

Queue

Generated by Doxygen 1.8.11

Contents

1	Todo List	1
2	Data Structure Index	1
2.1	Data Structures	1
3	File Index	2
3.1	File List	2
4	Data Structure Documentation	2
4.1	queue_t Struct Reference	2
4.1.1	Detailed Description	2
4.1.2	Field Documentation	2
5	File Documentation	3
5.1	queue.c File Reference	3
5.1.1	Detailed Description	4
5.1.2	Function Documentation	4
5.2	queue.c	6
5.3	queue.h File Reference	7
5.3.1	Detailed Description	8
5.3.2	Function Documentation	8
5.4	queue.h	10
	Index	11

1 Todo List

Class `queue_t`

`base` should'nt be accessible, see <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/5368028/how-to-make-struct->

2 Data Structure Index

2.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

queue_t	2
-------------------------	---

3 File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

queue.c	
Queue's basic operations implementation (using dynamic array)	3
queue.h	
Queue (using array) definition and basic operations	7

4 Data Structure Documentation

4.1 queue_t Struct Reference

```
#include <queue.h>
```

Data Fields

- `size_t width`
- `int front`
- `int count`
- `void ** base`
- `int max_size`

4.1.1 Detailed Description

Abstract queue using array.

Todo `base` should'nt be accessible, see <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/5368028/how-to-make-struct-member-accessible>

Definition at line 21 of file [queue.h](#).

4.1.2 Field Documentation

4.1.2.1 void** base

pointer to the array

Definition at line 25 of file [queue.h](#).

4.1.2.2 int count

count element amount

Definition at line 24 of file [queue.h](#).

4.1.2.3 int front

front element index

Definition at line 23 of file [queue.h](#).

4.1.2.4 int max_size

width * max_size bytes is reserved for the queue

Definition at line 26 of file [queue.h](#).

4.1.2.5 size_t width

element size (in bytes)

Definition at line 22 of file [queue.h](#).

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- [queue.h](#)

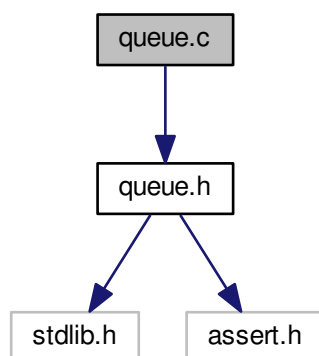
5 File Documentation

5.1 queue.c File Reference

queue's basic operations implementation (using dynamic array)

```
#include "queue.h"
```

Include dependency graph for queue.c:



Functions

- int [queue_isempty](#) ([queue_t](#) *q)
- void [queue_enqueue](#) ([queue_t](#) *q, void *e)
- void * [queue_dequeue](#) ([queue_t](#) *q)
- [queue_t](#) * [queue_create](#) (size_t width, int max_size)
- void [queue_destruct](#) ([queue_t](#) *q)

5.1.1 Detailed Description

queue's basic operations implementation (using dynamic array)

Author

Firmin MARTIN

Version

0.1

Date

28/12/2017

Definition in file [queue.c](#).

5.1.2 Function Documentation

5.1.2.1 [queue_t](#)* [queue_create](#) ([size_t](#) width, int max_size)

Given the size of each element and the queue size, create a queue.

Parameters

<i>width</i>	size of each element
<i>max_size</i>	size of the queue, max_size*width bytes will be reserved (definitively) for the queue

Returns

a queue initialized

Note

This queue implementation assume that the amount of element will never exceed max_size. See [queue_enqueue](#) for more information on the behavior in the excess case.

Definition at line 60 of file [queue.c](#).

```

00060                                     {
00061     queue_t* q = malloc(sizeof(queue_t));
00062     assert(q);
00063     q->width = width;
00064     q->max_size = max_size ;
00065     q->base = (void**) calloc(q->max_size, sizeof(void*));
00066     assert(q->base);
00067     q->front = 0;
00068     q->count = 0;
00069     return q;
00070 }

```

5.1.2.2 void* queue_dequeue (queue_t * q)

Dequeue an element from the queue s.

Parameters

<i>q</i>	queue
----------	-------

Returns

an element

Definition at line 43 of file [queue.c](#).

```

00043                                     {
00044     void* e = q->base[(q->front - q->count + q->max_size)%q->
00045     max_size];
00045     q->count--;
00046     return e;
00047 }

```

5.1.2.3 void queue_destruct (queue_t * q)

Free a queue.

Parameters

<i>q</i>	a queue
----------	---------

Definition at line 77 of file [queue.c](#).

```

00077                                     {
00078     free(q->base);
00079     free(q);
00080 }

```

5.1.2.4 void queue_enqueue (queue_t * q, void * e)

Enqueue an element e into the queue q.

Parameters

<i>q</i>	queue
<i>e</i>	element which be enqueued

Note

Note that if the max size is reached, this function will overwrite the queue and consider the queue as empty, i.e. at the end the queue has just one element.

Definition at line 30 of file [queue.c](#).

```
00030                                     {
00031     q->base[q->front] = e;
00032     if (q->front == q->max_size - 1) q->front = 0;
00033     else q->front++;
00034     q->count = (q->count + 1) % q->max_size;
00035 }
```

5.1.2.5 int queue_isempty (queue_t * q)

Determinate the emptiness of a queue.

Parameters

s	queue
---	-------

Returns

1 if the queue s is empty, 0 otherwise.

Definition at line 17 of file [queue.c](#).

```
00017                                     {
00018     return q->count == 0;
00019 }
```

5.2 queue.c

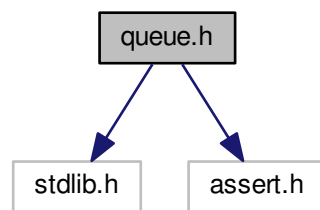
```
00001
00009 #include "queue.h"
00010
00017 int queue_isempty(queue_t* q) {
00018     return q->count == 0;
00019 }
00020
00030 void queue_enqueue(queue_t* q, void* e) {
00031     q->base[q->front] = e;
00032     if (q->front == q->max_size - 1) q->front = 0;
00033     else q->front++;
00034     q->count = (q->count + 1) % q->max_size;
00035 }
00036
00043 void* queue_dequeue(queue_t* q) {
00044     void* e = q->base[(q->front - q->count + q->max_size) % q->
max_size];
00045     q->count--;
00046     return e;
00047 }
00048
00060 queue_t* queue_create(size_t width, int max_size) {
00061     queue_t* q = malloc(sizeof(queue_t));
00062     assert(q);
00063     q->width = width;
00064     q->max_size = max_size;
00065     q->base = (void**) calloc(q->max_size, sizeof(void*));
00066     assert(q->base);
00067     q->front = 0;
00068     q->count = 0;
```

```
00069     return q;
00070 }
00071
00077 void queue_destruct(queue_t* q) {
00078     free(q->base);
00079     free(q);
00080 }
00081
00082
00083
```

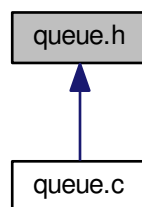
5.3 queue.h File Reference

queue (using array) definition and basic operations

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <assert.h>
Include dependency graph for queue.h:
```



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

- struct `queue_t`

Functions

- [queue_t * queue_create](#) (size_t width, int max_size)
- void [queue_destruct](#) (queue_t *q)
- int [queue_isempty](#) (queue_t *q)
- void * [queue_dequeue](#) (queue_t *q)
- void [queue_enqueue](#) (queue_t *q, void *e)

5.3.1 Detailed Description

queue (using array) definition and basic operations

Author

Firmin MARTIN

Version

0.1

Date

28/12/2017

Definition in file [queue.h](#).

5.3.2 Function Documentation

5.3.2.1 [queue_t*](#) [queue_create](#) ([size_t](#) *width*, int *max_size*)

Given the size of each element and the queue size, create a queue.

Parameters

<i>width</i>	size of each element
<i>max_size</i>	size of the queue, max_size*width bytes will be reserved (definitively) for the queue

Returns

a queue initialized

Note

This queue implementation assume that the amount of element will never exceed max_size. See [queue_enqueue](#) for more information on the behavior in the excess case.

Definition at line 60 of file [queue.c](#).

```

00060                                     {
00061     queue_t* q = malloc(sizeof(queue_t));
00062     assert(q);
00063     q->width = width;
00064     q->max_size = max_size ;
00065     q->base = (void**) calloc(q->max_size, sizeof(void*));
00066     assert(q->base);
00067     q->front = 0;
00068     q->count = 0;
00069     return q;
00070 }

```

5.3.2.2 void* queue_dequeue (queue_t * q)

Dequeue an element from the queue s.

Parameters

<i>q</i>	queue
----------	-------

Returns

an element

Definition at line 43 of file [queue.c](#).

```

00043                                     {
00044     void* e = q->base[(q->front - q->count + q->max_size)%q->
00045     max_size];
00045     q->count--;
00046     return e;
00047 }

```

5.3.2.3 void queue_destruct (queue_t * q)

Free a queue.

Parameters

<i>q</i>	a queue
----------	---------

Definition at line 77 of file [queue.c](#).

```

00077                                     {
00078     free(q->base);
00079     free(q);
00080 }

```

5.3.2.4 void queue_enqueue (queue_t * q, void * e)

Enqueue an element e into the queue q.

Parameters

<i>q</i>	queue
<i>e</i>	element which be enqueued

Note

Note that if the max size is reached, this function will overwrite the queue and consider the queue as empty, i.e. at the end the queue has just one element.

Definition at line 30 of file [queue.c](#).

```

00030                                     {
00031     q->base[q->front] = e;
00032     if (q->front == q->max_size - 1) q->front = 0;
00033     else q->front++;
00034     q->count = (q->count + 1) % q->max_size;
00035 }
```

5.3.2.5 int queue_isempty (queue_t * q)

Determinate the emptiness of a queue.

Parameters

s	queue
---	-------

Returns

1 if the queue s is empty, 0 otherwise.

Definition at line 17 of file [queue.c](#).

```

00017                                     {
00018     return q->count == 0;
00019 }
```

5.4 queue.h

```

00001 #ifndef STACK_H
00002 #define STACK_H
00003
00004 #include <stdlib.h>
00005 #include <assert.h>
00006
00021 typedef struct {
00022     size_t width;
00023     int front;
00024     int count;
00025     void** base;
00026     int max_size;
00027 } queue_t;
00028
00029 queue_t* queue_create(size_t width, int max_size);
00030 void queue_destruct(queue_t* q);
00031 int queue_isempty(queue_t* q);
00032 void* queue_dequeue(queue_t* q);
00033 void queue_enqueue(queue_t* q, void* e);
00034
00035 #endif /* ifndef STACK_H */
```

Index

base

queue_t, [2](#)

count

queue_t, [2](#)

front

queue_t, [3](#)

max_size

queue_t, [3](#)

queue.c, [3](#)

queue_create, [4](#)

queue_dequeue, [5](#)

queue_destruct, [5](#)

queue_enqueue, [5](#)

queue_isempty, [6](#)

queue.h, [7](#)

queue_create, [8](#)

queue_dequeue, [9](#)

queue_destruct, [9](#)

queue_enqueue, [9](#)

queue_isempty, [10](#)

queue_create

queue.c, [4](#)

queue.h, [8](#)

queue_dequeue

queue.c, [5](#)

queue.h, [9](#)

queue_destruct

queue.c, [5](#)

queue.h, [9](#)

queue_enqueue

queue.c, [5](#)

queue.h, [9](#)

queue_isempty

queue.c, [6](#)

queue.h, [10](#)

queue_t, [2](#)

base, [2](#)

count, [2](#)

front, [3](#)

max_size, [3](#)

width, [3](#)

width

queue_t, [3](#)