TikTok Ad-Scrape System (Handover Manual & Walkthrough)

This document provides a comprehensive overview and user guide for the TikTok Ad-Scrape System. It is designed to assist marketing agencies in competitive analysis and strategy by automating the scraping, analysis, and organization of TikTok ad data.

1. System Overview

This system automates the process of scraping TikTok ads from the TikTok Ad Library, extracting ad content and metadata, and enriching the data with AI analysis. The extracted information, including the business name of the author, estimated target audience, estimated impressions, and published date for the ad, is stored in Airtable for structured access. It is designed to help companies understand competitor ad campaigns.

The system is built using **n8n** workflows, **Apify** actors, and **Airtable** as the database and user interface.

2. Core Components

• Airtable Base

- Tables: Ad-Search Request, Scraped Ads.
- Acts as both the input queue for search requests and the storage for scraped ad data and Al-driven insights.

Apify Actors

o TikTok Ad Scraper: Scrapes ads and metadata based on keywords and filters.

• n8n Workflow

- Orchestrates the scraping and enrichment processes.
- Runs on demand via a webhook trigger.

Al Modules

 Content Analysis: Analyzes ad images and videos to identify key insights, visual hooks (reasons for being a scroll stopper), and undeniable proof. Based on these insights, the LLM generates the strengths, improvement points, and lessons learned for the ad.

3. Workflow Flowchart

Airtable Ad-Search Request submitted via form →

```
n8n webhook triggers →

n8n picks request from Airtable →

Apify TikTok Ad Scraper fetches ads →

Ads stored in Scraped Ads table →

(User can then toggle on analysis) →

Al analyzes ad content for images and videos →
```

Results are available in Airtable for review.

4. Airtable Tables

4.1 Ad-Search Request (tblr3HLhJ7r8gDUcS)

- **Fields:** Search Description, Keywords, Max Results, Country, Date Range, run, Search Status, Search Started, Search Completed, Created By, Rec ID.
- Role: Serves as the input queue where users submit requests for ad scraping.

4.2 Scraped Ads (tblUHvsiaSLwxYroK)

- Fields: ID, Keyword, User, Region, Estimated Audience Size, Estimated Impression, Publish Date, Ad URL, Video URL, Image URL, analyze, Key Insights, Visual Hook, Undeniable Proof.
- Role: Stores all scraped ad metadata and the results of the Al content analysis.

5. API & Authentication

- Airtable API: REST + JSON.
- Auth: Bearer Token.
- Apify API: REST + JSON.
- Auth: API Token.
- LLM APIs (e.g., Gemini, GPT): REST + JSON.
- Auth: API Key.
- All APIs use standard HTTP codes for error handling.

6. Limitations & Error Handling

6.1 System Limitations

- Al-Generated Data: All Al analysis is produced by LLMs (e.g., GPT/Gemini). Outputs may not always be contextually accurate, so human review is mandatory.
- **Dependency on Scraping Platform (Apify):** The data quality, completeness, and accuracy of other parameters like geo-location proxies and dates are handled by Apify's scrapers. The automation process has no control over these.
- Execution Limitations: Only one webhook can be executed at one time, so only one
 operation can be performed per execution. Execution operations are restricted to
 Search content and Analyze content.
- **Keyword Search:** The TikTok Ad Library's API searches for keywords and account usernames using the same endpoint. This means a search for "nike" will return ads from accounts with "nike" in their name as well as ads with the keyword "nike" in their content.
- **Limited Country Selection:** The system can only select from a limited number of countries that the TikTok Ad Library is available for.
- **Limited Ad Metrics:** The ad library does not provide metrics like likes, views, share count, or bookmarks. Therefore, there is no calculation for a "virality score" for ads.
- No Comments Analysis: The TikTok Ad Library does not provide a comments section for ads, so this system does not include comments analysis.
- **Limited Metadata:** Other than the actual video content, the ad library provides limited information. Sometimes metadata like the business name, account name, estimated audience, and published date may also be missing for some records.
- Video Analysis Latency: Video analysis is dependent on the Gemini LLM, which can be slow and may be overcrowded. Although wait nodes are used to enforce delays, if generation takes longer, please wait. If no results are produced, try again after some time.
- **Keyword vs. Hashtag Input:** The ad library scraper takes keyword and hashtag input as the same. For example, a search for "Nike" is the same as searching for "#Nike".

6.2 Error Handling

- 2xx: Success.
- 4xx: User errors (e.g., invalid request, missing fields).
- **5xx:** Server errors (retry logic in n8n is recommended).

7. Scoring Formula

 Note: This system does not include a virality scoring formula, as it is designed for ad scraping, which focuses on impression and audience size data rather than organic virality.

8. Al Prompts (for OpenAl or Similar LLM)

Ad Analysis Prompt: "You are given a TikTok ad's description and content. Analyze the
ad to identify the key insights, its visual hook (what makes it a scroll stopper), and any
undeniable proof."

9. n8n Workflow Structure

- Trigger Node: Webhooks.
- Airtable Nodes: Fetch search requests, update status, and save results.
- Apify Nodes: Run the TikTok Ad Scraper.
- **Gemini/OpenAl Nodes:** Analyze content.
- HTTP Request Node: Used for communication between nodes and external services.
- Wait Node: Used to enforce delays, particularly for LLM analysis.
- Filter Node: Used to check conditions before processing.
- Region Coding Node: This is a custom node to handle region-based requests, as seen
 in the workflow.

10. Maintenance Checklist

- Rotate Airtable and Apify tokens regularly.
- Monitor Apify actor changes (API updates may break scrapers).
- Review n8n logs weekly for failed runs.
- Clear old requests from the Ad-Search Request table monthly.

11. Troubleshooting

- No ads scraped? Check if the Apify actor quota has expired or if the keywords are too niche.
- No Al analysis output? Check the n8n execution log for errors. The LLM may be busy; try again later.
- Rate limit errors? Add a Wait node in n8n between Airtable writes.

12. Future Improvements

• Integrate with data visualization tools (e.g., Google Data Studio) for campaign performance dashboards.

Expand analysis to include competitor spending estimates.

13. Appendix

- n8n Workflow JSON (full export): https://dgtlbase.app.n8n.cloud/workflow/hZ12tQGGIP18Dglc
- Screenshots of Airtable schema (tables, fields): https://airtable.com/appOvITlq2sffZrah/api/docs
- Prompt library for all Al modules: See Section 8 and the n8n workflow.

Sample JS snippets for webhook automation within Airtable:

```
JavaScript
let table = base.getTable("Ad-Search Request");
let record = await table.selectRecordAsync(recordId);
await fetch("YOUR_N8N_WEBHOOK_URL_HERE", {
    method: "POST",
    headers: { "Content-Type": "application/json" },
    body: JSON.stringify(record)
});
console.log("Sent to n8n:", record);
```

User Guide - Detailed Walkthrough

This guide provides a step-by-step walkthrough for team members on how to use the system.

A - Access and Roles

- Who needs access: 1) Marketing editors (Airtable Editor), 2) Ops engineer (n8n access), 3) Data reviewer (Airtable Viewer+comments).
- **Action:** Confirm access before running searches. Ensure required Airtable permissions are set.

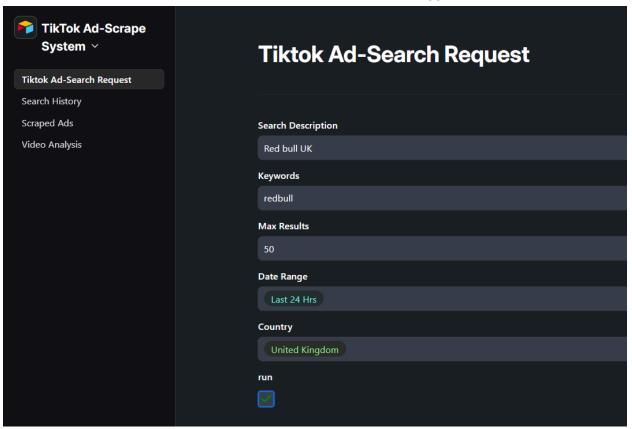
B - Create an Ad Search (step-by-step)

- 1. Open the **Ad-Search Request form** interface in Airtable.
- 2. Populate fields:
 - Search Description: "Ad-hoc search for new campaign"
 - Keywords: "Redbull"Max Results: 50

Country: "United Kingdom"Date Range: "Last 24 Hours"

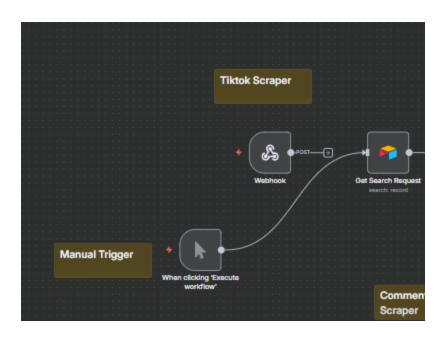
o run: TRUE

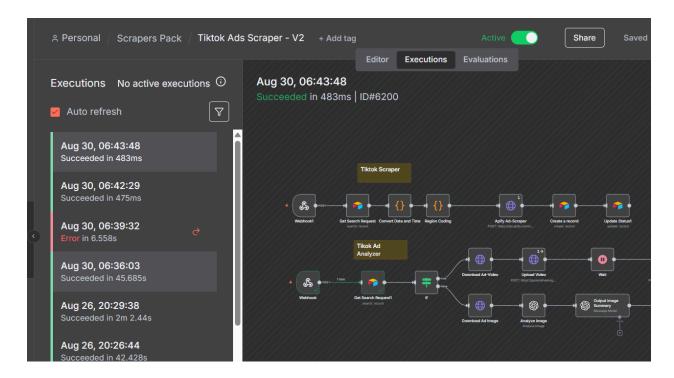
- 3. Save the record.
- Tips:
 - Since keywords and usernames are not distinguished, a broad keyword might return results from both.
 - o The run checkbox must be checked for the webhook to trigger the workflow.



C - Run the Workflow (manual)

- If you need to force a run, open the **n8n workflow**.
- Click **Execute Workflow** or trigger the webhook (if configured).
- Action: Observe the execution status in n8n to ensure it is running correctly.





E - Review Scraped Ads

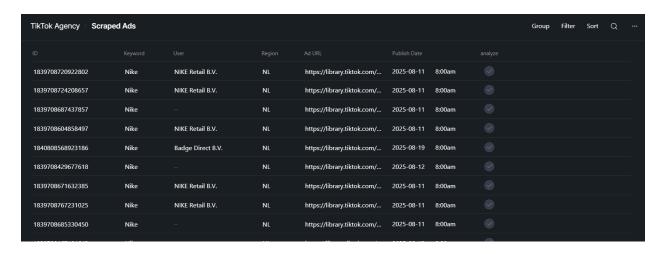
- 1. Open the **Scraped Ads** table or the Scraped Ads interface in Airtable.
- 2. Open a record to confirm the data: User, Estimated Audience Size, Estimated Impression, Ad URL, etc.
- 3. Look for the analyze toggle.

• Reviewer tips:

 If a field is blank, it means that metadata was not provided by the TikTok Ad Library for that record.

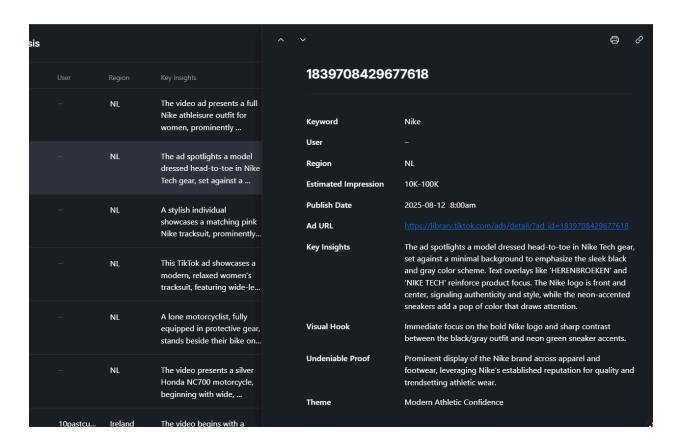
F - Request Analysis

- Toggle analyze to TRUE on a record to trigger the analysis.
- Action: Monitor n8n runs for Al processing completion.
- **Timing guidance:** LLM jobs may be queued; expect variable completion times depending on server load.



G - Interpret Al Outputs and Take Action

- Key fields produced by Al:
 - Key Insights: Summary of the ad's value.
 - Visual Hook: What makes the ad a "scroll stopper."
 - Undeniable Proof: Credible elements of the ad.
 - Post Review (Strengths/Improvements): Insights and lessons learned from the ad.
- Suggested next steps based on outputs:
 - Strong Visual Hook: Use these as inspiration for new ad creatives.
 - Identified Strengths: Learn from successful competitor strategies.
 - Identified Weaknesses/Improvements: Avoid similar mistakes in your own campaigns.



H - Exporting / Sharing



I - Reviewer QA Checklist (short)

- Al-generated insights are accurate to the ad content.
- o Factual claims are supported by "Undeniable Proof."