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**MINISTRY OF EDUCATION AND TRAINING**

**FPT UNIVERSITY**

Capstone Project Document

**Car Rental Portal that manages the business of a bakery, only product for schools**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
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| **Capstone Project Code** | CRP |

- Ho Chi Minh City, 01 September 2016 -

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Table of Contents

[Table of Contents 3](#_Toc437062951)

[List of Tables 7](#_Toc437062952)

[List of Figures 9](#_Toc437062953)

[Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations 13](#_Toc437062954)

[A. Introduction 14](#_Toc437062955)

[1. Project Information 14](#_Toc437062956)

[2. Introduction 14](#_Toc437062957)

[3. Current Situation 14](#_Toc437062958)

[4. Problem Definition 14](#_Toc437062959)

[5. Proposed Solution 15](#_Toc437062960)

[5.1. Feature functions 15](#_Toc437062961)

[5.2. Advantages and disadvantages 15](#_Toc437062962)

[6. Functional Requirements 15](#_Toc437062963)

[7. Roles and Responsibility 16](#_Toc437062964)

[B. Software Project Management Plan 17](#_Toc437062965)

[1. Problem Definition 17](#_Toc437062966)

[1.1. Name of this Capstone Project 17](#_Toc437062967)

[1.2. Problem Abstract 17](#_Toc437062968)

[1.3. Project Overview 17](#_Toc437062969)

[2. Project organization 20](#_Toc437062970)

[2.1. Software Process Model 20](#_Toc437062971)

[2.2. Roles and responsibilities 21](#_Toc437062972)

[2.3. Tools and Techniques 22](#_Toc437062973)

[3. Project Management Plan 22](#_Toc437062974)

[3.1. Tasks 22](#_Toc437062975)

[3.2. Task sheet 24](#_Toc437062976)

[3.3. All Meeting Minutes 24](#_Toc437062977)

[4. Coding Convention 25](#_Toc437062978)

[C. Software Requirement Specification 26](#_Toc437062979)

[1. User Requirement Specification 26](#_Toc437062980)

[1.1. Guest requirement 26](#_Toc437062981)

[1.2. Customer requirement 26](#_Toc437062982)

[1.3. Staff requirement 26](#_Toc437062983)

[1.4. Manager requirement 27](#_Toc437062984)

[2. System Requirement Specification 28](#_Toc437062985)

[2.1. External Interface Requirement 28](#_Toc437062986)

[2.2. System Overview Use Case 28](#_Toc437062987)

[2.3. List of Use Case 30](#_Toc437062988)

[3. Software System Attribute 128](#_Toc437062989)

[3.1. Usability 128](#_Toc437062990)

[3.2. Reliability 129](#_Toc437062991)

[3.3. Availability 129](#_Toc437062992)

[3.4. Security 129](#_Toc437062993)

[3.5. Maintainability 129](#_Toc437062994)

[3.6. Portability 129](#_Toc437062995)

[3.7. Performance 129](#_Toc437062996)

[4. Conceptual Diagram 130](#_Toc437062997)

[D. Software Design Description 132](#_Toc437062998)

[1. Design Overview 132](#_Toc437062999)

[2. System Architecture Design 133](#_Toc437063000)

[2.1. Web Application architecture description 133](#_Toc437063001)

[3. Component Diagram 134](#_Toc437063002)

[4. Detailed Description 135](#_Toc437063003)

[4.1. Class Diagram 135](#_Toc437063004)

[4.2. Class Diagram Explanation 138](#_Toc437063005)

[4.3. Interactive Diagram 150](#_Toc437063006)

[5. User Interface Design 207](#_Toc437063007)

[5.1 User Login 207](#_Toc437063008)

[5.2 Order A Product 208](#_Toc437063009)

[5.3 Add to cart a product 208](#_Toc437063010)

[5.4 Check cart 209](#_Toc437063011)

[5.5 View information in cart 210](#_Toc437063012)

[5.6 Confirm order 211](#_Toc437063013)

[5.7 Add customer information to order 211](#_Toc437063014)

[5.8 View order list 212](#_Toc437063015)

[5.9 Staff add product to order 213](#_Toc437063016)

[5.10 Add customer to order 214](#_Toc437063017)

[5.11 Check out with new customer 215](#_Toc437063018)

[5.12 View input bill list 216](#_Toc437063019)

[5.13 Add new input bill 217](#_Toc437063020)

[5.14 View input material list 218](#_Toc437063021)

[5.15 View input material detail 219](#_Toc437063022)

[5.16 Add new input material 220](#_Toc437063023)

[5.17 Review income by time 221](#_Toc437063024)

[5.18 Review income weekly detail 223](#_Toc437063025)

[5.19 VAT Tax Declaration – Appendix 1 224](#_Toc437063026)

[6. Database Design 226](#_Toc437063027)

[6.1 Entity relationship diagram 226](#_Toc437063028)

[6.2 Entity Dictionary 228](#_Toc437063029)

[7. Algorithms 240](#_Toc437063030)

[7.1 Order State 240](#_Toc437063031)

[E. 番５のレポート。システムの展開とテスト 242](#_Toc437063032)

[1. はじめに 242](#_Toc437063033)

[1.1 概要 242](#_Toc437063034)

[1.2 テストアプローチ 242](#_Toc437063035)

[2. データベース関係ダイアグラム 242](#_Toc437063036)

[2.1 ウェブアプリケーション物理的なダイアグラム 242](#_Toc437063037)

[2.2 ウェブアプリケーションデータ辞書 244](#_Toc437063038)

[3. パフォーマンス対策 261](#_Toc437063039)

[3.1 製品検索、メンバーのパフォーマンス 261](#_Toc437063040)

[3.2 送り状リストが展示されるパフォーマンス 261](#_Toc437063041)

[3.3 収入統計など展示されるパフォーマンス 261](#_Toc437063042)

[4. テスト計画 261](#_Toc437063043)

[4.1 テストする機能 261](#_Toc437063044)

[4.2 テストされない機能 262](#_Toc437063045)

[5. システムテストのテストケース 262](#_Toc437063046)

[5.1 ウェブシステムのテストケース 262](#_Toc437063047)

[F. 番６のレポート。ソフトウェアユーザーズマニュアル 304](#_Toc437063048)

[1. インストレーションガイド 304](#_Toc437063049)

[1.1. サーパ側の環境を設定 304](#_Toc437063050)

[1.2. サーパ側で展開 304](#_Toc437063051)

[1.3. クライアント側の環境の設定 308](#_Toc437063052)

[2. ユーザーガイド 309](#_Toc437063053)

[2.1. ログイン 309](#_Toc437063054)

[2.2. 製品を注文すること 310](#_Toc437063055)

[2.3. カートに製品を追加すること 310](#_Toc437063056)

[2.4. かーとをチェックすること 311](#_Toc437063057)

[2.5. カーとの精細 312](#_Toc437063058)

[2.6. 送り状を確認すること 313](#_Toc437063059)

[2.7. 送り状に顧客の情報を充実すること 313](#_Toc437063060)

[2.8. 送り状のリストを見ること 314](#_Toc437063061)

[2.9. 「人員」送り状を造ること 315](#_Toc437063062)

[2.10. 送り状に顧客を追加すること 316](#_Toc437063063)

[2.11. 新い顧客の口座で送り状をチェックアウト 317](#_Toc437063064)

[2.12. 入力法案 リスク 318](#_Toc437063065)

[2.13. 新入力法案を造ること 319](#_Toc437063066)

[2.14. 入力原料 リスクを見る 320](#_Toc437063067)

[2.15. 入力原料 の精細を見ること 321](#_Toc437063068)

[2.16. 新入力原料を造ること 322](#_Toc437063069)

[G. Appendix 324](#_Toc437063070)

List of Tables

List of Figures

Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Name | Definition |
| CRP | Car Rental Portal |

Table 1: Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

# Introduction

## Project Information

* Project name: **Car Rental Portal**
* Project Code: **CRP**
* Product Type: **Website Application**
* Start Date: **September 1st, 2016**
* End Date: **December 1st, 2016**

## Introduction

In this document, we introduce a car rental portal solution – a website application to help car rental service provider to bring their business online. The solution allows providers to define their own rental policy and price. It also simplifies the providers’ rental management process. Our solution also allows customer to easily find and book the most suitable car for their trip.

## Current Situation

Nowadays, there are many car rental providers in Vietnam. However, only a small percent of them have utilized internet to promote their business. Part of them (Large rental companies, taxi companies) have their own website or mobile application, while some choose to become driver for online rental portal solution like Uber and Grab.

Many small and middle-sized providers cannot afford their own website or mobile application, and also find contract with Uber and Grab too rigid because they are not allowed to define their own rental price and policy. Uber’s and Grab’s solutions also do not apply well for long-period rental.

A new solution that has just appeared recently is Aleka, which they themselves claimed to be inspired by Uber and Airbnb. Their approach take a lot after Airbnb. They allows providers to post their vehicles on their website, and then helps customer to find and book the most suitable vehicle in their system. Their solution however does not offer any way for customer to rate and comment about the service of provider, as well as to read other customers’ ratings and reviews before deciding to book the vehicle.

## Problem Definition

The current situation has several problems:

* **Cost barrier:** The cost to develop an online rental application is too high for small rental providers.
* **Ill-suited rental portal solutions:** There are great rental portal services like Uber, Grab, or Aleka on the market. However, their solutions have yet to completely satisfy the user. Their shortcomings include limiting provider’s action, cannot handle long-period rental very well, or lack of a mean for rating and reviewing provider’s service.

## Proposed Solution

Our proposed solution, named Car Rental Portal, is a car rental portal website application that takes after Airbnb. We provide a flexible mean for provider to promote their rental service online while still allows them to define their own rental policy. Our solution also allows customer to rate and comment about their past renting, as well as read others’ review on vehicles. Our solution also offers a searcher integrated with recommender engine that can help customer to find the best matched vehicle quickly and easily.

### Featured functions

* **Manage online rental service:** Provider can manage their vehicles’ and bookings’ information, as well as declare their own rental policies, including price contrainst, time constraint, travel distance constraint…
* **Advanced vehicle searcher with recommender engine:** System can help customers to find the most suitable vehicle fast and easily based on their booking history.
* **Review vehicle and read vehicle’s reviews:** Customer can comment and rate rental service after renting vehicle, as well as read reviews from other customer for a vehicle.
* **Book vehicle and cancel booking:** Customer can book and pay booking fee through NganLuong payment portal, as well as cancel their booking easily.

### Advantages

* Offer a cheap and easy online rental management solution.
* Allow provider to define their own rental policies.
* Support both hourly and daily rental.
* Offer vehicle searching with recommender engine.
* Offer rental service rating/reviewing function.
* Allow paying through NganLuong payment portal.

### Disadvantages:

* Since recommender works depending on customer’s booking history, customer must have booked at least once in the past to utilize it.
* Depends on NganLuong and has no alternative payment method in case NganLuong goes down.

## Functional Requirements

* Manage vehicles:
  + Provider can create, update, and delete vehicle.
* Manage vehicles’ bookings:
  + Provider can keep track of their vehicle’s booking schedule.
  + Provider can create self-booking to reserve their vehicle.
  + Provider can cancel self-booking.
* Manage garage:
  + Provider can create, update, and delete garage.
  + Provider can specify their garage’s rental policy.
  + Provider can group vehicle into garage.
  + Provider can close their garage temporary.
* Manage price group:
  + Provider can create, update, and delete price group.
  + Provider can group vehicle that he want to apply specific price options.
  + Provider can disable the group and every vehicle inside the group.
* Manage booking:
  + Customer can book vehicle.
  + Customer can cancel their booking.
  + Customer can keep track of their booking history.
  + Customer can rate and comment about their booking.
* Manage user account:
  + Administrator can lock and unlock user account.
* Search and view vehicle’s information.
* View report:
  + Administrator can view system’s business report in dashboard.
  + Provider can view personal business report in dashboard.
* Receive notification email:
  + Customer will receive notification email when he has booked a vehicle.
  + Provider will receive notification email when their vehicle has been booked.
  + Customer will receive notification email when he has canceled a booking.
  + Provider will receive notification email when their vehicle’s booking has been canceled.

## Roles and Responsibility

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| No | Full Name | Role | Position | Contact |
| 1 | Lâm Hữu Khánh Phương | Project Manager | Supervisor | phuonglhk@fpt.edu.vn |
| 2 | Trần Hữu Đức | Developer | Leader | ducthse61448@fpt.edu.vn |
| 3 | Huỳnh Công Thành | Developer | Member | thanhchse61297@fpt.edu.vn |
| 4 | Lê Vũ Đăng Khoa | Developer | Member | khoalvdse61238@fpt.edu.vn |
| 5 | Nguyễn Tường Tâm | Developer | Member | tamntse61384@fpt.edu.vn |

Table 2: Roles and Responsibility

# Software Project Management Plan

## Problem Definition

### Name of this Capstone Project

* **Official name**: Car Rental Portal
* **Vietnamese name**: Cổng thông tin cho thuê xe
* **Abbreviation**: CRP

### Problem Abstract

Nowadays, there are many car rental providers in Vietnam. However, only a small percent of them have utilized internet to bring their business online. Aside from creating their own online rental applications, providers can also utilize rental solution services like Grab, Uber, or Aleka. These new services however still contain many flaws that keep a large number of providers away.

### Project Overview

#### Current Situation

Our project has the following problems:

* **Recommender engine is dependent on customer’s booking history:** The recommender engine cannot work on customer that has not placed any booking in the past.
* **Has no alternative payment method:** Our system depends completely on NganLuong for payment processing. There is currently no alternative payment method.

#### The Proposed System

The proposed system is a rental portal website application that can help car rental service provider to bring and manage their rental service online and allow customer to find and book vehicle easily. The system utilize NganLuongApi to process payment and has a recommender engine to improve vehicle searching.

Separated based on user’s role, the system offers the following functions:

* For guests:
  + Search vehicle.
  + View vehicle’s rental information.
* For customers:
  + Search vehicle.
  + View vehicle’s rental information.
  + Book vehicle and cancel booking.
  + Track booking history.
  + Register providership.
  + Receive notification email upon booking or canceling booking.
* For providers:
  + Manage vehicles.
  + Manage vehicles’ bookings.
  + Manage garages.
  + Manage price groups.
  + View personal business report.
  + Extend providership period.
  + Receive notification email upon receiving booking or booking was canceled.
* Administrator:
  + Manage user accounts.
  + View system’s business report.

#### Boundaries of the System

* The system targets mainly small and mid-sized car rental service providers, but can also handle the needs of large providers with large number of vehicles and multiple garages.
* The system supports both daily and hourly booking.
* The language of the system is Vietnamese.
* The completed product includes:
  + Booking system for customer.
  + Rental service managing system for provider.

#### Future Plans

* Offer pricing scheduler so that price group can change price during special events.
* Support self-driving rental.
* Support motorbike rental.
* Offer driver management functions.
* Support internationalization.
* Develop mobile version.

#### Development Environment

##### Hardware requirement

For web server:

| Hardware | Minimum Requirements | Recommended |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Network Bandwidth | 4 Mbps | 8 Mbps |
| Operating System | Window Server 2008 | Window Server 2008 |
| Computer Processor | Intel® Xeon Dual Core® 1.4GHz (4MB Cache) | Intel® Xeon® Quad Core (8M Cache, 2.40 GHz) |
| Computer Memory | 2GB RAM | 4GB or more |
| Hard disk | 40GB | 80GB |

Table 3: Hardware requirement for Web Server

For web development:

| Hardware | Minimum Requirements | Recommended |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Internet Connection | 512 Kbps | 8 Mbps |
| Operating System | Window Vista, 7, 8 | Window 7, 8 |
| Computer Processor | 1 GHz | Intel® Core™ i5 CPU 2.53 GHz |
| Computer Memory | 2GB RAM | 4GB or more |

Table 4: Hardware requirement for Web Server

##### Software requirement

| Software | Name / Version |
| --- | --- |
| Operating system | Windows 7 or above |
| Modeling tool | StarUML version 2.7.0 |
| IDE | Microsoft Visual Studio 2015 Community |
| DBMS | SQL Server 2014 |
| Source control | Git 2.9.0.windows.1 |
| Web browser | Chrome 42 or above |

Table 5 : Software requirement

## Project organization

### Software Process Model

Modified waterfall model (Sashimi) is applied in this project. This model was chosen because:

* The requirements of the project are well-defined and well-understood by all team members.
* The deliverables in each phase of the model can be corresponded with the reports that have to be submitted in each process of the capstone project.

Requirement

Design and Architecture

Development and Coding

QA and Testing

Maintenance

Figure 1: Modified Waterfall Development Model

For more information about modified waterfall development model: <http://www.waterfall-model.com/sashimi-waterfall-model/>

### Roles and responsibilities

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| No | Full name | Role in Group | Responsibilities |
| 1 | Lâm Hữu Khánh Phương | Supervisor / Project Manager | - Clarify user requirement  - Give technical support and business analysis  - Track development process  - Review document and product |
| 2 | Trần Hữu Đức | Team leader, Business Analyst, Developer, Tester | - Manage development process  - Analyse requirement  - Design database  - Prepare documents  - Design GUI  - Code  - Test  - Deploy product |
| 3 | Huỳnh Công Thành | Team member, Business Analyst, Developer, Tester | - Analyse requirement  - Design database  - Prepare documents  - Design GUI  - Code  - Test |
| 4 | Lê Vũ Đăng Khoa | Team member, Business Analyst, Developer, Tester | - Analyse requirement  - Design database  - Prepare documents  - Design GUI  - Code  - Test |
| 5 | Nguyễn Tường Tâm | Team member, Business Analyst, Developer, Tester | - Analyse requirement  - Design database  - Prepare documents  - Design GUI  - Code  - Test |

Table 6: Roles and responsibilities

### Tools and Techniques

| Tool / Technique | Name / version |
| --- | --- |
| Frontend | HTML5, CSS3, JavaScript, jQuery, Bootstrap |
| Backend | ASP.NET MVC 5, Entity Framework, NganLuong, Cloudinary |
| Web server | IIS 8 |
| Development tool | Microsoft Visual Studio 2015 Community |
| DBMS | MSSQL Server 2014 |
| Source control | Git 2.9.0.windows.1 |
| Modeling tool | StarUML 2.7.0 |
| Document tool | Microsoft Word 2013 |

Table 7: Tools and Techniques

## Project Management Plan

### Tasks

#### Initiating

| Task name | Initiating |
| --- | --- |
| Description | - Clarify user requirements on the rental portal.  - Research business logic of car rental service.  - Research popular car rental solutions (Grab, Uber, Aleka) as well as other similar websites (Carmudi, Airbnb).  - Offer team’s solution, declare its pros and cons, introduce some core function of the new system. |
| Deliverables | Report No.1 – Introduction |
| Resource needed | 20 man-days |
| Dependencies and constraints | No |
| Risk | - Missing requirement  - Unclear project scope  - Lacking teamwork in new formed team |

#### Planning

| Task name | Planning |
| --- | --- |
| Description | - Review team’s solution  - Verify project’s scope  - Build project management plan |
| Deliverables | Report No.2 – Software Project Management Plan |
| Resource needed | 16 man-days |
| Dependencies and constraints | - Base on Report No.1 – Introduction.  - Planned project must be completed in the following 12 weeks |
| Risk | Impractical plan |

#### Specifying requirements

| Task name | Specifying requirements |
| --- | --- |
| Description | Identify and clarify software requirements. |
| Deliverables | Report No. 3 – Software Requirement Specification |
| Resource needed | 20 man-days |
| Dependencies and constraints | Base on Report No.2 – Software Project Management Plan. |
| Risk | isunderstood or unclear system’s requirement |

#### Designing database

| Task name | Designing database |
| --- | --- |
| Description | - Create conceptual, logical and physical database designs  - Implement in SQL Server 2014 |
| Deliverables | Physical database and SQL script. |
| Resource needed | 12 man-days |
| Dependencies and constraints | Base on Report No. 3 Software Requirement Specification |
| Risk | Unreasonable database design |

#### Create Software Design Description

| Task name | Create Software Design Description |
| --- | --- |
| Description | Decide software architect and clarify software detail design. |
| Deliverables | Report No. 4 – Software Design Description |
| Resource needed | 40 man-days |
| Dependencies and constraints | Base on Report No. 3 Software Requirement Specification and designed database |
| Risk | Unresonable software design |

#### Implementing

| Task name | Implementing |
| --- | --- |
| Description | Implements all functions of system. |
| Deliverables | Software package. |
| Resource needed | 80 man-days |
| Dependencies and constraints | - Base on Software Requirement Specification and Software Design Description.  - Follow coding convention. |
| Risk | Incorrect implementation |

#### Testing

| Task name | Testing |
| --- | --- |
| Description | - Create test plan  - Perform tests.  - Fix bugs |
| Deliverables | Report No. 5 – System Implementation & Test |
| Resource needed | 40 man-days |
| Dependencies and constraints | Implementation is finished |
| Risk | - Incompleted test plan  - Lacking time for iterative test and bug fixing |

#### Creating User’s Manual

| Task name | Creating User’s Manual |
| --- | --- |
| Description | Create user’s manuals |
| Deliverables | Report No.6 – Software User’s Manual |
| Resource needed | 12 man-days |
| Dependencies and constraints | Product has passed acceptance test. |
| Risk | Bad and unclear documenting |

### Task sheet

Refer to “Task sheet” folder in the attached CD.

### All Meeting Minutes

Refer to “Meeting minutes” folder in the attached CD.

## Coding Convention

This project follows “C# coding conventions”.

* Naming Convention :
  + - For variable’s name, use camel case (numOfVehicle, currentDate…)
    - For function name, class name, use pascal case (SearchVehicle, VehicleInfoViewModel…)
* Layout Convention :
  + - Use the default Code Editor Settings (smart indenting, four-character indents, tabs saved as spaces).
    - Write only one statement/declaration per line.
    - Add at least one blank line between method definitions and property definitions.
    - Use parentheses to make clauses in an expression apparent
* Commenting Convention :
  + - Place the comment on a separate line, not at the end of a line of code.
    - Begin comment text with an uppercase letter.
    - End comment text with a period.
    - Insert one space between the comment delimiter (//) and the comment text.
* Language Guidelines :

<https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/vstudio/ff926074.aspx>

# Software Requirement Specification

## User Requirement Specification

### Guest requirements:

A guest is a person who has not been authenticated by the system. A guest has access to a limited number of system’s functions, which are:

* Log in
* Sign up
* Recover account’s password
* Search vehicle
* View rental information of vehicle

### Customer requirements:

A customer is an authenticated user that can utilize the system to find and book vehicle. A customer is able to:

* Log out
* Change personal information
* Change account’s password
* Search vehicle
* View rental information of vehicle
* Book vehicle
* Cancel booking
* Track booking history
* Comment and rate the car provider’s service after:
  + The booking has been canceled
  + The rental period has started
* Receive notification email when:
  + A booking has been placed successfully using this account
  + A booking has been canceled using this account

### Provider requirements:

A provider is an authenticated user that can use the system to manage their car rental business. A provider can:

* Log out
* Change personal information
* Change account’s password
* Search vehicle
* View rental information of vehicle
* Manage vehicles:
  + Register vehicle
  + Deregister vehicle
  + Update vehicle’s information
  + Group vehicles into garage
  + Group vehicles into vehicle group for price management
* Manage vehicles’ bookings:
  + Review booking schedule
  + Create self-booking to reserve vehicle
  + Cancel self-booking
* Manage garages:
  + Register new garage
  + Deregister garage
  + Edit garages’ information
  + Close garage
  + Reopen garage
  + Add vehicle to garage
  + Move vehicle to another garage
* Manage vehicle grouping for easier price management:
  + Register new group
  + Deregister group
  + Change group’s information and pricing
  + Deactivate group
  + Reactivate group
  + Add vehicle to group
  + Remove vehicle from group
* Extend providership period
* Receive notification email when
  + A vehicle has been booked.
  + A customer has canceled a booking.
* View personal business report

### Administrator requirements:

An administrator is an authenticated user that is tasked with managing the system and its users. Administrator is able to:

* Log out
* Change personal information
* Change account’s password
* Search vehicle
* View rental information of vehicle
* Deactivate customer/provider account
* Reactivate customer/provider account
* View system’s business report

## System Requirement Specification

### External Interface Requirement

#### User interface

* Graphics User Interface (GUI) should be simple, clear, intuitive, and reminiscent.
* GUI uses Vietnamese language.
* GUI uses consistent palette of colors between the text and the background.
* GUI displays best on screen with 1366x768 or higher resolution.

#### Hardware Interface

* N/A

#### Software Interface

The website works well on Chrome (v.42 and above) and FireFox(v.38 and above).

#### Communication Protocol

Web server supports HTTP protocol v.1.1.

### System Overview Use Case

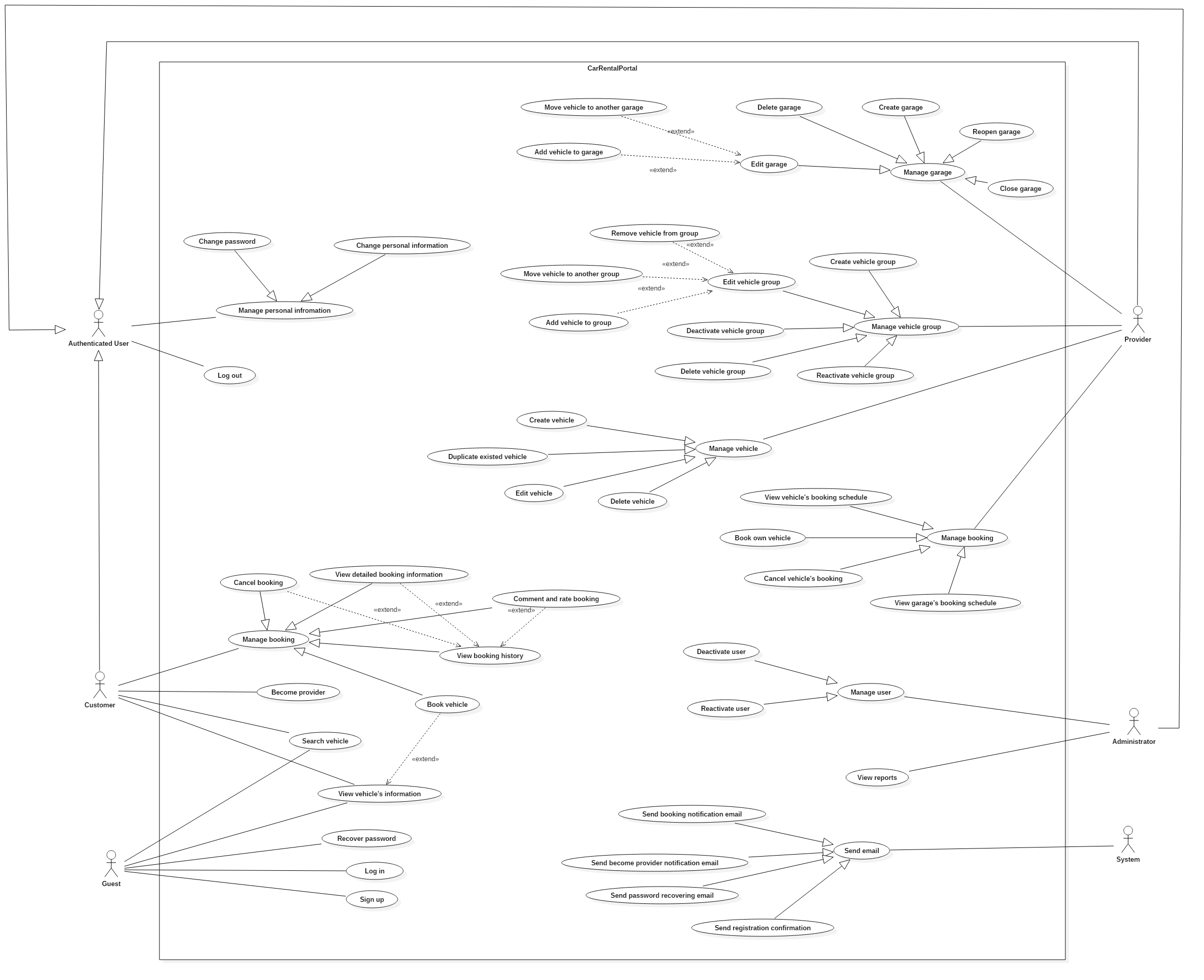


Figure 2: System Overview Use Case

### Use Cases

#### <Guest> Overview Use Case

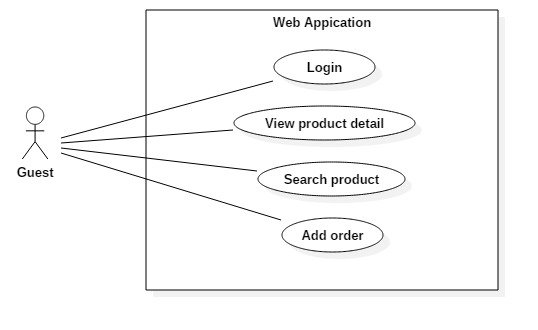


Figure 3: <Guest> Overview Use Case

#### <Authenticated user> Overview Use Case

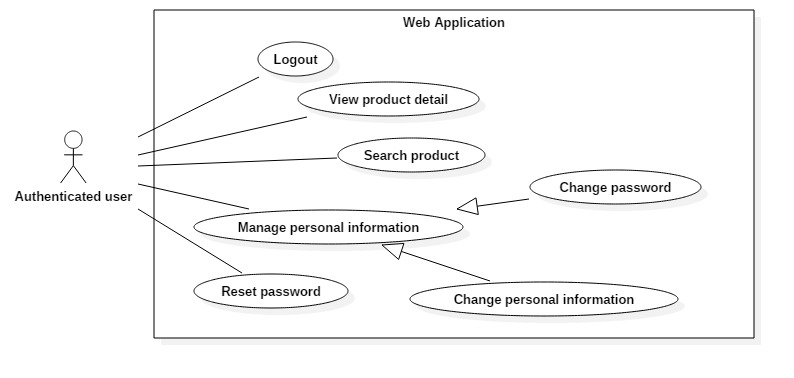


Figure 8: <Authenticated user> Overview Use Case

#### <Customer> Overview Use Case



Figure 17 <Customer> Overview Use Case

## Software System Attribute

### Usability

#### Graphic User Interface

* All the texts, labels and notifications must be written in Vietnamese.

#### Usability

* Manager, staff should need less than 2 days of training to be productive with the system.
* The system is easy to use for customer without training.

#### Installation

* The system must be easy to deploy. The bakery can deploy successfully and learn how to configure, maintain the system within two days of training.
* If there are any problems, the bakery can contact the support for help.

### Reliability

* The system must have less than 3 days downtime per one year.

### Availability

* N/A

### Security

* Privacy: Each role of user has a specific permission to interact with system.  
  System always checks the authorization and authentication before doing anything.
* Password is encrypted and save in database.

### Maintainability

* The system is divided into separated modules.

### Portability

* The system can be deployed into many type of servers those have IIS8.
* Manager, staff, customers and guests can use application on Google Chrome version 42 or above.

### Performance

* Requests from web application are responded in less than 5 seconds at 4 Mbps bandwidth speed and 1GHz Proccessing Speed of CPU.

## Conceptual Diagram

Figure 60: Conceptual Diagram

**Data Dictionary**

# Software Design Description

## Design Overview

* This document describes the technical and user interface design of BMA system. It includes the architectural design, the detailed design of common functions and business functions and the design of database model.
* The architectural design describes the overall architecture of the system and the architecture of each main component and subsystem.
* The detailed design describes static and dynamic structure for each component and functions. It includes class diagrams, class explanations and sequence diagrams for each use cases.
* The database design describes the relationships between entities and details of each entity.
* Document overview:
  + Section 2: Give an overall description of the system architecture design.
  + Section 3: Give component diagrams that describe the connection and integration of the system.
  + Section 4: Give the detail design description, which includes class diagram, class explanation, and sequence diagram to details the application functions.
  + Section 5: Describe screen design
  + Section 6: Describe a fully attributed ERD.
  + Section 7: Describe algorithm.

## System Architecture Design

|  |
| --- |
| HTTP Request (1)    Database  Web browser  Object Relational Mapping  (ORM)  (5)  **Annotation**  Call / Send  Dependency  Query / Update  HTTP Response (6)  (4)  (3)  View Model  Entity Framework 6.0  ADO.NET Data Provider  Select (2)  URL Routing  View  Business  Model  Controller |

Figure 61: System architecture design

### Web Application architecture description

The system is developed from MVC architecture style and customized with passive model to adapt to MVC5 and Entity Framework 6.0 (EF6) technologies.

* **Model** is the part of the application that acts like a data transfer object between the system and database (POCO). Models is generated by mapping the database table (ORM) by EF6.
* **View** is the part of the application that handles the display of data. The views are created from the model data or view model data. The creation of View is under control of Controller.
* **Controller** is the part of the application that acts like event handler to handle the user interaction. Typically controller reads data from the request and calls appropriate Business’s method then selects view to generate.
* **Business** is the part of the application that do business processing to solve domain problems.
* **View Model** is the part of the application that acts like value object (VO). Typically view model contains model instances and is passed to view by controller.

## Component Diagram

Figure 62 : Component Diagram

Table 59: Component Dictionary

## Detailed Description

### Class Diagram

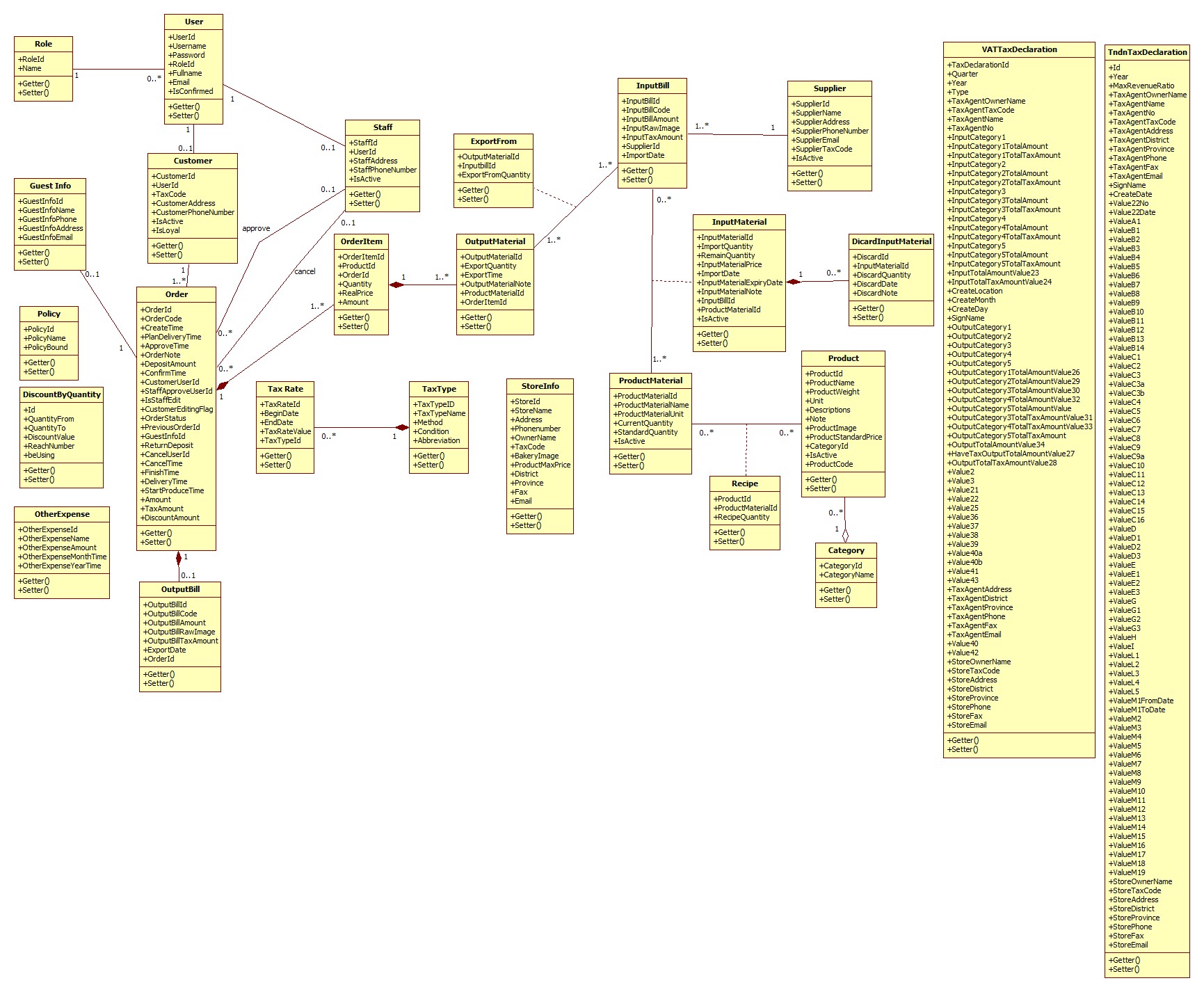


Figure 1 Class Diagram

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Class dictionary: Describe Class | | |
| Class Name | **Mapping column with Conceptual diagram** | **Description** |
| Discount By Quantity | Discount By Quantity | Describe all discounts by quantity in the system |
| Other Expense | Other Expense | Describe all other expenses in the system |
| StoreInfo | StoreInfo | Describe all information of store in the system |
| Policy | Policy | Describe all policies in the system |
| Role | Role | Describe all roles in the system |
| User | User | Describe all users in the system |
| Customer | User | Describe all customers in the system |
| Staff | User | Describe all staffs in the system |
| Guest Info | Guest Info | Describe all guest information in the system |
| Orders | Orders | Describe all orders in the system |
| Output Bill | Output Bill | Describe all output bills in the system |
| Order Item | Order Item | Describe all order items of an order in the system |
| Category | Category | Describe all categories in the system |
| Product | Product | Describe all products in the system |
| Supplier | Supplier | Describe all suppliers in the system |
| Input Bill | Input Bill | Describe all input bills in the system |
| Discarded Input Material | Discarded Input Material | Describe all discard information of an input material in the system |
| Input Material | Input Material | Describe all input materials in the system |
| Export From | N/A | Describe all relationship information between output material and input bill |
| Product Material | Product Material | Describe all product materials in the system |
| Output Material | Output Material | Describe all output materials of an order item in the system |
| Recipe | N/A | Describe all of materials of each product in the system |
| Tax Rate | Tax Rate | Describe all tax rates in the system |
| Tax Type | Tax Type | Describe all tax types in the system |
| VAT Tax Declaration | VAT Tax Declaration | Describe all information in VAT tax declaration |
| Tndn Tax Declaration | Tndn Tax Declaration | Describe all information in Excise tax declaration |

Table 60 Class dictionary

### Class Diagram Explanation

### Interactive Diagram

#### Web Application

##### Guest

##### Authenticated User

##### Manager

## User Interface Design

## Database Design

### Entity relationship diagram

Figure 127 : Entity relationship diagram

### Entity Dictionary

Table 61 : Entity dictionary

Table 62 : Detail data dictionary

## Algorithms

# システムの展開とテスト

## はじめに

### 概要

本節、物理データベースの詳細とその記述は表れています。その上、BMAのテストの方法やテストプランやテストケースも記載されています。

### テストアプローチ

* ゴール: 要求を満たすため、すべてのシステムが正常に実行されていること。
* 方法: システムテスト, ブラックボックステスト。

## データベース関係ダイアグラム

### ウェブアプリケーション物理的なダイアグラム

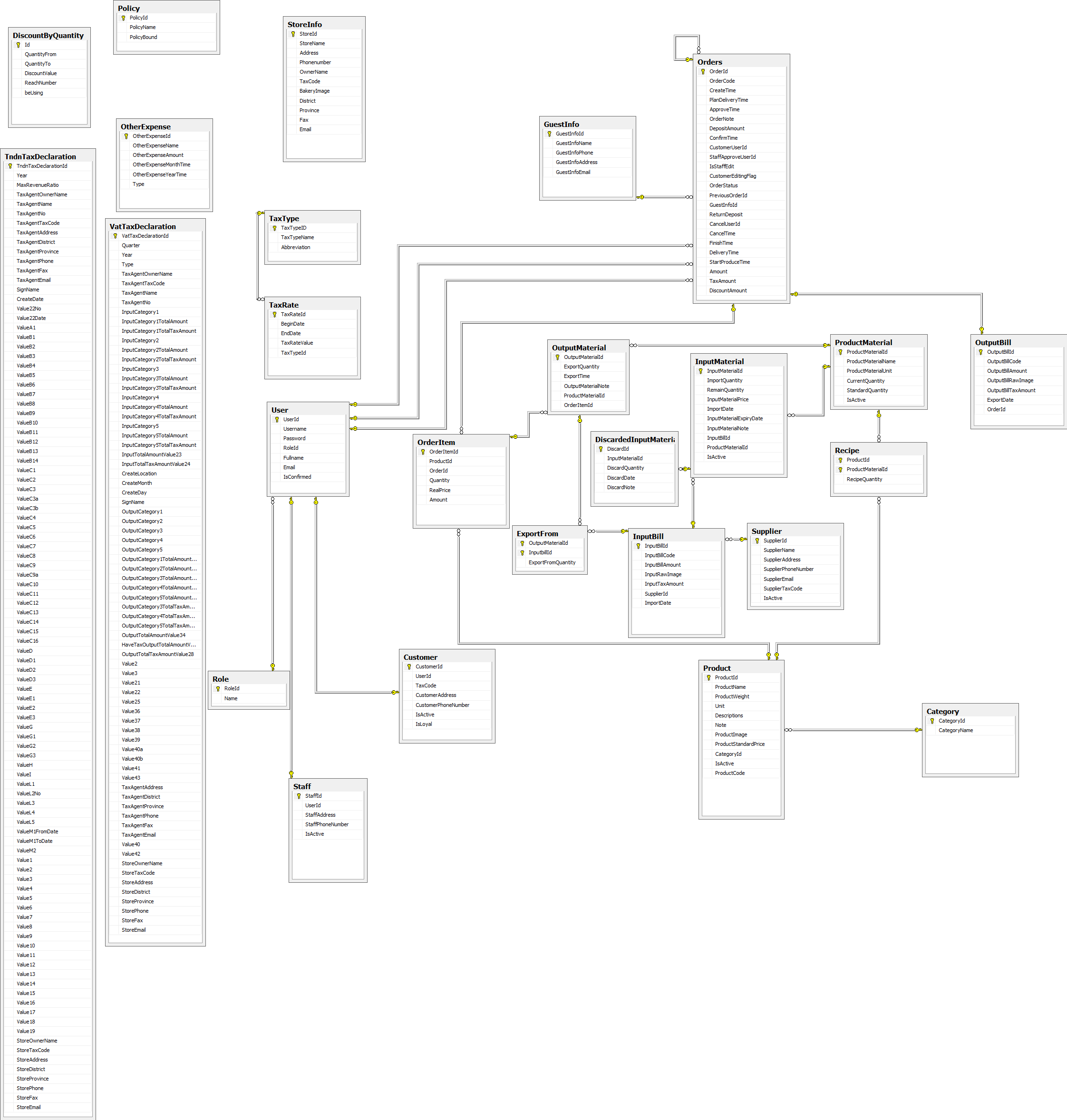


Figure 129: ウェブサイトアプリケーション物理的なダイアグラム

### 2.2 ウェブアプリケーションデータ辞書

## パフォーマンス対策

パフォーマンスを測定するために、デプロイとともにazure ホスティングでテストして、予測を行いました。

### 製品検索、メンバーのパフォーマンス

一般的に、結果はユーザが検索フォームを提出した後、5秒未満を現されます。

### 送り状リストが展示されるパフォーマンス

一般的には、ユーザーが「送り状リスト」のリンクをクリックすると、注文リストはより5秒以内に展示されます。

### 収入統計など展示されるパフォーマンス

一般的に、時間を選んで、「統計」というボタンをクリックすると、10秒以内で収入統計など展示されます。

## テスト計画

### テストする機能

システムテストはコアワークフローに基づいて行うことになります。

テストする機能:

* ユーザログイン
* ゲスト：
  + 製品を注文します
* 顧客：
  + 製品を注文します
  + 送り状を確認します
* 人員
  + 送り状を造ります
  + 送り状を承認します
  + 送り状の状態を変化します
  + 送り状を編集します
  + 入力原料を付加します
  + 入力原料を捨てます
  + 入力法案を付加します
* 管理
  + 収入統計
  + 製品別収益
  + お客様による純益統計
  + 消費税申告
  + 免許税申告

### テストされない機能

* ログ‐アウト
* プロフィールを編集
* 消費税申告
* 免許税申告
* 顧客管理
* 人員管理

## システムテストのテストケース

# ソフトウェアユーザーズマニュアル

## インストレーションガイド

### サーパ側の環境を設定

#### ハードウェア要件

**スムーズにウェブサイトを実行するてめには、以下の要件を備えたコンピュータが必要になります:**

* オペレーティングシステム: ウィンドウXPまたはウィンドウのそれ以降のバージョン。
* プロセッサ：１GHｚ以上。
* メモリ：2GB以上。
* ハードウェア：2GB以上のハードドライブスペース。
* Wifi インターネット(> 2Mbps)。

#### ソフトウェア要件

* + - ウェブサーバー ：Internet information system – IIS 8 With MVC5 enable
    - Microsoft Windows Server 2008 R2 Enterprise (Server Pack 1 64 bit): オペレイティングシ
    - .Net Framework 4.5.1
    - SQL Server 2008 R2

### サーパ側で展開

#### 展開パッケージの準備

* データベース　ファイル： BMA.mdf
* サーパーでのフォルダにソースコードファイル（BMA）をコピーする。
  + 例えば：C:\BMA

#### サーパーの構成前に展開

* **データベースの構成：**

<connectionString>

<add name = “DefaultConnection”

connectionString =”Datasource:(local);Initial Catalog=BMA;Persist Security Info = True;user id=sa;password=123456789” providerName = “System.Data.SqlClient” />

<add name = “BMAChangeDB”

connectionString =”Datasource:(local);Initial Catalog=BMA;Persist Security Info = True;user id=sa;password=123456789” providerName = “System.Data.SqlClient” />

</connectionString>

* Catalog : データベース名。
* User id :ユーザ名データベース。
* Password :パスワード

#### サーパ側でWebアプリケーションの展開

* **データベース展開：**
* ＳＱＬ Server 2008 R2 にBMA.mdfをアタックしてください。
* **ソースコードの展開：**
* オーペンIISマネージャ
* “Default Web Site”にマウスを右クリックします。“Add Application”を選びます。
  + Alias : Aliasを入力してください。例えば：ＢMA
  + Application pool : ASP.NET v4.0 を選んでください
  + Physical path:サーパーのソースコードファイルを選んでください（C:\BMA）
* “OK”ボタンをクリックしてください。
* オーペン：<http://localhost/BMA>

### クライアント側の環境の設定

#### コンピュータのための設定

* クライアントデバイスは、ウェブサイトを起動するには、以下のブラウザのいずれかを持っている必要があります：
  + Google Chrome(ダウンロードリンク):
    - <http://www.google.com/Chrome>
  + Coc Coc（コックコック）：
    - <http://www.coccoc.com/>

## ユーザーガイド

### ログイン



図面140: ログインポップアップ

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ステップ | 説明 |
| **1** | 口座を入力して |
| **2** | パスワードを入力して |
| **3** | 「Đăng nhập」ボタンをリックして |
| **4** | パスワードを忘れたら、「Quên mật khẩu」ボタンをリックして |

テーブル66: ログインポップアップ

### 製品を注文すること



図面 141:製品を注文すること

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ステップ | 説明 |
| **1** | 製品を探す |
| **2** | 「Mua hàng」 ボタンをクリックして、 製品を注文する |

テーブル 67:　製品を注文する

### カートに製品を追加すること



図面 142: カートに製品を追加すること

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ステップ | 説明 |
| **1** | この製品の数量 |
| **2** | 「Thêm vào giỏ hàng 」 ボタンをくりっくして、カートに製品を追加する |

テーブル 68: カートに製品を追加する

### かーとをチェックすること



図面 143: かーとをチェックすること

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Step | 説明 |
| **1** | 「Giỏ hàng 」 ボタン をクリックして、製品のリストが見える |
| **2** | 「Thanh toán 」 ボタン をクリックして、カートの精細を見える |

テーブル 69: かーとをチェックすること

### カーとの精細



図面 144: カートの精細

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ステップ | 説明 |
| **1** | 製品の数量を変われる |
| **2** | 製品のリストを戻って、製品を注文して行く |
| **3** | 「Cập nhật giỏ hàng 」 ボタンをクリックして、 カートを更新する |
| **4** | 配送日をセレクトする |
| **5** | 「Đặt hàng 」ボタン をクリックして、注文を完成する |

テーブル 70: カートの精細

### 送り状を確認すること



図面 145: 送り状を確認すること

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ステップ | 説明 |
| **1** | カートの精細を戻れば、「Quay lại giỏ hàng 」 ボタン をクリックする |
| **2** | 送り状の確認のボタン |

テーブル 71: 送り状を確認すること

### 送り状に顧客の情報を充実すること



図面 146: 送り状に顧客の情報を充実すること

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ステップ | 説明 |
| **1** | これに成員をログインする |
| **2** | 成員なければ、情報を充実するところ |
| **3** | 「Quay lại giỏ hàng 」 ボタン をクリックして、送り状の確認ページを戻る |
| **4** | 口座とパスワードを入力して,「Đăng nhập 」ボタンをクリックして、送り状を完成する |
| **5** | 顧客の情報を入力して,「Hoàn tất 」 ボタンをクリックして、送り状を完成する |

テーブル 72: 送り状に顧客の情報を充実すること

### 送り状のリストを見ること



図面 147: 送り状のリストを見ること

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ステップ | 説明 |
| **1** | 不足の原料のリスト |
| **2** | 新し送り状を造る |
| **3** | 送り状の精細 |
| **4** | 送り状を変わる |
| **5** | 送り状を取り消す |
| **6** | 探す |

テーブル 73: 送り状のリストを見ること

### 「人員」送り状を造ること



図面 148: 「人員」送り状を造ること

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ステップ | 説明 |
| **1** | 製品 の単価 |
| **2** | 製品の数量 |
| **3** | 送り状に製品をテーキオフする |
| **4** | 送り状をキャンセルこと |
| **5** | 送り状を続く |
| **6** | 送り状に製品を追加する |

テーブル 74: 「人員」送り状を造ること

### 送り状に顧客を追加すること



図面 149: 送り状に顧客を追加すること

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ステップ | 説明 |
| **1** | 顧客をセレクトする |
| **2** | 顧客なければ、口座を造る |
| **3** | お客さんの名前 |
| **4** | お客さんの口座 |
| **5** | お客さんのメール |
| **6** | お客さんの住所 |
| **7** | お客さんの電話番号 |
| **8** | お客さんの税額 |
| **9** | 入力をすべてリセット |
| **10** | 口座を造って、この口座にその送り状を追加する |
| **11** | 送り状を造るのページを戻る |
| **12** | 送り状をキャンセルする |

テーブル 75: 送り状に顧客を追加すること

### 新い顧客の口座で送り状をチェックアウト



図面 150: 新顧客の口座で送り状をチェックアウト

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ステップ | 説明 |
| **1** | 新顧客の情報 |
| **2** | 送り状の情報 |
| **3** | この送り状に原料数量 を過ごす |
| **4** | 送り状にお客さんを追加する ページを戻る |
| **5** | 送り状を造るのページを戻る |
| **6** | この送り状を確認する |
| **7** | この送り状をキャンセルする |

テーブル 76: 新顧客の口座で送り状をチェックアウト

### 入力法案 リスク



図面 151: 入力法案 リスク

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ステップ | 説明 |
| **1** | 新入力法案を造る |
| **2** | 探す |
| **3** | 入力法案 リスク |
| **4** | 入力法案 の精細を見る |
| **5** | 入力法案 の情報を変わる |

テーブル 77:入力法案 リスク

### 新入力法案を造ること



図面 152: 新入力法案を造ること

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ステップ | 説明 |
| **1** | サプライヤー をセレクトする |
| **2** | この入力法案料(VATがない) |
| **3** | VAT の料金 |
| **4** | 輸入日 |
| **5** | 入力法案の写真 |
| **6** | 入力法案 陸とを戻る |
| **7** | 新入力法案を造る |

テーブル 78: 新入力法案を造ること

### 入力原料 リスクを見る



図面 153: 入力原料 リスク

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ステップ | 説明 |
| **1** | 新入力原料を造ること |
| **2** | 探す |
| **3** | 入力原料 リスク |
| **4** | 入力原料 精細 |
| **5** | 入力原料 の情報を変わる |
| **6** | 入力原料をデリーとする |

テーブル 79: 入力原料リスク

### 入力原料 の精細を見ること



図面 154:入力原料 の精細を見ること

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ステップ | 説明 |
| **1** | 入力原料の情報 |
| **2** | 入力原料をデリートする |
| **3** | 同じ入力法案の入力原料リスク |
| **4** | 入力原料の脚注 |
| **5** | 入力原料デリーとの情報 |
| **6** | 入力原料 リスクを戻る |
| **7** | 入力原料 の情報を更新する |

テーブル 80:入力原料の精細を見ること

### 新入力原料を造ること



図面 155: 新入力原料を造ること

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ステップ | 説明 |
| **1** | 入力原料名 |
| **2** | 入力原料の数量 |
| **3** | 入力原料の総価格 |
| **4** | 入力原料の輸入日 |
| **5** | 入力原料の有効期限 |
| **6** | 入力原料の脚注 |
| **7** | 入力原料の 入力法案 のコード |
| **8** | 入力原料 リスクを戻る |
| **9** | 入力原料を造る |

テーブル 81:入力原料を造ること

# Appendix

1. Sashimi – Modified Waterfall Model:

<http://www.waterfall-model.com/sashimi-waterfall-model>

1. UML for drawing diagram (2.0 standard)

<http://www.omg.org/spec/UML/2.0>