre>
                cin >> current->data;
        current->next = NULL; dlinklist_counter++;
void dlinklist_dequeu()
{
        if (dlinklist_counter == 0)
                cout << " Queue is empty";</pre>
                system("pause");
        }
        else
                first = first->next;
                dlinklist_counter--;
        }
void dlinklist_show()
```

```
if (dlinklist_counter == 0)
        {
                cout << " Queue is empty";</pre>
        }
        else
        {
                tamp = first;
                while (tamp->next != NULL)
                {
                        cout << " " << tamp->data;
                        tamp = tamp->next;
                cout << " " << tamp->data;
        system("pause");
void dlinklist_front()
{
        if (dlinklist_counter == 0)
                cout << " Queue is empty";</pre>
        }
        else
                cout << " " << first->data;
        system("pause");
```