Assignment 7

Iterative Control

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#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int choice, N, num1, num2, num, i, j, isPrime, isArmstrong, a, b, temp,
    int fib[20];
    // Initialize Fibonacci series
    fib[0] = 0;
    fib[1] = 1;
    for (i = 2; i < 20; i++) {
       fib[i] = fib[i - 1] + fib[i - 2];
    // 1: Find the Nth term of the Fibonacci series
    printf("Enter N to find the Nth term: ");
    scanf("%d", &N);
    printf("The Nth term of the Fibonacci series: %lld\n\n", fib[N]);
    // 2: Print the first N terms of the Fibonacci series
    printf("Enter N to print the first N terms: ");
    scanf("%d", &N);
    printf("The first %d terms of the Fibonacci series:\n", N);
    for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {
       printf("%lld ", fib[i]);
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printf("\n\n");
// 3: Check if a number is in the Fibonacci series
printf("Enter a number to check if it's in the Fibonacci series: ");
scanf("%d", &num);
int isFibonacci = 0;
for (i = 0; i < 50; i++) {
   if (num == fib[i]) {
        isFibonacci = 1;
        break;
if (isFibonacci) {
    printf("%d is in the Fibonacci series.\n\n",num);
} else {
   printf("%d is not in the Fibonacci series.\n\n",num);
// 4: Calculate the HCF of two numbers
printf("Enter two numbers to calculate their HCF: ");
scanf("%d %d", &num1, &num2);
a = num1;
b = num2;
while (b != 0) {
   temp = b;
   b = a \% b;
   a = temp;
printf("HCF of %d and %d: %d\n\n", num1, num2, a);
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// 5: Check if two numbers are co-prime
printf("Enter two numbers to check if they are co-prime: ");
scanf("%d %d", &num1, &num2);
a = num1;
b = num2;
while (b != 0) {
   temp = b;
   b = a \% b;
   a = temp;
if (a == 1) {
   printf("%d and %d are co-prime.\n\n", num1, num1);
} else {
   printf("%d and %d are not co-prime.\n\n", num1, num1);
// 6: Print all prime numbers under 100
printf("Prime numbers under 100:\n");
for (i = 2; i < 100; i++) {
    isPrime = 1;
    for (j = 2; j < i; j++) {
       if (i % j == 0) {
            isPrime = 0;
            break;
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if (isPrime) {
       printf("%d ", i);}
printf("\n\n");
// 7: Print prime numbers between two numbers
printf("Enter two numbers to print prime numbers between them: ");
scanf("%d %d", &num1, &num2);
printf("Prime numbers between %d and %d:\n", num1, num2);
for (i = num1; i <= num2; i++) {</pre>
   if (i < 2) {
        continue;
    isPrime = 1;
    for (j = 2; j * j <= i; j++) {
       if (i % j == 0) {
           isPrime = 0;
            break;
   if (isPrime) {
       printf("%d ", i);
printf("\n\n");
// 8: Find the next prime number after a given number
printf("Enter a number to find the next prime number after it: ");
scanf("%d", &num);
nextPrime = num + 1;
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while (1) {
    isPrime = 1;
    for (i = 2; i * i <= nextPrime; i++) {</pre>
        if (nextPrime % i == 0) {
            isPrime = 0;
            break;
    if (isPrime) {
        printf("Next prime number after %d: %d\n\n", num, nextPrime);
        break;
    nextPrime++;
// 9: Check if a number is an Armstrong number
printf("Enter a number to check if it's an Armstrong number: ");
scanf("%d", &num);
isArmstrong = 0;
int sum = 0;
int originalNum = num;
while (originalNum != 0) {
    int digit = originalNum % 10;
    sum += digit * digit * digit;
    originalNum /= 10;
if (num == sum) {
    isArmstrong = 1;
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if (isArmstrong) {
    printf("%d is an Armstrong number.\n\n", num);
} else {
   printf("%d is not an Armstrong number.\n\n", num);
// 10: Print all Armstrong numbers under 1000
printf("Armstrong numbers under 1000:\n");
for (i = 1; i < 1000; i++) {
    isArmstrong = 0;
    int sum = 0;
    int originalNum = i;
    while (originalNum != 0) {
        int digit = originalNum % 10;
        sum += digit * digit * digit;
        originalNum /= 10;
    if (i == sum) {
        isArmstrong = 1;
    if (isArmstrong) {
       printf("%d ", i);
printf("\n");
return 0;
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Enter N to find the Nth term: 10
The Nth term of the Fibonacci series: 55
Enter N to print the first N terms: 10
The first 10 terms of the Fibonacci series:
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
Enter a number to check if it's in the Fibonacci series: 23
23 is not in the Fibonacci series.
Enter two numbers to calculate their HCF: 12
50
HCF of 12 and 50: 2
Enter two numbers to check if they are co-prime: 56
56 and 48 are not co-prime.
Prime numbers under 100:
2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47 53 59 61 67 71 73 79 83 89 97
Enter two numbers to print prime numbers between them: 12
Prime numbers between 12 and 24:
13 17 19 23
Enter a number to find the next prime number after it: 23
Next prime number after 23: 29
Enter a number to check if it's an Armstrong number: 56
56 is not an Armstrong number.
Armstrong numbers under 1000:
1 153 370 371 407
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